The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1681. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JUNE 1, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers Gas & Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

☞All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Canada," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Dait Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

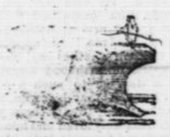
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Meta Ware.

—ALSO—

Fishing TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!



Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consists in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevels, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. &c. together with

PAINT O. ALL COLOURS:

Ross, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, No 18, 1870

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.

Possession given 20th May.

Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere, near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the Young Men's Christian Association corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)

Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.

Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Lady street. Possession, 1st MAY

For particulars, apply to
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26 Rideau street.

Ottawa, Feb, 16, 1871

TO LET.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land attached, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road.

Also the Shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.

For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,

Ottawa, Feb. 16. 592tf

WANTED TO RENT.

A Comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, on the west end. Neighborhood of Richmond Road preferred. Rent not to exceed $300 per annum, including taxes. Address D., post paid, Ottawa. Possession required by 15th June.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1679 3

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; Also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 beside numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE.

CUSTOM'S DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 19th May, 1871.

Referring to the notice of 5th inst., of articles transferred by Order in Council, to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, it is decided that the term "Annatto" therein mentioned means "Annatto" in either a liquid or a solid condition.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa, May 27, 1871 1678 3

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa.

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,

The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises

STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.

And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.

Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,

Next Door to F. McDougall & Co.

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colour Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,

To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.

☞*There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.*☜

The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

—TO—

N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, April 28, 1871 1652 3m

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE.

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,

Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 *RIDEAU STREET.*

☞OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you. 1634 3m

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in it large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly, our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH.

Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

G. A. SHELDON,

HATTER AND FURRIER,

Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive

HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT

In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.

G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.

A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1665 3m

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GASFITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull,	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLY,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

SELLING

OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES

OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
WINE MERCHANT,
Elgin Street,

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

Dufresne & McGarity,

—SUCCESSORS—

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.

Sussex Street, OTTAWA.

221 Notre Dame St. MONTREAL.

The Undersigned have much pleasure in stating to their Customers and the Trade in general, that they have disposed of the RETAIL BUSINESS *which they heretofore carried on in connection with their Wholesale Trade; and it is now their intention to devote themselves exclusively to the*

Wholesale Grocery, Wine and Provision Business.

To enable them to do so efficiently, they have secured the premises next door to their present stand, (formerly occupied by Messrs. Firgland & Draper, as a Dry Goods Store,) and connected the two buildings by an arch,—now making ONE OF THE FINEST WHOLESALE HOUSES IN THE PROVINCE.

They have secured Agencies for several of the first WINE HOUSES *in Europe; and are also Agents for* MESSRS. GOODERHAM & WORTS, *Distillers of Toronto,—and they can safely say that Messrs. G. & W. make the finest Spirits in the Dominion.*

The trade supplied with all of the undermentioned ALES, either in Wood or Bottle, at Brewers prices.

Dow & Co's, Montreal, Pale and Mild Ales and Porter,
Cosgrove's, Toronto, " " "
Labatt's, Prescott, " " "
Dawes', Lachine, " " "

GUINNESS STOUT and ENGLISH ALES always on hand and in fine condition.

There is now on the way out from China and Japan, **2,000 Chests of Fresh Teas,** *which, with all other Goods, will be sold at* MONTREAL PRICES.

Goods will be delivered at Steamboat and Railway Stations free of charge. All empty packages charged in accounts will be taken back and allowed for, and those prefering to have their Goods shipped from the Montreal House, can have that privilege by leaving their orders at the office here.

The OTTAWA ESTABLISHMENT will be under the special management of MR. MCGARITY, *who will give his exclusive attention to the wants of his customers.*

Thanking you for the liberal patronage with which we have been so kindly favored, and soliciting an early call.

We remain, yours truly,

Dufresne & McGarity,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
"The Teapot,"
SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, April 19, 1871 1645 2m

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

IMMENSE SALE.

RETIRING FROM THE

DRY GOODS TRADE.

$30,000 Worth of Dry Goods

To be sold at half the usual prices, at

CUNNINGHAN & LINDSAY'S,

14 RIDEAU STREET.

As they are going out of Business.

The Stock consists of a general and splendid assortment of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS.

This Sale is peremptory and without reserve, and purchasers, would consult their interest, by purchasing before the Stock is broken up.

☞Come and see for yourselves the great Bargains.

ALL SALES FOR CASH ONLY.

Sale commences WEDNESDAY, April 5 at 9 a m

☞Remember the Place

14 RIDEAU STREET,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, April 4, 1871 1632tf

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

☞OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND☜

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1636y

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 73259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given, which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1678tf

DIRECT FROM ENGLAND!

Just opened out a beautiful assortment of CARVED WOOD

BREAD PLATTERS!
BUTTER do., with glass dish!
SALT CELLARS, do do!
EGG TRAYS, do cups
FRUIT STANDS do dishes
BREAD KNIVES
BREAKFAST TRAYS!

The above are low in price, and elegant and useful adornments for the Tables, also

FISHING RODS,
TROLLING SPOONS,
FLIES, GIMP,
HOOKS,
BOOKS, &c., &c., &c.

We have just been appointed Agents for the ATLANTIC and PACIFIC SHIP PUMPS,

BROKENSHIRES PATENT.

These Pumps are now almost exclusively used on the Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence, and are adapted for Lumber Barges or the Ocean Steamship. Orders received.

New Stock Cooking Stoves, latest improvement, just arrived, at

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA.

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, April 29, 1871

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

MORTGAGE SALE

OF

REAL ESTATE.

Public notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a Mortgage Deed made by STEPHEN SWITZER, of the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, Yeoman, party of the first part, to HENRY HODGE HORSEY, of the City of Kingston, in the said Province, Esquire, party of the second part, there will be offered for sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Law Office of WALKER & PENNOCK, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the THIRTIETH day of MAY, instant, A.D. 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, (unless the monies due thereon and all expenses be sooner paid) the undermentioned property to wit: the North Half of Lot Number Twenty-four, in the First Concession, New Survey, of the Township of Cumberland in the County of Russell, in the said Province of Ontario, the said half lot containing One Hundred Acres, be the same more or less.

TERMS CASH.

All Searches, Abstracts of Title, Conveyances, &c., to be at the expense of the purchaser.

The Vendor will covenant against his own acts only.

Further particulars can be obtained from the undersigned at their Law Office.

WALKER & PENNOCK,
Solicitors for H. H. Horsey.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871. 1666a22wtd

LANDS FOR THE LANDLESS

HOMES FOR THE HOMELESS

ONLY $1.25 PER ACRE

FOR ACTUAL SETTLERS,

Take the Cars of the

LEAVENWORTH,

LAWRENCE and

GALVESTON R. R. LINE,

from LAWRENCE and KANSAS CITY

is to the celebrated Osage Country

The Garden Spot of Kansas.

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

Tailors & Gentlemen's Out-fitters

to

P. O'MEARA'S Restaurant,

RIDEAU STREET.

Messrs. P. & R. invite special attention to their choice and select assortment of

Broadcloths
Doeskins,
English
Scotch, and
Canadian
Tweeds,

Next to P. O'MEARA, Rideau-St.

N. B.—Workmanship and fit guaranteed.

PRESTON & ROSWELL.

Ottawa April 18, 1871. 1642tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and
Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons,
Dress Goods
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under-shirts,
&c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞Call and examine before giving your orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

THE NORTH SHORE RAILWAY.

RIVER DESERT, Co. of Ottawa.

A. Wright, Esq., M.P.

DEAR SIR,—

This being an age of improvement when enterprises of a beneficial nature are having a tendency towards the advancement of a new country like ours, cannot fail but to meet a generous support from every person who has the prosperity of the country at heart, I cannot, therefore, but feel rejoiced, to find, that, despite the conflicting interests of a few individuals, who, under the pretence of advocating advantages which do not in reality exist, fall into insignificance when brought to bear the test of public opinion, I refer to the intended North Shore Railroad, and the gentlemen who endeavored to have it run on the south side of the river. I have carefully watched the proceedings in this great and certainly most useful project; but have been somewhat surprised to see with what apparent ignorance the advocates of the South Shore route spoke of the opposite side. It is evident they know little of the North side of the river or its resources.

As I know you are an earnest and energetic supporter of this Railway project and am confident you are using your best efforts to have the road on the North shore as any person who has travelled the country thoroughly not along the respective routes alone, but into the interior in every direction, must certainly admit that to construct a railway on the south side of river in preference to the north, would be a piece of folly unparalleled.

If those gentlemen who so strongly contend that there is not much good land on the North side of the river, could only be induced to see and examine it for themselves they would wonderfully be surprised at their error. Everything has been so fully discussed with respect to places in proximity to the respective routes, that I may pass it over and tell you something of of the more Northern sections which in my capacity of Indian Missionary, I had to traverse often and in all seasons. In the first place I may tell you that there is more good land (and when I say good I mean of a superior quality) remaining yet unsettled between the Rouge and Gatineau rivers alone than in the counties of Prescott and Russell. The tract of land to which I refer is about (90) square miles, stretching from the Rouge to about 30 miles west of the Gatineau. To say that there are no barren tracts in this belt would be an absurdity, but at least four-fifths of this fine country could be settled, and there can be no doubt that when there are better communications all this fine land will be occupied which would be a source of wealth to the country in general. It is indeed surprising that the Quebec Government show such apathy in allowing such an extent of rich country to remain in its present state, when slight inducements to industrious settlers, and by assisting to develop the resources of the country, many thousands of families could find in a few years comfortable homes.

There is not a shadow of doubt but as soon as the proper facilities are given for opening settlements on the lands to which I refer, and the resources of the country fully developed, with land of the richest quality stretching from the North Shore Railway (route) to a distance of from one hundred to one hundred and seventy-five miles north, the country lying north of the Ottawa must eventually become one of the richest sections of the Dominion.

I have been speaking of the lands yet unsettled, but in taking the advantages of a Railway into consideration, the future prospects must also be taken into account as well as those which really exist at present. There are settlements up the Rouge to a distance of about 45 miles, and on the Lievre to the distance of about 80 miles from the village of Buckingham. On the Gatineau, which is the most important tributary of the Ottawa, the country along the river is well settled (there are also many fine settlements in the interior) as far North as the Township of Aumond, a distance of about 115 miles from Ottawa city, and I think I could safely say, without fear of contradiction, there is more traffic on the Gatineau country and more merchandise of every discription, together with every kind of farm produce consumed in the manufacturing of saw logs on this river and its tributaries than along the whole route of the proposed South Shore Railway.

The climate here is very healthy and every kind of crop gives an abundant yield, for instance wheat which I presume some of your South Shore "friends" imagine does not grow here, has been cultivated successfully, as an example from (6) six bushels of fall wheat sown by Mr. John Backus of this place, he had a yield of 300 bushels, (can Russell or Prescott beat that?) the general average is, however, from 25 to 30 fold; all kinds of grain grow well. My farmer sowed 5 bushels of spring wheat last season, which produced 105 bushels, and that is below the usual average in this locality. A country so well suited for agricultural purposes and in which all kinds of cereal and root crops give an abundant yield, and with sufficient land for many thousands of industrious settlers should surely receive some attention at the hands of the Government. If the true friends of colonization would turn their attention to the opening up of this extensive and rich section, which lies so close to the great commercial cities of Montreal and Ottawa, they would surely be doing a very laudable work and one which would in a few years repay the Government ten fold. The great draw back which the first settlers experience is the want of good roads, by which they could communicate with the older settled districts, and have an outlet for to bring their produce to market. The colonization of this section, viz: Egan, Kensington, Aumond, and Maniwaki, is going on rapidly, it is not many years since a few settlers established themselves close to what is now known as the Desert Village, which is about 90 miles from Ottawa, and at the present time there are about one hundred families north of the Desert, in the townships above mentioned. The Desert River, which is a tributary of the Gatineau and which empties into the Gatineau at the Desert Village, is also settled to a considerable extent.

It would be useless for me to say anything of the great amount of traffic which passes up the Gatineau, I will, however, give you an approximate idea of what passes through the Desert Village and is forwarded to its destination, to the lumbering depots, I consider at the lowest estimate, about 4,300 barrels of flour, 3,700 barrels of pork, 250 boxes of tea, 200 boxes of tobacco, not to speak of the great quantities of oats, pease, beans, and hay, which is consumed in the manufacture of saw-logs, besides large quantities of every kind of merchandise.

That there is land enough of a superior quality lying between the Rouge (to the east) and the Desert and Gatinsau rivers (to the west,) which, if cultivated, could sustain 2 millions of souls, there is no denying; that those lands are only partially settled; and that if Lower Canada intends to develope the resources of the rich wooded lands in which it abounds, it must devise some more practical means than has been hitherto used. Of what use is it to offer lands at a nominal price, or even give free grants, if the intended settler finds, that though he may make considerable clearance and raise a good crop, he cannot bring it to maket, as there are no passable roads. But if the intended North Shore Railway were constructed, which, being as it were the main channel from which branches could be opened Northwards, and have those branches completed as soon as possible after the completion of the main road, then I am confident that the greater portion of the lands to which I have alluded would soon be occupied, manufactures and other branches of industry would soon follow, emigration would be attracted, and the rich country lying from the Rouge, north of Montreal to the Desert River would soon become one of the richest and best agricultural districts in the Dominion.

If the Government would send a responsible party to examine the north country, I am satisfied they would give as favourable a report of it as I have done, and in a matter which affects the prosperity of a large section of the country, I consider I am justified in drawing your attention to the effect which the North Shore Railway would have; not alone on those places in its vicinity, but also places more remote. That it will be some time before it can benefit the more remote districts, I will not contend, but it will be the "Main Channel" from which branches can be pushed into the interior, as if a country is to be colonized; railroads must follow, though it is my opinion that they should at least keep pace with, if not go ahead of colonization.

I will now give you a brief account of what is know as the Desert settlements. In 1847 a mission was established here, by the Oblats Fathers, in favor of the Algonquin Indians, of whom there are at present about 100 families. At that time the Gatineau road was only passable a few miles from Ottawa, and consequently the only means of travel was by canoes. A few of the early pioneers had penetrated as far as the Townships of Wright and Northfield, which is about 60 miles from Ottawa, but as the lumbering operations crept Northward, colonization rapidly followed. At the date to which I refer there was not a single house or shanty within a distance of 20 miles from the Desert, with the exception of the residence of the Oblats Fathers, and the small Chapel for the accommodation of the Indians, also the Hudson Bay Company's trading post on the north bank of the Gatineau, at the junction of the Desert and that river. It was evident, however, that from the rich and fertile lands in the vicinity of the Desert, and the natural facilities for cultivating the soil, combined with the ready market for all kinds of farm produce, which was necessary for the manufacturing of saw logs, which has been carried on extensively for many years, that settlements would soon be opened, if intending settlers were properly informed of the advantages which they would derive from occupying the rich lands which was in abundance. Shortly afterwards through the representations of the Fathers, a few settlers were induced to commence opening farms on the east side of the Gatineau opposite to the Desert. The success of those settlers gave an impetus to emigration into this locality, so that in a few years later a considerable portion of the Townships of Egan, Kensington, and Aumond were occupied. To suit their wants, however, it was necessary that a saw and grist mill should be erected, the want of which was very much felt by the new community, as it was about 60 miles to the nearest mill, and consequently the cost of transporting wheat and sawed lumber too expensive; to remedy this the Oblats Fathers had a saw and grist mill erected on the Gatineau (at the Des As Rapids) about three miles from the Desert village, but the high waters of 1861 swept away the entire buildings and machinery; but as the settlers could not succeed without mills, the Fathers, at great cost, has another saw and grist mill erected on the Joseph River, a small tributary of the Gatineau, and about 7 miles from the Desert. A great draw back, however, to the settlers, is the want of at least a passable road to the mills, but it is hoped that the Government, for the sake of Colonization and the efforts that have been made for years past to have this fine country settled with industrious farmers, will give a liberal money grant to have a road opened from the Desert village to the mills on the Joseph river and upwards. A small grant was given last year, and a part of the road has been opened up, which, if it were continued to the settlements in the Township of Aumond, would be of great benefit to the inhabitants of the adjoining townships.

(To be continued.)

Devlin's Hats that it flatts.

THE CATASTROPHE IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Particulars are received of the late terrible catastrophe at Pittston, Pa., of which some information has previously been given to our readers in our telegraphic columns. One of the miners gives the following account:

MY MOTHER.

Thomas saw the smoke about two hundred feet from the foot of the shaft; at 2.30 I went to look for Thomas Crehan, and saw him go up the shaft just as I reached it; I went back to look for father and met him and my brothers going towards the foot; we tried to get there, but the fire was too hot and the smoke too thick; we then went back to the east gangway and assisted the men to build a barricade across the gangway; we built it of culm and stone, and some of the men stripped themselves of their clothing to put in the crevices, it took us an hour and a half to put up the wall; all the men in the mines were assisting us as far as their feelings would allow them; many of them were overcome with grief, and could not work; Martin Cooney, eighteen years old, died in half an hour after the barricade was built; he died of a broken heart; the three men found on the outside tried to get into the enclosure, but were suffocated in the attempt; two of the men on the outside were doing sentinel duty, watching the current of air at the foot of the shaft; the air went upwards after the first half hour, and continued so for two hours, so we opened the door; Robert and Thomas had just been relieved when Andrew Morgan, and Hiram Morgan, and Hiram Curtis went there, and they must have fallen under the influence of choke-damp, but we could not say why they did not come back to us. At 7.30 we held a prayer-meeting. Some were cursing and others singing hymns. We sang this verse:

Before Johovah's awful throne,
Ye nations bow with sacred joy;
Know that the Lord is God alone,
He can create and he destroy.

Many were crying, and one little boy, James Jones cried out, "I shall never see my dear mother again." Many were giving up at once, while others tried to cheer them. We had

A GOOD PRAYER MEETING.

Many earnest prayers were made by Welsh and English miners, and several Irishmen prayed to the Virgin Mary to come in and save them. We continued to pray and sing until our voices gave out. About 9 o'clock we began to prepare ourselves for the worst. The black damp was creeping upon us. We became dizzy, and weak in the knees, and fell down near the water rubbing our nostrils, mouth, temples, and eyelids. We had no shovels, and therefore had to carry culm in our hats. Little James Jones carried culm in his caps. All the while he was crying about his mother. Sometimes we thought we would be rescued, and at other times we thought not. Father prayed for his family above ground, and when he ceased praying he told us he was ready to die. He was on his knees when death overtook him. When the smoke became too much for us we got over the wall, and Martin Cooney tried, but was too weak, and fell down insensible. There was another man lying dead at my feet. We felt very thankful that we could not hear the screams of the women from the top, as that would have added to our anguish.

Just received a case of Ladies Hats in latest and most fashionable styles at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

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DOMINION

PARLIAMENTARY DEBATES

FOR

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ho! For Murray Bay—George Du Berger.
Department of Inland Revenue—A. Brunel.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

THURSDAY, JUNE 1, 1871.

For interesting reading matter, see first page.

Owing to the press of matter in our columns, we are unable to give the continuation of the story "Life's Assize" in this issue.

We notice that Messrs. Longman & Co., of London, have published a work entitled "The Canadian Dominion," written by Mr. Charles Marshall, who visited this city last summer.

We have been informed by the Marine Department that in the first 23 working days after the navigation opened at Montreal, Messrs. H. & A. Allan had 21 seagoing ships carrying over 1,600 tons arrive, discharge, load and depart. Of these 9 were steamers.

The services rendered by Lt. Col. Tisdale, and the Norfolk Militia in dispersing the crowd of "rowdies," who were trying to get up a prize fight on Canadian soil a short time since, are very highly spoken of, and we are glad to hear that they will receive official recognition in General Orders.

The *Daily Visitors' Guide*, published in Montreal, contains a list of all the latest hotel arrivals, shipping, arrivals, &c., and is just what it professes to be, viz: a reliable guide to strangers visiting Montreal. It has an extensive circulation among business men.

The Rothschilds have lost about £15,000,000 by the late war. They at first thought that France was sure to win, but finding how affairs were going, they "hedged" or their losses would have been doubled. The honour of winning the "Derby" and the "Oaks," however, has more than repaid the Baron for any pecuniary losses.

Mr. Phillip St. Hill, Chief Office-keeper of the Eastern Departmental Building, has been placed on the Superannuation List. Mr. St. Hill has been in the public service for an extensive period—some forty years—and, now retires upon a well earned pension, carrying with him the respect and good wishes of all his superiors.

THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

The Toronto *Globe* is very anxious that Sir John Macdonald should explain his views with respect to the treaty of Washington, although, as we have already pointed out, it would be obviously improper for him to do so, so long as he continues to be a member of the High Commission. But why is our contemporary so anxious to ascertain what are the opinions of the Premier? Can he not consider the treaty upon its merits, and form an opinion for himself? He quotes the following passages from one of Sir John Macdonald's speeches, apparently with the impression that the Premier has done something contrary to their letter and spirit.

"As to our three-mile limits he held that three miles of the sea from our shores was as much ours as three miles of land on each side. England would not yield up these three miles without the consent of Canada. England, which looked with displeasure on the annexation of Alsace and Lorraine against the wishes of the people, would not consent that our land should be taken from us."

"The suggestions of the Washington Commission could not be made law unless ratified by the Parliament of Canada, so that there was no risk in the matter."

The provisions of the treaty of Washington are entirely consistent with this, inasmuch as they expressly stipulate that the Americans will not be permitted to use our fisheries without the consent of the Parliament and people of Canada. Those who have confidence in Sir John Macdonald's patriotism and political ability, will doubtless be content to await explanations concerning his position personally until the proper time for making them shall have arrived. As for his enemies we will undertake to say that when his position is fully made known and understood, they will find it a difficult one to assail.

We notice that the *Globe* speaks of its long trusted ally the Montreal *Witness*, as "a paper of strong American proclivities," and mentions that the latter journal states that "the Canadian Executive will ratify the treaty without reference to our Parliament at all." Although the *Globe* differs from its Montreal ally as to the advisibility of such a step, we trust that nothing will happen to mar the cordial friendship which has so long existed between the Toronto organ and this "paper of strong American proclivities." They have invented and interchanged misrepresentations and false reports so long in their efforts to damage Sir John Macdonald and his colleagues, that it would be a pity to see a coldness between them now. What with newspapers of "strong American proclivities" and politicians who hate "everything that smells of Canada," our Toronto contemporary has certainly got into rather strange company. However, "necessity has no law."

PROTECTING THE FISHERIES.

The Imperial Squadron detailed for the service of protecting the British North American fisheries during the current season, consists of eight vessels of war, under the command of Vice Admiral Fanshawe. H. M. SS *Danae* and *Lapwing* are to be stationed on the coast of Newfoundland. The *Fly* will cruise in the Bay of Fundy; the *Philomel* will take her station along the east coast of Cape Breton; the *Niobe* and *Minstrel* will guard the west coast of Cape Breton and the west coast of Prince Edward Island; and the *Racoon* and *Cherub* will be stationed on the Gulf coasts of New Brunswick and Quebec. These ships are supplimented by Canadian cruisers already under commission and now in active service, consisting of one steamer and seven schooners, armed and equipped as a Marine Police. The steamer *Lady Head* will cruise in different parts around Nova Scotia, Cape Breton and New Brunswick, the officer in chief command being on board; the schooners *La Canadienne* and *Stella Maria* have charge of the fishing grounds around Magdalen Islands, Anticosti, the lower St. Lawrence, and the Southern Labrador coast, and will also visit the Bays of Chaleur and Gaspe; the *Water Lily* and the *New England* are stationed on the coasts of New Brunswick between Gaspe and Shediac, co-operating with the others in the Bay of Chaleur; the *Sweepstakes* will cruise around the eastern and southern coasts of Cape Breton, the *S. G. Marshall* remains on the western coast of Cape Breton, and covers the Gut of Canso; and the *Ella G. McLean* protects the strait of Northumberland and the west coast of Cape Breton. Each of these vessels employs detective boats to be manned by picked crews, who will watch foreign fishing vessels at different places where they are in the habit of working close in shore and fishing during the night time unobserved, or where they remain under other pretences for the purpose of casting their lines whenever the cruiser is out of sight.

We have not yet learned what vessels, if any, will be despatched to the fishing grounds by the United States Government. It is presumed there will be the same number as last year; and as the American fishermen clearly understand that the British and Canadian laws and regulations relating to fishing, &c., by foreign vessels are still in full force and effect, there is every reason to hope that intending trespassers will be advised to respect our legal rights, and thus render unnecessary any further captures. The seizures effected last season bear a very small proportion to the cases of actual intrusion, and they occurred rather as preventive examples than evidences of the vigilance of the cruisers, or the extent to which United States citizens exposed their property in the eagerness of the fishermen to catch fish which were so abundant in our waters. In the public interest, therefore, not less than for their own sakes, we trust that past forbearance and moderation will not be misconstrued. We also trust that none of our "cute" neighbors will count upon trespasses being excused on the plea of ignorance or misunderstanding about the treaty recently adopted at Washington. No such plea will avail them with the authorities in the event of seizure for trespass. They are altogether too shrewd and well-informed not to know perfectly well that the inshore fishery privileges are still exclusively British, and must continue so until the liberty of fishing in common with British subjects shall be legally conceded to them. Whether or not the requisite parliamentary and legislative authority for their actual participation in these exclusive rights can be obtained, is a matter to be disposed of by the people's representatives in the Dominion Parliament and the Legislature of Prince Edward Island, acting in the public interest. We cannot anticipate what may be their determination in the premises. But we can assure all parties concerned that, until the Dominion Parliament has ratified this portion of the Treaty of Washington, the inshore fisheries will be efficiently protected, and trespasses by foreign fishermen will not be suffered with impunity.

EMIGRATION TO CANADA.

The last English mail brings us a number of papers, pamphlets, &c. on the subject of emigration from Great Britain to Canada.

First we have a letter from the Revd. Horrocks Cocks, in which he informs us that, aided by Florence Nightingale, whose name alone is sufficient to induce us to regard with respect any enterprise with which she is connected, he is sending out to Canada every week, "men whom the Colonists need." Mr. Cocks encloses a copy of an article from the *Beehive* on the subject of emigration to this country, which bears testimony to the industry and energy displayed by the reverend gentleman in aiding in the good work. The *Beehive* says that of 400 emigrants who sailed for Quebec on board the steamship *Niger*, all were "industrious, steady and respectable persons." For emigrants of this class we can find plenty of room and plenty of employment; of such men as these "the Colonists," as Mr. Cocks puts it, but should we not rather say "the Colonial Empire" stands in "need." We have no hesitation in saying, as we often have done before, that every able-bodied, industrious man who comes to Canada, not with the idea of picking up gold in the streets, but of working with honest, manly purpose, is certain to obtain a fair remuneration for his toil. All we ask Mr. Cocks and others who like him are engaged in the task of encouraging emigration to this country is, that they will see that those who are sent out are really fit for the work before them. It is no use sending out a number of lazy Radicals from the East End of London, who cannot be induced to work for love or money, and content themselves with sitting down and writing letters against Canada to the editor of Reynolds' *Weekly Miscellany* of falsehood and filth. We do not ask that a man should be possessed of any means when he lands in Quebec, though, of course, if he has a little capital it will be all the better for him; but we do ask that he should be ready to work when he gets here, and not expect that he can live without labour. Emigrants who imagine this, whether they go to Canada or the United States, are certain to "come to grief." We merely throw out these hints, not because we wish to discourage Mr. Cocks' philanthropic efforts, but because we neither desire to see him discouraged and disappointed at the non-success of any of his *proteges*, nor do we wish to hear Canada abused and misrepresented as it once or twice has been, by men who were too lazy to work, and sought to lay the blame of their failure upon the country.

We have great pleasure in publishing the following letter from Miss Nightingale to the Rev. Mr. Cocks:

LONDON, April 12, 1871.

Rev. Horrocks Cocks.

SIR,

I regret exceedingly that the funds of the Emigration Societies—the most useful charity we have, and, indeed, it is not a charity but a necessity of the Empire—have fallen off, or are thought to have fallen off, consequent on the calls of the terrible War to which England has so nobly answered.

I cannot think that it is so. Personally, I have striven and induced others to strive that our own countrymen and countrywomen, who certainly have the first claim upon us, should not suffer for our having tried to do our best for the claims of our French and German fellow creatures, sufferers from the unexampled horrors of their National War. But my poor experience matters little.

To bring workers to their work, to quarry the immeasurable resources and extent of this Empire, to enable those who can and will work, but who cannot get work here for, perhaps, more than three or four months in the year, as you yourself have so ably stated, is almost the first duty of English people, is almost a primary element in promoting British welfare. Selection of the emigrants is, of course, essential. But that is just what you do.

I would I could help you; but my time and strength are wholly taken up with a circle of duties already larger than anyone in perfect health ought to undertake; I am, and have been for years, entirely a prisoner to my room from illness, and I am not brought personally into contact with persons able or willing to emigrate.

But may I ask you to apply my mite, £5 5s. (which I enclose, and I would it were £500), to be continued for five years, to your purposes, which I know to be so eminently useful and essential for the prosperity of the land we love.

Pray believe me,
Sir,
Ever your faithful Servant,
FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE.

To the Rev. H. Cocks,
120, Salisbury Square,
Fleet Street.

The following are two letters recently received in England, from settlers in this country, for which we are also pleased to find space:

St. Catharine's, Prov. of Ont.
Feb. 28th, 1871.

DEAR SIR,—When you bade me good-bye, when I left Old England last April, I said I would write to you to say how me and my chums got on in the new land over the sea; and I now take an opportunity to thank you for all kindness shown, and to say I like things very well, and country and people, though strange at first. Mr. Donaldson was very kind at Toronto, and I got a job for two months and then moved here, where I never lost a day save on holidays. A tailor who knows his business gets from 7s to 8s per day English money. Bricklayers and carpenters are in great demand, and farmers want farm hands very bad, and girls who know any housework can get places at once. The country is very fine and cheap, and the cold is not bad at all. Good mutton is 3d and beef 4d per pound, when I get a quarter. I buy by the quarter—what would East End folk think of that?—and use it twice in a day. There are good schools, and nothing to pay. The blacks here are very thick, and they want to send their children to white schools, but they won't have them on any account, they having a black school for themselves. Rents are more here than in some places, because it is growing very fast. I pay six dollars a month for four rooms, back kitchen, and snug bit of garden. Wife keeps a tidy lots of hens. Nothing would make me go back to old pinching times, and if I was a lord I would send some thousands, to where no honest men need want a meal, and can make his family comfortable. There is a lot of dockyard men down at the lake, three miles off, and they are busy all winter at 6s English a day, and they are doing well. In autumn I got lovely grapes for 3d per lb., and apples fine enough for a king for 4s a barrel. This place is 12 miles from the wonder of the world—the great Falls of Niagara—and, on Dominion Day I took wife and children to see it, and had a grand outing of it. So no more at present from

Yours very truly,
(Signed), JOHN S JONES.

To Mr. Dixon, Emigration Agent, 11, Adam Street, Strand, London.

P.S.—There are manufactories of all kinds here, and fine demand for workmen. They make tools, engines of all kinds, and machines. All trades have plenty of work, and pay good.

TOWNSHIP OF GODERICH,
County of Huron,
Canada, April 13, 1871.

MR. DOWN,—Sir,—When I left England I promised to write you a letter, saying how I liked the country. I have neglected it until now, it being nearly two years since I arrived in this country. My other friends have also arrived, and, thanks for the kindness you have shown them, they are all in good service. Some are getting £40 per year, some £30; the two girls are getting £20. They all like the country, and agree with me that any man or woman, who is willing to work can do well in this country, far better than in Old England. I saw a letter in one of your papers which you sent to Mr. A. Lawson, written by a party at Toronto. I quite agree with him about so many being in and about Toronto out of employment, but at the same time it is their own fault, for I am certain that if a farmer was to go and ask any of these idle people to go out, say ten miles, into the country to work they would not go. They cannot and will not leave the towns. Any man need not be out of work if he has to do it, and if a man comes here thinking that he is going to get on without work he will be mistaken. I find things just as you told me, and my friends inform me that they were met in Liverpool by your old friend, who treated them well and saw them off by the "Moravian." They were eleven days reaching Portland: we were only ten, by the "Peruvian." My brother and family will be coming out in the fall; I have sent him your address; please send them by the "Peruvian," if possible. We see that large numbers of emigrants are leaving England by the accounts of our papers; but very few reach this neighbourhood. I assure you that labouring men are very scarce here. Any labourer can get 5s per day with board and lodgings who is willing to work. As I said before, if a man is not willing to work he had better never come to Canada. I am thinking of getting some land in the fall of the Government, when I will write to you again. I shall never persuade any one to leave England; let those come who wish. I can only say that I wish I had come ten years sooner, for I never was so comfortable before, and I am saving money. If all goes well I shall have a farm of my own in five years.

With many thanks for the kindness shown to me and friends, I am, yours, &c.

JOHN COX,
Late of Somerset.

MR. J. W. DOWN, Terminus Hotel, Bristol.

A new department has been established at McGill College, viz: the department of practical science, the advantages offered by which may be stated as follows:

"Students may enter on passing an examination in Mathematics and English, and may proceed to take a three years' course in Practical Science. In the Junior year the studies will be the same for all, and will include Mathematics, Chemistry, English, French and German, Drawing and the use of measuring instruments. Students who have already acquired the training given in the Junior year, may enter in the middle year. In the middle and senior years the students may distribute themselves over three courses of study—one leading to Civil Engineering and Surveying, another to Mining and Mining Engineering, another to Practical Chemistry and Assaying. In each of these, beside the special subjects, there will be studies in Mathematics, Physical Science, Natural Science, and Modern Languages; and appropriate Degrees will be given on examination at the termination of the several courses. In addition to this, students who enter on the Ordinary Matriculation Examination in Arts, and who pursue the full course of two years and pass the Intermediate Examinations, may obtain exemptions enabling them to take one of the courses in Practical Science, while proceeding to the Degree of B. A.

We trust that the additional facility thus afforded for the acquirement of a sound practical education, will be extensively taken advantage of. In a young country like Canada, it is of the utmost importance that education concerning mining, assaying, surveying, road and railway engineering, and other similar subjects likely to be of use in developing the resources of the Dominion, should be placed within the reach of all. The following is a list of the Professors:

Geology and Palæontology.—J W Dawson, L L D, F R S.

English Language.—Ven Archdeacon Leach, L L D.

Meteorology.—Charles Smallwood, M D, L L D.

German.—C F Markgraf, M A.

Mathematics and Natural Philosophy.—Alexander Johnson, L L D.

French.—P J Darey, M A.

Metallurgy.—T Sterry Hunt, L L D, F R S.

Practical Chemistry.—Gilbert P Girdwood, M D.

Assaying and Mining.—Bernard I Harrington, B A.

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 31.

The appointment of a successor to Mayor Coursol, the latter relinquishing office during the term of Mayorality is severely criticised.

A horse called "Fidget" was last week driven to death by a drunken clerk named Bernard. The case was clearly proved by the Society against cruelty to animals, but the Police Magistrate gave judgment against the Society charging them the costs.

Judgment will be finally rendered in the Guibord case to-morrow.

The death of Joe Wormald, the prize fighter, in Quebec, causes much talk here as he belonged to Montreal. He was held in cords eight days before his death in the Quebec Marine Hospital though perfectly peaceable.

Archdeacon McLean lectures to-morrow night in the Mechanic's Hall on Manitoba and the North West. A good return for his college is anticipated.

The Court of Queen's Bench, appeal side, opens to-morrow.

The general Court of Quarter Sessions, Judge Coursol presiding, opens to-morrow. Only two cases are for trial.

All reports regarding the election for the Western Division of the city are without foundation. Candidates are not yet decided on.

A man with features indistinguishable was to-day found in the river opposite the city, near Longueuil. The body seems to be that of a labourer.

The Merchant's Bank declared a dividend of four per cent. for a half year, payable on 3rd July next.

The stamp office deficiency is promised to be remedied within a week.

The bar of Montreal continue their clamorous threats.

A special meeting of the City Council is called for Monday expressly to discuss the grant of one million dollars to the Northern Colonization Railway Company. All the influential press are in favour of the grant.

Dr. Willis, Moderator of the General Assembly, Canada Presbyterian Church, arrived yesterday by the *Scandinavian*.

Montreal shares 288.
Flour steady.
Weather cool.
Harbor thronged.

Midnight Despatches.

VERSAILLES, Monday.—At a sitting of the Assembly to-day Chanargnier spoke about Metz, defending Bazaine. Thiers replied, calling Bazaine an illustrious warrior.

The Duke Andiquet Pasquier proposed the admittance of the Orleanist Princes into the Assemby. Picard replied that he would be happy to consider the subject.

Clinchamp's corps of 20,000 have returned in triumph to Versailles, with 6,000 prisoners, who were discovered to be of the Insurgents, and who murdered the nine Donicon priests on Friday.

VERSAILLES, May 31.—The Bishop of Orleans, M. Dupanloup, will be the successor of M. Darboy, Archbishop of Paris, who was assassinated by the Insurgents.

Marshal McMahon in a proclamation just issued, divides Paris into four commands, viz.: East, North, Centre and South. General Vinoy is appointed to the command of the East, General L'Admirault to the North, General Dousi to the Centre, and General Cissy to the South. Civil power is transferred to the military, and no ingress or egress from the city will be permitted.

It is reported that Pyat has escaped from Paris.

The corpse of a member of the Commune, M. Varlin, was searched, and upon it was discovered money to the amount of 400,000 francs.

The adherents of the Duke d'Aumale and the Bonapartists are both very active in their schemes, for the restoration of the Boorbon and Napoleonic dynasties.

All foreigners in Paris are required to report their names and addresses to the headquarters of the army.

There are still a great number of unburied corpses in Belleville.

It is said many of the Paris Insurgents were Englishmen. The report occasions much bitterness toward England, on the part of the French people.

Some apprehensions are felt that the walls of the Tuileries and Hotel de Ville will fall.

Court Martial has ordered the use of the mitrailleuse, in case of wholesale executions.

Several war ships at Cherbourg have been transformed into hulks, for the imprisonment of captured Insurgents.

BRUSSELS, May 31.—Victor Hugo has left Belgium for Holland.

FLORENCE, May 31.—The Italian Government has instructed its Prefects throughout the country to capture all Parisians who may enter Italy.

The *World's* special Paris 31st, says:—Persons denounced as soon as they are discovered in their hiding places, are arrested and shot. Numerous arrests of men and women continue to be made.

There has been renewed attempts at assassination and arson. Many of those executed yesterday and to day seemed to be perfectly crazy.

A horrible effluvia from the bodies of the dead fills certain quarters of the city.

There are abundant signs of a speedy *coup de etat* on the Assembly, to depose Thiers, and summon Count de Chambord to the Throne of France.

NEW YORK, 31st.—A special despatch from Paris, to-day, says the most revolting sight I ever beheld occurred this morning on the Piazza in front of the Hotel de Ville. Thirty-three Communists, among whom were seven women, were shot in a body by a company of soldiers. Around three sides of a square troops to the number of 1,500 were drawn up under the command of Col. Guzot. At 8 o'clock the prisoners who had been confined in the coal cellars in the Hotel de Ville were brought out, their hands behind their backs, and marched out by the main gateway through a double file of soldiers, and having reached the wide area in front of the Hotel de Ville, where ranged in a row, and made to kneel down close together. There was nothing in the whole piazza but three empty scavenger carts, which stood in a line at the rear of the prisoners. When the company was in line and ready to fire, Col. Guizot stepped forward and told the prisoners in a few words that they were to suffer death for having been caught in the act of setting fire to buildings and dwellings. At this moment the women uttered piercing shrieks and began to sway themselves back and forth. An officer advanced and made them keep still with the flat of his sword. A few moments afterwards a volley was fired, and when the smoke cleared away a most horrible sight was presented. Three of the women who were in the middle of the row were still living, and writhing in awful agony; a second volley was fired, and a third, and not until the sixth did all the prisoners cease to live. The bodies were then flung into three scavenger carts and carried away to be buried. There were few people at the scene.

VIENNA, May 31.—President Grant requested the Austrian Government to allow Baron Von Lederer, its Minister to the United States, to preside over the arbitration of the Cuban claims and imperial permission has been telegraphed to Washington.

VERSAILLES, May 31, evening.—The publication and circulation of new papers in the Department of the Seine are made subject to special authorization by Marshal MacMahon.

Paris will remain for some time yet under military jurisdiction, but communication with the city is now unrestricted. The entrance and exit are free to all.

It is said that the number of prisoners now in the hands of the Government exceed 40,000.

FARTHER POINT, May 31.—S.S. *Corinthian* arrived at 9:30 p.m., 9 saloon and 363 steerage passengers.

PITTSTON, Pa., 31.—The Coroner's Jury in the case of the recent disaster at the West Pittston mine rendered their verdict this morning. After detailing the facts of the case, the jury declares the miners met their death from improper ventilation; that when the breaker took fire there was no means of supplying the men with fresh air; and that the means of ventilation are not such as are required by the Act of March 30, 1870. The jury furthermore find that there was negligence on the part of employees of the company in not keeping portions of the machinery properly oiled; and, further, that the company had employed on the day of the accident a greater number of men than the Act already referred to warrants. The verdict finds further, that Thomas Williams, Inspector of Mines, knew of these violations of the law, but did not protest against them, and that he failed in his duty in not applying to the courts for an injunction against the company's operations. Williams has strangely called together another jury to hold a second inquest for the purpose of vindicating his conduct, and it is now in session. There is no law to authorize the holding of a second inquest, and public opinion here regards the step as an effort on the part of the Inspector to whitewash himself. The verdict is cordially approved.

ASPINWALL, May 30.—The revolution in Panama is ended. The steamer *Montijou* has been restored, and revolutionists at Chiriqui have surrendered their arms.

PARIS, May 31.—Orders to set fire to buildings which has been previously marked by the Central and Safety Committees for destruction, have been found on the Insurgent prisoners.

Omnibusses and cabs have commenced running again. The cafe restaurants and places of amusement are opening their doors, but are ordered to close at midnight. All proprietors who disobey will be handed over to the military authorities.

The *Journal des Debats* has reappeared. Nearly all the newspapers which temporarily removed to Versailles have returned to Paris.

A new journal, the *Tricolo*, advocates the restoration of the Orleans Princes on the ground that they will be a standing menace to Germany.

Krulin, who was among the Insurgent leaders captured at Vincennes, has been shot. Osclin, a member of the Commune, was delivered to the Versaillists by the Prussians, and soon afterwards executed.

The National Guard throughout France will be disarmed and disbanded.

Of 40,000 prisoners at Versailles, many of them will be sent for trial to seaports.

Yesterday's Despatches.

LONDON, May 31.

Steamers *Anglia* and *City of Limerick*, from New York, have arrived.

A *Times* special from Versailles says Ernest Picard has resigned from the Ministry of Interior, and is succeeded by Victor Lefrance.

The *Monde* announces that the Prince de Joinville and the Duke d'Aumald have proclaimed their adherence to the manifestations of the Count de Chaubord, and that the fusion of the Legitimists and Orleanists is complete.

A *Daily News* special says that Rochefort has certainly been condemned.

General Leflo goes to St. Petersburg as ambassador from France. He is succeeded as Minister of War by General Cissey.

M. Picard has been appointed Governor of the Bank of France.

Francois Hugo has written a letter to the *Independence Belge* giving the details of the attack upon his father's house in Poissa, and asserting that the mob cried "Death to Hugo."

The *Belge* disapproves of the expulsion of Hugo from Belgium.

PARIS, evening, May 30.—The troops still hold the mayoralties and public buildings. The disarmament of the National Guards is proceeding. They are forbidden to wear uniform.

Cissey threatens to proceed with rigour against those inhabitants who fire from windows.

The archives of the international societies have been discovered, and also other documents in DeLescluz's house, compromising the departments.

Marshal McMahon had declined the sword of honor offered him after the battle of Reichshoffen.

The summary execution of the insurgent prisoners continues.

VERSAILLES, Tuesday evening.—Since their entrance into Paris the Versailles troops have lost 13,000 killed and wounded, and the authorities have collected 372,000 rifles.

Fifteen members of the Commune surrendered in Vincent.

Reports of changes in the Ministry are semi-officially denied.

VIENNA, May 30.—The Pope has issued a letter, which declares that the Italian guarantees are a tissue of lies and hypocrisy, and formally protesting against them.

NEW YORK, May 30.—A Versailles despatch says Gen. Cluseret, the Communist Minister of War, has been executed by the Versaillists.

NEW YORK, May 30.—Telegrams from various cities report very hot weather today. In Bangor, Me., at 1 p.m., the thermometer marked 95 degrees in the shade.

NEW YORK, May 30.—The *Tribune's* Paris special, dated Tuesday night, says Rochefort has been condemned to death by a Versailles court martial. He has been probably executed already.

CINCINNATI, May 30.—A heavy rain storm prevailed here this afternoon and evening, accompanied with lightning. J. F. Forbes, a well known citizen, was struck by lightning and killed. Much damage was done to the city from water.

PARIS, Monday evening.—All is quiet. The victorious troops occupy the barracks. Already there is a strong feeling that the Paris Government is too weak to last. Awful massacres continue at the barricades in the Rue Rochuart. In one ditch the wounded people found in it were buried alive. They groaned and shrieked dreadfully all night.

An epidemic is feared from the number of dead bodies.

Vidal and Friechard have been shot. The body of the latter was claimed by his widow. Forty thousand francs were found in his cellar, the spoils of the republic.

Mothrew, a member of the Commune, was arrested, and 150,000 francs were found upon him.

The Versaillists have placed back the statue of Henry IV., which had been thrown into the Seine.

Kolowski has been taken out and shot.

Milliere was arrested at the Luxemburg Gardens. He resisted violently and fired six shots from his revolver. He was taken to the steps and a platoon of soldiers shot him.

During the attack by the Versaillists upon the barricades in the Place des Fetes, a number of Versaillists lost their way and got mixed up with the Communists. They were taken prisoners and fifty of them shot.

Sale of Valuable City Lots, at Bermingham's Auction Rooms, on Friday, at 12 o'clock.

REPLY OF THE IMPERIAL GOVERNMENT TO A MEMORIAL OF THE BISHOP OF OTTAWA IN FAVOUR OF THE POPE.

We are requested to publish the following correspondence:

GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Ottawa, May 13, 1871.

MY LORD,—

I am directed by the Governor-General to transmit to you herewith a copy of a despatch which His Excellency has received from the Earl of Kimberley in reply to the petition to the Queen, signed by Your Lordship on behalf of the Roman Catholics of your Diocese "praying that Her Majesty's Government will take steps for securing to the Pope his temporal power and independence."

I have the honor to be,
My Lord,
Your Lordship's most obd't serv't,
F. TURVILLE,
Governor's Secretary.

Most Rev. J. E. GUIGUES, &c., &c., Bishop of Ottawa.

DOWNING STREET, April 26, 1871.

MY LORD,—

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of Your Lordship's despatch, No. 68, of the 25th March, forwarding a petition to the Queen, signed by the Roman Catholic Bishop of Ottawa on behalf of the Roman Catholics in his Diocese, praying that Her Majesty's Government will take steps for securing to the Pope his temporal power and independence.

I request that you will inform the Bishop that his memorial has been laid before the Queen, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously. Memorials of a similar character have been received by Her Majesty from the inhabitants of Malta and Goso, and as the most convenient mode of answering the present petition, I enclose a copy of the despatch which was addressed in reply to the Governor of Malta. I request that you will communicate a copy of it to the Bishop.

I have, &c.,
(Signed.) KIMBERLEY.

Governor General,
The Right Honorable,
Lord Lisgar, G.C.B.,
&c., &c., &c.

Lord Kimberley to Sir P. Grant.

Downing Street,
7th December, 1871.

SIR,—I have received your despatches Nos. 146 and 153, of the 26th of October and the 18th of November, in which you enclose memorials addressed to Her Majesty by the inhabitants of Malta and Gozo, praying that Her Majesty will cause Her Government to take steps for supporting the rights of the Holy See in the Roman States, and to secure to the Sovereign Pontiff that independence and liberty which are necessary to the government of the Church of which he is the head.

These memorials have been laid before the Queen, who was pleased to receive them very graciously; and Her Majesty observes with pleasure, the loyal and affectionate tone of the memorialists towards her person and Government.

Her Majesty's Government have not interfered in the civil affairs of the Roman States on the occasion of former events which have occurred during the reign of the present Pope, nor can they now so interfere, but the deep interest which is felt by many millions of Her Majesty's subjects in common with the Maltese in the position of the Pope, renders all that concerns his personal dignity and independency and freedom to exercise his spiritual functions, fit subjects for the notice of her Government, and they have not failed to take such steps as are in their power to afford to the Pope the means of security in case of need.

Her Majesty desires me to state that this subject will continue to receive the careful attention of her Government; and that she has seen with much satisfaction the declaration of the Italian Government that the Pope's freedom and independence will be fully maintained, and due provision made for the support of his dignity.

I have &c.,
(Signed), KIMBERLEY.

GOVERNOR SIR PATRICK GRANT,
G. C. B., &c., &c., &c.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

A SHORT CUT TO NEW YORK.

On Tuesday last a conference was held at Lowville, in the State of New York, between the Directors of the Utica and Black River, and the Morrisburgh and Black River Railways, for the purpose of agreeing on terms of consolidation between the two companies. A satisfactory arrangement was effected, by which it was agreed that the Utica and Black River Company should furnish the amount of capital necessary for the completion of the other road now in course of construction by Messrs. Abbott & Ellis. When this line is completed, the distance between Ottawa and New York will be shortened by not less than 20 miles.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A meeting of the Directors of the Canada Central Railway was held at their offices yesterday, at which the following business was transacted. The Hon. A. B. Foster was elected a Director of the Company in place of Mr. Rodden, resigned.

A committee consisting of Hon. J. J. C. Abbott, President, Hon. A. B. Foster, Esq., and H. L. Redbeed, Esq., was appointed to press forward the extension to Pembroke, and to confer with the municipal authorities as to the aid towards it.

A Report was made as to the survey now being proceeded with, and the route to Pembroke was discussed.

A resolution of co-operation with the Northern Colonization Railway was passed as to the obtaining of a through route without change of gauge from Montreal westwards.

After a resolution of condolence with Mrs. Worsley, the widow of the late esteemed Secretary, the meeting was adjourned to Wednesday the 14th June, at Pembroke.

The *N. Y. World* says:

While New York is wildly wondering whether the Russian Grand Duke Alexis does or does not intend to whirl in the mazy waltz with the belles of Saratoga and of Newport, here is the Grand Duke Alexis' elder and handsomer brother, the Grand Duke Vladimir, actually twirling on the light fantastic toe, with the aristocratic daughters of London. To this complexion at last then, comes all the gabble of years about the friendship of Russia for America. While we are fobbed off with the mirage of a coming younger son who never comes, John Bull receives the visit of a grown Grand Duke. Who can wonder that Secretary Fish declines to waste his mutton and his Madeira on a Russian envoy who permits the fairest and fondest feelings of the American heart to be thus trifled with and made light of!

A Man Shot at Rochesterville

RESULT OF A CHARIVARI.

About half-past ten o'clock last evening, word was brought to the Police Station, that a man had been shot on the Richmond road. The rumour circulated rapidly and was soon conveyed to the Music Hall, where our reporter was enjoying the scene in which "the man like me," was shattered by a bullet. Every person, almost, had heard that a man had been shot, but no particulars as to how, or where, could be obtained. The occurrence took place, however, somewhere on the Richmond road, and thither our reporter bent his way, and on reaching the locality, found on enquiry that the unfortunate person in the event was Mr. E. B. Dunlevie. As far as could be ascertained the particulars are as follows: About three weeks ago, Edward Wyatt, a gardner, formerly a resident of Bank street, and about 57 years of age, got married to Mrs. Buntin, a widow woman. They left the city on their wedding tour, and returned again on Thursday last. Some of the young men of Rochesterville, considering Wyatt as indulging in matrimonial felicity at an unseasonable age of life, or more probably wishing to have "fun" at his expense, organized a band with all the necessary instruments, horns, bells, kettles, pans, &c.. and about ten o'clock last evening, proceeded with full charivari equipment to Wyatt's house. As is usual on such occasions a liberal donation of money was required to satisfy them. They sounded the discordant summons almost continuously, and seemed inexorable in their determination to succeed in their object. Fire arms were also discharged at intervals, and exultant shouts and "vile noise" resounded in the neighborhood. The night was beautiful and clear. Wyatt finally appeared on the verandah of the house, and Dunlevie, who is we understand, simple in mind and very near sighted, was induced by his comrades to go in and demand the money. He did so unhesitatingly, but scarcely had he spoken when the whole company who had ceased the noise that they might hear the answer to the demand, were startled by the report of a gun—Dunlevie was shot. He had gone up to the house and asking for money was instantly

FIRED AT

by Wyatt, who went calmly into the house after doing so. Dunlevie turned about and walked out to his comrades, declaring that he had been shot, and one of the number, putting his hand to his side, found his (D's) clothes to be wet with blood. He started to go home, but fell to the ground after making a few steps. He was taken immediately to Dr. Hill's, and shortly afterwards from thence home, and medical assistance immediately obtained. On examination it was found that about ten wounds had been inflicted in the left side below the heart, none of which, however, appeared to have penetrated to any very serious extent. About eleven o'clock Dr. Malloch extracted one of the missiles, a buckshot. At 12 o'clock, though the unfortunate young man was suffering much pain, the medical gentlemen in attendance seemed satisfied that the wounds were not fatal, and felt confident of his ultimate recovery.

About 11 o'clock, Chief Langrell and Sergeant McVittey, arrested Wyatt, who was quite composed and cooly informed the chief, that had he sent for him he would have gone down. A double barrelled fowling piece was found close to the door of the house inside, and on being asked if that was the the gun he used in committing the deed, answered "yes," also saying that one barrel was still loaded as the other had been for the person who would again venture to ask him for money. He was taken to the Police station.

Dunlevie is about 25 years of age.

INTERIM SESSIONS.

TRIAL OF HENRY JACKSON ON CHARGE OF CUTTING AND WOUNDING JAMES MCMANNUS.

Henry Jackson charged with cutting and wounding James McManus, on the 3rd of May, elected to be tried summarily and was arraigned before His Honour Judge Armstrong, in the Police Court at noon yesterday. R. Lees, Esq., appeared for the prosecution, and R. Lyon, Esq., for the defence.

James McManus being sworn deposed—Was at Jackson's house on the 3rd of May; was passing when Jackson asked me in; Jackson then produced a bottle of liquor, and asked me to drink; we both took a drink; was considerably affected by liquor; had only one glass before going into Jackson's; he asked me to go up stairs to bed; did so; went to Jackson's house about 9½; He sent me to bed because I was overcome by liquor; did not fall asleep; no person in the bedroom besides myself; about an hour after he left me I felt some person striking me on the head; I thought it was Jackson; he accused me of improper familiarity with his wife; I was cut and bleeding; he then dragged me down stairs by the legs after which I became insensible; I concluded from the voice that it was Jackson who assaulted me; I cried out Jackson are you going kill me; he said "no;" I believe it was Jackson who spoke; while being dragged out he reproached me with having improper intimacy with his wife; had no wounds on me when went into Jackson's house; whatever wounds I got were received there.

Cross-examined by Mr. Lyon—Am about 57 years of age; was in habit of drinking; took no breakfast morning of assault; was not in habit of going into Jackson's house; there only once before; took only one glass of liquor before going to Jacksons'; had a glass of hot stuff, and a glass of beer afterwards; gave a girl 10cts. to go for liquor after going into Jackson's house; it was with the liquor bought for that money I got drunk; Mr. McAdam was in house getting writing done by Jackson; did not see Jackson, McAdam or Mrs. Jackson take any liquor; Jackson did take some; when I stumbled across the floor, McAdam advised putting me to bed; Mrs. Jackson did not take me to bed; never saw Mrs. Jackson from time I went up stairs until I came down; don't know much about divisions of house; threw myself into bed in my clothes; saw no woman come into room; do not think I came down stairs after going up first time; was in bed about an hour; do not know whether Mrs. Jackson was in room or not; no person told me what newspapers said about assault; Mrs. Jackson told me she denied in Court my having had any familiarity with her; she came to me for money on Saturday last.

Drs. St. Jean and Hill deposed as to nature of wounds.

Mr. McAdam being sworn, said—Was in Jackson's house on day of assault; McManus was worse of liquor; sat there for about half hour and McManus seemed to be getting worse; he got up to go home and staggered; Mrs. Jackson, at the instance of Mr. Jackson, took McManus to bed and came down again; did not remain until McManus came down; did not see McManus drink anything; Jackson was sober; saw Jackson about 3 p. m., and he was a little under influence of liquor; know nothing as to what took place after I left.

Cross-examined by Mr. Lyon—There was no girl in house while I was there; there was a bottle on side-board—it contained nothing; when Jackson met me at 3 o'clock he asked me to go to his house to have something to eat. Jackson did not go up stairs when McManus was taken up; know Jackson for a long time—always a harmless man, whether in liquor or sober.

Wm. Bloom and Martin Bowles gave evidence in substance the same as that elicited from them before Mr. O'Gara.

Constable Brown was then put into the box, and was about to give evidence of a confession by the prisoner, when Mr. Lyon objected that it could not be received, and after considerable discussion Mr. Lees said he would not press it.

Mr. Lyon then addressed the Court on behalf of the prisoner, and Mr. Lees replied.

His Honor then carefully reviewed the evidence, and said that the law of England did not, in his opinion, justify the husband in committing an assault on a man though he found him in bed with his wife. It was true that juries in such a case generally sympathized with and acquitted the husband, but that did not alter his view of the law, and he thought a salutary example should be made. But was there any evidence of the act alleged by the prisoner against McManus? Nothing of the kind; there was no evidence of the act itself, and the probabilities were against it. The evidence showed that McManus was in a very unfit state for the perpetration of such an act. He was a very weak old man, and he was quite drunk on the occasion referred to.

His Honor had no alternative but to find the prisoner guilty as charged in the indictment, and he accordingly did so.

Mr. Lees then moved the sentence of the Court, and His Honor asked the prisoner if he had anything to say why it should not be passed on him.

The prisoner then said that up to the time of the assault he had had no trouble with McManus. But McManus had severed the ties that bound him to his wife, citing one of the epistles to show that he and his wife were one flesh. He then, after describing some of the events of the day, went on to speak of what he saw in the bed room. He said that his wife upon noticing him exclaimed "Henry, Henry, Henry, that man (pointing to McManus) has ravished me." He appealed to His Honor to know whether any husband having a spark of manhood about him could turn a deaf ear to such a cry for revenge? The fact that his wife, whom he had lived with for twenty-three years, whom he had tenderly loved and honoured was thus disgraced forever, made him feel like a madman; he knew not what he did, but he believed he seized the prisoner and hurled him out of his house.

As to the statements of the doctors about the knife he could not account for it, but he certainly had no knife, and he did not believe he cut the prisoner with a knife, and he referred to several sporting papers as authority for showing that a blow from a fist would produce a wound like a knife wound.

His Honour sentenced the prisoner to three months at hard labour in the common gaol.

THE OTTAWA COUNTY COUNCIL.

AYLMER, May 30.

A special session of the County Council was called for the purpose of passing a by-law to provide for the payment of interest on the $200,000 grant in the aid of the N. C. R. R.

The Warden and nearly all the Mayors of the County were present. The meeting having been called to order by the Warden, it was found that the necessary notices had not been duly served on the Mayors, or, at all events, many of the latter had not received them. The Gatineau Mayors suspected that some connivance was at the bottom of that irregular mode of convening the Council, and though they were present, they objected to proceeding with the business for which the meeting had been called.

The Warden then proposed that under the unfortunate circumstances, they might discuss in an informal manner the object of the meeting, and, at some future day, carry their decision into effect.

Many of the Gatineau Mayors spoke strongly against submitting the By-law granting the $200,000 to the people for approval until after the meeting of the Council in September next, on the ground that Montreal had not yet submitted its by-law granting $1,000,000 to the same road. Their granting $200,000 was conditional on the action of the Montreal Council.

Mr. McLeod, advocate, recommended that the By-law be submitted without delay.

Peter Aylin, Esq., advocate, believed the By-Law was not legal, and intimated that Montreal had broken faith with the County of Ottawa in not acting up to agreement.

The By-law published by the Montreal Council in April, was different from that upon which they (County of Ottawa) had based theirs in support of which assertion, he read the following amendment to be found in the Montreal By-law as published:

The said Railway shall be commenced at the Harbour of Montreal near and within the eastern limits of the city, within which also the station, workshops and terminus, of the said railway, shall be located near the harbour of the said city, and the said railway shall be proceeded with continuously and without intermission northwestward of the Mountain of Montreal, in the direction of, and as far as Hull in the District of Ottawa.

According to the above the road was to terminate at Hull, Aylmer being totally ignored. He strongly advised that no further action be taken in the matter until the intentions of the Montreal Council shall be known, as well as the intention of the Quebec Government as to the extension of the road.

A few more speakers having also recommended delay, Mr. Mackay, Warden, stated that under the circumstances he would not submit the by-law. The meeting then broke up.

MR. SEWARD IN INDIA.

The *Times of India* of April 22nd has the following in reference to the visit to that country of the American ex-Secretary of State:—

"The Hon. Mr. Seward's reception as a guest by the Byculla Club, at Bombay, is an event to which circumstances give the significance of an international ceremony. By the departing mail steamer, Mr. Seward takes leave of Bombay and India, and also bids farewell to Asia. Mr. Seward, having seen India under pleasing circumstances, is inclined to take a somewhat optimist view of our affairs, as when he remarked that 'it cannot be long before we shall be relieved of the necessity of maintaining an Indian army to hold these possessions, and a European army to watch the Indian one.' We believe that many things relating to the British hold on India have been made plain to Mr. Seward, which neither he nor any other American could understand without observation and contact with our best informed men. For lack of a better term, he usually speaks of our administration as the 'pro-consular system;' but he recognizes as blended with that the distinctively reasonable British element, tempered as it is by the better traditions of the old company, which secures at once wise conservatism and cautious progress.

THE NOVA SCOTIA ELECTIONS.

(From the N. Y. Sun.)

The Nova Scotia elections have resulted in a handsome gain, if not an absolute triumph, for the Confederate party. In the last Provincial Parliament they were represented by a single member; but the latest accounts indicate that in the newly elected Parliament they will have fifteen members to twenty-three Anti-Confederates. It is said also that several of the latter are in reality Independents, on whom the Ministry cannot always depend. Very likely on test questions the two parties may be pretty evenly balanced. The Halifax *Citizen*, an Anti-Confederate organ, regards this result as a species of blessing in disguise. The proceedings of the last Legislature appear to have been insufferably dull. "In the new Parliament," says the *Citizen*, "there will be much animated work, and the triumphs of the Government will be greater when it has a larger force to oppose it." This is a cheerful way of looking at the matter, but the Anti-Confederates will probably fail to see it.

LOCAL NEWS.

New Dress Goods, &c., at Allan, McKinnon & McMorran's.

☞ Don't forget the Sale of City Lots, at Bermingham's Auction Rooms, on Friday at 12 o'clock.

POLICE COURT—Wednesday.—There were only a few unimportant cases at the court this morning.

WEATHER.—The thermometer at about 2 p.m. yesterday ranged at 34° in the shade.

A saw-gate in Messrs. Wright & Batson's mill broke down yesterday.

SUDDEN DEATH.—A farmer named Robert Pepper, living in the vicinity of Aylmer, died suddenly yesterday from the effect of drinking cold water while over heated.

GAIETE VAUDEVILLE COMPANY.—The entertainment at the Music Hall last evening was well attended, and the performance passed off satisfactorily. "Cool Burgess" was, as usual, excellent in his different impersonations. Ferguson was also good. Miss Agnes Sutherland, in her Scottish songs, delighted the audience.

CRICKET.—A club has been started at New Edinburgh, under the name of the Young Lisgars, and, although, only recently organized, has already a very respectable list of members. At a meeting held on Monday evening last, Mr. Peden was elected captain, and Mr. R. Butler, Secretary.

DROWNED—Inquest—On Tuesday evening a son of Dr. Tache, about 9 years of age, was drowned in the Ottawa near the Queen's Wharf, a boat he was in having been swamped by the swells created by the *Queen Victoria*. The body was recovered last evening and an inquest held, the verdict being in accordance with the above facts.

DROWNED.—About five o'clock last evening a boy named Boucher, son of Mr. Boucher who was burned out in Nepean last summer, was drowned in the Bay back of Mr. Malloch's place, while in bathing with a number of other boys, one of whom narrowly escaped drowning in an attempt to save Boucher. Search was made for the body during the evening, but without success.

THE MARKET.—The attendance on the market this morning was pretty good. There were some changes in prices noticeable.

Calves sold at from $3 50 to $4.
Lambs do. $2 to $3.
Butter 18 to 20cts per lb. in tubs.
Potatoes from 60c to 65c per bushel.
Oats 60c to 62c per bushel.
Rhubarb 8c to 10c per bushel.
Cabbage plants 40c per hundred.
Cauliflowers 50c per hundred.

Sale of Valuable City Lots, at Bermingham's Auction Rooms, on Friday, at 12 o'clock.

"NICODEMUS AMERICUS"—This is the classic name which Mr. Kavenagh, the genial proprietor of the "Queen" Restaurant, has given a large Sea Turtle just received from New York. Nicodemus is most decidedly a fine looking representative of King Neptune's briny domain, and no doubt his delicious flavour will sustain the high reputation awarded him by connoiseurs from time immemorial, he is an aristocratic looking fellow, but appears to have a decided objection to 90° in the shade, without a drop of water to wet his parched lips. He is spirited and independent, however, and stalks about in front of the "Queen" as if, sole "monarch of all he surveys,"

Early next week Kavanagh will hold a grand levee, to which all will be invited to form an intimate acquaintance with "Nicodemus Americanus" for a small consideration.

Derlin's Hats that R Hats.

☞ Don't Forget the Sale of City Lots, at Bermingham's Auction Rooms, on Friday, at 12 o'clock.

RIGHT AND WRONG.—It is wrong to jest with your wife upon a subject in which there is danger of wounding her feeling, and it is wrong to speak of great virtues in another man's wife, to remind your own of fault; but it is not wrong after trying the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" and feeling its wonderful effects, to recommend it to neighbours, for the cure of rhuematisem, neuralgia, cramps, cholic, &c.; it as no equal. For sale by Druggists and country

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c.

The subscriber has been instructed by MRS MILLS, to sell at her residence, Sparks street, (Evan's Block), on MONDAY, JUNE 5th, 1871, her household property, consisting of Parlor Carpet, new, Side Table, B W, Cane Chairs, handsome Sideboard, B W, Marble Mantlepiece, Pictures, Hall Oil Cloth, Hall Stove, Stair Carpet and Rods, B W Bedroom Set, beautifully carved, Spring Matrasses, Hair Matrasses, Bedsteads, excellent Cooking Stove and furniture, Dining Table, Kitchen Chairs, Tubs, Pails and Water Barrels, a quantity of Stove, Delf, Glassware, and Table Cutlery, new, and a number of other articles not enumerated.

Sale at 11 a.m.

TERMS CASH.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1679td

HOT FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER, Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE.

NOTICE TO FORWARDERS AND OTHERS.

LET PASSES, through to Lake Champlain, will be issued to Vessels, Barges, &c, by the Collector of Canal Tolls, Ottawa, on payment of Tolls.

LET PASSES will also be issued by the Collector of Canal Tolls, at Montreal, and at St. Johns, through to Ottawa, or to Ottawa Basin, on payment of Tolls.

A. BRUNEL, Commissioner.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871. 1680a

AUCTION SALE of Bay Mare, Bridle, Saddle, and Moveable Top Buggy, Fowling Piece and Deer Hound.

The subscriber will sell by Public Auction, at his AUCTION MART, York street, on FRIDAY, the 2nd JUNE, at 11 30 a.m., immediately previous to the Sale of City Lots, a splendid Bay Mare, 15½ hands high, 6 years old, has been driven in double and single harness, also a good Bridle and Saddle, a very fine Moveable Top Buggy, oil tempered Springs, nearly new, cost $180, and used only part of one season, 1 Double Waggon, Iron Axles, one Fowling Piece, and a very fine Deer Hound. All to be sold, as the owner is leaving the country for Europe, and without reserve.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1680td

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY

FOR SALE BY AUCTION,

—AT THE—

CITY AUCTION MART,

YORK STREET.

J. BERMINGHAM will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION at his AUCTION ROOMS, York street, on FRIDAY, the 2nd JUNE, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, the following valuable and well located City Property, being Lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, on Wortembur street, Sandy Hill, beautifully situated, and commanding a view of the Rideau River. Bringing these Lots into market afford to business men and tradesmen an opportunity of erecting in a healthy locality some comfortable Cottages at a cheap rate. They will be sold on easy terms. A plan of the lots can be seen at the office of the undersigned. Also—Second place Lots 35 and 36 North side 36 South Bess-ret street, and East half of 41 south side street, Lots No. 7 and 8 east side Gloucester street, also 52 north Gloucester street, and west half of Lot Q North side Rideau street.

Terms and conditions made known time of sale.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer

Ottawa, May 23, 1871 1673td

MUSIC HALL,

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

MAY 31st & JUNE 1st.

GAIETE VAUDEVILLE COMPANY,

COOL BURGESS, Manager,

The Great Novelty of the Age.

The (only and Original) SCOTTISH NIGHTINGALE,

AGNES SUTHERLAND

The Greatest Eccentric Comedian of the day, ROB. V. FERGUSON.

MISS CARLOTTA WARD, the Sprightly Comedienne and Serio Comic Vocalist.

The World Renowned

COOL BURGESS!

THE MAN WHO LAUGHS. This gentleman, in his renowned oddities of Negro character, will appear in his great Speciality a White Face, introducing new and popular songs.

MR. DOUGALL CAMERON,

The celebrated Baritone Buffo Vocalist.

Mons. FRANK L. MARTYN,

Thalberg's Protege, the Eminent Pianist, from the Conservateire de Musique, Paris.

F. GODDARD, MISS LAURA WELLS, MR. W. TAYLOR, JOSEPH BANKS.

E. RUSSELL, Agent.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1679 3

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c, &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s, and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROFULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ENGLISH GOODS!!!

RECEIVED AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex street.

PRIZE WATER FILTERS, from $2.25 upwards, of Earthenware and White China. (They purify the most impure water.—*Medical Gazette.*)

ENGLISH BEDSTEADS, all wrought Iron,
Do CHILDRENS COTS, do do
Very fine patterns, quite new and cheap.

For Hospitals and Sick Rooms:

ENGLISH ENAMELLED CHAMBERS.
Do., do., BED PANS.
ENGLISH GARDEN CHAIRS,
Do., do., SETTEES, (to arrive.)
Do, CROQUET LAWN BORDERING
REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, and BATHS, STOVES new and improved patterns.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF RUNNING TIME.

The Summer Time Bill will come into operation on this RAILWAY, on MONDAY, the 5th June.

Due notice of the alteration in the hours of arrival and departure of trains, will be given through the press.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1680td

NEW CITY BAKERY.

The undersigned has established a new BAKERY, at the corner of Dalhousie and St Patrick streets, from which the public can be supplied with all the latest improvements of the trade.

Bread Carriages will at all times be in readiness to supply occasional, and attend to the orders of regular customers.

The subscriber respectfully solicits a share of patronage.

J. LOUGHRAN.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1679tf

WANTED.

A Girl about 16 years of age, as servant in a small family. Apply, A.B., TIMES Office

Ottawa, May 29, 1871 1678tf

PAIN KILLER

Wife to Husband—(Rubbing the PAIN-KILLER on his Rheumatic shoulder briskly.) Its a great pity such a good medicine as Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER is not more extensively used, just see what a world of good it has done even since we have had it. George don't have the toothache any more, it has saved Fredy a severe attack of Fever, it has cured me of Dyspepsia and I know it will relieve you of Rheumatism.

Husband:—You are right, Mary, the PAIN-KILLER see as to fire up the cold corners of my shoulder and puts new life into it, it certainly does act instantaneously, I do think, my dear, I am cured already (meditatingly) well, well, all I have heard said of it is true, my shoulder is free from pain the first time for these two months.

Wife:—Its strange, we never have been induced to try it before, I should have thought you would have been often advised to try it.

Husband:—I have had the PAIN-KILLER recommended many times, but between the Doctor and Druggists they have always succeeded in keeping me from using it by suggesting other trash that has done me no good.

Wife:—People seem to enjoy paying the Doctor five or ten Dollars every now and then to experiment on them, when a twenty five cent bottle of PAIN-KILLER would give them far more relief, and then the Druggists are so obliging it is very hard to say "I want Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER and nothing else will do," and thus refuse to buy their trash.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have again the pleasure of introducing to the *Gentlemen of Ottawa*, this Department, which, in connection with their understood business, they have maintained with a steady increase and unequalled success.

The facilities possessed by M. & R. in their semi-annual presence in the

LONDON, LEEDS,

—AND—

MANCHESTER MARKETS,

Affording opportunities of an early choice and selection, rendered almost indispensable by the present fluctuating changes in fashion.

They would desire to place in prominence, only a few of the choice assortment of which their stock is composed, but would specially notice the every day want of

TWEED SUITS,

And take the liberty of recommending the now

JUSTLY CELEBRATED

BANNOCKBURN TWEEDS,
CHEVIOT "
"The LORNE" "
CANADIAN "
Mixed SCOTCH & ENGLISH TWEEDS,

Appropriate alike for the Tourist, or Business Man, and suitable for all weathers

MAGEE & RUSSELL would solicit the favour of an early examination of the most fashionable Striped Goods procured specially for their

TROUSERS.

For which Garment they take special credit to themselves, and invite attention to the fact.

The existing style of close fitting Trousers, assuming a more elegant appearance by this innovation in the article, from which they are at present made, are in high demand, and amongst their stock will be found

THE STRIPED

ANGOLA TWEED,
DIAGONAL do,
Mixed CHEVIOT do,

and that unexcelled article for quietness of style, and neatness in aspect, the small

SHEPPARD CHECK.

They have constantly on hand the usual stock of

Superior West of England Broad Cloths,
Black Does,
Oxford do.,
Fancy do.,
Heather Mixtures,
Melton Cloths,
Figured Coatings,
Silk Mixed do.,
Summer Vestings,
&c., &c., &c.

The Department, at present under able control, has gained for itself the reputation of combining adherance to the latest London and New York Fashions, with that moderate departure from which will suit the taste of the most fastidious.

In returning thanks to the Gentlemen of Ottawa and surrounding districts, for their former favours, they respectfully request an early call, fully assured that decided satisfaction will be the result, and a continued patronage.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871

FOR SALE.

VERY CHEAP,

—AT THE—

DOMINION AUCTION ROOMS,

16 RIDEAU STREET,

A Set of First-Class

GROCERY FIXTURES, (COUNTER, SHELVES, DRAWERS, &c.)

ALSO:

A large quantity of Tea and other Groceries and Liquors.

A Hhd. of Molasses to be sold cheap (very low).

A large consignment of Books, Stationery, Jewellery, Clothing, Boots, &c

Regular Auction Sales weekly.

Consignments received and prompt returns made.

Real Estate Sales promptly attended to.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871 1 54tf

AUCTION SALES

BY A. GAGNIER.

AT DOMINION AUCTION ROOMS.

The subscriber begs to inform the public of Ottawa, that he has opened an Auction Room at No, 16 Rideau street, and is prepared to undertake the Sale of Furniture and Household effects, at the residences of owners. Semi-Weekly sales of Furniture and General Merchandise, at 16 Rideau street, every TUESDAY and SATURDAY, at 8 o'clock p.m.

The encouragement of the Public is respectfully solicited.

A. GAGNIER, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 22, 1871 1464

CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS ACT OF 1871.

ELECTION PETITION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

Take notice that the above Petition will be tried at the COURT HOUSE, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the Sixteenth day of JUNE, A.D. 1871, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, and on such other subsequent days as may be needful. The said City of Ottawa having been appointed by the Court of Queen's Bench, for the place of trial of the said Election Petition, by rule of the said Court.

Dated the 27th day of May, A.D. 1871.

By order,
ROBERT G. DALTON.
Clerk of the Crown of the Court of Queen's Bench

May 30, 1871 1679tf

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces.
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell at Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for Supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY,

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..	$5 00	
20lbs. " " " ..	9 00	
10lbs month	1 50	
20lbs " "	2 50	

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance ☜

All orders left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice supplied by the ton or cwt.

Ottawa, April 8th

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessey's Brandy
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Burgundy Ports,
Domecq's and Greek Sherry,
Clarets,
Lantirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liquours, &c.
Bass', Guinness's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.

Liberal terms.

☞ Inspection invited.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX-ST.,

IMPORTER, WHOLESALE AND

RETAIL DEALER

IN FOREIGN

AND

DOMESTIC FRUITS.

Has just received, and offers at prices to

Defy Competition.

ORANGES,

LEMONS,

APPLES,

CRANBERRIES,

COCOANUTS

And all Fruits in Season.

TO ARRIVE.

A Large Stock of the Celebrated

SUGAR LOAF AND STRAWBERRY

Pine Apples

☞ REMEMBER THE PLACE,

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

OPPOSITE PROBYN'S CONFECTIONARY

March 31, 1871 1629

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 36 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—

The best old Brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

GIN—

J. DeKuypers' & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London House," to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Would beg to call the attention of the public to

NEW GOODS,

NOW

(DAILY ARRIVING),

COMPRISING:

100 Pieces New Light Prints,

Fast Colors, and latest designs, at 12½c. per yard, splendid value.

—ALSO—

a large additional Stock of LOW

DRESS GOODS,

in Shades suitable for the Season.

A Good Cloth, light colors, 15c. per yard.
An Extra, Wide Width, 20cts and 25cts.

—AND—

A large assortment of

NEW HATS.

In latest and most Fashionable Styles.

Every Department fully Assorted.

☞ Call and examine our large and elegant Stock of Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, and Mantles, before purchasing elsewhere.

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN

SUCCESSORS TO

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871.

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1 50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street.

Ottawa, May 1871 1624d

The Tea Pot,

RIDEAU STREET.

Try John HILL'S Teas and Coffees.

That they are of a most superior kind.
The various samples, when you fairly test,
You'll find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who each day procure
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

Try John HILL'S Teas and Coffees, and you'll find

That they are of a most superior kind.
The various samples, when you fairly test,
You'll find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who each day procure
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

The following TEAS and COFFEES have been received within the last few days, and as they are FRESH and (NEW SEASON) can be recommended, the flavor being equal to any Teas ever imported into Canada:

FINEST JAPAN TEA (The very best that can be produced)
EXCELLENT KAISOW CONGOU TEA (Something extra),
CHOICE YOUNG HYSON TEA,
VERY SUPERIOR BLACK TEA (True Souchong) in Catties of 10 lbs each,
VERY FINEST GUNPOWDER TEA (Something extra),
EXTRA SCENTED ORANGE PEKOE.

PURE JAPAN TEA, 60 cts. per lb., or 5 lbs. of the same article for $2.75.

GOOD SOUND TWANKAY TEA, 5 lbs. for $2.00.

☞ *The Finest Flavored Coffee to be obtained in this country, consisting of Pure Mountain Berry, Mocha, Java, Old Government Java and Plantation.*☜

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE.

FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will surprise those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.

The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.

From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves.

Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:

Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871. 1668tf

PORTER'S BLOCK.

34, SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

In their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good election,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

☞ Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,
NEW CARPETS
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS
Departments

THE SALVAGE GOODS,

Amounting to Over $7,500,

SAVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared out at prices which will be sure to command sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low price goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34 SPARKS STREET

Ottawa, March 30, 1871 1628y

JUST RECEIVED,

—AT—

HAUSER'S!

RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,

That splendid new Magazine,

THE WEDDING BELLS.

—ALSO—

BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL

FOR MARCH AND APRIL.

Ottawa, April 19, 1871

TO

Horse Breeders.

AT the request of a number of gentlemen who have FINE MARES to Breed from,

Mr. Cotton

has placed

"YOUNG LAPIDIST"

AT THE

Veterinary

Stable of Mr. A. O. F. Coleman,

RIDEAU STREET,

To Serve a Limited Number of Mares (say 30) for the Season.

"LAPIDIST" is 8 years old this spring, and is considered by judges, to be the most valuable horse to breed from, in this section of the country.

His Pedigree can be seen at Mr. COLEMAN'S Office, or with his Groom, DAVID WHYTE.

Ottawa, May 10, 1871.

DOMINION HOUSE,

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 12, 1871. 1665 3m

E. A. CENDREAU;

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,

OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. CENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements to his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR.

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department.

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. CENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables, and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1663 3m

Steamers.

ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*	Captain	Findlay.
" *Emerald*	"	Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*	"	Murphy.
" *Alliance*	"	Blondin.
" *Oregon*	"	Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*	"	
" *Jason Gould*	"	Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*	"	Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*	"	Duggan.
" *Pontiac*	"	D. Mulligan
" *Keppawe*	"	B J Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Captaine.

Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau, every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning —Leaving Chapeau same day at 1 o'clock, p.m.

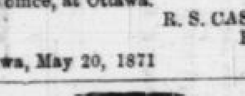
Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2 30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,

CAPT. BOWIE,

PRINCE OF WALES,

CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland.

The Iron Side-Wheel Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

And another Steamer to be purchased.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 23rd May, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Paspediac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 30th May, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 19th May, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 20th May, at 4 o'clock p.m., calling at Father Point, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I., Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 26th May, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 30th May, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Quebec, Thursday, the 18th May, for Charlottetown, P.E.I., Pictou, N. S., and Ports in the Gut of Canso.

She has great capacity for Freight.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

W. MOORE, Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE, Agents, No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

☞ A few good Fowls for sale.

J. HERBERT, N on-st., West near Richmond Road, Ottawa.

April 26, 1871.

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $100 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, *Agent,* Times Office Ottawa.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS,

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause, Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D, F. R. C. P.

"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D. F. R. S.

"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.

EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M R C.S

"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADAY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits an daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c. (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Central Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c. &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER, Galvanic Establishment, 200 Regent Street, London, W

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

THE CASH BONUS SYSTEM

—OF THE—

Life Association of Scotland,

(Class A.) reduces the outlay of the Policy. Holder to 12s. 6d. or 15s. (instead of 20s) per £1 of the usual premiums. Until the time of participation in Bonuses, a portion only of the premiums need be paid, and the Annual payments for Policies are thus as follows:

Age.	£300	£500	£1000
30	$27 37	$45 62	$ 91 25
40	35 69	59 47	118 93
50	51 10	85 17	170 33

In Class B. the Bonuses are accumulated as Additions to the Sums Assured, and are available as a Provision for the Policy-holder himself in old age.

A late Statement in the "TIMES" Newspaper, of the Business of 70 Life Offices, for 12 months showed that out of 69 British offices, Sixty-Five transacted less business than the LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

☞ Intending Assurers should enter Before the 32nd year's Balance on 5th April 1871.

P. WARDLAW, Secretary. Place d'Armes, Montreal

& W T PENNOCK, Agents, Ottawa.

h 17, 1871 1617 3m 3awk

HAGERMAN & ROSE,

PORK PACKERS,

PORT HOPE.

HAMS, BACON, LARD and Barreled PORK, for Sale.

February 2, 1871. 1580 2m.

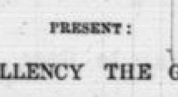
CUSTOM DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, February 4, 1871.

Authorised discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice: 11 per cent.

R S M BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs

Ottawa, February 13, 1871.



GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, and in virtue of the 58th Section of the Act 31st Vic. Cap. 12 intituled "An Act respecting the Public Works of Canada," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that, with a view to remove any doubts that may arise as to true meaning and intent of the order in Council of the 15th day of April last, revising and altering the tolls to be collected on saw logs passing through the Trent River Slides, the first clause of the Tariff thereby established—specifying the tolls to be levied and collected upon saw logs —shall be and the same is hereby cancelled, and that the following shall be substituted for the clause so cancelled, and shall be held to form part of the said order in Council, that is to say:—

On each saw log (whether rafted or in single sticks) for passing through the slides at Healy Falls, one half cent per log, Middle Falls, one-half cent per log, Ramsay Falls, one-quarter cent per log, Chisholm Rapids, one quarter cent per log.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

1671 3

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, ca the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canded Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,

Corner Sussex and York-sts.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer

No. 67 Sussex-st.

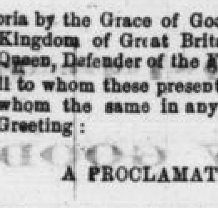
OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m



[L.S.] LISGAR. CANADA.

Victoria by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same in anywise concern.—Greeting:

A PROCLAMATION.

A. CAMPBELL, for the Attorney General, Canada.

Whereas in and by an Act passed by the Parliament of Canada, in the Thirty-second and Thirty-Third years of Our Reign, being Chapter Twenty-four, and intituled: 'An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," it is amongst other things in effect enacted that our Governor in Council may, as often as occasion requires, declare by Proclamation that upon and after a day therein named the said Act shall be in force in any place or places in Canada therein designated within the limits or in the vicinity whereof any Railway, Canal or other Public Work is in progress of construction, or such places as are in the vicinity of any such Canal, or Railway, or other work as aforesaid, within which he deems it necessary that the said Act should be in force; and the said Act shall upon and after the day to be named in any such Proclamation, take effect within the places designated in such Proclamation; and further, that Our Governor in Council may, in like manner from time to time declare the said Act to be no longer in force in any of such place or places, and may again from time to time declare the same to be in force therein.

And whereas, it is expedient that the hereinbefore in part recited Act should be in force, in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described

Now therefore know ye, that we, by and with the advice and consent of our Privy Council for Canada, do hereby declare that upon and after the First day of June next hereafter, "An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," hereinbefore in part recited, shall be in force in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described, that is to say: | Commencing at the point where the route now being opened to the Red River crosses the height of land which separates the waters tributary to Lake Winnepeg, from those flowing into Lake Superior, and running from thence westwardly along the said route to the Eastern boundary line of the Province of Manitoba, to extend to a depth of ten miles on either side of the said route from the height of land to the United States' Boundary Line at Nequaquon Lake, and from thence westward to the Lake of the Woods, to embrace a depth of ten miles on the British side of the Boundary line aforesaid, to cover the whole area of the Lake of the Woods and the Islands therein in so far as they are within British Territory and a depth of ten miles around such portion of its shores as may be within British Territory, and from the North West angle of the Lake of the Woods, to extend ten miles on either side of the line of route until it meets the aforesaid eastern boundary line of the said Province of Manitoba.

Of all of which our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

In testimony whereof, we have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved, the Right Honorable John Baron Lisgar, of Lisgar and Bailieborough, in the County of Cavan, Ireland, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and a Baronet, one of our most Honourable Privy Council, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada, and Governor and Commander in Chief of the Island of Prince Edward. At our Government House, in Our CITY OF OTTAWA, this Fifth day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and in the Thirty-fourth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J C AIKINS, Secretary of State.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871 1671 3

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
...	12.15	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	...	4.20
...	12 15	9·00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	...	4.50
8.20	...	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	9,30	...	7.15
8.20	...	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	9.30	...	7.15
8 20	12.15	9.00	United States, *via* Ogdensburg	9.30	...	4.20
8.20	12.15	...	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	9.30	...	4.20
...	12.15	...	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.30	...	...
8.20	...	...	Osgoode, Russell, &c	...	...	4.20
9.20	...	3.20	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	...	3.00
9.20	...	...	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	...	11 40	7.30
10.30 7 00	...	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	8.00	11.00	...
6.15	...	...	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	...	...	7.30
10.00	...	...	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	...	...
6.00	...	...	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	...	...	6 00
11.50	...	...	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	...	...

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11 30 A.M.

A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12 A M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P M

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, May 1, 1871.

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa

The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,

Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,

THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,

R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,

Dr GRANT, M P,

E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,

H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,

The Hon G W ALLAN

The Hon D L MACPHERSON,

The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P

JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,

ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,

F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P

J G WORTS, Esq,

B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,

W H HOWLAND, Esq,

G P RIDOUT, Esq.,

JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,

THOMAS DICK, Esq,

FRANK SHANLY, Esq,

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago,)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Now last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Busines.

Claims Paid for Assurances	£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid.	2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of	6,570,000.00
Annual Income	1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions* of *Policies.*

The *Non-forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

☞ Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW, Secretary, Place de Armes, Montreal

J.& W. T. Pennock, Agents, Ottawa.

March 13, 1871 163a

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND LIFE

Continues to take risks on every description of property—including Wooden House —at similar rates with other first-class Companies.

LIFE

An inspection of its late Tables is invited.

T M CLARK, Agent, Elgin-st., near Sparks.

Ottawa, April 12, 1871 1638 1

THE METROPOLITAN

Building and Savings Society

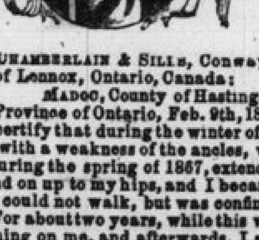
MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to

JAMES COX, Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa 13th December, 1870. 1540t1371



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869:

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden County of Hastings Province of Ontario, D Canada.

THE EAGLE STEAM BAKERY,

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your orders are solicited

AND WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO BY

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c, &c Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

G SOMERVILLE, Travelling Agent.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month,

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1604

Medical.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL, DENTISTS LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d,

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s.

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

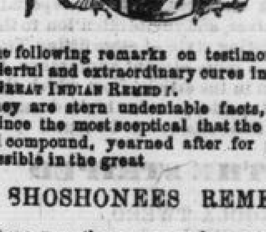
MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Agents for Ottawa,

May 1 1871

SHOSNEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecoy, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public —it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont. Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

FARMERS

Wanting any kind of Agricultural Implements or Machinery, can be supplied, by calling at the Agent's Office,

MARKET SQUARE, OTTAWA.

WM. ABBOTT, Agent

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.

W McKAY WRIGHT. 12 F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 45utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 355tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort;

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

F. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The Proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740:

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accounts accurately prepared, Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1593 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.

Montreal, Mar h 871 2 3m

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

☞ TEAS AND WINES, ☜

8 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

Railroads.

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway,

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

Commencing 1st MAY, Trains will Run as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Steamb't Express	No.4. Mail.	No 6 Mail.	No. Express
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Ottawa Depart	7.30	9 00	1 00	10.30
Prescott Junct'n	9.30	12 15	3 25	12.50
Prescott Wharf Arrive	9.40	12.25	3 35	1.00

NOTE.—No. 2 connects at Prescott with Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, with the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain Railway, for St. Albans, Burlington, New-York, &c., and with the Rome and Watertown Railway for Albany, New York &c.

No. 4, 6, and 8 connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Train east and west.

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	No.1. Express	No. 3. Mail.	No. 5. Express.	No. 7* Accommodation
	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.
Prescott Wharf Depart	1.15	6.00	4.20	1.50
Prescott Junct'n	1 4	6.15	4.30	2 10
Ottawa Arrive	3. 40	8 30	7.00	6.20

NOTE.—*No. 7 will run every night Saturday nights excepted, Passengers will find on Nos. 7 and 8 a comfortable car, fitted with sofa sleeping berths, available only to passengers holding first-class through tickets. Additional charge 50 cents.

Trains will run by Montreal Time.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments, and

Connection with Grand Trunk Trains and Royal Mail Steamers East and West Certain, as this Company's Trains wait their arrival.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL, Superintendent, Prescott.

May 1, 1871

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after MONDAY, MAY 15th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1,30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 9.20 a.m., and 5 30 p m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 3.40 p.m., connect with the Grand Trunk Day Express from the West and arriving at Ottawa at 7.10 p. m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a m arriving at Brockville at 1.50 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 7.50 p m

EXPRESS at 4 p m, arriving at Brockville Trains for the East.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 9.40 p m, and connecting with the Grand Trunk At 1,30, 3,15, 7,25 and 11,00 p m,

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

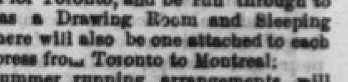
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a m, after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk. Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H ABBOTT, Manager.

Brockville, May 12, 1871



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND

☞ FLOWER SEEDS. ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,

(Late Alex. Christie.)

Druggists,

40, Sparks-st

Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel. Strict attention to business. Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.

J. A. GEMMILL, Solicitor &c. Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.

Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1871

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 35 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1681. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JUNE 2, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR.

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

☞All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Canada," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deal Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Meta Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Tabl Nails, Bolts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. &c. together with

PAINT OIL ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kiana, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, No 18, 1870

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.

Possession given 20th May.

Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere, near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET.

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)

Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.

Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY

For particulars, apply to
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 36 Rideau street.

Ottawa, Feb, 16, 1871

TO LET.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land attached, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road.

Also the shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.

For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,

Ottawa, Feb. 16, 1871 592tf

WANTED TO RENT.

A Comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, on the west end. Neighborhood of Richmond Road preferred. Rent not to exceed $300 per annum, including taxes. Address D., post paid, Ottawa. Possession required by 15th June.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1679 3

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal.

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE.

CUSTOM'S DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 19th May, 1871.

Referring to the notice of 5th inst., of articles transferred by Order in Council, to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, it is decided that the term "Annatto" therein mentioned means "Annatto" in either a liquid or a solid conditon.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa, May 27, 1871 1678 3

READING, ELOCUTION,
WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st., Ottawa.

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 13, 1871 1669tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,

The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises

STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.

And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.

Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,

Next Door to F. McDougall & Co.

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colour Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,

To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.

☞*There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.*☜

The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

—TO—

N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, April 28, 1871 1652 3m

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE,

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,

Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 *RIDEAU STREET.*

☞OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you. 1634 3m

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion.

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz.: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the adjoining County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: In the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in its large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly, our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH

Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

G. A. SHELDON,

HATTER AND FURRIER,

Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive

HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT

In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.

G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.

A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1665 3m

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE.

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull,	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nuns St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1657 3m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

SELLING

OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES

OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
WINE MERCHANT,
Elgin Street,

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

Dufresne & McGarity,

—SUCCESSORS—

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.

Sussex Street, OTTAWA.

221 Notre Dame St. MONTREAL.

The Undersigned have much pleasure in stating to their Customers and the Trade in general, that they have disposed of the RETAIL BUSINESS *which they heretofore carried on in connection with their Wholesale Trade; and it is now their intention to devote themselves exclusively to the*

Wholesale Grocery, Wine and Provision Business.

To enable them to do so efficiently, they have secured the premises next door to their present stand, (formerly occupied by Messrs. England & Draper, as a Dry Goods Store,) and connected the two buildings by an arch,—now making ONE OF THE FINEST WHOLESALE HOUSES IN THE PROVINCE.

They have secured Agencies for several of the first WINE HOUSES *in Europe; and are also Agents for* Messrs. GOODERHAM & WORTS, *Distillers of Toronto,—and they can safely say that Messrs. G. & W. make the finest Spirits in the Dominion.*

The trade supplied with all of the undermentioned ALES, either in Wood or Bottle, at Brewers prices.

Dow & Co's, Montreal, Pale and Mild Ales and Porter,
Cosgrove's, Toronto, " " "
Labatt's, Prescott, " " "
Dawes', Lachine, " " "

GUINNESS STOUT and ENGLISH ALES always on hand and in fine condition.

There is now on the way out from China and Japan, 2,000 Chests of Fresh Teas, *which, with all other Goods, will be sold at* MONTREAL PRICES.

Goods will be delivered at Steamboat and Railway Stations free of charge. All empty packages charged in accounts will be taken back and allowed for, and those preferring to have their Goods shipped from the Montreal House, can have that privilege by leaving their orders at the office here.

The OTTAWA ESTABLISHMENT will be under the special management of MR. MCGARITY, *who will give his exclusive attention to the wants of his customers.*

Thanking you for the liberal patronage with which we have been so kindly favored, and soliciting an early call.

We remain, yours truly,

Dufresne & McGarity,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
"The TeaPot,"
SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, April 19, 1871 1645 2m

MESSRS.

MITCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,110 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

IMMENSE SALE.

RETIRING FROM THE

DRY GOODS TRADE.

$30,000 Worth of Dry Goods

To be sold at half the usual prices, at

CUNNINGHAN & LINDSAY'S,

14 RIDEAU STREET.

As they are going out of Business.

The Stock consists of a general and splendid assortment of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS.

This Sale is peremptory and without reserve, and purchasers would consult their interest, by purchasing before the Stock is broken up.

☞Come and see for yourselves the great Bargains.

ALL SALES FOR CASH ONLY.

Sale commences WEDNESDAY, April 5 at 9 a.m.

☞Remember the Place

14 RIDEAU STREET,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, April 4, 1871 1632tf

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

☞OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 78259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given, which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1675tf

DIRECT FROM ENGLAND!

Just opened out a beautiful assortment of CARVED WOOD

BREAD PLATTERS!
BUTTER do., with glass dish!
SALT CELLARS do do!
EGG TRAYS, do cups
FRUIT STANDS do dishes
BREAD KNIVES
BREAKFAST TRAYS!

The above are low in price, and elegant and useful adornments for the Table, also

FISHING RODS,
TROLLING SPOONS,
FLIES, GIMP,
HOOKS,
BOOKS, &c., &c., &c

We have just been appointed Agents for the ATLANTIC and PACIFIC SHIP PUMPS,

BROKENSHIRES PATENT.

These Pumps are now almost exclusively used on the Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence, and are adapted for Lumber Barges or the Ocean Steamship. Orders received.

New Stock Cooking Stoves, latest improvement, just arrived, at

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET,
OTTAWA.

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, April 29, 1871

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery &c., &c

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

MORTGAGE SALE

OF

REAL ESTATE.

Public notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a Mortgage Deed made by STEPHEN SWITZER, of the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, Yeoman, party of the first part, to HENRY HODGE HORSEY, of the City of Kingston, in the said Province, Esquire, party of the second part, there will be offered for sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Law Office of WALKER & PENNOCK, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the THIRTIETH day of MAY, instant, A.D. 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, (unless the monies due thereon and all expenses be sooner paid) the undermentioned property to wit: the North Half of Lot Number Twenty-four, in the First Concession, New Survey, of the Township of Cumberland in the County of Russell, in the said Province of Ontario, the said half lot containing One Hundred Acres, be the same more or less.

TERMS CASH.

All Searches, Abstracts of Title, Conveyances, &c., to be at the expense of the purchaser.

The Vendor will covenant against his own acts only.

Further particulars can be obtained from the undersigned at their Law Office.

WALKER & PENNOCK,
Solicitors for H. H. Horsey.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871. 1666s32wtd

LANDS FOR THE LANDLESS

HOMES FOR THE HOMELESS

ONLY $1.25 PER ACRE

FOR ACTUAL SETTLERS,

Take the Cars of the

LEAVENWORTH,
LAWRENCE and
GALVESTON R. R. LINE,

from LAWRENCE and KANSAS CITY is to the celebrated Osage Country "The Garden Spot of Kansas"

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

Tailors & Gentlemen's Out-fitters

to

P. O'MEARA'S Restaurant,

RIDEAU STREET.

Messrs. P. & R. invite especial attention to their choice and select assortment of

Broadcloths

Doeskins,
English
Scotch, and
Canadian
Tweeds.

Next to P. O'MEARA, Rideau-St.

N. B.—Workmanship and fit guaranteed.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

Ottawa April 18, 1871 1612tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons,
Dress Goods
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under-krts.
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞Call and examine before giving your orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER VI.

(Continued.)

Thinking of that confined, low room in the after-time, he could not help marvelling how so small a space was capable of containing so much misery through the night. He felt that out in the woods, or on the mountain-side he could have borne it better; than the thunder and lightning, the dash of the rain, and the swirl of the tempest had been preferable to the utter silence of his apartment, where there was no noise, not the faintest sound to drown the mad cry of his own heart at the cruel trouble which had come upon it.

In the presence of such a grief language must stand mute. There is no form of words capable of even faintly describing the hell of thought into which he that night descended.

Around him all was darkness—a mental, actual, and spiritual darkness that might be felt, while within, the flames of imagination burnt all the fiercer, because of that very hopeless, surrounding darkness.

With their fiery tongues they seemed to lick up the blood in his veins; they made clear every event in the night's tragedy; they kept hissing every word which had been spoken, and constantly revealing it lying by the road-side, with the rain welling up against it, making pools around on the wet soft turf.

And then, as he had before marvelled, when, his sudden panic over, he retraced his steps, he began to wonder again whether it would be there when morning broke; whether, when the gray light dawned, that ghastly face would still be upturned to meet the coming day; whether it would be found before sunrise; and supposing it were not, who would then find it, and where they would take it; and whether he should ever have in memory, to look upon it more.

And so at length, worn out, he fell into a sleep so deep that no thought of his trouble could follow him; and when he awoke it was with a start to find the night past the rain over, the sun shining, and a new day begun.

As a man who, one morning, rises to gaze over fruit-laden vineyards and smiling plains, and the next looks forth to note where the hot lava has made all which was beautiful, desolate—even so Andrew Hardell surveyed, in that first moment of consciousness, the ruins of his life's edifice.

Gone were the stately palaces, the smiling homesteads, the soft, green pastures, and the clear waters; gone the hopes, the aspirations, the dreams, the desires of his former existence, and nothing remained but a darkened past and a gloomy future.

Already—when all chance of a full and free confession was over—he was beginning to understand that there is more good in temporal punishment than most people are willing to allow; that the crime undetected may be harder to endure than the crime for which a full penalty has been paid; that there is something in making a "clean breast" of even an accidental offence; that there may be a peace and calm in knowing the worst, which successful eluding of consequences never achieves.

To the best of his believe there was not a title of evidence which could possibly connect him with Kenneth Challerson's death, and yet already he felt he would have given all he possessed, or was ever likely to possess, to be able to retrace his first false step, and boldly face the matter out.

But there was no help for the error now—as he had chosen he must abide. After all, it was better not to court an inquiry which might terminate no one could tell how. It could not bring Kenneth Challerson back to life, and it would ruin his own prospects.

There was not a circumstance which could point him out as guilty—not one; and even as he came to his decision he sat down in his chair faint and sick—dizzy and confused for the moment, as though some one had whispered in his ear, "Thou art the man!"

He had left certain, no sign nor token behind in the dead man's keeping—no mute testimony which those clenched fingers should deliver up in evidence against him.

Had he not truly? If this were so, what did that button missing from his coat, with a piece of cloth torn also away, mean?

Meant it only meant this, and he knew it; that there was a button and a jagged morsel of tweed in the possession either of the corpse or of those who had found the body; and that there, in the coat he had flung unthinkingly off the previous night, was the rent which that bit of cloth would fit, and a button missing, which that button, pulled off by Kenneth Challerson as he fell, would replace.

For a moment the room swam around before him, and then his head steadied. Previously he had not guessed the depth of the peril of the water across which he had elected to pass to safety; but now that he did understand his danger, every thing in the man's character likely to be of use to him at such an extremity rose up to do battle against the danger he beheld approaching.

True, there was just a possibility that the bit of evidence *might* have slipped from the dead man's fingers as he fell; that they *might* have loosened for an instant before the death struggled; and that the button *might* have dropped on the grass, where it *might* have been beaten into the earth by the heavy rains, and *might* thus elude detection.

Once the body was lifted, Andrew knew it would be very difficult for any one to say for certain the precise spot where it had lain; and if by chance the button were not in Kenneth Challerson's hand, it was then a hundred to one if any subsequent searching discovered it; or supposing even that it were discovered, the clue would be uncertain and remote to lead to any very definite conclusion.

Almost as I have written them, these thoughts passed through Andrew Hardell's mind, and he seized as the faint comfort they continued eagerly; but a moment's reflection sufficed to show him how utterly futile such comfort was.

As he recalled the grasp his opponent had laid upon him ere he fell, the clutch with which the dying man seized convulsively (as he now knew) the first object his fingers touched, he felt no shadow of doubt but that clenched in his right hand lay the damning bit of evidence that, if once brought home, would put the rope round his, Andrew Hardell's, neck.

Instinctively he raised his hand to his throat, for as this thought occurred to him he felt as if he were choking. For the moment he seemed hemmed in, but it was only for the moment; next moment he recollected Anthony Hardell's suit of clothes lying snugly in his knapsack, and quickly as his eager haste would let him, he flung off his own garments, and dressed in the others. Then he stuffed his discarded habiliments into the knapsack, and stepped out with it in his hand into the parlor adjoining his bedroom.

Upon no *might*, upon no *if*, would he risk his safety now. He knew just what he had to do—and that was to get rid of his clothes; and, till he was rid of them, never to let the knapsack out of his sight.

His agony of despair was over; he had spent himself during the night in wrestling with his misery, and he could feel nothing now, excepting a dead, dull pain, and a determination to keep himself free from all suspicion capable of confirmation.

He looked out at the bright sunshine through windows that still contain the same glass—for other dates than the year in which this story opens are traced on the small panes; he beheld the trees still dripping after the night's rain; he saw Criffel, purple clad straight before him; he noticed the villagers coming and going, stopping to talk and comparing notes concerning the storm; and all the time he was thinking of where he could hide his burden—of the best way in which to dispose of this evidence against him.

Breakfast came up brought by the buxom damsel afore-mentioned, and he had to eat, lest his lack of appetite should excite suspicion, though every morsel he swallowed seemed to choke him.

The landlady came, and asked if he were going to stay over the day with them and he fancied she looked strangely at him when he replied he was on his way back to England, and meant to walk around the coast to Kirkcudbright.

A few minutes later when he was descending the stairs on his way out, a cart drew up to the door, the driver of which brought apparently strange tidings, for soon the whole establishment—landlord and landlady, servant and stable-boy—were out in the morning sunshine, gathered open-mouthed round the man, listening to what he had to say.

Andrew Hardell stepped aside into the kitchen, to take his breath before going out to hear the news which he already knew too well.

It was quite deserted; and as he stood alone in the doorway, his eye fell again upon the clock; when it did so, he remembered the remark he had made on the previous night about its being too fast.

Not a second did it take him to open the glass front, and twirl round the hands till they pointed to a quarter to nine, instead of a quarter past eight. He had his senses about him now, and he was not going to neglect any chance of escape, no matter how remote such chance might seem.

Then still unnoticed, he stepped out into the passage, and, passing through the inner door, joined the group round the cart.

"Eh, sir! such a dreadful thing!" exclaimed the landlady, when her eye rested upon him; "a gentleman found dead on the road-side this morn, just at sunrising!"

"Killed by the lightning?" inquired Mr. Hardell.

"Na! na!" answered the individual who had brought the news, and round whom the whole population of the village was rapidly collecting; "it was no' the will of God, but the wickedness of man laid him low! Robbed and slain—and they do say not a drap o' bluid to be seen!"

"Robbed and slain!" repeated Andrew Hardell, in a tone which elicited something like a rebuke from the narrator.

"It may well try ye to conceive o'such a thing being done; but it has been done; for I met them that saw him, and they say his pockets were turned inside out, and that there was not a sign of a hurt about him.

"It must have been the lightning, then," repeated Andrew; "it is nonsense to talk of a man being murdered in a quiet neighborhood like this."

"But the lightning wad na take his siller or his watch!" said the landlord, sententiously.

"Somebody might have robbed him afterwards," persisted Mr. Hardell.

"Hoot! wha would theive frae a dead man but his murderer?" retorted the newsbearer.

"They do say the very studs in his shirt were taken away," added the landlady.

"Who was he?" asked Andrew Hardell.

"A Southerner, like yersel'," replied the man, evidently implying that this circumstance was not at all to the advantage either to the individual murdered or of the person he addressed. "They tell me he has been staying at a place wi' freens away beyond Dumfries."

"People 'll be feared to walk along the roads!" remarked an old woman, who had come hobbing down from the Abbey to hear the knews.

"There's no call for you to be feared Nannie," answered the messenger of ill tidings; "no one 'll meddle with you, I'm thinking!" which speech raised a laugh—for all the clothes Nannie stood up in would not have paid a thief for the trouble of stopping her, added to which her beauty was not so remarkable as that of Moore's heroine.

"Like the rest, Andrew Hardell laughed too. Often in the after-time, he wondered what made him do so; and how, in that hour of mortal trouble and bitter anxiety, it was possible for any absurdity to tickle his fancy. Spite of himself, however, he laughed heartily; and the fact was remembered, not to his disadvantage, subsequently.

Very soon the clock struck nine, and, hearing it, the landlady bustled back into the house, exclaiming she had been standing out there idling for near an hour.

This was the signal for the remainder of the group gradually to disperse; and when the last of the stragglers had departed, and the driver of the cart, after partaking of a dram, whipped up his horse and disappeared from view, Andrew Hardell paid his score, fed the handmaiden, bade "Good-bye" to his host and hostess, and, knapsack on back, started off, ostensibly to climb Criffel, and walk round the shore to Kirkcudbright, but really to find a place where he might hide away forever the testimony against him, which he was even then carrying from New Abbey.

SALMON FISHERIES.

(From the Belleville Intelligencer.)

Yesterday, the 25th instant, S. S. Wilmot, Esq., in charge of the Government Fishery works at Newcastle, accompanied by K. Graham, M. P. P., and the Fishery Overseer of this Division, Chas. Wilkins, Esq., deposited 4,000 salmon at Sager's Mill, Rawdon Creek, 2,500 in Cole Creek, Frankford, and about 3,500 in the River Trent at different points between Gordon's mill and Chisholm's Rapids. The salmon presented a very healthy appearance, only two out of the whole 10,000 having died on the route from Newcastle to Trent, and varied in length from an inch to an inch and a half.

It is the intention of Mr. Wilmot to deposit from 10,000 to 12,000 salmon each in the Moira and Salmon Rivers within a week or two. Some of the salmon will be deposited in Stoco Lake. The experiment of breeding salmon under Mr. Wilmot's supervision has hitherto been attended with remarkable success. A large portion of the rivers have already been stocked, and during the present week the number of salmon deposited in various creeks and rivers have averaged about 10,000 per day. In view of the attempts made to stock the rivers in this county with salmon, it is to be hoped the efforts of the Fishery Overseer of this Division to keep the rivers clear of saw-dust will receive the hearty support and encouragement of not only the mill owners, but of the people generally. If the wise regulations established by the Fishery Department are strictly carried into effect, it will only be three or four years before all our inland rivers and creeks will be thoroughly stocked with this delicious fish.

☞After war pestilence and intemperance—colds lead to the greatest destruction of human life, mainly, because it is considered by many to be of no consequence and hence systematically neglected until a simple, curable disease, is converted into a fatal pulmonary one. Everyone troubled with what is called a slight cold or cough, should immediately use Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—they allay irritation at once, and exert a most beneficial influence on all the Bronchial and Pulmonary organs. Sold by all Druggists and Country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box.

Just received a case of Ladies Hats in latest and most fashionable style at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

Derlin's Hats that R Hats.

NOW PUBLISHED.

DOMINION

PARLIAMENTARY DEBATES

FOR

1870.

For Sale at the Office of the TIMES PRINTING and PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

PAPER HANGINGS.

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Disposal of Stock in Trade—Cunningham & Lindsay.

Wanted Immediately—C. P. Dorion.

Light House Service—P. Mitchell.

Requisition—Charles Leduc.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, JUNE 2, 1871.

For interesting reading matter, see first page.

Mr. Speaker Cockburn is in town.

Sir G. Cartier left for Montreal yesterday.

Lady Lisgar, with Miss Dalton and F. Turville, Esqr., will leave to-morrow *en route* for England.

The members of the first engineering party for the Pacific Railway survey are now all here, and are rapidly organizing for a start.

Advices from Gaspe under date the 29th ult., state that on the 27th, the place was visited by a fearful North East snow storm. The month of May was almost as cold as December. How nice it must be down there?

Honble. Mr. Aikins leaves this morning to join Honble. Mr. Howe at the Lake of the Two Mountains, where the two Ministers will be met by the Chiefs of the Indians settled in that vicinity. The object of their visit is to arrange the settlement of certain vexed questions which have for some time past proved a source of trouble and annoyance to the Two Mountain Indians. Messrs. Aikins and Howe will probably return on Saturday.

At this season of the year it is a matter of considerable importance, that safe and suitable accommodation for bathing purposes should be within the reach of all. Everyone has not time to go any distance from the city in order to indulge in this pleasant and invigorating recreation, and in order to prevent people from bathing in exposed places, or in places which are unsafe, the only effectual remedy that we can see is, the establishment of a good bathing house, in some convenient locality. We think this is a matter which deserves attention, and hope to see some action taken in the matter.

The Queen's Birthday this year was remarkable for two noteworthy and significant events. On that day the Senate of the United States ratified the Treaty of Washington, the ultimate effect of which will, it is hoped, be to secure a permanent peace between the two nations; and the members of the Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association then sitting at Washington, hearing that it was the Queen's Birthday rose as one man and sang "God save the Queen." There is no doubt that a far more friendly feeling exists between Great Britain and America than has existed since the close of the late war. Those who have lately visited the States and had a good opportunity of forming an opinion on the subject, declare that such is the case.

The Belleville *Intelligencer*, which does not approve of the treaty of Washington, referring to various regulations respecting the treaty which have appeared in the newspapers, asks: 'What is to be done with the Fisheries in the meantime? Are Americans to be kept beyond the three-mile limits, or are they to be allowed to fish in our waters until the treaty shall have been ratified? It would be well for the Ottawa Times to give us some light upon these points.'

Some days since we informed the public that the vessels of the Dominion Marine Police had already left for the fisheries, and that the orders furnished to their officers and men were similar to those of last year. Yesterday we gave some particulars relative to the Imperial cruisers detailed for this work.

We are not surprised to find the Toronto *Globe* lavishing a large amount of abuse on the head of the Hon. Sandfield Macdonald. It would be strange, indeed, under the circumstances, if it did not, and it must be admitted there is some excuse for a slight display of temper. The Premier for Ontario was for several weeks suffering from a severe illness which many persons, even among his friends, feared would be mortal; at all events few imagined that he would be so completely restored to health, as he has been, while many of his opponents, the *Globe* among others, thought that he was entirely "used up" politically. Now they suddenly find the irrepressible Premier once again before the public, and as full of fight as ever! How could he dare deceive our contemporary in this manner, and beguile him into confining himself within the limits of decent journalism, so far as Mr. Macdonald was concerned, for the space of over six weeks? It is not the first time our contemporary has been betrayed in the same manner, so we can scarcely wonder at his being enraged. However, let him try and make up for lost time. Let every opprobrious epithet that can be found in the dictionary be hurled at the Premier. An immense amount of abuse can be crowded into a column, and during this warm weather he will, doubtless, find it especially pleasant to be able to give vent to his spleen. A regular course of attack from the *Globe* is all that is needed to ensure Mr. Sandfield Macdonald's complete recovery. It will do more good than harm in all respects, and will be a relief to our contemporary's mind.

MR. BROWN AND THE ROMAN CATHOLICS OF ONTARIO.

The Toronto *Telegraph* publishes the Hon. George Brown's address to the Roman Catholics of Ontario. It is a lengthy document, bearing date March 9, 1871, and contains directions as to the manner in which the Catholics should vote, entreating them to forget the past, and join hands in fraternal greeting with the man who hither to was in the habit of speaking of them as "Roman Catholic ruffians," "minions of the Pope," &c. This address was intended for private circulation only, and we do not imagine that Mr. Brown will feel particularly grateful to our enterprising contemporary, the *Telegraph*, for having brought it to light. It certainly affords unmistakeable proof of Mr. Brown's utter insincerity, and readiness to be all things to all men for the sake of gratifying his personal or political ambition. For years past, and never with more nauseating frequency than within the last few months, we have been told by him that not only Sir George Cartier, but Sir John Macdonald also, were entirely under the control of the Catholic priesthood, yet in the course of his address to the Catholics of Ontario, he complains that not enough of "the enormous patronage of the Crown" has fallen into Catholic hands. Whatever may be the facts as to this, one thing is certain, viz., that Mr. Brown's two statements, one to the effect that the Premier was entirely under Catholic control, and the other complaining that he had not done enough for Catholics, do not, by any means, agree. He must have known one or the other to be false, because if the Catholic priesthood "ruled the country," it is scarcely likely that a man who has for years been abusing every one who professed the Roman Catholic creed, would have found it necessary to espouse their cause.

But it certainly is amusing to see Mr. Brown come out as the political adviser of those whom he has for years treated with every kind of indignity, to hear him asking them, as he does, to "forget for a few minutes whose name is attached to this paper, and read calmly what is written." He may well ask them to ignore the authorship and forget the author's name, but, in so asking, he asks too much. Does he suppose that the Roman Catholics of Ontario have forgotten, or can forget, the manner in which their creed and everything connected with it has been abused by Mr. Brown and his organ? Does he imagine that they, knowing his past history, can place any confidence in a man who now, because he finds no other support, turns in despair to them and seeks to cajole them by subtle words and specious arguments? If he does so suppose, we fancy that he is doomed to be grievously disappointed. Mr. Brown falls into the same error with reference to the Roman Catholics of Ontario, that he frequently has done before regarding the whole body of the electors. He over-estimates his own power of persuasive oratory, and underrates the sound common sense and shrewdness of those whom he seeks to cajole.

Mr. Brown's attempt to bribe the Catholic party of Ontario is not likely to be successful. Whether they have or have not received that amount of Crown patronage to which their numbers and respectability so well entitle them, is not the question at issue, nor is it one which the Catholics themselves will be disposed to regard as of the first moment. The first question with them, as it naturally must be with every high-minded and patriotic body of men will be: Has Mr. Brown's political course in the past been such as entitles us to put confidence in him or in his lieutenants, and to justify us in placing ourselves under his leadership? Has the man who has for years been employed in arraying sect against sect and creed against creed—who, after Confederation was established, still clinging to his old prejudices, sought to introduce them into the broader arena of our new political life;—is such a man as this entitled to our confidence and respect, or is he, or are those who think like him, likely to promote the future welfare of the country? And though he writes a dozen election programmes for their benefit, and though now, instead of calling them "Roman Catholic ruffians," he addresses them as "our Catholic fellow-citizens," they will *not* "forget whose name is attached to the paper," or be led astray by the plausible pretences of one who has proved himself to be the most contemptible of political tricksters. Mr. Brown says:

They (the Catholics) have had fifteen years trial of alliance with our opponents, and I ask them to say frankly how the position they have held as hewers of wood and carriers of water for the High Church and State Anglican party, compares with the just consideration they received when allied with us? How many Irish Catholics have been elected for Conservative constituencies? How much of the enormous patronage of the Crown in the past fifteen years has fallen into Catholic hands? What pretence of consideration has been shown to the prominent Catholics of the Province, except the honour of marching up to the polls and voting for Tory candidates? Aye, and what disadvantages might not the Catholics to this hour have been laboring under, had Protestant Reformers left them to the tender mercies of the men whom they are now striving to bolster up?"

ENGLISH MAGAZINES.—The June number of "Bow Bells," just received by Messrs. Durie & Son is a splendid one. It contains in addition to the usual large quantity of reading matter, illustrations, &c., a fashion supplement with a coloured fashion plate. The "Young Ladies' Journal" is also an illustrated magazine which has established for itself a wide-spread reputation. All the English magazines can be obtained at Messrs. Durie's.

BATTLING WITH THE FLAMES.

FIRE IN THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA, P. Q.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

On last Friday and Saturday smoke might have been seen in the forest, about a mile from Venosta, in the Township of Lowe, in the forenoon of Saturday the density of the smoke indicated that the fire was getting greater. About 2 p.m. I was planting potatoes, the wind blowing from a south-westerly point directly towards our house. Soon the fire seemed to be no longer stationary, but bearing down rapidly with the wind full towards our house. I became alarmed, and sent messengers for neighbors to help in case of need. They arrived in about 25 minutes, and just then the fire had arrived within a few hundred yards of us, but the wind veered round and lulled; and just then, too, the fire had been retarded by Cameron's Creek, in front of it. We were deemed safe for the night at least. The neighbors went home. About 11 a.m. of the next day (Sunday last) the wind blew up into a breeze from the same dreaded point (south westerly). The fire started up, invigorated thereby—it leaped across the creek in a hundred places, and by the time our neighbors had arrived, it, too, was at our very door. By manly labor and toil for several hours our house was saved, but in the evening the fire had divided, one branch running around our farm in a north westerly, the other in a south-easterly direction. Then our barn was menaced from the south-east and south. We at midnight took our reaper and mower and sowing machine out of it, and at 4 a.m. of Monday morning the barn, some hay and other things were burned to the ground. Then about 2 p.m. of Monday the fire again rushed forward with fearful rapidity and power in a new direction, and Michael Hay's place became fearfully jeopardised. Neighbors were again sent for, and after much toil his place was saved. In fine, the fire has roved madly for several days past, spreading alarm, consternation and dismay in many directions. And at last it has split into many distinct fires. Properties of the following and of other persons have been in imminent danger, viz.: Dennis Killen, Michael Killen, James McCaffry, James Macauley, Michael Hays, and about 18 or 20 others. Just as I write a few rain drops have fallen. Many hundred acres of fine bush land have been left in a condition for destruction unless it will be cleared and brought into cultivation immediately. I could clear up nearly 100 acres of my own land with one fifth of the labor needed some two weeks ago, but then where can I procure capital enough for an enterprise of such magnitude. And as I am, so are many others situated. Nearly all our fences are totally destroyed, too, and our fields cropped already, and those remaining to be cropped yet, and our meadow and bush land, are all one common, open to horses, cattle, pigs, and everything belonging to ourselves and our neighbors.

Will some good Samaritan tell or suggest to us, through the newspapers or in any other way, how we can raise money on loan at a moderate rate of interest on the security of our farms, to enable us to bring some of this fine burned bush land into cultivation, and thereby enable ourselves to mitigate the consequences of this disaster? The loan of money at 8 or 9 per cent. for only two years would enable us to bring the land into cultivation and repay the money. For it could be cleared for one-fifth of the expense of ordinary clearing; *and the land is excellent.*

Any philanthropic suggestion, made in writing, may be addressed to the Postmaster of Venosta, Lowe, Co. of Ottawa, P. Q. (*An honorable private individual could make a safe investment.*)

COMMUNICATOR.

Lowe, 25th May, 1871

DOMINION NOTES.

Up to the 25th inst. Col. Skinner, captain of the Canadian (Ont.) Wimbledon Team, has received $3,526 towards defraying their expenses.

Two citizens of Halifax, N.S., are reported as much pleased at the prospect of the Allan steamers calling at their port. They might well be, for the Allan line possesses the finest steamers and the most experienced captains sailing across the Atlantic Ocean.

Mr. Thos. Jamieson, owner of the Perth woollen mills, has suspended payment—liabilities from $25,000 to $30,000—and the mills are closed to await the decision of his creditors.

Sir W. E. Logan is in Halifax.

About 2,000 immigrants have arrived at Montreal within the past few days.

The 60th Rifles will be encamped this summer, near Lake Beauport, on the ground formerly used by the troops for ball practice.

Toronto is happy over the arrival of two new fire alarm bells, weighing 4,000 pounds each.

The grocers of Toronto are agitating to close at seven.

Montreal and Kingston are suffering from the dust plague.

Bishop Farrell is giving the Hamiltonians some sensible advice as to out-door evening amusements.

The Wesleyan Methodists of Toronto gave another instance of liberality in church matters, which seems to be a characteristic of them everywhere. A meeting was held in aid of the proposed new church, for which Rev. Mr. Punshon asked $2,500. The response came, and over $3,000 were supplied on the spot, and it was decided to give the contract for the new church immediately.

All our contemporaries are complaining of the heat. In Toronto, Hamilton and London the thermometer has stood at over 90° in the shade.

The Hamilton *Times* says:—A plan of the camp at Niagara has been submitted for our inspection by Lieut.-Col. Villiers, Brigade Major. The Queen's Own Rifles, 10th Royals, 12th, York, and 13th, Hamilton, will occupy one end—the space allotted to them having 1,280 feet front by 510 feet deep, exclusive of three lanes, each 34 feet wide. The 37th, Haldimand, 38th, Brant, 39th, Norfolk, and 44th Welland, are to have the other end, the total frontage, exclusive of dividing lanes, being 1,080 feet. The 19th, 34th and 36th have one side, the other side being the division parade ground. The hospital is in the centre, and there are a number of buildings to be used as brigade offices, storehouses, staff offices, etc.

GENERAL NOTES.

Locket sleeve-buttons are the very latest style.

Magazines and reviews are reprinted in eighteen languages in Vienna.

An English doctor is giving feverish patients onion baths.

Large numbers of the younger inhabitants of Alsace and Lorraine are now emigrating to the United States.

A coloured woman at Nashville, Tenn., advertises for 24 of the 27 children born to and sold from her while she was a slave.

A Norfolk lady has a copy of the Bible which was printed in 1612.

A New York lady has received a proposal done up in a bouquet.

A new magazine, entitled the *Dark Blue*, has appeared, we trust it will not lightly read.—*Will o' the Wisp.*

Charles Eacker was executed at Fonda, N. Y., on Friday, for the murder of Thos. E. Burdick in July last. The prisoner was by no means one of the sentimental order, but neglected religious matters and preserved his stoicism to the last. As the officer was about to draw the black cap over Eacker's head the latter evinced considerable feeling, protesting against the act, because he "wanted his spirit to fly away like a butterfly."

A gentleman addressing a passionate love letter to a lady in the same town, added this curious postscript: "Please to send a speedy answer, as I have somebody else in my eye."

A writer in the New York *Mail* says: Dresses of white crepe de chine, looped with black velvet rosettes over light colored silk dresses, will be the prettiest style of evening dress, next season.

A Swede at Black Malden Rock Wis., having but one ox this spring, compelled his wife to carry the vacant end of the yoke while he held the plough and his son drove. The woman endured this almost superhuman toil for two days, when she ruptured an internal organ and died.

The fortune of Miss Burdett Coutts, who was recently raised to the peerage, is estimated at $50,000,000. She has given to charitable purposes not less than $25,000,000.

The best and probably the safest imitation of real hair now in the market is that made from linen thread. A New Jersey man is the patentee and only manufacturer in the country, and makes black linen switches, between which and the genuine it is almost impossible to detect a difference. The price he receives is three dollars a pound.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

GOSSIP FOR LADIES.

The pretty hooped caps are again coming in fashion.

Round hats are much trimmed with scarfs of light silk.

Black grenadines, stripped with colours, worn over coloured silk shirts, are very stylish this season.

An American writing from England says: I am surprised to find women at work in greater numbers and at a greater variety of avocations here in England, than in the United States. In the hotels of the largest size I have found the office work promptly attended to by two or more lady like clerks. They assigned rooms, answered questions, ordered porters, rung call-bells, sold stamps, and smiled welcome to every new comer, more accurately and acceptably than the average he-clerks one meets at home. Chamber-maids answer the bell at one's room. Other women lay the fire. On each floor is a 'housekeeper's' room where a motherly person is readily found to provide in a homelike way for every guest. At the railway refreshment stands I am served by a woman again. At the telegraph office I often find a woman at the handle. In nearly all the post offices I buy stamps of a woman and am indebted to her for consulting a directory for me—a directory so vast that it is a trade to use it.

At church I am ushered to my seat in the gallery by a woman pew opener, and, ere the last of the audience has left the house, a woman is doubling over the cushions to protect them from the grime. I jostle up and down the underground railway stairs with energetic, unembarassed women, who reward any courtesy with a quick, hearty "thanks." And at one of the largest lunch and dinner shops in the city, Crosby Hall, on Bishopsgate street, the whole service is rendered by women in uniform—a white and black calico, such as I have seen worn by the head of my own house at home. In short, English women seem to me to be quite emancipated in the matter of what they may or may not do. There is a course of lectures and of reading advertised for them at Cambridge, and I presume that sooner or later they will attain to examinations and degrees.

FRESHEST GLEANINGS.

An honest employment is the best inheritance that can fail to any one.

Evil is like the nightmare; the minute you bestir yourself it is ended.

The closest study—any study where the windows have not been opened for the last six months.

The snail stands a chance for the toothache. Somebody says he has 110 rows of teeth, with 111 on each row, or 12,210.

A Bennington, Vt., man is trying to invent a portable water wheel which will supercede locomotives. With one of these wheels and a tub of water mounted on wheels, he claims the vehicle will run until the water evaporates.

THE ELTHAM MURDER.

Our readers have already been furnished with some particulars concerning the mysterious murder of a young woman at Eltham near London. On the Sunday after the crime had been committed, upwards of 20,000 persons visited the blood-stained spot.

Evidence is said to be forthcoming that the young man Pook, who is accused of the murder, was at the Greenwich Literary Institute at 25 minutes past 7 on the night of the murder, and was at his father's house by nine o'clock, the distance of the Institute from the scene of the murder being over 2½ miles. It is also stated that his time can be accounted for on the evening when the hammer was purchased. The description given of the man who purchased the weapon (half hammer, half hatchet) with which this horrible deed was committed, is that of a labourer, between 27 and 34 years of age, having full black whiskers and the general appearance of a jobbing gardner. The prisoner is only 20 years of age and has no whiskers, but he is of the height given in the description, and the theory of the prosecution is that he might have disguised himself for the purpose. The man asked for a No. 2 lath hammer, and remarked that he could not see the steel edge on the hatchet, but it was pointed out to him by another customer. The prisoner's brother, who will be called for the defence, says that on Saturday night when the hammer was bought they were walking about Greenwich together all the evening, except for a quarter of an hour, when his brother went to the Literary Institute, and that it would have been impossible for him to go to the shop of Mr. Thomas, in Deptford, and back in that interval. The brother adds that on the night of the murder the prisoner left him at twenty minutes past seven, and came in to supper again at nine, it being the invariable habit of the family to have supper served at that hour. The brother is a married man, but the wife being in the country, he slept with the prisoner for three or four weeks prior to his apprehension, in consequence of Edmund having had an epileptic fit on the 6th of April, on which occasion he bit his tongue, and, according to his brother's account, covered his clothes with blood. On the night of the murder this witness says the prisoner had supper and went to bed as usual, and slept well all night. Among the other witnesses who will be called for the defence will be some compositors with whom the prisoner worked in the printing office, and a young woman who assists in his father's shop. They will show how his time was occupied until a quarter past seven on the night of the murder, and say that they never observed any familiarity between the prisoner and the deceased, it being remarked that the former always treated her with reserve. She has been spoken of as a "dirty girl," but the printers describe her as a good looking girl, with a very happy disposition and agreeable manners. A librarian from the Greenwich Literary Institution, Mr. Coutts, accounts for the prisoner's time being five minutes later on the night of the murder, saying that he came to the Institution at twenty-five minutes past seven, and said he was going to Lewisham. The circumstance is fixed on the witness' memory by the fact that Mr. Glashier, the meteorologist, came in at the same time, and he fixes the date by the circumstances of some reading being given the same night in the Lecture Hall by Mr. Warner Sleigh, the barrister. One witness, a person named Sherton, says he met the prisoner in Greenwich, about half-past eight that night, but taking the general testimony that he was home at nine, there is only left him an hour and 35 minutes to account for. The ground has been measured by Mr. Roberts, surveyor, of Greenwich, who finds that the distance from the institution to the spot where the murdered girl was found is two miles 1,011 yards. If these witnesses be correct the question will arise whether the prisoner could have travelled more than five miles (half the distance with a woman) and committed the murder in an hour and a half. His own statement is that on the night in question, after leaving the institution, he went to Lewisham to keep watch upon another young man whom he suspected of designs upon a young woman to whom he was paying his addresses at that place. He says that he returned by way of Royalhill, across the margin of Blackheath, and that having slipped down in the gutter at South street, Greenwich, he went into Mrs. Plane's shop to brush the mud off his trousers, fearing that he might cause his mother anxiety by leading her to suppose that he had had another fit. He writes cheerfully to his friends from his cell at Maidstone Gaol, his only anxiety apparently arising from the dry quality of the prison literature, and the want of his watch, which he thinks the police took from him needlessly.

USEFUL INFORMATION.—It is said that olive oil administered internally is an excellent remedy for the gout, and is also beneficial in paralysis and epilipsy; but for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, colds and colic, and the removal of the pain generally, there is nothing like the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," it is the most reliable remedy. For sale by Druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 1.

Hon. Joseph Howe arrived this morning at the St. Lawrence Hall.

Archdeacon McLean's lecture to-night on the North West was a great success, over 1,500 of the *elite* of the city being present.

It has been determined to bring forward G. L. Godbue, of Danville, as a candidate for the representation of Richmond and Wolf in the Quebec Assembly.

The Corporation invite tenders for the construction of a new fish market in connection with St. Anne's market.

The announcement of the new department of practical science in connection with McGill University has just been issued. The staff includes nine names providing for the subjects of geology and palæontology, meterology, mathematics natural philosophy, meterlurgy, practical chemistry, assaying, and mining, English, French, and German. The chair of engineering is to be filled before the beginning of the session.

It being impossible to obtain legal document stamps in New York at present Montreal is about to commence the engraving in connection with the shinplaster works already established.

Flour market steady, but not much doing; commerce brisk.

Weather hot.

Midnight Despatches.

NEW YORK, June 1.—Mr. Alex. L. Stewart has sent in his resignation as a commissioner for widening Broadway. He is dissatisfied with the action of his colleagues in deciding to lay assessment upon the property below Fourteenth street and Fourth and Sixth Avenues, which he thinks are extreme limits that can be regarded as specially benefited by the proposed improvements.

LONDON, June 1.—The *Times* has a despatch from Bombay to the effect that Herat fell into the hands of Yakoob Khan through treachery, and that the Governor was killed in battle.

The steamship *Hansa* has arrived from Bremen.

The bullion in the Bank of England increased £296,000 since last week.

PARIS, June 1.—The French journals are greatly divided in their sentiments as to the future of the country.

The *Opinion, Bien Publique, Politique, Siecle* and *Constitutionnel* favor the continuance of the Republic.

The *Temps, National* and *Patrie* are very guarded in their comments upon the situation.

The *Opinion* thinks the withdrawal of Thiers would be equivalent to revolution.

The *Siecle* says that Thiers is as energetic against the Bonapartists as the Reds.

The *Figaro* favors the Monarchy.

Marshal MacMahon's authorizing is required for the opening of the theatres.

The sale of newspapers on the streets is prohibited.

The *Sircle* was seized this morning.

Executions have ceased. The prisoners are now on trial at Versailles.

The barricades in Paris numbered 4,000.

LONDON, June 1.—The *Times* of to-day, in an editorial, while admitting that it is hard for Canadians to yield their fisheries to the Americans without the advantages of reciprocity in trade, expresses earnest hopes that Canada will loyally ratify the treaty.

LISBON, June 1.—There has been such opposition to the Ministry in the discussion in the Cortes of the scheme for raising ways and means to meet the public expenditures, that the project of the law has been considerably modified.

Great preparations are being made for the reception of the Emperor of Brazil, who is duly expected in Lisbon on his tour through Europe and the United States.

It is now positively announced that General Leflo will go to St. Petersburg in the capacity of French Ambassador.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 1.—Jem Mace, with his trainer, referee, and several bruisers of this city left for Kansas city last evening.

NEW YORK, June 1.—A special despatch from Pittston says: The correct number in the mine at the time the breaker was discovered to be on fire, was fifty-nine, twenty-two of these were taken out before the works were burned down, seventeen were taken out of the pit dead, four have died since. The 17 remaining are all doing well and will probably recover.

Frederick A. Lane, one of the directors of the Erie Railroad, has resigned for the purpose of assuming the direction of the operations upon the new road, to be constructed from Rio Janeiro to the Pacific, by a party of English capitalists. A corps of engineers has been organized, part of which are already on their way to Brazil, and the rest soon to follow. Mr. Lane intends surveying the entire route, and will return to New York via Japan and China. The trip is expected to occupy about 12 months.

SARATOGA, N.Y., June 1.—All the large hotels here, Congress, Grand Union and Clarendon was opened last night, and a number of arrivals are reported at each.

NEW YORK, June 1.—A mass meeting is to be held at the Cooper Institute to-morrow, under the auspices of the Irish Democratic Union to protest against the ratification of the treaty.

The steamer *Hansa*, from Bremen, collided at 2:30 yesterday morning with the bark *Rhea*, Captain Anderson, from Rotterdam for New York. The *Rhea* was sunk, and the captain and seven others were drowned.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The published statement that $11,000,000 have been bequeathed to the United States by a rich Englishman who died recently is believed to be untrue. Secretary Boutwell has received no such information.

PORT AU-PRINCE, May 30.—The Legislature is discussing the terrible financial condition of the country. Every Senator has a pet measure for its improvement, and plans for exchanging the old currency for new.

The Government is to contract for a loan to establish a national bank.

The *Hornet* continues to be closely watched by a Spanish man-of-war. Her new Captain has arrived from New York with a new boiler and machinery. Her repairs are continuing to be made actively and silently. The Spaniards made an unsuccessful attempt to purchase or capture her.

Yesterday's Despatches.

LONDON, June 1.—A *Times'* special from Paris says the Versailles troops are not now so popular as when they entered Paris because of the severe measures taken by them against the population.

Large numbers of Frenchmen and foreigners are returning to Paris to resume their commercial and manufacturing operations.

Mr. Gladstone has been indisposed, but is now in better health.

The colliers of South Wales have resolved to "strike" unless they are conceded an advance of five per cent in their wages.

Some species of cotton have been saved from the wreck of the steamship *Crescent City*.

The rumours of an agitation and a Carlist rising in Spain are officially contradicted.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.—The British Columbia papers are greatly excited over the prospect of the loss of the Island of San Juan. They are going so far as to advise the British Government to seize and hold it by force.

LONDON, June 1.—The *Standard* this afternoon contains a despatch from Versailles. It announces the resignation of Favre and two members of the Commune.

Frankill and Fontaine have been arrested.

The Marquis de Gobrixo goes to Berlin on the 3rd instant as French Ambassador.

NEW YORK, May 31.—The presents at the marriage of the daughter of the Hon. M. Tweed to Arthur Maginnis, to-day, amounted to seven hundred thousand dollars.

LOUISVILLE, KY., May 31.—There was a tremendous fall of rain last night in Marion and adjoining counties, and along the line of the Knoxville railway, causing the heaviest flood that has occurred for many years. Immense damage was done to property. A considerable portion of the railroad track is undermined. In some places the track and bridges were swept away. The country is flooded in every direction.

NEW YORK, June 1.—Patrick Cunningham, who stabbed Arthur McDonough at Weehawken, N. J., on the 25th of last March, was convicted last night in Jersey city of murder in the second degree, and sentenced to States Prison for 20 years.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.—The British steam tug, "Princess Louisa," has been wrecked in the straits of Magellan. All the crew, excepting one seaman, were killed or captured by Indians.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The trial of ex-Congressman, C. C. Bowen, for bigamy, is still going on here, and excites great interest. The indications now are that Bowen will not only be convicted of bigamy but also of forgery.

NEW YORK, June 1.—A woman named Devine, in East 18th street, smashed her husband's skull with a heavy dinner plate yesterday afternoon. The wounded man died, and Mrs. Devine was locked up.

Geo. E. Hathaway, of Rutland, Vt., committed suicide at the Grand Central Hotel yesterday. He was a merchant, and had been a man of means. Pecuniary embarassment was the cause of the rash act. The suicide had ten thousand dollars insurance on his life.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 1, 1871.

N Y O & H R R, 98½; do Scrip 93¾; Erie, 30¼; Perling, 118; L S & M S, 113½; C & P, 119¼; Harlem, 113¾; R J, 121½; N W, 85¼; do Pfd, 98½; Union Pacific, 34; O & M, 47¾; M & St P, 62; do, Pfd, 81.

Gold, 111¾; G, 10⁵⁄₁₆ to 11⁷⁄₁₆.

Cotton, 17¼.

Flour, steady, with moderate demand. Receipts, 9,000 pounds. Sales, 8,000 pounds, at unchanged prices.

Rye flour, steady.

Wheat, quiet but firm. Receipts, 15,000 bushels. Sales, 32,000 bushels, at $1.50 for spring; $1.66 to $1.69 for Winter Red and Amber Western, inside price, to arrive.

Rye, dull.

Corn, scarce and firm. Receipts, 22,000 bushels. Sales, 66,000 bushels, at 67cts to 70cts for New Mixed Western, unsound; 71cts to 75cts for sound.

Barley, dull.

Oats, dull. Receipts, 27,000 bushels. Sales, 14,000 bushels, at 64cts to 67cts for Western and Ohio.

Pork, steady, at $15.85 to $16 for New Mess.

Lard, steady, at 8½ to 10¼ for steamed; 10½ for kettle rendered.

Butter, 10½cts to 24cts for State.

Cheese, 5cts to 13cts.

Petroleum, 15½ for Crude; 25½ for Refined.

LONDON MARKETS.

London, June 1, 11:30 a. m.

Consols, 93⅜.

Bonds, firm, '62, 90½; '65, 90½; '67, 92½; 10-40s, 89;

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, June 1, 10:30 a. m.

Cotton, firm, 7⅛ to 7⅜ for Middling Uplands; 7⅞ for Orleans.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World; in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuie unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine dealers. 25 cents a bottle. Office 215 Fulton street, New York; and 493 Oxford street, London.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the fac-simili of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

ONE OF THE MOST NOTABLE PROPERTIES OF DR. WHEELER'S ELIXIR OF PHOSPHATES AND CALISAYA is its sustaining power during active mental and physical exertion. Business men, Editors, Clergymen, Lawyers, Physicians, and all classes engaged in any occupation requiring great application and consequent fatigue, will find this remedy invaluable, as it will enable them to accomplish their work with comparative ease. Anyone trying a bottle will find this statement fully sustained. Phosphate of Lime is an active agent of nutrition, constituting more than fifty per cent. of the system; Phosphoric Acid, a powerful Nerve Tonic; Phosphate of Iron, a blood maker; and Calisaya, an agreeable supporting stimulant. The combination of these remedies forms a Nutritive Tonic or Chemical Food, and nourishes and vitalizes the constitution in the same manner as an article of diet. Sold by all druggists.

EVANS MERCER & CO.,
Wholesale Agent.

Wife to Husband—(Rubbing the PAIN-KILLER on his Rheumatic shoulder briskly.) Its a great pity such a good medicine as Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER is not more extensively used, just see what a world of good it has done even since we have had it. George don't have the toothache any more, it has saved Fredy a severe attack of Fever, it has cured me of Dyspepsia and I know it will relieve you of Rheumatism.

Husband:—You are right, Mary, the PAIN-KILLER seems to fire up the cold corners of my shoulder and puts new life into it, it certainly does act instantaneously, I do think, my dear, I am cured already (meditatingly) well, well, all I have heard said of it is true, my shoulder is free from pain the first time for these two months.

Wife:—Its strange, we never have been induced to try it before, I should have thought you would have been often advised to try it.

Husband:—I have had the PAIN-KILLER recommended many times, but between the Doctor and Druggists they have always succeeded in keeping me from using it by suggesting other trash that has done me no good.

Wife:—People seem to enjoy paying the Doctor five or ten Dollars every now and then to experiment on them, when a twenty five cent bottle of PAIN-KILLER would give them far more relief, and then the Druggists are so obliging it is very hard to say "I want Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER and nothing else will do," and thus refuse to buy their trash.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

CARPETS, &c.

The subscriber has been instructed by MRS. MILLS, to sell at her residence, Sparks street, (Evan's Block), on MONDAY, JUNE 5th, 1871, her household property, consisting of Parlor Carpet, new, Side Table, B W, Cane Chairs, handsome Sideboard, B W, Marble Mantlepiece, Pictures, Hall Oil Cloth, Hall Stove, Stair Carpet and Rods, B W B dropping leaf, beautifully carved, Spring Matrasses, Hair Matrasses, Bedsteads, excellent Cooking Stove and furniture, Dining Table, Kitchen Chairs, Tubs, Pails and Water Barrels, a quantity of Stone, Delf, Glassware, and Table Cutlery, new, and a number of other articles not enumerated.

Sale at 11 a.m.

TERMS CASH.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1679td

To Charles Leduc,

Of the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa, Esquire.

SIR,—We, the undersigned Electors of the County of Ottawa, having confidence in your intelligence and integrity to represent this section of the County, in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec, hereby request you to become a candidate at the next election, and we pledge you our support and influence to obtain your election:—

Rev Père Reboul, Rev Père Beaudin, Ruggles Wright, P Wetherall Wright, Dr C E Graham, Councillor, Samuel Pink, Councillor, Alex Prudhomme, Moise Bisson, Councillor, M Tétreau, P., Chas Marcil, Avocat, Charles Roussel, Hubert Blais, JosephPoliquin, Père, Félix Périard, James Chénier, Guillaume Périard, Joseph Campeau, Joseph Poliquin, fils, Seraphin St Denis, Isaac Martin, J Bte Châtillon, Alexis Latreille, Alexis St Denis, J Bte Dubrule, Bte Lalonde, Clément Jodouin, Francois Bastien, Nazeret Fauteux, Pierre Pichette, Luc Derragon, Bazile Villeneuve, Daniel Papillon, Jos Beaudin. M D, Gilbert Leclerc, Théophile Turcotte, Jérémie Boyer, Moise Campeau, jr, Edouard Clermont, Alphonse Grignon, Edouard Joubert, Narcisse Carpentier, Luc Lalonde, FrancoisCharbonneau, Prospère Ducharme, Onésime Fréchette, Joseph Lemieux, jr, Ambroise Sanctueur, Cléophas Sabourin, Pierre Proulx, John Wright, Charles Renaud, Alfred Filiatrault, Téophile Cabana, Olivier Martin, M W Noctor, M Laflamme, fils, Amable Bertrand, J Bte Bertrand, Edouard Dupins, Louis Laviolette, Louis Bastien, Louis Cadieux, Marchand, Eustache Guilbeau, Masson, A Rathier, Marchand, Onésime Paquette, Marchand, Joseph Charbonneau, Marchand, Alphonse Thérien, Hector Lapointe, Félix Labelle, Honoré Labelle, Marchand, Hilaire Vieau, Robert Auclair, Marchand, Edouard Truesdell, Avocat, Gilbert Leclerc, M Silvère Dumontier, Cuthbert Bordeleau, Cordonnier, Onesime Groulx, Joseph Grondin, Joseph Vincent, J B Gauthier, Capt Hypolite Fortin, J Bte Grenier, Hotellier, Hormisdas Bernéche, Masson, Joachim Lafrance, Jules Plchette, Gosien Blais, Louis Groulx, Jules Doucet, Dolphin Fortier, Jean Reginbal, J Bte Brancho, Pierre Champagne, fils, Joseph Papin, Père, Joseph Groulx, Alfred Côté, Louis Ga

LOCAL NEWS.

New Dress Goods, &c., at Allan, McKinnons & McMoran's.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

STRIKE.—The Masons employed on the new Parliamentary Library have struck for higher wages.

The young man Dunlevie who was shot on Wednesday evening, is recovering.

ACCIDENT.—A boy had his hand badly crushed, while working at the new gaol yesterday.

CORRECTION.—The boy who was drowned in the Ottawa on Tuesday evening was not, as has been incorrectly stated, a son of Dr. Tache, but of Antoine Tessier, carpenter, of this city.

POLICE COURT—Thursday.—Wm. Cooper, Wm. Andrews, and Wm. Pollard, charged with being drunk and disorderly on the public streets, were fined $2 and costs each.

Two other cases of drunkenness were dismissed.

Edward Wyatt, charged with shooting E. Dunlevie, was remanded for a week.

AN OTTAWA ATHLETE.—In the athletic competitions at Toronto on the 24th ult., a resident of Ottawa was the victor in several instances, and besides receiving much deserved applauses, won two silver cups and a silver pitcher, about the best premiums offered. Young men from Ottawa have for years won laurels abroad by their success in manly exercises.

CITY COUNCIL.—At the meeting of the Council to be held on Monday evening next, all the Ward appropriations will be made, and the plans for the bridges over the Canal decided upon. The general business to be transacted will be important and a full attendance of members will be expected.

MUSIC HALL.—The entertainment in the Music Hall last night, wat not very largely attended, owing probably to the uncomfortably warm nature of the evening. The performances were as on the previous night very good, and elicited loud and frequent applause from the audience. "Cool" is still a perfect entertainment in himself, and Mr. Ferguson in his various characters cannot easily be surpassed. Were he to respond to every encore he would be kept on the stage until morning. On the whole "Cool" has a very good Troupe under his management.

DRY GOODS.—By reference to advertisement in another column, it will be seen that Messrs. Cunningham and Lindsay have sold out their stock in trade to Mr. T.R. Sheffield, Bofrockville, to whom they recommend their old customers to continue the liberal patronage extended to them. Mr. Sheffield is disposing of the old stock at very low rates, and for a few weeks rare bargains may be had. The goods will be sold below cost. He is also receiving large quantities of new and fashionable goods daily, which he will sell at most reasonable rates.

INTERESTING RIFLE MATCH—A rifle match which will create much interest among the "shots" of Ottawa, will come off to-day at four o'clock, at the Rideau Rifle Range, between the Cotton Brothers, and any chosen four of the Ottawa Rifle shots. The Cotton Brothers have heretofore exhibited something of a spirit which should be emulated in the way of rifle shooting and to-day will prove whether that spirit has been properly taken up. As one of these gentlemen has been detailed as one of the Wimbledon team—we presume the selection made to oppose the Brothers today, will be a strong one. We feel certain the Cottons will not lose their laurels without good marks.

Arrivals at the Russell House yesterday were: T C Flood, J W McDougall, C Rogers, W McNaughton, A Prevost, W Schnyder, W Miller, Montreal; Henry Lennan, Brantford; E G Gardew, T H Johnson, Toronto; H T Meredith, London; J P Thompson, Belleville; H Block, New York; E Harrington, D McLachlin, Wm Buchan, Arnprior; A H Bartholomew, Ansoma, jr.; E Fermont, Staffordshire; J P French, Prescott; J G B Lloyd, Theresa R Luttrell, Prescott; C H Bonil, L S Keengin, Oswego, N. Y.; R R Fitzgerald, Miss Fitzgerald, Charlottetown, P. E. Island; J G Garno, Vergennes, Vt.; T W Walsh, Wm W Walsh, Quebec.

BATHING.—Complaints are frequently made about the reprehensible habit of bathing in the Canal, so extensively indulged in by boys. Every afternoon and evening large numbers may be seen bathing in the canal, only a short distance above the basin exposed to the view of persons passing over the Sapper's Bridge. The Canal may be a very convenient place for that exercise, but every one knows that bathing in its half stagnant and muddy waters is not conducive to health. The nuisance should be put a stop to under any circumstances, and we sincerely hope the authorities will see to it immediately.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

BANK NEWS.—Mr. Eastwood, so well and favorably known in connection with the Ontario Bank in this city, retires next week from his position in that institution, and will be succeeded by Mr. Woodman, of Lindsay.

The Union Bank of Quebec will open a temporary office on the 15th inst., in the shop at present occupied by Mr. Mortimer on Rideau street, under the management of Mr. Eastwood.

The Union Bank will have the erection of a splendid building commenced almost immediately on the corner of Rideau and Little Sussex streets, but the requirements of its business make it absolutely necessary for it to open office in Ottawa without delay. It will therefore occupy Mr. Mortimer's shop as a temporary office until the completion of the new building. This action on the part of the Union Bank, and in fact, the action of all the first class financial institutions of the Dominion generally, with respect to Ottawa, indicates most unmistakeably a healthy and gratifying condition of business in this city.

HOT WEATHER AND COOLING BEVERAGE.—During the extremely hot days of summer a person very naturally becomes thirsty during the day and feels inclined occasionally to wet his parched lips with something else than "Adam's ale." A drink that is pleasant, refreshing and cooling is what is needed, and it is well known that any drink that contains in its composition the least quantity of alcohol has a heating tendency, and therefore instead of having the desired effect, increases the thirst. Alcoholic drinks are not the thing in hot weather. Under these circumstances it is important to know where a beverage of the right kind is to be obtained, and hence we have much pleasure in recommending the public to give Mr. Christie, druggist, Sparks street, a call and taste his excellent soda water. Mr. Christie is possessed of a valuable secret in the manufacture of soda water. His apparatus for the purpose is expensive and complete, and his magnificant fountain, supplied with all kinds of syrups, is a thing to admire. Any person who patronizes Mr. Cristie's fountain once, we feel satisfied will become a permanent customer.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.—The new building for the Bank of British North America, which was being rapidly constructed on Wellington street, is undergoing a considerable alteration of the masonrywork, which had reached a height of about 20 feet. The original intention was to have the building about 10 feet in from the sidewalk, but having decided upon altering the plan, the front wall is now being pulled down, and will be rebuilt a few feet from the street.

THE WEATHER—A HOT SUMMER—From the great heat which we have already experienced at this early stage of the season, it is predicted that the summer will be marked by a greater average degree of heat than during a number of past years. The thermometer has registered for several days 90°, and some times more in the shade, and with the mercury up among the "Nineties" in May, what must trembling humanity expect in the months of August and July? The heat during those months in ordinary years very frequently scorched the grass in the fields, but this year we may hope to cook our meals with the rays of the sun, and if it is excessive heat that drives dogs mads, there cannot be the least doubt that the whole canine race will be afflicted with hydrophobia, and (happy thought) Ottawa will get rid of some of its superfluous curs. Cellars will then bring a high rent, fat men will loose their obesity, and lean men will have the marrow melted out of them. It will be remembered that astronomers who viewed the late eclipse, announced that perturbations in the sun were in progress, and it is plausible to conclude that the fervent exhibition of heat which we are now experiencing is the result of those solar commotions. Whatever faith may be put in this prediction, the hot and dry nature of the weather at present should be a warning to farmers, who, remembering the disasters of last year, cannot be too careful in putting fire in the woods. One spark might become the source of a conflagration and the horrors of last summer would be repeated.

MEETING OF THE BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

A meeting of the Board of Public School Trustees was held last night in the City Hall, at 8 o'clock. Present: Messrs. Robinson, (Chairman), Kirby, Birkett, Alexander, Wills, Bronson, Barber.

The minutes of last meeting were read by the Secretary, and were by resolution confirmed and ordered to be signed by the Chairman.

Several unimportant communications were read and accounts presented, which were laid on the table.

On the motion of Mr. Birkett, seconded by Mr. Wills, the Secretary was instructed to pay over $6.50 non-resident fees obtained by Mr. Brebner in Central School West to the City Chamberlain.

The reports from the teachers of the City Public Schools for the months of April and May were presented, and on motion of Mr. Kirby, seconded by Mr. Wills, were ordered to be filed.

The Finance Committee presented a report recommending the payment of a number of accounts; amongst the number an account of E. Perkins for furniture used by the School Board, and his property. The Committee also recommend the granting of $100 for the erection of a gymnasium for each of the Central Schools. The report of the Committee was, on motion of Mr. Barber, seconded by Mr. Kirby, received and adopted.

The 1st Report of the Inspector, Mr. Borthwick was read, and on motion of Mr. Alexander, seconded by Mr. Barber, the report of the Inspector was ordered to be taken into consideration, at a Special Meeting of the Board to be held, Thursday, June 15th.

A resolution was adopted holding the Public School Examinations in the end of June, and the holidays to extend from the 1st of July, to the 15th of August.

On motion of Mr. Alexander, seconded by Mr. Wills, the following gentlemen to be, and are hereby appointed, a Board of Examiners for the City of Ottawa:

Rev. H. J. Borthwick, M A., City Inspector of Public Schools, Rev. John May, M.A., John McMillan, Esq., B.A., Prof. Williams, Kingston, and George Kennedy, Esq., M.A.

The meeting then adjourned.

A parasol to be stylish must be eithe extremely large or extremely small, so immense as to looks clumsy, or so petite as to be perfectly useless.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE of Bay Mare, Bridle, Saddle, and Moveable Top Buggy, Fowling Piece and Deer Hound.

The subscriber will sell by Public Auction, at his AUCTION MART, York street, on FRIDAY, the 2nd JUNE, at 11 30 a.m., immediately previous to the Sale of City Lots, a splendid Bay Mare, 15½ hands high, 6 years old, has been driven in double and single harness, also a good Bridle and Saddle, a very fine Moveable Top Buggy, oil tempered Springs, nearly new, cost $180, and used only part of one season, 1 Double Waggon, Iron Axles, one Fowling Piece, and a very fine Deer Hound. All to be sold, as the owner is leaving the country for Europe, and without reserve.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1680td

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE BY AUCTION, —AT THE— CITY AUCTION MART, YORK STREET.

J. BERMINGHAM will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION at his AUCTION ROOMS, York street, on FRIDAY, the 2nd JUNE, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, the following valuable and well located City Property, being Lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, on Wortemburg street, Sandy Hill, beautifully situated, and commanding a view of the Rideau River. Bringing these Lots into market afford to business men and tradesmen an opportunity of erecting in a healthy locality some comfortable Cottages at a cheap rate. They will be sold on easy terms. A plan of the Lots can be seen at the office of the undersigned.

Also same time and place Lots 35 and 36 North Daly street, 25 and 36 South Besserer street, 42 South Stewart street, and East half of 41 south Stewart street, Lots No. 7 and 8 east side Gloucester street, also 52 north Gloucester street, and west half of Lot Q North side Rideau street.

Terms and conditions made known time of sale.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer

Ottawa, May 23, 1871 1673td

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have again the pleasure of introducing to the *Gentlemen of Ottawa*, this Department, which, in connection with their understood business, they have maintained with a steady increase and unequalled success.

The facilities possessed by M. & R. in their semi-annual presence in the

LONDON, LEEDS, —AND— MANCHESTER MARKETS,

Affording opportunities of an early choice and selection, rendered almost indispensable by the present fluctuating changes in fashion.

They would desire to place in prominence, only a few of the choice assortment of which their stock is composed, but would specially notice the every day want of

TWEED SUITS,

And take the liberty of recommending the now

JUSTLY CELEBRATED

BANNOCKBURN TWEEDS,
CHEVIOT "
"The LORNE" "
CANADIAN "
Mixed SCOTCH & ENGLISH TWEEDS,

Appropriate alike for the Tourist, or Business Man, and suitable for all weathers

MAGEE & RUSSELL would solicit the favour of an early examination of the most fashionable Striped Goods procured specially for their

TROUSERS,

For which Garment they take special credit to themselves, and invite attention to the fact.

The existing style of close fitting Trousers, assuming a more elegant appearance by this innovation in the article, from which they are at present made, are in high demand, and amongst their stock will be found

THE STRIPED

ANGOLA TWEED,
DIAGONAL do,
Mixed CHEVIOT do,

and that unexcelled article for quietness of style, and neatness in aspect, the small

SHEPPARD CHECK.

They have constantly on hand the usual stock of

Superior West of England Broad Cloths,
Black Does,
Oxford do.,
Fancy do.,
Heather Mixtures,
Melton Cloths,
Figured Coatings,
Silk Mixed do.,
Summer Vestings,
&c., &c., &c.

The Department, at present under able control, has gained for itself the reputation of combining adherance to the latest London and New York Fashions, with that moderate departure from which will suit the taste of the most fastidious.

In returning thanks to the Gentlemen of Ottawa and surrounding districts, for their former favours, they respectfully request an early call, fully assured that decided satisfaction will be the result, and a continued patronage.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871

FOR SALE.

VERY CHEAP, —AT THE— DOMINION AUCTION ROOM, 16 RIDEAU STREET,

A Set of First-Class

GROCERY FIXTURES, (COUNTER, SHELVES, DRAWERS, &c.)

ALSO:

A large quantity of Tea and other Groceries and Liquors.

A Hhd. of Molasses to be sold cheap (very low).

A large consignment of Books, Stationery, Jewellery, Clothing, Boots, &c

Regular Auction Sales weekly.

Consignments received and prompt returns made.

Real Estate Sales promptly attended to.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871 1 54tf

AUCTION SALES BY A. GAGNIER. AT DOMINION AUCTION ROOMS.

The subscriber begs to inform the public of Ottawa, that he has opened an Auction Room at No, 16 Rideau street, and is prepared to undertake the Sale of Furniture and Household effects, at the residences of owners. Semi-Weekly sales of Furniture and General Merchandise, at 16 Rideau street, every TUESDAY and SATURDAY, at 8 o'clock p.m.

The encouragement of the Public is respectfully solicited

A. GAGNIER, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 22, 1871 146tf

NOTICE. CHANGE OF RUNNING TIME.

The Summer Time Bill will come into operation on this RAILWAY, on MONDAY, the 5th June.

Due notice of the alteration in the hours of arrival and departure of trains, will be given through the press.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1680td

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of GENERAL SESSIONS of the PEACE, and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the Thirteenth day of JUNE, 1871, at the hour of Ten of the clock, a.m., of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. POWELL, Sheriff.
By W. H. FALLS, Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, May 23, 1871 1679 d3&w2

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thorougly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER, Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 19th May, 1871.

Authorised discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa, May 26, 1871

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34. SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS

In their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good election,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

☞ Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,
NEW CARPETS
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS
Departments

THE SALVAGE GOODS,

Amounting to Over $7,500,

SAVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared our at prices which will be sure to commanda sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low price goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,
PORTER'S BLOCK,
34 SPARKS STREET

Ottawa, March 30, 1871 1628y

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for applying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY, FOR SUNDAY USE.

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season.. $5 00
20lbs " " .. 9 00
10lbs " month .. 1 50
20lbs " " .. 2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorena, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice [illegible] ton or cwt.

Ottawa, April [illegible] 871

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX-ST.,

IMPORTER, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER

IN FOREIGN —AND— DOMESTIC FRUITS.

Has just received, and offers at prices to Defy Competition.

ORANGES,

LEMONS,

APPLES,

RASBERRIES,

COCOANUTS

[illegible]

TO A [illegible]

A Large Stock of the Celebrated

SUGAR LOAF AND STRAWBERRY

Pine Apples

☞ REMEMBER THE PLACE,

G. LORENZ,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

OPPOSITE PRODELICK'S CONFECTIONARY

March 31, 1871 1629

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—The best old Brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

GIN—J. DeKuypers' & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—Guinness's and Dawes' bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Would beg to call the attention of the public to

NEW GOODS,

NOW (DAILY ARRIVING),

COMPRISING:

100 Pieces New Light Prints,

Fast Colors, and latest designs, at 12½c. per yard, splendid value.

—ALSO—

a large additional Stock of new

DRESS GOODS,

in Shades suitable for the Season.

A Good Cloth, light colors, 15c. per yard.
An Extra, Wide Width, 20cts. and 25cts.,

—AND—

A large assortment of

NEW HATS

In latest and most Fashionable Styles.

Every Department fully Assorted.

☞ Call and examine our large and elegant Stock of Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, and Mantles, before purchasing elsewhere.

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN

SUCCESSORS TO

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.,

No. 20 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871.

NEW CITY BAKERY.

The undersigned has established a new BAKERY, at the corner of Dalhousie and St Patrick streets, from which the public can be supplied with all the latest improvements of the trade.

Bread Carriages will at all times be in readiness to supply occasional, and attend to the orders of regular customers.

The subscriber respectfully solicits a share of patronage.

J. LOUGHRAN.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1679tf

WANTED.

A Girl about 16 years of age, as servant on a small family. Apply, A.B., Times Office.

Ottawa, May 29, 1871 1678tf

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street,

Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OF BROCKVILLE,

Who will continue the Business in the same premises, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871

☞ In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.

T. R. SHEFFIELD.

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871. 1681 2m.

The Tea Pot,

RIDEAU STREET.

Try John Hill's Teas and Coffees.

Try JOHN HILL'S Teas and Coffees and you'll find
That they are of a most superior kind.
The various samples, when you fairly test,
You'll find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who each day procure
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

The following TEAS and COFFEES have been received within the last few days, and as they are FRESH and (NEW SEASON) can be recommended, the flavor being equal to any Teas ever imported into Canada:

VERY SUPERIOR BLACK TEA (True Souchong) in Catties of 10 lbs each.
VERY FINEST GUNPOWDER TEA (Something extra).
EXTRA SCENTED ORANGE PEKOE.
FINEST JAPAN TEA (The very best that can be produced)
EXCELLENT KAISOW CONGOU TEA (Something extra),
CHOICE YOUNG HYSON TEA.

PURE JAPAN TEA, 60 cts. per lb., or 5 lbs. of the same article for $2.75.

GOOD SOUND TWANKAY TEA, 5 lbs. for $2.00.

☞ *The Finest Coffee to be obtained in this country, consisting of Pure Montain Berry, Mocha, Java, Old Government Java and Plantation.*

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL, "THE TEA POT," Rideau Street.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE.

FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will surprise those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.

The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.

From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves.

Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:

Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871. 1668tf

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces.
1 " Bonnet Borders,
1 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell at Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

DOMINION HOUSE,

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

CANADA HOTEL, AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY, SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Estables, and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1681 3m

TO Horse Breeders.

AT the request of a number of gentlemen who have FINE MARES to Breed from,

Mr. Cotton

has placed

"YOUNG LAPIDIST"

AT THE

Veterinary Stable of Mr. A. O. F. Coleman,

RIDEAU STREET,

To Serve a Limited Number of Mares (say 30) for the Season.

"LAPIDIST" is 8 years old this spring, and is considered by judges, to be the most valuable horse to breed from, in this section of the country.

His Pedigree can be seen at Mr. COLEMAN'S Office, or with his Groom, DAVID WHYTE.

Ottawa, May 10, 1871.

CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS ACT OF 1871.

ELECTION PETITION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

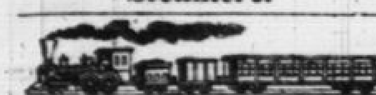
Take notice that the above Petition will be tried at the COURT HOUSE, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the Sixteenth day of JUNE, A D. 1871, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, and on such other subsequent days as may be needful. The said City of Ottawa having been appointed by the Court of Queen's Bench, for the place of trial of the said Election Petition, by rule of the said Court.

Dated the 27th day of May, A D. 1871.

By order,
ROBERT G. DALTON.
Clerk of the Crown of the Court of Queen's Bench

May 30, 1871 1679tf

Steamers.



ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*.....Captain Findlay.
" *Emerald*.......... " Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*... " Murphy.
" *Alliance*.......... " Blondin.
" *Oregon*.......... " Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*...... "
" *Jason Gould*..... " Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*... " Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*....... " Duggan.
Pontiac.......... " D. Mulligan
Keppawe........ " BJ Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Capitaine.

Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau, every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning—Leaving Chapeau same day at 1 o'clock, p.m.

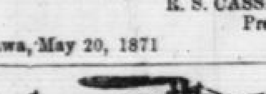
Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2 30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,

CAPT. BOWIE,

PRINCE OF WALES,

CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland.

The Iron Side-Wheel Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.
And another Steamer to be purchased.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 23rd May, at 4 o'clock, p.m, and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Paspediac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 30th May, at 7 o'clock, a.m, and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 19th May, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 20th May, at 4 o'clock p.m., calling at Father Point, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 26th May, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 30th May, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Quebec, Thursday, the 18th May, for Charlottetown, P.E.I., Pictou, N. S., and Ports in the Gut of Canso.

She has great capacity for Freight.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE, Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE.
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

☞ A few good Fowls for sale.

J. HERBERT,
N on-st., West
near Richmond Road, Ottawa.

April 26, 1871

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $100 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, *Agent*,
TIMES Office Ottawa.

ENGLISH GOODS!!!

RECEIVED AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex street.

PRIZE WATER FILTERS, from $2.25 upwards, of Earthenware and White China. (They purify the most impure water.—*Medical Gazette.*)

ENGLISH BEDSTEADS, all wrought Iron,
Do CHILDRENS COTS, do do
Very fine patterns, quite new and cheap.

For Hospitals and Sick Rooms:

ENGLISH ENAMELLED CHAMBERS.
Do., do., BED PANS.
ENGLISH GARDEN CHAIRS,
Do., do., SETTEES, (to arrive.)
Do., CROQUET LAWN BORDERING
REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, and BATHS, STOVES new and improved patterns.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,

OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and
Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy Ports,
Domecqs and Greek Sherry,
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.

Bass', Guinnes's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.

Liberal terms.

☞ Inspection invited.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

1871. ICE! **1871.**

ICE! *ICE!*

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street

Ottawa, May 1649

JUST RECEIVED.

—AT—

HAUSER'S

RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,

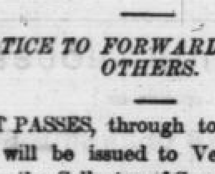
That splendid new Magazine,

THE WEDDING BELLS.

—ALSO—

BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL
FOR MARCH AND APRIL.

Ottawa, April 19, 1871



DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE.

NOTICE TO FORWARDERS AND OTHERS.

LET PASSES, through to Lake Champlain, will be issued to Vessels, Barges, &c., by the Collector of Canal Tolls, Ottawa, on payment of Tolls.

LET PASSES will also be issued by the Collector of Canal Tolls, at Montreal, and at St. Johns, through to Ottawa, or to Ottawa Basin, on payment of Tolls.

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871. 1680s

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canded Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,

Corner Sussex and York-sts.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer

No. 67 Sussex-st.

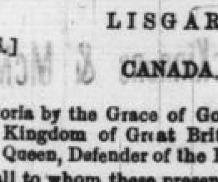
OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m



LISGAR.

[L.S.] CANADA.

Victoria by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same in anywise concern.—Greeting:

A PROCLAMATION.

A. CAMPBELL, for the Attorney General, Canada. } Whereas in and by an Act passed by the Parliament of Canada, in the Thirty-second and Thirty-Third years of Our Reign, being Chapter Twenty-four, and intituled: 'An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," it is amongst other things in effect enacted that our Governor in Council may, as often as occasion requires, declare by Proclamation that upon and after a day therein named the said Act shall be in force in any place or places in Canada therein designated within the limits or in the vicinity whereof any Railway, Canal or other Public Work is in progress of construction, or such places as are in the vicinity of any such Canal, or Railway, or other work as aforesaid, within which he deems it necessary that the said Act should be in force; and the said Act shall upon and after the day to be named in any such Proclamation, take effect within the places designated in such Proclamation; and further, that Our Governor in Council may, in like manner from time to time declare the said Act to be no longer in force in any of such place or places, and may again from time to time declare the same to be in force therein.

And whereas, it is expedient that the hereinbefore in part recited Act should be in force, in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described

Now therefore know ye, that we, by and with the advice and consent of our Privy Council for Canada, do hereby declare that upon and after the First day of June next hereafter, "An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," hereinbefore in part recited, shall be in force in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described, that is to say: | Commencing at the point where the route now being opened to the Red River crosses the height of land which separates the waters tributary to Lake Winnepeg, from those flowing into Lake Superior, and running from thence westwardly along the said route to the Eastern boundary line of the Province of Manitoba, to extend to a depth of ten miles on either side of the said route from the height of land to the United States' Boundary Line at Nequaquon Lake, and from thence westward to the Lake of the Woods, to embrace a depth of ten miles on the British side of the Boundary line aforesaid, to cover the whole area of the Lake of the Woods and the Islands therein in so far as they are within British Territory and a depth of ten miles around such portion of its shores as may be within British Territory, and from the North West angle of the Lake of the Woods, to extend ten miles on either side of the line of route until it meets the aforesaid eastern boundary line of the said Province of Manitoba.

Of all of which our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

In testimony whereof, we have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved, the Right Honorable John Baron Lisgar, of Lisgar and Bailieborough, in the County of Cavan, Ireland, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and a Baronet, one of our most Honourable Privy Council, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada, and Governor and Commander in Chief of the Island of Prince Edward. At our Government House, in Our CITY OF OTTAWA, this Fifth day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and in the Thirty-fourth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J C AIKINS,
Secretary of State.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871 1671 3

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
...	12.15	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
......	12 15	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B.	8.00	......	4.50
8 20	......	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	9.30	......	7.15
8.20	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage.	9.30	......	7.15
8 20	12.15	9.00	United States, *via* Ogdensburg	9.30	......	4.20
8.20	12.15	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	9.30	......	4.20
......	12.15	......	North Gower, *Kars*, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.30	......	......
8.20	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	......	......	4.20
9 20	......	3.20	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	3.00
9.20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......	11 40	7.30
10:30 / 7 00	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage / Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	8.00	11,00	......
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	......	......	7.30
10.00	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and Intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	......	......	6 00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.30 A.M.

A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12 A.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

Post Office, Ottawa, May 1, 1871.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa
The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq.,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq.

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Now last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Busines.

Claims Paid for Assurances....£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid. 2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of.... 6,570,000.00
Annual Income............ 1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions* of *Policies.*

The *Non-Forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

☞ Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW, Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal

J.& W. T. Pennock, Agents, Ottawa.

March 13, 1871 163a

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND LIFE

Continues to take risks on every description of property—including Wooden Houses—at similar rates with other first-class Companies.

LIFE

An inspection of its late Tables is invited.

T M CLARK, Agent,
Elgin-st., near Sparks.

Ottawa, April 12, 1871 1638 1

THE METROPOLITAN

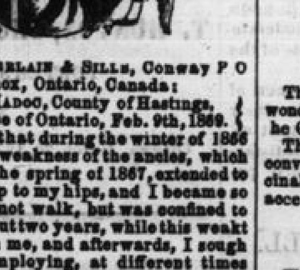
Building and Savings Society

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa 13th December, 1870. 1540t1J71



o Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a ort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden County of Hastings Province of Ontario, D 1 Canada.

THE EAGLE STEAM BAKERY,

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your orders are solicited

AND WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO BY

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelised Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone, Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c, &c Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $300 per month,

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1604

Medical.

MESS^RS GABRIEL'S
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING
TEETH & GUMS
AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE
ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS
IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESS^RS GABRIEL.
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

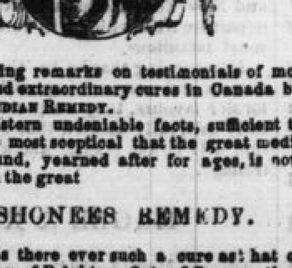
MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,

May 1 1871

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Erustown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

FARMERS

Wanting any kind of Agricultural Implements or Machinery, can be supplied, by calling at the Agent's Office,

MARKET SQUARE, OTTAWA.

WM. ABBOTT, Agent

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister at-Law, Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store Sparks street, Ottawa.

W MCKAY WRIGHT. F CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 45utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fetherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort;

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

TRISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. TRISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD R. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts and Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accurately prepared. Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1595 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.

Montreal, March 871 2 2m

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

☞ TEAS AND WINES, ☜

8 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

Railroads.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after MONDAY, MAY 15th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1,30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 9.20 a.m., and 5 30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 3.40 p.m., connect with the Grand Trunk Day Express from the West and arriving at Ottawa at 7.30 p. m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a.m arriving at Brockville at 1.50 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 7.20 p m

EXPRESS at 4 p m, arriving at Brockville Trains for the East.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 9. 40 p m, and connecting with the Grand Trunk At 1,30, 3.15, 7.25 and 11,00 p m,

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a m, after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk. Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H ABBOTT, Manager.

Brockville, May 12, 1871

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

Commencing 1st MAY, Trains will Run as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Steamb't Express.	No. 4 Mail.	No 6 Mail.	No. Express
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Ottawa Depart.	7.30	9 00	1.00	10.30
Prescott Junct'n	9.30	12.15	3 25	12.50
Prescott Wharf Arrive......	9.40	12.25	3 35	1.00

NOTE.—No. 2 connects at Prescott with Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, with the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain Railway, for St. Albans, Burlington, New-York, &c., and with the Rome and Watertown Railway for Albany - New York &c.

No. 4, 6, and 8 connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Train east and west.

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS,	No. 1. Express	No. 3. Mail.	No. 5. Express.	No. 7 Accommodation
	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.
Prescott Wharf Depart......	1.10	6.00	4.20	1.50
Prescott Junct'n	1 4	6.15	4.30	2.10
Ottawa Arrive..	3. 0	8 30	7.00	6.20

NOTE.—No. 7 will run every night Saturday nights excepted, Passengers will find on Nos. 7 and 8 a comfortable car, fitted with sofa sleeping berths, available only to passengers holding first-class through tickets. Additional charge 50 cents.

Trains will run by Montreal Time.

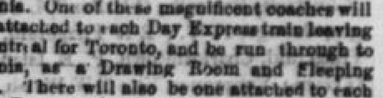
Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments, and

Connection with Grand Trunk Trains and Royal Mail Steamers East and West Certain, as this Company's Trains wait their arrival.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott

May 1, 1871



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND

☞ FLOWER SEEDS. ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks-st

Ottawa, April 26, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET.

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel.

Strict attention to business.

Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.

J. A. GEMMILL,
Solicitor &c.

Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.

Ottawa, Feb. 21, 87 159

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 35 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa JAMES KEARIEY, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1682. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR.

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oscola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Dail Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Meta Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, August 18, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, No 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consists in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Nuts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. &c. together with

PAINT O. ALL COLOURS:

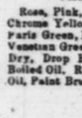
Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P.S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, Nov 18, 1870

For Sale or to Let.



TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.

Possession given 20th May.

Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere, near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)

Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.

Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Lisgar street. Possession, 1st MAY

For particulars, apply to
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26 Rideau street.

Ottawa, Feb. 16, 1871

TO LET.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road.

Also the shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.

For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,

Ottawa, Feb. 16, 592tf

WANTED TO RENT.

A Comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, on the west end. Neighborhood of Richmond Road preferred. Rent not to exceed $300 per annum, including taxes. Address D., post paid, Ottawa. Possession required by 15th June.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1679 2

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 beside numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal.

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE.

CUSTOM'S DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 19th May, 1871.

Referring to the notice of 5th inst., of articles transferred by Order in Council, to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, it is decided that the term "Annatto" therein mentioned means "Annatto" in either a liquid or a solid condition.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa, May 27, 1871 1678 3

READING, ELOCUTION,
WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa.

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,

The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises

STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.

And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.

Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,

Next Door to F. McDougall & Co.

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colour Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,

To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.

There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.

The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

—TO—

N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, April 28. 1871 1652 3m

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE.

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,

Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 *RIDEAU STREET.*

OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you. 1634 3m

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz., the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back township.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in its large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now I then assure you that on those principles of comity which govern, very properly, our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH

Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

G. A. SHELDON,

HATTER AND FURRIER,

Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive

HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT

In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.

G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.

A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1665 3m

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Hartley	9,500 "
In Hull,	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLT,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

SELLING

OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove & more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES

OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
WINE MERCHANT,
Elgin Street,

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

Dufresne & McGarity,

—SUCCESSORS—

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.

Sussex Street, OTTAWA.

221 Notre Dame St. MONTREAL.

The Undersigned have much pleasure in stating to their Customers and the Trade in general, that they have disposed of the RETAIL BUSINESS *which they heretofore carried on in connection with their Wholesale Trade; and it is now their intention to devote themselves exclusively to the*

Wholesale Grocery, Wine and Provision Business.

To enable them to do so efficiently, they have secured the premises next door to their present stand, (formerly occupied by Messrs. Fingland & Draper, as a Dry Goods Store,) and connected the two buildings by an arch,—now making ONE OF THE FINEST WHOLESALE HOUSES IN THE PROVINCE.

They have secured Agencies for several of the first WINE HOUSES *in Europe; and are also Agents for* MESSRS. GOODERHAM & WORTS, *Distillers of Toronto,—and they can safely say that Messrs. G. & W. make the finest Spirits in the Dominion.*

The trade supplied with all of the undermentioned ALES, either in Wood or Bottle, at Brewers prices

Dow & Co's, Montreal, Pale and Mild Ales and Porter,
Cosgrove's, Toronto, " " "
Labatt's, Prescott, " " "
Dawes', Lachine, " " "

GUINNESS STOUT and ENGLISH ALES always on hand and in fine condition.

There is now on the way out from China and Japan, **2,000 Chests of Fresh Teas,** *which, with all other Goods, will be sold at* MONTREAL PRICES.

Goods will be delivered at Steamboat and Railway Stations free of charge. All empty packages charged in accounts will be taken back and allowed for, and those preferring to have their Goods shipped from the Montreal House, can have that privilege by leaving their orders at the office here.

The OTTAWA ESTABLISHMENT will be under the special management of MR. MCGARITY, *who will give his exclusive attention to the wants of his customers.*

Thanking you for the liberal patronage with which we have been so kindly favored, and soliciting an early call.

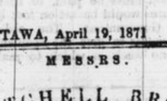
We remain, yours truly,

Dufresne & McGarity,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
"The Teapot,"
SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, April 19, 1871 1645 2m

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 8th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

IMMENSE SALE.

RETIRING FROM THE

DRY GOODS TRADE.

$30,000 Worth of Dry Goods

To be sold at half the usual prices, at

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

14 RIDEAU STREET.

As they are going out of Business.

The Stock consists of a general and splendid assortment of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS.

This Sale is peremptory and without reserve, and purchasers, would consult their interest, by purchasing before the Stock is broken up.

Come and see for yourselves the great Bargains.

ALL SALES FOR CASH ONLY.

Sale commences WEDNESDAY, April at 9 a.m.

Remember the Place

14 RIDEAU STREET,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, April 4, 1871 1633tf

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 73259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given, which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

Ottawa, May 20, 1871 1676tf

DIRECT FROM ENGLAND!

Just opened out a beautiful assortment of CARVED WOOD

BREAD PLATTERS!
BUTTER do., with glass dish!
SALT CELLARS do do!
EGG TRAYS, do cups
FRUIT STANDS do dishes
BREAD KNIVES
BREAKFAST TRAYS!

The above are now in price, and elegant and useful adornments for the Tables, also

FISHING RODS,
TROLLING SPOONS,
FLIES, GIMP,
HOOKS,
HOOKS, &c., &c., &c.

We have just been appointed Agents for the ATLANTIC and PACIFIC SHIP PUMPS,

BROKENSHIRES PATENT.

These Pumps are now almost exclusively used on the Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence, and are adapted for Lumber Barges or the Ocean Steamship. Orders received.

New Stock Cooking Stoves, latest improvement, just arrived, at

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA.

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, April 29, 1871

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

MORTGAGE SALE

OF

REAL ESTATE.

Public notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a Mortgage Deed made by STEPHEN SWITZER, of the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, Yeoman, party of the first part, to HENRY RODGE HORSEY, of the City of Kingston, in the said Province, Esquire, party of the second part, there will be offered for sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Law Office of WALKER & PENNOCK, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the THIRTIETH day of MAY, instant, A.D. 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, (unless the money due thereon and all expenses be sooner paid) the undermentioned property to wit: the North Half of Lot Number Twenty-four, in the First Concession, New Survey, of the Township of Cumberland in the County of Russell, in the said Province of Ontario, the said half lot containing One Hundred Acres, be the same more or less.

TERMS CASH.

All Searches, Abstracts of Title, Conveyance, &c., to be at the expense of the purchaser.

The Vendor will covenant against his own acts only.

Further particulars can be obtained from the undersigned at their Law Office.

WALKER & PENNOCK,
Solicitors for H. H. Horsey.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871. 1666w27wtd

LANDS FOR THE LANDLESS

HOMES FOR THE HOMELESS

ONLY $1.25 PER ACRE

FOR ACTUAL SETTLERS,

Take the Cars of the

LEAVENWORTH,
LAWRENCE and
GALVESTON R. R. LINE,

from LAWRENCE and KANSAS CITY is it the celebrated Osage Country

The Garden Spot of Kansas.

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

Tailors & Gentlemen's Out-fitters

to

P. O'MEARA'S Restaurant,

RIDEAU STREET.

Messrs. P. & R. invite special attention to their choice and select assortment of

Broadcloths
Doeskins,
English
Scotch, and
Canadian
Tweeds.

Next to P. O'MEARA, Rideau-St.

N. B.—Workmanship and fit guaranteed.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

Ottawa April 18, 1871 1642tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET.

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An Immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cashmeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons,
Dress Goods
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Jerseys
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving your orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER VII.

BY THE SOLWAY.

Until a man have something to conceal, he can form no idea of the difficulty he will experience in hidding it.

Had any one told Andrew Hardell, on the morning when he left Dumfries, that a person desirous of secreting a suit of clothes should, with all the lonely hills before him—with the woods rich in fern and grass, and tangled bramble, at his right hand and his left—with the Nith and the sea accessible—fail to get rid of his burden easily, the young man would have laughed scornfully.

"Be at a loss with all that wealth of heather, all the wilderness of gorse? Why, if he only stuck the things down far enough, they might stay there safely concealed till they rotted."

This is the sort of remark he would have made twenty four hours previously, had such a difficulty been submitted to him; but it was now twenty-four hours after, and the wide difference between might and would was already revealing itself to his understanding.

He had stepped from the land of theory into the land of practice, and the paths of that latter country are not usually easy.

Theoretically, he could have hidden away a whole wardrobe on the top of Criffel; practically, he toiled over the mountain, and pursued his road to Whitehill and Colvend, carrying the evidence with him which he most earnestly desired to destroy.

It seemed to his imagination as if there were no place on the earth, or under the earth, where that coat, wanting a button, might be concealed.

The heather would wither—the cattle would eat the grass—the rain would wash earth away—the loose stones, if he piled them above, would be wanted for some purpose, and carted off.

If he descended into the plantations lying below him, and hid his burden among the underwood and brambles, the children, searching for blaeberries, would be sure to find it; if he cast the accursed thing into the sea, the waves would wash the bundle to shore.

Had the desolate mountain, and the silent hills, and the quiet valleys, been earth's most populous places, he could not have felt more eyes were upon his actions than in that most wretched summer-day's walk.

How he passed the hours he never accurately remembered. As a man in delirium gets through the weary days with scarcely a recollection as to how they were spent, so he strode on, mile after mile, which seemed to melt into air behind him.

When the dew still lay heavy on the grass, he climbed up to the top of Criffel—when the noon-day sun stood high in heaven he passed by the little lake, which appears less a lake than a point where the stream standstill, and wished his bundle were lying at the bottom of its waters. When the afternoon was hottest he toiled along the hill-side beyond Colvend; toiled among the gorse and the heather; with sun streaming down upon him; with the blue expanse of glittering sea dazzling his eyes; with the Highland cattle lifting their heads, and looking with astonishment at the passer-by; with the sheep standing till he might have almost laid his hand on them before they leisurely trotted off; with the rabbits running in and out of the low, loose, clay fence which separates the grass and the heather, and the gorse from the cliffs going sheer down to the shore; with the oyster-birds hovering over the surface of the water, or looking on the sands, when viewed from above, like so many blacks specks; with the jer-falcon pluming itself in the sunshine, or flying screaming from point to point; with the rocks covered with lichens and mosses—green, and red, and gray, and purple, showing their marvellous colors in the light, which, streaming across the sea, seemed brighter than the common light of day; with the Cumberland hills showing blue beyond the expanse of calm unruffled water; with the hill-side a blaze of yellow and purple; with the bluebells nodding beside his path; with every thing whispering of peace, and rest, and beauty, he strode on, able really to see nothing save a lonely road, overshadowed by trees, where a man lay with his face upturned to the darkness—grasping in his cold, stiff fingers a button and a bit of cloth.

Like a funeral procession in a bright street, this darkness seemed constantly passing between him and the light. It on the top of the Criffel, and he beheld it on the sunlit sea.

With his outward eye he might see cliffs and sands, miles of cliffs—miles of sands—with the water stealing over them; purple-clad hills and rocks clothed with every variety of moss; but with his mental vision he could discern nothing save Kenneth Challeron; and when he thought otherwise than in a confused sort of delirium, it was only to imagine where *it* was now—where *it* was lying—how *it* looked in the daylight—whether there were a sheet drawn decently over the rigid face, and whether the eyes are still staring as he had last beheld them.

What he learnt that day I might never hope to tell. It seemed to him afterwards that he went to school, and acquired all he knew of his fellows, of their temptations, their remorse, their terror, while he walked among the heather, alone with nature and his own misery.

Stumbling among the grass—sick, weary dizzy—he conned line upon line of lessons destined never to be forgotten. He went down into the wells of his heart, and drank waters of bitterness therefrom—he experienced the terrors of a troubled mind—he went through agonies of regret—through depths of despair—he beat against the door which had so suddenly closed between him and the light, until, for very weariness, he was fain to believe in the darkness that had fallen on his noontide—in his anguish he cried to God, asking was it just, was it well? and thoughout all, in a dull, persistent way, he looked for some place where he might hide the evidence against him, where he might rid himself of his burden, and walk on dreading no pursuit, defiant of detection.

The day drew on. He had not tasted food, and he had walked miles upon miles since leaving New Abbey; he was growing faint, and sick, and weary, when the path led suddenly down towards the shore, down from the hill-side to the lower ground which lies beyond the cliffs I have mentioned, and brought him into a tiny cove that appeared, to his imagination, like a corner cut out of fairy land.

For the moment he forgot his trouble, forgot himself in astonishment at the place where he stood—a bay hemmed in by high rocks, between which only a glimpse of the sea could be obtained, carpeted by the finest, whitest sand, and thousands upon thousands of lilliputian shells.

Beside the path by which he had descended grew brambels and ivy, broom and ferns innumerable; wild flowers decked the little knolls of earth that were piled, one above another, on the land side of the bay.

Great rocks, almost like giant stones placed on end, only larger and loftier than any giant stones we know, formed ramparts above the cove; and when Andrew Hardell had passed round and between these rocks he found more tiny bays, each guarded, each sheltered, each with its own special lookout seaward, each with its own peculiar charm.

The man who can say he ever beheld any thing similar to the cluster of fairy coves must have had most fortunate experiences. No description could give an idea of their singular beauty, no artist reproduce their particular charm, no writer ever hope to convey an adequate impression of their marvellous loveliness.

Creek within creek; bay without bay; rocks where one could play a hide-and-seek with the sea; places where no man might find; spots where the traveller seems to have reached the last confines of earth, and to be standing on the very shore of eternity.

For the first time that day Andrew Hardell felt himself alone—hidden.

He was sheltered from the glare of the sun; shaded by the rocks, he could look forth as from a bower with undazzled eyes upon the calm sea, rippling lazily, leisurely in on the sand.

At the outlet of one of the creeks he found a natural basin that, covered by the tide twice a day, remained full of water when it ebbed.

Into this, the sides of which were covered with small shell-fish and sea weed, Andrew Hardell plunged his head.

Again and again he dipped it into the water; then he shook the moisture from his hair, and, with a sense of refreshment, looking up, beheld what he had travelled so far to find—a hidding place.

Far above high water mark appeared in all directions fissures in the rocks; cracks, narrow and deep, such as the sun makes sometimes in the earth. Here no cattle could come to browse, no children's hands be thurst in to discover, no man could get his arm down to search for any thing which might lie concealed. All the day long he had been scanning the earth and the sea, purple heather and the blue expanse of water, seaching for a hiding-place in vain, and now, all at once, by the merest accident, as it seemed, he had come upon that which he sought.

It was no easy matter to climb the rocks, but he managed at length to do so, and search out the most likely fissure in which to rid himself of his burden.

He selected one which lay on the westerly side of a rock, standing more out towards the sea then most of its companions; a rock backed against two others, incrusted up to a certain point with limpets and mussels, and clothed all over with gray lichen and long green sea-weed.

It took him a weary time to coax bit after bit of the coat down through the crevice; and when at length it was completely hidden from view, had still to find another fissure in which to conceal the remainder of the suit.

Patiently he cut the cloth to pieces; with his knife he slit the seams, and separated the whole into portions convenient to thurst down the cracks. When the last morsel disappeared, with a rod, which he tore from among the brambles, he measured the depth the piece had dropped and after having thurst them down as far as he could, he collected small stones in his knapsack, and half filled up the crevices with them. Stones, and shells, and sand, he gathered and carried up with a great terror and a great joy contending together in his breast.

In the after years whenever by the sea-shore he beheld children digging in the sand picking up pebbles and shells, his thoughts flew back to an evening by the Solway, when he, too, scooped up the sand in handfuls, and sought for shells and pebbles—not for amusement, but to save his life.

A stretch of sea-shore with the sun's rays streaming from the west over it, always brought in the days which were then all to be passed through—the memory of fairy bays shut in by rocks, where the evidence lay buried that would have sufficed to hang him.

When he had finished he left the creek, and, wandering in and out between the rocks, came to a point from whence he could beheld the low coast lying beyond. The smooth sand was left behind, and and the shores became rough and uneven, covered with stones, while into the sea ran out sunken rocks, over which the advancing waves broke sullenly, and with a monotonous plash.

(To be continued.)

FOSTER, THE MURDERER OF MR. PUTNAM.

HIS DEMEANOR IN THE CONDEMNED CELL.

A reporter of the New York *Star* sought and obtained an interview with Foster, and thus relates the result:

Foster was found in his cell, the shadows of evening lengthening in the outer corridor, and stealing sadly through the loophole near the ceiling. A terrible change has come over him. Never a desperate looking man, his face has become painfully thin and sorrowful. Its characteristic, oddly enough, is kindness. His mouth is almost sweet, his eyes frank and honest. There never was a murderer who looked more tender hearted or more merciful. At first he was artificially gay. He affected a lightness of bearing, which was evidently assumed. Now, however, he is penitential, pathetic, and full of sorrow. The poor fellow's kindly eyes—and desperate as his deed was, they are singularly winning—wear a constant expression of despair. His brown beard and his thick brown hair were clammy with a cold, uneasy sweat. His condemned cell seemed new to him, and he could hardly grow accustomed to its awful limits. A wire grating, to prevent the passage of suicidal instruments, doubly protects the door, and it was through this wire screen that his attenuated features were distinguishable. A few prints hung about his cell, which wore a convent look, though the unhappy male factor is a Protestant.

Foster's manner has become softer, and his pleasant voice sadder. Every one who sees this man is astonished to find in so prepossessing a person the body of a condemned murderer.

The reporter, who knew him, spoke cordially to him. Said Foster:

'I feel pretty bad. I am preparing for the worst, and good friends of mine, who know my chances, have advised me to do so. Mine is a terrible position, and I feel it. They treat me comfortably here, but the sensation is awful. I can't eat, and I daren't think.'

In answer to an inquiry whether he had ever met Putnam or Mrs. Duval before, he said:

'Never. I never saw any one of the party before the night, not even the conductor or the driver.'

'How did the driver know you?'

'I told him who I was, and what car I had worked on.'

Foster said further:

'If I had meant to kill Mr. Putnam—and God knows I did not—would I have struck him there and then told who I was? I had no malice against him. I was drunk and I thought I had just struck him. I had no more idea of killing him than I have of killing you. I had never seen any of the party before—never in my life. I had owned those hacks, but I never met them, and I don't, God knows I don't, know what led to the quarrel. I scarcely remember even striking anybody.'

The poor creature then went on sadly to protest against the verdict of murder in the first degree, claiming that Judge Cardozo himself discriminated against such a finding. He over and over again reaffirmed his want of intention to kill Mr. Putnam, and did it with an emphasis not to be discredited.

Dr. Tyng had visited the condemned, and will minister to his spiritual necessities. Foster has had a liberal education, and many of the reports about his life and career are utterly false.

After war pestience and intemperance—colds lead to the greatest destruction of human life, mainly, because it is considered by many to be of no consequence and hence systematically neglected until a simple, curable disease, is converted into a fatal pulmonary one. Everyone troubled with what is called a slight cold or cough, should immediately use Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—they allay irritation at once, and exert a most beneficial influence on all the Bronchial and Pulmonary organs. Sold by all Druggists and Country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box.

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"DOMINION

PARLIAMENTARY DEBATES

FOR

1870.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Fruits, Vegetables, &c.—G Lorenz.
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The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1871.

For interesting reading matter, see first page.

Mr. Stephenson, M. P. for Kent is in town.

There was a meeting of the Treasury Board yesterday.

Fires and warm overcoats were in requisition in some parts of New Brunswick during the early part of the present week.

The *Globe* is angry with the Honble Sandfield Macdonald because he will not consent to resign at once. What a self-willed man the "Axegrinder" is?

Mr. Lloyd, C. E., lately employed in the construction of the Black River and Morrisburg Railway, is in the city, having been appointed to the Pacific Railway survey. Mr. Fleming is doing well in engaging men for this important work solely on account of their professional skill and fitness for the task before them, not allowing personal or political prejudices to have any weight in their selection.

It has been the fashion to laugh at and to belittle the importance of the late London Conference, but there is no doubt that very important results were secured thereby. Russia has ceased to make war like demonstrations against Turkey, Romania is tranquil, and the Czar is sending presents to "his very good friend," the Sultan. It is said that one result of the conference was to make manifest to Russia that there was a complete understanding between Great Britain and Germany as to the nature of the foreign policy to be pursued in future by the two nations. If this is really the case, and Bismarck can be persuaded to restrain his ambition, an alliance between Great Britain and Germany may be possible, and would form the surest guarantee for peace that could possibly be afforded.

THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

The Toronto organ of the Opposition thinks that there can hardly be a weaker reason given for abstaining from a full and open discussion of the Treaty of Washington in all its bearings upon the interests of Canada at the present moment, than that urged by some of the government organs, to the effect that we must patiently wait for its ratification by Great Britain.

We do not exactly know what the *Globe* means by a "Government organ," but from what we have seen of its course lately, we presume that any journal which does not believe in a factious opposition to the Government is considered an "organ" by our contemporary. Of course, this is a great mistake, nor do we suppose that the Dominion Government desire to be bound by the opinions expressed by any journal, but, so far as we have seen, no "organ," *i. e.*, no journal which supports the present Ministry has stated that we must await the ratification of the treaty by Great Britain before expressing any opinion. All that has been said is that so long as Sir John Macdonald continues to be a member of the Commission, he could not with propriety enter into any discussion of the merits of the treaty. This is an obvious proposition, nor has our Toronto contemporary, or any other journal, ventured to gainsay it, but we do not see that the fact of Sir John Macdonald saying nothing at present, prevents the press of Canada from expressing an opinion on the subject. The Opposition organ says Sir John Macdonald should at once explain his reasons for joining in a contract "so widely at variance from the views an wishes of the people of Canada." We have not the least doubt that the Premier will "explain his reasons" when the proper time arrives, in a manner which will be satisfactory to the people of Canada. He has generally managed to do so on former occasions when our contemporary thought he was irretrievably cornered. But we most emphatically deny that the terms agreed upon by the High Commissioners are at variance with the wishes of the people of the Dominion. A treaty which expressly stipulates that the people and Parliament of Canada shall have a decisive voice in all matters affecting their own interests, surely cannot be regarded as unsatisfactory. All the people of this country have to do is to let their representatives know what their views are with regard to the Fishery question and other matters, and they may rely upon it that their wishes will be respected. It is not as a mere matter of form that these questions are to be submitted to the Dominion Parliament, but with the full understanding that the views of the people of this country will be carried out. And whether they decide for or against the ratification of the treaty so far as the fishery question is concerned, they may depend upon it that the Imperial Government will see that our wishes are respected, and will not attempt to bring any pressure to bear upon us one way or the other. We quite agree with our contemporary in thinking that the views of the people of Canada are entitled to the most favourable consideration from the Government and people of the Mother Country. Their unswerving loyalty and love for British connection, together with the fact that the maintenance of British naval and commercial supremacy depends in no small measure upon the continuance of the ties at present existing between Canada and the Mother Country, must convince Imperial statesmen that our wishes must be treated with respect, and must, so far as our own local affairs are concerned, be regarded as paramount.

So far from the Dominion Government desiring to prevent this subject from being freely discussed, we are quite sure that the exact opposite is the case. It is no mere party question; it is one regarding which it is especially necessary that a true and reliable reflex of public opinion, unbiassed by party or personal prejudices, should be obtained. So far as Sir John Macdonald is concerned, his position, as we said before, will, we have no doubt, be found to be one that becomes a patriot and a statesman. Those who have supported him in the past and have had no reason to regret it, those who have trusted him in the past can well afford to have confidence in him now; nor is it necessary that the *Globe*, however highly it may value the judgment of the Premier, should hesitate freely to express an opinion regarding the Treaty of Washington.

THE WHY AND WHEREFORE.

Some of our American contemporaries appear to consider that the American fishermen have been terribly overreached by the High Commissioners, and their interests altogether sacrified by the provisions of the Treaty of Washington They say that the Canadian fishermen, not labouring under the some burden of taxation as the Americans, would be able to compete sucessfully with the latter in American waters, and would also be able to catch their own bait, for the supply of which our fishermen have hitherto depended entirely on the Americans. The *Cape Ann Adverliser* says in reference to the matter:

A correspondent wishes to know "why the American fisheries cannot stand the Treaty now submitted by the Joint High Commissioners, as well as they did the Reciprocity Treaty?"

To which we reply: The Reciprocity Treaty went into operation at a time when the Government paid a bounty to the fishermen, salt was free, and all the articles used in business were not so freely taxed as now. This tax ranges from 14 to 52 per cent, which is in itself a tremendous burden on the fisheries—so much so that the business especially that of mackereling, cannot possibly be prosecuted with any profit, should this treaty be ratified and the market made free to the Provincials.

Then again the Treaty gives foreign fishermen an opportunity to come on this shore and fish where they please. With their cheap vessels and outfits, a bounty of four dollars a ton, given by the Canadian Government, what is to hinder them if possessed of common business energy, from controlling the business and successfully competing with the American fleet even on this shore, during seasons when mackerel in the bay and on their own coasts are poor and scarce, as is apt to be the case some years. Now, the provincial mackerel catchers depend upon our fishermen for a a supply of bait, menhaden, which are all caught on our coast. If this new treaty is ratified they can catch their own bait, and we shall lose this branch entirely, which amounts to a considerable sum, each vessel using some fifty barrels a year, valued at $8 per barrel.

A very significant argument on this subject we find in the Boston *Daily Advertiser*, in an article written by a correspondent under the *nom de plume* of "Old Essex." He says, since the repeal of the Reciprocity Treaty, "the import of Colonial fish has diminished, and our fisheries are recovering. Thus the exports of fish from Nova Scotia were in 1864, '65, '66, $9,903,529 under the treaty, and in 1868, '69, '70, $7,183,737 after the treaty expired, a diminution of $2,719,792; and in the last three years the trade of Nova Scotia has declined from $65,000,000 in the first three years cited to $41,000,000 in the second; and under the new treaty the provincial fishermen may come upon our coasts freely, take their bait in Lynn Bay, and their mackerel inside of Minot's Ledge light, and supply with fresh and salt fish the Boston market."

A duty of $2 per barrel on mackerel and 55 cents per qtl on fish operates as a protection to home fisheries. But even with this duty the Provinces can almost compete with us. Repeal it as is proposed, and a direct blow is struck at the American fisheries. Hampered as they are to-day with taxation and receiving no direct assistance from Government except a drawback on salt, the ratification of this treaty would compel those engaged in the fisheries either to abandon the business or else remove to the Provinces, either of which would be injurious to the country at large, for the fisheries are a most important branch of industry, of benefit to every section of the country, proving a nursery for seamen to man our navy, and producing a staple article of nutritious food. If the Provincials could successfully compete with us under the duties now demanded, they would do so, and we should never have had the attack upon our fleet which characterized the past season. This in itself is proof positive that the duty is a protection, and whatever New Brunswick, or any other of the Provinces, may have to say in the case it is clear that England and Canada are determined, if possible, to force this measure through.

The question which now comes home to owners of American fishing vessels, as well as to the men who follow this calling is, will the Senate be so blind as to ratify a treaty which asks so much for such a small equivalent? The verdict of all interested in the fisheries, as well as other impartial business men is, let the question remain as it is rather than make such concessions. If, in the opinion of the country at large, that this treaty be accepted in order to settle the vexed question of the three-mile boundary, then let the Government do as well by its fishermen as other countries do by theirs. Reduce the duties on the articles they need, and give them a bounty. All the fishermen ask is a fair chance to compete with others. Let the government give them this and they are amply able to take care of themselves. But to burden them as they now are, and then add to it, expecting them to carry the load is altogether too much, and in this light we wish our Senators to view the case.

The Buffalo *Express* says:

The volunteer militia organization of our Canadian neighbours is relatively larger and more efficient than we possess, probably, in any State on this side of the line. There is more military thoroughness in the system upon which it is formed and by which it is governed. Its members are subjected to a more systematic training, and we think that, so far, there is a more lively military spirit animating the organization, and that that spirit is more carefuldy kept up by competitive exercises, in rifle shooting, for example, by regulations of periodical camp duty, and by the regulated schooling of company officers. Our New York State militia is prabably as effective in organization as that of any State in the Union, and yet, although the population is nearly equal to that of the Dominion, we have not much doubt that the latter could turn out against us a larger, better trained and better prepared force for actual field service than we possess.

THE OTTAWA COUNTY COUNCIL.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—In your issue of to-day appears a report of the meeting of that Council on the 20th inst, and in which, among other things—very strangely mis-stated—is the statement that, "Mr. McLeod, Advocate, recommended that the By-law be submitted without delay."

That is not correct, and it represents me in a position in this matter which I did not assume, and I have no desire to be placed in a false position. It is not for me to recommend anything to such a body as the County Council. How I happened to say anything on the occasion was, that Mr Aylen declared the By-law in question to be *illegal*. In answer, I said merely, that I claimed a right to speak to the question of "*legality*," as raised, as I was, as is well known, the framer, in the emergency of the moment, of the document in question, and that I did so speak, not only in self-defence, but in defence of the large interests involved in the By-law. I explained what the By-law already passed was, viz., one for taking, on certain conditions and contingencies, stock in the Montreal Northern Colonization Railway Company to the amount of $200,000, and providing for interest, its due payment, and sinking fund for capital, and cited the text of the statute on which it was based, and moreover, placed in the hands of the Warden, who read it to the meeting, a letter from the Hon. Mr. Abbott, approving of the By-law as one of *perfect legality*, and urging its immediate submission to the popular vote. Mr. Aylen did not, because he could not, state on what point of law the By-law was, as he said, "illegal," but, in desperation, alluded to the conditions in the By-law, that it was to be available only in case of the city of Montreal voting a million of dollars to the railway. That is a question of *fact*, for which the County Council and not their legal counsel, is responsible, and is not, and cannot be, in itself an illegality. As to the irregularity of the notices, that is chargeable solely to the Clerk, who, it would appear, served thereby only the wish of those who did not want the special session in question.

The fact is, as the Warden said, the By-law having been passed, and fixed by the By-law itself for submission to the people in each of the twenty-five municipalities of the County on 10th July, and a month's previous publication and posting of notices in each municipality being necessary by law, it was, he considered, his duty to call the meeting to provide the necessary means for the work.

Yours,
M. McLEOD.

AYLMER, June 1, 1871.

DOMINION NOTES.

The London papers are agitating for Water Works.

The Scotchmen of Kingston are making preparations to celebrate Scott's centenary.

Chatham intends to have one of the best Music Halls in the Dominion.

The town of Brantford is out of debt and has money in the Post Office Savings Bank. Happy people!

A servant girl of Dr. Grotes' is missing from St. Catherines.

Gypsies are trading horses, tinkering and fortune-telling in Belleville.

Sacreligious vandals despoil the Hamilton cemetery of its finest flowers.

Mr. Thos. Swinyard, of Hamilton, has met with success in Petrolia.

Miss Ranoe (Mrs. St. John) gave her lecture on the Northwest in Toronto. The local newspapers praise it as piquant and instructive. According to the *Telegraph* the lady was handsomely attired in a lemon coloured silk dress, with tulle overskirt, and with a coronet of gold wheat on her head.

Crops in the Niagara district are said to be splendid. There is every prospect of more fall wheat this harvest than for many years. The peach crop has every prospect of being very abundant.

During the thunder storm on Monday night at Father Point, a young man who was riding on horseback, was struck by lightning and killed, along with his horse. Three men who were walking behind were knocked down and stunned.

The bottles found at Shediac, N.B., and Newport, N.S., containing reports from the City of Boston, are now deemed to be all right. A Halifax gentleman has seen the documents at Rev. Mr. Donnelly's purporting to be from Mr. Thompson. He is well acquainted with the handwriting, and believes it to be genuine.

The Halifax crew appointed for the forthcoming boat race, have commenced daily practice.

It has been determined to bring forward G. L. Goodhue, Esq., of Danville, as a candidate for the representation of Richmond and Wolfe in the Quebec Assembly.

Mr. John O'Shea, a person residing in Kingston, who has saved several lives, is to be presented with the London Humane Society's medal on Dominion Day.

All the invalid soldiers lately arrived in Kingston, and who are able to leave the hospital, are to be discharged at once.

The great aquatic carnival at Halifax is to be a great success. It is expected that the Admiral and fleet will take part in it.

The city of Halifax requires a new loan of $20,000 for its water works department.

Dominion Day will fall on Saturday this year.

The trout streams in Western Ontario are yielding plentifully.

Great damage is being done in the vicinity of Bobcaygeon by bush fires.

John Carroll, a boy aged 15 years, went out in a boat in Whitby Harbor on the 30th inst. to pick up chips, and was drowned.

The summer time table of the Grand Trunk comes into effect on the 5th of June. There is great acceleration of speed on the through trains from Toronto to Montreal.

The *Victoria Warder* says: 'The country is waking up to the real character of Mr. Blake, and if he continues in the same course he will ere long be in a worse position than even Mr. Brown, an impracticable Reformer, dealing that party another death blow.

RULLOFF ONCE MORE.

ADDITIONAL AND FINAL CONCERNING THE PHILOLOGICAL MURDER.

We learn from the Syracuse *Standard* a few additional particulars of the monster criminal who was hung at Binghampton last weak. Any facts that will tend to deepen the abhorrence for that man's crimes and course of life cannot be otherwise than valuable to society.

It is not generally known that Ruloff proposed to his counsel to have Burrows, the only surviving witness of the murder, killed. Yet such seems to be the case, as Becker, the counsel, claims to have a letter containing directions for obtaining a New York ruffian to do the deed.

The fact that Ruloff's confederates in the murder were drowned by their leader has been suspected; but we do not remember to have seen so definite a statement of the case as the following:

Immediately after the murder of the clerk they went to the bank of the Chenango river, and when they reached that point, Jarvis, who had been so badly wounded in the store, "was pretty well played out." He, Jarvis, did not wish to enter the river, but Ruloff says, "I forced him in! Once in the water, I left him to his fate."

Dexter, seeing Jarvis was sinking, turned to help him, when Ruloff said, "G—d d—n him, let him go."

Dexter loosed his hold and swam to the shore with Ruloff. As they touched the bank Dexter saw Jarvis struggling and making some headway toward the land. Jarvis shouted for help, and Dexter, moved with compassion, jumped in to save him. He reached Jarvis, and succeeded in nearly reaching the shore. They were very much exhausted. Rulloff says he deliberately pushed them off, and the waters of the Chenango closed over them.

Rulloff claims that he did not murder his daughter, but that she is living under an assumed name. His testimony on that point, however, cannot be accepted, as nothing was more characteristic of the man than his deliberate adoption of the most summary and desperate expedients for supressing testimony against himself. This fact is shewn by what we have published above.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 2.

La Minerve this morning publishes a long letter addressed by the Bishop of St. Hyacinthe, to his Diocese in regard to the approaching elections. Its character is in striking contrast with that of the addresses of the Bishops of Montreal and Three Rivers on the same subject. The elections which are soon to take place will occur in ordinary times and circumstances, and impose upon us no necessity to depart in the recommendations which we have to make to you, on this occasion, from the general principles which ought always to guide and determine your conduct in the great and important affairs of the elections. We experience great relief in not having to prescribe to you to-day what you have to do, and what you ought to avoid in order to acquit yourselves as good christians of the grave and serious duty which you will soon be called upon to fulfil.

To-day, Joseph Bouthett, labourer, was arrested for stealing one hundred dollars from Sylvester Beauchamp, of St. Jerome.

Father Chiniquy preaches in Craig street Evangelical Church, on Sunday.

Nine thousand steel rails are at present landing from two vessels in the harbour for the Grand Trunk Company, to be placed on the line between Coaticooke and Toronto, this will complete 150 miles of steel track for the road up to date.

The Liberals of Missiquoi will hold mass meeting to-morrow.

Bank of Montreal, stock selling 288; Merchant's 148½.

Thermometer at 4 o'clock 75°.

Midnight Despatches.

KANSAS CITY, June 2.—Mace appeared in the ring this morning in fighting costume at the appointed time, but his adversary not putting in appearance, the referee, Hollywood, declared Mace winner of the battle, money, and all glory attached to this disgraceful affair.

LONDON, June 2.—Arrived, Steamship *Queen* from New York.

NEW YORK, June 2—Arrived, Steamship *Iowa* from Liverpool,

PARIS, June 2.—It has been discovered that the real leaders of the Commune were Karl, Marox, Jacobi, Blanqui, Taratachin and Dibreck.

The idea of burning Paris originated with Jacobi and Taratachin. Papers have been seized which show that these men are in London, and now planning new schemes designing to make Lyons, Marsailles, Madrid, Turin and Rome, Naples, Vienna, Moscow and Berlin scenes of conflagrations. Rossel and Auriel are still concealed in London.

Assassinations continue.

VERSAILLES, June 2—The question of the validity of the election of the Prince de Joinville and the Duke d'Aumald, will be discussed on Monday next in the Assembly, when it is probable that the fusion of two branches of the House of Bourbon will be anniounced.

A letter from the Sub-Governor of the Bank of France states that he was forced to advance various sums of money to the Commune. No armed force, however, entered the Bank, and none of its securities were destroyed, thanks to the courage of the members of the Commune remaining in Paris, of the employees of the Bank, and of Besley, a member of the Commune.

ROME, June 2.—The Pope has sent sixty thousand francs in cash to the distressed Parisians, and also several chests of consecrated objects for churches destroyed during the siege and fighting in Paris.

PARIS, June 2.—Two thousand Communists will be imprisoned in hulks at Cherbourg. Six hundred have already arrived at that port.

The *Journal des Debats* expresses its astonishment at the persistence of the Assembly in holding aloof from Paris.

VERSAILLES, June 2.—In the Assembly to-day, M. Brunel moved the abrogation of the laws of proscription as incompatible with republicanism, and subservient only to dynasty, passions, and hatred.

The urgency for the motion was voted.

Several members of the Right moved the abrogation of the laws, specially directed against the Bourbons, of deputies speaking in support of the motion which confirmed the report of the fusion of the two branches of the House of Bourbon.

A resolution of urgency was adopted.

BERLIN, June 2.—An Imperial decree orders that the 18th of June be observed through-out Germany as a day of thanksgiving.

NEW YORK, June 2—The arrival of immigrants were larger this month than during any previous month this year. Nearly all of them, numbering from five to six thousand, are landed at Castle Garden. The majority of these are Irish, and the Germans are next in point of numbers. Last month the arrivals were 43,471, making 77,190 thus far this year. In May last year 46,828 arrived, making total up to end of that month 85,876.

A mass meeting of the citizens was held under the auspices of the Irish Democratic Union to express condemnation of the treaty of the Joint High Commission, and to protest against its ratification.

The resolutions declares that the diplomatic expression of regret for the depredation of Confederate cruisers, was in no sense adequate reparation for the insult and injury sustained; that the permission given to Canadian fishermen to use the American fisheries, was in utter disregard of the right of New England fishermen, and surrender mercantile interests worth seventeen millions, for the consideration of about seven thousand dollars; that there could be no terms of condemnation too strong for the administration which remained indifferent while the American citizens were condemned to penal servitude by the British Government for words spoken in the United States. Speeches were made by Gen. Halpin, Hon. W. E. Robinson, Stephen J. Meaney, Anthony A. Griffin, James Paul, and others.

A special despatch to the *Times* says that mine inspector Williams was advised last night. Gaines, one of the jurors of the second inquest, one of Williams' own calling, to discharge the jury assembled, and proceeded no further with any attempt to vindicate himself, as further investigation would only make matters worse. It has become apparent to the man Williams that it is impossible to exculpate himself from blame in connection with the West Pittston disaster, and he has left Pittston for his home in Wilkesbarre. What action will be taken in his case has not transpired. Public opinion is very much in favour of severely punishing him, and it is thought had he longer remained in Pittston he would have been lynched and hanged in the public streets. No more deaths have occurred among the surviving victims, and they are all out of danger.

SAN FRANSISCO, June 1.—At Cherokel Flat yesterday morning as a party were returning on foot from a ball a man known as Austrian George sprang out of a close concealment, seized Miss Susie McDaniel and stabbed her to the heart and then made his escape. The citizens are in pursuit and will hang him as soon as he is captured.

At Mendiceno a mob has notified all the Chinese to leave within ten days or their lives will be in danger.

Yesterday's Despatches.

VERSAILLES, June 2.—The discussion upon the eligibility of the Orleans Princess will begin in the Assembly on Monday next.

Henry Rochefort is to be tried by military commission to-morrow on the charge of inciting civil war and pillage.

Search for concealed weapons continue in Paris, and is of the strictest character.

The French press still discuss the question of the future character of the government, and are nearly unanimous for a republic.

PARIS, June 1.—Active measures are in progress for disinfecting the city. Many shops are yet closed.

The journal *Des Débats* says the men of the 4th of September have outlived their time. Other papers support Thiers and the republic, and protest against monarchical intrigues, and demand the transfer of the Assembly to Paris.

The *Gaulois* says Paris must submit to the will of France.

BRUSSELS, June 1.—A report reached this city to-day that Felix Rijot and M. Grousset had been arrested in Switzerland, but a telegram from Berne to-night denies its truth.

LONDON, June 1.—In the House of Commons to-night Viscount Enfield stated that the Government could not receive Mr. Stuart as Minister from Paraguay, because he was a British subject.

The motion to abolish the office of Lord Privy Seal was lost.

NEW YORK, June 1.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says there is no doubt that Secretary Fish has long intended to resign as soon as the Treaty of Washington was ratified, and that formally or informally he placed his resignation in the hands of the President a few days ago. Many of the President's most trusted advisers have, however, opposed any change in this direction, on the ground that if not absolutely necessary it would weaken the Administration. The President is also personally opposed to Fish's resignation. It is generally believed that the matter will be allowed to rest for the present. Should Fish insist that his resignation be accepted he will be requested to act as arbitrator on the part of the United States at Geneva, and it is believed will accept the mission.

NEW YORK, June 1.—A Washington correspondent of the *Sun* alleges that on Monday last Gen. Sickles was instructed by telegraph to notify the Spanish Government that the estates belonging to American citizens in Cuba, which have been sequestered, must immediately be returned to their owners, and the damages of their sequestration must be paid, or that warlike measures would be set on foot by the American Government. The order to Gen. Sickles was to give the Spanish Government one week in which to make its answer.

FOREST FIRES.

The "Fire Fiend" proposes to carry on an unusually lively campaign this season, if his first movements are an indication. He usually defers his visit to the summer months, but this season he is at work in the mountains and forests almost with the first appearance of spring vegetation. Reports from the mountain districts along the Hudson River show that a conflagration has been raging there for several days, and on a scale rarely equalled in one neighborhood, of which Liberty Village is the centre. It is estimated that ten thousand acres have been burned over, and the burnt district is described as "a mass of smouldering coals, and cannot be traversed by any living creature." This loss includes millions of forest trees, much of it fine timber, thousands of cords of tanners' bark and ship joints, together with fences, barns, dwellings, and whatever else the sparce population had left that was combustible. Nor was the loss confined to property. Three cabins, occupied by families, are reported in ashes, and no trace can be found of the inmates. At least, one man named Cooper, an aged hermit, was surrounded by the fire, and perished in his hut. He had lived for many years alone in a little terrace dell on "Adam's Apple," one of the mountain peaks, and was rarely seen except by hunters who happened to penetrate his forest. The spectacle of the mountain on fire is spoken of as something grand, beyond description. At intervals huge masses of smoke would brood over the flames, and descending, seemed to smother them into a darkness. Again the gigantic column of flames would dart up like colossal torches a thousand feet high. Three Englishmen, out on a trouting expedition, were so spell bound by the sight as to forget where they were until they found themselves hemmed in on all sides by the advancing flames. Smearing themselves all over with mud they made good their escape, but had to part with some highly prized beads, and trout. The origin of the fire is unknown, but the irreparable losses of life and property should lead to some measure likely to prevent its recurrence.

CURE YOUR HORSES.—It is to the interest of all who own horses to keep them in a healthy and sound condition; experience has proved that 'Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy' is the most efficacious, it has been used by thousands who will, cheerfully confirm this statement. For Heaves Coughs, Colds, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses it has no equal, nor is it equaled as a condition medicine; it purifies the blood, corrects and improves the appetite, and softens the skin; in fact, so great is the improvemen in the condition and apperance.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 2, 1871.

N Y O & H R R, 99; do Scrip 93½; Erie, 29½; Reading, 118; L S & M S, 114½; C & P, 121⅞; Harlem, 133; R J, 122 N W, 86½; do Pfd, 98½; Union Pacific 33½; O & M, 47⅞; M & St P, 62½; do Pfd, 81⅞.

Gold, 112½; Extra, 10⅞ to 11⅞.

Cotton, 17¼.

Flour, firm for spring grades. Receipts, 5,000 barrels; Sales, 9,000 barrels, at unchanged prices.

Rye flour, steady.

Wheat, heavy but rather easier. Receipts, 136,000 bushels. Sales, 62,000 bushels, at $1.47½ to $1.48 for Spring; $1.64 to $1.65 for Winter Red and Amber Western; $1.70 for White Western; $1.41 for mixed Spring.

Rye, quiet.

Corn, a shade easier. Receipts, 157,000 bushels. Sales, 61,000 bushels, at 68cts to 69cts for New Mixed Western, unsound; 70cts to 72cts for sound.

Barley, dull.

Oats, active and firmer. Receipts, 110,000 bushels. Sales, 54,000 bushels, at 63cts to 66cts for Western and Ohio.

Pork lower. Sales, at $15.25 to $15.37 for Mess.

Lard, lower at 9 to 10⅞ for steam; 10⅞ for kettle rendered.

Butter, 10cts to 24cts for State.

Cheese, 15cts to 23cts.

Petroleum, 15½ for Crude; 25½ for Refined.

LONDON MARKETS.

London, June 2, 11:30 a. m.

Consols, 93⅞.

Bonds, firm, '62, 90½; '65, 90½; '67, 92½; 10-40s, 89.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, June 2, 10:30 a. m.

Cotton, firmer.

Uplands, 7⅞.

Orleans, 8 to 8⅛.

Stock on hand, 957,000 bales, including 611,000 American.

USEFUL INFORMATION.—It is said that olive oil administered internally is an excellent remedy for the gout, and is also beneficial in paralysis and epilipsy; but for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, colds and colic, and the removal of the pain generally, there is nothing like the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," it is the most reliable remedy For sale by Druggists and country dealers Price 25 cents per bottle.

ENGLISH MAGAZINES.—The June number of "Bow Bells," just received by Messrs. Durie & Son is a splendid one. It contains in addition to the usual large quantity of reading matter, illustrations, &., a fashion supplement with a coloured fashion plate. The "Young Ladies' Journal" is also an illustrated magazine which has established for itself a wide-spread reputation. All the English magazines can be obtained at Messrs. Durie's.

HOW TO MAKE MONEY.—A horse dealer residing in the vicinity of Keyport, N. J., and who buys up horses for the New York market, purchases "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" by the dozen and feeds it to his horses; he says it is superior to anything that he has ever used as a condition medicine, that the horses are so much more improved by its use as to sell more readily and command higher prices. Two other horse dealers, one residing at Huntingdon, the other at Glen Cove, L. I., also purchase it by the dozen and for the same purpose; those men, as well as many others similarly engaged, know too well the value and importance of this medicine ever to be without it Remember the name, and see that the signature

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of we selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with—boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-line packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London d1509 1y

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD, and similar troubles, if suffered to progress, results in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

The TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in low localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than any other articles.

OBTAIN ONLY BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, and do not take any of the Worthless Imitations that may be offered.

"TROCHES," SO-CALLED SOLD BY THE OUNCE, are a poor immitation and nothing like Brown's Bronchial Troches, which are sold only in boxes with fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

Outside wrapper of box, and private government stamp attached to each box.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order Be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurse in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World; in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuie unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine dealers. 25 cents a bottle. Office 215 Fulton street, New York; and 493 Oxford street, London.

Be sure and calk for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the fac-simili of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Just received a case of Ladies Hats in latest and most fashionable styles at Allan' McKinnons & McMorrans.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

BIRTH.

At Hull, on the 31st May, the wife of C. B. Wright, Esq., of a son.

Wife to Husband—(Rubbing the PAIN-KILLER on his Rheumatic shoulder briskly.) Its a great pity such a good medicine as Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER is not more extensively used, just see what a world of good it has done even since we have had it. George don't have the toothache any more, it has saved Fredy a severe attack of Fever, it has cured me of Dyspepsia and I know it will relieve you of Rheumatism.

Husband:—You are right, Mary, the PAIN-KILLER seems to fire up the cold corners of my shoulder and puts new life into it, it certainly does act instantaneously, I do think, my dear, I am cured already (meditatingly) well, well, all I have heard said of it is true, my shoulder is free from pain the first time for these two months.

Wife:—Its strange, we never have been induced to try it before, I should have thought you would have been often advised to try it.

Husband:—I have had the PAIN-KILLER recommended many times, but between the Doctor and Druggists they have always succeeded in keeping me from using it by suggesting other trash that has done me no good.

Wife:—People seem to enjoy paying the Doctor five or ten Dollars every now and then to experiment on them, when a twenty five cent bottle of PAIN-KILLER would give them far more relief, and then the Druggists are so obliging it is very hard to say "I want Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER and nothing else will do," and thus refuse to buy their trash.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

CARPETS, &c.

The subscriber has been instructed by MRS MILLS, to sell at her residence, Sparks street, (Evan's Block), on MONDAY, JUNE 5th, 1871, her household property, consisting of Parlor Carpet, new, Side Table, B W, Cane Chairs, handsome Sideboard, B W, Marble Mantlepiece, Pictures, Hall Oil Cloth, H B Stove, Stair Carpet and Rods, B W B droom Set, beautifully carved, Spring Matrasses, Hair Mattrasses, Bedsteads, excellent Cooking Stove and furniture, Dining Table, Kitchen Chairs, Tubs, Pails and Water Barrels, a quantity of Stove, Delf, Glassware, and Table Cutlery, new, and a number of other articles not enumerated.

Sale at 11 a.m.

TERMS CASH.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871. 1679td

CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS ACT OF 1871.

ELECTION PETITION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

Take notice that the above Petition will be tried at the COURT HOUSE, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the Sixteenth day of JUNE, A.D. 1871, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, and on such other subsequent days as may be needful. The said City of Ottawa having been appointed by the Court of Queen's Bench, for the place of trial of the said Election Petition, by rule of the said Court.

Dated the 27th day of May, A.D 1871.

By order,
ROBERT G. DALTON.
Clerk of the Crown of the Court of Queen's Bench

May 30, 1871 1679tf

WANTED,

As a PORTER to a PUBLIC OFFICE, a steady active man, who can be well recommended

Enquire at the Office of this Paper.

Ottawa, June 3, 1871 1682tf

THE NEW BOOKS,

AT DURIE & SON'S.

Blunt's Dictionary of Doctrinal and Historical Theology, 1 vol. Cloth	$9 00
Dr. Norman McLeod's Peeps at the Far East, beautifully printed and elaborately Illustrated	5 25
Ea'ph, The Heir; by Anthony Trollope (Paper)	25
The Athanasian Creed, with a preface on the general recommendations of the Ritual Commission	60
The Nile Tributaries of Abyssinia, by sir Saml. Baker, (new cheap Eng. Ed.)	1 25
My Study Windows, by Jas. Russell Lowell, (English Edition)	45
Mivart's Genesis of Species	1 75
Darwin's Descent of Man, 2 vols	3 50
The *Daily News* Correspondence of the War between France and Germany, complete	
White Melville's Good for Nothing Paper	75
The American Religion (Weiss)	1 50
Postal Cards and Postage Stamps for Sale by J. DURIE & SON.	

Ottawa, May 3, 1871 1682 1

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways, for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3;45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 6 50 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2 40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.10 A.M.

LOCAL NEWS.

New Dress Goods, &c., at Allan, McKinnons & McMoran's.

Derlin's Hats that R Hats.

The police force have so much work on their hands now that they have not time to serve summonses, and that duty will in future be performed by Mr. Nile.

SALE OF CITY LOTS.—The lots sold by Mr. Birmingham yesterday, at his Auction Rooms, varied from $250 to $1,600, being considered good prices.

LUMBER—Up to date this season the following amount of timber has passed through the Chaudiere slides: White Pine, 1,088 cribs; Red Pine, 377 cribs, and of mixed Pine and Hardword, 12 cribs.

ORANGE NEWS—The Orange Lodges of Ontario are preparing for a grand celebration on the 12th, to come off at Brockville.

Derlin's Hats that R Hats.

COW BY-LAW.—A number of persons will answer at the police court this morning to the charge of allowing their cows to run at large in the public streets, and among this band of law breakers is a municipal law maker—one of our worthy aldermen.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The treasurer of the Protestant County of Carleton General Hospital acknowledges, per honour of the Revd. Henry M. Fletcher, the receipt of ten dollars from Mr. Goldney's fund in aid of said Institution.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.—A meeting of the St. Andrew's Society will be held on Monday evening at 8 o'clock, in the Immigrant Aid Rooms. The object of the meeting is to carry out the arrangements for the celebration of Sir Walter Scott's centenary, on the 9th of August. A full attendance of members is requested.

The attendance on the market yesterday was pretty large. Fish were rather scarce, and commanded higher prices than usual.

Butter was plentiful, but bore a rather unpleasant appearance from the effect of the heat. It sold from 15c to 17c per pound, in tubs.

Eggs brought 15c to 17c per doz.
Oats 60c to 65c per bushel.
Potatoes 60c to 65c per bushel.
Hay $14 to $16 per ton.

Arrivals at the Russell House yesterday were: William T Thomson, Montreal; G Twomley, Prescott; Robert Weir, do; E Johnson and Wife, do; Thos Bonnett, New Castle; Rufus Stephenson, Chatham; R Bell, Carleton Place; D McIntyre, Montreal; Chas James, Stratford; Geo Bremner, Toronto; Frank Moberly, do; Frank Iveson, Metcalf; John Sully & Son, Boston, Mass; Capt A Fraser, Kinburn; Thos Labatt, Montreal; Neel Robertson, Arnprior; A Bell, Almonte; E B Usborne, Pakenham; A W Shepperd, Brockville; G R Godson, Quebec; W Chapman, England.

POLICE COURT — Friday. — Mary Anne Hunter, a girl from Montreal, charged with vagrancy, was sentened to 1 month's imprisonment. His Worship offered to let her go if she would return to Montreal, but she refused to do so.

A case of abusive language, in which two women were the parties concerned, was dismissed.

Solomon Edwards, charged with allowing his cow to run at large, not appearing in Court, a warrant was issued for his arrest.

A person charged with having foul premises was fined $3, and $2 costs.

Robert Tellford, from Clarence, was in the dock charged with obtaining goods under false pretences. He was sent to Aylmer for trial, the offence having been committed in the Province of Quebec.

STEAM FIRE ENGINE.—About 8 o'clock last evening the Union Steam Fire Engine was taken down to the canal basin headed by the company's band which played some lively tunes along the way and at the canal. In less than ten minutes after fire was started in the furnace (no coal oil being used) fifty pounds of steam were registered, and the greatest pressure of steam put on at any period during the evening was 120 pounds. The distance it threw water was at best about 160 feet, but it would be impossible to maintain a sufficient pressure of steam to continue such a volume for any length of time. At a fire the stream would not be so strong, but more uniform. It displayed its good qualities for over an hour last evening, affording a large concourse of spectators considerable pleasure, and a number of ubiquitous youngsters the exquisite sensations consequent upon an ablution obtained under adventurous circumstances.

ASHBURNHAM HILL ON ITS MUSCLE.—Ashburnham Hill was the scene of an Amazonian conflict on Thursday evening last. Two youngsters were the prime cause; they fought first and one cut the other severely with a stone over the eye. The mothers of the boys then appeared on the ground, and having commenced action with their tongues, they squared off for a pitched battle. They fought heroically, apparently little minding the ravages of their finger nails, or the loss of their chignons and hair generally. Every now and then, they retreated a few steps, and as they returned to the charge with a crushing momentum, they sent forth a piercing war-whoop, which soon brought new combatants, and all the boys and women of Ashburnham Hill generally, to the scene. Then a general *melee* took place, and for a time there was danger of something serious occurring. They finally went to their homes, however, and after consulting their husbands, who were for finishing out the affair among themselves, came to the Police Station yesterday and took out a number of informations.

RIFLE MATCH.

A very interesting rifle match took place yesterday afternoon at the Rideau Rifle Range. The competitors, as will be seen below, are well known crack shots of this city. There was a stiff breeze blowing across the range, which materially affected the shooting:

The Cotton Team.

	200 Yds.		500 Yds.		600 Yds.		
W H Cotton	4432323	21	3044321	21	0223323	13—	55
F Cotton..	2222232	15	2333321	21	2242240	16—	52
A F Cotton	2221444	21	0332230	13	0000002	2—	36
J Cotton..	2212234	19	4344243	24	4432214	22—	65
		76		80		54	212

The Harris Team

	200 Yds.		500 Yds.		600 Yds.		
A L Russell	2232323	17	4433433	20	3003323	12—	49
Jas Harris.	2332221	18	2232403	18	4342442	20—	56
N Morrison	3322422	20	3312244	21	0241333	20—	61
H Walters.	3303324	19	2234434	22	0042433	19—	60
		74		83		71	226

Majority for the Harris Team, 10 points.

Mr. A. F. Cotton's rifle became leaded towards the close of the firing, and several shots, as a consequence, fell short of the target. A large number of spectators were present throughout, and manifested much in the match which was very closely contested. It is proposed to have a return match on Monday next.

CONTESTED ELECTIONS.

It is probably known that a court will be held in Ottawa on the 16th inst., Chief Justice Hagarty presiding, to decide finally in contested Ontario elections. Preliminary proceedings are in the mean time going on at Toronto.

RUSSELL—MORGAN VS. CRAIG.

In this case Mr. Morgan is, by the latest order received from Toronto by Messrs. Wright & Clemow, Mr. Craig's Attorneys, precluded from giving evidence in the trial as to bribery, treating, or undue influence of any elector, by Mr. Craig or his agents, or with his consent, which would affect the seat of the sitting member; but Mr. Morgan is permitted to go into a scrutiny of votes. This order is considered fatal to Mr. Morgan's prospects in the case.

CARLETON—LYON VS. MONCK.

In this case Messrs. Wright & Clemow, the Attorneys of Mr. Monck, having succeeded in obtaining an order before the Chief Justice of Ontario, ordering Mr. Lyon to give on or before the 8th June instant, further particulars than those already given by specifying and distinguishing such of the acts of the corrupt practices charged against Mr. Monk or his agents, or committed with his knowledge; also distinguishing any corrupt act charged against Mr. Monk personally, or done with his consent, from acts done by his agents without his consent. If these particulars are not furnished, Mr. Lyon is precluded from giving any evidence of the above at the trial of the petition.

USE OF THE MOST NOTABLE PROPERTIES OF DR. WHEELER'S ELIXIR OF PHOSPHATES AND CALISAYA is its sustaining power during active mental and physical exertion. Business men, Editors, Clergymen, Lawyers, Physicians, and all classes engaged in any occupation requiring great application and consequent fatigue, will find this remedy invaluable, as it will enable them to accomplish their work with comparative ease. Any one trying a bottle will find this statement fully sustained. Phosphate of Lime is an active agent of nutrition, constituting more than fifty per cent. of the system; Phosphoric Acid, a powerful Nerve Tonic; Phosphate of Iron, a blood maker; and Calisaya, an agreeable supporting stimulant. The combination of these remedies forms a Nutritive Tonic or Chemical Food, and nourishes and vitalizes the constitution in the same manner as an article of diet. Sold by all druggists.

EVANS MERCER & CO.,
Wholesale Agent.

To Charles Leduc,

Of the township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa, Esquire.

SIR,—We, the undersigned Electors of the County of Ottawa, having confidence in your intelligence and integrity to represent this section of the County, in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec, hereby request you to become a candidate at the next election, and we pledge you our support and influence to obtain your election:—

Rev Père Reboul,	Pierre Poulin,
Rev Père Beaudin,	I H Richer, J P
Ruggles Wright,	F X Bouvier. Maire,
P Wetherall Wright,	Francois Laurin, J. P.
Dr C E Graham, Councillor,	Alfred Coté, peintre,
	Joseph Prudhomme,
Samuel Pink, Councillor,	Anselme Bédard,
	Basile Bédard,
Alex Prudhomme,	NéréVachon, hôtellier
Moise Bisson, Councillor,	Frs Robert,
	Alexandre Laselle,
M Tétreau, P.,	Joseph Berurand,
Chas Marcil, Avocat,	Aug Monette,
Charles Roussel,	J Bte Hébert,
Hubert Blais,	Francois Normand,
JosephPoliquin, Père,	Joseph Nadon,
Félix Périard,	P H Chabot,
James Chénier,	Adolphe Chabot,
Guillaume Périard,	Joseph Valade,
Joseph Campeau,	Basile Bédard,
Joseph Poliquin, fils,	Hyacinthe Madar,
Seraphin St Denis,	Joseph Archambault,
Isaac Martin,	Amable Patenaude,
J Bte Châtillon,	Hypolite Legrand,
Alexis Latreille,	Hilaire Jolicœur,
Alexis St Denis,	Olivier Milliotte,
J Bte Dubrule,	Joseph Rairard,
Bte Lalonde,	Joseph Pepin,
Clément Jodouin,	Thomas Sauvé,
Francois Bastien,	Joseph Deschêne,
Nazeret Fauteux,	Camille Augé,
Pierre Pichette,	Chars Fhalerdan,
Luc Derragon,	Louis Barrett,
Basile Villeneuve,	Hilaire Champagne,
Daniel Papillon,	Amable Sauvé,
Jos Beaudin. M D,	Joseph Montreuil,
Gilbert Leclerc,	Olivier Pilon,
Théophile Turcotte,	J Bte Gauthier,
Jérémie Boyer,	François Groulx,
Moise Campeau, jr,	Victor Corbeil,
Edouard Clermont,	J Bte Chalifou,
Alphonse Grignon,	Israël Terrien,
Edouard Joubert,	Hypolite Legrand,
Narcisse Carpentier,	Louis Désjardins,
Luc Lalonde,	J Bte Lapensée,
FrancoisCharbonneau,	Alphonse Grignon,
Prospère Ducharme,	Amable Lapierre,
Onésime Fréchette,	Cyrille Chémér.
Joseph Lemieux, jr,	Narcisse Chartran,
Ambroise Sanctueur,	Agustin Pepin, fils,
Cléophas Sabourin,	Richard Nevill,
Pierre Proulx,	Alexandre D'Aoust,
John Wright,	Hubert Côté,
Charles Renaud,	Edouard Renaud,
Alfred Filiatrault,	Xavier Sarrasin,
Téophile Cabana,	S B Cimon, Merchant,
Olivier Martin,	Solomon Chartrand,
M W Noctor,	Théophile Blondin,
M Laflamme, fils,	J Bte Arbicque,
Amable Bertrand,	Joseph E Leduc,
J Bte Bertrand,	Boucher,
Edouard Dupins,	J Bte Leduc,
Louis Laviolette,	Hotellier,
Louis Bastien,	Louis Gaumont,
Louis Cadieux, Marchand,	Peintre,
	F X Elie Gauthier,
Eustache Guilbeau, Masson,	Marchand,
	Jean Bte Amiot,
A Rithier, Marchand,	J Bte Audette,
Onésime Paquette, Marchand,	Pierre Daoust,
	Alfred Graton,
Joseph Charbonneau, Marchand,	Eustache Libersar.,
	Joseph Lalonde,
Alphonse Thérien,	André Riopelle,
Hector Lapointe,	J Bte Villeneuve,
Félix Labelle,	Isidore Dechêne,
Honoré Labelle, Marchand,	Chs Beauvois,
	Toussaint Deslaurier,
Hilaire Vieau,	Timothé Lefort,
Robert Auclair, Marchand,	Evariste Dechêne,
	Joseph Carriere,
Edouard Truesdell, Avocat,	Joseph Villancour,
	Louis Peronce,
Gilbert Leclerc,	Cyrille St Denis,
M Silvère Dumontier,	Marchand,
I J, Cuthbert Bordeleau, Cordonnier,	Antoine Parant, ouvrier,
	Alphonse Pichette,
Onesime Groulx,	Firmin Richard,
Joseph Grondin,	Masson,
Joseph Vincent,	Dolphice Jannary,
J B Gauthier,	cordonier,
Capt Hypolite Fortin,	Toussaint Dupuis,
J Bte Grenier, Hotellier,	Olivier Caron,
	J Bte Charbonneau,
Hormisdas Bernêche, Masson,	Isidore Jaudoin,
	Joseph Jaudoin,
Joachim Lafrance,	marchand,
Jules Pichette,	Calixe Rouleau,
Gossien Blais,	charretier,
Louis Groulx,	Arsène Lasule,
Jules Doucet,	F Xavier Rouleau,
Dolphin Fortier,	Narcisse Carpentier,
Jean Reginbal,	François Lalonde,
J Bte Brancho,	Honoré Doré,
Pierre Champagne, fils,	William Timmens, marchand,
Joseph Papin, Père,	Marcelin Larose,
Joseph Groulx,	merchand,
Charles Menard,	François Vachon,
Joseph Verboncœur, Masson,	boulanger,
	Joseph Larose,
Louis Corbeil,	boucher,
Chrs B F Piché,	Augustin Papin, Père,
Etienne Prudhomme,	Alfred Lanc,
Barnabé D'Arpentigni	Octave Latour,
H Gravel, Conseiller,	Gustave Chevrier,
Etienne Delorier,	Louis Barrette,
Evangeliste Roy,	Joseph Larose,
Etienne Béseth,	J Bte Larose,
Alfred Derouin,	Pierre Bonneville,
Godfroid Cayé,	Louis Charette,
Louis Goulet,	Antoine Charette,
Bélonie Alard,	Joseph Derouin,
Magloire Dumontier,	Adolphe Derouin,
Narcisse Dusault,	André Plouff,
Isaie Dazé,	Norbert Noir, fils,
Michel Dieaire, S R,	Alfred St Louis,
Michel Dicaine, Sr,	J Bte Derouin,
A L G Dumoutier,	Jacques Goyette,
Edouard Duquet,	Napoleon Moreau,
Bernabé Darpentigny,	Désiré Bastarache,
Michel Navion,	Martin Butler,
Ludger Navion,	H Labelle, hotellier,
Joseph Duquette,	Cyphrien Ouellette,
Charles Hynds,	George Thomas,
Pierre Racine, ouvrier,	Louis Dussault,
	Timothe Roy,
J Bte Sayen, Père,	Joseph Roy,
J Bte Sayen, fils,	A L Dumontier,
Alexandre Sayen,	Eustache Simon,
Néré Rochon, ouvrier,	marchand,
Telesphore Rochon, Hotellier,	André Sabourin,
	Grégoire Belanger,
François Ranger,	George Duguay,
Nazaire Guilmette,	Xavier Patenaude,
Jean Bte Dorion,	Théophile Beaudin,
Emanuel Dorion,	J B Bessete,
Jean Bte Chenier,	Théophile Laure,
Edmond Bertrand,	Gédéon Loyer,
Michel Hotte,	E Richer Sr.,
François Counal,	E Richer Jr,
Paschal Ouilette,	Alphonse Roy,
Fabien Soulière,	Joseph Roy,
Joseph Gosselin,	Octave Dubuc,
Pierre Sauvé,	Edouard Renaud,
François Galarneau,	Narcisse Mirault,
François Chatelle,	Narcisse Fréchette,
Pierre St Martin,	Joseph Papin,
Thomas Proulx,	John McDonald,
Bernabé Sabourin,	Treffile Laliberté,
Ignace Renaud,	Napoleon Therien,
Sévère Chatellad,	Camille Chenevert,
G Bonbardin,	Victor Levesque,
Honoré Labelle,	Octave Levesque,
Amédée Sabourin,	Alexander Taylor,
Hercule Verboncœur,	Moise Galipeau,
Magloire Carrière,	John Thibert,
Thomas Lynard,	Chs Auger,
Charles Fournelle,	Joseph Buissière,
Adélane Verboncœur	Joseph Marion,
François Goulet,	Candide Pilon,
Samuel Pelerin,	Chs Goyette,
Telesp Sauvaugeau,	François Gendron,
Ambroise Roy,	Noé Perrier,
I L Tacko,	Severin Lachapelle,
Alexis Côté,	Narcisse Brossard,
Alfred Côté,	Joseph Mulérin,
Louis Gaumond,	Eustache Rochon,
Norbert Plante,	Magloire Landry sr,
Calixte Viau,	Magloire Landry jr,
François Brosseau,	Jean Bte Castonguay
Elie Bourgeois,	Frs Larose,
J Bte Lebris,	Felix Dault,
Felix Cardinal,	Maxime Hébert,
Erneste Duchesne,	F E Fortin,
David Lamotte,	Henri Guertin,
Pierre Durocher,	O Messier,
Jean B Lacasse,	John Broadhead,
Louis Roi,	Wm Sayer,
Hyacinthe Madore,	Moise Daigneau,
Mar Larose,	Alphonse Richard,
Elie Labelle,	Hilaire Mathias,
Joseph Carrière,	Gustave Chevrier,
Augustin Larose,	Godefroi Latreille,
Joseph Venance,	Mathias Rousson,
Joseph Franche,	Nap Lacasse,
François Sauriole,	Wm Anderson,
Mizael Pariseau,	Aimée Jodouin,
Jean Bte Séguin,	T Raymond,
George Grenier,	Aimée Monfils,
George Latrimouille,	J Bte Lafontaine,
Victor Bourgeois,	Louis Desmarais,
Joseph Riopelle,	Basil St Louis,
Joseph Lefebvre,	Wilfred Bissonnette,
Isaie Fleury,	Chs Denommés,
Nérée Rochon,	Jos Charbonneau,
Jean Bte Séguin jr,	Alexandre Morin,
Joseph Séguin,	Geo Ardi
Pierre Vallée,	Capt John A Boult,
Joseph Pelchat,	Jno Bte Dupuis,
Olivier Paré,	Louis Fortin,
Joseph Lécuyer,	Thos Mousseau
Joachin Lafontaine } Adolph Vilneuve, } conseillers	Jeremie Bergeron,
	Pierre Matte,
Olivier Charette, } Joseph Moreau, } conseillers	Gabriel Lauzier,
	Baptiste Lauzier
E. S. Boncheaul,	J Bte Desjardin,
Joseph Daoust	Mag Charbonneau,
D. Derouin,	Prosper Oliver,
Amable Beaudry, Jr.	Maxime Chartier,
Amable Baudry, Sr.	Xavier Peaudevins,
Louis Cyr.	Alexandre Dupras,
Joseph Dion,	Oliver Vilneuve,
J. Bte. Audette.	Joseph Charboneau,
Jerimie Charon,	Louis Bertrand,
Théophile Vieau,	Joseph Beaubien,
Amable Martel,	Jean Charette,
F. X. Laurin, Jr.	Felix Tetie,
Pascal Cyr.	Edouard St Germain,
Charles Cyr.	Napoleon Bertrand,
Pierre Posée,	Antoine Lafontaine,
Alfred Osburn,	Octave Lamanche,
Felix Pepin, Jr.	Francois Lacloches,
Jerimie Hurtubise.	Richard Kelly,
Thomas Homes.	F X Girard, Maire,
Eustache Hebert, Jr.	Conseilliers,
Eustache Hebert, Sr.	John Prudhomme,
Arsene Hebert,	Salem Charette,
France Lagasse,	Buckingham,
Joseph Charon,	Peter Barret,
Julien Decarie Jr.	EustacheGradmaison,
Julien Decarie Sr.	Buckingham,
Antoine Dore,	Louis Lecuyer,
Julien Decarie,	Oné Constantineau,
Grégoire Matte,	Maxime Hamelin,
Francois Aubry,	Joseph Laurin,
Francois Nadon,	Eusebe Lafontaine,
Isid. Constantineau,	Felix Charon,
J Bte Bresetts, Jr,	Honoré Lafontaine,
J Bte Bresetts, Sr,	Narcise Roy,
Joseph Pilon Jr.	Louis Jolicoeur,
Joseph Campeau Jr,	J Bte Brunette,
Eusebe Campeau,	Narcise Roy, Père,
Augustin Campeau,	J Bte Hout, Père,
J Bte Descarie,	J Bte Hout, fils,
Louis Cousineau,	Joseph Lafontaine, Père,
J N Rousel, N P	
Salem Charette,	Seraphin Belanger,
Moise Charon,	François Belanger,
Napoleon Belanger,	Michael Padden,
Elie Belanger,	Louis Cousineau,
Gilbert Lachapelle,	J Bte Benoit,
Joseph Hurtubise,	Celestin Belanger,
Hypolite Jascon,	J Bte Loucire,
Isaac Lepin,	Moise Galipeau,
Joachim Lafontaine,	Emanuel Dufresne,
Antoine Lafontaine,	Alexandre Charon,
Octave Lamarche,	Hyacinthe Amour,
Charles Lafontaine,	Marcel Ploof,
Jules Belanger,	Guillaume Nantel,
Julliare Marenger,	Louis Lécuyer, Père,
Louis Lafontaine,	Estor St François,
S Moreau Marchand,	Narcise Roy, Père,
Joseph Lafontaine, J P.	Narcise Roy, fils,
Pierre Charette,	Antoine Gareau, Père,
Narcisse Hatte,	Antoine Gareau, fils,
D Derouin,	François Brunette,
Joseph Galipeau,	Damasse Charon,
Louis Paturin,	Treffle Hornier,
Nap Constantineau,	J Bte Lequeli,
Maxime Bélan, Sr,	Eusèbe St Jean,
Joseph Charon,	Louis Bélanger,
Joseph St Jacques,	J Bte Legance, Père

REPLY.

To the Rev. Fathers Reboul, Beaudin, Messrs. Ruggles Wright, P. X. Bouvier, and others, and to all the Electors of the County of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—After reading the above requisition, signed, as it is, by such a large number of the most influential electors of the County, I deem it a duty to accede to your request, acknowledging, therefore, the high honor conferred upon me by your invitation, I beg leave to inform you that I will present myself at the coming elections as candidate for the representation of the rich and important County of Ottawa.

After a 5 years connection with the press, and a long and careful study of the politics of this country, I beg to tender to this County and the Province in general, the benefit of my experience and the result of my labors.

If elected, I pledge myself to give my cordial support to all measures, which, in my humble opinion, I will consider necessary or useful to this Province and to this County in particular—nevertheless I may state here that in politics my principles and views have always been liberal, and progressive, and are Conservative. Agriculture, commerce, and education, are three questions which will be objects of my most earnest and careful consideration, as I regard them as indispensable and essential alike to the welfare, prosperity, and growth of a nation.

I will endeavor to promote and protect the lumber trade, more especially in the interest of this county, as I consider that trade to be not only one of the greatest sources of wealth in this country, but also as a principal means of extending considerably the limits of colonization.

I will do all in my power to encourage colonization by giving my support to and adopting the most efficient and effectual means of encouraging emigration to these parts of the country which are yet unsettled—by obtaining from the Government for that object, liberal grants for the opening of roads and the construction of bridges, and especially by *exercising scrupulous justice and fairness* in the distribution of the different sums of money which may be voted for that purpose.

I will also endeavor to encourage the opening out and the working of the immense mineral resources of this country, by calling the attention of capitalists, and if I succeed in that object, the Government, the capitalist, the laborer will alike profit by it.

In the distribution of the public offices of this country I will endeavour to show more liberality, justice, and impartiality than has been heretofore manifested. I will recommend the appointment of men worthy in every respect to fill these offices to the satisfaction of all parties concerned. I will be careful not to leave indefinitely vacant any office which by its importance to the county ought to be filled up at once.

I shall endeavor, on every occasion, to exhibit a liberal spirit towards all. I hold in contempt those who take a hole and corner view, or what is worse, regard with an eye of personal greed questions of grave importance to the country at large. as has been done in the past; yet I believe in the advantage to a county of great extent such as this of having as its representative a person residing in as central a place as possible. Such as Hull, for instance.

I well recognize the absurdity of raising national "cries" in political matters; nevertheless, without attempting anything of the kind, I must say that in the Quebec Parliament, composed almost exclusively of French Canadians, it is to the advantage of almost any county in the Province, to select a French Canadian as its representative, as he finds himself among those of his own race and language, and is enabled to address them with greater facility than one of another origin.

To conclude, gentlemen, if elected, I shall exert my best energies to promote the progress of the Province, and particularly of this county. I shall ever be happy and grateful to my fellow-citizens for their advice, and, I shall devote myself with all my heart to the duties of the responsible position you shall have conferred on me. Meanwhile,

I remain,
Gentlemen,
Your humble servant,
CHARLES LEDUC.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Have again the pleasure of introducing to the *Gentlemen of Ottawa*, this Department, which, in connection with their understood business, they have maintained with a steady increase and unequalled success.

The facilities possessed by M. & R. in their semi-annual presence in the

LONDON, LEEDS,
—AND—
MANCHESTER MARKETS,

Affording opportunities of an early choice and selection, rendered almost indispensable by the present fluctuating changes in fashion.

They would desire to place in prominence, only a few of the choice assortment of which their stock is composed, but would specially notice the every day want of

TWEED SUITS,

And take the liberty of recommending the now

JUSTLY CELEBRATED

BANNOCKBURN TWEEDS,
CHEVIOT "
"The LORNE" "
CANADIAN "
Mixed SCOTCH & ENGLISH TWEEDS,

Appropriate alike for the Tourist, or Business Man, and suitable for all weathers.

MAGEE & RUSSELL would solicit the favour of an early examination of the most fashionable Striped Goods procured specially for their

TROUSERS,

For which Garment they take special credit to themselves, and invite attention to the fact.

The existing style of close fitting Trousers, assuming a more elegant appearance by this innovation in the article, from which they are at present made, are in high demand, and amongst their stock will be found

THE STRIPED

ANGOLA TWEED,
DIAGONAL do,
Mixed CHEVIOT do,

and that unexcelled article for quietness of style, and neatness in aspect, the small

SHEPPARD CHECK.

They have constantly on hand the usual stock of

Superior West of England Broad Cloths.
Black Does,
Oxford do.,
Fancy do.,
Heather Mixtures,
Melton Cloths,
Figured Coatings,
Silk Mixed do.,
Summer Vestings,
&c., &c., &c.

The Department, at present under able control, has gained for itself the reputation of combining adherance to the latest London and New York Fashions, with that moderate departure from which will suit the taste of the most fastidious.

In returning thanks to the Gentlemen of Ottawa and surrounding districts, for their former favours, they respectfully request an early call, fully assured that decided satisfaction will be the result, and a continued patronage.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871.

FOR SALE.

VERY CHEAP,
—AT THE—
DOMINION AUCTION ROOMS,
16 RIDEAU STREET.

A set of First-Class

GROCERY FIXTURES, (COUNTER, SHELVES, DRAWERS, &c.)

ALSO:

A large quantity of Tea and other Groceries and Liquors.

A third. of Molasses to be sold cheap (very low).

A large consignment of Books, Stationery, Jewellery, Clothing, Boots, &c

Regular Auction Sales weekly.

Consignments received and prompt returns made.

Real Estate Sales promptly attended to.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871 1 64tf

AUCTION SALES
BY A. GAGNIER.
AT DOMINION AUCTION ROOMS.

The subscriber begs to inform the public of Ottawa, that he has opened an Auction Room at No, 16 Rideau street, and is prepared to undertake the Sale of Furniture and Household effects, at the residences of owners. Semi-Weekly sales of Furniture and General Merchandise, at 16 Rideau street, every TUESDAY and SATURDAY, at 8 o'clock p.m.

The encouragement of the Public is respectfully solicited

A. GAGNIER,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 22, 1871 146tf

PORTER'S BLOCK.

34. SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

In their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good selection,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,

NEW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS
Departments.

THE SALVAGE GOODS,

Amounting to Over $7,500,

SAVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared out at prices which will be sure to command sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low price goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,
PORTER'S BLOCK,
34 SPARKS STREET

Ottawa, March 30, 1871 1628y

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWICE DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY,

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the 1st of July next.

10lbs per day for the season..	$5 00
20lbs. " " ..	9 00
10lbs month	1 50
20lbs "	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

Terms strictly Cash in advance.

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Bass & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

JOSEPH PALMER

N B—Ice supplied in season or out.

Ottawa April 5th

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

GIN—
J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness'sj and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, Imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Would beg to call the attention of the public to

NEW GOODS,

NOW

(DAILY ARRIVING),

COMPRISING:

100 Pieces New Light Prints,

Fast Colors, and latest designs, at 11½c. per yard, splendid value.

—ALSO—

a large additional Stock of new

DRESS GOODS,

in Shades suitable for the Season.

A Good Cloth, light colors, 15c. per yard.
An Extra, Wide Width, 20cts and 25cts.

—AND—

A large assortment of

NEW HATS

In latest and most Fashionable Styles.

Every Department fully Assorted.

Call and examine our large and elegant Stock of Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, and Mantles, before purchasing elsewhere.

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN
SUCCESSORS TO
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.,
No. 20 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871.

NEW CITY BAKERY.

The undersigned has established a new BAKERY, at the corner of Dalhousie and St Patrick streets, from which the public can be supplied with all the latest improvements of the trade.

Bread Carriages will at all times be in readiness to supply occasional, and attend to the orders of regular customers.

The subscriber respectfully solicits a share of patronage.

J. LOUGHRAN.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1679tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A 1 first-Class TINSMITH, to take charge of the Shop. Salary, $40 per month, payable 1st of every month. Apply at once to C. P. DORION, 60 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, June 2, 1871. 1681tf

CLOTHING HALL!

New Store.

J. M. GOULDEN

Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at

No. 100 Sussex Street,

NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,

A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS
—AND—
READY MADE CLOTHING.

Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.

Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.

Do not Forget the Place

No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.

Ottawa, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street.

Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,
OF BROCKVILLE,

Who will continue the Business in the same premises, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 Rideau Street.

Ottawa, June 2, 1871

In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

Ottawa, June 2, 1871. 1681 2m

The Tea Pot,
RIDEAU STREET.

Try John HILL'S Teas and Coffees.

Try JOHN HILL'S Teas and Coffees and you'll find
That they are of a most superior kind.
The various samples, when you fairly test,
Will find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who at his depot
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

Try John HILL'S Teas and Coffees.

Try JOHN HILL'S Teas and Coffees and you'll find
That they are of a most superior kind.
The various samples, when you fairly test,
You'll find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who at this depot
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

The following TEAS and COFFEES have been received within the last few days, and as they are FRESH and (NEW SEASON) can be recommended, the flavor being equal to any Teas ever imported into Canada:

FINEST JAPAN TEA (The very best that can be produced)
EXCELLENT KAISOW GONGOU TEA (Something extra).
CHOICE YOUNG HYSON TEA.

VERY SUPERIOR BLACK TEA (Very Sonchong) in Caddies of 10 lbs each.
VERY FINEST GUNPOWDER TEA (Something extra).
EXTRA SCENTED ORANGE PEKOE.

PURE JAPAN TEA, 60 cts. per lb., or 5 lbs. of the same article for $2.75.

GOOD SOUND TWANKAY TEA, 5 lbs. for $2.00.

*The Finest Flav

Steamers.

ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*.....Captain Findlay.
" *Emerald*......... " Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*... " Murphy.
" *Alliance*........ " Blondin.
" *Oregon*.......... " Beattie.
" *[illegible] Bird*...... "
" *Jason Gould*..... " Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*.. " Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*........ " Duggan.
Pontiac........... " D. Mulligan
Keppawe........... " B J Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Captaine.

Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau, every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m Returning—Leaving Chapeau same day at 1 o'clock, p.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2 30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,

CAPT. BOWIE,

PRINCE OF WALES,

CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland.

The Iron Side-Wheel Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.
And another Steamer to be purchased.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Picton, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 23rd May, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Paspediac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 30th May, at 7 o'clock, a.m, and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 19th May, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 20th May, at 4 o'clock p.m., calling at Father Point, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 26th May, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 30th May, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Quebec, Thursday, the 18th May, for Charlottetown, P.E.I., Pictou, N. S., and Ports in the Gut of Canso.

She has great capacity for Freight.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE.
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

A few good Fowls for sale.

J. HERBERT,
N on-st., West
near Richmond Road, Ottawa.

April 26, 1871

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,
Times Office Ottawa.

ENGLISH GOODS!!!

RECEIVED AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex street

PRIZE WATER FILTERS, from $2.25 upwards, of Earthenware and White China. (They purify the most impure water.—*Medical Gazette.*)

ENGLISH BEDSTEADS, all wrought Iron.
Do CHILDRENS COTS, do do
Very fine patterns, quite new and cheap.

For Hospitals and Sick Rooms:

ENGLISH ENAMELLED CHAMBERS.
Do., do., BED PANS.
ENGLISH GARDEN CHAIRS,
Do., do., SETTEES, (to arrive.)
Do, CROQUET LAWN BORDERING
REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, and BATHS, STOVES new and improved patterns.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,

OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of failing, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and
Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy Ports,
Domecq and Greek Sherry,
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.
Bass', Guinness's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.
Liberal terms.
Inspection invited.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building,
11 Metcalfe street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street,

Ottawa, May 1649

JUST RECEIVED.

—AT—

HAUSER'S

RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,

That splendid new Magazine,

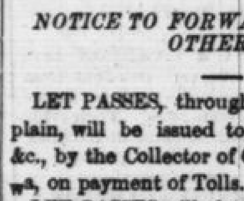
THE WEDDING BELLS.

—ALSO—

BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL

FOR MARCH AND APRIL.

Ottawa, April 19, 1871



DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE.

NOTICE TO FORWARDERS AND OTHERS.

LET PASSES, through to Lake Champlain, will be issued to Vessels, Barges, &c., by the Collector of Canal Tolls, Ottawa, on payment of Tolls.

LET PASSES will also be issued by the Collector of Canal Tolls, at Montreal, and at St. Johns, through to Ottawa, or to Ottawa Basin, on payment of Tolls.

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871. 1680a

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canded Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,

Corner Sussex and York-sts.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer

No. 67 Sussex-st.

OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m

LISGAR.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

Victoria by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same in anywise concern.—Greeting:

A PROCLAMATION.

A. CAMPBELL, for the Attorney General, Canada. } Whereas in and by an Act passed by the Parliament of Canada, in the Thirty-second and Thirty-Third years of Our Reign, being Chapter Twenty-four, and intituled: 'An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," it is amongst other things in effect enacted that our Governor in Council may, as often as occasion requires, declare by Proclamation that upon and after a day therein named the said Act shall be in force in any place or places in Canada therein designated within the limits or in the vicinity whereof any Railway, Canal or other Public Work is in progress of construction, or such places as are in the vicinity of any such Canal, or Railway, or other work as aforesaid, within which he deems it necessary that the said Act should be in force; and the said Act shall upon and after the day to be named in any such Proclamation, take effect within the places designated in such Proclamation; and further, that Our Governor in Council may, in like manner from time to time declare the said Act to be no longer in force in any of such place or places, and may again from time to time declare the same to be in force therein.

And whereas, it is expedient that the hereinbefore in part recited Act should be in force, in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described

Now therefore know ye, that we, by and with the advice and consent of our Privy Council for Canada, do hereby declare that upon and after the First day of June next hereafter, "An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," hereinbefore in part recited, shall be in force in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described, that is to say: | Commencing at the point where the route now being opened to the Red River crosses the height of land which separates the waters tributary to Lake Winnepeg, from these flowing into Lake Superior, and running from thence westwardly along the said route to the Eastern boundary line of the Province of Manitoba, to extend to a depth of ten miles on either side of the said route from the height of land to the United States' Boundary Line at Nequaquon Lake, and from thence westward to the Lake of the Woods, to embrace a depth of ten miles on the British side of the Boundary line aforesaid, to cover the whole area of the Lake of the Woods and the Islands therein in so far as they are within British Territory and a depth of ten miles around such portion of its shores as may be within British Territory, and from the North West angle of the Lake of the Woods, to extend ten miles on either side of the line of route until it meets the aforesaid eastern boundary line of the said Province of Manitoba.

Of all of which our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

In testimony whereof, we have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved, the Right Honorable John Baron Lisgar, of Lisgar and Bailieborough, in the County of Cavan, Ireland, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and a Baronet, one of our most Honourable Privy Council, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada, and Governor and Commander in Chief of the Island of Prince Edward. At our Government House, in Our CITY OF OTTAWA, this Fifth day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and in the Thirty-fourth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J C AIKINS,
Secretary of State.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871 1671 3

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
......	12 15	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
......	12 15	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	......	4.50
8 20	......	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	9.30	......	7.15
8.20	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of pos age.	9.30	......	7.15
8 20	12.15	9.00	United States, *via* Ogdensburg	9.30	......	4.20
8.20	12.15	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	9.30	......	4.20
......	12.15	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.30	......	......
8.20	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	......	......	4.20
9 20	......	3.20	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	3.00
9.20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......	11 40	7.30
10.30 / 7 00	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage. Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	8.00	11.00	......
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	......	......	7.30
10.00	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00		
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	......	......	6 00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11 30 A.M.

A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamers will be closed at 12 A.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, May 7, 1871.

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa

The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,

The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq.,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq.

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Now last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Busines.

Claims Paid for Assurances....	£6,083,333 33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid.	2,433,333 33
Funds on hand, upwards of....	6,570,000.00
Annual Income............	1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions* of *Policies.*

The *Non-Forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW,
Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal

J.& W. T. Pennock,
Agents, Ottawa.

March 13, 1871 163a

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND LIFE

Continues to take risks on every description of property—including Wooden House—at similar rates with other first-class Companies.

LIFE

An inspection of its late Tables is invited.

T M CLARK,
Agent,
Elgin-st., near Sparks.

Ottawa, April 12, 1871 1638 1

THE METROPOLITAN

Building and Savings Society

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa 13th December, 1870. 1540t1J71

o Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a resort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869;

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.,
Warden county of Hastings Province of Ontario, D Canada.

THE EAGLE STEAM BAKERY,

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your orders are sollicited

AND WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO BY

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1868.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone, Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builder's Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c, &c Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month,

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1604

Medical.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S

CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE

TEETH & GUMS

AND PREVENTING THE TOOTHACHE

BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS

PARTS OF THE WORLD

PREPARED ONLY BY

MESSRS GABRIEL.

DENTISTS

LUDGATE HILL, LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s.

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,

May 11871

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Wit-lows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it. Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

FARMERS

Wanting any kind of Agricultural Implements or Machinery, can be supplied, by calling at the Agent's Office,

MARKET SQUARE, OTTAWA.

WM. ABBOTT,
Agent

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister at-Law, Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.

W MCKAY WRIGHT. F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa.

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 4sutf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fetherton s Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort;

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

A. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites of a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and Information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accounts accurately prepared, Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1595 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.

Montreal, March 1871 2 3m

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

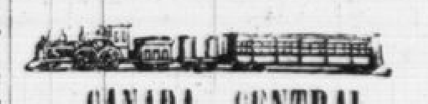
—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

8 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

Railroads.



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after MONDAY, MAY 15th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1.30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 9.20 a.m., and 5 30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 3 40 p.m., connect with the Grand Trunk Day Express from the West and arriving at Ottawa at 7.30 p. m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a.m arriving at Brockville at 1.50 p.m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 7.30 p.m.

EXPRESS at 4 p m, arriving at Brockville Trains for the East.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 9.40 p m, and connecting with the Grand Trunk At 1.30, 3.15, 7.25 and 11.00 p m,

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a m, after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

B ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, May 12, 1871

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

Commencing 1st MAY, Trains will Run as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Steamb't Express	No. 4. Mail.	No 6 Mail.	No. Express
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Ottawa Depart	7.30	9 00	1 00	10.30
Prescott Junct'n	9.30	12.15	3 25	12.50
Prescott Wharf Arrive	9.40	12.25	3 35	1.00

NOTE.—No. 2 connects at Prescott with Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, with the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain Railway, for St. Albans, Burlington, New-York, &c., and with the Rome and Watertown Railway for Albany New York &c.

No. 4, 6, and 8 connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Train east and west.

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS,	No. 1. Express	No. 3. Mail.	No. 5. Express.	No. 7* Accommodation
	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M
Prescott Wharf Depart	1 15	6.00	4.20	1.50
Prescott Junct'n	1 [illegible]	6.15	4.30	2 10
Ottawa Arrive	3. [illegible]	8.30	7.00	6.20

NOTE—*No. 7 will run every night Saturday nights excepted, Passengers will find on Nos. 7 and 8 a comfortable car, fitted with sofa sleeping berths, available only to passengers holding first class through tickets. Additional charge 50 cents.

Trains will run by Montreal Time.

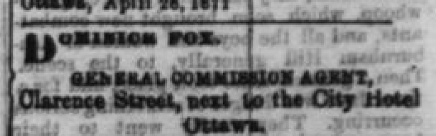
Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments, and

Connection with Grand Trunk Trains and Royal Mail Steamers East and West Certain, as this Company's Trains wait their arrival.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott

May 1, 1871



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,

(Late Alex. Christie.)

Druggists,

40, Sparks-st

Ottawa, April 26, 1871

DOMINICK FOX,

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel.

Strict attention to business.

Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1599

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.

J. A. GEMMILL,
Solicitor &c.

Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.

Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1871

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 38 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa

JAMES HAYLEY, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1683. OTTAWA, MONDAY, JUNE 5, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS.

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oscola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Delf Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, No 18, 1870

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.

Possession given 20th May.
Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere, near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET.

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)

Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.

Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY

For particulars, apply to
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26 Rideau street.

Ottawa, Feb. 16, 1871

TO LET,

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road.

Also the shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.

For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
592tf

Ottawa, Feb. 16.

WANTED TO RENT.

A Comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, on the west end. Neighborhood of Richmond Road preferred. Rent not to exceed $300 per annum, including taxes. Address D., post paid, Ottawa. Possession required by 15th June.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1879 3

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harmau a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE.

CUSTOM'S DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 19th May, 1871.

Referring to the notice of 5th inst., of articles transferred by Order in Council, to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, it is decided that the term "Annatto" therein mentioned means "Annatto" in either a liquid or a solid condition.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa, May 27, 1871 1678 3

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa.

N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,

The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises

STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.

And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.

Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1865 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,

Next Door to F. McDougall & Co.

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colour) Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,

To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from any other firm in the city.

There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.

The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

—TO—

N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, April 28, 1871 1652 3m

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE.

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,
Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 RIDEAU STREET.

OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you. 1634 3m

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion.

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz.: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim.

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in it large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly, our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH

Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

G. A. SHELDON,

HATTER AND FURRIER,

Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive

HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT

In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.

G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.

A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1665 3m

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100	acres,
In Eardley	9,500	"
In Hull,	1,500	"
Total,	11,100	

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon

Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

SELLING

OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES

OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,

Wine Merchant,

Elgin Street,

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

Dufresne & McGarity,

—SUCCESSORS—

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.

Sussex Street, OTTAWA. — 221 Notre Dame St. MONTREAL.

TRADE MARK

The Undersigned have much pleasure in stating to their Customers and the Trade in general, that they have disposed of the RETAIL BUSINESS *which they heretofore carried on in connection with their Wholesale Trade; and it is now their intention to devote themselves exclusively to the*

Wholesale Grocery, Wine and Provision Business.

To enable them to do so efficiently, they have secured the premises next door to their present stand, (formerly occupied by Messrs. Fitzgland & Roper, as a Dry Goods Store,) and connected the two buildings by an arch,—now making ONE OF THE FINEST WHOLESALE HOUSES IN THE PROVINCE.

They have secured Agencies for several of the first WINE HOUSES *in Europe; and are also Agents for Messrs.* GOODERHAM & WORTS, *Distillers of Toronto,—and they can safely say that Messrs. G. & W. make the finest Spirits in the Dominion.*

The trade supplied with all of the undermentioned ALES, either in Wood or Bottle, at Brewers prices.

Dow & Co's, Montreal, Pale and Mild Ales and Porter,
Cosgrove's, Toronto, " "
Labatt's, Prescott, " "
Dawes', Lachine, " "

GUINNESS STOUT and ENGLISH ALES always on hand and in fine condition.

There is now on the way out from China and Japan, 2,000 Chests of Fresh Teas, *which, with all other Goods, will be sold at* MONTREAL PRICES.

Goods will be delivered at Steamboat and Railway Stations free of charge. All empty packages charged in accounts will be taken back and allowed for, and those preferring to have their Goods shipped from the Montreal House, can have that privilege by leaving their orders at the office here.

The OTTAWA ESTABLISHMENT will be under the special management of MR. McGARITY, *who will give his exclusive attention to the wants of his customers.*

Thanking you for the liberal patronage with which we have been so kindly favored, and soliciting an early call.

We remain, yours truly,

Dufresne & McGarity,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
"The TeaPot,"
SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, April 19, 1871 1645 2m

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

IMMENSE SALE.

RETIRING FROM THE

DRY GOODS TRADE.

$30,000 Worth of Dry Goods

To be sold at half the usual prices, at

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

As they are going out of Business.

The Stock consists of a general and splendid assortment of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS.

This Sale is peremptory and without reserve, and purchasers, would consult their interest, by purchasing before the Stock is broken up.

Come and see for yourselves the great Bargains.

ALL SALES FOR CASH ONLY.

Sale commences WEDNESDAY, April at 9 a.m.

Remember the Place.

14 RIDEAU STREET,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, April 4, 1871 1632tf

HATS HATS

HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 73259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given, which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1678tf

DIRECT FROM ENGLAND!

Just opened out a beautiful assortment of CARVED WOOD

BREAD PLATTERS!
BUTTER do., with glass dish!
SALT CELLARS do do!
EGG TRAYS, do cups
FRUIT STANDS do dishes
BREAD KNIVES
BREAKFAST TRAYS!

The above are low in price, and elegant and useful adornments for the Tables, also

FISHING RODS,
TROLLING SPOONS,
FLIES, GIMP,
HOOKS,
BOOKS, &c., &c., &c.

We have just been appointed Agents for the ATLANTIC and PACIFIC SHIP PUMPS,

BROKENSHIRES PATENT.

These Pumps are now almost exclusively used on the Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence, and are adapted for Lumber Barges or the Ocean Steamship. Orders received.

New Stock Cooking Stoves, latest improvement, just arrived, at

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA.

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, April 29, 1871

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN.

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

MORTGAGE SALE

OF

REAL ESTATE.

Public notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a Mortgage Deed made by STEPHEN SWITZER, of the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, Yeoman, party of the first part, to HENRY HODGE HORSEY, of the City of Kingston, in the said Province, Esquire, party of the second part, there will be offered for sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Law Office of WALKER & PENNOCK, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the THIRTIETH day of MAY, instant, A.D. 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, (unless the monies due thereon and all expenses be sooner paid) the undermentioned property to wit: the North Half of Lot Number Twenty-four, in the First Concession, New Survey, of the Township of Cumberland in the County of Russell, in the said Province of Ontario, the said half lot containing One Hundred Acres, be the same more or less.

TERMS CASH.

All Searches, Abstracts of Title, Conveyances, &c., to be at the expense of the purchaser. The Vendor will covenant against his own acts only.

Further particulars can be obtained from the undersigned at their Law Office.

WALKER & PENNOCK,
Solicitors for H. H. Horsey.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871. 1666a22wtd

LANDS FOR THE LANDLESS

HOMES FOR THE HOMELESS

ONLY $1.25 PER ACRE

FOR ACTUAL SETTLERS,

Take the Cars of the

LEAVENWORTH,

LAWRENCE and

GALVESTON R. R LINE,

from LAWRENCE and KANSAS CITY is it the celebrated Osage Country The Garden Spot of Kansas.

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

Tailors & Gentlemen's Out-fitters

to

P. O'MEARA'S Restaurant,

RIDEAU STREET.

Messrs. P. & R. invite special attention to their choice and select assortment of

Broadcloths
Doeskins
English
Scotch, and
Canadian
Tweeds.

Next to P. O'MEARA, Rideau-St.

N. B.—Workmanship and fit guaranteed.

PRESTON & ROSWELL.

Ottawa April 18, 1871 1642tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and
Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under shirts
&c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving your orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

THE CONSCIENCE AND THE FUTURE.

I sat alone with my conscience,
In a place where Time had ceased,
And we talked of my former living
In the land where the years increased.
And I felt I should have to answer
The question as put to me,
And to face the answer and question
Throughout an eternity.
The ghosts of forgotten actions
Came floating before my sight,
And things that I thought were dead things
Were alive with a terrible might.
And the vision of all my past life
Was an awful thing to face—
Alone with my conscience sitting
In that solemnly silent place.
And I thought of a far-away warning,
Of sorrow that was to be mine,
In a land that then was the future,
But now is the present time.
And I thought of my former thinking
Of the judgment-day to be,
But sitting alone with my conscience
Seemed judgment enough for me.
And I wondered if there was a future
To this land beyond the grave;
But no one gave me an answer,
And no one came to save.
Then I felt that the future was present,
And the present would never go by,
For it was but the thought of my past life
Grown into eternity.
Then I woke from my timely dreaming,
And the vision passed away,
And I knew that the far away warning
Was a warning of yesterday.
And I pray that I may not forget it,
In this land before the grave,
That I may not cry in the future,
And no one come to save.
Also I have learned a lesson
Which I ought to have known before,
And which, though I learnt it dreaming,
I hope to forget no more.
So I sit alone with my conscience
In the place where the years increase,
And try to remember the future
In the land where time will cease.
And I know of the future judgement,
How dreadful soe'er it be,
That to sit alone with my conscience
Will be judgment enough for me.

CHARLES W. STUTES (*in the Spectator.*)

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER VII.

BY THE SOLWAY.

(*Continued.*)

Looking over the water, there came upon the man an intense desire to plunge into it.

Rid of the burden he had carried all day, with a sense of relief upon him, with the door of escape standing at length wide open, he felt he might bathe safely; so, retracing his steps to the nearest of the inclosed bays he had just quitted, he threw off his clothes and swam out, meeting the advancing tide.

It was a lovely evening; already the sun was sinking towards the horizon, and over the Solway Andrew Hardell could see the bold Cumberland coast standing clear and distinct against the western sky, reflecting back his beams.

Looking landward he could trace the way he had come; he could see the grassy hills, the jagged headlands, the solitary rocks: and as he beheld the still beauty of the scene, as he felt the lash of the waves coming up towards the shore, the strength the hope he had lost seemed to come back, and he bethought him—God knows why, for our memories are linked together after a fashion to which man can give no clue—of the leper who dipped seven times in Jordan, and came forth clean as a little child.

That, Andrew Hardell knew, might never be his fate; and yet already he commenced to feel that the happiness had not quite departed out of his life; that the face of nature might once again smile for him as it smiled for others; that it was quite possible suspicion might never knock at his door; that he might yet return to England and quietly resume the old roads of existence, no one but himself knowing of the secret hidden in his heart —of the evidence on which he had so recently piled sand and stones and shells.

Mightily refreshed and invigorated, he returned to the shore and dressed himself, then just as the sun was setting, he left the beach, and, regaining the grass, struck into a path winding by the shore, that seemed to lead off in the direction he desired to go.

He had not proceeded fifty yards, however, when, from beside a clump of gorse and heather, up rose a shepherd, who bade "good-even" to the stranger.

From him Andrew inquired his way, and the chances there were of his being able to meet any inn before nightfall.

"You'll not have travelled far?" suggested the man.

"Indeed I have, though," answered Mr. Hardell. "So far that I am hungry and tired and should be glad both of food and shelter."

"There's a bit of a hoose jest beyond, where ye micht git baith if ye can put up with what they ha'e to gi'e. Yer'e a wonderfu' swimmer," he added, unable longer to keep off this subject. 'I hev' been watchin' ye wi' Jess here,' indicating his dog, who pricked up her ears and lolled out her tongue in acknowledgment of the the attention—'swimmin', swimmin', till I thocht ye must be makin' for England.'

'I was tired and hot,' said Andrew, laughing at the compliment, 'and glad to have a dip.'

'Aye, it was verra warm just about the time ye cam' across the hill. I saw ye climbin' up from Colvend, and walkin' as fast as if the snaw was on the groun'; but I lost ye when ye went doun amang the rocks, and I was jest goin' to see if onything had happened ye, as ye staid sae lang doun there, when ye cam' oot, and then went back. I watched to see wa'd ye gang up the hill-side again, but Jess spied ye oot in the water, and we hev' been sittin' ever syne lookin at ye.'

Very sharply Andrew Hardell looked, in his turn, at the speaker, to ascertain whether there were any second meaning in his words—but the old man's face was innocent of suspicion.

'I could have staid among the rocks for hours longer,' he remarked, after a short pause; 'those little bays are the most beautiful things I ever saw. I could not bear to leave them; they are like no other place on earth. I forgot all about time, and how far I had to go.'

'Aye, they are thocht verra fine,' answered the man, in a tone which implied that the bays were not exactly, in his estimation, prophets in their own country. 'Folks come doun to see them, and I have heard mony a one praise them. I like the hill-side wi' the sheep and the lammies on it best mysel', but I'm no judge o' sich things.'

'Where did you say the house was where I might have a chance of staying for the night?' asked Mr. Hardell.

'Jest round the next point, straicht before ye'—and with a friendly "good even" the pair parted.

'A weel-spoken, decent lad,' reflected the shepherd—to which opinion he gave utterance when, at a later period of this story, the advocate depute pressed him to say what he had thought of the stranger, and whether his manner struck him as flurried and excited.

Wearily, with the old depression coming over him again, Andrew Hardell pursued his way. For a few moments he had shaken off his dread, but now the horror returned. Into the chamber, swept and garnished, crept the devil the man had cast out, and following in his wake came seven other devils, fiercer, crueller than himself—devils of fear, which represented the hidden place as unsafe; the rock as public and exposed to view; the shepherd a... the evidence undestroyed and in-de...

...he gathered up his strength ...his foes—they beat him down, and ...faint and weary; weary, not merely ...spent excitement, but with absolute ...al exertion; faint, because he had e...thing, and he was sick and cowardly ...want of food.

Gladly e... ...ing his species and dreading to ... with and talk to them, he would have passed the cottage and walked forward, but his sense told him he ought not to let his strength sink—that in mental and bodily health alone lay his chance of safety.

Illness, delirium, he knew would lead to suspicion and detection, and he was sane enough now to understand he had been mad while crossing Criffel, and stumbling among the heather and over the stones.

With the cool night-air fanning his temples, he recalled with horror his sensations as he crossed the mountains, and carried his burthen under the noontide sun. His mind was clear at length, and he meant to keep it so—he said this to himself as he stopped by the open door of the cottage, and, stating that he was a traveller, asked if they could give him any refreshment.

It was not much the poor larder contained, but all it boasted was set before him—oaten cake, and butter, and milk. Off these viands Andrew Hardell contrived to sup heartily; and pressed in vain any pecuniary acknowledgment on his hosts, he rose to depart, declining the offer of shelter, which was made to him with a heartiness that touched the man whose soul was so exceeding heavy, most sensibly, and made his way through the night seem brighter to him for a little space.

He felt he was in no state of mind to endure remaining in that close atmosphere in that confined house for any length of time; better a thousand times the hill-side or the sea-shore, with the stars shining above him, and the wind coming and going as it listed, than the shelter so cordially offered—so gratefully declined.

'I would rather push on now than through the heat,' he remarked—and so, after a hearty 'Good-night and earnest' 'Wish you weel,' he started off again, and walked a couple of miles farther, when fairly overcome with fatigue, he flung himself on the turf, and fell fast asleep.

With the earliest streak of day he started up, frightened, and marvelling at the place in which he found himself. He looked out over the sea, he gazed at the lonely landscape, he saw the Cumberland mountains dimly in the distance, the mists of morning hanging over their summits.

He remembered how, over night, he had beheld lights on the coasts; how he had stood to watch the fires of the iron works flaring up against the sky; how the previous day he had rid himself of his burden; and he looked back on the way he had come, to see the place, where relief arrived.

There, in the soft gray light, he saw the dark rocks standing out, as it seemed, between the sea and the sky; and, thanking God, he lay down again and slept till the sun was streaming over the water and the land—over the heather, and the gorse, and the turf—over the wide Solway, and the house where Kenneth Challerson's body lay awaiting burial.

All the day Andrew Hardell walked on, thinking over his position, perfecting his plans.

If everything went well, he would sail from Kirkcudbright for England on the following Wednesday; if anything went ill, he would know simply nothing. It would lie he knew, with the prosecution to prove him guilty. It was not his part to prove himself innocent. He decided that, now the coat was safely secreted, he could not be proved guilty; no one could convict him but himself, and he could only do so by opening his mouth.

Few criminals, he proceeded to consider, understood the exceeding virtue of reticence. "The power of passive resistance," he reflected, "is very imperfectly comprehended; people have no idea of the value of inaction, of the difficulty of overcoming it. A bridge does nothing, a sea wall does nothing, a tree does nothing; and yet, behold, spite of the conveyance rolling across, of the waves dashing over it, of the wind blowing about it, the bridge and the wall, and the tree remain passively resisting the active hostility brought to bear against them."

Quite coolly now he argued out the *pros* and *cons* of his position. He was clever, as has previously been said, and his mind was of that order which can stand calm in the presence of a great danger, and calculate the chances of escape even when the gallows, with all the ghastly accessories of executioner and rope, gaping crowd and pitying priest, are looming in the distance.

Under the pressure of circumstances, borne away by a torrent of accidents, he felt as a good rider feels when his horse, having got the better of him, bolts across a dangerous country.

"If once I loose my head I shall loose my life," many a brave man has mentally ejaculated in such an extremity; and the very side of the extent of his peril has enabled to keep his head and pull through.

"If once suspicion fall upon me, and I fail to be true to myself, I had better never have been born," thought Andrew Hardell as he stepped over the wild flowers, and picked his way across the gurgling brooks.

The impression was strong upon him that suspicion would fall—that he should require all his coolness, all his courage before reaching the blessed land of safety; but life was very dear to him, and he argued the matter backward and forward till he thought he knew by heart every thing which could by possibility be urged against him—every thing wherewith a case could be got up and supported.

There was now no room in his heart for sentimental regret—for weak remorse—for unavailing sorrow. The man was dead, and he had brought his death on himself. It might be horrible to think of his passion—his oaths—his violence; of the face distorted with rage one moment, and rigid in death the next; of the tongue uttering blasphemous denunciations the very second before it was hushed and silenced forever; but at Andrew Hardell's age it is not easy for one of his temperament to disbelieve in the mercy and long suffering of God, and very contentedly he left Kenneth Challerson's soul in the hand of his Maker.

Had he been stricken down with a knot of by-standers looking on, Andrew Hardell would have felt his death a comparatively slight misfortune; but as Anthony stood, the way in which death affected his own prospects altered the aspect of affairs materially—it took the sun out of the heaven, and the glory from off the earth; it destroyed the happiness of the present, and it overshadowed the future with a dread not to be expressed in words.

But for that ghostly presence, but for that haunting fear, how he would have enjoyed his visit to Kircudbright! how the pretty country town, with its few streets, where the grass springs between the stones; with its quaint old buildings, its fine ivy covered ruin, its broad river, its intense retirement, its utter originality, its difference from all other towns and villages—would have delighted him! how dear the Dee must have grown to him! how familiar the Tor Hill! what pleasant memories he could have garnered and stowed away!

But as it was—so it was.

He could not look at the jail without a shudder; he viewed the river but as a highway by which he might depart from out the country; he grew to fearing that eyes, keen, sharp, and shrewd, were watching his movements; when he was at "Selkirk Arms," he dreaded each moment to see the door open and his enemy appear; when he was out, he imagined he was followed—that there were inquiries being made for him at his inn.

(*To be Continued.*)

DRY GOODS

—AT—

RETAIL.

SUMMER FASHIONS!

SHOWING THIS DAY,

—AT—

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,
Beautiful Bonnets,
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets,
Splendid Lace Shawls.

Also in immense Variety.

Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques,
Horrockses, Millar & Co., Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
King's best Window Hollands,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c.,

SPECIAL LINES.

Linen Percales and Lawns, for Seaside Wear.
Walking Stick Parachutes " " "
Paragon Frame Parasols and Umbrellas,—
Celebrated makes
Cotton Hosiery.
Coventry Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and Mantle Trimmings, in great variety.

EXTRAORDINARY.

☞ 43 Patterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871

PAPER HANGINGS.

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Found—Ann Jane H. Hamilton.
American Invoices—R. S. M. Bouchette.
Perry Davis & Son's Pain Killer.
Auction Sale of Household Furniture—J. Bermingham.
Sale by Auction of Boats—J. Bermingham.
Dry Goods at Retail—Magee & Russell.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

MONDAY, JUNE 5, 1871.

For interesting reading matter, see first page.

Hon. Sandfield Macdonald will probably be here this week.

Honble. Mr. Aiken returned to town on Saturday evening.

The services of Lieut. Colonel Tisdale and the 38th Battalion, Active Militia, at the recent attempt to get up a prize fight in Norfolk County, are officially recognized in General Orders in last Saturday's *Gazette*.

Yesterday we received a letter from a gentleman in Manitoba, who states that the members there have returned to their homes, all well satisfied with the results of the Session and "in excellent temper and spirits." Of Governor Archibald's conduct he speaks in the highest terms and says that it has won for him the respect and esteem of all parties.

The centenary of the birth of Sir Walter Scott, on the 9th of August next, seems likely to be appropriately celebrated in all English speaking communities as it ought to be. The Committee entrusted with carrying out the arrangements in Edinburgh, embraces the heads of the great public bodies of the city, many of the Lords Lieutenant of counties, the Provosts, and the Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Scotland. Many eminent men have accepted invitations to the festival in the Corn Exchange at Edinburgh, and several ladies of literary fame are expected to be present. In New York the Scott Monument Committee have determined upon erecting an exact copy of the famous monument at Edinburgh. It is expected that the corner stone will be laid in Central Park on the day of the centenary celebration, and the monument completed in about six months afterwards.

The Belleville *Intelligencer* says: "We trust the last paragraph in the TIMES article is no 'mere formal' declaration on behalf of the Cabinet, and Sir John in particular." The article referred to by our contemporary related to the position occupied by Sir John Macdonald and the Cabinet, with regard to the Washington treaty. The statement we made to the effect that neither the Government of Canada as a whole, nor Sir John A. Macdonald as the first Minister, are committed to the treaty, and that they have taken care to reserve to themselves the right of the most complete freedom of action in the matter, was made not as a mere formal declaration, but because we had reason to feel assured that such was the case. When we make a statement of this kind we do not guess at it, or speak without reliable foundation for what we say.

THE PREMIER AND THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

Knowing that for the reasons previously stated Sir John Macdonald is not at present justified in coming before the country and explaining the exact nature of his position as regards the Treaty of Washington, the Toronto organ of the Opposition with a cowardly craftiness which is peculiarly it own, is striving to manufacture public opinion in advance. This is an old game of the organ and of the honorable gentleman whose views it represents. To seek to take an unfair advantage of a political enemy is an ordinary course of procedure with the champion of the Grits.

In the first place it is utterly untrue to assert that Sir John Macdonald, or anyone or any journal authorized to speak on his behalf, have claimed that he did anything "under compulsion or with reservation." The *Globe* at least ought to know that the Premier is not in the habit of doing things under compulsion; and, as we have said before, his past course as a politician and as a statesman, ought to be sufficient to convince the public that when he is able with propriety to state what his position is, it will be found to be a satisfactory one.

But what has the Premier's position, as we have before said, to do with the consideration of this subject by our contemporary. Is the *Globe* so entirely wedded to party strife, so entirely given over to party purposes, as to be unable to discuss a question of this kind from a higher standpoint? The question for the people of Canada to consider is, whether now that the decision upon all matters affecting their own interests has been placed in their hands, it is their pleasure that the arrangements proposed in the treaty, subject to their decision, shall be agreed to or not? This is the true issue, and the *Globe* knows it, but for the sake of trying to make a little political capital against the Premier at a time when he is unable to reply, it devotes all its energies to discover some fresh expression made use of in reference to the matter by some journal which is not a factious opponent of the Government, when forthwith it dubs it an "organ," and seeks to make the Premier responsible for its assertions!

We ask whether such a course is worthy of a "leading journal," whether, on the contrary, anything can be more contemptible or unfair? And we are confident that the people of Canada, seeing in its present course only another evidence of the *Globe's* incapacity to rise superior to party jealousies, and of its entire subservience to party and personal feeling, will treat its remarks with the contempt they merit, and will refuse to be led into opposition to one who has never yet been found wanting when the interests of this country were at stake.

THE BATTLE OF PERE LA CHAISE.

Few people have ever visited Paris without going to see the beautiful cemetery of Pere La Chaise, which used to look so peaceful, and was so full of solemn associations, that the great world of Paris with all its gaiety and bustle though close at hand, was forgotten for the time being by those who wandered among its tranquil shades. Now, all this is changed. The beautiful monument erected to the memory of Heloise and Abelard, around which sentimental young men and women used to congregate, has been overthrown, and like many other of those which surrounded it, lies in ruins. For it was in this "city of the dead" that one of the most sanguinary battles took place a few days since between the Versaillists and the Commune. The troops of the latter took refuge in the cemetary to the number of about 5,000, and from behind every tomb, and bush, and tree, they poured in a close and well sustained fire upon the advancing Versaillists. At length General Dumot with his division of Zouaves turned the flank of the Communists and then in a few minutes the battle of Pere La Chaise was over. No quarter was given; and that beautiful burying ground was desecrated by such a scene of bloodshed and horror, as was enough to make those who lie there start from their graves to appeal against such atrocities.

AN ABSURD RUMOUR.

There appeared in the Montreal *Witness* a few days since a statement to the effect that the Dominion Parliament would not be asked to consider the Treaty of Washington; that the Ministry had asked Lord Lisgar to sign the treaty; that he had done so, and thus it had been ratified so far as Canada was concerned.

The statement was so utterly absurd that we did not at first deem it necessary to make any allusion to it, but to our surprise we find that it has not only been accepted in good faith by some of our American contemporaries, but that certain organs of the Opposition, who we should imagine must know better, have repeated this story and have made it their text for a fresh attack against Sir John Macdonald and the Government.

We now beg to say that the report is altogether without a shadow of foundation. Lord Lisgar has nothing whatever to do with the Treaty. It can only be ratified by Her Majesty. When so ratified, the whole treaty takes effect, except those clauses which relate to the Fisheries and the clauses relating to the transhipment of goods. These will come into effect when the several legislatures of Great Britain, Canada, Prince Edward Island, and the United States' Congress, have passed the necessary acts.

The Pacific Survey Parties are being formed. They are principally composed of *mauvais sujets* connected with the ministers and their supporters. It is consequently expected that the follies and blunders of the Intercolonial will be repeated.
—*Ottawa correspondence Hamilton Times.*

The correspondent is altogether in error. When Mr. Sandford Fleming undertakes a work he takes care that those whom he employs are fit for the tasks assigned to them. The men appointed to the survey parties have been selected with a view to their capacity only, and we defy the *Times* to prove the contrary. A contrary story may have been started by certain parties, who, unable to obtain an appointment, have striven in this way to explain their own want of success, but we have reason to know that the appointments thus far made will stand any amount of criticism.

We have received a copy of the new Toronto evening paper, the *Express*, published by Mr. Cook, late of the Toronto *Telegraph*. It is a handsome looking and well edited sheet, and likely, we should imagine, to be a favourite. We quite agree with the following remarks, which are taken from the "inaugural" of the *Express*:—

In two successive numbers of the *Spectator*, Joseph Addison gives his opinion of partizans, and his views of partizan warfare. He complains that "there is scarce a person of any figure in England who does not go by two contrary characters, as opposite from one another as light and darkness." After describing the evils of party spirit, he proposes to establish an anti-party association—"an honest body of neutral forces," to mete out equal justice to measures and to men. May it be suggested without offence, that these views are not inapplicable to the Dominion of Canada at various times? For while party feeling in England appears to have lost much of its virulence, and party organizations to have lost much of their cohesive force, we in Canada are often living in the midst of bitter personal and political strife. Is there need of this? Why, when questions of grave import are presenting themselves for settlement, should they not be treated in a broad national spirit, rather than in that of a mere personality and partizanship? How can men hope to arrive at rational conclusions who commit themselves in advance to the *dicta* of individuals, without reference to the true merits of the subjects under discussion?

BROAD STREET.

To the Editor of THE TIMES

SIR,—We meet with many strange anomalies through life, and even inexplicable paradoxes very frequently present themselves, but why *the narrowest* street in the city should be called "Broad" street, is certainly a fact not easily understood. I observe, by minutes of the City Council, that at the last meeting of that body a communication was received from Henry Abbott, Esq., offering on certain conditions to relinquish to the city a portion of the land contiguous to "Broad" street, now enclosed by the Canada Central Railway Company, and claimed by right of purchase as the property of the Company. The portion or strip offered was for more than a quarter century known as "Broad" street, and was always considered as belonging to the city just as much as Rideau, Sussex, Wellington, or any other street. But it is probably well known that there is a sort of mysterious bit of history connected with this property, and as it is very likely some important action will be taken respecting it at the Council meeting this evening, I presume our worthy Aldermen would be materially assisted in coming to a sensible and proper conclusion in the matter by a little well-meant ventilation; and now for that bit of history:

Several years back the present mayor of the city, Mr. John Rochester, purchased the strip of land lying between the Le Breton estate and the river from the Government for a mere trifle, afterwards selling it to the C.C.R.R. Company for a very large sum of money. Whether Mr. Rochester conveyed or had any right to convey a portion of "Broad" street to the Company will be seen on legal investigation. Streets of course are a necessity in a city, but I believe Mr. Rochester conveyed the whole of the land he purchased to the Company, making certain reservations for personal purposes. It is the duty of the surveyor to see that land is allotted for street purposes. In this instance one of the most distinguished professional gentlemen of the city, Robert Bell, Esq., was appointed by Government to perform the survey, and, strange as it may appear, he found that a greater width of land by four feet lay between the Le Breton and Rochester properties than is usually allowed for a street; and this circumstance was attributed to a slight "deflection" on the part of the former surveyor. The question then arose as to what should be done with the surplus, when it was suggested by one of Mr. Bell's assistants that it be left to the street, and in consequence call the latter "Broad Street," and the christening was there and then performed "in true old Irish style," and although the dimensions have since been altered it still retains the ample name then conferred upon it, its present scanty width suggesting the anomaly to which I referred above. If His Worship the Mayor sold land to the Canada Central Railway Company, it is simply a matter between the two parties concerned, but most emphatically it is the duty of our Council to see that the city does not suffer by that transaction, which the Mayor and the Company, it is said, now attempt to justify by pointing to the absence of any local registration, asserting that it was done strictly in accordance with the law then in force—the local registration law not coming into operation until about three years subsequently. I and, no doubt, many of the public will look with anxiety for His Worship's explanation of the matter at the meeting this evening.

I am, Sir,
Yours,
AN OLD RESIDENT.

We give an "Old Resident's," letter as the matter to which he refers is certainly one of the most important that has been brought before the Council for some time. We referred to another matter a short time since, and was then promised that the award in the Pooley Bridge affair would be rendered at once. The public are anxious to have this disgraceful arbitration closed. We hope that at the Council this evening the cause of the delay will be explained.
EDITOR TIMES.

DOMINION NOTES.

The Belleville races have been postponed until July next.

The Orangemen of Belleville intend visiting Pictou next 12th of July.

A new steamer is to be placed on the route between Belleville and Pictou in July next.

Cape Breton is going crazy over having "struck oil" at Lake Ainslee; several new companies are forming.

The residence of "Sam Slick" Judge Haliburton, at Windsor, has been sold for $13,000 to Mr. E. Churchill, M.P., of Huntsport.

Wallace Carman was drowned in a pond at Bloomfield on the 26th May.

Hon. James Cochrane, of the Nova Scotia Executive Council, is again very ill.

The well known freight boat *Huron* was burnt to the water's edge at Coteau on Friday last.

A melancholy case of drowning occurred in Toronto on Thursday last. Three youths lately from England went into the Bay swimming, when they were taken with cramps and drowned.

J. McCall, Esq., M.P.P., has been entertained at a complimentary banquet by the electors of Norfolk. In the course of his speech after dinner he endorsed the action of the present Ontario Government, and was loudly applauded on doing so.

A ladies Education Association has been started in Montreal, with the view of obtaining the advantages of higher education for young ladies.

The nominations in Montreal take place on the 10th. The candidates announced up to the present are: East, Ald. David; Centre, E. Carter, Q.C; West, Ald. Rodden and F. Cassidy.

The Prince Edward Island Government advertise for tenders for the construction of a railway from Georgetown to Cascumpec; distance, one hundred and twenty miles, five feet six inches guage.

A laborer on the G. W. Railway was instantly killed by the down express train while standing on the track at Harrisburg, waiting to get on a wood train. One leg was severed below the knee and the other above it, and his head was fearfully crushed. We did not learn his name, but understand he leaves a wife and four children to mourn his sudden death.

The recent storm fell with severity on the north shore of the St. Lawrence below Three Rivers, smashing roofs and distributing barns over the country. A mail conductor was carried away with his horse and vehicle, and deposited in the river.

The directors of the Wellington, Grey, and Bruce Railway have voted the handsome sum of $5,000 to Mr. Adam Brown as a reward for the efforts he has made on behalf of the company.

The township of Harrington, in the county of Argenteuil, has suffered from the fires.

JOTTINGS.

The Germans have peace jubilees all over the States. The "Watch on the Rhine" is kept tramping his beat at a tremendous rate, and "Where is the Germans' Fatherland?" has become a more insoluble conundrum than ever.

The Princess Louise and her husband are travelling under the title of Lord and Lady Sundridge.

Mr. Whitehead, the inventor of the "Fish Torpedo," has made over his invention to the British Government for £15,000.

We have another murder case from the United States. A man was killed, and the State offered $600 for his arrest. The murderer obtained a friend to inform on him on condition that the reward should be divided between them. The information was laid, the man arrested, and the money divided, whereupon the murderer, with that generosity which generally distinguishes Republican cut-throats, gave his share of the spoils to the widow of his victim. He is now somewhat disgusted, because he has been told on good authority, that he will be hanged. Not having calculated on that issue, he fears that he has made a bad bargain.

The anti-British feeling supposed to exist of late in France has experienced a decided reaction—even in Paris. A movement has been set on foot to give some sort of national expression to the gratitude widely felt in France, for the sympathy and help of England. Committees are in course of formation, subscription lists have been opened, and everywhere the notion is said to be welcomed. It is said the testimonial will most likely be a *quasi*-historical painting of the foremost French artists, who are now invited to send in competitive sketches. This picture will be accompanied by a monster album, containing the autographs of all the leading men of France.

GREAT EXPLOSION IN PARIS

A correspondent writing from Paris on the 18th ult., says:

"A terrible explosion occurred yesterday at 5:30 p.m. I, who am a mile from the scene of the disaster, thought I was a dead man. I have a powder magazine about one hundred and fifty yards from me. Yesterday morning there were twenty-five or forty railway vans discharging shells into it. When I heard the series of explosions I made sure it was the above-mentioned powder magazine which had blown up, for the reports were deafening—the house shivered, the windows rattled, every woman was shrieking, children were sobbing, National Guards were running wildly about, crying, "To arms! to arms!" I looked around me to see which wall of the house would fall first. Finding it remain firm on its foundation I went to the window to find the street filled with a terrified crowd, but nobody could discover the source of the detonation, until a man cried "Do look there!" An extraordinary sight presented itself. A ball six or seven times as large as the Federal Capital floated in mid air. It was smoke, but so black and so dense that the rays of the setting sun were distinctly visible as pencils of light protruding on every side beyond it, like the solar spectrum seen in a dark room when beams penetrate some shutter's crevice. The huge ball floated motionless and gave no sign of merging into air.

Presently volumes of thinner curled fitfully upwards, and now and then forked tongues of flame ran nervously from their bottom to their top. "The Hotel des Invalides has been blown up," was the general cry. Down towards it an inundation of human beings poured in constantly gathering floods, which choked even the broad outer boulevards. Windows had lost all their glass, and dinner tables had been overturned and their china vessels shattered. But 'twas not the Invalides; it was the extensive cartridge manufactory on the Champ de Mars which had exploded. When the catastrophe occurred the streets were full of people returning home to dinner. They thought a battery of mitrailleuses was planted at the street corner and was throwing volleys down it. Every person fell flat on the ground. As one drew near the Champ de Mars the sight baffled description. Arms, legs, hands, heads, some of them still quivering with vestiges of life, the majority of them blackened with powder and with fire, were to be found every ten paces one made down the street. There was not a whole window anywhere to be seen. Cartridges or balls or cartridge papers were strewn broadcast. I picked up a Chassepot ball melted and flattened to the length of four inches. Three hundred yards from the scene of explosion the naked trunk of a woman was found; head and limbs had been torn off. The number of victims has not yet been ascertained. Three hundred is the lowest estimate made. Five hundred women were employed in the manufactory; but two hundred leave work at 4:20 p.m. each day. It is believed the buildings contained three hundred women when the explosion took place. These all perished, and they are not the only victims. A model lodging house called the Cite Napoleon has been so much damaged that its fall is hourly expected. A great many of its tenants were killed. All the wounded soldiers in the ambulance of Rue de la Universite were killed. A woman standing at a window had one arm pulled out of its socket, and she died instantly from the nervous shock and terror. One woman leaped from her window and was killed. In the same house an infant was rent to pieces in its cradle. Avenue de la Bourdonnage has scarcely a house standing. Houses four stories high are a mass of rubbish. For some time after the explosion the neighbourhood witnessed maddening scenes. Panic-stricken horses galloped wildly in every direction; women, some with dead babies in their arms, ran to and fro shrieking hysterically; children screamed for their parents; people frantically threw out of the windows everything they could lay hands on. But for the prompt arrival of the firemen the disasters would have been still greater, for there were a thousand barrels of powder in the neighbouring magazines, and the fire was rapidly gaining them. All the sheds on the eastern side of Champ de Mars were in flames. The powder was stored in cellars under them. Several hundred vehicles of every description—omnibuses, ambulance waggons, hacks, railway waggons—were soon on the spot carrying away the victims. Some of these vehicles had eight, none had less than two corpses or wounded persons.

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD,
and similar troubles, if suffered to progress, results in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial had Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES
are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the decease and give almost instant relief.

The TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in low localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than any other articles.

OBTAIN only BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless Immitations that may be offered.

"TROCHES," SO-CALLED SOLD BY THE OUNCE, are a poor immitation and nothing like Brown's Broncnial Troches, which are sold only in boxes with fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

Outside wrapper of box, and private government stamp attached to each box.

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 3.

Great indignation is felt at the ascertained fact that caucus meetings are being secretly held of the directors and parties interested in the Northern Colonization Railway and certain members of the City Council in reference to the by-law coming before the latter on Monday evening. To-morrow, Sunday, another caucus takes place.

Inspector Perry writes a strong letter again to-day to certain of the city press against the proposed steam fire engine.

Archdeacon McLean preaches in the St. George's Church to-morrow in behalf of St. John's College, Manitoba.

A sad case is pending before the Coroner, involving one of the well to do families of Montreal. The particulars are to be sworn to on Monday.

The steamship *Nestorian* sailed from Quebec at noon with 97 cabin and 100 steerage passengers.

This morning the writs for the election of three members to represent this city in the Local Parliament arrived. The Returning Officers are: Montreal East, M. C. Desnoyer, St. James street; Centre, J. S. C. Wurtell, Advocate, Place d'Armes; and West, G. N. Ryland, Registrar.

The Victoria rifles paraded in good muster at Logan's Farm this morning.

Weather cool.

Midnight Despatches.

PARIS, June 3.—The Theatres have been authorized to re-open, but the Cafes and Chauteaus are still under restriction.

The Versailles assembly voted 1,830,000 francs for the purpose of rebuilding the house of Thiers.

BERLIN, May 3—The Bill incorporating Alsace with the German Empire has been read three times before the German Parliament.

VERSAILLES, June 3.—Archbishop Darboy will be buried on Wednesday. On that day the Assembly will suspend its sessions. The Insurgent who commanded the shooting of the Archbishop has been discovered through his own boasting. Another notable Insurgent boasts that the burning of Paris will be considered insignificant when the London docks with all their wealth are consumed as a grand lesson to the middle classes of Europe. London, Liverpool and Bristol will it is said be the next scene of secret operations. Papers have been discovered which show that the operations of the Communists were directed from London.

Thiers promises that whatever sentence is imposed upon Assy and Rochfort will be faithfully executed.

An Order signed and sealed by the Commune to burn the Hotel de Ville has been discovered.

Emperor William has decided the San Juan question in favour of the United States.

SAN FRANSISCO, June 3.—On conclusion of the argument of Mrs. Fairs' Counsel, on the motion for a new trial this evening, Judge Dwinnel informed Campbell, Counsel for the people, that it was unnecessary for him to reply, as an attempt to impeach the jurors had failed, and he would over rule the exceptions taken during the trial. He then briefly alluded to the crime and the prolonged and impartial trial she had had, and sentenced Laura D. Fair to be hanged on the 28th of July. A remarkable scene then ensued, Mrs. Fair maintained almost her usual composure, but strong minded women who had attended throughout manifested their sympathy in a most ostentatious manner, Mrs. Emily Pitts Stevens, leader of the party, embracing the prisoner's mother, and then going over to the reporters' desk telling them she hoped they were satisfied now, etc., etc. These manifestations continued until the court was cleared. It is believed Gov. Haight will not interfere.

PARIS, June 3.—No one is allowed to leave the city after nine o'clock in the evening, from which hour all the gates are closed, and the cavalry patrol the streets and suburbs until morning.

The Commission appointed for the reorganization of the army has decided in favor of the compulsory service of all Frenchmen, against the advice of President Thiers, who recommended the restoration of the law of 1832.

Many strangers, including Englishmen, have arrived in Paris, and the arrivals of Foreigners are increasing daily.

The *Figaro* estimates the number of men who bore arms in the late insurrection, and who are not yet identified or arrested, as 50,000.

HAVANA, June 3.—The Government has reduced the import duty on cattle, until December, two dollars each when brought by Spanish vessels, and three dollars when brought by Foreign vessels.

PARTOPYNIC, HAYTI, May 23.—The journals publish protests of the people addressed to the President against annexation to the United States.

ST. DOMINGO, May 30.—Baez is making great military preparations, having received arms from New York. Cassenez is marching against Cabral. The country is agitated. Revolutionists are also preparing for the struggle.

ST. THOMAS, May 30.—The cable from Antigua to St. Ritts has been laid.

PARIS, June 4.—Grousset was arrested to-day in Paris. Active search is making for Pyatt, who is believed to be concealed in the city.

The report that a motion will be made in the Assembly to prolong Thiers' power is confirmed.

Duke D'Aumale has arrived at St. Germain.

The executions at Versailles are still numerous.

All the Paris journals are discussing the question as to what shall be done with the Orleans Princes. Some appeal to their patriotism and ask them to resign their seats in the Assembly.

Girardin, in the *Leberte* demands the establishment of a liberal republic after the model of the United States or Switzerland.

BRUSSELS, June 4.—The diplomatic relations between France and Germany will shortly be resumed.

It is probable that the Marquis De Galeriae be French *Charge D'Affairs* at Berlin, and Count Von Hatzfeld German representative at Versailles.

ROME, June 4.—A letter from Father Hyacinthe in the *Gaulois*, acknowledges the sympathy Italy feels for France, and advises the union of the Latin races, as the balance of Europe is menaced by preponderance of the Germans and slaves. The acts of the Commune were the result of the negation of God by the people. The nineteenth century is the age of the workingmen. The Second Empire treated on serious questions in a spirits of the Cæsars instead of seeking to solve them by dissemblation of education. It moreover imposed a prolonged celebacy on the soldiers and legalized prostitution of women. The church also failed in its mission. Father Hyacinthe concludes, Paris is in ashes, the work people have no God or say it is impossible for them to believe in or Love Him. Let rulers with their whole heart and brain consider the problem and labour for the restoration of France to faith, prosperity and peace.

PARIS, June 3.—The streets of Paris have been re-opened to traffic.

The barricades have all disappeared, pavements have been repaired, and there is perfect order everywhere.

The police are still arresting all suspected persons.

General court martials have been established at Cherbourg for the trial of all prisoners sent there by the Provost Marshall. The latter service is carried out at the Theatre du Chatelot in this city, where a summary investigation is held prior to the trial by the military Court

Saturday's Midnight.

Latest from Paris—French Arrests—Forts to be Constructed Inside the City—The Atlantic Cable—The High Commissioners Arrived in Liverpool—General Schenck welcomed by the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce.

PARIS, June 3—The newspapers *Tricolor* and *Politique* have been suppressed.

Search for concealed arms continues to be rigorously prosecuted, and many have been found.

Arrests continue upon a large scale. They are chiefly Ex-National Guards and soldiers.

A strict watch is kept upon the right bank of the Seine, and sentinels arrest all passers at the right.

Ferry has ordered a reinstatement of the teachers in the schools.

The Gen d'Arme is to be augmented to an effective force of six thousand. A Republican guard of twelve thousand men is also to be formed.

It is proposed to construct forts within the walls of Paris to prevent the possibility of the renewal of the Insurrection.

An Order of the Day just issued by MacMahon to the marines and soldiers of his army, praises the courage and devotion which have delivered Paris out of the hands of the wretches who intended to reduce the city to ashes, and says the Assembly is about to give them the worthiest recompense by the unanimous voting that they have deserved well of their country.

LONDON, June 3.—The royal mail steamship *Elbe*, bound to the West Indies and Aspinwall, has returned to Southampton in a disabled condition. Her passengers and mails have been transferred to another vessel of the line which has sailed for Aspinwall.

HEART'S CONTENT, N. F., June 3, 2:45 p.m.—One of the Anglo American telegraph cables has been recovered and repaired. The steamer *Scanderia* will immediately proceed to recover and repair the other.

NEW YORK, June 3.—An unusually large number of well-known citizens leave before night for Europe, no less than eight European steamers being on the eve of departure as follows: *Nebraska, Botavia, Oceanic, Italy, City of London, Rhein, Iowa,* and *St. Laurent*. Five of these steamers are for Liverpool, one for Bremen, one for Glasgow and one for Havre.

Arrived—steamship *Algeria*, from Liverpool.

Earl de Grey, Sir Stafford Northcote, and Lord Tenterden, of the British High Commission, and Hon. Robert G. Schenck, Minister from the United States, arrived at Liverpool to-day on the Cunard steamship *Cuba*, from New York. General Schenck soon after landing was presented an address of welcome by the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce. Shenck replied in a speech expressing gratification at the courtesy shown him by the Chamber, and the hope that the kind relations now existing between the Mother Country and his native land would be perpetual. Schenck is expected in London to-morrow, and in a few days will present his credentials to the Queen. He will receive a warm welcome from the ministers.

The Emperor of Brazil is expected at Southampton before the 18th inst. The Common Council of that town is engaged in the preparation of an address of welcome.

LONDON, June 3.—The railway lines between Poust and Havre have commenced operations.

The Prussians have evacuated Andehps and the entire Department of the Eure.

VERSAILLES, June 3rd.—It is said a majority of the Assembly favors the pressing for the abrogation of the laws for the banishment of the Princes of the House of Bourbon from France, and also proposes to extend the power of Thiers as Chief Executive for two years.

The railway between this city and Paris have resumed their trips, and are already doing an immense passenger traffic.

Business in Paris is rapidly reviving.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The news of the ratification of the treaty of Washington by Great Britain is expected here within a week or two The treaty does not become law, however, until ratifications have been formally exchanged, and is open to amendment by either nation until this is done.

NEW YORK, June 3.—A *Herald* correspondent has been interviewing Secretary Fish, and reports that Fish said last evening, "I did not present my resignation on Saturday; it was not accepted on Monday, and I have not resigned at all." Furthermore, Fish observed that he had no intention now of retiring from the State Department.

The statement that Gen. Sickles has been instructed to make demands of Spain, as have been represented, is characterized as equally fallacious.

There seems to be little doubt that Fish would be willing to change his place as Secretary of State for that of Minister to England, and there is good ground for the prophecy that the return of Gen. Schenck before the present year is ended will afford Fish the opportunity he desires so much, to mingle in diplomatic and social intercourse with the aristocracy of England.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 3, 1871.

N Y O & H R R, 99; do Scrip 93½; Erie, 29½; Reading, 118; L S & M S, 114½; C & P, 121½; Harlem, 133; R J, 122 N W, 86½; do Pfd, 98½; Union Pacific 33½; O & M, 47½; M & St P, 62½; do Pfd, 81½.

Gold, 112½; Extra, 10½ to 11½.

Cotton, 18½.

Flour, firm for spring grades. Receipts, 14,000 barrels; Sales, 7,000 barrels, at unchanged prices.

Rye flour, steady, $4 25 to 6 10.

Wheat, heavy but rather easier. Receipts, 220,000 bushels. Sales, 68,000 bushels, at $1.48 to $1.49 for Spring; $1.62 to $1.64 for Winter Red and Amber Western; $1.70 for White Western; $1.41 for mixed Spring.

Rye, quiet.

Corn, a shade easier. Receipts, 137,000 bushels. Sales, 68,000 bushels, at 58cts to 69cts for New Mixed Western, unsound; 70cts to 72cts for sound.

Barley, dull.

Oats, active and firmer. Receipts, 73,000 bushels. Sales, 27,000 bushels, at 30cts to 37cts for Western and Ohio.

Pork steady. Sales, at $15.25 to $17,70 for Mess.

Lard, lower at 9 to 10½ for steam; 10½ for kettle rendered.

Butter, 10cts to 24cts for State.

Cheese, 15cts to 23cts.

Petroleum, 15½ for Crude; 25½ for Refined.

LONDON MARKETS.

London, June 3, 11:30 a. m.

Consols, 91½.

Bonds, firm, '62, 90½; '65, 90½; '67, 94½; 10-40s, 89.

Sir Hope Grant, who reviewed the volunteers at Brighton on Easter Monday, has published a report unfavourable to the continuance of such gatherings.

☞ After war pestilence and intemperance—colds lead to the greatest destruction of human life, mainly, because it is considered by many to be of no consequence and hence systematically neglected untill a simple, curable disease, is converted into a fatal pulmonary one. Everyone troubled with what is called a slight cold or cough, should immediately use Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—they allay irritation at once, and exert a most beneficial influence on all the Bronchial and Pulmonary organs. Sold by all Druggists and Country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box.

RIGHT AND WRONG.—It is wrong to jes with your wife upon a subject in which there is danger of wounding her feeling, and it is wrong to speak of great virtues in another man's wife, to remind your own of fault; but it is not wrong after trying the "Conadian Pain Destroyer" and feeling its wonderful effects, to recommend it to neighbours, for the cure of rhuematisem, neuralgia, cramps, cholic, &c.; it as no equal. For sale by Druggists and country

MARRIED.

On the 2nd inst., by the Rev. Mr. Adams, at the residence of the bride, Groveland, Gloucester, Mr. Alexander Collins, Long Island Locks, to Camilia, eldest daughter of Mr. W. Upton, formerly of Sevastopol, Russia

DIED.

On Sunday, the 4th instant, Elizabeth McCullough, youngest daughter of Mr. Jas. McCullough, aged 13 years.

The funeral will take place on Monday, the 5th instant, at 4 o'clock p. m., from her father's residence, corner of Park and Gloucester streets to the place of interment.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

Of Household Furniture, Carpets, Waggons, Buggies, China, Glass & Crockeryware.

The subscriber is instructed to sell by Public Auction, at his Auction Rooms, York street, on FRIDAY, the 9th instant, at the hour of 11 o'clock a.m., a quantity of Furniture, &c., the property of a gentleman leaving the city, and consisting in part as follows: One handsome drawing-room set in moroon and amber flowered repp, one very fine curled hair ottoman, capable of seating ten, and upholstered in green terry repp, one very handsome cabinet organ, stops and swells complete, one harmonium, double set of reeds, nearly new, one very fine oil painting, group of fish, valued at $100, one portrait, in oil of Champlain, one very handsome three light gassalier, with globes 2 two light do, very rich and perfect, black walnut bureaus, with large large oval glasses, b w hair cloth chairs, nearly new, arm and easy chair to match, dressing glasses, dressing tables, spring beds, feather beds and pillows, summer bed quilts, hair mattresses, oil cloth, cocoa matting, sewing machines, tapestry and kidderminster carpeting, plated ware, china, glass and crockery, one refrigerator, carpenter's tools and chest, two double waggons, one spring do. one large iron plough, one sulky, two buggies, kitchen and parlor stoves, and many other useful articles.

Sale at 11 o'clock sharp, and without reserve.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871 1683 4

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

SALE BY AUCTION

—OF—

ONE RACE

AND TWO PLEASURE BOATS.

The subscriber will sell opposite the RUSSELL HOUSE, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th inst., at 12 o'clock, noon, the Race Boat "LADY LISGAR," and two pleasure Boats.

Sale unreserved.

Terms Cash

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871 1683 2

WANTED,

As a PORTER to a PUBLIC OFFICE, a steady active man, who can be well recommended.

Enquire at the Office of this Paper.

Ottawa, June 3, 1871 1682tf

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can recover it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.

ANN JANE HAMILTON.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871. 1633tf

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 3d June, 1871.

Authorized discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.
Ottawa, June 3, 1871

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
1 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell at Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1:22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 6 50 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10 10 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa
R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.
Ottawa June 1st, 1871

G. LORENZ,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

FRUIT,

VEGETABLES,

SODA WATER,

GINGER ALE,

&c., &c., &c

Has now on hand a First-Class Assortment of

BANANAS,

PINE APPLES,

LEMONS,

COCOANUTS,

&c., &c., &c.

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

58 SPARKS STREET,

OPPOSITE BRITISH LION HOTEL.

G. LORENZ.

Ottawa, June 2, 1871

LOCAL NEWS.

New Dress Goods, &c., at Allan, McKinnons & McMoran's.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

The Police Force have appeared in their new summer dress.

CITY COUNCIL.—A meeting of the City Council takes place this evening.

COUNTY COUNCIL.—The Council of the County of Carleton will meet in Ottawa on the 12th inst.

YOUNG IRISHMEN'S DEBATING CLUB.—A meeting of the above club is called for to-night. Business of interest is to be transacted.

SLIDES BURNED.—We have been informed that several private slides on Black River have been burned.

SMUGGLING.—Last week Mr. Twambly, Customs Officer at Pembroke, seized $1,400 worth of goods, which were being smuggled across the border.

ALLRIGHT AGAIN.—Young Dunlevie who was shot at the Charivari, on Wednesday evening last, has recovered rapidly, and is now able to walk about.

COMMITTED.—Robert Tilford charged with obtaining money under false pretences was committed on Friday, at Aylmer, to stand his trial at the next Assizes in that place.

Just received a case of Ladies Hats in latest and most fashionable styles at Allan McKinnons & McMorrans.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

THE MARKETS.—Saturday.—The attendance on the market this morning was pretty good, but the same cannot be said of the quantity and quality of produce offered for sale. There was no change in prices worth recording.

Hotel keepers closed there bars at the lawful hour on Saturday night last. They got word of something that put them on their *qui vive*. It is said that "Whisky Mason" is in town about to inauguarate a campaign against taverns. He could ply his profession profitably for a time in the Capital.

DEPARTURE OF LADY LISGAR FOR ENGLAND—Lady Lisgar, Miss Dalton and Mr. Turville left Ottawa on Saturday morning *en route* for England. They were accompanied as far as Prescott by His Excellency Lord Lisgar and the Hon. Capt. Ponsonby. They will sail by the Cunard line on Wednesday for England.

RAIN.—A heavy down-pour of rain continued for about ten minutes between twelve and one o'clock yesterday, on Sandy Hill, while in Lower and Upper Town only a few drops fell. It was from an oblong dark cloud which floated southwestward over the city.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

BOATS FOR SALE BY AUCTION.—Mr. Bermingham will sell by Auction, on Wednesday, 7th inst., at twelve o'clock noon, outside the Russell House, one race boat, "The Lady Lisgar," and two (2) pleasure boats. No reserve, they must be sold.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE FOR SALE BY AUCTION.—On Friday, the 9th inst., at 11 o'clock, Mr. Bermingham will sell some good furniture, one Cabinet organ, one harmonium, oil paintings, carpets, buggies, waggons, &c., &c., at his Auction Rooms, York street.

AUCTION SALE.—By reference to advertisement it will be seen that Mr. Rowe will sell all the household furniture of Mrs. Mills, at her residence, Evans' block, Spark's street, to day. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock a.m.

CORRECTION.—Our morning contemporary stated on Saturday that Ald. Rowe had been summoned to answer to the charge of allowing his cow to run at large. With respect to this serious charge, we may state that the worthy Alderman denies being proprietor in part or whole of any bovine in the city.

POLICE COURT.—Saturday.—Solomon Edwards charged with allowing his cow to unlawfully run at large in the public streets was fined $1 and $1 costs.

The Ashburnham Hill row then came up. Mary Purcell, charged with assaulting Julia Casey. Three witnesses were heard whose evidence went to prove that Mrs. Purcell had thrashed Mrs. Casey and her mother, after doing which she threw herself on the ground and cried out that she was killed. The case is adjourned until this morning.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—Saturday.—A E Cohen, Montreal; T H Hoyland, do; J H Geddis, Chicago; T Lawgan, St John, N B; A Webster, Montreal; J H Moore and wife, Hamilton; W A Prout, England; Jas Fitzgerald, Peterboro; Dr and Mrs Hall, Montreal; Adam Dadling and wife, do.

THE 26th YEAR OF THE PONTIFICATE OF PIUS IX.

On the 26th of this month Pope Pius IX. will enter into the 26th year of his Pontificate, and will have filled the Pontifical chair for a greater number of years than any Pope since the time of St. Peter. The Roman Catholic world looks forward to the event as one of great importance, and Catholics are everywhere making preparations to celebrate the 26th of June in a befitting manner. R. Catholic countries will manifest their attachment to the Holy Father by sending deputations with addresses, &c., to Rome, and ceremonies of no ordinary kind will mark the event. The R. Catholics of the capital of the Dominion have already taken some steps towards acknowledging on that day the attachment they feel for the head of their church. At a meeting held a few days back a committee was appointed to draft an address to His Holiness.

ORDINATIONS.

His Lordship the R. C. Bishop of Ottawa, ordained the following gentlemen priests in St. Joseph's Church, on Saturday morning: Wm. Sheehey, Deodatus Foley, Elisee Marcelin, Eugene Frenquier, Fiderne Lecomte, and F. Z. Derocher.

SUB-DEACONS.

Patrick Meehan, F. Dugats, and George Marion.

MINOR ORDERS.

J. B. Vaillancourt, B. Harnois and F. Dugats.

TONSURE.

Geo. De Bouillon and F. Hetu.

The ceremony was v ery interesting and was witnessed by a large number of persons

OTTAWA GARRISON ARTILLERY.

No. 1 Battery:

To be first Lieutenant, 2nd Lieutenant Evans, *vice* Patrick transferred to No. 3 Battery.

To be 2nd Lieutenant, provisionally, Sergeant James Harris, *vice* Evans, promoted.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

USEFUL INFORMATION.—It is said that olive oil administered internally is an excellent remedy for the gout, and is also beneficial in paralysis and epilipsy; but for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, colds and colic, and the removal of the pain generally, there is nothing like the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," it is the most reliable remedy For sale by Druggists and country dealers Price 25 cents per bottle.

ENGLISH MAGAZINES.—The June number of "Bow Bells," just received by Messrs. Durie & Son is a splendid one. It contains in addition to the usual large quantity of reading matter, illustrations, &, a fashion supplement with a coloured fashion plate. The "Young Ladies' Journal" is also an illustrated magazine which has established for itself a wide-spread reputation. All the English magazines can be obtained at Messrs. Durie's.

HOW TO MAKE MONEY.—A horse dealer residing in the vicinity of Keyport, N. J., and who buys up horses for the New York market, purchases "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" by the dozen and feeds it to his horses; he says it is superior to anything that he has ever used as a condition medicine, that the horses are so much more improved by its use as to sell more readily and command higher prices. Two other horse dealers, one residing at Huntingdon, the other at Glen Cove, L. I., also purchase it by the dozen and for the same purpose; those men, as well as many others similarly engaged, know too well the value and importance of this medicine ever to be without it Remember the name, and see that the signa

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London d1509 1y

ONE OF THE MOST NOTABLE PROPERTIES OF DR. WHEELER'S ELIXIR OF PHOSPHATES AND CALISAYA is its sustaining power during active mental and physical exertion. Business men, Editors, Clergymen, Lawyers, Physicians, and all classes engaged in any occupation requiring great application and consequent fatigue, will find this remedy invaluable, as it will enable them to accomplish their work with comparative ease. Any one trying a bottle will find this statement fully sustained. Phosphate of Lime is an active agent of nutrition, constituting more than fifty per cent. of the system; Phosphoric Acid, a powerful Nerve Tonic; Phosphate of Iron, a blood maker; and Calisaya, an agreeable supporting stimulant. The combination of these remedies forms a Nutritive Tonic or Chemical Food, and nourishes and vitalizes the constitution in the same manner as an article of diet. Sold by all druggists,

EVANS MERCER & CO.,
Wholesale Agent.

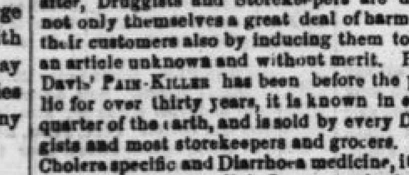
THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World; in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine dealers. 25 cents a bottle. Office 215 Fulton street, New York; and 493 Oxford street, London.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

Having the fac-simile of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.



Husband:—I shall know then better hereafter, Druggists and Storekeepers are doing not only themselves a great deal of harm, but their customers also by inducing them to buy an article unknown and without merit. Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER has been before the public for over thirty years, it is known in every quarter of the earth, and is sold by every Druggists and most storekeepers and grocers. As a Cholera specific and Diarrhœa medicine, its reputation has no pareliel. I am surprized that we have lived so many years without it.

Wife:—Charles, the reason is you you have been taking whatever the storekeeper would recommend, we have always had a bottle of Pain Cure or Reliever or Pain Remedy or some such trash in the house we have tried them over and over again.

Husband:—And that is just the reason I objected to try the PAIN-KILLER on my Rheumatism, thought it was like those other things a humbug

(*To be continued.*)

Be sure and get the genuine PAIN-KILLER, only 25 cts. per bottle. Beware of counterfeits.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
CARPETS, &c.

The subscriber has been instructed by MRS MILLS, to sell at her residence, Sparks street, (Evan's Block), on MONDAY, JUNE 5th, 1871, her household property, consisting of Parlor Carpet, new, Side Table, B W, Cane Chairs, handsome Sideboard, B W, Marble Mantlepiece, Pictures, Hall Oil Cloth, Hall Stove, Stair Carpet and Rods, B W Bedroom Set, beautifully carved, Spring Matrasses, Hair Matrasses, Bedsteads, excellent Cooking Stove and furniture, Dining Table, Kitchen Chairs, Tubs, Pails and Water Barrels, a quantity of Stone, Delf, Glassware, and Table Cutlery, new, and a number of other articles not enumerated.

Sale at 11 a.m.

TERMS CASH.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1679td

To Charles Leduc,

Of the township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa, Esquire.

SIR,—We, the undersigned Electors of the County of Ottawa, having confidence in your intelligence and integrity to represent this section of the County, in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec, hereby request you to become a candidate at the next election, and we pledge you our support and influence to obtain your election:—

Rev Père Reboul, Pierre Poulin,
Rev Père Beaudin, I H Richer, J P
Ruggles Wright, F X Bouvier, Maire,
P Wetherall Wright, Francois Laurin, J. P.
Dr C E Graham, Alfred Coté, peintre,
Councillor, Joseph Prudhomme,
Samuel Pink, Anselme Bédard,
Councillor, Basile Bédard,
Alex Prudhomme, NéréVachon, hôtellier
Moise Bisson, Frs Robert,
Councillor, Alexandre Laselle,
M Tétreau, P., Joseph Berurand,
Chas Marcil, Avocat, Aug Monette,
Charles Roussel, J Bte Hébert,
Hubert Blais, Francois Normand,
JosephPoliquin, Père, Joseph Nadon,
Félix Périard, P H Chabot,
James Chénier, Adolphe Chabot,
Guillaume Périard, Joseph Valade,
Joseph Campeau, Basile Bédard,
Joseph Poliquin, fils, Hyacinthe Madar,
Seraphin St Denis, Joseph Archambault,
Isaac Martin, Amable Patenaude,
J Bte Châtillon, Hypolite Legrand,
Alexis Latreille, Hilaire Jolicœur,
Alexis St Denis, Olivier Milliotte,
J Bte Dubrule, Joseph Rairard,
Bte Lalonde, Joseph Pepin,
Clément Jodouin, Thomas Sauvé,
Francois Bastien, Joseph Deschêne,
Nazeret Fauteux, Camille Augé,
Pierre Pichette, Chars Fhalerdan,
Luc Derragon, Louis Barrett,
Bazile Villeneuve, Hilaire Champagne,
Daniel Papillon, Amable Sauvé,
Jos Beaudin, M D, Joseph Montreuil,
Gilbert Leclerc, Olivier Pilon,
Théophile Turcotte, J Bte Gauthier,
Jérémie Boyer, François Groulx,
Moise Campeau, jr, Victor Corbeil,
Edouard Clermont, J Bte Chalifou,
Alphonse Grignon, Israël Terrien,
Edouard Joubert, Hypolite Legrand,
Narcisse Carpentier, Louis Désjardins,
Luc Lalonde, J Bte Lapensée,
FrancoisCharbonneau, Alphonse Grignon,
Prospère Ducharme, Amable Lapierre,
Onésime Fréchette, Cyrille Chémer.
Joseph Lemieux, jr, Narcisse Chartran,
Ambroise Sanctueur, Agustin Pepin, fils,
Cléophas Sabourin, Richard Nevill,
Pierre Proulx, Alexandre D'Aoust,
John Wright, Hubert Côté,
Charles Renaud, Edouard Renaud,
Alfred Filiatrault, Xavier Sarrasin,
Téophile Cabana, SB Cimon, Merchant,
Olivier Martin, Solomon Chartrand,
M W Noctor, Théophile Blondin,
M Laflamme, fils, J Bte Arbicque,
Amable Bertrand, Joseph E Leduc,
J Bte Bertrand, Boucher,
Edouard Dupins, J Bte Leduc,
Louis Laviolette, Hotellier,
Louis Bastien, Louis Gaumont,
Louis Cadieux, Peintre,
Marchand, F X Elie Gauthier,
Eustache Guilbeau, Marchand,
Masson, Jean Bte Amiot,
A Rathier, Marchand, J Bte Audette,
Onésime Paquette, Pierre Daoust,
Marchand, Alfred Graton,
Joseph Charbonneau, Eustache Libersar,
Marchand, Joseph Lalonde,
Alphonse Thérien, André Riopelle,
Hector Lapointe, J Bte Villeneuve,
Félix Labelle, Isadore Dechêne,
Honoré Labelle, Chs Beauvois,
Marchand, Toussaint Deslaurier,
Hilaire Vieau, Timothé Lefort,
Robert Auclair, Evariste Dechêne,
Marchand, Joseph Carriere,
Edouard Truesdell, Joseph Villancour,
Avocat, Louis Peronce,
Gilbert Leclerc, Cyrille St Denis,
M Silvère Dumontier, Marchand,
I J, Antoine Parant,
Cuthbert Bordeleau, ouvrier,
Cordonnier, Alphonse Pichette,
Onesime Groulx, Firmin Richard,
Joseph Grondin, Masson,
Joseph Vincent, Dolphice Jannary,
J B Gauthier, cordonier,
Capt Hypolite Fortin, Toussaint Dupuis,
J Bte Grenier, Olivier Caron,
Hotellier, J Bte Charbonneau,
Hormisdas Bernêche, Isidore Jaudoin,
Masson, Joseph Jaudoin,
Joachim Lafrance, marchand,
Jules Pichette, Calixe Rouleau,
Gossien Blais, charretier,
Louis Groulx, Arsène Lasule,
Jules Doucet, F Xavier Rouleau,
Dolphin Fortier, Narcisse Carpentier,
Jean Reginbal, François Lalonde,
J Bte Brancho, Honoré Doré,
Pierre Champagne, William Timmens,
fils, marchand,
Joseph Papin, Père, Marcelin Larose,
Joseph Groulx, merchand,
Charles Menard, François Vachon,
Joseph Verboncœur, boulanger,
Masson, Joseph Larose,
Louis Corbeil, boucher,
Chrs B F Piché, Augustin Papin, Père,
Etienne Prudhomme, Alfred Lanc,
Barnabé D'Arpentigni, Octave Latour,
H Gravel, Conseiller, Gustave Chevrier,
Etienne Delorier, Louis Barrette,
Evangeliste Roy, Joseph Larose,
Etienne Béseth, J Bte Larose,
Alfred Derouin, Pierre Bonneville,
Godfroid Cayé, Louis Charette,
Louis Goulet, Antoine Charette,
Bélonie Alard, Joseph Derouin,
Magloire Dumontier, Adolphe Derouin,
Narcisse Dusault, André Plouff,
Isaie Daze, Norbert Noir, fils,
Michel Dicaire, S R, Alfred St Louis,
Michel Dicaire, Sr, J Bte Derouin,
A L G Dumoutier, Jacques Goyette,
Edouard Duquet, Napoleon Moreau,
Bernabé Darpentigny, Désiré Bastarache,
Michel Navion, Martin Butler,
Ludger Navion, H Labelle, hotellier,
Joseph Duquette, Cyphrien Ouellette,
Charles Hynds, George Thomas,
Pierre Racine, Louis Dussault,
ouvrier, Timothe Roy,
J Bte Sayen, Père, Joseph Roy,
J Bte Sayen, fils, A L Dumontier,
Alexandre Sayen, Eustache Simon,
Néré Rochon, ouvrier, marchand,
Telesphore Rochon, André Sabourin,
Hotellier, Grégoire Belanger,
François Ranger, George Duguay,
Nasaire Guilmette, Xavier Patenaude,
Jean Bte Dorion, Théophile Beaudin,
Emanuel Dorion, J B Bessete,
Jean Bte Chenier, Théophile Laure,
Edmond Bertrand, Gédéon Loyer,
Michel Hotte, E Richer Sr.,
François Counal, E Richer Jr,
Paschal Ouilette, Alphonse Roy,
Fabien Soulière, Joseph Roy,
Joseph Gosselin, Octave Dubuc,
Pierre Sauvé, Edouard Renaud,
François Galarneau, Narcisse Mirault,
François Chatelle, Narcisse Fréchette,
Pierre St Martin, Joseph Papin,
Thomas Proulx, John McDonald,
Bernabé Sabourin, Treffile Laliberté,
Ignace Renaud, Napoleon Therien,
Sévère Chatellad, Camille Chenevert,
G Bonbardin, Victor Levesque,
Honoré Labelle, Octave Levesque,
Amédée Sabourin, Alexander Taylor,
Hercule Verboncœur, Moise Galipeau,
Magloire Carrière, John Thibert,
Thomas Lynard, Chs Auger,
Charles Fourne le, Joseph Bussière,
Adélane Verboncœur, Joseph Marion,
François Goulet, Candide Pilon,
Samuel Pelerin, Chs Goyette,
Telesp Sauvaugeau, François Gendron,
Ambroise Roy, Noé Perrier,
I L [illegible], Severin Lachapelle,
Alexi Côté, Narcisse Brossard,
Alfred Côté, Joseph Mulérin,
Louis Gaumond, Eustache Rochon,
Norbert Plante, Magloire Landry sr,
Calixte Viau, Magloire Landry jr,
François Brosseau, Jean Bte Castonguay
Elie Bourgeois, Frs Larose,
J Bte Lebris, Felix Dault,
Félix Cardinal, Maxime Hébert,
Ernesto Duchesne, F E Fortin,
David Lamotte, Henri Guertin,
Pierre Durocher, O Messier,
Jean B Lacasse, John Broadhead,
Louis Roi, Wm Sayer,
Hyacinthe Madore, Moise Daigneau,
Mar Larose, Alphonse Richard,
Elie Labelle, Hilaire Mathias,
Joseph Carrière, Gustave Chevrier,
Augustin Larose, Godefroi Latreille,
Joseph Venance, Mathias Rousson,
Joseph Franche, Nap Lacasse,
François Sauriole, Wm Anderson,
Mizael Pariseau, Aimée Jodouin,
Jean Bte Séguin, T Raymond,
George Grenier, Aimée Monfils,
George Latrimouille, J Bte Lafontaine,
Victor Bourgeois, Louis Desmarais,
Joseph Riopelle, Basil St Louis,
Joseph Lefebvre, Wilfred Bissonnette,
Isaie Fleury, Chs Denommés,
Nérée Rochon, Jos Charbonneau,
Jean Bte Séguin jr, Alexandre Morin,
Joseph Séguin, Geo Ardi
Pierre Vallée, Capt John A Boult,
Joseph Pelchat, Jno Bte Dupuis,
Olivier Paré, Louis Fortin,
Joseph Lécuyer, Thos Mousseau
Joachin Lafontaine, Jeremie Bergeron,
Adolph Vilneuve, Pierre Matte,
Olivier Charette, Gabriel Lauzier,
Joseph Moreau, Baptiste Lauzier
conseillers
E. S. Boncheaul, J Bte Desjardin,
Joseph Daoust, Mag Charbonneau,
D. Derouin, Prosper Oliver,
Amable Beaudry, Jr. Maxime Chartier,
Amable Baudry, Sr. Xavier Peaudevins,
Louis Cyr. Alexandre Dupras,
Joseph Dion, Oliver Vilneuve,
J. Bte. Audette. Joseph Charboneau,
Jerimie Charon, Louis Bertrand,
Théophile Vieau, Joseph Beaubien,
Amable Martel, Jean Charette,
F. X. Laurin, Jr. Felix Tetie,
Pascal Cyr. Edouard St Germain,
Charles Cyr. Napoleon Bertrand,
Pierre Posée, Antoine Lafontaine,
Alfred Osburn, Octave Lamanche,
Felix Pepin, Jr. Francois Lacloches,
Jermie Hurtubise. Richard Kelly,
Thomas Homes. F X Girard, Maire,
Eustache Hebert, Jr. Conseilliers,
Eustache Hebert, Sr. John Prudhomme,
Arsene Hebert, Salem Charette,
France Lagasse, Buckingham,
Joseph Charon, Peter Barret,
Julien Decarie Jr. EustacheGradmaison,
Julien Decarie Sr. Buckingham,
Antoine Dore, Louis Lecuyer,
Julien Decarie, Oné Constantineau,
Grégoire Matte, Maxime Hamelin,
Francois Aubry, Joseph Laurin,
Francois Nadon, Eusebe Lafontaine,
Isid. Constantineau, Felix Charon,
J Bte Bresetts, Jr, Honoré Lafontaine,
J Bte Bresetts, Sr, Narcise Roy,
Joseph Pilon Jr. Louis Jolicoeur,
Joseph Campeau Jr, J Bte Brunette,
Eusebe Campeau, Narcise Roy, Père,
Augustin Campeau, J Bte Hout, Père,
J Bte Descarie, J Bte Hout, fils,
Louis Cousineau, Joseph Lafontaine,
J N Rousel, N P Père.
Salem Charette, Seraphin Belanger,
Moise Charon, François Belanger,
Napoleon Belanger, Michael Padden,
Elie Belanger, Louis Cousineau,
Gilbert Lachspelle, J Bte Benoit,
Joseph Hurtubise, Celestin Belanger,
Hypolite Jascon, J Bte Loucire,
Isaac Lepin, Moise Galipeau,
Joachim Lafontaine, Emanuel Dufresne,
Antoine Lafontaine, Alexandre Charon,
Octave Lamarche, Hyacinthe Amour,
Charles Lafontaine, Marcel Ploof,
Jules Belanger, Guillaume Nantel,
Julliare Marenger, Louis Lécuyer, Père,
Louis Lafontaine, Estor St François,
S. Moreau Marchand, Narcise Roy, Père,
Joseph Lafontaine. Narcise Roy, fils,
J. P.
Pierre Charette, Antoine Gareau, Père,
Narcisse Matte, Antoine Gareau, fils,
D Derouin, François Brunette,
Joseph Galipeau, Damasse Charon,
Louis Paturin, Treffié Hornier,
Nap Constantineau, J Bte Lequelt,
Maxime Bélan, Sr, Eusèbe St Jean,
Joseph Charon, Louis Bélanger,
Joseph St Jacques, J Bte Legance, Père

REPLY.

To the Rev. Fathers Reboul, Beaudin, Messrs. Ruggles Wright, F. X. Bouvier, and others, and to all the Electors of the County of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—After reading the above requisition, signed, as it is, by such a large number of the most influential electors of the County, I deem it a duty to accede to your request, acknowledging, therefore, the high honor conferred upon me by your invitation, I beg leave to inform you that I will present myself at the coming elections as candidate for the representation of the rich and important County of Ottawa.

After a 5 years connection with the press, and a long and careful study of the politics of this country, I beg to tender to this County and the Province in general, the benefit of my experience and the result of my labors.

If elected, I pledge myself to give my cordial support to all measures, which, in my humble opinion, I will consider necessary or useful to this Province and to this County in particular—nevertheless I may state here that in politics my principles and views have always been liberal, and progressive, and are Conservative. Agriculture, commerce, and education, are three questions which will be objects of my most earnest and careful consideration, as I regard them as indispensable and essential, alike to the welfare, prosperity, and growth of a nation.

I will endeavor to promote and protect the lumber trade, more especially in the interest of this county, as I consider that trade to be not only one of the greatest sources of wealth in this country, but also as a principal means of extending considerably the limits of colonization.

I will do all in my power to encourage colonization by giving my support to and adopting the most efficient and effectual means of encouraging emigration to these parts of the country which are yet unsettled—by obtaining from the Government for that object, liberal grants for the opening of roads and the construction of bridges, and especially by *exercising scrupulous justice and fairness in the* distribution of the different sums of money which may be voted for that purpose.

I will also endeavor to encourage the opening out and the working of the immense mineral resources of this country, by calling the attention of capitalists, and if I succeed in that object, the Government, the capitalist, the laborer will alike profit by it.

In the distribution of the public offices of this country I will endeavour to show more liberality, justice, and impartiality than has been heretofore manifested. I will recommend the appointment of men worthy in every respect to fill these offices to the satisfaction of all parties concerned. I will be careful not to leave indefinitely vacant any office which by its importance to the county ought to be filled up at once. I shall endeavor, on every occasion, to exhibit a liberal spirit towards all. I hold in contempt those who take a hole and corner view, or what is worse, regard with an eye of personal greed questions of grave importance to the country at large, as has been done in the past; yet I believe in the advantage to a county of great extent such as this of having as its representative a person residing in as central a place as possible. Such as Hull, for instance.

I well recognize the absurdity of raising national "cries" in political matters; nevertheless, without attempting anything of the kind, I must say that in the Quebec Parliament, composed almost exclusively of French Canadians, it is to the advantage of almost any county in the Province, to select a French Canadian as its representative, as he finds himself among those of his own race and language, and is enabled to address them with greater facility than one of another origin.

To conclude, gentlemen, if elected, I shall exert my best energies to promote the progress of the Province, and particularly of this county. I shall ever be happy and grateful to my fellow-citizens for their advice, and, I shall devote myself with all my heart to the duties of the responsible position you shall have conferred on me. Meanwhile,

I remain,
Gentlemen,
Your humble servant,
CHARLES LEDUC.

CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS ACT OF 1871.

ELECTION PETITION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

Take notice that the above Petition will be tried at the COURT HOUSE, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the Sixteenth day of JUNE, A.D. 1871, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, and on such other subsequent days as may be needful. The said City of Ottawa having been appointed by the Court of Queen's Bench, for the place of trial of the said Election Petition, by rule of the said Court.

Dated the 27th day of May, A.D. 1871.

By order,
ROBERT G. DALTON,
Clerk of the Crown of the Court of Queen's Benc

May 30, 1871 1679tf

AUCTION SALES

BY A. GAGNIER.

AT DOMINION AUCTION ROOMS.

The subscriber begs to inform the public of Ottawa, that he has opened an Auction Room at No, 16 Rideau street, and is prepared to undertake the Sale of Furniture and Household effects, at the residences of owners. Semi-Weekly sales of Furniture and General Merchandise, at 16 Rideau street, every TUESDAY and SATURDAY, at 8 o'clock p.m.

The encouragement of the Public is respectfully solicited.

A. GAGNIER,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 22, 1871 1461tf

PORTER'S BLOCK.

34, SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

In their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good election,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

☞ Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,
NEW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS
Departments

THE SALVAGE GOODS,

Amounting to Over $7,500,

SAVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared out at prices which will be sure to command a sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low price goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,
PORTER'S BLOCK,
34 SPARKS STREET

Ottawa, March 30, 1871 1628y

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY,
FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season	..		$5 00
20lbs.	"	" ..	9 00
10lbs	"	month	1 50
20lbs	"	"	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice supplied per ton or cwt.

Ottawa, April 1871

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices ☜

GIN—
J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order
One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Would beg to call the attention of the public to

NEW GOODS,

NOW

DAILY ARRIVING,

COMPRISING:

100 Pieces New Light Prints,

Fast Colors, and latest designs, at 12½c. per yard, splendid value.

—ALSO—

a large additional Stock of new

DRESS GOODS,

in Shades suitable for the Season.

A Good Cloth, light colors, 15c. per yard.
An Extra, Wide Width, 20cts. and 25cts,

—AND—

A large assortment of

NEW HATS.

In latest and most Fashionable Styles.

Every Department fully Assorted.

☞ Call and examine our large and elegant Stock of Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, and Mantles, before purchasing elsewhere.

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN

(successors to
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.,

No. 20 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871.

NEW CITY BAKERY.

The undersigned has established a NEW BAKERY, at the corner of Dalhousie and St Patrick streets, from which the public can be supplied with all the latest improvements of the trade.

Bread carriages will at all times be in readiness to supply occasional, and attend to the orders of regular customers.

The subscriber respectfully solicits a share of patronage.

J. LOUGHRAN.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1679tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A First-Class TINSMITH, to take charge of the Shop. Salary, $40 per month, payable 1st of every month. Apply at once to C. P. DORION, 60 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, June 3, 1871. 1681tf

CLOTHING HALL!

New Store.

J. M. GOULDEN

Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at

No. 100 Sussex Street,

NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,

A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.

Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.

☞ Do not Forget the Place ☜

No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street,

Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OF BROCKVILLE,

Who will continue the Business in the same premises, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871

☞ In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.

T. R. SHEFFIELD.

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871. 1681 2m.

The Tea Pot

RIDEAU STREET.

Try John Hill's Teas and Coffees.

Try JOHN HILL'S Teas and Coffees and you'll find
That they are of a most superior kind.
The various samples, when you fairly test,
You'll find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who each day procure
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

The following TEAS and COFFEES have been received within the last few days, and as they are FRESH and (NEW SEASON) can be recommended, the flavor being equal to any Teas ever imported into Canada:

FINEST JAPAN TEA (The very best that can be produced)
EXCELLENT KAISOW CONGOU TEA (Something extra),
CHOICE YOUNG HYSON TEA,
VERY SUPERIOR BLACK TEA (True Souchong) in Catties of 10 lbs each,
VERY FINEST GUNPOWDER TEA (Something extra),
EXTRA SCENTED ORANGE PEKOE.

PURE JAPAN TEA, 60 cts. per lb., or 5 lbs. of the same article for $2.75.
GOOD SOUND TWANKAY TEA, 5 lbs. for $2.00.

☞ *The Finest Flavored Coffee to be obtained in this country, consisting of Pure Mountain Berry, Mocha, Java, Old Government Java and Plantation.*

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own wagons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street

Try John Hill's Teas and Coffees.

Try JOHN HILL'S Teas and Coffees and you'll find
That they are of a most superior kind.
The various samples, when you fairly test,
You'll find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who each day procure
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE.

FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will surprise those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.

The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.

From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves

Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:

Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871. 1668tf

DOMINION HOUSE,

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel;

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

FOR SALE.

VERY CHEAP,

—AT THE—

DOMINION AUCTION ROOMS,

16 RIDEAU STREET,

A Set of First-Class

GROCERY FIXTURES, (COUNTER, SHELVES, DRAWERS, &c.)

ALSO:

A large quantity of Tea and other Groceries and Liquors.

A Hhd. of Molasses to be sold cheap (very low).

A large consignment of Books, Stationery, Jewellery, Clothing, Boots, &c.

Regular Auction Sales weekly.

Consignments received and prompt returns made.

Real Estate Sales promptly attended to.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871 1 64tf

TO

Horse Breeders.

AT the request of a number of gentlemen who have FINE MARES to Breed from,

Mr. Cotton

has placed

"YOUNG LAPIDIST"

AT THE

Veterinary and

Stable of Mr. A. O. F. Coleman,

RIDEAU STREET,

To Serve a Limited Number of Mares (say 30) for the Season.

"LAPIDIST" is 8 years old this spring, and is considered by judges, to be the most valuable horse to breed from, in this section of the country.

His Pedigree can be seen at Mr. COLEMAN'S Office, or with his Groom, DAVID WHYTE.

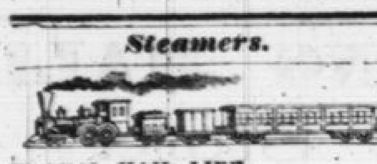
Ottawa, May 10, 1871.

WANTED.

A Girl about 16 years of age, as servant on a small family. Apply, A.B., TIMES Office.

Ottawa, May 29, 1871 1678tf

Steamers.



ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*.....Captain Findlay.
" *Emerald*........ " Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*.... " Murphy.
" *Alliance*......... " Blondin.
" *Oregon*........ " Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*...... "
" *Jason Gould*..... " Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*.. " Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*....... " Duggan.
Pontiac........ " D. Mulligan
Keppawe........ " B J Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m, (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Captaine.

Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau, every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning—Leaving Chapeau same day at 1 o'clock, p.m.

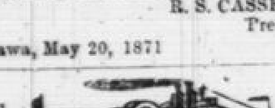
Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2 30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS,
President

Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,

CAPT. BOWIE,

PRINCE OF WALES,

CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland.

The Iron Side-Wheel Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.
And another Steamer to be purchased.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 23rd May, at 4 o'clock, p.m, and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Paspediac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 30th May, at 7 o'clock, a m, and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 19th May, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 20th May, at 4 o'clock p.m., calling at Father Point, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 26th May, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 30th May, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour; calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Quebec, Thursday, the 18th May, for Charlottetown, P.E.I., Pictou, N. S., and Ports in the Gut of Canso

She has great capacity for Freight.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE.
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

☞ A few good Fowls for sale.

J. HERBERT,
N on-st., West
near Richmond Road, Ottawa.

April 26, 1871

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $100 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,
Times Office Ottawa

ENGLISH GOODS!!!

RECEIVED AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex street

PRIZE WATER FILTERS, from $2.25 upwards, of Earthenware and White China. (They purify the most impure water.—*Medical Gazette.*)

ENGLISH BEDSTEADS, all wrought Iron,
Do CHILDRENS COTS, do do
Very fine patterns, quite new and cheap.

For Hospitals and Sick Rooms:

ENGLISH ENAMELLED CHAMBERS.
Do., do., BED PANS.
ENGLISH GARDEN CHAIRS,
Do., do., SETTEES, (to arrive.)
Do, CROQUET LAWN BORDERING
REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, and BATHS, STOVES new and improved patterns.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, May 20, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,

OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR.

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and
Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Burgundy
Ports,
Domecqs and Greek Sherry,
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.
Bass', Guinness's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.

Liberal terms.

☞ Inspection invited.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

1871. ICE! **1871.**

ICE! *ICE!*

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, of $1 50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street

Ottawa, May 1649

JUST RECEIVED.

—AT—

HAUSER'S

RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,

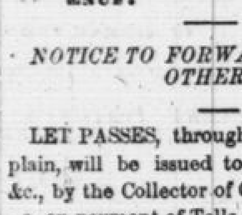
That splendid new Magazine,

THE WEDDING BELLS.

—ALSO—

BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL
FOR MARCH AND APRIL.

Ottawa, April 19, 1871



DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE.

NOTICE TO FORWARDERS AND OTHERS.

LET PASSES, through to Lake Champlain, will be issued to Vessels, Barges, &c., by the Collector of Canal Tolls, Ottawa, on payment of Tolls.

LET PASSES will also be issued by the Collector of Canal Tolls, at Montreal, and at St. Johns, through to Ottawa, or to Ottawa Basin, on payment of Tolls.

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871. 1680a

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Candied Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,

Corner Sussex and York-sts.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer

No. 67 Sussex-st.

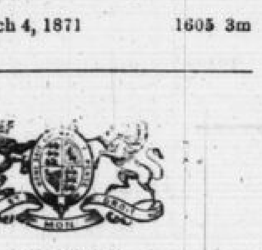
OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m



LISGAR.

[L.S.]

CANADA

Victoria by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same in anywise concern.—Greeting:

A PROCLAMATION.

A. CAMPBELL, for the Attorney General, Canada. } Whereas in and by an Act passed by the Parliament of Canada, in the Thirty-second and Thirty-Third years of Our Reign, being Chapter Twenty-four, and intituled: 'An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," it is amongst other things in effect enacted that our Governor in Council may, as often as occasion requires, declare by Proclamation that upon and after a day therein named the said Act shall be in force in any place or places in Canada therein designated within the limits or in the vicinity whereof any Railway, Canal or other Public Work is in progress of construction, or such places as are in the vicinity of any such Canal, or Railway, or other work as aforesaid, within which he deems it necessary that the said Act should be in force; and the said Act shall upon and after the day to be named in any such Proclamation, take effect within the places designated in such Proclamation; and further, that Our Governor in Council may, in like manner from time to time declare the said Act to be no longer in force in any of such place or places, and may again from time to time declare the same to be in force therein.

And whereas, it is expedient that the hereinbefore in part recited Act should be in force, in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described

Now therefore know ye, that we, by and with the advice and consent of our Privy Council for Canada, do hereby declare that upon and after the First day of June next hereafter, "An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," hereinbefore in part recited, shall be in force in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described, that is to say: | Commencing at the point where the route now being opened to the Red River crosses the height of land which separates the waters' tributary to Lake Winnepeg, from these flowing into Lake Superior, and running from thence westwardly along the said route to the Eastern boundary line of the Province of Manitoba, to extend to a depth of ten miles on either side of the said route from the height of land to the United States' Boundary Line at Nequaquon Lake, and from thence westward to the Lake of the Woods, to embrace a depth of ten miles on the British side of the Boundary line aforesaid, to cover the whole area of the Lake of the Woods and the Islands therein in so far as they are within British Territory and a depth of ten miles around such portion of its shores as may be within British Territory, and from the North West angle of the Lake of the Woods, to extend ten miles on either side of the line of route until it meets the aforesaid eastern boundary line of the said Province of Manitoba.

Of all of which our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

In testimony whereof, we have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved, the Right Honorable John Baron Lisgar, of Lisgar and Bailieborough, in the County of Cavan, Ireland, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and a Baronet, one of our most Honourable Privy Council, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada, and Governor and Commander in Chief of the Island of Prince Edward. At our Government House, in Our CITY OF OTTAWA, this Fifth day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and in the Thirty-fourth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J C AIKINS,
Secretary of State.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871 1671 3

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
......	12.15	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
......	12.15	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	......	4.50
8.20	......	9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	9.30	......	7.15
8.20	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	9.30	......	7.15
8.20	12.15	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	9.30	......	4.20
8.20	12.15	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	9.30	......	4.20
......	12.15	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.30	......	......
8.20	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	......	......	4.20
9.20	......	3.20	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	3.00
9.20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......	11 40	7.30
10.30	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage. Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	8.00	11.00	......
7 00	......	......				
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	......	......	7.30
10.00	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	......	......	6 00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11 30 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12 A M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, May 7, 1871.

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE

HON. SIR JOHN A MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa
The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq.
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq.,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq.
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq.

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Now last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Busines.

Claims Paid for Assurances....	£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid.	2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of....	6,570,000.00
Annual Income.............	1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions* of *Policies.*

The *Non-forfeitable Premium System,*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in

Largely Reducing Present Outlay; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

☞ Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW,
Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal

J.& W. T. Pennock,
Agents, Ottawa.

March 13, 1871 163a

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND LIFE

Continues to take risks on every description of property—including Wooden Houses—at similar rates with other first-class Companies.

LIFE

An inspection of its late Tables is invited.

T M CLARK,
Agent,
Elgin-st., near Sparks.

Ottawa, April 12, 1871 1638 1

THE METROPOLITAN

Building and Savings Society

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa 13th December, 1870. 1540tf1871

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a ort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden county of Hastings Province of Ontario, D Canada.

THE

EAGLE STEAM BAKERY,

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your orders are solicited

AND WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO BY

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone, Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $300 per month,

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1604

Medical

MESSRS GABRIELS'
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESSRS GABRIEL.
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL. LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,

May 11871

SHOSONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by he GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecoy, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Willows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant sthroughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c. &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of disatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

FARMERS

Wanting any kind of Agricultural Implements or Machinery, can be supplied, by calling at the Agent's Office,

MARKET SQUARE, OTTAWA.

WM. ABBOTT,
Agent

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton s Drug Store Residence, St. Paul s

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into is practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as i were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA.

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

BICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Boughton's Dining Saloon.)
☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every elicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

J. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES.

November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

—or—

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accounts accurately prepared. Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1585 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.

Montreal, March 871 2 3m

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

☞ TEAS AND WINES, ☜

8 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

Railroads.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after MONDAY, MAY 15th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1 00 p m., and at Sand Point, at 1.30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 9 20 a.m., and 5 30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 3.40 p.m, connect with the Grand Trunk Day Express from the West and arriving at Ottawa at 7. 0 p. m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a m arriving at Brockville at 1.5 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 7.00 p.m.

EXPRESS at 4 p m, arriving at Brockville Trains for the East.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 9. 40 p m, and connecting with the Grand Trunk At 1,30, 3.15, 7,25 and 11,00 p m,

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

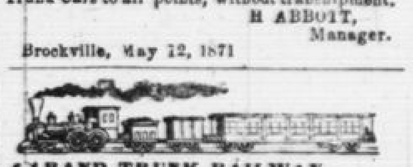
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11,30 a m, after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, May 12, 1871



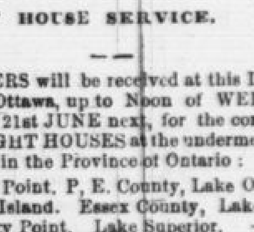
GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf



LIGHT HOUSE SERVICE.

TENDERS will be received at this Department, at Ottawa, up to Noon of WEDNESDAY, the 21st JUNE next, for the construction of LIGHT HOUSES at the undermentioned places, in the Province of Ontario:

Salmon Point, P. E. County, Lake Ontario.
Middle Island. Essex County, Lake Erie.
Porphyry Point. Lake Superior.
Michipicoten Island. do.
Small Island, near Michipicoten Island Harbour.

Plans and specifications of all the required Works may be seen on and after the 1st June next, at the Department at Ottawa, and at the Office of S. RISLEY, Esq., Inspector of Steamboats, Toronto, at which places also Forms of Tender can be procured by intending Contractors.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Department Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 20th May, 1871. 1681 3

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON have ing purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Estables, and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON,

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 168 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

☞ **FLOWER SEEDS.** ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,

(Late Alex. Christie.)

Druggists,

40, Sparks-st

Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET.

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel.

Strict attention to business.
Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.

J. A. GEMMILL,
Solicitor &c.

Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.

Ottawa, Feb. 21, 187 159

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 35 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa
JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1684. OTTAWA, TUESDAY. JUNE 6, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deal Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

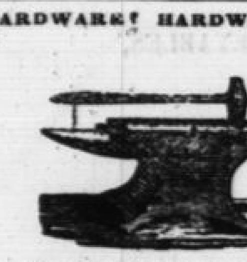
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Meta Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!



Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. &c. together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:

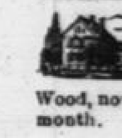
Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, No 18, 1870

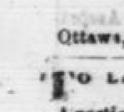
For Sale or to Let.



TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.

Possession given 20th May.
Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere, near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)

Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.
Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY

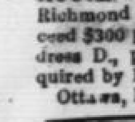
For particulars, apply to
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26 Rideau street.
Ottawa, Feb. 16, 1871

TO LET,

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land, or, more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road.

Also the shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.

For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Ottawa, Feb. 16. 592tf



WANTED TO RENT.

A Comfortable DWELLING HOUSE on the west end. Neighborhood of Richmond Road preferred. Rent not to exceed $300 per annum, including taxes. Address D., post paid, Ottawa. Possession required by 15th June.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1879 3

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

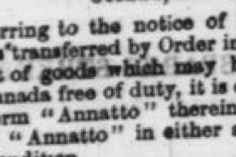
Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y



NOTICE.

CUSTOM'S DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 19th May, 1871.

Referring to the notice of 5th inst., of articles transferred by Order in Council, to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, it is decided that the term "Annatto" therein mentioned means "Annatto" in either a liquid or a solid condition.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.
Ottawa, May 27, 1871 1678 3

READING, ELOCUTION,
WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa.

N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1660tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,

The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises

STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.

And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.

Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1865 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,

Next Door to F. McDougall & Co.

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colour) Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,

To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.

There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.

The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

—TO—

N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.

Ottawa, April 28, 1871 1652 3m

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE.

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,

Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 RIDEAU STREET.

Observe—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you. 1634 3m

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in it large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly, our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH

Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

G. A. SHELDON,

HATTER AND FURRIER,

Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive

HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT

In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.

G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.

A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1665 3m

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull,	1 500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

SELLING

OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES

OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street,

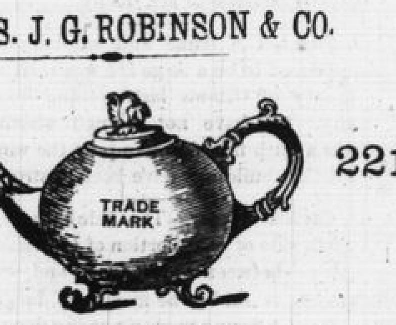
OTTAWA AND MONTREAL WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

Dufresne & McGarity,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.

Sussex Street,
OTTAWA.



221 Notre Dame St.
MONTREAL.

The Undersigned have much pleasure in stating to their Customers and the Trade in general, that they have disposed of the RETAIL BUSINESS *which they heretofore carried on in connection with their Wholesale Trade; and it is now their intention to devote themselves exclusively to the*

Wholesale Grocery, Wine and Provision Business.

To enable them to do so efficiently, they have secured the premises next door to their present stand, (formerly occupied by Messrs. Fingland & Draper, as a Dry Goods Store,) and connected the two buildings by an arch,—now making ONE OF THE FINEST WHOLESALE HOUSES IN THE PROVINCE.

They have secured Agencies for several of the first WINE HOUSES *in Europe; and are also Agents for Messrs.* GOODERHAM & WORTS *Distillers of Toronto,—and they can safely say that Messrs. G. & W. make the finest Spirits in the Dominion.*

The trade supplied with all of the undermentioned ALES, either in Wood or Bottle, at Brewers prices.

Dow & Co's.	Montreal,	Pale and Mild Ales and Porter,	
Cosgrove's,	Toronto,	"	"
Labatt's,	Prescott,	"	"
Dawes',	Lachine,	"	"

GUINNESS STOUT and ENGLISH ALES always on hand and in fine condition.

There is now on the way out from China and Japan, **2,000 Chests of Fresh Teas,** *which, with all other Goods, will be sold at* MONTREAL PRICES.

Goods will be delivered at Steamboat and Railway Stations free of charge. All empty packages charged in accounts will be taken back and allowed for, and those preferring to have their Goods shipped from the Montreal House, can have that privilege by leaving their orders at the office here.

The OTTAWA ESTABLISHMENT will be under the special management of MR. McGARITY, *who will give his exclusive attention to the wants of his customers.*

Thanking you for the liberal patronage with which we have been so kindly favored, and soliciting an early call.

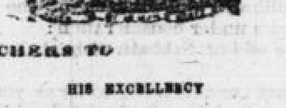
We remain, yours truly,

Dufresne & McGarity,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
"The TeaPot,"
SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, April 19, 1871 1645 2m

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT.

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

IMMENSE SALE.

RETIRING FROM THE

DRY GOODS TRADE.

$30,000 Worth of Dry Goods

to be sold at half the usual prices, at

CUNNINGHAN & LINDSAY'S,

14 RIDEAU STREET.

As they are going out of Business.

The Stock consists of a general and splendid assortment of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS.

This Sale is peremptory and without reserve, and purchasers, would consult their interest, by purchasing before the Stock is broken up.

Come and see for yourselves the great Bargains.

ALL SALES FOR CASH ONLY.

Sale commences WEDNESDAY, April at 9 a.m.

Remember the Place

14 RIDEAU STREET,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, April 4, 1871 1632tf

HATS HATS!

HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 73259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given, which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1679tf

DIRECT FROM ENGLAND!

Just opened out a beautiful assortment of CARVED WOOD

BREAD PLATTERS!
BUTTER do., with glass dish!
SALT CELLARS do do!
EGG TRAYS, do cups
FRUIT STANDS do dishes
BREAD KNIVES
BREAKFAST TRAYS!

The above are low in price, and elegant and useful adornments for the Tables, also

FISHING RODS,
TROLLING SPOONS,
FLIES, GIMP,
HOOKS,
BOOKS, &c., &c., &c.

We have just been appointed Agents for the ATLANTIC and PACIFIC SHIP PUMPS,

BROKENSHIRES PATENT.

These Pumps are now almost exclusively used on the Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence, and are adapted for Lumber Barges or the Ocean Steamship. Orders received.

New Stock Cooking Stoves, latest improvement, just arrived, at

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA.
H MEADOWS & CO

Ottawa, April 29, 1871

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN.

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS-ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

MORTGAGE SALE

OF

REAL ESTATE.

Public notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a Mortgage Deed made by STEPHEN SWITZER, of the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, Yeoman, party of the first part, to HENRY HODGE HORSEY, of the City of Kingston, in the said Province, Esquire, party of the second part, there will be offered for sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Law Office of WALKER & PENNOCK, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the THIRTIETH day of MAY, instant, A.D. 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon, (unless the monies due thereon and all expenses be sooner paid) the undermentioned property to wit: the North Half of Lot Number Twenty-four, in the First Concession, New Survey, of the Township of Cumberland in the County of Russell, in the said Province of Ontario, the said half lot containing One Hundred Acres, be the same more or less.

TERMS CASH.

All Searches, Abstracts of Title, Conveyances, &c., to be at the expense of the purchaser.

The Vendor will covenant against his own acts only.

Further particulars can be obtained from the undersigned at their Law Office.

WALKER & PENNOCK,
Solicitors for H H. Horsey.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871. 1666a22wtd

LANDS FOR THE LANDLESS

HOMES FOR THE HOMELESS

ONLY $1.25 PER ACRE

FOR ACTUAL SETTLERS,

Take the Cars of the

LEAVENWORTH,

LAWRENCE and

GALVESTON R. R LINE,

from LAWRENCE and KANSAS CITY is it the celebrated Osage Country The Garden Spot of Kansas.

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

Tailors & Gentlemen's Out-fitters

to

P. O'MEARA'S Restaurant,

RIDEAU STREET.

Messrs. P. & R. invite special attention to their choice and select assortment of

Broadcloths
Doeskins,
English
Scotch, and
Canadian
Tweeds.

Next to P. O'MEARA, Rideau-St.

N. B.—Workmanship and fit guaranteed.

PRESTON & ROSWELL.

Ottawa April 18, 1871 1642tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and
Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods
&c., &c

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under [illegible]
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving your orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

To Charles Leduc,

Of the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa, Esquire.

SIR,—We, the undersigned Electors of the County of Ottawa, having confidence in your intelligence and integrity to represent this section of the County, in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec, hereby request you to become a candidate at the next election, and we pledge you our support and influence to obtain your election:—

Rev Père Reboul, Rev Père Beaudin, Ruggles Wright, P Wetherall Wright, Dr C E Graham, Councillor, Samuel Pink, Councillor, Alex Prudhomme, Moise Bisson, Councillor, M Tétreau, P., Chas Marcil, Avocat, Charles Roussel, Hubert Blais, Joseph Poliquin, Père, Félix Périard, James Chénier, Guillaume Périard, Joseph Campeau, Joseph Poliquin, fils, Seraphin St Denis, Isaac Martin, J Bte Châtillon, Alexis Latreille, Alexis St Denis, J Bte Dubrule, Bte Lalonde, Clément Jodouin, Francois Bastien, Nazeret Fauteux, Pierre Pichette, Luc Derragon, Basile Villeneuve, Daniel Papillon, Jos Beaudin, M D, Gilbert Leclerc, Théophile Turcotte, Jérémie Boyer, Moise Campeau, jr, Edouard Clermont, Alphonse Grignon, Edouard Joubert, Narcisse Carpentier, Luc Lalonde, Francois Charbonneau, Prospère Ducharme, Onésime Fréchette, Joseph Lemieux, jr, Ambroise Sanctueur, Cléophas Sabourin, Pierre Proulx, John Wright, Charles Renaud, Alfred Filiatrault, Téophile Cabana, Olivier Martin, M W Noctor, M Laflamme, fils, Amable Bertrand, J Bte Bertrand, Edouard Dupins, Louis Laviolette, Louis Bastien, Louis Cadieux, Marchand, Eustache Guilbeau, Masson, A Rathier, Marchand, Onésime Paquette, Marchand, Joseph Charbonneau, Marchand, Alphonse Thérien, Hector Lapointe, Félix Labelle, Honoré Labelle, Marchand, Hilaire Vieau, Robert Auclair, Marchand, Edouard Truesdell, Avocat, Gilbert Leclerc, M Silvère Dumontier, I J, Cuthbert Bordeleau, Cordonnier, Onésime Groulx, Joseph Grondin, Joseph Vincent, J B Gauthier, Capt Hypolite Fortin, J Bte Grenier, Hotellier, Hormisdas Bernèche, Masson, Joachim Lafrance, Jules Pichette, Gossien Blais, Louis Groulx, Jules Doucet, Dolphin Fortier, Jean Reginbal, J Bte Brancho, Pierre Champagne, fils, Joseph Papin, Père, Joseph Groulx, Charles Menard, Joseph Verbonccœur, Masson, Louis Corbeil, Chrs B F Piché, Etienne Prudhomme, Barnabé D'Arpentigni, H Gravel, Conseiller, Etienne Delorier, Evangeliste Roy, Etienne Béseth, Alfred Derouin, Godfroid Cayé, Louis Goulet, Bélonie Alard, Magloire Dumontier, Narcisse Dusault, Isaie Dazé, Michel Dicaire, S R, Michel Dicaire, Sr, A L G Dumoutier, Edouard Duquet, Bernabé Darpentigny, Michel Navion, Ludger Navion, Joseph Duquette, Charles Hynds, Pierre Racine, ouvrier, J Bte Sayen, Père, J Bte Sayen, fils, Alexandre Sayen, Néré Rochon, ouvrier, Telesphore Rochon, Hotellier, François Ranger, Nazaire Guilmette, Jean Bte Dorion, Emanuel Dorion, Jean Bte Chenier, Edmond Bertrand, Michel Hotte, François Counal, Paschal Ouilette, Fabien Soulière, Joseph Gosselin, Pierre Sauvé, François Galarneau, François Chatelle, Pierre St Martin, Thomas Proulx, Bernabé Sabourin, Ignace Renaud, Sévère Chatellad, G Bonbardin, Honoré Labelle, Amédée Sabourin, Hercule Verboncœur, Magloire Carrière, Thomas Lynard, Charles Fournelle, Adélane Verbonccœur, François Goulet, Samuel Pelerin, Telesp Sauvageau, Ambroise Roy, I L Jacko, Alexis [illegible], Alfred Coté, Louis Jaumond, Norbert Plante, Calixte Vien, François Brosseau, Elie Bourgeois, J Bte Lebris, Felix Cardinal, Ernest Duchesne, David Lamotte,

Pierre Poulin, I H Richer, J P, F X Bouvier, Maire, Francois Laurin, J. P., Alfred Coté, peintre, Joseph Prudhomme, Anselme Bédard, Basile Bédard, Néré Vachon, hôtellier, Frs Robert, Alexandre Laselle, Joseph Berurand, Aug Monette, J Bte Hébert, Francois Normand, Joseph Nadon, P H Chabot, Adolphe Chabot, Joseph Valade, Basile Bédard, Hyacinthe Madar, Joseph Archambault, Amable Patenaude, Hypolite Legrand, Hilaire Jolicœur, Olivier Milliotte, Joseph Rairard, Joseph Pepin, Thomas Sauvé, Joseph Deschêne, Camille Augé, Chars Fhalerdan, Louis Barrett, Hilaire Champagne, Amable Sauvé, Joseph Montreuil, Olivier Pilon, J Bte Gauthier, François Groulx, Victor Corbeil, J Bte Chalifou, Israël Terrien, Hypolite Legrand, Louis Désjardins, J Bte Lapensée, Alphonse Grignon, Amable Lapierre, Cyrille Chémèr, Narcisse Chartran, Agustin Pepin, fils, Richard Nevill, Alexandre D'Aoust, Hubert Côté, Edouard Renaud, Xavier Sarrasin, S B Cimon, Merchant, Solomon Chartrand, Théophile Blondin, J Bte Arbique, Joseph E Leduc, Boucher, J Bte Leduc, Hotellier, Louis Gaumont, Peintre, F X Elie Gauthier, Marchand, Jean Bte Amiot, J Bte Audette, Pierre Daoust, Alfred Graton, Eustache Libersar, Joseph Lalonde, André Riopelle, J Bte Villeneuve, Isidore Dechêne, Chs Beauvois, Toussaint Deslaurier, Timothé Lefort, Evariste Dechêne, Joseph Carriere, Joseph Villancour, Louis Peronce, Cyrille St Denis, Marchand, Antoine Parant, ouvrier, Alphonse Pichette, Firmin Richard, Masson, Dolphice Jannary, cordonier, Toussaint Dupuis, Olivier Caron, J Bte Charbonneau, Isidore Jaudoin, Joseph Jaudoin, marchand, Calixe Rouleau, charretier, Arsène Lasule, F Xavier Rouleau, Narcisse Carpentier, François Lalonde, Honoré Doré, William Timmens, marchand, Marcelin Larose, merchand, François Vachon, boulanger, Joseph Larose, boucher, Augustin Papin, Père, Alfred Lanc, Octave Latour, Gustave Chevrier, Louis Barrette, Joseph Larose, J Bte Larose, Pierre Bonneville, Louis Charette, Antoine Charette, Joseph Derouin, Adolphe Derouin, André Plouff, Norbert Noir, fils, Alfred St Louis, J Bte Derouin, Jacques Goyette, Napoleon Moreau, Désiré Bastarache, Martin Butier, H Labelle, hotellier, Cyphrien Ouellette, George Thomas, Louis Dussault, Timothe Roy, Joseph Roy, A L Dumontier, Eustache Simon, marchand, André Sabourin, Grégoire Belanger, George Duguay, Xavier Patenaude, Théophile Beaudin, J B Bessete, Théophile Laure, Gédéon Loyer, E Richer Sr., E Richer Jr, Alphonse Roy, Joseph Roy, Octave Dubuc, Edouard Renaud, Narcisse Mirault, Narcisse Fréchette, Joseph Papin, John McDonald, Treffile Laliberté, Napoleon Therien, Camille Chenevert, Victor Levesque, Octave Levesque, Alexander Taylor, Moise Galipeau, John Thibert, Chs Auger, Joseph Bussière, Joseph Marion, Candide Pilon, Chs Goyette, François Gendron, Noë Perrier, Severin Lachapelle, Narcisse Brossard, Joseph Mulérin, Eustache Rochon, Magloire Landry sr, Magloire Landry jr, Jean Bte Castonguay, Frs Larose, Felix Dault, Maxime Hébert, F E Fortin, Henri Guertin,

Pierre Durocher, Jean B Lacasse, Louis Roi, Hyacinthe Madore, Mar Larose, Elie Labelle, Joseph Carrière, Augustin Larose, Joseph Venance, Joseph Franche, François Sauriole, Mizael Pariseau, Jean Bte Séguin, George Grenier, George Latrimouille, Victor Bourgeois, Joseph Riopelle, Joseph Lefebvre, Isaie Fleury, Nérée Rochon, Jean Bte Séguin jr, Joseph Séguin, Pierre Vallée, Joseph Pelchat, Olivier Paré, Joseph Lécuyer, Joachin Lafontaine, Adolph Vilneuve, Olivier Charette, Joseph Moreau, conseillers, E. S. Boncheaul, Joseph Daoust, D. Derouin, Amable Beaudry, Jr. Amable Baudry, Sr. Louis Cyr. Joseph Dion, J. Bte. Audette. Jerimie Charon, Théophile Vieau, Amable Martel, F. X. Laurin, Jr. Pascal Cyr. Charles Cyr. Pierre Posée, Alfred Osburn, Felix Pepin, Jr. Jermie Hurtubise. Thomas Homes. Eustache Hebert, Jr. Eustache Hebert, Sr. Arsene Hebert, France Lagasse, Joseph Charon, Julien Decarie Jr. Julien Decarie Sr. Antoine Dore, Julien Decarie, Grégoire Matte, Francois Aubry, Francois Nadon, Isid. Constantineau, J Bte Bresetts, Jr, J Bte Bresetts, Sr, Joseph Pilon Jr. Joseph Campeau Jr, Eusebe Campeau, Augustin Campeau, J Bte Descarie, Louis Cousineau, J N Rousel, N P Salem Charette, Moise Charon, Napoleon Belanger, Elie Belanger, Gilbert Lachapelle, Joseph Hurtubise, Hypolite Jascon, Isaac Lepin, Joachim Lafontaine, Antoine Lafontaine, Octave Lamarche, Charles Lafontaine, Jules Belanger, Julliare Marenger, Louis Lafontaine, S Moreau Marchand, Joseph Lafontaine, J. P. Pierre Charette, Narcisse Matte, D Derouin, Joseph Galipeau, Louis Paturin, Nap Constantineau, Maxime Bélan, Sr, Joseph Charon, Joseph St. Jacques,

O Messier, John Broadhead, Wm Sayer, Moise Daigneau, Alphonse Richard, Hilaire Mathias, Gustave Chevrier, Godefroi Latreille, Mathias Rousson, Nap Lacasse, Wm Anderson, Aimée Jodoun, T Raymond, Aimée Monfils, J Bte Lafontaine, Louis Desmarais, Basil St Louis, Wilfred Bissonnette, Chs Denommés, Jos Charbonneau, Alexandre Morin, Geo Ardi, Capt John A Boult, Jno Bte Dupuis, Louis Fortin, Thos Mousseau, Jeremie Bergeron, Pierre Matte, Gabriel Lauzier, Baptiste Lauzier, J Bte Desjardin, Mag Charbonneau, Prosper Oliver, Maxime Chartier, Xavier Peaudevins, Alexandre Dupras, Oliver Vilneuve, Joseph Charboneau, Louis Bertrand, Joseph Beaubien, Jean Charette, Felix Tetie, Edouard St Germain, Napoleon Bertrand, Antoine Lafontaine, Octave Lamanche, Francois Lacloches, Richard Kelly, F X Girard, Maire, Conseilliers, John Prudhomme, Salem Charette, Buckingham, Peter Barret, Eustache Gradmaison, Buckingham, Louis Lecuyer, Oné Constantineau, Maxime Hamelin, Joseph Laurin, Eusebe Lafontaine, Felix Charon, Honoré Lafontaine, Narcise Roy, Louis Jolicoeur, J Bte Brunette, Narcise Roy, Père, J Bte Hout, Père, J Bte Hout, fils, Joseph Lafontaine, Père, Seraphin Belanger, François Belanger, Michael Padden, Louis Cousineau, J Bte Benoit, Celestin Belanger, J Bte Loucire, Moise Galipeau, Emanuel Dufresne, Alexandre Charon, Hyacinthe Amour, Marcel Ploof, Guillaume Nantel, Louis Lécuyer, Père, Estor St François, Narcise Roy, Père, Narcise Roy, fils, Antoine Gareau, Père, Antoine Gareau, fils, François Brunette, Damasse Charon, Treffle Hornier, J Bte Lequelt, Eusèbe St Jean, Louis Bélanger, J Bte Legance, Père,

REPLY.

To the Rev. Fathers Reboul, Beaudin, Messrs. Ruggles Wright, F. X. Bourier, and others, and to all the Electors of the County of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—After reading the above requisition, signed, as it is, by such a large number of the most influential electors of the County, I deem it a duty to accede to your request, acknowledging, therefore, the high honor conferred upon me by your invitation, I beg leave to inform you that I will present myself at the coming elections as candidate for the representation of the rich and important County of Ottawa.

After a 5 years connection with the press, and a long and careful study of the politics of this country, I beg to tender to this County and the Province in general, the benefit of my experience and the result of my labors.

If elected, I pledge myself to give my cordial support to all measures, which, in my humble opinion, I will consider necessary or useful to this Province and to this County in particular—nevertheless I may state here that in politics my principles and views have always been liberal, and progressive, and are Conservative. Agriculture, commerce, and education, are three questions which will be objects of my most earnest and careful consideration, as I regard them as indispensable and essential, alike to the welfare, prosperity, and growth of a nation.

I will endeavor to promote and protect the lumber trade, more especially in the interest of this county, as I consider that trade to be not only one of the greatest sources of wealth in this country, but also as a principal means of extending considerably the limits of colonization.

I will do all in my power to encourage colonization by giving my support to and adopting the most efficient and effectual means of encouraging emigration to these parts of the country which are yet unsettled—by obtaining from the Government for that object, liberal grants for the opening of roads and the construction of bridges, and especially by *exercising scrupulous justice and fairness in the* distribution of the different sums of money which may be voted for that purpose.

I will also endeavor to encourage the opening out and the working of the immense mineral resources of this country, by calling the attention of capitalists, and if I succeed in that object, the Government, the capitalist, the laborer will alike profit by it.

In the distribution of the public offices of this country I will endeavour to show more liberality, justice, and impartiality than has been heretofore manifested. I will recommend the appointment of men worthy in every respect to fill these offices to the satisfaction of all parties concerned. I will be careful not to leave indefinitely vacant any office which by its importance to the county ought to be filled up at once.

I shall endeavor, on every occasion, to exhibit a liberal spirit towards all. I hold in contempt those who take a hole and corner view, or what is worse, regard with an eye of personal greed questions of grave importance to the country at large, as has been done in the past; yet I believe in the advantage to a county of great extent such as this of having as its representative a person residing in as central a place as possible. Such as Hull, for instance.

I well recognize the absurdity of raising national "cries" in political matters; nevertheless, without attempting anything of the kind, I must say that in the Quebec Parliament, composed almost exclusively of French Canadians, it is to the advantage of almost any county in the Province, to select a French Canadian as its representative, as he finds himself among those of his own race and language, and is enabled to address them with greater facility than one of another origin.

To conclude, gentlemen, if elected, I shall exert my best energies to promote the progress of the Province, and particularly of this county. I shall ever be happy and grateful to my fellow-citizens for their advice, and, I shall devote myself with all

my heart to the duties of the responsible position you shall have conferred on me. Meanwhile,

I remain,
Gentlemen,
Your humble servant,
CHARLES LEDUC.

PAPER HANGINGS.

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Twin Brothers New Vegetable Dry Hop Yeast.
Two Race Outriggers for Sale by Auction—J. Bermingham.
Masonic Meeting—G. Levin.
Fresh Fish—John Hill.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

TUESDAY, JUNE 6, 1871.

For interesting reading matter, see first page.

Hon. Mr. Howe returned home yesterday from his official tour.

J. A. Dorion, Esq., will present himself as a candidate for the representation of the county of Richelieu in the Local Legislature of Quebec.

Adjutant General Ross leaves this morning for the camp where 4,500 men will assemble to-day. He will remain there fo 16 days, until the camp is broken up, and will proceed from thence to the camp to be formed at Goderich. We hope and believe that excellent results will ensue from this effort to give our militia army some little experience of active service.

Hon. Mr. Aikins had a long conference with the Indians of the Lake of Two Mountains last Friday, and inspected their farms which he found, for the most part, in an excellent state of preservation. There has for some time past been a considerable amount of ill feeling existing among the Indians in consequence of some difficulty concerning their title to the lands they occupy. It is probable that through the mediation of the Government this question will be adjusted and all difficulties removed.

The *N. Y. Irish World*, Fenian organ, is wildly enraged with the Joint High Commission, with President Grant and the United States Government. Its fury would be something fearful to behold were it not so much more ridiculous. The Fenian who edits it desires that the Imperial Government should be compelled to apologize for having imprisoned his fellow thieves, who, unlike himself, had a sufficient amount of courage to invade Canada while he remained in New York. He also wishes that "apology should be made to our insulted flag," that is the "Sunburst!" He concludes by expressing the hope "that this treaty may fail in Great Britain or the Canadian Dominion, by both of which it remains yet to be ratified, to save us from the disgrace which we had not the manhood to reject for ourselves."

"THE BATTLE OF DORKING."

We are not surprised to find that Sir Hope Grant, who commanded at the Brighton Volunteer review on Easter Monday last, has reported against the continuance of gatherings of the kind. The only practical good result which has sprung from the Easter review at Brighton and other places, has been to accustom the English railway companies to move large bodies of men expeditiously to a given point. So far as the volunteers themselves are concerned it is exceedingly doubtful whether they ever learnt anything, or were rendered any more efficient. The "march past" was all well enough so far as it went, but no vast amount of military knowledge was needed in order to convince one that the sham fight was all a delusion and a snare. Strategy of the most extraordinary and impossible description such as the world never knew before, has been exhibited upon the "breezy Sussex downs." Regiments and brigades have been intermixed together in such hopeless confusion as would puzzle Von Moltke himself to unravel; thin skirmish lines have succeeded in passing through the "enemy's" strongest columns, and still advancing with calm intrepidity, have "blazed away" at nothing, far in the rear of the army they were sent to oppose; and ludicrous mistakes of this kind which have invariably occurred, have led military men to regard the Brighton review more as a burlesque or Volunteer Saturnalia than anything else. Not that we suppose that anyone desires to say one word of disrespect concerning those who without any fee or reward voluntarily came forth to the defence of the United Kingdom when danger seemed to threaten. The motives which inspired them, and the results which they effected, ought forever to be held in honour by those who regard British freedom and British institutions as something worth preserving. But it is coming to be very generally understood in England as well as in other countries that the voluntary principle is a wrong one on which to base the organization of a military force. We hear people, both here and in England, vaunting the superiority of the German armies and of the German military system. We admit the excellence of the latter, and the undoubted efficiency of the former, but if the British people will only consent to make the sacrifices, and submit to the same inconveniences as the Germans, there is no reason why they should not in a comparatively short time have as large and as efficient an army composed we believe, in many respects, of far better material than the victors of Sedan and Woerth They have only to give up the voluntary system and adopt the German system of conscription; instead of suspending the action of the Militia Law to carry it out in its entirety and make every man who is drafted to serve in the militia whether he be gentle or simple, professional man or farmer's labourer, shoulder his rifle and take his place in the ranks. Let them do as the Germans do, and as we do in Canada, give their militia officers a military education, and not allow a man to take command of a company even, unless he has proved himself equal to the task. Finally, let them bestow some attention upon brigade organization and upon the formation of a proper commissariat staff and supply train, and then the Mother Country may rely upon it that Englishmen, Scotchmen, and Irishmen can do as much or more than Prussians, Bavarians, and Hessians can do.

An article which appeared in the May number of *Blackwood's Magazine*, entitled "The Battle of Dorking" has attracted a considerable amount of attention in England, and is intimately connected with this subject. It professes to be the personal recollections of a volunteer related to his grandchildren, somewhere about the year 1925, and describes how after the humiliation of France by Germany, Great Britain became suddenly involved in a war with Germany and Russia, between whom it appeared that a secret treaty existed. The channel fleet of iron-clads was destroyed by torpedoes, only one vessel remaining to bring home the news of ruin and disaster. Then the volunteers and militia were called out in hot haste for the defence of the United Kingdom Thanks to the neglect and ill-advised economy of a Radical administration, there was a great lack of warlike stores, no proper organization of the Volunteer force, and though the citizen soldiers rallied in force when the call to arms was sounded, they were unable to effect anything against the trained veterans to whom they were opposed. The regular troops in England were exterminated almost to a man, the militia and Volunteers, after having fought bravely, became a mere mob. Then Woolwich and London were captured, Ireland declared independent, India seized upon by Russia, Canada made over to the Yankees, and the splendour of the British Empire past away "like a tale that is told" after the great battle of Dorking. The condition of the country just previous to these events is thus described by the old man.

"We thought we were living in a commercial millennium, which must last for a thousand years at least. After all, the bitterest part of our reflection is, that all this misery and decay might have been so easily prevented, and that we brought it about ourselves by our own shortsighted recklessness. There, across the narrow straits, was the writing on the wall, but we would not choose to read it. The warnings of the few were drowned in the voice of the multitude. Power was then passing away from the class which had been used to rule, and to face political dangers, and which had brought the nation with honour unsullied through former struggles, into the hands of the lower classes, uneducated, untrained to the use of political rights, and swayed by demagogues; and the few who were wise in their generation were denounced as alarmists or as aristocrats who sought their own aggrandizement by wasting public money on bloated armaments. The rich were idle and luxurious; the poor grudged the cost of defence. Politics had become a mere bidding for Radical votes, and those who should have led the nation, stooped rather to pander to the selfishness of the day, and humored the popular cry which denounced those who would secure the defence of the nation by enforced arming of its manhood, as interfering with the liberties of the people. Truly the nation was ripe for a fall; but when I reflect how a little firmness and self-denial, or political courage and foresight, might have averted the disaster, I feel that the judgment must have really been deserved. A nation too selfish to defend its liberty, could not have been fit to obtain it. To you, my grandchildren, who are now going to seek a new home in a more prosperous land, let not this bitter lesson be lost upon you in the country of your adoption. For me, I am too old to begin life again in a strange country, and hard and evil as has been my days, it is not much to await in solitude the time which cannot now be far off, when my old bones are to be laid to rest in the soil I have loved so well, and whose happiness and honour I have so long survived."

Most sincerely do we trust that the events here depicted in such an exceedingly circumstantial and vivid manner may never come to pass. There is no reason why they should if our fellow subjects at home will only awake in time to a sense of the danger of their position, and learn that if they would keep the splendid heritage which they have obtained, the world must be made to feel and perceive that they are ready and willing to defend it. With as much truth may it now be said as in the days of Shakespeare, that

Naught can make us rue
If England to herself do rest but true."

The strength of England depends upon the strong right arms of her sons as much now as it ever did. Those who imagined that we were entering upon a millenial time of universal peace and good will have been rudely awakened from their dreams. The safety of the Empire and the maintenance of peace depends upon British subjects whether in the Mother Country or in Manitoba the latest born of Britain's colonial family, being able as well as willing to defend their flag from insult and their homes from invasion. In the midst of our commercial pursuits, let us still cherish enough of the *Civis Romanus sum* spirit of the ancient Roman, to enable us willingly to endure such sacrifices as are necessary to ensure the preservation of our liberties and the sanctity of our homes Then the "Battle of Dorking" with all its direful results will never come to pass, the honour of the Empire will remain unsullied and its integrity will be preserved.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Printed instructions have been issued to the Engineers in charge of parties employed to survey the route of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Each party is placed under the control of an Engineer, whose duty it will be to maintain proper discipline, &c. In the event of his being compelled to leave the party, the Transit man will take charge. Arrangements will be made for forwarding supplies, which are to be of the best quality, to a general depot at or near the commencement of each division of the survey. Each exploring party will be designated by a letter of the alphabet and all articles of equipment, supplies, &c, belonging to that party will be marked with that letter. In conducting the survey the engineer of a party is expected to be at its head every day, exploring in front and to the right and left, in order to see what obstructions may be in the way and to determine as to the best manner of avoiding them. A pair of light steel climbers will be furnished to each party in order to enable the engineers in charge to climb a tree with facility, and obtain a knowledge of the topography of the surrounding country. As often as possible the Engineer is directed to forward to the Head office a traced copy of the plan and section, showing the amount of work done. The amount of baggage is to be reduced to the smallest weight possible. The following is the outfit of each man: 2 pairs of pants, 2 coats, 3 flannel shirts, 3 pairs of drawers, 6 pairs of socks, 1 pair of mitts 2 pairs of strong boots or shoepacks, 1 towel, 1 brush and comb, and a few other small articles; the whole personal outfit must not exceed 30 pounds. Except in special cases, the number of firearms in each party is to be limited to one rifle and one double barrelled gun. Engineers in charge are requested to see that the Sabbath is duly observed, and a simple form of prayer is recommended for use on that day.

IMMIGRANTS WANTED!

The demand for labourers and for mechanics in the West far exceeds the supply. Last Wednesday, 400 passengers from the steamship *Nestorian* arrived in Toronto late in the evening, and on the following morning 300 more from the *Scandinavian* came in. The whole number, 700 people in all, were distributed where employment was waiting for them in various sections of the Province, by six o'clock on Thursday evening, with the exception of 60 or 70 who found employment in Toronto at high wages. Railway contractors are contending for the men as they arrive, and farmers are constantly applying at the Immigration office for farm hands. These facts cannot be too widely known. They speak volumes for the prosperous condition of the country, and serve to prove the truth of what we have so often said, viz., that Canada is the place for industrious, able bodied immigrants from the Old World. Let them come on; "There's room enough for all." The same demand exists here.

MR. BROWN AND THE ONTARIO ROMAN CATHOLICS.

Mr. Brown's letter directing the Roman Catholics of Ontario how to vote, to which we referred on Friday last, is addressed to "Messrs. John O'Donohue, Bernard Hughes, J. D. Merrick and others," all residents of Toronto.

The Toronto *Telegraph* has published a few extracts, from former numbers of the *Globe* showing how different was the language which Mr Brown used to apply to the Roman Catholics, to that which he uses now when he hopes to allure them into the ranks of faction. We reproduce a few of them:

"A few months may see the issue of a bull (from Rome) which, our Government, aiding and betting, may flood the Province with a population *likely to be as great a curse to it as were the locusts to the land of Egypt*. Settle the Catholic Irish in masses and we shall have a second Connaught, a second District of Quebec, a second Naples. *No schools, no roads, no progress.*

"Toronto redeemed. Mr Brown heads the Poll! * * The Polls in St. Patrick's and St. David's Wards were surrounded by bands of *Roman Catholic Ruffians*, who pushed and jostled, and, in some cases, beat and otherwise maltreated the voters who came forward to support Mr. Brown.

"It is intelligence, wealth, industry, progress, equal rights, and *Protestant Liberty, against ignorance, indolence, poverty, retrogression, monopoly, exclusive privileges, and Popish intolerence.*

Now that Mr. Brown can no longer "ride the Protestant horse," he turns to those whom he formerly abused in such an outrageous manners and asks them to combine for the purpose of placing him and his followers in power. Now instead of being "as were the locusts to the land of Egypt," they are "gentlemen" and Mr. Brown "remembers with pleasure the intelligent and cordial manner in which the Irish Catholics through all those years sustained all liberal and progressive measures!" Not even *Snug* the joiner who while personating the lion roared so loudly and ferociously, could change his tune and tone more completely when it became necessary to do so, than can the Hon. George Brown.

ANOTHER GROSS MISSTATEMENT.

The Ottawa *Times* is putting out the idea that Sir John A. Macdonald signed the treaty unwillingly.—*Globe, June 3rd.*

This is another gross misstatement. The Ottawa TIMES' has never put out an idea of the kind or expressed an opinion, one way or the other, as to the manner in which Sir John Macdonald signed the treaty. We are perfectly willing to assume the responsibility of anything we have said, but we must protest against the *Globe's* charging as with having made a statement which we never dreamt of making. We know that it has long been a custom with our contemporary thus to misrepresent the views and expressions of his political opponents, and use has no doubt become second nature; still we must beg him to confine his attentions to other journals and not to misrepresent our utterances.

BATHS.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—No one can have read the remarks made in the daily and evening newspapers of Ottawa—not to mention the constant recurrence to this subject by the people by Ottawa generally, without commenting on the backwardness of the powers that be in not meeting that want.

Coming, as I did, from London, England, in the early spring of 1870, I soon missed my usual, I may say necessary swim or bath, and had I not been engaged up the Gatineau during part of the summer, I should have had something to say on the subject; as it was, I had daily opportunities of bathing.

It may even now not be too late. London, Sir, is full of bathing facilities, there are baths innumerable. The river Thames affords accommodation to thousands, there are also other rivers, canals, ponds - ornamental waters—the whole of which, under proper regulations, are available to the London bathers, the result being that, as a rule, the men of London are fond of bathing and swimming, and the health of the people is proportionately improved.

In complaining that Ottawa is thus deficient in bathing accomodation, I desire it to be understood that I would not do so, were I not prepared with a plan to remedy the evil I complain of—a plan which I believe will, sooner or later, be adopted, being a simple and comparatively inexpensive one, but, at the same time, one affording a perfectly secure and refreshing bath, whether for swimming or otherwise—to all *females* as well as males; at suitable periods of the day. I feel assured, Sir, that whether the Corporation or a company of citizens take up the plan, the people would accept it, and a considerable return, at a small charge, would be obtained by it.

I am, Sir,
Your Obd't Servant,
GEORGE T. PELTON.

P. S.—I propose to wait upon you and explain my plan, together with diagrams.

G. T. D.,
—Ashburnham Hill.

Ottawa, June 3, 1871.

Our American friends have been doing it again. Some five hundred Apache Indians who, even according to Yankee reports, were living under the protection of the Washington Government, and who have done everything in their power to prove their sincerity and good faith, were, according to a corespondent of the New York *Tribune*, treated as follows:

LOCAL NEWS.

New Dress Goods, &c., at Allan, McKinnon & McMoran's.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

MUCH NEEDED.—A new layer of plank was put on the north walk of the Sappers' Bridge yesterday. The other walk would be the better of similar treatment.

POSTPONED.—The return rifle match between the Cotton Brothers and a selected four, which was announced to come off yesterday is postponed for a time.

The Montreal Telegraph Company's Building, on the corner of Sparks and Metcalf streets is rapidly rising under the supeintendence of Mr. Kelly.

FIRE.—The flame and smoke of what appeared to be a large fire was seen in the county of Ottawa last evening from the city. We have not learned whether it was a bush fire fanned up by the wind, or whether buildings have been destroyed.

CHURCH STREET.—The sidewalk on the north side of that portion of Church street lying between Dalhousie and Sussex streets, is said to be in a very dangerous state. A young woman passing down that way a few days ago received severe injuries by a fall, the result of defective planks. It is hoped the walk will be repaired without delay.

BODY FOUND.—Mr. Scott and Mr. Gane, whilst fishing last evening from Bronson's Dock, recovered the body of Mr. Stoppelben's child, supposed to have been drowned about the 1st of May. The body was in a very swollen and decomposed state, but was identified by the deceased's father. The inquest will be held to day at 10 o'clock by Dr. VanCortlandt.

OTTAWA TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION. — The following is the result of the elections of the Ottawa Typographical Union on Saturday evening last:

C. E. Huckett, President.
Jacques Dufresne, Vice-President.
B. Horseley, Recording Secretary.
G. Binks, Financial Secretary.
J. Crozier, Treasurer.

BANK STREET WELL.—The well on the corner of Maria and Bank street, is said to be in a disgraceful condition. It is so open that children throw all kinds of rubbish into it, and the few planks over it are so dilapidated that persons going for water are in danger of falling through. Why not put a pump in that well the same as in other localities. The residents on Bank street complain bitterly of this piece of neglect.

POLICE COURT—MONDAY—Edward Bishoprick, charged with being disorderly on the public streets, was fined $2 and costs, or one week in gaol.

Vital Belanger, charged with a breach of the peace, was fined $2 and costs.

Wm. Doran, charged with damaging the sidewalk on Sussex street, was fined $2 and costs.

The adjourned Amazonian row case was then proceeded with. Several of the witnesses were heard, after which Mrs. Purcell was fined $10, inclusive of costs.

A couple of cross-cases were withdrawn.

CROPS—Crops in the surrounding country are reported to be in a very promising condition, and farmers who suffered severely by the fires last summer, are encouraged by the hope of a splendid harvest. We sincerely hope they may not be disappointed. Spring and Fall wheat, it is said, look very well, and are in a forward state of growth. The showers of rain which have occurred from time to time during the last two weeks, thoughlight,h have done great good.

UNITY PROTESTANT BENEFIT SOCIETY.—A meeting of the above society was held in Gowan's Hall last evening. Mr. Trueman, President, occupied the Chair, and there was a large number of members present. The minutes of last meeting having been read and approved, the President read the Treasurer's report for the past year, which showed the Society to be in a highly prosperous condition. The following is a list of the office bearers for the current year:

President—W. R. Trueman.
1st Vice-President—Thos. Huckell.
2nd Vice-President—W. Ray.
Treasurer—H. Davis.
Secretary—W. Schofield.
Assistant Secretary—A. Hill.
Financial Secretary—H. Fellowes.
Physician —Dr. Sweetland.
Committee — Messrs. Simms, Chilton, Wheatley, Montgomery, Hill, Greenaway, and John. Jones.

BATHING IN THE CANAL.—On Sunday last a number of boys and some grown up young men were seen bathing in the canal. Constable Acre heard of it, and went in civilian dress to endeavour to catch a couple of the older offenders; but as he approached the boys recognized him, and picking up their clothes they scattered in every direction through the fields, not stopping to dress themselves until at a safe distance from the object of their dread. Two of the oldest offenders swam across the canal with their clothes in their hands and calmly dressed themselves on the other side exulting in the glory of their feat, and at the disappointment of the constable. The bank of the canal is a favorite promenade in the cool of the evening, but it cannot remain so long under the above circumstances.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—Frank Burnet, Grafton; Ed Trout, Toronto; M K Dickinson, Manotick; James Douglas, Montreal; L Brondon, Toronto; James Rosamond & wife, Almonte; B Benedict., Albany, N. Y.; S W Williams, Farmersville; J. Alguire, Phillipsville; John H McLachlin, Arnprior; M C McLachlin, do; John Amy, P D Fort; Rev. D P Merritt and wife, Fitzroy Harbour; J C Sturtevant, Lebanon, N. H.; J Brown, Montreal; W H Supple, Pembroke; Dr Corbett, steamship *Scandinavian*; F A Wise, Prescott; W Ellis, do; William France and wife, Paisley, Scotland; Miss Moir, Glasgow, Scotland; Miss Janet Moir, Montreal; John Roche, Quebec; B Honey, Montreal; Mr. and Mrs. Little, New York; James A Young & wife, Brockville; J Rosamond & daughter, Almonte; J Breden, Kingston; James Doupe, Angus, Ont; Walter Beatty & wife, Brockville; D. Beatty, do; R Carswell, Toronto.

MASONIC.

The recently formed Grand Lodge of Ancient Free and Accepted Masons of the Province of Quebec, of which John H. Graham, of Richmond, is Grand Master and John H. Isaacson, of Montreal, Grand Secretary, has been fraternally recognized by the eighteen following Grand Lodges:—Michigan, Ohio, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Nevada, Arkansas, Mississippi, Texas, Georgia North Carolina, District of Columbia, Connecticut, New Hampshire, Maine, and Nova Scotia.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

THE REAL THING AT LAST.

The Twin Brother's Yeast is that. It is what hotel keepers and private persons, rich and poor, healthy people and despeptics have been so ardently desiring for centuries, and which they failed to find among all the thousand compositions heralded about under high-toned names. The material (the hop) to make proper yeast was within every person's reach, but no one knew how to utilize its excellent qualities, and hence humanity were doomed to eat sour bread or to clog their stomach with pastry. The Waterloo Yeast Co. are however now manufacturing pure yeast from the hop, which as soon as fully known will supersede everything of the kind at present in use, as the unanimous verdict of every person who has tried it is that nothing existing can equal it, and that it is impossible for anything to surpass it. Mr. J. W. Judd, one of the Company, was in town during the last couple of days, and distributed samples of the yeast throughout the city, the result being that almost every merchant in Ottawa is selling it now. Just try it once, and rest assured that never afterwards will you be seen loathing over bad bread. The following is an extract from one of many testimonials: * * For my part I feel personally grateful to you, and to all who give to the public a really good article, free from deceptions and adulterations, for their money; and I am particularly glad for the Twin Bros. Yeast Cakes, because they will, I hope, put an end to your sour home made risings, and forever put the sweetness of home made bread beyond the dreadful doubt in which it has heretofore been involved. Most Respectfully Yours, Jennie Cunningham Croly, "Jennie June."

SABBATH SCHOOL CONVENTION.

A Sabbath School Convention consisting of representatives from the counties of Ottawa and Pontiac in the Province of Quebec, and of Renfrew, Lanark, Carleton, Prescott and Russell, and Grenville in Ontario, will be held in this city on the 20th, 21st and 22nd instant. The pastors of the Evangelical Churches and two representatives from each Sabbath School throughout these counties are invited to attend. The object of the Convention is to promote the friendly co-operation of all Sabbath School workers and improve and extend those excellent institutions as much as possible. Many such schools which may yet be struggling in their infancy will be materially helped by such co-operation and all who are labouring in that extensive field will receive encouragement to prosecute their good work with fresh impetus and vigor. Besides being instructive and otherwise beneficial, the convention will be made interesting by the presence of experienced Sabbath School Workers, among whom will be Ralph Wells from the United States.

The following will probably be the principal topics under consideration:

1. The end of Sabbath School Instruction.
2. What benefits have, so far as you are aware, resulted from Sabbath School Teaching in your quarter?
3. The Teacher's preparatory study for Class Exercise.
4. The best method of teaching Bible History.
5. How to conduct a Sabbath School Session?
6. How may we secure a deeper religious feeling in our Schools?
7. Destitute and neglected Children,—their claims,—and their ingathering.
8. Home training, and its relation to the Sabbath School.

CITY COUNCIL.

JUNE 5, 1871.

Council met at usual hour.

Present: Alds. Baldwin, O'Connor, Bangs, Woodburn, Rowe, Mosgrove, Featherston, Cunningham, McDougal, Taillon, Kehoe, Lapierre, Martineau and Heney.

Communications and petitions received, and referred to the several committees, &c.

A communication from the Trustees of the Grammar School was read, and occasioned considerable discussion, during which Ed. McGillivary, on motion, addressed the Council at some length. The chief object of this communication was to obtain from the Council the sum of $1,000 towards defraying the expenses of the Grammar School.—Referred to the Finance Cammittee.

A communication was read from the Reeve of Renfrew asking the Council to grant a bonus or subscribe stock towards the extension of the C. C. R. R. to Sand Point, and also stating that a meeting would be held at Renfrew on the 20th inst. and inviting the attendance of a deputation from Ottawa.

Mr. Scott, Solicitor of C. C. R R. Company being present, was requested to address the board on the subject of the extension.

Mr. Scott said the communication from the Reeve of Renfrew was with respect to the extension of the C. C. R. R. to Sand Point. The Company hesitated to build the road without some prospect of assistance from the counties which it would benefit. He did not think it necessary to dilate upon the importance of the road to Ottawa. They all knew how seriously the construction of a road from Kingston to Pembroke would affect the trade of Ottawa. The people of Pembroke considered that Ottawa was indifferent to them and their common interests. The consequence of that feeling at Pembroke might result in the construction of the K. & P. proposed road. A meeting would be held in Renfrew on the 20th inst., and Ottawa was invited to send a deputation to that meeting. The extension of the road was feasible, and it was to the interest of Ottawa that there should be no delay in building it. He hoped Ottawa would cooperate with Renfrew in the matter.

Ald. Featherston remarked that it would not be well to grant any bonus to the Railway unless on condition that the Company would bring the road into the city. The understanding at the Renfrew meeting last winter was that the Coteau Landing and C. C. Railways would meet in the city.

Mr. Scott stated that the subject had not been brought before the Company.

Ald. Cunningham believed that the construction of the Kingston & Pembroke R. R. would in no way affect the trade of the Ottawa, but it would materially injure the carrying business of the Brockville and Ottawa and C. C. R. R. He asserted that belief last winter, and he was of the same opinion now.

Ald. McDougal did not agree with Ald. Cunningham. He believed that were the road constructed as far as Sand Point, it would materially improve the trade of Ottawa. They already enjoyed the benefit of the C. C. R. R.

His Worship the Mayor agreed with Ald McDougall's remarks, and regretted that Alds. Cunningham and Featherston were not of the same opinion. With regard to the location of the station, it was in the city, but it was impossible to have it at every persons door. It was now at the west end of the city, and the east should remain content. He believed the C. C. R. R. was the legitimate channel for the Ottawa trade. People in the upper country preferred to deal in Ottawa than elsewhere, but if Ottawa would not meet them half way they (Renfrew) will go to Toronto or Montreal for and with their goods.

Ald. Mosgrove agreed with his colleagues from St. George's Ward. He believed they once had an opportunity of securing the trade of the Upper Ottawa, and that was before the construction of the Brockville & Ottawa Railway. Some time ago it appeared to be the wish of the C. C. R. R. Co. to bring their road into the city. Then the city granted the right of way, but now they seem to have totally relinquished the idea of extending the road into the city. There must have been some particular influence brought to bear with the Company to cause this change of intention. It would be remembered that last year the city of Montreal proposed voting the sum of $1,000,000 towards the construction of the North Shore Railroad. A meeting was held in Montreal to consider the propriety of encouraging the road, and His Worship Mayor Rochester was present, and favoured the construction of the North Shore Rail road, which he (speaker) considered would be very detrimental to Ottawa. It might benefit the west end of the city, but it only.

His Worship attended the meeting in Montreal at the request of gentlemen in Ottawa, and favored the construction of the North Shore Road, because he then believed and believed still that it would prove beneficial to Ottawa. He was in Montreal on private business at the time.

Ald. McDougall moved that the communication from the Reeve of Renfrew be received, and that a committee be appointed to attend the meeting at Renfrew on the 20th inst., to consist of Alds. Featherston, O'Connor, Bangs, Martineau and mover.

Ald. Martineau did not wish to have his name on the committee. The C. C. Company had not kept faith with them. They (Company) asked for and obtained the right of way into the city, but afterwards dropped the idea of bringing the road into the city.

Mr. Scott explained that when the right of way was granted it was the earnest intention of the Company to have the road extended into the city with as little delay as possible The Company believed it would be advantageous to them to have a station in the city, but when the route was surveyed they found that it would cost $25,000 to purchase the right of way and the members of the Company in England did not feel inclined to do this without some assistance from the city.

At this stage His Worship put a question to the following effect to Mr. Scott—"Did I ever speak to you about disposing of a bit of swamp, at the west end of the city to the Company."

Several Aldermen "No."

Mr. Scott said he did not.

Ald. Martineau — "I would ask Mr. Scott another question. "Did Mr. Rochester not get $44,000 for the property purchased by C. C. R. R. Company from him?"

His Worship said the property was his own and he did as he pleased with it.

Ald. Featherston spoke strongly in favor of having the C. C. R. R. extended into the city and of granting a bonus only on that condition.

Ald. Bangs and Cunningham followed in a similar strain.

The 9th, 10th and 11th reports of the Board of Works were received and adopted after slight explanations.

The Report of the Special Committee for the celebration of the 24th was read, stating that they had exceeded the grant by $308. After considerable discussion the report was adopted.

The 3rd and 4th reports of the Water Works Committee were received and adopted.

Ald. Featherston moved that a memorial be presented to His Excellency in Council, praying that the new post office be erected in the vicinity of the Sapper's Bridge—Carried.

Ald. Rowe asked if the money sent to the firemen of Montreal had ever been acknowledged.

City Clerk—No.

Ald. Rowe hoped some steps would be taken with respect to it.

On motion of Ald. Featherston $500 was granted to aid in the survey for the Montreal and Ottawa Junction Railway.

The Council then adjourned.

THE GRAND LODGE OF QUEBEC.

"We notice that the Grand Lodge of Quebec has now been recognized by no less than seventeen Grand Lodges of America, and there is every reason to believe that this number will ere long be considerably increased. The *Keystone*, of Philadelphia, one of the ablest masonic periodicals in the United States, now upholds the claims of the Quebec brethren, and gives its reasons for a change of opinions in an exhaustive article.

The calm and dignified attitude maintained by the Grand Lodge of Quebec throughout the trying ordeal to which it has been exposed is worthy of all praise, and cannot be without effect upon the minds of the brethren of the sister Province of Ontario.

"We look forward earnestly to a happy termination of the dispute, as on both sides we see arrayed only Masons and brethren."—*London (Eng.) Freemason, May 13, 1871.*

DOMINION NOTES.

Sickness prevails at Seaforth.

Horse-thieves are operating in the Niagara district.

Vicious dogs are the reigning nuisance in St. Catherine's.

The Belleville races have been postponed until July next.

A New Brunswick boy has teamed all the family wood from the shed to the woodbox with a span of cats the past year, working in double harness.

The steamship 'Acadia' arrived in St. John. N. B., last week, with between two and three hundred Swedish emigrants for a Swedish colony in Maine.

Henry Hawkins, yardsman at the Stratford station, while shunting some cars last week, fell from the engine and was killed by two cars passing over his body.

All the villages, towns and cities in the Dominion are resounding with the encouraging sound of artificers at work.

Kingston merchants want to keep up Dominion Day on Monday instead of Saturday.

William Stinson, lumber merchant, worth about $100,000, died at Belleville on Thursday.

"Eating bread and molasses" was the leading juvenile sport at Mitchell this Queen's Birthday. The first prize was a dollar and the second fifty cents.

The first iron ship built in Quebec was launched on Thursday afternoon, by Mr. Kinning. The material was brought from England.

The British flying squadron, under command of Rear-Admiral Seymour, is now in Halifax harbour, bound on a three years' cruise around the world.

Marshall Worth had the good fortune to save a boy from drowning in a well at Mitchell last week.

"The Indians under protection since they had been at Cape Grant had done (the Post Commander, Lieut. Whitman, says) everything in good faith." The attack was a mere butchery. Lieut. Whitman reports that "66 bodies have been found, and more than a hundred are dead or missing. All save eight are women and children."

ONE OF THE MOST NOTABLE PROPERTIES OF DR. WHEELER'S ELIXIR OF PHOSPHATES AND CALISAYA is its sustaining power during active mental and physical exertion. Business men, Editors, Clergymen, Lawyers, Physicians, and all classes engaged in any occupation requiring great application and consequent fatigue, will find this remedy invaluable, as it will enable them to accomplish their work with comparative ease. Any one trying a bottle will find this statement fully sustained. Phosphate of Lime is an active agent of nutrition, constituting more than fifty per cent. of the system; Phosphoric Acid, a powerful Nerve Tonic; Phosphate of Iron, a blood maker; and Calisaya, an agreeable supporting stimulant. The combination of these remedies forms a Nutritive Tonic or Chemical Food, and nourishes and vitalizes the constitution in the same manner as an article of diet. Sold by all druggists,

EVANS MERCER & CO.,
Wholesale Agent.

FRESHEST GLEANINGS.

A Chinese portrait painter has settled in New York.

The entire length of the Hoosac tunnel between portals will be 25,586 feet.

A burglar in jail at Canton, Ill., hanged himself with rope made from a spool of thread.

Beet root brandy is attracting attention in England.

London gives a prize of thirty dollars for the best cheese.

A butcher in Llangollen, Wales, has just been fined $200 for selling sheep regarded unfit for food.

The *secretaire* of Marie Antoinette was lately sold at auction in London for $13,000. A Mr. Coverdale bought it.

The 27th anniversary of the "Sons of the Clergy" took place at St. Paul's Cathedral, London.

The students of Rugby school publish the Meteor, which is devoted entirely to their sporting interest.

Rumors are current in Paris of cruelties perpetrated by the Versailles troops upon the Insurgents during the fighting in the streets. It is charged that they slaughtered all persons found with arms in their hands, including women and children. While these rumors are probably exaggerations, we have no doubt that the slaughter was horrible.

In Detroit, a club of bachelors has been formed, the cardinal principle of which is that no lady sh... be married by any member unless she can bring her husband $20,000 and a brick house.

A Kentuckian has killed himself at the early age of 90 by drinking a pint of whiskey daily for the brief period of thirty years, and the temperance press points to his untimely end as an illustration of how swiftly retribution follows a vicious course.

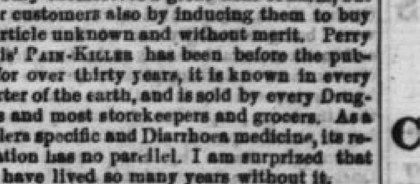
The telegraph line between China and Japan is now open. The Russian and Chinese Governments have shown themselves very favorable to the undertaking; the former has given great facilities for extending the line to Vladivostock, which is to be the new Russian naval station on the Pacific, its harbour only being closed during two months in the year. The telegraphists who have been sent to China have, says M. Tietgen, acquired such a mastery over the Chinese language that they now accept and send telegrams in Chinese from place to place in the Empire.

The German losses turn out, on a revision of the official lists, to have been smaller than was first believed. The total loss in killed, wounded, and missing amounts to 47,662, viz., 1,167 officers and 15,224 men killed 1,838 officers and 27,417 men wounded, and 16 officers and 2,000 men missing. The gains of the war, on the other hand, in trophies and prisoners are unusually large, indeed so considerable as to be unique in history.

The Prince of Wales presided on the 17th ult., at the annual dinner of the Asylum of Idiots, which was held at the London Tavern. His Royal Highness, in proposing the toast of the Army, Navy and Volunteers, spoke of the suddenness with which in these days nations found themselves involved in dangerous and devastating wars. He trusted that we might be spared from all such calamities, but if war should come, he hoped that it would find us prepared to maintain the honour of our flag, and that the words of the song which he perceived was next on the programme would not be falsified—"Our rifles are ready, hurrah!" The toast was acknowledged by Lord Strathnairn and Sir Alexander Milne, who said that our ironclad navy was an honour to those who had created it, and that no nation in the world could compete with it.

A few days ago Lord Grenville spoke of the mass of correspondence with reference to the negotiations at Washington which had passed through the Atlantic cable. Some idea of the magnitude of this correspondence may be derived (the *Scotsman* remarks) from the fact that the telegraphic charges are said to amount to the sum of £25,000. This, of course, includes all messages, whether to or from Washington.

An extraordinary riot is reported from Grimsby, in Lincolnshire. On Monday night, (15th ult.) the house of Mr. Holland, surgeon, a town councillor and magistrate, was surrounded by a mob, approaching 10,000 in number, and the windows on the ground and first floors were completely demolished. Mr. Holland had prosecuted his cook for stealing a postage stamp. He did not press for more than a formal conviction, and she received the nominal sentence of one day's imprisonment. The young woman went to Louth, where she had friends, and was told that her "young man" had declared that he would have nothing more to do with her. She thereupon poisoned herself. A misstatement of the facts concerning the prosecution was put forward, and popular indignation against Mr. Holland was the consequence. A procession of effigies, burning tar barrels, and music paraded the streets, ending in the rioters' attack upon Mr. Holland's residence.



Husband:—I shall know then better hereafter, Druggists and Storekeepers are doing not only themselves a great deal of harm, but their customers also by inducing them to buy an article unknown and without merit. Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER has been before the public for over thirty years, it is known in every quarter of the earth, and is sold by every Druggists and most storekeepers and grocers. As a Cholera specific and Diarrhoea medicine, its reputation has no parallel. I am surprized that we have lived so many years without it.

Wife:—Charles, the reason is you you have been taking whatever the storekeeper would recommend, we have always had a bottle of Pain Cure or Reliever or Pain Remedy or some such trash in the house we have tried them over and over again.

Husband:—And that is just the reason I objected to try the PAIN-KILLER an my Rheumatism, thought it was like those other things a humbug

(*To be continued.*)

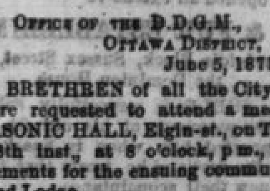
Be sure and get the genuine PAIN-KILLER, only 25 cts. per bottle. Beware of counterfeits.

FRESH FISH
—AT—
THE TEA POT,
THIS AFTERNOON,
Rideau Street,
TUESDAY, 6th June.

Having accepted the Agency from Messrs. FRASER & Co., of Quebec, for the Sale of their FRESH SALMON, request that orders for the same be sent in as early as possible, as only a small parcel will arrive to-day.

JOHN HILL,
THE TEA POT,

Ottawa, June 6, 1871. 1684 1



OFFICE OF THE D.D.G.M.,
OTTAWA DISTRICT,
June 5, 1871.

THE BRETHREN of all the City Lodges are requested to attend a meeting at the MASONIC HALL, Elgin-st., on THURSDAY, 8th inst., at 8 o'clock, p.m., to make arrangements for the ensuing communication of Grand Lodge.

By order of the R. W. the D. D. G. M.
G. LEVIN,
District Secretary.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871 1684 1

G. LORENZ,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

FRUIT,

VEGETABLES,

SODA WATER,

GINGER ALE,

&c., &c., &c.

Has now on hand a First-Class Assortment of

BANANAS,

PINE APPLES,

LEMONS,

COCOANUTS,

&c., &c., &c.

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

58 SPARKS STREET,

OPPOSITE BRITISH LION HOTEL.

G. LORENZ.

Ottawa, June 2, 1871

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 5.

The bodies of Spaight and Lodge drowned on the Queen's Birthday were found. The latter last night and the former to-day. An inquest was held. Verdict—"Found Drowned." They were interred to-day in Mount Royal Cemetery.

The Annual Natural History Society's excursion was held on Saturday. A large concourse of the science from McGill College, and others were present.

The steamship *Peruvian* reached Quebec this morning, with 49 cabin, 514 steerage passengers, and £140,000 of specie.

Judge Johnston, on Special Judicial service at Manitoba for the year past has returned to Montreal yesterday.

Hon. L. Beaudry is recovering.

A profound indifference prevails as to the city elections especially as to the West Ward. Mr. Cassidy is supposed to be the man.

Great satisfaction is expressed in the city at the Allans' having again the contract for carrying the Atlantic Mails.

Citizens are flocking to the Riviere du Loup and other St. Lawrence watering places.

Heat intense.

The census returns makes the population of Montreal one hundred and sixty thousand. Seventy thousand are in the Western Section.

A large parliamentary representation is already agitated.

Business good.

Midnight Despatches.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—J. T. Whiting, General Western Agent of the Union Steamboat Company, was at the Treasury Department on Saturday making inquiries about bonding all vessels belonging to that Company to carry dutiable goods from Buffalo to Duluth.

It appears that with the opening of the Spring navigation this year there has been a remarkable emigration from Eastern Canada to the Red River country, and Buffalo has been fixed upon as the eastern shipping point to accomodate all this class of travel and commerce naturally arising therefrom. The western terminus of the route will be Duluth, and from thence to Pembina. Goods will be transported by rail, or such other mode of conveyance as may be agreed upon. This hegira is entirely unaccounted for, and causes much surprise at the Treasury Department.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 4.—The murderer of Miss McDaniels, at Cherokee Flat, is surrounded by the citizens in the mountains, and they are determined to hunt him down. A reward of $5,000 is offered for his capture. He is armed with a heavy rifle and two revolvers, and is determined to fight to the last.

NEW YORK, June 5.—Five thousand special invitations have been issued by Tillattson & Co. for a complimentary excursion to the telegraphers on the day of the inauguration of the Manse Statute.

Agenor Aetenne, Count de Gasparin, well known in this country by his writings, died recently in Geneva, Switzerland.

The Grand Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons of this State will begin their annual sessions at Appolo Hall in this city on Tuesday.

The New York Positivists yesterday met and passed a series of resolutions and adopted an address embodying their opinions upon the recent Communist rising in France. They attributed the existence of the Commune in Paris to the wrongs of the labouring class and the impotence of the Government of talkers at Versailles which was planning the destruction of the Republic. The resolutions condemned the Versailles troops for their barbarity, commended the Communists for the humanitarian character of their original intentions. The meeting was addressed by a member of the International Workingmen's Society of Europe, who defended the acts of the Commune.

There were several cases of sunstroke yesterday, one of which was fatal.

LONDON, June 5.—The steamship *Erin* from New York touched at Queenstown.

In the House of Lords to-day, Earl de Grey and Ripon appeared and resumed his seat. He received a pleasant welcome from his fellow members and was warmly felicitated upon the conclusion of the treaty with the United States.

In the House of Commons, Gladstone declared existing laws were ample to enable the Government to fulfil the conditions of the Treaty of Washington.

BRUSSELS, June 5.—The Independence *Belge* to-day publishes a letter from Victor Hugo expressing his thanks to five deputies in the Belgian Chambers who voted for an Order of the Day, regretting the vigorous measures adopted by the Government for his expulsion from the country.

NEW ORLEANS, June 5.—The flood is still increasing. The water is up Canal street to Rampart street, with the exception of Neutral ground on Canal street, which is not entirely covered, there is unbroken streets of water covering an area of five or six square miles, including about three hundred thickly inhabited squares. The suffering of the inhabitants of this quarter, especially among the poorer classes, is very great. Thousands of families living in single story houses have been moved out, while most of those living in two story houses have been compelled to move into the second stories. Back of Carborne street, on Canal street, the average depth is two feet of water. The city authorities seem to be doing all they can to alleviate the sufferings of the people. Every available boat and skiff has been brought into use, and the policemen are moving in almost every direction, rendering such assistance as they can, moving those who are in danger, and distributing provisions to the needy. The damage by this overflow cannot be estimated. Shrubbery and gardens have all been ruined, houses damaged, and property devastated. The overflow directly from the lake on the Gentilly Road quarter has caused heavy loss in the destruction of many fine market gardens. The Milnhung & Ponchartrain Railroad from Gentilly station is still overflowed.

The water on the Lake is receding slowly.

Trains came through from Mobile on the Chattanooga Railroad. The passengers report that about 4 miles of the road is under water.

Passengers over the Jackson Railway, who came in this morning, report that the road is under water for 7 miles north of Pass Manchac.

HALIFAX, June 5.—Arrived, steamship *City of Dublin*.

VERSAILLES, June 5.—The Assembly today presented an animated appearance. Many notables occupied seats on the floor, and the galleries were crowded with spectators in anticipation of the debate on the right of the Orleans Princes to seats in the House Among the distinguished persons present was Prince Metternich and nearly all the members of the diplomatic corps.

Thiers rose to move a postponement of the discussion. He said he had passed hours in consultation with members of the committee, having in charge a subject which now engaged the attention of the Assembly. The committee had acknowledged to him that it was impossible for them to come to an agreement to-day, and he had requested them not to hasten their deliberations. He stated that he was very unwell, and begged that the Assembly would consent to a postponement of the consideration of the grave questions at issue until Thursday. The committee he said favored a simultaneous decision on the verification of the elections of the Orleans Princes, and the abrogation to a decree of the exile against them.

The Assembly agreed to the adjournment of the debate.

The Committee appointed to consider what action should be taken in regard to the acts of the recent Government of France, reported in favor of an investigation to the administration of the Government of National Defence at Paris, Tours and Bordeaux, and of the Government over which Thiers presided.

PARIS, June 5.—The French soldiers returning from their imprisonment in Germany, replace the Mobilized Guards as fast as they arrive.

In the colony of Algeria none of the Mobile Guards will be retained under arms.

Belleville, La Villette and Monterouge are still patrolled day and night.

The Deputies in the Assembly, from the Department occupied by the German troops, intend to move that the disquieting debate in regard to the position of the Orleans Princes be postponed until the conclusion of a loan and payment of the war indemnity has freed the country from the Germans. An address to the Pope is circulating in the Provinces. It expresses the hope that regulated France will soon lend an avenging arm to the Holy Father. The document is freely signed.

The prisoners at St. Sulpice endeavoured on Sunday to get possession of some arms, the attempt was discovered and frustrated Several of the soldiers who abetted the prisoners were arrested and immediately sent to Versailles.

There is a rumor which has not yet been confirmed that Felix Pyat was arrested in Paris to-day.

The Federalist, Lieut. Col. Boursier, committed suicide to-day. Just as he was about to be arrested there was a serious fire in Montmatre quarter last night, which is suspected to have been caused by a petroleum bomb. The arrests continue to be made in all parts of the city.

La Liberte has a report that an attempt has been made to assassinate the German Prefect of Strasbourg, who was fired at from a revolver and wounded.

LONDON, June 5. — Disturbances have taken place among colliers on the strike at Ferndate, South Wales. A strong force of police has been sent to the assistance of the local authorities.

Yesterday's Despatches.

VERSAILLES, June 4.—The probable result of the sittings of the National Assembly to-morrow is causing great excitement.

It is believed that the decree of the exile of the Bourbon Princes will be abrogated. The newspapers generally disapprove of such a course, which they say will be a step towards the restoration.

The telegraph lines will all be in working condition again by Saturday next.

LONDON, June 5.—The sub-marine cable between Singapore and Hong Kong was successfully completed on Saturday.

London is now in direct telegraphic communication with China.

FLORENCE, June 4.—The Lower Chamber has approved of the increase of import duties on wheat and flour.

NEW ORLEANS, June 3.—That portion of the city west of Golvez Street and between the old and new canals, is partially flooded with water caused by the heavy rains.

The Mobile and Texas Railroad from Fort Macomb to Regollette, about 12 miles, is partially flooded.

CHICAGO, June 4.—The wheat harvest is begun in Southern Illinois, which is earlier than ever before known. The yield is abundant.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The credentials of Baincroft as Minister to the German Empire have been sent to him. It has been certainly ascertained that this gentleman is anxious to return home, but the United States Government desires him to remain at his post.

CORACOS, VENEZUELA, May 23.—The Revolutionist Herrara has been repulsed, and Blanco's army is advancing on Valencia.

The Revolutionists are strong, and it is reported that Salazar with one thousand men has joined Herrara.

NEW YORK, June 5.—Next Wednesday is now set for the departure of the *Polaris* on the Arctic expedition. Captain Hall is here, and will remain till his vessel leaves. All the crew will be taken on board before the vessel leaves the wharf here, except the Esquimaux Joe and his wife Hannah, who are in Connecticut, and will be taken on board at Brooklyn.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

Just received a case of Ladies Hats in latest and most fashionable styles at Allan' McKinnons & McMorrans.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

USEFUL INFORMATION.—It is said that olive oil administered internally is an excellent remedy for the gout, and is also beneficial in paralysis and epilipsy; but for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, colds and colic, and the removal of the pain generally, there is nothing like the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," it is the most reliable remedy For sale by Druggists and country dealers Price 25 cents per bottle.

HOW TO MAKE MONEY.—A horse dealer residing in the vicinity of Keyport, N. J., and who buys up horses for the New York market, purchases "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" by the dozen and feeds it to his horses; he says it is superior to anything that he has ever used as a condition medicine, that the horses are so much more improved by its use as to sell more readily and command higher prices. Two other horse dealers, one residing at Huntingdon, the other at Glen Cove, L. I., also purchase it by the dozen and for the same purpose; those men, as well as many others similarly engaged, know too well the value and importance of this medicine ever to be without it Remember the name, and see that the signa

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tinlined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London d1509 1y

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD, and similar troubles, if suffered to progress, results in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial had Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the desease and give almost instant relief.

The TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in low localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than any other articles.

OBTAIN only BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless Immitations that may be offered.

"TROCHES," SO-CALLED SOLD BY THE OUNCE, are a poor immitation and nothing like Brown's Bronchial Troches, which are sold only in boxes with fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

Outside wrapper of box, and private government stamp attached to each box.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurse in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and succes by millions of mothers and children, from the feble infant of one week old to the adult. It corfects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World; in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuie unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine dealers. 25 cents a bottle. Office 215 Fulton street, New York; and 493 Oxford street, London.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the fac-simili of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper, All others are base imitations.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order Be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's bronchial Troches.

DIED.

At his residence, No. 4 Des Grisons street, Cape, on June 1st, 1871, in the 59th year of his age, William Poston, Esq., of Quebec, merchant.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

SALE BY AUCTION

—OF—

ONE RACK

AND TWO PLEASURE BOATS.

The subscriber will sell opposite the RUSSELL HOUSE, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th inst., at 12 o'clock, noon, the Race Boat "LADY LISGAR," and two pleasure Boats. Sale unreserved.

Terms Cash.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer

Ottawa, June 5, 1871 1683 2

By J Bermingham, Auctioneer.

TWO RACE OUTRIGGERS FOR SALE

BY AUCTION!

MR. BERMINGHAM will sell same time and place, in addition to the above, Two RACE OUTRIGGERS, one 32 feet, and one 27½ feet long!!

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 6, 1871 1684 1

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

Of Household Furniture, Carpets, Waggons, Buggies, China, Glass & Crockeryware.

The subscriber is instructed to sell by Public Auction, at his Auction Rooms, York street, on FRIDAY, the 9th instant, at the hour of 11 o'clock a.m., a quantity of Furniture, &c., the property of a gentleman leaving the city, and consisting in part as follows: One handsome drawing-room set in moroon and amber flowered repp, one very fine curled hair ottoman, capable of seating ten, and upholstered in green terry repp, one very handsome cabinet organ, stops and swells complete, one harmonium, double set of reeds, nearly new, one very fine oil painting, group of fish, valued at $100, one portrait, in oil of Champlain, one very handsome three light gasalier, with globes 2 two light do, very rich and perfect, black walnut bureaus, with large large oval glasses, b w hair cloth chairs, nearly new, arm and easy chair to match, dressing glasses, dressing tables, spring beds, feather beds and pillows, summer bed quilts, hair mattrasses, oil cloth, cocoa matting, sewing machines, tapestry and kidderminster carpeting, plated ware, china, glass and crockery, one refrigerator, carpenter's tools and chest, two double waggons, one spring do. one large iron plough, one sulky, two buggies, kitchen and parlor stoves, and many other useful articles.

Sale at 11 o'clock sharp, and without reserve.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871 1683 4

WANTED,

As a PORTER to a PUBLIC OFFICE, a steady active man, who can be well recommended.

Enquire at the Office of this Paper.

Ottawa, June 3. 1871 1682tf

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it, can recover it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.

ANN JANE HAMILTON.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871. 1633tf

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 3 d June, 1871.

Authorized discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner o Customs.

Ottawa, June 3, 1871

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell at Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS ACT OF 1871.

ELECTION PETITION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

Take notice that the above Petition will be tried at the COURT HOUSE, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the Sixteenth day of JUNE, A.D. 1871, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, and on such other subsequent days as may be needful. The said City of Ottawa having been appointed by the Court of Queen's Bench, for the place of trial of the said Election Petition, by rule of the said Court.

Dated the 27th day of May, A D. 1871.

By order,

ROBERT G. DALTON.

Clerk of the Crown of the Court of Queen's Bench

May 30, 1871 1679tf

DOMINION HOUSE,

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,

Dominion House' Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

DRY GOODS

—AT—

RETAIL.

SUMMER FASHIONS

SHOWING THIS DAY,

—AT—

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,

Beautiful Bonnets,
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets,
Splendid Lace Shawls.

Also in immense Variety,

Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques, Horrockses, Millar & Co., Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
King's best Window Hollands,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c.,

SPECIAL LINES.

Linen Percales and Lawns, for Seaside Wear,
Walking Stick Parachutes " " "
Paragon Fram- Parasols and Umbrellas,
Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makes.
Coventry Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and Mantle Trimmings, in great variety.

EXTRAORDINARY.

42 Patterns Shot, striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3,40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 6 40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.40 P.M, arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa.

R. LUTTRELL, Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa June 1st, 1871

FOR SALE.

VERY CHEAP,

—AT THE—

DOMINION AUCTION ROOMS,

16 RIDEAU STREET,

A Set of First-Class

GROCERY FIXTURES, (COUNTER, SHELVES, DRAWERS, &c.)

ALSO:

A large quantity of Tea and other Groceries and Liquors.

A Hhd. of Molasses to be sold cheap (very low).

A large consignment of Books, Stationery, Jewellery, Clothing, Boots, &c

Regular Auction Sales weekly.

Consignments received and prompt returns made.

Real Estate Sales promptly attended to.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871 1 64tf

AUCTION SALES

BY A. GAGNIER.

AT DOMINION AUCTION ROOMS.

The subscriber begs to inform the public of Ottawa, that he has opened an Auction Room at No. 16 Rideau street, and is prepared to undertake the Sale of Furniture and Household effects, at the residences of owners, Semi-Weekly sales of Furniture and General Merchandize, at 16 Rideau street, every TUESDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 o'clock p.m.

The encouragement of the Public is respectfully solicited

A. GAGNIER, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 22, 1871 1469tf

WANTED

A Girl about 16 years of age, as servant in a small family. Apply, A.B., TIMES Office.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1678tf

PORTER'S BLOCK.

34. SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

In their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good election,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,

NEW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS

Departments.

THE SALVAGE GOODS,

Amounting to Over $7,500,

SAVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared our at prices which will be sure to commanda sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low price goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34 SPARKS STREET

Ottawa, March 30, 1871 1628y

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY,

FOR SUNDAY USE.

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season.. $5 00
20lbs " " .. 9 00
10lbs " month 1 50
20lbs " " 2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

Terms strictly Cash in advance.

All order left at—S. Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Loreux, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice supplied per ton or cwt.

Ottawa, April 1871

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

GIN—
J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's, and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Would beg to call the attention of the public to

NEW GOODS,

NOW

(DAILY ARRIVING),

COMPRISING:

100 Pieces "New Light" Prints,

Fast Colors, and latest designs, at 12½c. per yard, splendid value.

—ALSO—

a large additional Stock of new

DRESS GOODS,

in Shades suitable for the Season.

A Good Cloth, light colors, 15c. per yard.
An Extra, Wide Width, 20cts. and 25cts;

—AND—

A large assortment of

NEW HATS.

In latest and most Fashionable Styles.

Every Department fully Assorted.

Call and examine our large and elegant Stock of Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, and Mantles, before purchasing elsewhere.

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN

SUCCESSORS TO

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871.

NEW CITY BAKERY.

The undersigned has established a new BAKERY, at the corner of Dalhousie and St. Patrick streets, from which the public can be supplied with all the latest improvements of the trade.

Bread Carriages will at all times be in readiness to supply occasional, and attend to the orders of regular customers.

The subscriber respectfully solicits a share of patronage.

J. LOUGHRAN.

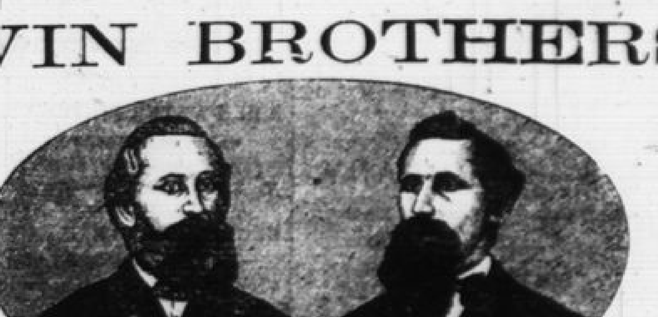
Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1679tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A First-Class TINSMITH, to take charge of the Shop. Salary, $40 per month, payable 1st of every month. Apply at once to C.P. DORION, 60 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, June 2, 1871. 1681tf

TWIN BROTHERS



NEW VEGETABLE

Dry Hop Yeast!

Excellent for making Bread, Buckwheat Cakes, and all Baking that requires YEAST. The materials used are healthy and nutritious. It makes lighter, whiter and sweeter bread than any Yeast yet given to the public,

TRY IT. IT HAS NO EQUAL. ALL GROCERS KEEP IT.

Remember to ask for TWIN BROTHERS YEAST, and take no other.

Directions for using accompany each package. Manufactured and for sale to the trade by

THE WATERLOO YEAST COMPANY,

TORONTO, Ont.

June 6, 1871 1684 1d&w

CLOTHING HALL!

New Store.

J. M. GOULDEN

Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at

No. 100 Sussex Street,

NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,

A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.

Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.

Do not Forget the Place

No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street.

Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OF BROCKVILLE,

Who will continue the Business in the same premises, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871

In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.

T. R. SHEFFIELD.

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871. 1681 2m.

The Tea Pot.

RIDEAU STREET.

Try John Hill's Teas and Coffees.

Try JOHN HILL'S Teas and Coffees and you'll find
That they are of a most superior kind.
The various samples, when you fairly test,
You'll find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who each day procure
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

Try John Hill's Teas and Coffees.

Try JOHN HILL'S Teas and Coffees, and you'll find
That they are of a most superior kind.
The various samples, when you fairly test,
You'll find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who each day procure
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

The following TEAS and COFFEES have been received within the last few days, and as they are FRESH and (NEW SEASON) can be recommended, the flavor being equal to any Teas ever imported into Canada:

VERY SUPERIOR BLACK TEA (True Souchong) in Catties of 10½lbs each,
FINEST JAPAN TEA (The very best that can be produced)
VERY FINEST GUNPOWDER TEA (Something extra),
EXCELLENT KAISOW CONGOU TEA (Something extra),
EXTRA SCENTED ORANGE PEKOE,
CHOICE YOUNG HYSON TEA,

PURE JAPAN TEA, 60 cts. per lb., or 5 lbs. of the same article for $2.75.

GOOD SOUND TWANKAY TEA, 5 lbs. for $2.00.

The Finest Flavored Coffee to be obtained in this country, consisting of Pure Mocha Berry, Mocha, Java, Old Government Java and Plantation.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,

"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE.

FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will surprise those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.

The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.

From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves

Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:

Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871. 1668tf

Steamers.

ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*.....Captain Findlay.
" *Emerald*........ " Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*... " Murphy.
" *Alliance*........ " Blondin.
" *Oregon*.......... " Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*....... "
" *Jason Gould*..... " Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*.. " Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*........ " Duggan.
Pontiac.......... " D. Mulligan
Keppawe.......... " B J Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Captaine.

Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau, every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning—Leaving Chapeau same day at 1 o'clock, p.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2 30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER
NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL
STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,

CAPT. BOWIE,

PRINCE OF WALES,

CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

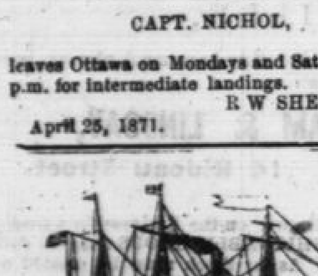
"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.



THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland.

The Iron Side-Wheel Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.
And another Steamer to be purchased.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 23rd May, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Paspediac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 30th May, at 7 o'clock, a.m, and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 19th May, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 20th May, at 4 o'clock p.m., calling at Father Point, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning will leave Pictou, Friday, the 26th May, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 30th May, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour; calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Quebec, Thursday, the 18th May, for Charlottetown, P.E.I., Pictou, N. S., and Ports in the Gut of Canso.

She has great capacity for Freight.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

A few good Fowls for sale.

J. HERBERT,
N on-st., West
near Richmond Road, Ottawa.

April 26, 1871.

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,
TIMES Office Ottawa.

ENGLISH GOODS!!!

RECEIVED AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex street.

PRIZE WATER FILTERS, from $2.25 upwards, of Earthenware and White China. (They purify the most impure water.—*Medical Gazette.*)

ENGLISH BEDSTEADS, all wrought Iron,
Do CHILDRENS COTS, do do
Very fine patterns, quite new and cheap.

For Hospitals and Sick Rooms:

ENGLISH ENAMELLED CHAMBERS.
Do., do., BED PANS.
ENGLISH GARDEN CHAIRS,
Do., do., SETTEES, (to arrive.)
Do., CROQUET LAWN BORDERING
REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, and BATHS, STOVES new and improved patterns.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, May 20, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,

OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR.

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and
Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Burgundy Ports,
Domecqs and Greek Sherry,
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.
Bass', Guinness's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.
Liberal terms.
Inspection invited.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! *ICE!*

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1 50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street

Ottawa, May 1649

JUST RECEIVED.

—AT—

HAUSER'S

RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,

That splendid new Magazine,

THE WEDDING BELLS.

—ALSO—

BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL

FOR MARCH AND APRIL.

Ottawa, April 19, 1871

DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE.

NOTICE TO FORWARDERS AND OTHERS.

LET PASSES, through to Lake Champlain, will be issued to Vessels, Barges, &c., by the Collector of Canal Tolls, Ottawa, on payment of Tolls.

LET PASSES will also be issued by the Collector of Canal Tolls, at Montreal, and at St. Johns, through to Ottawa, or to Ottawa Basin, on payment of Tolls.

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871. 1680a

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canded Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,

Corner Sussex and York-sts.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer

No. 67 Sussex-st.

OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m

LISGAR.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

Victoria by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same in anywise concern.—Greeting:

A PROCLAMATION.

A. CAMPBELL, for the Attorney General, Canada. } Whereas in and by an Act passed by the Parliament of Canada, in the Thirty-second and Thirty-Third years of Our Reign, being Chapter Twenty-four, and intituled: "An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," it is amongst other things in effect enacted that our Governor in Council may, as often as occasion requires, declare by Proclamation that upon and after a day therein named the said Act shall be in force in any place or places in Canada therein designated within the limits or in the vicinity whereof any Railway, Canal or other Public Work is in progress of construction, or such places as are in the vicinity of any such Canal, or Railway, or other work as aforesaid, within which he deems it necessary that the said Act should be in force; and the said Act shall upon and after the day to be named in any such Proclamation, take effect within the places designated in such Proclamation; and further, that Our Governor in Council may, in like manner from time to time declare the said Act to be no longer in force in any of such place or places, and may again from time to time declare the same to be in force therein.

And whereas, it is expedient that the hereinbefore in part recited Act should be in force, in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described

Now therefore know ye, that we, by and with the advice and consent of our Privy Council for Canada, do hereby declare that upon and after the First day of June next hereafter, "An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," hereinbefore in part recited, shall be in force in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described, that is to say: Commencing at the point where the route now being opened to the Red River crosses the height of land which separates the waters tributary to Lake Winnepeg, from those flowing into Lake Superior, and running from thence westwardly along the said route to the Eastern boundary line of the Province of Manitoba, to extend to a depth of ten miles on either side of the said route from the height of land to the United States' Boundary Line at Nequaquon Lake, and from thence westward to the Lake of the Woods, to embrace a depth of ten miles on the British side of the Boundary line aforesaid, to cover the whole area of the Lake of the Woods and the Islands therein in so far as they are within British Territory and a depth of ten miles around such portion of its shores as may be within British Territory, and from the North West angle of the Lake of the Woods, to extend ten miles on either side of the line of route until it meets the aforesaid eastern boundary line of the said Province of Manitoba.

Of all of which our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

In testimony whereof, we have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved, the Right Honorable John Baron Lisgar, of Lisgar and Bailieborough, in the County of Cavan, Ireland, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and a Baronet, one of our most Honourable Privy Council, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada, and Governor and Commander in Chief of the Island of Prince Edward. At our Government House, in Our CITY OF OTTAWA, this Fifth day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and in the Thirty-fourth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J C AIKINS,
Secretary of State.

Ottawa, May 13, 1871 1671 3

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
.....	12.15	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	.....	4.20
.....	12 15	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	.....	4.50
8.20	.....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	9.30	.....	7.15
8.20	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	9.30	.....	7.15
8.20	12.15	9.00	United States, *via* Ogdensburg	9.30	.....	4.20
8.20	12.15	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	9.30	.....	4.20
.....	12.15	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.30	.....	.....
8.20	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	.....	.....	4.20
9.20	.....	3.20	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	.....	3.00
9.20	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	.....	11 40	7.30
10.30 / 7.00	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage. Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	8.00	11.00	.....
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	.....	.....	7.30
10.00	.....	.....	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	.....	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6 00
11.50	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11 30 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12 A.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, May 1, 1871.

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa
The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Nov last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Business.

Claims Paid for Assurances....£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid. 2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of.... 6,570,000.00
Annual Income.............. 1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions* of *Policies.*

The *Non-Forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW,
Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal

J.& W. T. Penneck,
Agents, Ottawa.
March 13, 1871 163a

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND LIFE

Continues to take risks on every description of property—including Wooden House—at similar rates with other first-class Companies.

LIFE

An inspection of its late Tables is invited.

T M CLARK,
Agent,
Elgin-st., near Sparks.

Ottawa, April 12, 1871 1638 1

THE METROPOLITAN

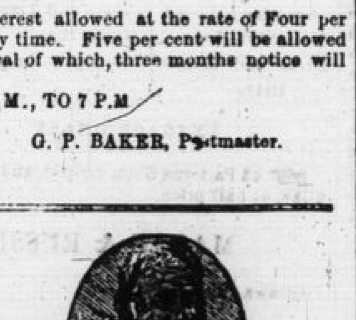
Building and Savings Society.

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa 13th December, 1870. 1540tf1J71



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869:

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, D Canada.

THE EAGLE STEAM BAKERY,

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your orders are solicited

AND WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO BY

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. H. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone, Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c, &c Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 3, 1871. 1604

Medical.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE ARE SOLD
BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESSRS GABRIEL.
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	"SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.
MESSRS GABRIEL'S	ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

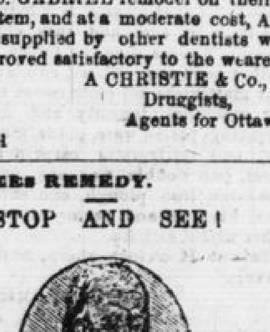
MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 1 1871

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Wit-lows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

FARMERS

Wanting any kind of Agricultural Implements or Machinery, can be supplied, by calling at the Agent's Office,

MARKET SQUARE, OTTAWA.

WM. ABBOTT,
Agent

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book store, Sparks street, Ottawa.

W MCKAY WRIGHT. 1a F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 4autt JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

J. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R. 746t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber-Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accounts accurately prepared. Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1595 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.

Montreal, March 1871 2 3m

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

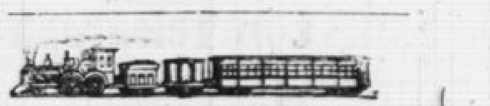
—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

8 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

Railroads.



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after MONDAY, MAY 15th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1 00 p m., and at Sand Point, at 1,30 p. m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 9.20 a.m., and 5 30 p m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 3.40 p.m., connect with the Grand Trunk Day Express from the West and arriving at Ottawa at 7.50 p. m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a m arriving at Brockville at 1.50 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 7.50 p m.

EXPRESS at 4 p m, arriving at Brockville Trains for the East.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 9.40 p m, and connecting with the Grand Trunk At 1,30, 3.15, 7,25 and 11,00 p m,

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a m, after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, May 12, 1871

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullmar Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal:

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

LIGHT HOUSE SERVICE.

TENDERS will be received at this Department, at Ottawa, up to Noon of WEDNESDAY, the 21st JUNE next, for the construction of LIGHT HOUSES at the undermentioned places, in the Province of Ontario:

Salmon Point, P. E. County, Lake Ontario.
Middle Island. Essex County, Lake Erie.
Porphyry Point. Lake Superior.
Michipicoten Island. do.
Small Island, near Michipicoten Island Harbour.

Plans and specifications of all the required Works may be seen on and after the 1st June next, at the Department at Ottawa, and at the Office of S RISLEY, Esq., Inspector of Steamboats, Toronto, at which places also Forms of Tender can be procured by intending Contractors.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Department Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 20th May, 1871. 1681 3

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST, OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON have ing purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables, and their Liquors are of the best quality.

Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks-st

Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel
Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel.

Strict attention to business.
Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590a

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.

J. A. GEMMILL,
Solicitor &c.

Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.

Ottawa, Feb. 21, 187 159

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 38 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa
JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1685. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deaf Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

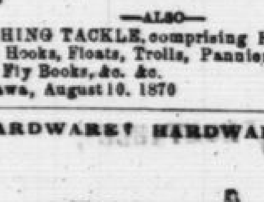
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!



Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a ... assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. &c. together with

PAINT O. ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivery Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, No 18, 1870

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.

Possession given 20th May.

Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere, near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)

Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.

Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY

For particulars, apply to
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26 Rideau street.

Ottawa, Feb 16, 1871

TO LET,

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with ... acres of land, ed, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road. Also the Shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.

For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
592tf

Ottawa, Feb. 16.

WANTED TO RENT.

A Comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, on the west end. Neighborhood of Richmond Road preferred. Rent not to exceed $300 per annum, including taxes. Address D., post paid, Ottawa. Possession required by 15th June.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1879 3

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE.

CUSTOM'S DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 19th May, 1871.

Referring to the notice of 5th inst., of articles transferred by Order in Council, to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, it is decided that the term "Annatto" therein mentioned means "Annatto" in either a liquid or a solid condition.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa, May 27, 1871 1678 3

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa.

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 19, 1871 1669tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,

The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises

STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.

And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.

Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1865 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,

Next Door to F. McDougall & Co.

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa, and neighbourhood that he has opened

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colorr Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,

To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.

There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.

The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

—TO—

N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, April 28, 1871 1652 3m

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE.

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,
Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 RIDEAU STREET.

OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you. 1634 3m

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in its large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly, our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH

Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

G. A. SHELDON,

HATTER AND FURRIER,

Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive

HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT

In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.

G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.

A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shanty-men's Hats made to order: 1665 3m

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100	acres.
In Eardley	9,500	"
In Hull,	1,500	"
Total,	11,100	

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon

Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

SELLING

OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES

OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street,

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

Dufresne & McGarity,

SUCCESSORS TO

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.

Sussex Street, OTTAWA.

221 Notre Dame St. MONTREAL.

The Undersigned have much pleasure in stating to their Customers and the Trade in general, that they have disposed of the RETAIL BUSINESS, *which they heretofore carried on in connection with their Wholesale Trade; and it is now their intention to devote themselves exclusively to the*

Wholesale Grocery, Wine and Provision Business.

To enable them to do so efficiently, they have secured the premises next door to their present stand, (formerly occupied by Messrs. Fingland & Draper, as a Dry Goods Store,) and connected the two buildings by an arch,—now making ONE OF THE FINEST WHOLESALE HOUSES IN THE PROVINCE.

They have secured Agencies for several of the first WINE HOUSES *in Europe; and are also Agents for* Messrs. GOODERHAM & WORTS, *Distillers of Toronto,—and they can safely say that Messrs. G. & W. make the finest Spirits in the Dominion.*

The trade supplied with all of the undermentioned ALES, either in Wood or Bottle, at Brewers prices.

Dow & Co's, Montreal, Pale and Mild Ales and Porter,
Cosgrove's, Toronto, " " "
Labatt's, Prescott, " " "
Dawes', Lachine, " " "

GUINNESS STOUT and ENGLISH ALES always on hand and in fine condition.

There is now on the way out from China and Japan, 2,000 Chests of Fresh Teas, *which, with all other Goods, will be sold at* MONTREAL PRICES.

Goods will be delivered at Steamboat and Railway Stations free of charge. All empty packages charged in accounts will be taken back and allowed for, and those prefering to have their Goods shipped from the Montreal House, can have that privilege by leaving their orders at the office here.

The OTTAWA ESTABLISHMENT will be under the special management of MR. McGARITY, *who will give his exclusive attention to the wants of his customers.*

Thanking you for the liberal patronage with which we have been so kindly favored, and soliciting an early call.

We remain, yours truly.

Dufresne & McGarity,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
"The TeaPot,"
SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, April 19, 1871 1645 2m

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

IMMENSE SALE.

RETIRING FROM THE

DRY GOODS TRADE.

$30,000 Worth of Dry Goods

To be sold at half the usual prices, at

CUNNINGHAN & LINDSAY'S,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

As they are going out of Business.

The Stock consists of a general and splendid assortment of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS.

This Sale is peremptory and without reserve, and purchasers, would consult their interest, by purchasing before the Stock is broken up.

Come and see for yourselves the great Bargains.

ALL SALES FOR CASH ONLY.

Sale commences WEDNESDAY, April at 9 a m.

Remember the Place.

14 RIDEAU STREET,

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

Ottawa, April 4, 1871 1632tf

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 73259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given, which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1675tf

DIRECT FROM ENGLAND!

Just opened out a beautiful assortment of CARVED WOOD

BREAD PLATTERS!
BUTTER do., with glass dish!
SALT CELLARS do do!
EGG TRAYS, do cups
FRUIT STANDS do dishes
BREAD KNIVES
BREAKFAST TRAYS!

The above are low in price, and elegant and useful adornments for the Tables, also

FISHING RODS,
TROLLING SPOONS,
FLIES, GIMP,
HOOKS,
BOOKS, &c., &c, &c.

We have just been appointed Agents for the ATLANTIC and PACIFIC SHIP PUMPS,

BROKENSHIRES PATENT.

These Pumps are now almost exclusively used on the Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence, and are adapted for Lumber Barges or the Ocean Steamship. Orders received.

New Stock Cooking Stoves, latest improvement, just arrived, at

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA.

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, April 29, 1871

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN.

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c, &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the Principal Money and Interest secured by a certain Mortgage, and bearing date the Eighteenth Day of AUGUST, A.D. 1869, and made between JOHN HARKNESS, of the Township of Gloucester, yeoman, of the first part, ANN JANE HARKNESS, his wife of the second part, and ROBERT MOSGROVE, of the City of Ottawa, Esquire, of the third part of all and, singular that certain parcel or tract of lands and premises situate, lying and being in the township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of a part of West half of the rear or southerly part of lot number twenty-six, in the first concession, Ottawa front, of the said township of Gloucester, and may be described as sub lots fourteen and fifteen of the sub-division of the said part of said lot, number twenty-six, as shewn and laid down on a place drawn by H. O. WOOD, P.L.S., of said part of said lot, number twenty-six, and bearing date the Sixth Day of JULY, A.D., 1869, and Registered in the Registry Office for the County of Carleton, on THURSDAY, the 29th day of July, A.D. 1869, said sub lots containing by admeasurement six acres be the same more or less.

The said lands and premises will in pursuance of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, be offered for sale at PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Law Office of Messrs. MOSGROVE & TAILLON, in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the Nineteenth Day of JUNE next, (A.D. 1871), at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon.

Terms and conditions to be made known at the time of Sale.

Vendor will covenant against his own acts only. All conveyances, searches, abstracts, &c., to be had at the purchasers expense.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Vendor's Solicitors.

Ottawa, May 15, 1871. 16663wtd

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, } To Wit.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of GENERAL SESSIONS of the PEACE, and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the Thirteenth day of JUNE, 1871, at the hour of Ten of the clock, a.m., of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. POWELL,
Sheriff.
By W. H. FALLS,
Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Ottawa, May 23, 1871 1679 d3&w2

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

Tailors & Gentlemen's Out-fitters

to

P. O'MEARA'S Restaurant,

RIDEAU STREET.

Messrs. P. & R. invite special attention to their choice and select assortment of

Broadcloths
Doeskins,
English
Scotch, and
Canadian Tweeds.

Next to P. O'MEARA, Rideau-St.

N. B.—Workmanship and fit guaranteed.

PRESTON & ROSWELL.

Ottawa April 18, 1871 1642tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and
Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts.
Drawes,
Under ...
&c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

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A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER VII.

BY THE SOLWAY.

(Continued.)

But Wednesday came, and still no sign had been made that was wanted. His portmanteau was rifled; his passage taken; when the tide served, the vessel, lying there under the shadow of the willow-trees, within sight of the old castle, was to bear him and his fortunes to Liverpool. He was sitting in that comfortable apartment which commands a view, not of the street, but of the garden and yard in the rear of the "Selkirk Arms," waiting for his dinner, the last he hoped he should ever eat on Scottish ground, to be served, when the head-constable from Dumfries opened the door, and, quietly walking across the room, informed Andrew Hardell that he was his prisoner.

He had accepted it all along, but it came upon him with a shock nevertheless.

For a minute he could not steady his voice; but then he said there must be some mistake—that the officer must have confused him with some other person.

"I have committed no crime that I am aware of," went on Andrew Hardell; "you must have made some great mistake in the matter."

"Hearing which remark, uttered apparently in the most perfect good faith, the officer stated that he arrested him fo, the murder of Mr. Kenneth Challerson.

"Of Kenneth Challerson?" repeated Andrew Hardell; and he went away down the street, followed by the tears of the women and the pity of the men, who had grown even in a few days to like him, and who thought it "an uncommon thing" to see any one so young in so terrible a strait.

CHAPTER VIII.

HOW THE NEWS TRAVELLED SOUTH.

A very few days after that on which Andrew Hardell was escorted from the "Selkirk Arms," to seek an interview with Mr. Holmes Graeme, sheriff-substitute, Madge Foster, in the light of the summer's morning, came tripping down stairs at Langmore.

Permit me, with the morning glory streaming upon the fresh young face, to introduce her to your acquaintance. Allow me to say—"Here, my dear reader, is not indeed the heroine of my story, but the woman I like best in its pages, though you will see but little of her or any other woman. A girl and a woman a thousand; a maiden endowed, as you may see, with no remarkable beauty, but possessed, nevertheless, of qualities which might stand any man with whom she elected to cast her lot, in good stead when the evil hours came, that will come in the middle or evening of the most prosperous day; like the rain and the wind that pour down at some time or other on all the earthly palaces our hands so fondly build upon the sands of time.

Not beautiful, and yet fair, and sweet, and fresh, and young; with no chiselled features no wealth of either raven or auburn hair, no flashing or melting eyes, no coquettish artifices, no prudish affectations; only a good, loving, trusting, healthy English country girl; one of a race which, spite the unbelief of Saturday Reviewers, still happily exists, to salt the earth and savor it.

Scarcely of the middle height, with her slight figure well-rounded and well-proportioned; with fine brown hair, smooth and waveless, braided on her forehead, and then swept back into a thick knot behind; with a pure pink-and-white complexion, a little delicate, it might be, but all the more refined for that; with kindly brown eyes, and a frank, pleasant mouth—there she is for you, as well as I can paint her, floating in a pretty light muslin dress down the old-fashioned staircase, with the morning sunlight streaming upon her.

If you have ever known a girl whose first thought was of others; who, let her be ever so tired, was always ready to start off and procure whatever a parent, or sister, or brother desired; who had no need to crucify self, simply because self for her was a creature without existence; whose feet were swift to bear her in errands of kindness and charity; whose hands were soft, and cool and tender in illness; whose voice seemed to bring cheerfulness and hope into the house; who was like a sunbeam, a bright thing in a dark place; who was loved by high and low, by rich and poor; who could not bear to hear gossip; to whom the very tone of slander was a pain; who was always ready to stand up for the absent; to whom the children came confidingly, and on whose head the aged laid their hands in blessing—then you have known Madge Foster, who passed out into the garden behind the vicarage, and gathered flowers to put on the breakfast-table, singing to herself as she flitted about.

She had grown up among the trees and the flowers, and yet the place never palled upon her. She never wearied of the trim, old-fashioned garden; of the parterres edged with box-wood; of the straight grass paths; of the little "wilderness" at the end; of the brook which babbled softly between the elms; of the narrow rustic bridge leading away into the croft beyond; where Drapple, and Cowslip, and Daisy, the clerical cows, and the clerical pony lived at such amity together, befitted the quadrupeds of a well-ordered establishment.

Sufficient for her was the small domain, with its sheltering trees; its old-fashioned flowers; its common fruit and vegetables. The moss-rose tree blooming in the corner was to her as the grandest hothouse exotic. Sweet the cabbage-rose; lovely the blue gentianella; brilliant the anemones and ranunculus. What could heart desire more than the jessamine blossoms, shining like stars among the dark green leaves; then the westeria covered windows; then the triumpet honeysuckle, thrusting its sweet presence into her bedroom, then the mignonnette, scenting the breakfast-parlor; and the tea-rose, climbing ambitiously beside the jessamine and magnolia?

Langmore Vicarage was a long, low house, covered front and back with greenery. Generations of men had lived in it, and each man had added, not destroyed—so that now whether the habitation were of wood, or stone, or brick, a stranger looking at it would have been puzzled to decide.

Many a tourist, wandering across the village-green, stopped to admire the quaint old house over which the ivy grew thick and strong, and green up to the very eaves, round the frames of the latticed windows. There was no carriage-way up to the house—never at Vicar of Langmore had been wealthy enough to own phaeton or brougham, or aught save, when his legs began to fail him, steady-going, sedate, stiff-built cob—who partook of oats as his owner did of port-wine, at long and uncertain intervals—but who, nevertheless, mulched his hay, as the vicar drank home-brewed ale, contentedly, and throve upon it too.

A path winding round a grass-pot led up to the front, which, like the rest of the building, was covered with ivy. Fowers in pots and boxes were placed on the sills of the windows, on the flat roof of the porch—flowers that seemed bedded among the greenery, and that gave forth a delicious perfume.

Trees overshadowed the vicarage; in the stillness of the summer morning could be heard the cooing of the pigeons, the parting of the hens. In the distance, farther away from the parsonage then is usual the case in country villages, soon Langmore Church, the grave-yard surrounded it sparsely covered with monuments or headstones; the green turf lapping up securely enough the quiet sleepers, who needed no memorial to record they lived—they died—they toiled—they rest.

From the village-green, the vicarage-ground [if such a term be not too ambitious] were divided only by a rustic fence. The living was a poor one, and the man who looked after the souls of his scattered flock was poor likewise—poor, and a gentleman; a gentleman and a scholar; for both of which last reasons, perhaps, he bore his poverty meekly; was thankful for the home, and the peace, and the quiet he had known, and never repined because he saw worse men winning higher prizes in the world's game of chances—because the bishop remembered his next neighbor at Great Langmore, and passed him by.

On the contrary, he loved Langmore, and would have grieved to leave it. There were graves in the church-yard which were very dear to him; and he could not pass them without thinking of a woman very likely Madge who had made the vicarage a paradise to him; of baby fingers that had never grown strong enough to clutch at any of the fruits men esteem valuable; of little ones sleeping safe from all earth's turmoil; of stalwart sons who might have been; of comely daughters who were never to grow up.

He had married late in life, and the happiness which comes late is always highly prized. There had been a fight sometimes in that poor vicarage to meet the inadequacy of ways and means, to do all things decently and in order as befits a clergyman's establishment; but the brave hearts had won, and without other help than one human being may take from another and never feel ashamed, the husband and wife had battled through their troubles and won.

But there came other troubles that it is not in the power of man to alleviate; grevious sickness swept through the parish; and when the scourge was stayed, three children were missing from the vicarage, and there were three fresh green mounds in Langmore church yard. After that Mrs. Forster's health declined, and though she lingered for a considerable period, still there at length arrived a day when she too dropped out of her accustomed place; when the arm-chair and pillows were no longer put into requisition; when there was no need to search the poultry yard for new-laid eggs, to set aside the sunniest peach to stint the household, that the poor invalid might have delicacies; to move about on tiptoe, to hush the voice, and check the sound of laughter.

Madge was just old enough, when her mother died to understand that from henceforth she must be "mamma to papa." With a touching submissiveness she dried up her tears, when told the sight of her grief would make her father worse; with an earnest purpose she made up her mind to be good; with an almost womanly instinct she assumed her mother's place, flitting about in her little black frock, arranging this and considering that; trying to remember every thing that papa liked best, every thing mamma had told her not to forget.

Sweet was the forethought that suggested to the child in the hours ere the last terrible hour came, all she was to do, all she was to think of; that, considering how in mere trifles the lonely man might miss her who had grown to be as his very right hand, tried, before she departed, to strengthen her child's weakness so as to attend to her father's wants.

There are things which seem frivolous to mention, and yet that may mar, though they can not make, the happiness of a man's life; things the absence or neglect of which constantly recall the presence and the thoughtfulness of the departed; and it was a portion of Mrs. Forster's existence to understand all this, and to teach Madge to be of use when she herself was gone.

Buttonless shirts—wretched dinners—untidy rooms—unaired—linen—slippers and dressing-gown not to his hand—his ink-bottle dry—his books undusted: all these trifles would by their absence have recalled his Margaret, and her attention, a hundred times a day; but as it was, Madge stepped forward to fill the breach—made his tea, brought in his letters, armed herself with an immense darning needle and mended his stocks, asked their servant to do this and that, till the woman "Lord blessed" herself, and declared Miss Madge was wiser than many a missus—laid his sermon-paper out already for him, and when he was going on a visit put up his dress-suit with a solemnity and decorum befitting an experienced matron.

Happily for Madge the mother died before her child could miss more than her love; before companionship had begun, happily—for such partings take so much of the sunshine out of a young life, that it oftentimes requires the best portion of an existence to coax back again.

As it was, Madge did not quite understand all she had lost; and after a while her laugh sounded as gay, her smile as bright as though they were no such a thing as a head-stone sacred to memory to Margaret Foster in Langmore church yard—as though there had been for her no such thing as death, and sorrow, and sickness in the world.

And this is the same child, grown to girlhood, whom we see in the morning sunlight gathering flowers. When she had completed her bouquet she re-entered the house, and, passing into the breakfast-room arranged the buds in a saucer of water, made tea, drew up her father's chair to his favorite corner of the table, placed the paper-cutter ready to his hand, pulled down the blinds to the exact point which he approved, and then went and stood by the window waiting for the post-man's arrival, an event which was usually heralded by the blowing of a horn.

At last he came in sight. Madge saw Martha, their faithful but not good-tempered or handsome servant, receive the letters from him.

What could Martha be doing after the post-man's departure? Madge wondered. Why did she not bring in the letters? Her mode of proceeding was perfectly familar to Miss Foster, but familiarity did not in this case produce a due philosophy with regard to results.

Martha would boil the eggs, and make the toast; she would burn the toast and she would scrape it; she would forget the salt, and she would return for that necessary article; she would put the letters on one corner of the tray, and when every thing else was ready she would enter the room with them,

There had been a time when Madge was wont to rush and secure the letters, but that happened in the days before the young lady owned a lover; and Martha, who as a general principal approved of followers and "sweethearting," and who disapproved of Miss Forster's engagement and sweetheart in particular, took a malicious pleasure both in retarding the delivery of Mr. Hardell's epistles, and observing how sedulously Madge refrained from seeming to expect any.

"Ha—ha!" exclaimed Martha to herself, with a prolonged emphasis on the word to which no spelling can do justice; "not fit to clean her shoes; if I had a voice in it he might have gone farther."

From which speech, however, I must beg it not to be inferred that the serving-woman underrated Andrew Hardell. No; on the contrary, she only fairly rated Madge, and knew that the man was not worthy to be husband to so sweet a creature—at least, not then.

In the days when he grew more able to appreciate a nature such as hers, he would have seemed, according to Martha's wordly wisdom, a more undesirable husband still.

But, spite of intelligible hints and muttered innuendoes, the affair had long been settled.

Whenever Andrew was ordained priest, he and Madge were to be married. Mr. Forster, anxious perhaps that his daughter should not be left to battle with the world if he were called away, made no objection to receiving Andrew as a son-in-law.

In point of family, indeed, the young man was deficient; but in most other respects he was just the husband Mr. Forster

would have chosen to confide his child's happiness. He was clever; he was well-tempered; he had a high feeling concerning the sacredness of his calling, and an intense love for his profession; he would push his way in the world, no doubt; and husband were not plentiful at Langmore.

On the whole, dowerless, and living in comparative solitude, it was strange that Madge should so young be engaged at all. Many other parents had to see their children go out as governesses and companions, and eat the bitter bread of dependence; but no such dreary future as this stretched out before Madge. Seeing her flitting among her flowers, no sigh concerning her uncertain prospects escaped Mr. Forster.

She would be happy with her husband, as her father and mother had been happy together, in some quiet curacy of modest parsonage. They had learned, Madge and her father, the true secret of all earthly felicity—that of being content where God had cast their lots; and there was a sweet peace about Langmore Vicarage, a sunny cheerfulness, which might be sought for in grander dwellings, and sought in vain.

But had Mr. Forster been more observant, or Madge more experienced, they might both have known the love wherewith Andrew Hardell loved the girl was not that which shall make a man contented in lowly places—which shall be to him as a shield and a buckler—a tower and a fortified place against the world's troubles, the world's opinions, the world's sins, and the world's temptations. It was a love which, as I have said before, knew no better, which mistook its own character, which was not love so much as affection—which was less passionate attachment then unfortunate propinquity—which might burn to the last hour of life with a taper-light, indeed, but, which could never burst into flame—never illumine even for an hour the whole of a man's existence—never satisfy that hunger and thirst full and perfect sympathy, which no human being may pass from the cradle to the grave without experiencing at some time or other of the lonesome journey.

But Madge did not know, and Mr. Forster did not see; and accordingly when Martha, having deposited the letters, together with toast, and ham, and eggs, and butter on the table, left the room, carrying her tray with her like a breastplate, the young girl knowing by the woman's manner that there was a letter directed in the well-known hand, crossed eagerly over to the table, and singled out the epistle meant for her from the rest of the budget.

It was not a long letters and the words it contained might have failed to satisfy a more exacting heart; but Madge read and re-read the lines with a blushing, pleased delight.

"Andrew will be home in a few days, papa," she said, as her father entered. "He writes from Kirkcudbright" (which Madge pronounced in her pretty English account, as it spelt), "and says he is only waiting for the sailing of the steamer to cross to Liverpool."

To be Continued.

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WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1871.

For interesting reading matter, see first age.

Mr. Speaker Cockburn is in town.

Mr. Jones, M.P., for Leeds and Grenville arrived yesterday.

Hon. Geo. Brown visited Ottawa yesterday. We are glad to see that he appears to be in good health.

Some of the Opposition journals which usually are very fond of preaching economy, are demanding an extra session of Parliament. Will they favour us with some good and substantial reason for spending about $500,000 of the public money?

We invite the attention of our readers to an article from the Washington *Capital* which appears in another column. The Americans evidently think that inasmuch as the fishery and other questions in which we are interested are left to our Parliament to decide, Canadians have, at least no reason to complain.

The *People's Journal* of Toronto says: At last we know that all is not as bad as we thought it was, and that in the words of the Ottawa Times—"neither the Government of Canada as a whole, nor Sir John "Macdonald as the First Minister, are "committed to the Treaty," they having "taken care to reserve to themselves "the right of the most complete freedom "of action in the matter."

THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

There is no end to the blunders that appear in the press from time to time respecting the Treaty of Washington.

The last absurdity is the statement that the Emperor of Germany has decided the San Juan question in favour of the United States. Now, the question cannot be submitted to him, nor can he have any cognizance of it, until the Treaty is ratified by Her Majesty. On that being done, the Governments of Great Britain and the United States will, as a matter of course, ask His Imperial Majesty to consent to act as arbitrator.

The Treaty provides that on such acceptance, each of the two Governments shall lay before the Emperor a written or printed case, accompanied by the evidence offered to support the same, within six months from the date of the exchange of the ratifications, and a copy of the case and evidence shall be communicated by each Government to the other.

It goes on to provide that after such communication each Government shall have the power of laying before the arbitrator a second and definitive statement, in reply to the case of the other side, and six months further are allowed for putting in this second paper.

It will thus be seen that no decision can be obtained for the next six, and probably not for the next twelve months.

In the *Halifax Citizen* of the 31st May we see a quotation from the *Montreal Daily News* which had escaped our notice. The extract is as follows:

"The greatest objection to the treaty is that it is irrevocable. Had it been limited to a dozen years it might not have been so objectionable; but it alienates for ever those exclusive fishery privileges which we were justified in regarding as the future nursery of our navy."

Now it is only necessary to read the treaty to see that the fishery articles are only to last for *ten* years, and can at any time after that period be terminated on two years notice.

The same number of the *Citizen*, in its leading article, declaims as follows:

"Surely, now is the cup of our humiliation full. Yesterday, unhappy Nova Scotia experienced, for the second time, one of the most fatal results of Sir John A. Macdonald's policy, and Doctor Tupper's rule. Yesterday, as the telegrams in these pages this morning announce, the Washington Treaty, "the Washington Capitulation," as it is now named throughout Canada—was signed and ratified by the Dominion Cabinet without the slightest reference to the public of these Provinces, or even to the Parliament."

Now really is it too much to expect that the press, which professes to educate public opinion, should take some little trouble to inform itself of the facts? A simple reference to the 33rd article of the treaty would have informed the *Citizen* that the articles relating to the fisheries are only to take effect "when the necessary laws are passed by the Parliament of Great Britain, the Parliament of Canada, and the Legislature of Prince Edward Island on the one hand, and by the Congress of the United States on the other."

Lord Lisgar has no more power to ratify the treaty than the editor of the *Citizen* himself.

THE FEDERATION OF THE EMPIRE.

At a late meeting of the Royal Colonial Institute in London, Mr. McFie read an important paper on the "Federation of the Empire." To those upon this side of the Atlantic who have taken an interest in the subject and have urged the necessity of effecting a closer union of the various portions of the British Empire, it will be especially gratifying to find that there are people of position and eminence in the Mother Country who think with them, and who are disposed to labour with them for the attainment of this great and important object.

In the course of his lecture, for we believe that "lecture" is the term which applies most appropriately to Mr. McFie's remarks, he proposed a mode of solving the problem of a United Empire. It was this:

Leaving all matters that specially affect the United Kingdom to the British Parliament and Ministry, and all manners specially affecting the several colonies to their own Legislatures and Governments, let there be an Imperial Council with deliberative and executive powers and appliances, whose function it will be to decide and carry out all measures which affect the Empire under such restrictions and judicial supervision as may be proper, in order to prevent precipitate action and conflict with the rights of individual States; members of council to be elected yearly, or for a term of years, by the bodies representative of the people, and in colonies where there are no such elective bodies by the Governors, on the following scale:—Every country or colony having a population of five hundred thousand and under a million, to elect 1 member; under two millions, 2; two millions and under five millions, 3; five millions and under ten millions, 4; ten millions and under twenty millions, 5; twenty millions and under fifty millions, 6; fifty millions and under one hundred millions, 7; one hundred millions, 8. On the above scale, England would elect by its members of the two Houses of Parliament and send to the council, 6; Scotland, 3; Ireland, 4; (the British Isles, 13); North America, if all federated in one dominion, 3 or 4; Australasia, 3 or 4; African Colonies, 2; West Indies, 2; the East, 1—in all 23 or 25. If we add India, 8; making a total of 31 or 33.

We do not consider that the time has yet arrived for determining as to the exact course to be adopted. At present all we can hope for is that this great question will be fully discussed in all its bearings. That, casting aside once and forever all thought of denationalization and transforming ourselves into Americans or any other foreign race, we should accustom ourselves to regard this matter as one which has to be dealt with in the near future, which cannot be evaded, and upon the proper solution of which our future destinies depend.

We are not of those who believe that the colonial relationship, as it at present exists, is likely to answer all the requirements of our changed condition, or that the same political ties which served to connect a few weak and struggling colonies with the Mother land, will be well calculated to unite great nations in one Imperial whole. Consequently, we regret the fate of the resolution proposed by Mr. McFie in the Imperial Parliament a few days since to which we have previously referred. Doubtless it was very gratifying to receive from the lips of the Under Secretary of the Colonies so direct an assurance that the policy of Mr. Gladstone's Government was not one of disintegration, but something more than that is felt to be needed by those who are really desirous of seeing the British Empire rendered strong and permanent. We appreciate the following remarks of the London *Telegraph*:—

We should encourage the idea that we regard the ties as indissoluble, and mean to raise our colonies step by step with ourselves, to joint participation in a splendid heritage, and to a common share in its glories, privileges, and power.

But in order that this proud destiny may be ours, we must vigorously grapple with the difficulties which render it difficult of attainment. As we said before, we want no sudden or violent constitutional changes. All we require is that this matter should be freely discussed, more especially in England, and for this reason we regret that Mr. McFie's resolution asking for a Committee to consider the Colonial relationship, was withdrawn.

THE COMMERCE OF MONTREAL.

We have received a copy of Mr. W. J. Patterson's report of the commerce of Montreal for 1870, which like all those which have preceeded it, is a work full of interesting matter, and of great value in commercial affairs. It is well printed by Messrs. T. & R. White, of the Montreal *Gazette*.

The total amount of dutiable goods imported at Montreal during 1869 was $18,218,250; during 1870, $25,358,678, with $3,865,623 remaining in bond on the 31st December last. The amount of free goods imported during the same period was $4,592,876 and $5,294,055.

The exports for 1870 show an increase of $38,927 over 1870. The exports for 1870 were: Produce of mines, $244,436, some $24,000 less than the year previous; produce of fisheries, $18,318, $4,000 odd less than the year previous; produce of the forest, $1,031,197, some 200,000 more than the year before; animals and their produce, $3,618,635, $535,494 more than in 1869; agricultural products, $4,521,856, some $450,000 less than in 1869; manufactures, $534,601, some 75,000 more than in the year previous.

In referring to the lumber trade of Montreal, the report says:—"It is worth while to remark that there were only two cargoes of lumber shipped from Montreal to Boston in 1870, and only one in 1869; in 1868 there were five cargoes sent thither, and seven in 1867. This decrease—in fact, almost cessation of lumber traffic between Montreal and Boston—is no doubt owing to the direct trade which has sprung up with South America within the past few years, and which promises still further enlargement, for much of the lumber formerly shipped from ports on the seaboard of the United States was the product of the Canadian pine forests."

FLOATING BATHS.

Yesterday we received a visit from Mr. G. T. Pelton, of Ashburnham Hill, who explained his views respecting the best mode of constructing a bath house for the use of the people of this city. The bath should be about 200 feet in length, by 70 feet wide, and fitted with ten wooden tanks securely anchored in the river at a short distance from the shore, with which it would communicate by a narrow gangway. The water would flow into the bath at one end through a wooden lattice work and canvass screen, passing out at the other end By this mode a constant supply of fresh water, free from all impurities, would be insured. By a simple mechanical arrangement, the bottom of the tank, which also consists of wooden lattice work and canvass, can be raised or lowered at pleasure in a moment, making the depth of water as little or as great as may be required, and preventing the possibility of accidents. On each side would be placed dressing rooms sufficient for the accommodation of 100 persons. The cost of such a floating bath would be but trifling and the plan proposed seems an excellent one in all respects. We may add that Mr. Pelton has no personal end to serve in the matter, but if any number of persons think proper to call a meeting he will be happy to explain the details of the scheme, and to assist in carrying it into effect. We hope to see some action taken, as a floating bath of this kind, if properly managed, would be a great public boon.

Referring to the letter of "Old Resident," about Broad street, in the Times of Monday, we certainly expected to see some explanation from His Worship the Mayor at the last meeting of Council, as it affects him personally.

BATHING.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Dear Sir,—Having read in this day's edition of your valuable paper, a letter from Mr. Pelton on the subject of bathing, I beg to inform you that I have had the subject under consideration for some time. The result is that a Swimming Bath is now being constructed under my direction. My past experience in such matters will, I feel satisfied, enable me to accommodate all those who are desirous of enjoying an invigorating plunge—in perfect safety.

The Bath, I expect, will be ready for my friends and the public on or about the 1st of next month, July.

Previous to opening, invitations will be sent to the press for the purpose of inspecting the sides under water, and the safety of the lower floor, thereby ensuring public confidence.

I am,
Yours respectfully,
WM. C. FORSTER.

THE INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

Grand Metis, Quebec,
May 29, 1871.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—It may not be amiss to give you some news from this part of the Intercolonial Railway, knowing that anything concerning this great work is always acceptable to the public. You are probably aware that many contractors, being anxious to complete their contracts within a limited time, worked through the entire winter, but owing to the great depth of snow, which averaged about five feet, and the severity of the weather, were unable to accomplish much, and those who worked a large force sufferred to a considerable extent pecuniarily, consequently all looked forward to the opening of spring with the hope of making up their losses and probably of finishing their work, but so far they have been greatly disappointed, the snow still being between two and three feet deep in many places in the woods, and the roads rendered almost impassable. The warm weather and rains of the last few days have caused many of the streams to overflow, and the service roads made by contractors are damaged to such an extent that it will require a great deal of time and money to repair them. In many cases the bridges over these roads have been entirely swept away, making it impossible for contractors to reach many places along their work.

The crops were so bad last year that the inhabitants found it a very difficult matter to winter their stock, and now the horses are not in a proper condition for hard work. The farmers are busy plowing and seeding, and as the work on the railroad is done mainly by the inhabitants, it is now impossible to obtain men and horses, and will continue so until about the 10th of June.

The contractors, who have their supplies, such as hay, oats, flour, &c., landed here, have a great deal of trouble in getting them to their work, owing to the condition of the roads.

The oldest inhabitant says that such a freshet has not been known for upwards of 25 years. It is generally believed here that the Commissioners will have to extend the time granted to contractors for the completion of their contracts, as the difficulties which they have to encounter, such as long and severe winters and scarcity of laboring men, are greater than they anticipated.

Yours, &c.,
A.

☞ After war pestilence and intemperance—colds lead to the greatest destruction of human life, mainly, because it is considered by many to be of no consequence and hence systematically neglected untill a simple, curable disease, is converted into a fatal pulmonary one. Everyone troubled with what is called a slight cold or cough, should immediately use Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—they allay irritation at once, and exert a most beneficial influence on all the Bronchial and Pulmonary organs. Sold by all Druggists and Country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box,

DOMINION NOTES.

Belleville is holding a Dairyman's Association.

Sarnia advertises exemption from taxation to manufacturers.

Niagara has got a baby thirteen months old, weighing 45 pounds.

A great number of steamers are now being built for the lake trade.

A nurse at Cacouna poisoned a child with ratsbane, so as to have more freedom during the summer months.

One McDonald, who attempted to steal a drink of whiskey at Glencoe, received a dozen lashes from the irate landlord.

A huge bear, a source of many years of annoyance to the people of Tossoronto, was caught in a trap the other day and killed.

The Rev. Canon Baldwin has expressed regret for saying that Dickens' works are all bad.

The assessment of Toronto for 1871 is $29,663,983, being $2,663,232 over the year previous.

It had not been anticipated that Canada would ever contribute to alleviate the ills that flesh is heir to in India. Yet such is the fact. Carbolic acid, extracted from our petroleum has been used with remarkable success in cases of leprosy, so much so that it is not improbable that the leper, as a class, may be exterminated. The civil surgeon of Khundwa reports the case of a wretched old man who came to him from Bombay in great grief, saying that his friends had excluded him from their society and obliged him to live in a hut by himself. He was at this time pleasingly mottled with rose-colour. The doctor had him at once washed with soap and warm water, and the old man showed signs of improvement. He was then anointed with carbolic acid and oil with such good effects that next day he wrote to his wife to expect him home in a week. In short, what with washing with soap and water, and what with anointing with Carbolic acid and oil, the old man was soon completely cured.

Two vessels are unloading steel rails at Montreal from Borrow, England, for the Grand Trunk Railway. They are the first instalment of about 9,000 contracted for by the company, to be delivered in Montreal during the present season. These rails are to be laid down between Coaticook and Toronto, and, with the steel rails laid down last year, will make a total of about 150 miles, or nearly one-third of the entire distance.

A correspondent of the Strathroy *Age* reports that a "free fight" occurred on the Muncey Road, in the township of Caradoc, on the 24th ult., between a party of about fifty Indians and seventy or eighty whites, who were on their way home from the races at Mount Brydges The whites were victorious and chased the Indians for miles. None of the white men were seriously hurt, but one Indian, named Neenham, is not expected to survive and two others are in a very dangerous condition.

FOR LADIES.

The following was the bride's costume at a recent New York wedding:

The bride, a brunette, was dressed in white corded silk, *decollete*, with demi-sleeves and a short court train. The corsage was trimmed at the top with a narrow ruching of white satin under *point aiguille* lace, and heading a deep fall of the same lace over another bead of orange blossoms which met in the centre in a thick mass and ran down to the waist. The front of the skirt was trimmed apron fashion, with three festoons of *point aiguille* lace, five inches deep, headed with orange blossoms, and a long flounce of the same lace ran around the bottom with the same heading. The rear was made au panier, three folds deep, with the same trimming. The sleeves were composed of three rows of the same lace, and were wide at the bottom, *a la Marie Antoinette*. On the bride's bosom flashed a brooch of immense diamonds, and long pendants, set with three large solitaire diamonds, sparkled in her ears. On her head was a thick wreath of orange flowers with a coronet of three flowers in front, from which hung a long white tulle veil. She wore white kid gauntlets, and carried a huge bridal bouquet of white flowers, edged with white silk fringe. Her shoes were of white satin with diamond buttons.

Among the bridal presents on the same occasion were forty pieces of jewelery, of which fifteen were diamond sets. A single one of the latter is known to have cost $45,000. It contained diamonds as big as filberts.

The other dresses forming the trousseau are fourteen in number, and are all elegant and designed in the most artistic manner. First, there is a black walking suit in heavy rich gros grain, in which thirty-five yards of silk were used. It is trimmed with two pieces of Antuilly guipure and two pieces of rich heavy Cluny. Three hundred and eighty-two bows are used in the trimmings. The front is cut with deep side pleating the whole width of the skirt front, and the train is white, mingled artistically with black. This dress cost $700.

Next is a brown walking suit of thirty-two yards of brown silk. The front of the underskirt consist of three regular reserve pleats interpolatad with three deep flat falls On each side the box pleats are narrow at at the top and wide at the bottom. The back part is very deep, flounced, scolloped and trimmed with narrow piping looped in each corner with scollops. The front is perfectly plain. The polonaise has a very deep postilion trimmed with fringe looped on the left shoulder. The back part of the polonais is flat, making, on each side, two deep points, each point having a heavy fringe of brown. The sleeves are entirely pagoda, trimmed with flowers, and deep at the top and peaked at the bottom. The inside sleeves are trimmed with thread lace, mixed with tulle, as is also the front, giving the dress a very rich appearance. The cost of the inside sleeves and waist was $35, and the cost of the entire dress, $600.

Then there are a walking suit of forty two yards of blue striped silk, costing $350; a lilac walking suit of striped silk, costing $500; a black and white silk walking suit, containing thirty-five yards, and costing $400; a brown walking suit, containing fifty yards, costing $300; a purple silk reception dress containing thirty yards, costing $900; and a silver gray reception dress, containing thirty-two yards, and costing $1,000. The total cost of these dresses was $6,200.

THE TREATY FROM AN AMERICAN POINT OF VIEW.

The Washington *Capital*, in referring to the treaty of Washington, says:

All the questions relating to Canada, the fisheries, the St. Lawrence, the transit route, &c., are unadjusted by the treaty. Certain propositions are suggested, but the whole matter is turned over to Congress, to the British Parliament, to the Parliament of the Dominion, and to the Legislatures of Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland. There is no doubt but that Mr. Fish had assurances from Mr. Thornton, when agreeing to the creation of the Joint High Commission, that these Canadian questions should be arranged as he desired. The very great ability of Sir John A. Macdonald, the Canadian Premier who was in the Commission, enabled him to get out of the difficulty, and with flying colors. Not only is there no conclusion reached, but the right of Canada to control the fishery question is acknowledged, a concession which even the Reciprocity Treaty of 1854 did not make. And the freedom of the Canadian canals is saddled with a provision making it incumbent upon the United States to secure also for Canada the freedom of the State canals on the line of inland navigation; and which, if not secured, will unquestionably give Canada a claim for other concessions by way of equivalent, either an increased sum for the fishery privileges, or trade concessions, or both. It will thus be seen that Sir John has managed to "pluck the flower safety from the nettle danger;" and to muddle the Canadian question in such a way as to be able to gain decided advantages in any future arrangement. There is really no part of the treaty where the superior diplomatic talent of the English Commissioners is seen to greater advantage than in the manner in which they have been able to get out of the difficulty of the Canadian questions, after the promissed concessions tendered by Messrs. Thornton and Rose last January, and which was the bait thrown out to catch Mr. Fish.

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, June 6.

After a stormy debate last night in the City Council, the By-law aiding the Northern Colonization Railway by a one million dollars grant passed the first reading. Only sixteen members however were present, and the vote is likely to be upset on the ground of an insufficient number to legally deal with the matter. Fearful jobbery is at work.

The case of Dr. Barcelo for the alleged abortion on Deliniea Messier was concluded this morning by a verdict of censuring the former, but exonerating him of wilful intent.

The Bank of Montreal report published this morning gives great satisfaction. The monetary circle as a rule speaks with renewed confidence in the institution. The number of shareholders at the annual meeting yesterday, was greater than any previous year.

On Sunday night the office of the Ottawa River Navigation Company was broken into. The burglars scattered papers about, but obtained no money.

The two watch robbers disguised as Catholic priests, some time since, and calling themselves Rev. Dr. Sickville and C. Montillon, were to-day sentenced to three years in the Penitentiary.

Weather cool.

Trade firm.

Midnight Despatches.

Washington, June 6. — An important case involving the title to nearly two hundred thousand acres of valuable land in Minnesota, has just been decided by the action of Secretary Cowan, of the Interior Department. The case was between the St. Paul and Pacific Railway Company, and Geo. F. Brett. The latter claimed to have pre-empted the land while the company affirmed that it was covered by a land grant of March 3rd, 1857. Secretary Browning decided that no lands whatever should be conveyed to the said Railroad Company, until the right of Brett to the land in controversy was recognized by the company. This decision was confirmed by the subsequent Secretary. General Cowan to-day reversed the decision, and all lands due the company will be certified to them excepting that tract claimed by Brett. A warrant will also be issued to Mr. Brett for lands claimed by him, when the validity of title will doubtless be tested in court.

New York, June 6.—A despatch from New Orleans last night says: 2,600 houses have their ground floor under water and more than that number of families are to-night homeless and desolate. The Canal runs from the heart of the city to Lake Ponchartrain. There is always a navigable canal, 10 or 12 feet deep and river steamers, and schooners perpetually pass and repass. The damage done by the flood is estimated at $500,000.

The Canal Commissioners had sold to certain persons the right to remove the dirt from the levee to fill up the vacant lots. On Friday morning one of these men was at work with his cart carrying away the levee at the very point where the weakness was manifested. A colored man named Lucion Ferevgian, living close by, begged him to desist, for an east wind was blowing, and the waters of the lake was swollen by the immense torrent pouring in from the Mississippi by way of Bonnet Carre Crevassi, were rapidly backing up to the city. He was driven away by threats. Next morning a chasm 85 feet wide was opened in the banks. Suits will be entered against the Canal Company to make good the damage.

New York, June 6.—There were seven cases of sunstroke yesterday.

London, June 6.—A letter from M. Guizot, published to-day, advocates the validition of the election to the Assembly of the Duke d'Aumale and Prince de Joinville, and the settlement of the form of the Government for France by a vote of the nation.

Washington, June 6.—There is absolutely truth in the recently published Washington special stating that General Sickles has notified the Spanish Government that the question of restoring the sequestred estates of American citizens in Cuba, &c., must be settled as the alternative of the employment of force. These very claims are referred with all matters in dispute for settlement by the Convention recently concluded. The idea of force therefore is preposterous.

The Secretary of State himself is the authority for the statement that Mr. Fish is not to be one of the arbitrators in the case of the *Alabama* claims.

Rumours having been circulated that the Department of Agriculture has predicted a very short crop of cotton in 1871, it is proper to state that no estimates of the growing crop has been made officially, and no report concerning it has been issued this season. An estimate of the comparative average and a statement of the condition of the crops will be made in about two weeks.

London, June 6.—Arrived, steamer *City of London*, from New York.

New York, June 6.—Arrived, steamship *Ismaelia*, from Alexandria, Egypt, Naples, Messina, Palermo, and Gibraltar.

The ship *Europa*, at this port from Bremen to-day, reports that on June 3rd in latitude 47.12 and longitude 68.27 a low brig with the signal of distress flying bore down to her, and she proved to be the brig *J. L. Bowen*, hence for Gibraltar four days out, the crew having mutinied and killed the captain. The chief mate lay on the deck senseless with his head badly cut. The second mate had his arm broken and was otherwise badly injured, and two men and one passenger were also badly beaten. The *Europa* put a mate on board the brig to bring her back to New York.

Paris, June 6.—Several of the officials under the Empire will become candidates at the supplementary elections for the Assembly.

The *Verite* thinks that all the Ministers who belonged to the Government of the 4th of September should leave the present cabinet.

The same journal expresses opposition to the plebiscite.

The *Journal des debats* praises the course pursued by the English Government and people during the war.

The fortresses proposed for the interior of Paris have been located at Mont Matre and Chaumont. The engineers have already commenced work upon them.

Rome, June 6.—By order of the Pope solemn High Mass was said to-day in honor of the French priests assassinated by the Communists in Paris.

Kingston, Jamaica, June 5.—Business in San Domingo is dull, but crops of all kinds promise excellent yield. The coffee crop of Hayti is also in a fine condition.

A large number of the buildings of Gonaives were lately burned.

Mexico, May 20.—The Presidential election will be held on the 25th of June.

The Government is increasing the force of the regular army, which the Opposition say is to maintain Juarez in power.

The Minister of Romero has triumphed over his accusers, but may resign next week.

Gen. Escobedi is ill of disease of the lungs.

New York, June 6.—The Atlantic Cable Companies to-day announce that the cable tariff for 10 word messages, after July 1st, will be ten dollars, gold. The date, address and signature to be counted and paid for. Limited messages to 50 words is removed, and press despatches hereafter will be charged at full rates.

Versailles, June 6.—Thiers in his conferences with the committee appointed by the Assembly to consider the Bill concerning the Orleans Princes, urged that the conditions should be attached, by which the Princes were not to hold office before the expiration of two years, and were liable to expulsion from France if they engaged in any intrigue looking to their restoration to the throne.

It is now stated Thiers has ceased to insist on these conditions.

The Bill introduced in the Assembly for rebuilding of the column in Place Vendome has been withdrawn.

Paris, June 6.—The postal service is completely restored.

It is announced that 20,000 Communist prisoners will be transported to New Caledonia.

The discovery of important documents, rendering new indictments necessary, has delayed the trials by the Court Martial at Versailles.

Berlin, June 6.—The commercial relations between Germany and France have been restored to the same footing as before the war.

Rome, June 6.—An Evangelical letter has been issued, calling on the Catholics throughout the world to give thanks to God on the occasion of the Pope's jubilee.

London, June 6.—The House of Lord passed the Bill authorizing Canada to organize territorial government in the country lying between the Dominion and the Pacific coast.

Advices from Hong Kong to May 26 have been received.

The ship *Dollars Ugann*, from Macao for Callao, was burned at sea and 1,600 coolies perished in the flames. The particulars received are conflicting.

New York, June 6—The Grand Masonic Lodge of the State of New York began its annual session at Apollo Hall in this city to-day. Grand Master Anthon in his address said he had recalled the commission of their representative to France, and that fraternal relations were impossible with French masonry and other bodies sharing its errors.

Galveston, Texas, June 6.—A terrible storm has prevailed here since Saturday noon. The wind forced the water of the Gulf Island, covering it to a depth of several feet of the southern part of the city. About two miles of the track of the Galveston, Houston and Henderson Railroad is washed two miles above the city. The bridge across the Bay is safe.

The steamship *Alabama*, of the Morgan line, with a cargo of cattle and sheep from Rockfort, went ashore 20 miles east of here on Sunday, and will probably be a wreck.

The bark *Virginia Deare*, from Cardiff for Galveston, with a cargo of railroad iron, went down about six miles east of here on Sunday night. The crew, consisting of 14 men, were taken yesterday from the masts where they had been lashed since 3 o'clock on Sunday morning.

Many buildings in the lower part of the city have been washed away. No lives lost.

The velocity of the wind on Saturday night at 10 o'clock was 39 miles an hour. Six inches of rain has fallen since Saturday. The storm also prevailed to a great exten at Houston and much damage was done there.

There were heavy rains at all the telegraph stations in the interior.

Havana, June 6.—The Insurgents killed the celebrated Col. Migure Perez and seven men near Guentenmo.

Small bands of Insurgents have appeared near Trinidad.

Yesterday's Despatches.

Versailles, June 6.—An official journal announces the following appointments: Lambreek, Minister of Interior; Lefrane, Minister of Agriculture; General Cissy, Minister of War; Leon Lay, Prefect of the Seine; and General Leflo, Ambassador to St. Petersburg.

The Official *Journal* also states that the time for holding the supplementary election has not yet been fixed.

Tranquility prevails throughout France.

The *Constitutional* says, the first duty of the Assembly is to fill its own one hundred and twenty seats; next to assume the constitutent powers and finally to order a *plebiscite* for the determination of a future form of Government.

Schinnocker, the murderer of Generals Lecomte and Clement Thomas, has been arrested.

The trial of Rochefort and Assi has been postponed.

Wires have been discovered in the sewers of Paris intended to blow up the city.

Gambetta is still at San Sebastian.

New York, June 5.—Previous to the meeting of the crack Base Ball clubs of Chicago and New York to-day, the Western champions had been successful in all their matches.

To-day they were out-fielded and out-generalled, and at the end of the ninth innings the score stood:—Mutuals, 8; White Stockings, 5.

Cincinnati, June 5.—The barley harvest was commenced to-day in the Miami Valley, at Chillicothe.

Chicago, June 5.—Tad Lincoln has been seriously ill for the past three or four days. He is slightly better to-day.

A new road between Baltimore and Chicago is to be constructed. It will be an air line to Pittsburg, where it will connect with the Connellsville road, and will strike Baltimore and Ohio on the main road at Cumberland.

London, June 6.—A special to the *Times* from Versailles says it is the intention of the Orleans Princes to decline the seats to which they have been elected in the Assembly.

M. Auguste, the well known radical journalist of Paris, is dead.

The members of the diplomatic corps are returning to Paris.

A French loan of one hundred millions is proposed.

The *Times* welcomes Minister Schenck to England.

New Orleans, June 5.—The water in the lake and canals is receding slowly. The people in the overflowed district have suffered much, and collections are being taken for their relief.

Washington, June 6.—Private letters received in this city from England says that Disraeli will positively support the treaty of Washington. His influence, added to that of Sir Stafford Northcote, in the House of Commons, is expected to carry the majority of the Tory party.

PARISIAN SCENES DURING THE REIGN OF THE COMMUNE.

The Commune, writes one correspondent, still keeps up a semblance of state. Like Cæsar it would fall with the purple. In the court yard of the Hotel de Ville one may see several of its members in their large gold fringed scarlet sashes about to sally forth, either on horseback or else in vehicles emblazoned with armorial bearings and conducted by jarveys in stylish liveries, which show that the equipages have been requisitioned from the "aristocrats." At their head rides a mounted standard bearer, carrying a gold fringed red flag, the staff of which is surrounded by a head of Liberty in the traditional Phrygian cap, while their immediate escort is composed of Gardes Republicans in scarlet shirts, tights and sashes, scarlet braided gray hussar jackets, and little caps with tall waving feather. Their horses made a sorry show, some being fiery looking little Arab steeds, with tails sweeping the ground, while others are heavy dray horses, having their tails paited with straw. A battalion of the new corps of Turcos, styling itself "Vengeurs de la Republique," and supposed to be devoted to the Commune, now does duty inside the Hotel de Ville. The uniform is a strange medely, composed, one would imagine, of such articles of military clothing as the Commune chanced to find in the depots—chasseurs' kepi, under jacket of troops of the line, Turcos' loose breeches, franc-tireurs' gaiters and scarlet sash. The Garibaldians lounging about have, so far as their costume is concerned, scarcely anything in common with the generality of these volunteers. They have the red shirt, it is true, but they also wear tight-fitting maroon velvet pantaloons and half-boots, short blue cloaks, and little pifferarate hats decorated with peacock's feathers, not forgetting a couple of large horse-pistols in their belts. National Guards appear to swarm everywhere, belonging, however, exclusively to picked battalions, on whom the Commune place unbounded reliance. The convinced and zealous National Guard who is fighting as he believes, for the future salvation of France is a study of himself in his shabby habiliments, his grimy unshaven face, his unkempt hair, his belt, a size too large for him, indifferently sustaining his cartridge pouch, his green or grey rug curled round him like a lifebuoy, and his canvas 'cac,' half filled with provisions and numbers of the *Cri du Peuple* and *Pere Duchene*, balancing the inevitable brandy flask which hangs on the opposite side. Quite as interesting as the typical National Guard is the cantiniere, no longer wearing the modest black glazed hat pulled half over her eyes and the timid striped 'pantalon' showing merely her feet, but the legendary cap with long pendant feather like that of the soldiers of the first Republic, jackets with broad scarlet facings, short skirts, tight hussar breeches, and betasselled boots showing the leg to advantage. Those attached to the more 'swellish' battalions wear velvet toques trimmed with large gold buckles and a perfect plume of feathers, or else long scarf veils, short blue tunics bordered with red stripe, the 'pouff' behind 'tres-pronoune,' scarlet belts, knickerbockers, and Russia leather 'demi-bottes' Others take their part seriously and avoid this cafe chantant style of costume, contenting themselves with slinging a rifle at their backs, throwing a scarlet feather in their black leathern gaiters buckling half-way up the leg. Whenever they deal out their 'petits verree, it is invariably with this formula, 'Citoyen, to the health of the Commune!'

Breakfast—Epps's Cocoa—Grateful and Comforting.—The very agreeable character of his preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of we selected cocoa. Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tinline p kets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London d1509 1y

MARRIED,

On Tuesday, 6th instant, at the residence of the Bride's father, by the Rev. Wm. McLaren, assisted by the Rev. Wm. Moore, John J. Little, of the Ontario Bank, Lindsay, to Letitia A., only daughter of Henry McCormick, Esq., Ottawa.

The happy couple left by the 1:30 train yesterday, on a wedding tour to Montreal and the United States. They will return to Lindsay, where Mr. Little holds a position in the Ontario Bank. Thos. Reynolds, Esq., kindly placed the Director's car at the disposal of the newly married pair, for which act of courtesy we desire, in the name of the bride's many friends, to express our gratitude. Mr. Little, during his residence in this city, has won golden opinions, and we wish for his bride and himself every happiness the world can bestow.

Ottawa, June 6, 1871.

Thomas Reynolds, Esq., Manager St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railroad.

My Dear Sir:—Your unsolicited and kind act in placing your own car on your road for the use of my only daughter and her husband on the occasion of their nuptials, is one which will be long remembered with gratitude by

Your sincere friend,
H. McCORMICK.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

For sale by private contract, a very superor

FAMILY CARRIAGE,
(QUITE NEW),
Made By DUHAMEL,
OTTAWA.

This vehicle is beautifully finished, and took the first Prize at the Ottawa, Agricultural and Horticultural Society's Exhibitions of 1870.

On view for a few days at the British Lion Hotel Yard, Sparks-st., Ottawa

For further particulars apply to
A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685tf

FRESH! FRESH! FRESH!
SALMON.

The first of the Season just received, at
MOSES LAPOINTE'S,
Fish Dealer,
Lower Town Market.

N. B.—All kinds of Lake, River, and Sea Fish, always on hand
Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685d

MARE LOST.

Strayed from Pasture, Richmond Road, about six weeks ago, a Dark Brown MARE, good height, and long build. She was marked thus: Three white feet, the two hind and one fore, and a little white star on the forehead, with a few small spots above her nose, white. She is knee sprung slightly, and the hoof on the left foot split a little; she is also wicked.

Any person giving such information (as will lead to the recovery of the Mare) to SAMUEL HUDSON, Chaudiere Depot, or at BOOTH'S Store, Chaudiere, will be rewarded.
Chaudiere, June 7, 1871 1685a

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL.

The most beautiful site in the neighbourhood of the Capital, and the most pleasant and convenient place about Ottawa, for Pic-Nics, &c.

A large covered Platform, raised eight feet from the ground, and capable of accommodating 4,000 persons, is admirably suited for Dancing, for Dramatic Soirees, and such like entertainments.

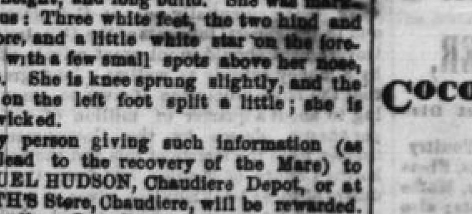
The Refreshments and Liquors to be had on the grounds are of the best quality.

Pleasure parties could not find a more comfortable and pleasant place to enjoy themselves.

At night the Gardens are well illuminated. Once properly known they will be regarded as indispensable during the summer season. There will be a Dancing school in the Gardens every THURSDAY night, except when occupied by a Picnic.
Hull, June 7, 1871 1685 2m

FURNISHED APARTMENTS TO LET

Two or three gentlemen can obtain good Bed Rooms, and a well furnished Parlor, in a respectable private residence, close to the Parliamentary Buildings, with Breakfast if required. Terms moderate. Address, Office of this Paper.
Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685 3



Q. & G. P. S. S. Co.
THE STEAMSHIP
"ALHAMBRA"

Will leave Montreal on FRIDAY, the 9th inst., at 4 o'clock, p.m., for Pictou, calling at Shediac, and Charlottetown, P. E. I., taking Goods at through rates for Halifax and St. John, N. B., and places on E. & N. A., and Nova Scotia Railways.

For Freight, apply to
HERRICK & CROMBIE.
June 7, 1871 1685tf

G. LORENZ,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

FRUIT,

VEGETABLES,

SODA WATER,

GINGER ALE,

&c., &c., &c.

Has now on hand a First-Class Assortment of

BANANAS,

PINE APPLES,

LEMONS,

COCOANUTS,

&c., &c., &c.

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

58 SPARKS STREET,

OPPOSITE BRITISH LION HOTEL.

G. LORENZ.

Ottawa, June 2, 1871

LOCAL NEWS.

New Dress Goods, &c., at Allan, McKinnon & McMoran's.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

"NICODEMUS AMERICANUS."—Go and get a plate of Turtle soup at the "Queen" Restaurant to-day. It is delicious.

About 2 p.m. yesterday the temperature was 90 in the shade.

All the main streets of the city are to be watered at the expense of the residents.

The attempts to get Mr. Smith's barge off the Island opposite the locks seem to be fruitless.

FRESH SALMON.—Just received at the Tea Pot, Rideau street, from Messrs. Fraser & Co., of Quebec, a few fresh salmon.

INGRATITUDE.—A man who answered at the Court yesterday morning to the charge of being drunk on the streets, had $1,471 on his person when arrested. The police took charge of him and his money, but in the morning he abused them for having done so. Had he been left lying drunk on the street all night he might have been robbed of his money.

NOT RECOVERING.—We stated in Monday's issue that young Dunlevie was getting better. It appears, however, that we were incorrectly informed, and that the unfortunate young man has not improved in the least since the occurrence. The hot weather is distressing him.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

SALE OF RACE AND PLEASURE BOATS BY AUCTION.—Mr. Birmingham will sell at noon to-day opposite the Russell House the race boat "Lady Lisgar," two race outriggers (shell), and two pleasure boats. This is the largest sale of boats this season, and should be remembered by all in want of such.

A meeting of the managing committee of St. Andrew's Society was held on Monday evening, but no step was taken towards the celebration of Sir Walter Scott's Centenary. The consideration of the matter is postponed for a month. It is hoped the Scotchmen of Ottawa are not going to let the event pass without showing in some manner their respect for the memory of their great countryman.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—Hon Geo Brown, Toronto; A P Leach, Montreal; Thos Scott, do; Geo Barrington, do; Robert Weir, do; D Hysop and wife, Toronto; Mrs Smith, Ingersoll; Wm Margoch, Lindsay; J H Woodman, do; Francis Jones, Kemptville; Thomas Kearns, Perth; W F Burnland, Brockville; J B Harding, do; Chas Hutchison, Montreal; R Shaw, Perth; John Cosgrove, do; Chas H Douglas and wife, Albany, N Y; J J Russell, Montreal; Fred Massey, do; R S Pelly, England; A Forman, do; J B Deakin, Liverpool, England; Jno Henderson, do; R D Greenlees, Glasgow; R Corswell, Toronto; R S Hubert, Montreal.

THE MARKET — TUESDAY—There was a large attendance on the market yesterday, and produce generally was very plentiful. There were some slight changes in prices:

Sheep sold for $4 to $5.00 each.
Lambs $2 to $2.50 each.
Calves $4 to $4.50 each.
Potatoes 65c per bushel.
Oats 58c to 60c per bush.
Butter 15c to 20c per pound.
Eggs 15c to 17c per doz.
Fowl 60c to 80c per couple.
Turkeys $1 to $1.20 each.
Rhubarb 5c to 7c per bunch.
Maple Sugar 15c per pound.
Hay $15 to $17 per ton.

NATIONAL FESTIVAL OF ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST.—It has been determined by our French Canadian fellow subjects to celebrate their national festival this year in a manner to surpass anything of the kind hitherto attempted in Ottawa. Monday the 26th June, is the day appointed, in view of the inconvenience involved in duly honouring the day on Saturday the 24th, and, moreover, because Monday has already been set apart by our Roman Catholic fellow citizens, Irish and French, for rejoicings and illuminations in commemoration of the 25th anniversary of the accession of His Holiness Pope Pius IX. A display of fire-works in honour of the latter event is also to take place in the evening immediately after the grand concert and dramatic performance at the Canadian Institute.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

A MYSTERY THAT MUST BE SOLVED.—At the Council meeting on Monday night Ald. Rowe asked if Mr. Lett, City Clerk, had received any acknowledgment of the money sent to the Montreal firemen for their services at Ottawa during the fires last summer. The answer was that no acknowledgment whatever had been received, and, moreover, it appears the Montreal firemen deny having ever seen the money. Now, this is certainly rather a strange affair. Those who were entrusted with the matter should have seen that the receipt of the money was acknowledged in due time, and on learning that it had not reached its destination at all, immediate steps should have been taken to learn what had become of it. It was wrong to neglect the matter so long, but as it is better to do a thing late than never, we hope to see the mystery closed up, and guilt exposed if there is any.

ESCAPE OF A PRISONER.—Elmira Guido was sentenced to two months imprisonment at hard labour by the Police Magistrate yesterday morning for loitering about the carters' stand with evil intention, being also under the influence of liquor. She considered the sentence very severe, and tears rolled copiously down her cheeks as she was being led out of the dock to the station, where the constable left her while he was washing a piece of ice outside. On entering with the ice he heard no sobs, and looking around found that the prisoner had disappeared. She had gone out the back way through the corridor of the station, and jumping the high fence of the yard made off. The constable searched the yard for a few minutes, but while he was looking in vain for her about the station she was making off with all haste to some place of safety. A couple of constables went in pursuit of her, but failed to find any trace of her whereabouts. It is hoped her experience of the Police Court and dread of punishment will have a good effect upon her, and that she will lead a better life in future.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

POLICE COURT.—George Wellingford, charged with selling meat by retail on the By-Ward market without the license to do so, was fined $5 and costs. The defendant said he would not pay the fine, that he would appeal the case, and sell all the meat he liked on the market. He said he lived in the Province of Quebec, and thought the magistrate had no jurisdiction over him.

A case of abusive language was dismissed.

Elmira Guide, found on the carter's stand under the influence of liquor, and behaving in a disorderly manner, was sent to gaol for two months.

Frederick Clemow, charged with being drunk on the public streets, and interfering with female passers by, was fined $3 and costs or two weeks at hard labor.

Thos Sheehan, charged with being drunk on the public streets, was fined $5 and costs. When arrested $1,471 were found on his person.

Robert Stanley, charged with selling liquor without license, was fined $10 and costs.

Etienne Belleau, for begging about the streets without any necessity to do so, was sent to gaol for one day.

WIMBLEDON TEAM.

This Team from Canada will pass down by Grand Trunk to-day, *en route* for England, under the command of Col. Skinner. All in good heart for their work.

Our city has two good shots to represent it, Capt. Cotton and Lieut. Harris, of the O. B. G. A. Our young friend, Lieut. Patrick, one of the chosen, is not of the Team, owing to his receiving an appointment on the Engineering Staff of the Canada Pacific Railway, which called him to immediate duty. We regret this, as his score at the final competition was one of the highest, at the same time we admit he has shown good sense in surrendering an honor, very greatly prized, to advance his material interests in his profession.

We shall look for good accounts from our Team at Wimbledon next month.

THE UNION FORWARDING COMPANY.

The Pembroke *Observer* says: We learn from information derived from the enterprising President of the Union Forwarding Company, R. S. Cassels, Esq., that the keels of three new steam vessels will be immediately laid, for the Upper Ottawa trade. The first on the list is exclusively for a

PASSENGER BOAT,

which is to be not less than 160 or up to 180 feet keel. This vessel is intended to be finished and fitted up in a superior style with locomotive boilers and low pressure engine, and calculated to have a speed of not less than 18 miles an hour. The second on the list is for a

TOW BOAT,

the keel of which will be 120 feet. These two boats are to be built at Lower Town, under the supervision of Mr. A. Miller. The third vessel is to be built to run from Deux Rivieres to L'Eveiller, a distance of twelve miles, and will be about the size of the *Jason Gould* steamer. All these vessels will be commenced forthwith and will be ready for business next spring. This U. F. Company are meeting the requirements of the Upper Ottawa trade, and deserve the thanks of the public for there enterprise.

HOW TO MAKE MONEY.—A horse dealer residing in the vicinity of Keyport, N. J., and who buys up horses for the New York market, purchases "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" by the dozen and feeds it to his horses; he says it is superior to anything that he has ever used as a condition medicine, that the horses are so much more improved by its use as to sell more readily and command higher prices. Two other horse dealers, one residing at Huntingdon, the other at Glen Cove, L. I., also purchase it by the dozen and for the same purpose; those men, as well as many others similarly engaged, know too well the value and importance of this medicine ever to be without it. Remember the name, and see that the signa

ONE OF THE MOST NOTABLE PROPERTIES OF DR. WHEELER'S ELIXIR OF PHOSPHATES AND CALISAYA is its sustaining power during active mental and physical exertion. Business men, Editors, Clergymen, Lawyers, Physicians, and all classes engaged in any occupation requiring great application and consequent fatigue, will find this remedy invaluable, as it will enable them to accomplish their work with comparative ease. Any-one trying a bottle will find this statement fully sustained. Phosphate of Lime is an active agent of nutrition, constituting more than fifty per cent. of the system; Phosphoric Acid, a powerful Nerve Tonic; Phosphate of Iron, a blood maker; and Calisaya, an agreeable supporting stimulant. The combination of these remedies forms a Nutritive Tonic or Chemical Food, and nourishes and vitalizes the constitution in the same manner as an article of diet. Sold by all druggists,

EVANS MERCER & CO.,
Wholesale Agent.

RIGHT AND WRONG.—It is wrong to jes with your wife upon a subject in which there is danger of wounding her feeling, and it is wrong to speak of great virtues in another man's wife, to remind your own of fault; but it is not wrong after trying the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" and feeling its wonderful effects, to recommend it to neighbours, for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, cramps, cholic, &c.; it as no equal. For sale by Druggists and country dealers.

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD,
and similar troubles, if suffered to progress, results in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial had Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES
are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

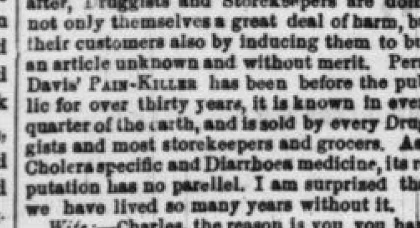
The TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in low localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than any other articles.

OBTAIN only BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless Immitations that may be offered.

"TROCHES," SO-CALLED SOLD BY THE OUNCE, are a poor immitation and nothing like Brown's Bronchial Troches, which are sold only in boxes with fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

Outside wrapper of box, and private government stamp attached to each box.



Husband:—I shall know then better hereafter, Druggists and Storekeepers are doing not only themselves a great deal of harm, but their customers also by inducing them to buy an article unknown and without merit. Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER has been before the public for over thirty years, it is known in every quarter of the earth, and is sold by every Druggists and most storekeepers and grocers. As a Cholera specific and Diarrhoea medicine, its reputation has no parellel. I am surprised that we have lived so many years without it.

Wife:—Charles, the reason is you you have been taking whatever the storekeeper would recommend, we have always had a bottle o Pain Cure or Reliever or Pain Remedy or som f such trash in the house we have tried them over and over again.

Husband:—And that is just the reason I objected to try the PAIN-KILLER an my Rheumatism, thought it was like those other things a humbug

(*To be continued.*)

Be sure and get the genuine PAIN-KILLER, only 25 cts. per bottle. Beware of counterfeits.

USEFUL INFORMATION.—It is said that olive oil administered internally is an excellent remedy for the gout, and is also beneficial in paralysis and epilipsy; but for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, colds and colic, and the removal of the pain generally, there is nothing like the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," it is the most reliable remedy For sale by Druggists and country dealers Price 25 cents per bottle.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

SALE BY AUCTION
—OF—
ONE RACE
AND TWO PLEASURE BOATS.

The subscriber will sell opposite the RUSSELL HOUSE, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th inst., at 12 o'clock, noon, the Race Boat "LADY LISGAR," and two pleasure Boats. Sale unreserved.
Terms Cash.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer
Ottawa, June 5, 1871 — 1683 2

By J Bermingham, Auctioneer.

TWO RACE OUTRIGGERS FOR SALE

BY AUCTION!

Mr. BERMINGHAM will sell same time and place, in addition to the above, Two RACE OUTRIGGERS, one 32 feet, and one 27½ feet long!!

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 6, 1871 — 1684 1

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE
Of Household Furniture, Carpets, Waggons, Buggies, China, Glass & Crockeryware.

The subscriber is instructed to sell by Public Auction, at his Auction Rooms, York street, on FRIDAY, the 9th instant, at the hour of 11 o'clock a.m., a quantity of Furniture, &c., the property of a gentleman leaving the city, and consisting in part as follows: One handsome drawing-room set in moroon and amber flowered repp, one very fine curled hair ottomen, capable of seating ten, and upholstered in green terry repp, one very handsome cabinet organ, stops and swells complete, one harmonium, double set of reeds, nearly new, one very fine oil painting, group of fish, valued at $100, one portrait, in oil of Champlain, one very handsome three light gassalier, with globes, 2 two light do, very rich and perfect, black walnut bureaus, with large large oval glasses, b w hair cloth chairs, nearly new, arm and easy chair to match, dressing glasses, dressing tables, spring beds, feather beds and pillows, summer bed quilts, hair mattrasses, oil cloth, cocoa matting, sewing machines, tapestry and kidderminster carpeting, plated ware, china, glass and crockery, one refrigerator, carpenter's tools and chest, two double waggons, one spring do, one large iron plough, one sulky, two buggies, kitchen and parlor stoves, and many other useful articles.

Sale at 11 o'clock sharp, and without reserve.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871 — 1683 4

WANTED.

As a PORTER to a PUBLIC OFFICE, a steady active man, who can be well recommended.

Enquire at the Office of this Paper.
Ottawa, June 3, 1871 — 1682tf

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can recover it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.

ANN JANE HAMILTON,
Ottawa, June 5, 1871. — 1633tf

CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS ACT OF 1871.

ELECTION PETITION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

Take notice that the above Petition will be tried at the COURT HOUSE, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the Sixteenth day of JUNE, A.D. 1871, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, and on such other subsequent days as may be needful. The said City of Ottawa having been appointed by the Court of Queen's Bench, for the place of trial of the said Election Petition, by rule of the said Court.

Dated the 27th day of May, A.D. 1871.
By order,
ROBERT G. DALTON.
Clerk of the Crown of the Court of Queen's Benc
May 30, 1871 — 1679tf

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 6 40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2 40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa
R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.
Ottawa June 1st, 1871

McGill University, Montreal,

SESSION 1871-72.

THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—
FACULTY OF ARTS......September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE.....October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW.......October 3rd.

The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.

The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.

In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100 Second Year, 4 Exhibitions-3 of $125; 1 of $100 Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.

The Calendar containing details of all th above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES,
Secretary.
May 31, 1871 — 1689 2awk 2m

DRY GOODS
—AT—
RETAIL.

SUMMER FASHIONS
SHOWING THIS DAY,
—AT—
MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,
Beautiful Bonnets,
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets,
Splendid Lace Shawls.
Also in immense Variety,

Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques,
Horrockses, Millar & Co., Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
King's best Window Hollands,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c.,

SPECIAL LINES.

Linen Percale's and Lawns, for Seaside Wear,
Walking Stick Parachutes " " "
Parag on Frame Parasols and Umbrellas, —
Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makes.
Coventry Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and M Trimmings, in great variety.

EXTRAORDINARY.

☞ 43 Patterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received
EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
1 " Small Wares,
4 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces.
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Shirtings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜
Ottawa, May 10, 1871

FOR SALE.

VERY CHEAP,
—AT THE—
DOMINION AUCTION ROOMS,
16 RIDEAU STREET,
A Set of First-Class
GROCERY FIXTURES, (COUNTER, SHELVES, DRAWERS, &c.)

ALSO:

A large quantity of Tea and other Groceries and Liquors.

A Hhd. of Molasses to be sold cheap (very low).

A large consignment of Books, Stationery, Jewellery, Clothing, Boots, &c

Regular Auction Sales weekly.

Consignments received and prompt returns made.

Real Estate Sales promptly attended to.
Ottawa, May 12, 1871 — 1 64tf

AUCTION SALES
BY A. GAGNIER.
AT DOMINION AUCTION ROOMS.

The subscriber begs to inform the public of Ottawa, that he has opened an Auction Room at No, 16 Rideau street, and is prepared to undertake the Sale of Furniture and Household effects, at the residences of owners Semi-Weekly sales of Furniture and General Merchandise, at 16 Rideau street, every TUESDAY and SATURDAY, at 8 o'clock p.m.

The encouragement of the Public is respectfully solicited

A. GAGNIER,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, April 22, 1871 — 1461tf

WANTED.

A Girl abot 16 years of age, as servan on a small family. Apply, A.B, TIMES Office
Ottawa, May 20, 1871 — 1678tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A First-Class TINSMITH, to take charge of the Shop. Salary, $40 per month, payable end of every month. Apply at once to C.P. DORION, 60 Sparks-st
Ottawa, June 2, 1871. — 1681tf

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34, SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY
DRY GOODS
in their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good election,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

☞ Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,
NEW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS
Departments.

THE SALVAGE GOODS,
Amounting to Over $7,500,
SAVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared our at prices which will be sure to command a sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low price goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,
PORTER'S BLOCK,
34 SPARKS STREET
Ottawa, March 30, 1871 — 1628y

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY,
FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All customers guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season.. $5 00
20lbs " " ... 7 00
10lbs month .. 1 50
20lbs " .. 2 50

☞ Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance.

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggist; G Lorenz, successor to J B Bass & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N B.—Ice supplied [illegible]
[illegible] April [illegible] 1871

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,
No. 26 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

GIN—
J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes' bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Pest Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At
THOS. PATTERSON'S.
Ottawa, May 2, 1871

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Would beg to call the attention of the public to

NEW GOODS,
NOW
(DAILY ARRIVING),
COMPRISING:

100 Pieces New Light Prints,

Fast Colors, and latest designs, at 12½c. per yard, splendid value.

—ALSO—
a large additional Stock of new
DRESS GOODS,
In Shades suitable for the Season.

A Good Cloth, light colors, 15c. per yard.
An Extra, Wide Width, 20cts, and 25cts.,

—AND—
A large assortment of
NEW HATS.

In latest and most Fashionable Styles

Every Department fully Assorted.

☞ Call and examine our large and elegant Stock of Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, and Mantles, before purchasing elsewhere.

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN
SUCCESSORS TO
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,
No. 20 Sparks-St.
Ottawa, May 5, 1871.

DOMINION HOUSE,
CORNER OF
SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,
OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House'
Late Grand River Hotel
Ottawa, May 25, 1871. — 1685 6m

ALBION HOTEL,

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1685 3m

CLOTHING HALL!

New Store.

J. M. GOULDEN

Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at

No. 100 Sussex Street,
NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,

A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS
—AND—
READY MADE CLOTHING.

Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.

Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.

☞ Do not Forget the Place ☜

No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, June 3, 1871. — 1682 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street,

Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,
OF BROCKVILLE,

Who will continue the Business in the same premises, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.

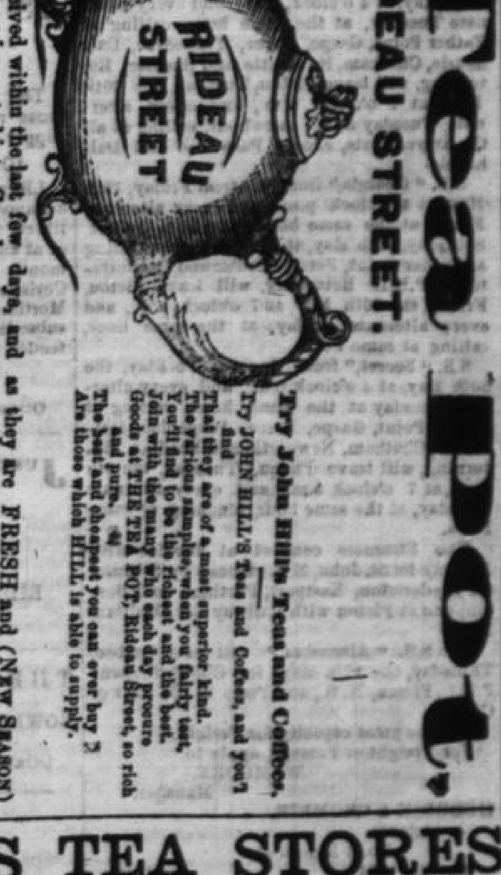
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 Rideau Street.
OTTAWA, June 2, 1871.

☞ In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.

T. R. SHEFFIELD,
OTTAWA, June 2, 1871. — 1681 2m.

The Tea Pot,

RIDEAU STREET.



Try John Hill's Teas and Coffees.

Try JOHN HILL'S Teas and Coffees, and you'll find
That they are of a most superior kind.
The various samples, when you fairly test,
You'll find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who each day procure
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

The following TEAS and COFFEES have been received within the last few days, and as they are FRESH and (NEW SEASON) can be recommended, the flavor being equal to any Teas ever imported into Canada:

FINEST JAPAN TEA (The very best that can be produced)
VERY SUPERIOR BLACK TEA (True Souchong) in Catties of 10lbs each,
EXCELLENT KAISOW CONGOU TEA (Something extra),
VERY FINEST GUNPOWDER TEA (Something extra),
CHOICE YOUNG HYSON TEA,
EXTRA SCENTED ORANGE PEKOE.

PURE JAPAN TEA, 60 cts. per lb., or 5 lbs. of the same article for $2.75.
GOOD SOUND TWANKAY TEA, 5 lbs. for $2.00.

☞ *The Finest Flavored Coffee to be obtained in this country, consisting of Pure Mountain Berry, Mocha, Java, Old Government Java and Plantation.*

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIER

FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will surprise those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.

The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.

From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves

Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:

Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or other wise, a liberal discount allowed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,
Ottawa, May 17, 1871. — 1668tf

THE OTTAWA TIMES.

Steamers.

ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer		Captain
Jessie Cassels		Captain Findlay.
Emerald	"	Smith.
Prince Arthur	"	Murphy.
Alliance	"	Blondin.
Oregon	"	Beattie.
Snow Bird	"	
Jason Gould	"	Bolton.
Sir John Young	"	Ostrout.
Pembroke	"	Duggan.
Pontiac	"	D. Mulligan
Keppawa	"	B J Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Captaine.

Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau, every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning —Leaving Chapeau same day at 1 o'clock, p.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2 30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL

STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,

[CAPT. BOWIE,

PRINCE OF WALES,

CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

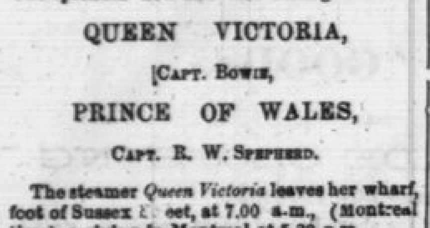
"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.



THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland.

The Iron Side-Wheel Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.
And another Steamer to be purchased.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 23rd May, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Paspediac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 30th May, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 19th May, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 20th May, at 4 o'clock p.m., calling at Father Point, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 26th May, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 30th May, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Quebec, Thursday, the 1[illegible]th May, for Charlottetown, P.E.I., Pictou, N. S., and Ports in the Gut of Canso.

She has great capacity for Freight.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

A few good Fowls for sale.

J. HERBERT,
N on-st., West
near Richmond Road, Ottawa.

April 26, 1871.

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, Agent,
Times Office Ottawa.

ENGLISH GOODS!!!

RECEIVED AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex street.

PRIZE WATER FILTERS, from $2.25 upwards, of Earthenware and White China. (They purify the most impure water.—*Medical Gazette.*)

ENGLISH BEDSTEADS, all wrought Iron.
Do CHILDRENS COTS, do do
Very fine patterns, quite new and cheap.

For Hospitals and Sick Rooms:

ENGLISH ENAMELLED CHAMBERS.
Do., do., BED PANS.
ENGLISH GARDEN CHAIRS,
Do., do., SETTEES, (to arrive.)
Do, CROQUET LAWN BORDERING.
REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, and BATHS, STOVES new and improved patterns.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,

OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and
Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy Ports,
Domecqs and GreekSherry,
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.
Bass', Guinness's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.

Liberal terms.

Inspection invited.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1 50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street

Ottawa, May 1649d

JUST RECEIVED.

—AT—

HAUSER'S

RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,

That splendid new Magazine,

THE WEDDING BELLS.

—ALSO—

BOWBELLS, AND LONDON JOURNAL

FOR MARCH AND APRIL.

Ottawa, April 19. 1871

DEPARTMENT OF ISLAND REVENUE.

NOTICE TO FORWARDERS AND OTHERS.

LET PASSES, through to Lake Champlain, will be issued to Vessels, Barges, &c., by the Collector of Canal Tolls, Ottawa, on payment of Tolls.

LET PASSES will also be issued by the Collector of Canal Tolls, at Montreal, and at St. Johns, through to Ottawa, or to Ottawa Basin, on payment of Tolls.

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871. 1680a

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canded Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,

Corner Sussex and York-sts.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer

No. 67 Sussex-st.

OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m

LISGAR.

[L.S.]

CANADA

Victoria by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same in anywise concern.—Greeting:

A PROCLAMATION.

A. CAMPBELL, for the Attorney General, Canada. Whereas in and by an Act passed by the Parliament of Canada, in the Thirty-second and Thirty-Third years of Our Reign, being Chapter Twenty-four, and intituled: 'An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," it is amongst other things in effect enacted that our Governor in Council may, as often as occasion requires, declare by Proclamation that upon and after a day therein named the said Act shall be in force in any place or places in Canada therein designated within the limits or in the vicinity whereof any Railway, Canal or other Public Work is in progress of construction, or such places as are in the vicinity of any such Canal, or Railway, or other work as aforesaid, within which he deems it necessary that the said Act should be in force; and the said Act shall upon and after the day to be named in any such Proclamation, take effect within the places designated in such Proclamation; and further, that Our Governor in Council may, in like manner from time to time declare the said Act to be no longer in force in any of such place or places, and may again from time to time declare the same to be in force therein.

And whereas, it is expedient that the hereinbefore in part recited Act should be in force, in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described

Now therefore know ye, that we, by and with the advice and consent of our Privy Council for Canada, do hereby declare that upon and after the First day of June next hereafter, "An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," hereinbefore in part recited, shall be in force in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described, that is to say: Commencing at the point where the route now being opened to the Red River crosses the height of land which separates the waters tributary to Lake Winnepeg, from these flowing into Lake Superior, and running from thence westwardly along the said route to the Eastern boundary line of the Province of Manitoba, to extend to a depth of ten miles on either side of the said route from the height of land to the United States' Boundary Line at Nequaquon Lake, and from thence westward to the Lake of the Woods, to embrace a depth of ten miles on the British side of the Boundary line aforesaid, to cover the whole area of the Lake of the Woods and the Islands therein in so far as they are within British Territory and a depth of ten miles around such portion of its shores as may be within British Territory, and from the North West angle of the Lake of the Woods, to extend ten miles on either side of the line of route until it meets the aforesaid eastern boundary line of the said Province of Manitoba.

Of all of which our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

In testimony whereof, we have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved, the Right Honorable John Baron Lisgar, of Lisgar and Bailieborough, in the County of Cavan, Ireland, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and a Baronet, one of our most Honourable Privy Council, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada, and Governor and Commander in Chief of the Island of Prince Edward. At our Government House, in Our CITY OF OTTAWA, this Fifth day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and in the Thirty-fourth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J C AIKINS,
Secretary of State.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871 1671 2

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. P.M.
......	12.15	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
......	12.15	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00		4.50
8.20	......	9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	9.30	......	7.15
8.20	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	9.30	......	7.15
8.20	12.15	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	9.30	......	4.20
8.20	12.15	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	9.30	......	4.20
......	12.15	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.30	......	......
8.20	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c	......	......	4.20
9.20	......	3.20	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	3.00
9.20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......	11.40	7.30
10.30	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	......
7 00	......	......	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.			
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	......	......	7.30
10.00	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11 30 A.M.

A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12 A.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

Post Office,
Ottawa, May 1, 1871.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa

The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz.: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,

The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq.

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the Times Newspaper of 2nd Now last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Busines.

Claims Paid for Assurances	£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid	2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of	6,570,000.00
Annual Income	1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions of Policies.*

The *Non-Forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW,
Secretary,
Place de Armes, Montreal

J.& W. T. Pennock,
Agents, Ottawa.

March 13, 1871 1636

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND LIFE.

Continues to take risks on every description of property—including Wooden Houses—at similar rates with other first-class Companies.

LIFE

An inspection of its late Tables is invited.

T M CLARK,
Agent,
Elgin-st., near Sparks.

Ottawa, April 12, 1871 1636 1

THE METROPOLITAN

Building and Savings Society.

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa 29th December, 1870. 1640tf71

Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & BILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden county of Hastings, Province of Ontario, D Canada.

THE

EAGLE STEAM BAKERY,

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your orders are solicited

AND WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO BY

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. M. SOMMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Feeders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone, Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A

TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month,

Montreal, March 3, 1871. 1664

Medical.

MESSRS GABRIELS' CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING TEETH & GUMS PREVENTING TOOTHACHE ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL DENTISTS LUDGATE HILL. LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth, Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 11871

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecoy, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended, may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 3rd June, 1871.

Authorized discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa, June 3, 1871

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law & Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces - Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.

W McKAY WRIGHT 12a F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 4butt JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tt GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 3-iutf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746y

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accounts accurately prepared. Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa Febr 20 1871. 1595 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.

Montreal, March 871 2 3m

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

Railroads.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after MONDAY, MAY 15th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1 00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1,30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 9.20 a.m., and 5 30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 3.40 p.m, connect with the Grand Trunk Day Express from the West and arriving at Ottawa at 7.10 p. m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a m arriving at Brockville at 1.50 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 7.[illegible]0 p.m.

EXPRESS at 4 p m, arriving at Brockville Trains for the East.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 9.40 p m, and connecting with the Grand Trunk At 1.30, 3.15, 7.25 and 11.00 p m,

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a m, after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, May 12, 1871 1657tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal:

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

LIGHT HOUSE SERVICE.

TENDERS will be received at this Department, at Ottawa, up to Noon of WEDNESDAY, the 21st JUNE next, for the construction of LIGHT HOUSES at the undermentioned places, in the Province of Ontario:

Salmon Point, P. E. County, Lake Ontario.
Middle Island. Essex County, Lake Erie.
Porphyry Point. Lake Superior.
Michipicoten Island. do.
Small Island, near Michipicoten Island Harbour.

Plans and specifications of all the required Works may be seen on and after the 1st June next, at the Department at Ottawa, and at the Office of S RISLEY, Esq, Inspector of Steamboats, Toronto, at which places also Forms of Tender can be procured by intending Contractors.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Department Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 20th May, 1871. 1681 3

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON have purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables, and their Liquors are of the best quality.

Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,

(Late Alex. Christie.)

Druggists,

40, Sparks-st

Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel.

Strict attention to business.

Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 16, 1871 1598

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Ordinary Rates of Interest.

J. A. GEMMILL,
Solicitor &c.

Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.

Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1871 159

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 33 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa JAMES [illegible], Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1686. | OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1871. | PRICE—3 CENTS

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

☞ All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deif Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

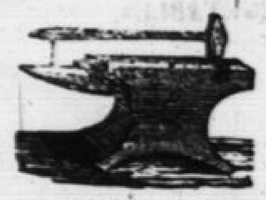
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Meta Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 — 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!



Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a [illegible] ete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Butts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street.
Sign of the Anvil.

P.S.—All goods delivered free to any part of he City.

Ottawa, No 18, 1870

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.

Possession given 20th May.
Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. — 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere, near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 — 1657tf

TO LET

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)

Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.

Ottawa, April 7, 1871 — 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY

For particulars, apply to
CHAS. PATTERSON,
No. 16 Rideau street.

Ottawa, Feb. 16, 1871

TO LET.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing thirteen apartments with five acres of land, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road. Also the Shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.

For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,

Ottawa, Feb. 16. — 592tf

WANTED TO RENT.

A Comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, on the west end. Neighborhood of Richmond Road preferred. Rent not to exceed $300 per annum, including taxes. Address D., post paid, Ottawa. Possession required by 15th June.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871 — 1879 3

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be
Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are [illegible] Smith & Co, No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 — 1671 1y

[illegible]CE.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 19th May, 1871.

Referring to the [illegible] of 5th inst., of articles transferred [illegible] in Council, to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, it is decided that the term "Annatto" therein mentioned means "Annatto" either a liquid or a solid condition.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa, May 27 — 1678 3

READING, [illegible]TION,
WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in the above subjects, either privately or in [illegible], on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa.

[illegible] script copied.

Nov [illegible] 1871. — 1669tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,

The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises

STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.

And new importations will be added daily from the different markets. Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. — McDONNELL & MONGENAIS. — 1865 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,

Next Door to F. McDougall & Co.

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened a

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colour Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c.,

To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.

☞ *There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.* ☜

The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

—TO—

N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.

Ottawa, April 28, 1871 — 1652 3m

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE.

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,

Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 RIDEAU STREET.

☞ OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you.

1634 3m

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion.

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz.: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in it large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly, our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH.

Aylmer, April 25, 1871 — 1665tf

G. A. SHELDON,

HATTER AND FURRIER,

Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive

HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT

In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.

G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.

A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shanty-men's Hats made to order. — 1665 3m

---

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

Dufresne & McGarity,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.

Sussex Street,
OTTAWA.

221 Notre Dame St.
MONTREAL.

The Undersigned have much pleasure in stating to their Customers and the Trade in general, that they have disposed of the RETAIL BUSINESS *which they heretofore carried on in connection with their Wholesale Trade; and it is now their intention to devote themselves exclusively to the*

Wholesale Grocery, Wine and Provision Business.

To enable them to do so efficiently, they have secured the premises next door to their present stand, (formerly occupied by Messrs. Fingland & Draper, as a Dry Goods Store,) and connected the two buildings by an arch,—now making ONE OF THE FINEST WHOLESALE HOUSES IN THE PROVINCE.

They have secured Agencies for several of the first WINE HOUSES *in Europe; and are also Agents for* Messrs. GOODERHAM & WORTS. *Distillers of Toronto,—and they can safely say that Messrs. G. & W. make the finest Spirits in the Dominion.*

The trade supplied with all of the undermentioned ALES, either in Wood or Bottle, at Brewers prices.

Dow & Co's, Montreal, Pale and Mild Ales and Porter,
Cosgrove's, Toronto, " " "
Labatt's, Prescott, " " "
Dawes', Lachine, " " "

GUINNESS STOUT and ENGLISH ALES always on hand and in fine condition.

There is now on the way out from China and Japan, **2,000 Chests of Fresh Teas,** *which, with all other Goods, will be sold at* MONTREAL PRICES.

Goods will be delivered at Steam boat and Railway Stations free of charge. All empty packages charged in accounts will be taken back and allowed for, and those preferring to have their Goods shipped from the Montreal House, can have that privilege by leaving their orders at the office here.

The OTTAWA ESTABLISHMENT will be under the special management of MR. McGARITY, *who will give his exclusive attention to the wants of his customers.*

Thanking you for the liberal patronage with which we have been so kindly favored, and soliciting an early call,

We remain, yours truly,

Dufresne & McGarity,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
"The Tea Pot,"
SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, April 19, 1871 — 1645 2m

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized, Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 — 1658 2m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100	acres.
In Eardley,	9,500	"
In Hull,	1,500	"
Total,	11,100	

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon

Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, — 1667 3m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 — 1613y

SELLING

OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES

OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
WINE MERCHANT,
Elgin Street,

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4, 1871. — 1633y

McGill University, Montreal,

SESSION 1871-72.

THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—

FACULTY OF ARTS.....September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE.....October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW.....October 3rd.

The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.

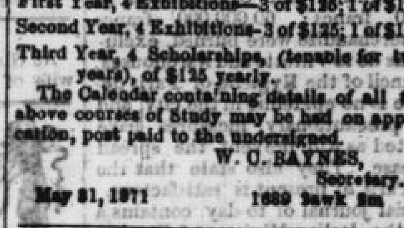
The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.

In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100 Second Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100 Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.

The Calendar containing details of all the above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES,
Secretary.

May 31, 1871 — 1689 3awk 2m



HATS HATS!

HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞ Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

☞ OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜

Ottawa, March 29, 1871 — 1626y

DOMINION HOUSE,

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley.

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House,
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 18, 1871. — 1689 6m

DIRECT FROM ENGLAND!

Just opened out a beautiful assortment of CARVED WOOD

BREAD PLATTERS!
BUTTER do., with glass dish!
SALT CELLARS do do!
EGG TRAYS, do cups
FRUIT STANDS do dishes
BREAD KNIVES
BREAKFAST TRAYS!

The above are low in price, and elegant and useful adornments for the Tables, also

FISHING RODS,
TROLLING SPOONS,
FLIES, GIMP,
HOOKS,
BOOKS, &c., &c., &c.

We have just been appointed Agents for the ATLANTIC and PACIFIC SHIP PUMPS,

BROKENSHIRES PATENT.

These Pumps are now almost exclusively used on the Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence, and are adapted for Lumber Barges or the Ocean Steamship. Orders received.

New Stock Cooking Stoves, latest improvement, just arrived, at

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET,
OTTAWA.

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, April 29, 1871

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the Principal Money and Interest secured by a certain Mortgage, and bearing date the Eighteenth Day of AUGUST, A.D. 1869, and made between JOHN HARKNESS, of the Township of Gloucester, yeoman, of the first part, ANN JANE HARKNESS, his wife of the second part, and ROBERT MOSGROVE, of the City of Ottawa, Esquire, of the third part of all and, and singular that certain parcel or tract of lands and premises situate, lying and being in the township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of a part of West half of the rear or southerly part of lot number twenty-six, in the first concession, Ottawa front, of the said township of Gloucester, and may be described as sub lots fourteen and fifteen of the sub-division of the said part of said lot, number twenty-six, as shewn and laid down on a place drawn by H. O. WOOD, P.L.S., of said part of said lot, number twenty-six, and bearing date the Sixth Day of JULY, A.D., 1869, and Registered in the Registry Office for the County of Carleton on THURSDAY, the 29th day of July, A.D. 1869, said sub lots containing by admeasurement six acres be the same more or less.

The said lands and premises will in pursuance of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, be offered for sale at PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Law Office of Messrs. MOSGROVE & TAILLON, in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the Nineteenth Day of JUNE next, (A.D. 1871), at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon.

Terms and conditions to be made known at the time of Sale.

Vendor will covenant against his own acts only. All conveyances, searches, abstracts, &c. to be had at the purchasers expense.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Vendor's Solicitors.

Ottawa, May 15, 1871. — 1666 13wid

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON,
To Wit.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of GENERAL SESSIONS of the PEACE, and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the Thirteenth day of JUNE, 1871, at the hour of Ten of the clock, a.m., of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. POWELL,
Sheriff.
By W. H. FALLS,
Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Ottawa, May 23, 1871 — 1679 d3&w2

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

Tailors & Gentlemen's Out-fitters

to

P. O'MEARA'S Restaurant,

RIDEAU STREET.

Messrs. P. & R. invite special attention to their choice and select assortment of

Broadcloths
Doeskins,
English
Scotch, and
Canadian
Tweeds.

Next to P. O'MEARA, Rideau-St.

N. B.—Workmanship and fit guaranteed.

PRESTON & ROSWELL.

Ottawa April 18, 1871 — 1642tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

—

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and
Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under [illegible],
&c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving your orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. — O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 — 1668tf

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. R[illegible]

CHAPTER [illegible]

BY THE SOLWAY.

(Continued.)

"That is all right, Madge," answered father, stroking her hair fondly: "I shall be glad for him to come back now. There are many things being neglected, which he will attend to. He has had a long holiday, and will have plenty to tell us."

And then Mr. Forster proceeded slowly and deliberately to open his letters, and read them over one by one.

There was no skimming of communications in that leisurely life; no breaking of seal after seal with feverish haste, and rushing through an epistle at express speed.

One thing at a time, one letter at a time, was the vicar's rule and practice; and accordingly, spectacles on nose, he read conscientiously on, while his tea cooled, and the toast Madge buttered for him remained untasted.

"Dear papa!" she remonstrated, "your breakfast will be as cold as ice." But the old man had got hold of an interesting letter on some theological question, and paid no attention to her remark.

Now it was a rule of Madge's life, intelligible enough to careful housekeepers, that she never poured herself out a second cup of tea till her father had finished his first; and while away the tedium of this interclude on the present occasion, she stretched out her hand and took up the 'The Times," which a friend forwarded to the vicarage on the evening of publication.

Still the vicar read on; still his breakfast remained untouched; still his other letters lay unopened; until suddenly, with an exclamation, Madge rose up and came to him.

"Oh! papa, papa! What does that mean?" she asked piteously, and she held out the paper towards him.

In a moment the letter was dropped, and Mr. Forster looked at the passage indicated.

"Murder of Mr. Challerson," it was headed. "By letters from Dumfries we hear that a young English clergyman, the Rev. Andrew Hardell, has been arrested on suspicion of being concerned in the above diabolical outrage. He was apprehended on Wednesday, and lodged the same evening in Kirkcudbright Jail. He will be tried at the Assizes, which are to be held at Dumfries on the 22nd prox."

"Andrew Hardell?" repeated the old vicar, "Andrew Hardell?"

"No! papa, can't we go to him?—can't we start at once? Of course, it is all untrue; but he will be so miserable, so lonely!—he is there all among strangers, and—"

"My darling, it is a misprint," said Mr. Forster, striving to stop her sobs, speaking the first word which came into his mind, while he groped about in the dark, trying vainly to find some clue to the mystery. "I am afraid it must mean Anthony. He, you know, was a friend of the Challerson—he was no very intimate terms with—"

But there the vicar suddenly stopped. Some hint concerning Laura Challerson and his former pupil had reached his ears; but even in that moment of supreme trouble he was not going to enlarge on such matters to his child.

"We will write and ascertain what it means," he went on feebly.

"Can not we go?" she presisted.

"My love, think of the expense; and if we were there, what could we do? Depend upon it, this means Anthony, who, though, please God innocent as I am, has yet got unhappily mixed up in the affair; and Andrew will see that every thing is necessary and expedient. My darling, you must not—for my sake do try and be calm! It sounds very dreadful; but the poor fellow will come out clear from any stain. I will write to Andrew—he will tell us all about it. It can not be Andrew, because in the letter to you he speaks of coming home immediately.

Madge took the epistle from her pocket. "It was written on Tuesday," she sobbed, "and the paper says Wednesday;" then she began to turn over the envelopes lying on the table.

"There is a letter from Anthony," she remarked; open it and see what he has to tell us. I knew I had seen a letter from him, but I forgot."

With eager hands, and yet with a terrible misgiving oppressing him, Mr. Forster drew the enclosure out of the envelope.

There were only a few lines hastily scribbled on the paper.

"London, Friday.

"I am afraid you may see the passage in this morning's 'Times,' and so write to say I started from Scotland to-night to ascertain what it all means. Keep it from Madge. I will bring him back with me if possible."

Like one speaking in a dream, the vicar turned to his daughter:

"That is Anthony's writting, dear, is it not?"

"Yes, papa," she answered; "you see he says he will bring him back with him, possible."

"If possible," he repeated, scarcely knowing what he said—"if possible."

CHAPTER IX.

THE FIRST STEPS.

In a very old book—a book so old that, spite of new editions, many persons have slight knowledge of its contents as to assume, when it is quoted, that the speaker must be repeating a passage from "The Immortal Bard"—there is a sentence:

"Which of you, intending to build a tower, sitteth not down first and counteth the cost, whether we have sufficient to finish it?"

By virtue of his profession, Andrew Hardell was acquainted with his sentence, and many a time it recurred to his memory while he lay in Kirkcudbright Jail, building his tower of defence, and calculating whether he should have where with to finish and hold it against the enemy.

When through the pitiless and the pelting rain he had walked on towards New Abbey, counting the cost, the idea of such an expenditure as this being necessary never occurred to him. When through the watches of the night he wrestled with his agony—when he fell asleep only to wake and find that the difficulties of his scheme were greater than he had calculated on—still, even then he under-counted the cost. When, with the brightness of the summer morning streaming over the hills and vale—over mountain and sea, when, with the dew hanging on the grass, and the trees gently waving their branches in the light, soft breeze, he climbed up Criffel, and looked forth over the land which was so exceeding fair to see, with no thought save how to get rid of the evidence against him—when under the noontide sun he strode on—when over the grass and through the heather he pursued his way westward—when he concealed his clothes—when he destroyed the testimony—when he gathered the sand and the shells and poured them down the fissure—when, with a sense of relief on him, he cast aside his garments and flung himself into the sea—when he walked, by the low land lying by the shore, on towards Kirkcudbright—when, pacing slowly beside the Dee, or wandering up towards the Tor Hill, he thought over the *pros* and *cons* of his position—still he never fairly and with knowledge counted the cost.

All his life-long he was, in fact, like one who, having elected to cast his all upon one venture, finds, when it is too late, that he has miscalculated chances, that loss as well as profit lay concealed in the cards—who, after having taken shares in some promising concern, discovers the dream-castle to have been built in air—from whom the ideality of riches and glory fades away, while the reality of harass and poverty remains.

The game he had decided to play was one for which fresh candles were continually being required—there was no end to calls that were constantly made upon him.

(To be Continued.)

THE POTATO BUG.

Accounts of the alarming ravages of the potato bug come from all parts of Iowa, Wisconsin, Michigan, and other Western States; and though many of the reports are probably greatly exaggerated, there is no doubt that the pests are very plentiful this year, and that they are rapidly making their way east in great numbers. Some of the papers say they are as poisonous as rattlesnakes, while others assert that they may be handled without injury. The rapidity with which they increase may be inferred from the statement that a potato bug without a descendant in the world, under favorable conditions, may become a great grandfather within twenty-four hours. It is certain that they are doing serious damage to the potato crop wherever they have appeared. Among the reports which may be considered exaggerated, is one in a Detroit paper, that one day last week every chip, plank, stave, board, and floating thing in the river at that place was covered with potato bugs, the most of them sailing for Canada, while others more venturesome, boldly steered for Buffalo by the way of Lake Erie.

THE ORDER OF THE BATH.

The Queen has been graciously pleased on the occasion of the celebration of Her Majesty's Birthday, to give orders for the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, the recipients of which honours are all well and favourably known in Canada: To be Ordinary Members of the Military Division of the First Class, or Knights Grand Cross of the said Most Honourable Order, viz:—General Sir Fenwick William Williams, K. C. B; Admiral Sir Alexander Milne, K. C. B.; Lieutenant General, Sir John Michel, K. C. B. To be Ordinary Members of the Military Division of the Second Class, or Knights Commanders of the said Most Honourable Order, viz.:—Major-General Henry William Stisted, C. B. To be Ordinary Members of the Military Division of the Third Class, or Companions of the Order, viz.: Col. Robert William Lowry, 47th Regiment; Lieutenant-Colonel Howard Craufurd Elphinstone, C. B., (Civil), C. M. G., V. C., Royal Engineers.

DEFENDING LONDON.

Sir W. Jervois has been lecturing at the Royal Institution on the defence of the United Kingdom. The gist of his recommendations on the fortifying of London is as follows:—

A series of forts crossing fire with each other, and from 2,000 to 3,000 yards apart according to the circumstances of the locality, should be constructed all around London, and at a distance of about twelve miles from its centre. At a time of expected attack, lines of ditches and parapet, earthen batteries—abatis—and all kind of obstacles would have been created between the works, openings being left at proper places for the free passage of infantry, cavalry, and artillery. The forts, which bring a cross fire of heavy artillery to bear in front of and along the whole of the position, even if all occupied fully at one time which would be quite unnecessary, would be thoroughly garrisoned by less than 40,000 volunteers, supported by less than 10,000 regular troops—the numbers I am giving are full—and our field army having been beaten back would fall behind these works and be ready to act on any part of the circle. The railway and other communications would greatly facilitate the defence. The only course open to an enemy under these conditions would be to undertake a regular siege, for which purpose he must have brought with him a large siege train, and have thus added greatly to the many other difficulties of the enterprise; difficulties, indeed, which in any case with our proposed preparations it is scarcely possible he could overcome. London under the circumstances supposed would neither be subject to starvation nor bombardment. The perimeter of the line of fortifications being more than seventy-five miles in extent, it is impossible that it could be invested. The circle of the forts around Paris is not less than thirty miles, and it took a quarter of a million of troops to invest it. To invest London, if defended as proposed, would require an army of 700,000 men. The distance of the works from London would be greater than necessary to protect even the suburbs from bombardment.

HOW TO MAKE MONEY.—A horse dealer residing in the vicinity of Keyport, N. J., and who buys up horses for the New York market, purchases "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" by the dozen and feeds it to his horses; he says it is superior to anything that he has ever used as a condition medicine, that the horses are so much more improved by its use as to sell more readily and command higher prices. Two other horse dealers, one residing at Huntingdon, the other at Glen Cove, L. I., also purchase it by the dozen and for the same purpose; those men, as well as many others similarly engaged, know too well the value and importance of this medicine ever to be without it Remember the name, and see that the signa

ONE OF THE MOST NOTABLE PROPERTIES OF DR. WHEELER'S ELIXIR OF PHOSPHATES AND CALISAYA is its sustaining power during active mental and physical exertion. Business men, Editors, Clergymen, Lawyers, Physicians, and all classes engaged in any occupation requiring great application and consequent fatigue, will find this remedy invaluable, as it will enable them to accomplish their work with comparative ease. Any one trying a bottle will find this statement fully sustained. Phosphate of Lime is an active agent of nutrition, constituting more than fifty per cent. of the system; Phosphoric Acid, a powerful Nerve Tonic; Phosphate of Iron, a blood maker; and Calisaya, an agreeable supporting stimulant. The combination of these remedies forms a Nutritive Tonic or Chemical Food, and nourishes and vitalizes the constitution in the same manner as an article of diet. Sold by all druggists.

EVANS MERCER & CO.,
Wholesale Agent.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of his preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tinlined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London. — 1609 1y

☞ After war pestilence and intemperance—colds lead to the greatest destruction of human life, mainly, because it is considered by many to be of no consequence and hence systematically neglected untill a simple, curable disease, is converted into a fatal pulmonary one. Everyone troubled with what is called a slight cold or cough, should immediately use Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—they allay irritation at once, and exert a most beneficial influence on all the Bronchial and Pulmonary organs. Sold by all Druggists and Country dealers, Price 25 cts. per box.

USEFUL INFORMATION.—It is said that olive oil administered internally is an excellent remedy for the gout, and is also beneficial in paralysis and epilipsy; but for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, colds and colic, and the removal of the pain generally, there is nothing like the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," it is the most reliable remedy For sale by Druggists and country dealers Price 25 cents per bottle.

PAPER HANGINGS.

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety of

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Canada Central Railway—H. Abbott.
Annual Report—Ontario Bank.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1871.

For interesting reading matter, see first page.

Lord Lisgar intends leaving for Gaspe today.

Hon. George Brown left Mrs. Brown in Montreal, on her way to Scotland. Mr. Brown will himself proceed to the Old Country in July.

The Ontario Press Association are to visit this city about the 20th. What is being done in the way of giving them a proper reception?

We are glad to know that the various parties engaged in the Pacific Railway Survey, have been invited to make use on Sundays of a simple and appropriate form of prayer, prepared to suit their circumstances by three clergymen of the churches of England, Rome, and Scotland, resident in this city, who on being requested to do so arranged the form of prayer, entering into the work in a truly Christian spirit. It is only right and proper that those who are to be isolated from the world for so long a season, should be encouraged thus to acknowledge the overruling hand of Him upon whose protection they must depend.

The growth of London seems almost miraculous. The following table shows how enormous has been the increase in its population since the beginning of the present century:

Year.	Population.
1801	958,863
1811	1,133,815
1821	1,378,047
1831	1,654,094
1841	1,948,417
1851	2,372,236
1861	2,803,034
1871	3,250,000

THE FALL OF THE COMMUNE AND ITS LESSON.

We have devoted a considerable portion of our space this morning to a description of the capture of Paris and the end of the Commune's reign, written by one of the most distinguished of the many able men who have depicted the horrors of the late European conflict for the leading English journals.

From information previously given to us by the same correspondent and by others we have been able to form some idea of the social and political demoralization which prevailed in Paris during the reign of the Commune, and which, no doubt, led to the speedy and complete overthrow of the "Reds." There appears to have been a strange and incongruous blending of splendour and poverty, of gross licentiousness and of unswerving earnest purpose about the doings of the leaders of the Commune, which forcibly reminds us of the first French revolution and the medley of heroism and brutality, of lofty patriotism and ignoble selfishness, which marks the history of that bloody period. Dombrowski, for instance, the cool undemonstrative little Pole who was the General in chief of the Commune, appears to have been not only possessed of some military and administrative ability, but to have been fully impressed with the justice of the cause which he strove to uphold. And no doubt in the political principles laid down by the Commune, there was much to attract one who, from birth and education, was naturally inclined in favour of those institutions which promised the largest amount of personal freedom and were furthest removed from that despotic form of Government which has crushed out the national life of the "fair land of Poland." Unfortunately, however, the practice of the "Reds" was diametrically opposed to the theories which they professed. In the first place they declared punishment by death for any offence whatever to be utterly unjustifiable, and straightway they commenced a series of cold blooded butcheries such as have not disgraced Europe during the present century. Professing to believe in the largest amount of popular freedom, they arrested people whom they suspected of being hostile to them, imprisoned and shot them without the semblance of a trial, so that Parisian liberty under the rule of the Commune became a more delusive mockery than it was in the old days, when a *lettre de cachet* consigned a man to life-long imprisonment within the walls of the Bastile.

But fortunately for civilization and for progress, fortunately for Liberty whose name the "Reds" so freely prostituted to their own purposes, the reign of Communism in Paris is at an end. The "advanced thinkers" of France, in whose praise, Beales, and Murphy, and Odgen, have harangued the people of England, and of whose virtues Swinburne has sang, have had their trial. They have had an opportunity of showing their own fitness for governing, and of demonstrating the practicability of their theories, and most miserably have they failed. They have proved to the world that they are not worthy to be entrusted with power, and that there is no madness or crime which they are not ready to perpetrate in order to promote their own aggrandizement, or, when the hour of defeat came, to gratify their feelings of malice and revenge.

France, and the world in general, will be blind, indeed, if they learn nothing from the terrible scenes which have lately been enacted in Paris. Not only are we taught thereby the utter fallacy of Red Republican theories, but also the danger which arises from the existence of too wide a line of demarkation between those who toil with hand or brain and those who are the possessors of the accumulated wealth of a country. The civil war in Paris has, to a considerable extent no doubt, resulted from the antagonism which existed between capital and labour, between the capitalists and the working men. The former were, for the most part, selfish, extravagant voluptuaries, who had no thought for the social comfort or education of the working classes. Thus the latter came to regard every one who was possessed of property as their natural enemy, and, ignorant and neglected as they were, it was no wonder that when the opportunity came, the masses were easily led astray by the specious theories of the leaders of the Commune, and inaugurated that reign of terror, intolerance and destruction, of which we have just witnessed the termination. The evil existed in the days of the Empire, but was kept under by the strong hand of despotic power. The only sure and effectual remedy for it lies in the general diffusion of knowledge, and in educating each class to respect the rights, and to feel an interest in the welfare of others. In a country where a sound educational system prevails, and where Capital and Labour are employed for the benefit of the whole instead of being antagonistic to each other, events like those which lately transpired in Paris are never likely to occur.

THE ACTIVE MILITIA, AND BUSINESS MEN.

We understand that the camp at Niagara has been formed under most auspicious circumstances, and that between 4,000 and 5,000 men of the Active Militia, well armed and equipped, and provided with all things necessary to enable them to take the field against an enemy, are now assembled at that point. For sixteen days the men who compose that force must sink the citizen in the soldier, and, forgetting the duties and avocations of their every day life, devote their energies to acquiring as much military knowledge within that space of time as they possibly can do. As our readers are aware, similar gatherings of our defensive force are to take place at various points throughout the Dominion, and we have no doubt that the practical experience which will thereby be obtained by the officers and men of our militia army will be of infinite service in promoting their efficiency, and that thus the social tranquility and commercial prosperity of the country will be rendered more permanent and secure.

There is no doubt that the men belonging to the various militia corps will be ready to turn out with alacrity whenever called upon, whether for annual training or for more serious work. In all parts of the country, more especially in the large business centres, it is the employers, those who have most to lose in the event of a fillibustering raid, who form the only obstruction in the way of the men answering to the call of duty. Without reference to those patriotic impulses which ought to animate the mind of every man and render him willing to make some personal sacrifices for his country's sake, it is, to say the least of it, a very short sighted policy for employers to pursue. They should bear in mind that, if the proper quota of active militamen is not supplied by voluntary enlistment, the Government are authorized to resort to a draft in order to fill up the ranks, and then not only would business men be liable to have their clerks and *employees* taken from them, but they might very possibly be compelled to shoulder their rifles and spend sixteen days in camp themselves.

Thus, it is not only the duty of employers, but motives of self interest should induce them to encourage volunteering, and to afford every facility for enabling their *employees* who are in the militia, to put in their sixteen days drill comfortably, and without any fear of injuring their business prospects. Men who from pure motives of patriotism devote time and trouble to the acquirement of military knowledge, who, when the necessity arises, are ready to risk their lives to guard us from harm, are surely entitled to some encouragement from those whose lives and properties are rendered so much more secure by their self-sacrifice. We do not believe that there are any business men in Ottawa who would act as one or two firms in the West have done, and dismiss young men from their service for doing their duty as members of the Active Militia force. On the contrary, we are pleased and proud to acknowledge that, so far as we have heard, the commercial men of this city have displayed an entirely different spirit. But we think that wherever employers evince such a sordid and unpatriotic disposition as that to which we refer, it is the duty of the press to hold their names up to general opprobrium, and to let the public know who those men are who are alike so short sighted and so contemptibly selfish.

THE ONTARIO BANK.

We have much pleasure in directing the attention of our readers to the report of the Ontario Bank which appears in another column. A perusal of it will tend to increase the confidence which the public now feel in that institution. During the fourteen years in which it has been in existence the business of the Ontario Bank has been done upon safe business principles, and the results have been good dividends for the shareholders, an ample reserve fund, and a constant increase in the amount of business done by the Bank.

The number of vessels which passed through the Suez Canal in 1870 was 491, and their tonnage 436,618 tons. These vessels sailed under the flags of fifteen different nations. The amount of tonnage which passed through in British merchant bottoms was 285,188 tons, being 209,438 tons above that in French ships, which stands second, and is only 75,758 tons. Next to France and in rotation, come Austria, Egypt, Turkey, Italy, Portuguese, Spanish Zanzibar, Denmark, Russia, America, Holland and Greece, the latter being the lowest on the list—viz. 48 tons. Not a North German flag passed through the Canal last year.

What stuff is sometimes sold as tea may be learned from a London commercial circular which says that recently 300 half-chests of tea dust, called scented orange Pekoe siftings, were sold by auction, without reserve, on account of the importers and part realized one penny per pound, and adds that it is a matter of doubt whether this article is tea at all; it is certainly utterly spurious and unfit to drink. The leaf is in a great measure composed of dirt and steel filings, and if a magnet be thrust into the sample, on examination it will be found covered with small particles of metal.

The End of the Commune.

INCIDENTS OF THE CAPTURE OF PARIS.

(*Correspondence of the London Daily News.*)

PARIS, May, 22nd.

A GENERAL ATTACK.

I had to close my letter of yesterday abruptly, on account of an urgent summons which reached Dombrowski at seven o'clock from the Point du Jour quarter to make haste with succours, as the holders of the positions were being hard pushed. The cannonade and fusilade, both from that direction, and from our immediate front at Porte de la Muette, continued to increase in warmth as we went down the Avenue Mozart. All the batteries of the Versaillists were in full roar, and it was not possible, had there been still serviceable guns mounted on the enceinte, as to which I know nothing, to respond effectively to the steady and continuous fire of weighty metal. Some supports were waiting for Dombrowski on the Quai d'Auteuil, sheltered from the fire which lacerated the district by the houses on the landward side of the Quai. The tidings were unpleasant which greeted Dombrowski when he rode into the Institution de Ste. Perine which was occupied as a kind of minor Etat-Major. It was the Commandant of the 93rd National Guard Battalion who had come to us in the Château de la Muette, to tell Dombrowski how his men had been driven from the gate of Billancourt at five in the afternoon. From what I could hurriedly gather, there had been a kind of a rally. National Guards had crowned the shattered banquette of the enceinte, and lined the smashed casemates between the gate of Billancourt and the Point du Jour and further northward to and beyond the gate of St. Cloud. They had held to the positions with considerable tenacity under a terrible fire, but had been driven back with heavy loss mainly by the close and steady shooting of the Versaillist artillery in the breaching batteries about the Bois du Boulogne, and the batteries at Brimborion. The gate of St. Cloud, as well as that of Point du Jour had followed that of Billancourt, into the hands of the Versaillists, who having occupied the enceinte in force, and the adjacent houses behind it, were detaching strong parties to make reconnaissances up the Rues Lamarrois and Billancourt, one of which at least had been as far as the railway, but had been driven back.

Dombrowski smiled as this news was communicated to him, and I thought of his "second line of defence," and of his assurance that the "situation was not compromised." By this time it was nearly nine o'clock, and it seemed to me that the Versaillists must have got cannon on the enceinte, the fire came so hot and heavy about and into the Institution de Ste. Perine. Dombrowski and his staff were very active and daring, and the heart of the troops seemed good. There was some cheering at the order to advance, and the troops—consisting chiefly of Francs-tireurs and men dressed in a Zouave dress, so far as I could see in the gloom—were moved briskly up into the Rue de la Municipalité. A couple of guns—field guns I hear—were got into position on the Ceinture Railway to the left of the Rue de la Municipalité, and under their cover the infantry debouched with a rush. I saw of cavalry only a few scattered pickets. Soon there was partial disorganization, the result of a hot and close infantry fire that came seemingly from over a wall which I learned bounded the Cimétière des Pauvres.

RETREAT OF THE FEDERALS.

The Federals broke right and left. Some made round the corner of the Rue de Michel-Ange, which bounds the cemetery on the right, under the passionate leadership of a young staff officer whom I had noticed in the Chateau de la Muette at dinner time. There was a close fusilade and I believe an attempt, which was partly successful, to storm the cemetery, taking it on three sides. It was said that Dombrowski headed the direct attack, but the locality was too warm for me to satisfy myself quite fully on this point. Meanwhile there seemed to be almost hand to hand fighting going on all around in the space between the enciente and the railway. I could hear the incessant whistle and patter of the bullets and the yells and cursing of the men, not a few of whom owed what courage they displayed to profuse libations. Every now and then there was a cheer and a rush, then a volley, which seemed to stay the rush, and then a stampede back under cover. By half past ten it was obvious that the fight was nearly out of the Communists. Dombrowski I had long lost sight of. One officer told me he had been killed in the churchyard, another that his horse had been shot under him, and that the last he had seen of the daring little fellow was fighting with his sword a Versailles marine. There came a panic, in the thick of which I made good my retreat behind "the second line of defence," which was not easily recognizable as a line of defence at all. I fear Dombrowski must have been gasconading. Once behind the railway the Communist troops took up and kept the new ground with stubbornness. One or two attacks were made by detached parties of Versaillists, judging by the hot bursts of fire; but this gradually died away, and soon after 11 o'clock the quietness had become so great that I thought the work was over for the night and that Dombrowski's anticipations had been realized to the letter.

"SAUVE QUI PEUT!"

The pause was deceptive. The Versaillists must have simply held their hands for a time to make the blow heavier when it should fall. No doubt they had their combinations to execute elsewhere. No doubt they were pouring into the area between the enceinte and the Ceinture Railway. They were quiet for a purpose while they were doing this, lining the enceinte and packing the thoroughfares with artillery. We could hear in the distance in our rear the *generale* being beaten in the streets of Paris. A staff officer who spoke English like a native, and who was as black as a nigger from powder smoke, came to where I lurked, and told me how he mistrusted the pause, and feared that the supreme hour had come at last. The supreme hour had come. It was 2 o'clock in the morning. Suddenly a tremendous fire opened on the railway. Shell after shell, showers of shell poured upon it and the vicinity; a hail of musketry fire pattered upon it. The Communists did essay a reply, I will do them the justice to say that, but it was terribly weak and casual. Then there suddenly came on the wind the close din of heavy firing from the north. I heard some shout "We are surrounded, the Versaillists are pouring in by the gates of Auteuil, Passy, and La Muette!" This was enough. A mad panic set in. The cry rose of "Sauve Qui peut!" mingled with other shouts, "Nous sommes trahis!" Arms and packs were thown down and everyone bolted at the top of his speed, the officers leading to all seeming. I came on one party—a little detachment of Francs-tireurs—standing fast behind the projection of a house and calling out that all the chiefs had run away and left them. Whether this was the case as regards the higher commands I cannot tell. I don't think Dombrowski was the man to run nor any of his staff. But certainly none of them were to be seen. There was a cry, too, that there was an invasion from the south, and so men surged and struggled and blasphemed confusedly up the Quai in dire confusion, shot and shell ever chasing them as they went. In the extremity of panic, mingled with rage, men blazed off their pieces indiscriminately, and struck each other with the clubbed ends. Battalions or detachments were met coming up, upon which surged the tide of fugitives, imparted to them their panic, and carried them away in their rush.

INSIDE THE CITY.

I can hardly tell how or why I found myself on the Place du Roi de Rome, as nearly as possible as I could guess, at half past five in the morning—my watch had run down. The battery was silent and deserted; the guns had been carried off. Looking down the Boulevard de l'Empereur I saw a battery of horse artillery coming up it at a walk, with detachments of sailors on the sidewalks. A few Communist corpses were lying about the battery. What were these troops advancing with a deliberation so equable? Not, surely, the beaten and panic stricken men of the Commune. No, that could not be; they were McMahon's men coming on to the Trocadero. I did not wait for them, but made for a side street towards the Champs Elysees. I came out on the beautiful avenue, about midway between the Arch of Triumph and the Rond Point; and, lo! round the noble pile which commemorates French valour stood several battalions of men in red breeches. They were packed there seemingly as densely as had been the Bavarians on the 1st of March, but they were not so pacific. There was no fire being delivered from the big barricade at the Place de la Concorde end of the Tuileries gardens, but National Guards were showing about it, and now and then making a pot at the dense masses of the Versaillists. They, for their part, seemed to take things very deliberately, and to make quite sure of their ground before advancing. They had a field battery in action just below the Arch, which swept the Champs Elysees very neatly. I saw several shells explode about the Place de la Concorde, and was very glad when I had run the gauntlet, and was on the further side of the avenue of the Elysian Fields. Penetrating casually in a north-westerly direction, I found danger again in the Rue Billaut - a side street, nearly parallel to the Avenue de la Reine Hortense, which extends away from the Arch of Triumph, nearly at right angles to the Champs Elysees. In this avenue a person I spoke with told me the Versaillists had come upon the Communists throwing up a barricade, and had saved them the trouble of completing it by taking it from them at the point of the bayonet. There I got very nearly shut in, for as I talked there was a shout, and here were the Versaillists, even with artillery at their head, coming marching down the Avenue Friedland toward the Boulevard Haussmann. I was just in time to dodge across their front, and then, tracking them by side streets, I found they pressed on steadily, firing not much, but still somewhat, till they reached the open space near the top of the Boulevard Haussman, in front of the Caserne de la Pepiniere. Here was a noble position and no mistake. From it they could sweep the Boulevard Malesherbes straight down to the Madeleine, and so open up their way into the Rue Royale, and down it into the back of the barricade at its end facing the Place de la Concorde. There, too, they could sweep the Boulevard Haussmann along its whole length, and by a steady fire along these thoroughfares so far prevent concentration, and cut that part of Paris practically into three slices. Re-crossing the Boulevard Haussman I made my way by devious paths towards the Palais Royal. Shells seemed to be bursting all over the city. They were time-fuse shells; and I could see many of them burst in a white puff of smoke high in the air. Several fell on and about the Bourse as I was passing, and the neighbourhood was silent and deserted, save for National Guards in small parties, or singly, hurrying backward and forwards. I could not tell whether they were advancing or retreating.

AMONG THE BARRICADES.

Everywhere barricades were being hastily thrown up, but I dodged them all till I got to the Place du Palais Royal. Here two barricades were being constructed, one across the neck of the Rue St. Honore, another across the neck of the Rue de Rivoli. For the latter the material was chiefly furnished by a great number of articles not unknown in England under the name of "Sommier Tucker," which were hurriedly pitched out of the windows of the establishment, and of mattresses from the Guards barracks at the Tuilleries. The Rue St. Honore barricade was formed of paving-stones, cabs, and carriages, and I was compelled, *nolens volens*, to assist in the construction of it. It is pleasant, even if you are forced to do a thing, to attempt doing it in a satisfactory manner; and, observing that an embrasure had been neglected in the construction of the barricade, I devoted my energies to remedy this defect. I was not sorry, however, to be released from my task after a quarter of an hour's work, the more so as the fire was increasing in warmth and proximity. I noticed that from the great barricade at the top of St. Honore the Communists had got one gun as least into action, and were using it to fire in the direction of the Arch of Triumph. It was impossible to fulfil my original intention, which was to cross to the Ministry of War, which I judged would form an interesting if not an edifying spectacle; therefore, I returned in the direction of the New Opera House. Crossing the Boulevard, I noticed that the Versaillists must have gained the Madeleine, between which and their position at the Pepiniere Barracks, no obstacle in the shape of a barricade intervened, for they had thrown up across the end of the Boulevard de la Madeleine a barricade of trees and casks. It was, as it turned out, not a barricade, but an emplacement for artillery. The Communists, on their side, had a temporary barricade chiefly of provision waggons, across the Boulevard at the head of the Rue de la Paix. By half-past nine the Versaillists had advanced considerably down Boulevard Haussmann, which they swept with a heavy musketry fire. Two lads were shot down close to me at the end of the Rue de Lafayette There was no return fire of any account. Many Communists passed, falling back, declaring as usual that they had been betrayed. As I stood, there was a scrimmage at a rough, hastily thrown up barricade in the Boulevard Haussman, about 500 yards near Pepiniere then the Rue de Lafayette. It was carried by the Versailist marines. I could see them jumping up on the barricade. Everywhere, as I learn, the Versaillist were led by gensdarmes and sailors or marines. The National Guards fell back, dodging behind lamp-posts and in doorways, and firing wildly as they retreated. This drew a still heavier fire from the Versailles barricade. A bullet struck the front of a lamp post, behind which I stood, and fell flattened in the road. Would you believe it, that a woman stepped out from the gable of the Rue de Lafayette, picked up the bullet, and walked coolly back, clapping her hands with glee?

INCIDENTS.

What curious fetisch ceremony is this going on at the corner of the Rues Lafayette and Lafitte? There is a waggon, a mounted Spahi, nearly as black as night, and an officer. A crowd is all round, and in the centre is a blazing fire of papers. Are they burning the ledgers of the Bank, or the title-deeds of the surrounding property? No. It is the papers of the battalion which are being thus formally burnt, that they might not bear witness against its members, I suppose. A sign, surely, of the beginning of the end. Other signs were not wanting. English passports were affectionately inquired after. When men talked of getting out, it was found that in the morning the Prussians had let out train after train, shunted each at St. Denis, and allowed nobody to go on. Now the trains were stopped, the gates were closed. A woman is said to have been fired upon this morning on making an attempt to get out. The Prussian game is to back the ring-leaders of the Commune for the Versaillists. But to return to the fighting. The Communists retreated ever, throwing up barricades everywhere, so that circulation became almost impossible. They seemed to be heading toward Montmartre, which had opened fire on the Trocadero from which the chief share of the Versaillist artillery fire appeared to come. The Versaillists seemed to understand this policy, and made some haste to obviate it. By twelve they gained the Place de l'Europe, near the Western Terminus, on their way to Montmartre, thus completing a definite and well marked line from the western terminus riverward by the Madeleine and the Place de la Concorde. Of the other side of the river I can say nothing. Some say the Versaillists are as far as a line from the Pont de la Concorde backward to the Ecole Militaire, but there is no certainty. It is now four o'clock p.m., for I have had to write by short spells at a time. At about two o'clock the Versaillists had fairly established themselves in the line I have described, and were making the Boulevard Haussmann terribly hot quarters down to the very end. At the same hour they began to shell from their battery at the Madeleine the Communist barricade on the Boulevard des Capucines, at the top of the Rue de la Paix. This was a crushing fire and the barricade was soon shattered. As I conclude the Communists seem demoralised yet are working hard everywhere at barricades and the *generale* is sounding. No generals are to be found.

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

THE NIAGARA CAMP.

Special Telegram to the Times.

NIAGARA, June 7.

Between four and five thousand men were concentrated here yesterday, and the camp was formed. The transport arrangements worked smoothly. The appearance of the camp is splendid and imposing. There are seven troops of cavalry, three field batteries of artillery, and eleven battalions of infantry. There are ample supplies of food and forage, and the military arrangements are very satisfactory.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 7.

Mr. Masson has definitely retired from the candidacy at Terrebonne. Mr. Chapleau will be nominated for the fourteenth inst.

Le Pays gives a table which shows that the expenses of the Administration of the Province of Quebec are $121,514 per year more than those of Ontario, which receives nearly a million more than we do. The expenses of Lower Canada since 1869 have increased $12,436, while those of Ontario have been diminished $21,504. The Government of Quebec have 65 more employees than that of Ontario.

There were large sales of real estate this morning. Building lots in Sherbrooke street and other fashionable quarters averaged 37 cents per foot.

At a meeting of the Quebec Council of Agriculture yesterday, it was decided to petition the Government to take measures to induce the emigration of the Belgian farmers, and to instruct Mr. Barnard, Emigration Agent, to attend the Agricultural Exhibitions in Europe.

A memorial stone is to be erected over the graves of Spaight and Lodge by the Montreal press forthwith.

The case against Boyd, Egan & Co. for the alleged counterfeiting of the trade marks of Henessy & Co., and Martelle & Co., brandy factors, is adjourned till Friday.

Receipts at the Montreal Custom House yesterday, $14,552.73.

Thermometer 80° at 4 p.m.

Great activity at the wharves.

Midnight Despatches.

FLORENCE, June 7.—Robilante has been appointed minister to Vienna, to replace Dievechi, now in Egypt for the purpose of establishing an Italian colony.

NEW YORK, June 7.—Recent advices from Monte Video represent the condition of affairs in the city of Buenos Ayres as not only not having improved, but having grown alarmingly worse. About the 1st of May the yellow fever seemed to be abating, and many refugees returned to the city. The disease again broke out violently, and the returned citizens fled in a panic. The seat of government was about being removed to Rossario at last advices. All communication between Monte Video and Buenos Ayres has been positively prohibited, and there is no information regarding the mortality among its residents.

The brig *J. L. Bowen*, reported yesterday by the ship *Europa* as having been boarded at sea in distress owing to the mutiny of her crew, arrived in the lower bay last night. The mutineers were arrested and confined in Stapleton, Staten Island, jail. The mutineers of the American brig, *J. L. Bowen* were brought here this morning. Their names are: Manuel Antoine, Thomas Roche, Mike Antoine, and James Harris. When officers and assistants went on board all was quiet, evidently not expecting the surprise. On the deck forward were found two, who were immediately hand cuffed, other two being found in their bunks. Thomas admitted to the sergeant that he struck the Captain, but added that he was driven to it. Others lay the blame on Thomas. The formality of handing the prisoners over to the United States Commissioner, Davenport, was gone through at once after being brought to the city, and investigation will proceed without delay.

VERSAILLES, June 7.—The *Figaro* proposes the establishment of gaming houses and lotteries as an attraction for strangers to Paris. It also favors the abolition of passports and the law against strikes.

The *Verite* says that a compromise has been effected by which the law exiling the Orleans Princes from France will be repealed and their election to the Assembly declared valid. The Princes however are not to take the seats to which they have been chosen, and must agree not to intrigue for the throne. It is said Thiers has given his consent to this plan.

The *Verite* estimates the damages to Paris from fighting and conflagration at 800,000,000 francs; 60,000,000 francs worth of merchandize were burned, exclusive of docks de la Villette and warehouses.

The Council of the Hygiene of Paris declares there is no epidemic in the city, and that such precautionary measures have been adopted as will prevent the spread of any disease. They also state that the health of Paris at present is satisfactory.

The official journal of to-day contains a note from the Italian Minister of Foreign Affairs, guaranteeing to deliver into the hands of the French authorities all escaped Insurgents who may reach the Italian soil.

BERLIN, June 5.—George Kohl, the distinguished German navigator, died in this city yesterday in the 64th year of his age.

LONDON, June 7—The steamship *Parthia*, from New York, touched at Queenstown to day, and proceeded to Liverpool.

A special to the *World*, dated Versailles, June 7, says: On the highest authority I state that the fusion of the Monarchists has wholly failed, owing to the intrigues of Thiers, who privately exults over the certainty of maintaining a nondescript Republic with himself as Chief, as in the case of Prim in Spain, for an indefinite period.

Incessant attempts are being made in Paris to induce the soldiers to fraternise with the people. Intense dissatisfaction prevails among all classes, and French trouble is feared.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 7.—The annual election of the directors of the New York Central and the Hudson River Railroads was held to-day. Fifty-five millions of stock was voted on and last years' board were re-elected entire.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 7.—The iron screw steamer *Melbourne*, the first of the New English Line, from Australia and New Zealand, coming in this afternoon ran on Rinson Rock. It is supposed she will be gotten off uninjured.

MADRID, June 7.—The committee of the Cortes on the Budget to-day, discussed the advisability of postponing the loan until the Budget is adopted. Minister Covet opposed any postponement, and declared that he should make it a Cabinet question. The committee then regretted the proposal to postpone the loan by a vote 16 to 8.

BERLIN, June 7.—The session of the German Parliament will probably close on the 15th inst., but the members will remain in the city, to take part in the ceremonies attending the triumphal entry of the army.

Von Moltke has returned from his visit to Strasbourg, and has since had an audience with the Emperor.

The Prussian *Cross Gazette* confirms the report that France will shortly send the Charge d'Affaires to Berlin, but mentions no names.

PARIS, June 7.—The obsequies of the late Archbishop Darboy took place to-day at the Cathedral of Notre Dame with great pomp. They were attended by a large number of political, military, and literary celebrities, and a deputation from the National Assembly. The church was crowded, and the throngs of spectators on the line of the funeral procession was immense.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 7.—*City of Melbourne*, from Australia, arrived to-day. She reports a tremendous hurricane in the vicinity of the Fijii Islands in which the brig *Ken ucky*, from San Francisco for Melbourne, foundered with all on board. The *City of Melbourne* brings the following news from New South Wales:

A motion to subsidize a direct Californian mail line had been tabled.

The Government had forwarded a petition to England, praying the British Government to annex the Fijii Islands to New South Wales.

Great floods had devastated a large portion of the colony last week. Losses immense, the early wheat crop being almost entirely ruined.

The Government intends to propose a loan of £500,000 for railway extension.

The last quarter's revenue shows $90,000 of an increase over the preceding quarter.

The gold yield of the colony has improved to the extent of nearly 15,000 ounces.

A new disease has broken out among the sheep, which is destroying them by thousands. No remedy has yet been discovered.

VICTORIA, June 7.—Parliament assembled on the 25th ult. Captain McMahon was chosen Speaker.

The *Manitor Cerberus* has arrived safely, and has been prepared since for purposes of defence.

A scientific expedition has been projected to go to Cape York next December to watch the solar eclipse.

The Government has proposed a law reintroducing the lash as a criminal punishment.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA, June 7.—Heavy floods in the interior put a stop to the operations of the construction of the overland telegraph.

The exports of breadstuffs last quarter were valued at 470 000 pounds.

QUEENSLAND, June 7.—Lord Normandy, a new Governor, is expected in June.

The remains of three men, supposed to have been part of an exploring party, have been found far into the interior.

Great efforts are making to complete the telegraph joining the Java cable before the Adelaide line is finished.

NEW ZEALAND, June 7.—The Tekooti rebels were defeated by friendly natives. Twenty-five rebels were killed. The Aneivera rebels have surrendered.

The gold fever has revived. Immense quantities of gold are obtained from the Calidonian reef.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, June 7.—The bark *Gruseppe Proto*, from Philadelphia, at Cork, reports having shipped a sea which carried overboard the master, one mate and several sailors, all of which were drowned.

VERSAILLES, June 7.—Picard has been appointed Governor of the Bank of France.

Rotunde has been appointed Procurer-General.

The report of disturbances in Lyons is false.

The trial of those of the Communist leaders who are held as prisoners will commence at once. The first trial will be that of Assi.

Louis Blanc has written a letter to the *Figaro*, denouncing the continued arrests of Communist leaders.

Lullier has been secured.

It is said that Junes Ferry will be appointed Minister to Washington.

SOUTHAMPTON, June 7.—Arrived, steamship *Weser* from New York.

VERSAILLES, June 7.—The municipal elections at Marsailles and Tarascon are declared void.

Twenty-five women were killed and fifty injured ay a railway accident near Paris yesterday.

All the pieces of the column of Vendome has been found, and that monument will be exactly restored

AMSTERDAM, June 7.—The Bank of Holland has reduced its rate of discount to 3 per cent.

LONDON, June 7, 5 a. m.—The *Times'* special despatches from Paris contain the following: The postponement of Rochefort's trial is due to apprehensions of disclosures compromising the Government of national defence.

The *Siecle* advocates the extension of M. Thier's term of office.

Felix Pyat is in Switzerland.

A proposal to leave untouched the ruins of the Hôtel de Ville is seriously discussed.

MADRID, June 6.—Minister Moret will resign if the disagreement with the Committee of Cortes on the budget continues.

LONDON, June 6, midnight.—Favre is preparing a reply to the manifesto of Prince Napoleon

Thiers insists on giving the Republic a fair trial.

Ashbury's yacht *Livonia* won the Harwich regatta.

Just received a case of Ladies Hats in latest and most fashionable styles at Allan' McKinnons & McMorrans.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

New Dress Goods, &c., at Allan, McKinnons & McMorsin's.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

BIRTH.

At Gloucester Street, on the 7thinst., the wife of Mr. W. H. Smith, of a son.

PAIN-KILLER

Husband:—I shall know then better hereafter, Druggists and Storekeepers are doing not only themselves a great deal of harm, but their customers also by inducing them to buy an article unknown and without merit. Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER has been before the public for over thirty years, it is known in every quarter of the earth, and is sold by every Druggists and most storekeepers and grocers. As a Cholera specific and Diarrhoea medicine, its reputation has no parallel. I am surprised that we have lived so many years without it.

Wife:—Charles, the reason is you you have been taking whatever the storekeeper would recommend, we have always had a bottle of Pain Cure or Reliever or Pain Remedy or some such trash in the house we have tried them over and over again.

Husband:—And that is just the reason I objected to try the PAIN-KILLER on my Rheumatism, thought it was like those other things a humbug

(*To be continued.*)

Be sure and get the genuine PAIN-KILLER, only 25 cts. per bottle. Beware of counterfeits.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until FRIDAY the 23rd instant, at noon, for the performance of the proposed improvements to be made at the Calumet, Mountain, Portage du Fort and Chats Stations on the Ottawa River.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of the Ottawa River Works, where printed forms of Tender and any other information can be obtained.

Separate Tenders will be required for the works at each Station, and must be endorsed, viz.:

Calumet Station.
Mountain "
Portage du Fort "
Chats "

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 7th June, 1871. 1686 3

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

For sale by private contract a very superior

FAMILY CARRIAGE,

(QUITE NEW),

Made By DUHAMEL,

OTTAWA.

This vehicle is beautifully finished, and took the first Prize at the Ottawa, Agricultural and Horticultural Society's Exhibitions of 1870.

On view for a few days at the British Lion Hotel Yard, Sparks-st., Ottawa

For further particulars apply to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685tf

SHAMROCK LACROSSE CLUB.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the above CLUB will be held this EVENING, for the Election of Officers, and the settling of the last year's accounts, at Mr. D. EGAN'S Hotel, Ashburnham Hill, at 8 o'clock.

JOHN KENNEDY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686 1

FESTIVAL OF

ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST.

GRAND CONCERT

—AND—

DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE

—AT THE—

CANADIAN INSTITUTE,

ON MONDAY, 26th JUNE, 1871.

Admission..... 25cts.
Tickets for Reserved Seats..... 40cts.

To be had at the Institute where a diagram of the Seats can be seen from and after this day (THURSDAY) until SUNDAY,

The Directors,
LE CHEVALIER SMITH,
A. LAPERRIERE.

Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686 d

12th JULY, 1871.

ORANGE CELEBRATION.

An EXCURSION TRAIN will run from CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION, Ottawa, to Brockville, calling at all Way Stations on 12th prox, returning same day.

Fare from Ottawa, 75cts.

Due notice of time of departure and arrival will be published.

H. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686tf

FRESH! FRESH! FRESH!

SALMON.

The first of the Season just received, at

MOSES LAPOINTE'S,
Fish Dealer,
Lower Town Market.

N. B.—All kinds of Lake, River, and Sea Fish, always on hand

Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685d

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL.

The most beautiful site in the neighbourhood of the Capital, and the most pleasant and convenient place about Ottawa, for Pic Nics, &c.

A large covered Platform, raised eight feet from the ground, and capable of accommodating 4 000 persons, is admirably suited for Dancing, for Dramatic Soirees, and such like entertainments.

The Refreshments and Liquors to be had on the grounds are of the best quality.

Pleasure parties could not find a more comfortable and pleasant place to enjoy themselves.

At night the Gardens are well illuminated. Once properly known they will be regarded as indispensable during the summer season. There will be a Dancing school in the Gardens every THURSDAY night, except when occupied by a Picnic.

Hull, June 7, 1871 1685 2m

FURNISHED APARTMENTS TO LET

Two or three gentlemen can obtain good Bed Rooms, and a well furnished Parlor, in a respectable private residence, close to the Parliamentary Buildings, with Breakfast if required. Terms moderate. Address, Office of this Paper.

Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685 3

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Side-Wheel Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tues

LOCAL NEWS.

WEATHER.—Thermometer 92½ degrees in the shade yesterday.

A man was charivaried at Chelsea a few days ago because he ventured to get married.

PACIFIC SURVEY.—Several parties of the Pacific Survey expedition will start on Saturday.

PERSONAL.—R Luttrell, Esq., Superintendent of St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railroad, is in town.

CONCERT.—The St. Jean Baptiste Society are to give a grand concert on the evening of the 26th inst.

The Young Irishmen's Debating Club are to have a pic-nic at Belleveu Gardens in a couple of weeks from this.

POLICE COURT—Wednesday.—A woman was sent to gaol for two weeks for stealing 25 cents worth of trimming.

A man charged with drunkenness was fined $5 and costs.

FIRE.—Joseph Lafleur's tavern, on the Montreal road, near Green's Creek, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday night. It was a large frame building.

A noted place of resort in Lower Town was the scene of a general row a few nights back. The proprietor had better conduct his establishmeet in a more orderly manner.

The sale of boats yesterday was a success. Three pleasure boats and one outrigger were sold at auction, the "Lady Lisgar" at private sale for $45.

As three men were engaged painting a house in New Edinburgh on Tuesday evening, the scaffolding gave way, and they fell to the ground, one named Taylor receiving serious injuries.

We notice with pleasure that the Shamrock Lacrosse Club do not intend to die yet awhile. They hold a meeting this evening for election of officers for the ensuing year, as well as for the settling of accounts for the last year. Financially, they have been as successful as in every other respect.

THE CHARIVARI CASE will come up before the Magistrate this morning, but will probably be further adjourned. Several young men who took part in the affair have been summoned, and their evidence will be heard. Dunlevie, it appears, is in a rather doubtful condition. We have been informed that he is delirious, and that gangrene has set in.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

The attendance on the market yesterday was small.

Pork (live) $9 per 100 pounds.
Mess Pork $18 to $20 per barrel.

FLOUR.

Double extra $6.75.
Extra $6.50.
No 1 $6.
Oatmeal $6 50.
Cornmeal $3.50.
Bran $20 per ton.
Provender $36 do.

LEATHER MARKET.

No. 1 sole 23c to 25c per lb.
No. 2 sole 21c to 23c per lb.
Harness leather 34c per lb.
Upper leather 42c per lb.
Canadian calf 70c per lb.
French calf $1.25 per lb.
English kipp 55c to 60c per lb.
Canadian kipp 50c to 55c per lb.
Hides No 1 $9 per 100 lbs.
Calf skins 12½c per lb.
Sheep skins 15c to 20c each.
Oil sold at 65c per gallon.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—Sydham Simmons, England; John H Sutten, Merimichi; Geo F Newcomb, Cornwallis; Lewis A Hall, Montreal; J W Needham, Frederickton, N B; T R Harrison, London, England; Alex Keith, Montreal; W P Rodger, do; J W Griffin, England; W Davies, Perth; Wm C Caldwell, Lanark; Geo B Powell, Oswego, N Y; Dr Ferguson, Galt; W Bobinson, do; H J Coones, Chicago; W G Pinder, England; H Stylman Le Stange, British Legation, Washington; W A Hunter, Pembroke; T H Fraser and wife, London; F H Burton, Port Hope; R R Bobell, Quebec; J P W Cookson, Liverpool; Mr and Mrs H Atkinson, Quebec; Mr and Mrs Murdock, London, England; the Lord Bishop of Quebec; Mrs Williams, do; Rev. Chas Hamilton, do; Mrs Hamilton, do; J G Benely and lady, Danville; John Sully and son, Boston; John Jeffrey, St. John, N B; John Poupore, Chichester.

A GHOST ON SUSSEX STREET.—We shall have to come to the conclusion in the end that there is some errant sprite wandering about among the scenes of his terrestrial career in Ottawa. About twelve months ago the aristocratic residents of Daily street were kept in a state of feverish existence by the report that some supernatural being had been seen about the locality at night, and no person ever found out what it was. Later a street in Lower Town was disturbed by a ghost which made its presence known in a terrifying manner; it made the night hideous by its moanings and cries. It was an old Tom cat in the agonies of death. Besserer street too had the pleasant sensation produced by the presence of a ghost, and for about a month the people slept with their heads covered, until finally the nightly vision which was wont to appear was declared by a courageous individual to be an old woman in her night dress. Sussex street has now been visited by a ghost. On Saturday night last it gratified its bump of destructiveness by smashing several large panes of glass in the building lately occupied by Mr. Bangs as a hat store, and having committed that wanton depredation (for which it should have been brought before Mr. O'Gara) it boldly appeared in the window and showed itself to the crowd collected in the street. The crowd swelled in numbers every moment, and every one strained his sight to see more distinctly the form of the "white thing in the window. Others picked up bits of the glass and went about exhibiting them asking how it was possible the windows could be broken when the house was unoccupied. Such exclamations as the following were heard on every side: "There, do you see it;" "how ghastly it seems;" "it is fiendish like." "As shure as the [illegible] me father is in he'ven, that's a ghost." "O, Sacre je n'amerai pas etre dans [illegible]" "Allons nous en Jean je suis fr[illegible]" These were some of the many remarks. Some parties attempted to [illegible]culate themselves and all about Nam with the firm belief that it was a [illegible] and could be nothing else. Having locked the street up until a late hour [illegible] the night looking for phantoms the [illegible] crowd dispersed in small parties for home, keeping a sharp lookout all the while for ghosts generally. As many persons firmly believe that there was something in the house that night, we may state that the panes were broken by the falling of the windows which had been raised, and the "white thing" seen in one of the windows was a half bushel bag full of shoemaker's pegs. If troubled spirits cannot find rest in the other world we do not believe Ottawa is a suitable place for them to come to—up the Gatineau would be better.

ONTARIO BANK.

Proceedings of the Fourteenth Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Ontario Bank, held at the Banking House, Bowmanville, on Monday, the Fifth day of June, 1871.

The chair was taken by the Hon. John Simpson, President; who read the following Report:

Fourteenth Annual Report of the Directors of the Ontario Bank, Presented to the Stockholders, at their Annual Meeting, held at their BANKING HOUSE, in Bowmanville, on MONDAY, the 5th day of June, 1871.

In presenting the Fourteenth Annual Report of the Ontario Bank, with the usual balance sheets, your Directors have much pleasure in stating, that the business of the Institution, for the past year, has been the largest since its existence, and the net profits are considerably in excess of any future year.

The Deposits and circulation have been largely in excess of other years, and this has enabled your Directors to extend the line of Discounts, and at the same time maintain ample reserves.

The losses incurred on the transactions of the past year, so far as ascertained, have been small, and are in our opinion, fully covered, by the amount carried to the credit of profit and loss.

From the profits of the past year, we recommend that the sum of $75,000 be carried to the Credit of Reserve, making that fund $250,000.

Reference was made in our last Annual Report to the defective character of the Act, which provided the mode of procedure for the removal of the Head Office, and in accordance with the pledge then given, legislation has been obtained, under which the change can be effected, within a reasonable time, by the Stockholders, should they deem such a change necessary.

A General Banking Bill, under which all Chartered Banks are to act hereafter, was introduced by the Government during the last Session of Parliament, and after the most careful consideration, became law. While this measure is not in all respects what was desired, it is nevertheless, in our opinion, a decided improvement on the legislation of former years.

The 5th clause of the General Banking Act, before referred to, provides that the Stockholders of any of the Banks mentioned in the Schedule, may, from time to time, increase their capital by a vote of the Stockholders; such vote to be taken at any Annual Meeting of such Stockholders, or at a Special General Meeting to be called for that purpose.

Your Directors availing themselves of the power conferred by the clause of the Act above cited, determined sometime since to recommend an increase of the Capital of the Bank to the extent of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars, ($500,000),—the stock to represent this amount to be issued to the Shareholders at par, and to be fully paid up within about twelve months from the time, when notice of the allotment is made to the Shareholders.

These resolutions will be submitted to you for your consideration and approval.

The object that your Directors have mainly in view, in advising an increase of the Capital of your Bank, is to enable them to increase the capital to be employed at the branches of your Bank located at the two principal commercial centres, namely:—Montreal and Toronto; and also, to enable them to meet the requirements of the rapidly increasing and expanding trade of the country, as well as the legitimate claims of your own customers.

The profits of the past year, after the payment of all current expenses, and after making provision for interest on Special Deposits, and discount on American Currency, is	$265,289 19
Add balance left on credit of profit and loss from last year	5,998 41
	$271,287 60

Appropriated as follows:

Payment of December dividend	$80,000 00	
Payment of June do	80,000 00	
Government tax on circulation	7,515 47	
To credit of reserve	75,000 00	
To " profit and loss	28,772 13	$271,287 60

Two very careful inspections of the Branches during the year have been made by your efficient inspector, Mr. Milroy, and we are happy to report that he found every thing in a very satisfactory state.

The Cashier, Inspector and the different Managers and officers have performed their respective duties to the entire satisfaction of your Board, and we consider them fully entitled to your thanks.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

J. SIMPSON,
President.

General Statement of the Affairs of the Ontario Bank, as on Tuesday, the 30th day of May, 1871.

ASSETS.

Gold, Silver, and Provincial Notes	$ 801,235 21	
Government Securities	207,359 98	
Balance due by other Banks	231,923 79	
Notes and Cheques of other Banks	201,676 90	
Bank Property	159,830 57	
Notes and Bills Discounted	5,367,908 08	$6,969,934 52

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	2,000,000 00	
Circulation	1,747,809 00	
Deposits not on interest. $1,471,497 09		
Deposits on interest. 1,186,289 78	2,657,786 87	
Balance due other Banks	135,068 22	
Dividends unclaimed	1,932 91	
Dividend No. 28, payable 1st June	80,000 00	
Reserve Fund	250,000 00	
Interest and exchange reserved	38,585 39	
Profit and loss	28,772 13	$6,969,934 52

ONTARIO BANK, Bowmanville, 30th May, 1871.

D. FISHER,
Cashier.

Moved by W McGill, Esq., M. D., seconded by W. Allison, Esq., M. D.,—*Resolved*: That the report of the President and Directors, together with the general statement of the affairs of the Bank, now submitted, be received, adopted, and printed, for the information of the Shareholders.

Moved by W. Benwick, Esq., seconded by A. Ross, Esq.,—*Resolved*: That the thanks of the Shareholders are hereby given to the President and Directors, for their efficient management of the affairs of the Bank during the past year.

Moved by C. J. Campbell, Esq., seconded by W. K. Burk, Esq.,—*Resolved*: That, Whereas, by an Act of the Dominion Parliament, passed during the last session thereof, entitled "An Act relating to Banks and Banking," power is given to the Shareholders of the respective chartered Banks mentioned and set forth in the Schedule accompanying said Act, and forming part thereof, by a vote of the Stohkholders taken at any annual general meeting, or any special general meeting called for that purpose, to increase the Capital Stock of any such Bank desirous of increasing the same; and, whereas, it is demed expedient to increase the Capital Stock of the Ontario Bank, under the provisions of the said recited Act, to the extent of five hundred thousand dollars; be it therefore resolved, that the Capital Stock of the said Ontario Bank be, and the same is hereby declared to be increased to the extent of the said sum of five hundred thousand dollars [illegible] amount of increased capital, as authorized by the foregoing Resolution, be allotted to the Shareholders of the Bank, *pro rata*, and at par; provided always, that no fraction of a share shall be so allotted. That the allotment be made on the 1st day of July next, and that payment of the shares so allotted be made as follows, viz.: Ten per cent. at the date of subscription or acceptance thereof, and the balance in three equal quarterly instalments of thirty per cent. each, payable respectively on the first days of February, May and August, 1872. That any of such allotted stock as shall not be taken up by the Shareholders to whom such allotment has been made and the ten per cent. paid thereon within three month's from the time when notice of the allotment has been made to his or her address, may be opened for subscription to the public in such manuer and on such terms as the Directors shall prescribe. That on any instalments paid on stock before the dates on which the same are payable, the dividend thereon shall be computed from day of payment.

Moved by T. T. Tamblyn Esq., seconded by W. K. Burk, Esq.,—*Resolved*: That Messrs. R. H. Turner, R. Windatt, and A. Ross be Scrutineers of this election, and that they report the result to the Cashier; that the balloting now commence, and that it close at four o'clock; but if at any time five minutes shall have expired without a vote being tendered, the ballot may be closed by the Scrutineers.

Moved by H. Munro, Esq., seconded by B. Bowen, Esq.,—*Resolved*; That the Chairman do now leave the Chair, and that C. J. Campbell, Esq., be requested take the same.

Moved by John Lyall, Esq., seconded by William Clemens, Esq.,—*Resolved*: That the thanks of this meeting are hereby given to the President, for his efficient services in the chair.

Moved by W. McMurtry, Esq., seconded by R. Windatt, Esq.,—*Resolved*: That the thanks of this meeting be given to J. J. Robson, Esq., for his services as Secretary.

J. J. ROBSON,
Secretary.

The following is the report of the Scrutineers:—

To David Fisher, Esq., Cashier of the Ontario Bank:

SIR—We the undersigned Scrutineers, appointed at the Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Ontario Bank, held this day, do declare the following gentlemen duly elected as Directors for the current year, viz: Hon. J. Simpson, T. N. Gibbs, J. Dryden, J. P. Lovekin, Wm. McMurtry, D. A. McDonald, and Hon. W. P. Howland.

A. ROSS.
R. H. TURNER.
R. WINDATT.

Bowmanville, 5th June, 1871.

The Board of Directors met after the report of the Scrutineers, and re elected the Hon. Jno. Simpson, President, and T. N. Gibbs, Esq., M.P., Vice-President.

1686-1 D. FISHER, Cashier.

FALL ASSIZES.

EASTERN CIRCUIT—HON. CHIEF JUSTICE OF ONTARIO.

1 Pembroke	Wednesday,	13th	Sept.
2 Perth	Monday,	18th	Sept.
3 Brockville	Thursday,	21st	Sept.
4 Kingston	Tuesday,	26th	Sept.
5 Ottawa	Monday,	9th	Oct.
6 L'Original	Wednesday,	18th	Oct.
7 Cornwall	Tuesday,	24th	Oct.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT—HON. CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE COMMON PLEAS.

1 Napanee	Monday,	18th	Sept.
2 Picton	Thursday,	21st	Sept.
3 Belleville	Monday,	25th	Sept.
4 Whitby	Tuesday,	10th	Oct.
5 Peterborough	Monday,	16th	Oct.
6 Lindsay	Friday,	20th	Oct.
7 Cobourg	Monday,	30th	Oct.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

Of Household Furniture, Carpets, Waggons, Buggies, China, Glass & Crockeryware.

The subscriber is instructed to sell by Public Auction, at his Auction Rooms, York street, on FRIDAY, the 9th instant, at the hour of 11 o'clock a.m., a quantity of Furniture, &c., the property of a gentleman leaving the city, and consisting in part as follows: One handsome drawing-room set in moroon and amber flowered repp, one very fine curled hair ottoman, capable of seating ten, and upholstered in green terry repp, one very handsome cabinet organ, stops and swells complete, one harmonium, double set of reeds, nearly new, one very fine oil painting, group of fish, valued at $100, one portrait, in oil of Champlain, one very handsome three light gasalier, with globes, 2 two light do, very rich and perfect, black walnut bureaus, with large large oval glasses, b w hair cloth chairs, nearly new, arm and easy chair to match, dressing glasses, dressing tables, spring beds, feather beds and pillows, summer bed quilts, hair mattresses, oil cloth, cocoa matting, sewing machines, tapestry and kidderminster carpeting, plated ware, china, glass and crockery, one refrigerator, carpenter's tools and chest, two double waggons, one spring do, one large iron plough, one sulky, two buggies, kitchen and parlor stoves, and many other useful articles.

Sale at 11 o'clock sharp, and without reserve.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871 1683 4

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can recover it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.

ANN JANE HAMILTON.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871. 1633tf

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 73259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given, which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1675tf

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH:

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 6 40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.40 P.M, arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa June 1st, 1871

DRY GOODS

—AT—

RETAIL.

SUMMER FASHIONS

SHOWING THIS DAY,

—AT—

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,
Beautiful Bonnets,
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets,
Splendid Lace Shawls.

Also in Immense Variety,

Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques, Horrockses, Millar & Co., Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
[illegible] t Window Hollands,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c.,

SPECIAL LINES.

Linen Percale's and Lawns, for Seaside Wear.
Walking Stick Parachutes " " " "
Paragon Frame Parasols and Umbrellas,—
Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makes.
Coventry Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and M[illegible] Trimmings, in great variety.

EXTRAORDINARY.

☞ 43 Patterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

FOR SALE.

VERY CHEAP,

—AT THE—

DOMINION AUCTION ROOMS,

16 RIDEAU STREET,

A Set of First-Class

GROCERY FIXTURES, (COUNTER, SHELVES, DRAWERS, &c.)

ALSO:

A large quantity of Tea and other Groceries and Liquors.

A Hhd. of Molasses to be sold cheap (very low).

A large consignment of Books, Stationery, Jewellery, Clothing, Boots, &c.

Regular Auction Sales weekly.

Consignments received and prompt returns made.

Real Estate Sales promptly attended to.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871 1 64tf

AUCTION SALES

BY A. GAGNIER.

AT DOMINION AUCTION ROOMS.

The subscriber begs to inform the public of Ottawa, that he has opened an Auction Room at No. 16 Rideau street, and is prepared to undertake the Sale of Furniture and Household effects, at the residences of owners. Semi-Weekly sales of Furniture and General Merchandise, at 16 Rideau street, every TUESDAY and SATURDAY, at 8 o'clock p.m.

The encouragement of the Public is respectfully solicited

A. GAGNIER,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 22, 1871 1461tf

WANTED.

A Girl about 16 years of age, as serva[nt] on a small family. Apply, A.B., Times Off[ice]

Ottawa, May 29, 1871 1678tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A First-Class TINSMITH, to take charge of the Shop. Salary, $40 per month, payable end of every month. Apply at once to C.P. DORION, 60 Sparks-st

Ottawa, June 3, 1871. 1681tf

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34. SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

In their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compere with any in the Dominion for good election,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

☞ Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,
NEW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS

Departments

THE SALVAGE GOODS,

Amounting to Over $7,500,

[S]AVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared our at prices which will be sure to commanda sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low price goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,
PORTER'S BLOCK,
34 SPARKS STREET

Ottawa, March 30, 1871 1628y

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for Supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY,

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season			$5 00
20lbs	"	"	9 00
10lbs		month	1 50
20lbs	"	"	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance. ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorens, successor to J B Bure & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER,

N. B.—Ice supplied [illegible] r ton or cwt

[illegible] April [1]871

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

GIN—
J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various pricer, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Would beg to call the attention of the public to

NEW GOODS,

NOW

(DAILY ARRIVING),

COMPRISING:

100 Pieces New Light Prints,

Fast Colors, and latest designs, at 12½c. per yard, splendid value.

—ALSO—

a large additional Stock of new

DRESS GOODS,

in Shades suitable for the Season.

A Good Cloth, light colors, 15c. per yard.
An Extra, Wide Width, 20cts, and 25cts,

—AND—

A large assortment of

NEW HATS.

In latest and most Fashionable Styles.

Every Department fully Assorted.

☞ Call and examine our large and elegant Stock of Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, and Mantles, before purchasing elsewhere.

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN

SUCCESSORS TO

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.,

No. 20 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871.

Q. & G. P. S. S. Co.

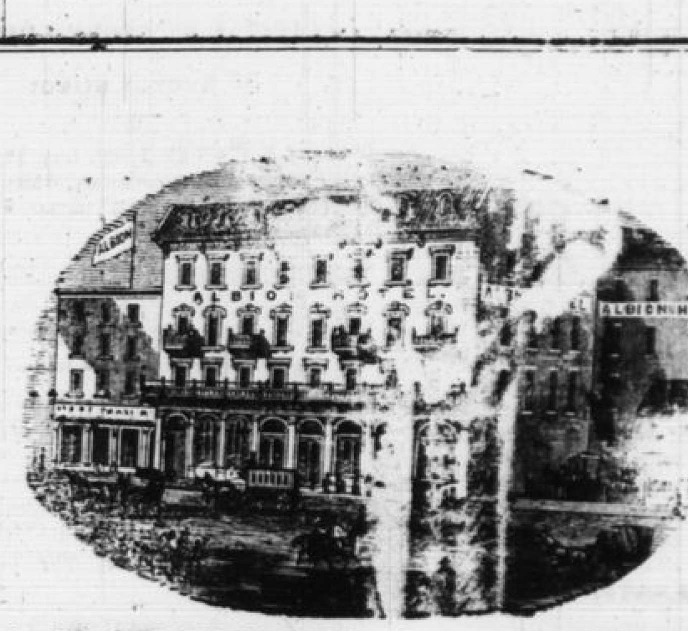
THE STEAMSHIP

"ALHAMBRA"

Will leave Montreal on FRIDAY, the 9th inst., at 4 o'clock, p.m., for Pictou, calling at Shediac, and Charlottetown, P. E. I., taking Goods at through rates for Halifax and St. John, N. B., and places on E. & N. A., and Nova Scotia Railways.

For Freight, apply to
HERRICK & CROMBIE.

June 7, 1871 1685tf



ALBION HOTEL,

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA.

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general traveling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interest by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1685 3

CLOTHING HALL!

New Store.

J. M. GOULDEN

Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has [illegible] at

No. 100 Sussex Street

NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,

A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.

Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.

☞ Do not Forget the Place ☜

No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street.

Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OF BROCKVILLE,

Who will continue the Business in the same premises and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871.

☞ In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given, As [illegible] must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST P[RICE]. Now is the [illegible] Money.

T. R. SHEFFIELD.

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871. 1681 2m.

The Tea Pot

RIDEAU STREET.

Try John Hill's Teas and Coffees, and you'll find
That they are of a most superior kind.
The various samples, when you fairly test,
You'll find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who each day procure
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

The following TEAS and COFFEES have been received within the last few days, and as they are FRESH and (NEW SEASON) can be recommended, the flavor being equal to any Teas ever imported into Canada:

VERY SUPERIOR BLACK TEA (True Souchong) in Catties of 10 lbs each,
VERY FINEST GUNPOWDER TEA (Something extra),
EXTRA SCENTED ORANGE PEKOE.

FINEST JAPAN TEA (The very best that can be produced)
EXCELLENT KAISOW CONGOU TEA (Something extra),
CHOICE YOUNG HYSON TEA.

PURE JAPAN TEA, 60 cts. per lb., or 5 lbs. of the same article for $2.75.

GOOD SOUND TWANKAY TEA, 5 lbs. for $2.00.

☞ *The Finest Flavored Coffee to be obtained in this country, consisting of Pure Mocha Berry, Mocha, Java, Old Government Java and Plantation.*

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIER

FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the under[mentioned] Goods at prices which [will no] doubt will surprise those who heretofore and still think [that] profits cannot [be] in business.

The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced [has] induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.

From our experience in business [and] the advantage [of] buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enable [us] with a fair [profit] for ourselves

Price the following Goods, and [a] quality, all of which [are] guaranteed: Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, [S]pices, and a [general assortment] of Groceries, Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, Wines, Old Rye [Whiskey], Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, [Preserves]. Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. [We are] dealing largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871. 1668tf

Steamers.

ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*.....Captain Findlay.
" *Emerald*........ " Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*.... " Murphy.
" *Alliance*.......... " Blondin.
" *Oregon*.......... " Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*...... "
Jason Gould..... " Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*. " Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*....... " Duggan.
Pontiac.......... " D. Mulligan
Keppawe....... " BJ Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Captaine.

Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau, every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning —Leaving Chapeau same day at 1 o'clock, p.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2 30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL

STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,

CAPT. BOWIE,

PRINCE OF WALES,

CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

TO

Horse Breeders.

AT the request of a number of gentlemen who have FINE MARES to Breed from,

Mr. Cotton

has placed

"YOUNG LAPIDIST"

AT THE

Veterinary

Stable of Mr. A. O. F. Coleman,

RIDEAU STREET,

To Serve a Limited Number of Mares (say 30) for the Season.

"LAPIDIST" is 8 years old this spring, and is considered by judges, to be the most valuable horse to breed from, in this section of the country.

His Pedigree can be seen at Mr. COLEMAN'S Office, or with his Groom, DAVID WHYTE.

Ottawa, May 10, 1871.

CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS ACT OF 1871.

ELECTION PETITION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

Take notice that the above Petition will be tried at the COURT HOUSE, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the Sixteenth day of JUNE, A.D. 1871, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, and on such other subsequent days as may be needful. The said City of Ottawa having been appointed by the Court of Queen's Bench, for the place of trial of the said Election Petition, by rule of the said Court.

Dated the 27th day of May, A.D. 1871.

By order,
ROBERT G. DALTON.
Clerk of the Crown of the Court of Queen's Benc

May 30, 1871 1679tf

MARE LOST.

Strayed from Pasture, Richmond Road, about six weeks ago, a Dark Brown MARE, good height, and long build. She was marked thus; Three white feet, the two hind and one fore, and a little white star on the forehead, with a few small spots above her nose, white. She is knee sprung slightly, and the hoof on the left foot split a little; she is also wicked.

Any person giving such information (as will lead to the recovery of the Mare) to SAMUEL HUDSON, Chaudiere Depot, or at BOOTH'S Store, Chaudiere, will be rewarded.

Chaudiere, June 7, 1871 1685a

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

☞ A few good Fowls for sale.

J. HERBERT,
N on-st., West
near Richmond Road, Ottawa.

April 26, 1871.

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,
TIMES Office Ottawa.

ENGLISH GOODS!!!

RECEIVED AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex street.

PRIZE WATER FILTERS, from $2.25 upwards, of Earthenware and White China. (They purify the most impure water.—*Medical Gazette*.)

ENGLISH BEDSTEADS, all wrought Iron,
Do CHILDRENS COTS, do do
Very fine patterns, quite new and cheap.

For Hospitals and Sick Rooms:

ENGLISH ENAMELLED CHAMBERS.
Do., do., BED PANS.
ENGLISH GARDEN CHAIRS,
Do., do., SETTEES, (to arrive.)
Do, CROQUET LAWN BORDERING
REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, and BATHS, STOVES new and improved patterns.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,

OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR.

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s, and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d, 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and
Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy!
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Burgundy Ports,
Domecqs and GreekSherry,
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.

Bass', Guinness's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.

Liberal terms.

☞ Inspection invited.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, of $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street.

Ottawa, May 1649d

JUST RECEIVED.

—AT—

HAUSER'S

RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,

That splendid new Magazine,

THE WEDDING BELLS.

—ALSO—

BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL

FOR MARCH AND APRIL.

Ottawa, April 19, 1871

DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE.

NOTICE TO FORWARDERS AND OTHERS.

LET PASSES, through to Lake Champlain, will be issued to Vessels, Barges, &c, by the Collector of Canal Tolls, Ottawa, on payment of Tolls.

LET PASSES will also be issued by the Collector of Canal Tolls, at Montreal, and at St. Johns, through to Ottawa, or to Ottawa Basin, on payment of Tolls.

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871. 1680a

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canded Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,

Corner Sussex and York-sts.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer

No. 67 Sussex-st.

OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m

LISGAR.

[L.S.] CANADA.

Victoria by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same in anywise concern.—Greeting:

A PROCLAMATION.

A. CAMPBELL, for the Attorney General, Canada. Whereas in and by an Act passed by the Parliament of Canada, in the Thirty-second and Thirty-Third years of Our Reign, being Chapter Twenty-four, and intituled: 'An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," it is amongst other things in effect enacted that our Governor in Council may, as often as occasion requires, declare by Proclamation that upon and after a day therein named the said Act shall be in force in any place or places in Canada therein designated within the limits or in the vicinity whereof any Railway, Canal or other Public Work is in progress of construction, or such places as are in the vicinity of any such Canal, or Railway, or other work as aforesaid, within which he deems it necessary that the said Act should be in force; and the said Act shall upon and after the day to be named in any such Proclamation, take effect within the places designated in such Proclamation; and further, that Our Governor in Council may, in like manner from time to time declare the said Act to be no longer in force in any of such place or places; and may again from time to time declare the same to be in force therein.

And whereas, it is expedient that the hereinbefore in part recited Act should be in force, in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described

Now therefore know ye, that we, by and with the advice and consent of our Privy Council for Canada, do hereby declare that upon and after the First day of June next hereafter, "An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," hereinbefore in part recited, shall be in force in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described, that is to say: Commencing at the point where the route now being opened to the Red River crosses the height of land which separates the waters' tributary to Lake Winnepeg, from these flowing into Lake Superior, and running from thence westwardly along the said route to the Eastern boundary line of the Province of Manitoba, to extend to a depth of ten miles on either side of the said route from the height of land to the United States' Boundary Line at Nequaquon Lake, and from thence westward to the Lake of the Woods, to embrace a depth of ten miles on the British side of the Boundary line aforesaid, to cover the whole area of the Lake of the Woods and the Islands therein in so far as they are within British Territory and a depth of ten miles around such portion of its shores as may be within British Territory, and from the North West angle of the Lake of the Woods, to extend ten miles on either side of the line of route until it meets the aforesaid eastern boundary line of the said Province of Manitoba.

Of all of which our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

In testimony whereof, we have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved, the Right Honorable John Baron Lisgar, of Lisgar and Bailieborough, in the County of Cavan, Ireland, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and a Baronet, one of our most Honourable Privy Council, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada, and Governor and Commander in Chief of the Island of Prince Edward. At our Government House, in Our CITY OF OTTAWA, this Fifth day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and in the Thirty-fourth year of Our Reign.

By Command,
J C AIKINS,
Secretary of State.

Ottawa, May 13, 1871 1671 3

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE.			MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY.		
A.M	P.M.	P.M.		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
...	12 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	....	4.20
......	12 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	....	4.20
....	....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	....	6.00
....	....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage.	8.00	....	6.00
10 15	12.15	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	....	4.20
10.15	12.15	....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	....	4.20
....	10.15	....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	....	4 20
10.15	....	....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	....	....	4.20
9 20	....	3.20	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	....	3.00
9.20	....	....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	....	....	7 00
10:30	....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	....
7 00	....	....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	....	....	7.00
6.15	....	....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	....	....	7 00
10.00	....	.....	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	....	....
6.00	....	....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	....	....	6 00
11.50	....	....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	....	....

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11 30 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12 A.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 3, 1871

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa
The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq.,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Nov last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Busines.

Claims Paid for Assurances....£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid. 2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of.... 6,570,000.00
Annual Income.............. 1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions of Policies.*

The *Non-forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

☞ Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW,
Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal

J.& W. T. Pennock,
Agents, Ottawa.

March 13, 1871 163a

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND LIFE

Continues to take risks on every description of property—including Wooden Houses—at similar rates with other first-class Companies.

LIFE

An inspection of its late Tables is invited.

T M CLARK,
Agent,
Elgin-st., near Sparks.

Ottawa, April 12, 1871 1638 1

THE METROPOLITAN

Building and Savings Society.

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa 13th December, 1870. 1540t1J71

o Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a ort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869:

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P,
Warden county of Hastings Province of Ontario, D Canada.

THE

EAGLE STEAM BAKERY,

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your orders are sollicited

AND WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO BY

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Root Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c, &c Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month,

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1604

Medical.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S

CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE

TEETH & GUMS

AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL

PARTS OF THE WORLD

PREPARED ONLY BY

MESSRS. GABRIEL.

DENTISTS

LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,

May 1 1871

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that at Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it. Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 3d June, 1871.

Authorized discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa, June 3, 1871

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.

W McKAY WRIGHT. F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 388y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Maltoch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor.
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every efficacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANE.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749i

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accounts accurately prepared. Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1595 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE CREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.

Montreal, March 1871 2 3m

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

☞ TEAS AND WINES, ☜

8 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

Railroads.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1 00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1.30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 4.30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2.00 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5.40 p. m., and at Sand Point, 6 30 p m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a m arriving at Brockville at 1 34 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 2.10 p m, and 6 20 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 3. 50 p m., 10.00 p.m, 6-15 p.m. 1.30 p.m.

Leave Sand Point

At 8.30 a.m., 11,30 a.m., 3.00 a m., 2.00 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a m, after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, June 6, 1871

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal:

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

LIGHT HOUSE SERVICE.

TENDERS will be received at this Department, at Ottawa, up to Noon of WEDNESDAY, the 21st JUNE next, for the construction of LIGHT HOUSES at the undermentioned places, in the Province of Ontario:

Salmon Point. P. E. County, Lake Ontario.
Middle Island. Essex County, Lake Erie.
Porphyry Point. Lake Superior.
Michipicoten Island. do.
Small Island, near Michipicoten Island Harbour.

Plans and specifications of all the required Works may be seen on and after the 1st June next, at the Department at Ottawa, and at the Office of S. RISLEY, Esq., Inspector of Steamboats, Toronto, at which places also Forms of Tender can be procured by intending Contractors.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Department Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 20th May, 1871. 1681 3

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON have ing purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables, and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND

☞ **FLOWER SEEDS.** ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO,
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks-st

Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE,

and carried on under the management of T. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel. Strict attention to business. Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871.

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.

J. A. GEMMILL,
Solicitor &c.

Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.

Ottawa, Feb. 21, 187

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 38 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES HANSON, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1687. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JUNE 9, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

Hardware.

BLY' H & KERR,

No. 1 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

☞All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oscola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deif Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Meta Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consists in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevels, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. &c. together with

PAINT OIL, ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, No 18, 1870

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.

Possession given 20th May.

Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere, near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET.

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)

Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.

Ottawa, April 17, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY

For particulars, apply to
THOS. PATERSON,
No. 26 Rideau street.

Ottawa, Feb, 16, 1871

TO LET.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land attached, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road. Also the Shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.

For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,

Ottawa, Feb, 16. 592tf

WANTED TO RENT.

A Comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, on the west end. Neighbourhood of Richmond Road preferred. Rent not to exceed $300 per annum, including taxes. Address B., post paid, Ottawa. Possession required by 15th June.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1679 3

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTURY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE.

CUSTOM'S DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 19th May, 1871.

Referring to the notice of 5th inst., of articles transferred by Order in Council, to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, it is decided that the term "Annatto" therein mentioned means "Annatto" in either a liquid or a solid condition.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa, May 27, 1871 1678 3

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. HERBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Address to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa.

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,

The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises

STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.

And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.

Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,

Next Door to F. McDougall & Co.

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colour Ktoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpacas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,

To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.

☞*There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.*☜

The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

—TO—

N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.

Ottawa, April 29, 1871 1652 3m

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE.

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,
Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 *RIDEAU STREET.*

☞ORDERS—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you. 1634 3m

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back township.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in its large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly, our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH

Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

G. A. SHELDON,

HATTER AND FURRIER,

Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive

HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT

In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.

G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.

A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1665 3m

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GASFITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull,	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon

Or
H. J. COLF,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

SELLING

OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES

OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
WINE MERCHANT,
☞ Elgin Street,

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

Dufresne & McGarity,

—SUCCESSORS —

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.

Sussex Street, OTTAWA.

221 Notre Dame St. MONTREAL.

The Undersigned have much pleasure in stating to their Customers and the Trade in general, that they have disposed of the RETAIL BUSINESS *which they heretofore carried on in connection with their Wholesale Trade; and it is now their intention to devote themselves exclusively to the*

Wholesale Grocery, Wine and Provision Business.

To enable them to do so efficiently, they have secured the premises next door to their present stand, (formerly occupied by Messrs. Finland & Draper, as a Dry Goods Store,) and connected the two buildings by an arch,—now making ONE OF THE FINEST WHOLESALE HOUSES IN THE PROVINCE.

They have secured Agencies for several of the first WINE HOUSES *in Europe; and are also Agents for* Messrs. GOODERHAM & WORTS, *Distillers of Toronto,—and they can safely say that Messrs. G. & W. make the finest Spirits in the Dominion.*

The trade supplied with all of the undermentioned ALES, either in Wood or Bottle, at Brewers prices.

Dow & Co's, Montreal, Pale and Mild Ales and Porter,
Cosgrove's, Toronto, " " "
Labatt's, Prescott, " " "
Dawes', Lachine, " " "

GUINNESS STOUT and ENGLISH ALES always on hand and in fine condition.

There is now on the way out from China and Japan, **2,000 Chests of Fresh Teas,** *which, with all other Goods, will be sold at* MONTREAL PRICES.

Goods will be delivered at Steamboat and Railway Stations free of charge. All empty packages charged in accounts will be taken back and allowed for, and those preferring to have their Goods shipped from the Montreal House, can have that privilege by leaving their orders at the office here.

The OTTAWA ESTABLISHMENT will be under the special management of MR. MCGARITY, *who will give his exclusive attention to the wants of his customers.*

Thanking you for the liberal patronage with which we have been so kindly favored, and soliciting an early call.

We remain, yours truly,

Dufresne & McGarity,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
"The Tea Pot,"
SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, April 19, 1871 1645 2m

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst,

Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

McGill University, Montreal,

SESSION 1871-72.

THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—

FACULTY OF ARTS.....September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE....October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW.....October 3rd.

The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.

The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.

In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered

First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Second Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.

The Calendar containing details of all the above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.

W. C. EAYNES,
Secretary.

May 31, 1871 1689 2awk 2m

HATS HATS!

HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street

☞OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

DOMINION HOUSE,

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumbermen of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House,
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

DIRECT FROM ENGLAND!

Just opened out a beautiful assortment of CARVED WOOD

BREAD PLATTERS!
BUTTER do., with glass dish!
SALT CELLARS, do do!
EGG TRAYS, do cups
FRUIT STANDS do dishes
BREAD KNIVES
BREAKFAST TRAYS!

The above are now in price, and elegant and useful adornments for the Tables, also

FISHING RODS,
TROLLING SPOONS,
FLIES, GIMP,
HOOKS,
BOOKS, &c, &c, &c.

We have just been appointed Agents for the ATLANTIC and PACIFIC SHIP PUMPS,

BROKENSHIRES PATENT.

These Pumps are now almost exclusively used on the Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence, and are adapted for Lumber Barges or the Ocean Steamship. Orders received.

New Stock Cooking Stoves, latest improvement, just arrived, at

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA.

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, April 29, 1871

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS-ST,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery &c, &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the Principal Money and Interest secured by a certain Mortgage, and bearing date the Eighteenth Day of AUGUST, A.D. 1869, and made between JOHN HARKNESS, of the Township of Gloucester, yeoman, of the first part, ANN JANE HARKNESS, his wife of the second part, and ROBERT MOSGROVE, of the City of Ottawa, Esquire, of the third part of all and, and singular that certain parcel or tract of lands and premises situate, lying and being in the township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of a part of West half of the rear or southerly part of lot number twenty-six, in the first concession, Ottawa front, of the said township of Gloucester, and may be described as sub lots fourteen and fifteen of the subdivision of the said part of said lot, number twenty-six, as shewn and laid down on a plan drawn by H. O. WOOD, P.L.S., of said part of said lot, number twenty-six, and bearing date the Sixth Day of JULY, A.D., 1869, and Registered in the Registry Office for the County of Carleton, on THURSDAY, the 29th day of July, A.D. 1869, said sub lots containing by admeasurement six acres be the same more or less

The said lands and premises will in pursuance of a power of sale contained as said Mortgage, be offered for sale at PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Law Office of Messrs. MOSGROVE & TAILLON, in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the Nineteenth Day of JUNE next, (A.D. 1871), at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon.

Terms and conditions to be made known at the time of Sale.

Vendor will covenant against his own acts only. All conveyances, searches, abstracts, &c., to be had at the purchasers expense.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Vendor's Solicitors.

Ottawa, May 15, 1871. 1666 3wtd

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, } To Wit. }

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of GENERAL SESSIONS of the PEACE, and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the Thirteenth day of JUNE, 1871, at the hour of Ten of the clock, a.m., of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. POWELL,
Sheriff.
By W. H. FALLS,
Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Ottawa, May 23, 1871 1679 d3&w2

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

Tailors & Gentlemen's Out-fitters

to

P. O'MEARA'S Restaurant,

RIDEAU STREET.

Messrs. P. & R. invite especial attention to their choice and select assortment of

Broadcloths
Doeskins,
English
Scotch, and
Canadian
Tweeds,

Next to P. O'MEARA, Rideau-St.

N. B.—Workmanship and fit guaranteed.

PRESTON & ROSWELL.

Ottawa April 18, 1871 1642tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Jrts,
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞Call and examine before giving your orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

CITY COUNCIL.

CITY HALL, Ottawa, June 5th 1871.

Present—His Worship the Mayor and Aldermen Baldwin, O'Connor, Bangs, Woodburn, Rowe, Mosgrove, Featherston, Cunningham, McDougal, Taillon, Kehoe, Heney, Lapierre, Martineau.

His Worship the Mayor presented the petition of James McChesney respecting sale of part of a lot for taxes; and that of David Russell for exemption from tax on income. Referred to the Assessment Committee.

Ald. Featherston presented the petition of M. Frechette and D. Cocker respecting arrears of taxes and that of Michael Hays respecting taxes. Refered to the assessement Committee—the petition of N. A. Armour and others for the continuation of Rose Street; that of Thomas Martin and others for a sidewalk on the East side of Dalhousie Street. Referred to the Board of Works; and that of J. Garland and others praying the By-law to restrain Cows from running at large. Referred to the By-law Committee.

Ald. Rowe, presented the petition of P. O'Meara, for reduction of taxes on vacant house. Referred to the Assessment Committee, and that of R. W. Cruice and others against the repeal of the Cow By-laws. Referred to the By-law Committee.

Ald. Cunningham presented the petition of Charles Huband and others against the repeal of the Cow By-law. Referred to the By-law Committee.

Ald. Woodburn presented the petition of James Hope and others against the repeal of the Cow By-law. Refeired to the By-law Committee; that of the Hon. Malcolon Cameron respecting taxes. Referred to the Assessment Committee; and that of J. H. Devise and others for a sidewalk in Slater Street. Referred to the Board of Works.

His Worship the Mayor presented the communication of Messrs. Scott, Ross and Stewart, advising the Council of an action in behalf of Burns Catwhrey for the recovery of the value of fifty three sheep alleged to have been destroyed by dogs within the City; and that of Edward McGillivray Esq. Chairman of the Board of the High School, asking for a grant for the current year, for the purpose of defraying extra expenditure and the purchase of a site for a new School house.

1.—Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Martineau that the Communication of Messrs. Scott, Ross and Stwart, be referred to the Finance Committee, with instructions to consult the City Solicitor about the matter in question.—Carried.

2.—Moved by Ald. Taillon, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that Edward McGillivray Esq., be heard at the Bar.—Carried.

Mr. McGillivray then addressed the Council.

3.—Moved by Ald. McDougal, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that R. W. Scott, M. P. P., be heard at the Bar.—Carried.

Mr. Scott addressed the Council.

3.—Moved by Ald. McDougal, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the communication of the Trustees of the Grammar School be received and referred to the Finance Committee and Board of Works.—Carried.

His Worship the Mayor presented the communication of James Ward Esq., Reeve of Renfew, asking for a Bonus to extend the Canada Central Railway to Pembroke.

4.—Moved by Ald. McDougal, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the communication of the Reeve of Renfrew just read, be received; and that a Committee be appointed to attend the meeting, to be held at Pembroke on the 20th instant, consisting of Aldermen Martineau, Featherston, Bangs, O'Connor, and the mover. Carried.

Ald. Martineau presented Report No. 6 of the Finance Committee.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

The Finance Committee, in this their sixth Report, beg leave to state, that having examined the following accounts and found them correct, they recommend that His Worship the Mayor be authorized to sign cheques for the same:

Police Department:		
E. J. O'Neil, 1 month's salary to 1st June...$	50 00	
Two sergeants, 1 month's salary at $45	90 00	
Nine policemen 1 month's salary at $40	360 00	
Market constable.....	40 00	
Messenger.....	40 00	
——$		580 00
Miscellaneous:		
Post-office account to 1st June, 1871.....	11 03	
City Clerk disbursements for June.....	28 03	
A. & A. H. Taylor, passage to Bowmanville	4 75	
St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway Co. passages of paupers.....	24 38	
A. W. Lang, whitewashing police station and police court, &c.....	20 81	
F. Rochon, coffins for paupers, &c.....	6 00	
Roche & Kelly, gas fitting in clerk's office, and repairing in police station.....	24 87	
Mitchell & Carrier, advertising bridges, lots &c.....	66 52	
Wm. Fraser, lighting 18 coal oil lamps and repairs.....	41 95	
N. Favreau, lighting 28 coal oil lamps, two months.....	112 00	
M. Bishoprick, senr., instalment on lot purchased to extend street and interest..	114 00	
J. G. Bell, 3 months' rent of registry office to 31st May, 1871...	40 00	
J. Beardwood, fencing Queen Company's lot	35 05	
J G Bell, printing for 3 months, including tax ledgers and Auditors' reports.....	209 98	
D M Grant, Assessor for 1871.....	400 00	
Wm Cousens, Assessor for 1871.....	400 00	
Pierre Marier, Assessor for 1871.....	400 00	
Ottawa *Times* printing 1,500 Water Works reports.....	82 00	
J F Gingras, translating Water Works reports.....	50 00	1541 98
Street Improvements:		
John Doyle, 654½ yds earth on Slater st..	45 81	
James Dunn, 45½ yds earth on Albert st..	3 18	
P O'Donnell, 600 yds earth on Albert st..	42 00	
John Langford, 671 yds earth on Metcalfe street.....	46 97	
John Saul, 1,748 yds earth on George and Clarence sts.....	122 36	
Richard Gorman, 8¾ tose Boulder stone broken in Cobourg street, at $6.50....	54 16	
D Masson, 771 yards earth on Slater st..	54 00	
Ottawa Gas Company, repairs to lamps.....	66 93	
John Neville 900 feet cedars at 5c.....	45 00	
Mens' time on streets for May $658,25.....		
Horse work on streets for May, $245.25...	933 50	
Isaac Cluff, repairs to Rideau Bridge.....	18 50	
———		$1492 41
Total.....		$4143 78

Your Committee have deducted the sum of seventy-five dollars and sixty-six cents from the account of the Gas Company, the same being made up of charges for matches and highwines, &c., for which the Corporation is not liable.

Respecting the application of Major Ross for a grant to the Garrison Artillery Band, your Committee do not feel disposed to recommend any appropriation for this purpose.

Your Committee recommend that the City Clerk be instructed to communicate with the Board of Common School Trustees, with the view of ascertaining if the said Board is willing to make an appropriation yearly towards paying the salary of the City Chamberlain's Assistant, for the work necessarily falling upon the Chamberlain, in receiving and paying out the monies of the Board of School Trustees, or otherwise, if they will be disposed to appoint a Collector and Treasurer of their own.

All respectfully submitted.

EUG. MARTINEAU,
Chairman:
C. R. CUNNINGHAM,
J. R. O'CONNOR,
F. McDOUGAL,
ALEX. S. WOODBURN.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

5. Moved by Ald. Martineau seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the 6th Report of the Finance Committee, just read, be received and adopted.—Carried.

Ald. Featherston presented Reports Nos. 9, 10, and 11, of the Board of Works.

The Board of Works respectfully present their 9th Report.

At the meeting of Your Worshipful Body, held on the 24th of April last, Your Board submitted their seventh Report, and therein recommended the building of a bridge across the Rideau Canal, in a line with Rideau and Wellington streets; likewise, the enlargement of the Sapper's bridge, by adding platforms thereto.

This Report was referred back with instructions to inquire into the desirability of taking down the Sapper's Bridge and building a wide bridge to extend over the space, that is contained between a straight line drawn in continuation of the north side of Wellington street, to the north side of Rideau street, and a straight line drawn in continuation of the south side of Sparks street, to the south side of Rideau street, and to obtain the City Engineer's Report thereon.

At the meeting of Your Worshipful Body held on the fifteenth ultimo, your Board presented the report of the City Engineer, prepared in accordance with the instructions given as aforesaid; and requested permission to employ an engineer of high professional standing to examine the same, and also all other plans and estimates relating to the bridging of the canal at Rideau street, and to report the best method of carrying out the said important and necessary work.

Your Worshipful Body granted the permission thus sought and your Board respectfully report that they have submitted all the plans and estimates aforementioned to Samuel Keefer, Esq., C. E., L. C., and they now present the report of that gentleman on the said work.

It is satisfactory to your Board to find that the opinion of Mr. Keefer does not greatly differ from the recommendations relating to the Sapper's Bridge, and to the proposed bridge in the same vicinity which are contained in the seventh report of your Board.

Your Board having well considered the report of Mr. Keefer, respectfully submit thereto, and recommend that the same be adopted by Your Worshipful Body; and that your Board be authorized to employ Mr. Keefer to prepare plans and specifications in accordance with his report, for a bridge across the canal in a line with Wellington and Rideau street the superstructure of which shall be built in the most durable manner, and also for the widening of the Sappers' Bridge in such a manner that the line of Sparks street shall be preserved.

Your Board would further recommend that as soon as the plans and specifications for the above mentioned works are prepared, as herein recommended, Your Board be authorized to advertise for tenders for the immediate construction thereof.

Your Board likewise recommend that, without delay, a memorial be presented by Your Worshipful body to His Excellency the Governor in Council, requesting a grant of such lands as may be required for the purpose of the proposed bridge across the Canal, in a line with Wellington and Rideau street; and also permission to carry out the widening of the Sappers' Bridge as set out in Mr. Keefer's Report.

All respectfully submitted.

J. P. FEATHERSTON,
Chairman.
JOHN HENEY,
W. KEHOE,
A. BALDWIN.

Ottawa, June 5th, 1871.

6. Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Kehoe, that the ninth Report of the Board of Works be received and adopted.—Carried.

(To be continued.)

☞After war pestilence and intemperance—colds lead to the greatest destruction of human life, mainly, because it is considered by many to be of no consequence and hence systematically neglected untill a simple, curable disease, is converted into a fatal pulmonary one. Everyone troubled with what is called a slight cold or cough, should immediately use Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—they allay irritation at once, and exert a most beneficial influence on all the Bronchial and Pulmonary organs. Sold by all Druggists and Country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box.

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD, and similar troubles, if suffered to progress, results in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

The TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in low localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than any other articles.

OBTAIN only BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, and do not take any of the Worthless Imitations that may be offered.

"TROCHES," SO-CALLED SOLD BY THE OUNCE, are a poor imitation and nothing like Brown's Bronchial Trochee, which are sold only in boxes with fac-simile of the proprietors.

JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

Outside wrapper of box, and private government stamp attached to each box.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF A OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurse in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine dealers. 25 cents a bottle. Office 215 Fulton street, New York; and 493 Oxford street, London.

Be sure and call for
"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the fac-simile of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

This care in putting up the Trochee is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Trochee.

PAPER HANGINGS.

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

S. H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Cheap Reading—Mr. Hauser.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, JUNE 9, 1871.

For interesting reading matter, see first page.

Mr. T. Ferguson, M. P., is in town.

Mr. Burton, M. P., is in the city.

Viscount Goderich is expected in town shortly. We believe he will be the guest of Sir John Macdonald.

We understand that rooms have been engaged at the Russell House, for the accommodation of Lord and Lady Ellesmere and *suite* who are expected to arrive here to-morrow.

Mr. Jackson, President of the Ontario Press Association was in town yesterday, for the purpose of making arrangements for the reception of the Association here, on the 20th inst. The members numbering about one hundred, will come here from Montreal by water, leaving for Brockville the next day.

GRIT PIC-NICS.

What the Grits call a "demonstration', came off at Strathroy on Monday last. It was in reality a sort of farmers' pic-nic, to which they with their wives and families were attracted, and for admission to which they were induced to pay ten cents each, by the promise of music by the band and speeches by Messrs. Mackenzie and Blake. There was nothing worthy of notice in the remarks made by these two worthies. There was the usual amount of abuse of Sir John Macdonald, the usual stereotyped expressions concerning every man who supported him, and, by way of novelty, some remarks concerning the Treaty of Washington. Sir John Macdonald was spoken of by Mr. Mackenzie as the "Canadian Commissioner," although the member for Lambton knows very well that there was no "Canadian Commissioner" appointed, that all the British Commissioners were placed upon the same footing, and he only makes use of this term in order to convey the impression that Sir John Macdonald was present in Washington as Premier and representative of the Dominion Cabinet. If any persons desire to read the speeches delivered by the two Grit leaders, let them read all the articles relative to the Treaty of Washington which have appeared in the columns of the *Globe* during the past fortnight, and their desire will be gratified. Mr. Mackenzie, however, took advantage of the opportunity to say a few words in his own praise, asserting among other things that he "would do right though the heavens should fall," a remark which was received with loud applause by all the holiday-seekers who heard him. Mr. Blake spoke warmly in favour of British connection, the "old flag," &c., a style of oratory which, however acceptable it may be to the yeomanry of Middlesex, will be anything but agreeable to Mr. Blake's Nova Scotian allies. We are not informed whether the affair was pecuniarily successful or not, though from the cheap nature of the entertainment given we should imagine that it must have been moderately so. Another pic-nic of the same kind is to come off at Woodstock next Monday, upon which occasion Messrs. Blake and Mackenzie will again appear and repeat their speeches. They will not succeed in making many converts, however. People may listen to and sometimes cheer them, but what Canadians want before their opinions can be at all swayed is a little calm argumentative discussion, to which neither of the two Grit orators are equal. As spouters of "bunkum" and "clap-trap" they are unequalled, but we question very much whether any one who reads their speeches from beginning to end, as we have done can find therein one single original thought or statesmanlike idea, likely to commend itself to the favourable consideration of our people.

THE CONDITION OF THE SOUTH.

Whatever may have been our views and sympathies respecting the late civil war in the United States, we should now regret to see any attempt on the part of the Southern people to throw off the authority of the Washington Government. So long as the United States are at peace, so long as they avoid any quarrel with a great European power, there is no more chance of the South winning its independence than there is of the Poles regaining their ancient position as a separate nationality.

Still, the present position of affairs in the Southern States, and the words lately used by Jefferson Davis and loudly applauded by his auditors at Augusta (Ga.), are not without their significance, nor will American statesmen, if they are wise, treat them with indifference. Ex-President Davis said:

He did not conceive that the principles of the lost cause were dead, or that the South should remain crushed. He counselled fortitude and patience, believing that the South could afford to be patient under her wrong, until a returning sense of justice achieved the rights of every freeman, a period to which he confidently looked. With his feelings, he was fearful to trust himself to speak, because he could not think one thing and speak another. He looked forward, however, to a time when he might with propriety speak to his fellow citizens as his heart moved him, and bade them farewell, expressing a hope that God would be with them.

We do not say that it was judicious on the part of Mr. Davis thus to seek to rekindle the embers of sectional strife, or to awaken hopes in the minds of the Southern people which may never be realized, but the fact that his remarks were so enthusiastically received, and the fact that though six years have passed since the fall of Richmond and the overthrow of the Southern Confederacy, the people are just as hostile to union with the North as they were when the armies of Lee and Johnson were in the field, proves very conclusively that the United States Government have not adopted the right course in order to bring about that unanimity of sentiment and cordial good will which alone can make the Union a reality, or insure a permanent peace. In the threatening proclamations which President Grant has seen fit to issue, and in the large increase which has taken place in the U. S. garrisons of the Southern States, we have sufficient evidence of the temper of the Southern people. Were it not for the presence of Northern troops, there can be no doubt that in South Carolina, Georgia, and other States, the authority of the United States Government would be set at naught and openly defied, and as it is, it would not be surprising if the Southern people were to attempt another rising, which, however speedily it might be quelled, could only be attended with most disastrous results. The N. Y. *Tribune*, a journal not likely to exaggerate the dangers of the situation says:

The most intelligent, the influential, the educated, the really useful men of the South, deprived of all political power, have come to look upon themselves as the outraged subjects of a despotic conqueror. Taxed and swindled by a horde of rascally foreign adventurers, and by the ignorant class, which only yesterday hoed the fields and served in the kitchen, they care nothing for politics except to throw off the oppressive yoke; they have no interest in national affairs; they would call themselves of either party, provided their rulers were only of the other. The refuse of Northern cities, who went southward after the war, out-at-elbows and destitute of character and and education, now roll in splendid carriages, drink rare wines, glitter with diamonds and steal taxes. It is no wonder that the impoverished planter, growing poorer every day, the ex-Confederate officer who fought so bravely for a cause in which he honestly believed, the professional men, accustomed all their lives to hold office and lead the public sentiment of their communities, look on these things with rancorous hearts. They might submit to be ruled by soldiers who had beaten them in battle; but here they are plundered by sutlers and camp followers.

When we see what the existence of sectional feeling has done for the United States, and how difficult it is to reconcile brethren who once have become estranged, we cannot but feel the necessity of discountenancing everything which savours of sectionalism in Canada. It is easy enough to arouse such a feeling, but when once kindled it is next to impossible to assuage it. The intolerance and imprudence of politicians from both North and South produced the late war, and gave birth to feelings of hostility between the people of the two sections which must for many a year prove a grave source of weakness to the American Republic. The policy of reconstruction has proved an utter failure, nor have American statesmen been able to devise any means whereby to reconcile the conquered Southerners to their Northern kinsmen. Seeing then what sectionalism has done for our neighbors, the people of this country would be blind indeed, if they failed to frown down and defeat by every means in their power, any efforts which may be made to arouse like passions here.

GENERAL BUTLER ON THE TREATY.

General Butler is still indignantly protesting against the Treaty of Washington. The members of the United States Senate who agreed to it, according to him, are nothing better than so many Benedict Arnolds who care nothing for the interests of their country. He says that the Canadians will entirely deprive New England fishermen of their mackerel. They will go to Cape May and follow the mackerel all up the coasts, and by means of their cheap vessels and untaxed supplies, be able to monopolize the market. They will also be able to catch their own bait, the "Menhaden" being only caught in American waters. The doughty General says:

"Now the duties which the American fishermen have to pay upon every article, from the fish hook to the anchor inclusive, are from thirty to forty per cent. When Canadian lumber came in free we could build our ships for about fifty-five to sixty dollars a ton, against forty to fifty dollars a ton, the cost of the Canadian vessel. *Now our fishing vessels cost eighty dollars a ton against forty-five in Canada.*

"The reduced wages paid to Canadian fishermen will tend to man American vessels by Canadian crews, so that the inevitable tendency will be to drive all American fishing vessels to be manned by Canadian crews, so that we shall be training up sailors for the British navy to be taken out of our vessels in the event of war either between us or a neutral power, under the British right of search which they have never abandoned, and about which we went to war in 1812."

And yet he has more than once tried to persuade the people of this country that they would be better off if they were annexed to the United States and had these duties to pay.

Further, General Butler contends:

"In opening our ports to British fish, free of duty, the treaty allows British fishermen to contend with ours in supplying our seaport cities with fresh fish. They may take the halibut from our waters, which is now a very large article of consumption, and bring it into our own ports in competition with our own fishermen. Not only that, but our whale fishermen and oil fishermen are to have British competition all over the world by the opening of our ports free to them.

"It has been declared by some that this question of free importation of fish is a matter of small consequence. The amount yearly is much greater than any supposed money value in the *Alabama* claims, the highest estimate of loss from which has been set at fourteen millions, while the value of our fisheries is over seventeen millions annually. Can a more inequitable bargain be stated?

"The treaty, as it now stands, will be ruinous to our fishing interests. If adopted it cannot be abrogated before twelve years, and that time will be sufficient to entirely destroy our business. It is claimed that it puts our fishermen in no worse position than they occupied during the reciprocity treaty from 1854 to 1866. That, however, is not so. Under the reciprocity treaty our fisheries were injured, it is true, but we supposed that our manufactures exported into Canada free of duty, and other advantages obtained through the treaty to the lumbering and other interests, which were pursued in the forests of Canada, were an offset to compensate that loss."

But the Halifax *Chronicle*, on the other hand, which used to agree with Butler in everything, and denounced the Dominion authorities for preventing American fishermen from intruding in our waters, now says Nova Scotia will be ruined by the treaty!

In dressing for photographs, dark brown, dark green, maroon and plain black goods, without gloss, will make a rich drab color. Silks of the same color will take considerably lighter. Snuff brown, dark leather, dark drab, scarlet, cherry, dark orange, crimson and slate will also take a rich drab color. Violet, blue, purple, pink and magenta will take very light, and should be avoided. The hair should not be very wet or glossy.

THE U. S. CENSUS.

We find in a recent number of the Chicago *Times* the paragraph which we subjoin:

"Taking the census in this country is a by no means easy task. The enumeration is still incomplete, and a year will probably have elapsed from the time the work was begun before all the returns are in. Another year or more may be consumed in printing the returns. But if the country is in possession of the whole results of the enumeration in two years' time, it will be sooner by four years than at any time previous, under the operations of the present law. The census of 1860 was not printed in book form until 1866, and that of 1850 not until 1859."

The enumeration of the United States census of 1870 began on the first of June of that year; and it appears from the above that it is not yet completed, having been in progress upwards of a year. But we fancy the parts of the country not yet taken must be exceptional, for we believe the ordinary time of the officers whose duty it was to enumerate the sub-divisions, was from eight to twelve weeks, against three or four, and, in particular cases, five weeks, in Canada, for the same system of taking the census.

The compilation and publication of the last two censuses of the United States appear to have taken a reasonably long time,—one over six years and the other nine. No such time as this, we believe, is contemplated for the same operations in the Canadian census.

We believe the Canadian Commissioners are now completing the revision of the information recorded, under the inspection of the staff officers; and that the returns are being rapidly sent in to the Department.

The fact of what is actually done elsewhere under circumstances precisely similar to ours, as respects territory, population, and the nature of the information required, may at least claim a moment's consideration from those who have undertaken to pronounce a premature judgment on the work which is being performed in the Dominion. According to our information this, so far from being imperfect, is more satisfactory than was hoped for.

SHIPPING.—Statement of sawed lumber shipped at the Port of Ottawa for month ending 31st May, 1871.

For ports in United States	24,459,926 feet.
For port of Montreal	2,662,542 feet.
For port of Quebec	4,945,267 feet.
	32,067,735

DOMINION NOTES.

There is an enormous rush of summer travel over the Great Western railway, the direction being from the east towards the seaboard. So great is the demand for accommodation in the Pullman cars that the express train which leaves Detroit and Windsor at night carries no less than ten sleeping-coaches, and an extra express train has been established which leaves two hours after the regular express.

Mr. James McDonald, member of the Nova Scotia Legislature, has been tried before the Supreme Court at Guysboro', N.S., and acquitted, on the charge of hiring a man to set fire to one of his buildings, for the purpose of defrauding the insurance company.

A fire occurred on Saturday on the premises of Mr. John Finlay of Norwood, by which $1,200 worth of property was destroyed. There was no insurance.

Alexander Meredith, Shoemaker, of Beaverton, was drowned on Saturday while bathing in Lake Simcoe.

A Halifax company is boring for oil with good prospects of success. Other companies are forming to carry on operations in the same locality.

The Recorder in Montreal is fining all convicted unlicensed saloon keepers the full fine, $50.

The laws, delays and disappointments are exemplified in the celebrated libel case of Col Gugy; which has been before the Quebec Courts for many years. He succeeded at last in obtaining $17,000 damages, but the verdict has been reversed by the Court of Review. The Colonel's passion for litigation should be satisfied by this time.

A new Masonic Lodge, called the Minden was opened at Kingston on Monday night.

The *Witness* is advocating the construction of a tunnel under the St. Lawrence, and points out some cogent reasons for the enterprise. It is a question of capital, and if it can be shown that such an investment would pay, the money for it, in these times of pecuniary plethora, would soon be forthcoming.

The Almonte *Gazette* has just spent $3,000 on a new power-press and outfit.

The Hamilton Horticultural Society are arranging for another of their grand floral exhibitions for Dominion Day, to be the finest of the series.

It is reported that an English company has been formed which will carry on shipbuilding operations at Welland on a most extensive scale. The company will build composite ships, as also those engines which have been tested in England, and which will propel a vessel of 400 tons burthen at the rate of 15 or 16 miles an hour on an expenditure of 50 lbs. of fuel for the same time. The company has secured from government the lease for a term of years of five acres of land in Welland.

The Norfolk Railway is again under discussion, and an attempt will likely be made to get a large bonus from the County of Norfolk in aid of the scheme.

OLLA PODRIDA.

"Coughing Hoss" is the Indian name for locomotive.

Why is a hay-rick like the 1st of May? Because it is made hay.

Messrs. Tinsley are also about to publish 'An Inside View of the siege of Paris,' by Mr. Henry Vizettelly, who has chiefly occupied himself with the domestic life of the Parisians during the siege.

The *United Service Gazette* says that the Admiralty has been pleased to direct that "Hymns Ancient and Modern" shall in future be issued to Her Majesty's ships, in lieu of the original hymn-book.

An Arkansas woman named Emily Sarah Lord is reported to have had nine husbands in ten years. Two died with suspicious suddenness; and three were divorced. What was become of the rest is not stated.

It is very much feared that the lake tunnel at Cleveland is destined to be a failure as it leaks so badly that it is impossible to prosecute the work from the shore end. It is proposed as a remedy to refill it with water and let it remain two or three months, by which time it is believed the lake will be stopped.

The principal Parisian diamond merchants are either French, German, or Dutch Jews though the two first are less connoisseurs than the Dutch, as they will never venture to buy high-priced diamonds after midday; they pretend that after breakfast the sight is not acute enough to distinguish first from second water.

In Dubuque the other day a man promenaded Main street, from one end to the other with two large rattle-snakes coiled about his neck, arms and shoulders.

The heat of the sun must have been terrific at Batavia the other day. A milk dealer, after washing his cans, placed them against the side of a house to dry, and the reflection of the sun upon them actually set the building on fire The man seems to have had an idea what was to happen for he had insured the house only three quarters of an hour previous.

A young lady of Bainbridge, N. Y., made a bargain with Curtis Cooper some fifteen years ago, whereby she was to have a 'ewe lamb and its increase untill she was 21 years old,' in exchange for a gold watch key. She was but six years of age at the time, and now sues Mr. Cooper for 18,065 lambs, or their value, which, at $4 per lamb, is $64,526.

The *Guardian* says that the Rev. J. A. Froude, the Historian has taken steps, under the Clergy Disabilities Bill to divest himself of his clerical designation.

Lorando Jones recently convicted at Parramatta, New South Wales, of blasphemy, and sentenced to two years' imprisonment for some coarse and insulting remarks concerning the authenticity of the Old Testament, has received a free pardon, and a bill has been introduced into the Sydney Legislature, repealing the law under which Mr. Jones was convicted.

The Commissioners of Woods and Forests have given a site of land on the Thames Embankment, adjacent to the Hungerford Bridge, for the erection of a monument to the memory of General Outram, the funds of which have been raised by private subscription of personal friends.

The number of visitors admitted to the International Exhibition in one week was—Season ticket holders, 28,650; on payment of 10s. 2,068. Total, 30,718. On the two first shilling days at the Exhibition the sale of the official catalogues was 2,380 and 2,080 copies respectively.

While diamonds are increasing in value, pearls seem to be depreciated. The famous pearl necklace bridal gift of the Empress Eugenie to the Princess Anna Murat, has been sold in London for 90,000 francs. The necklace was made by Lemonnier, and its original cost not less than 300,000 francs (£12,000.)

THE DYING AGONY OF THE COMMUNE

We obtain the following particulars of the closing scenes in the reign of the Commune from the London *Times* and other papers.

THE TUILERIES ON FIRE.

And so evening wore into night, and night became morning. Ah! this morning! Its pale flush of aurora-bloom was darkest, most sombre night for the once proud; now stricken and humiliated city. When the sun rose, what saw he? Not a fair fight—on that within the last year Sol has looked down more than once. But black clouds flouted his rays—clouds that rose from the Paladium of France. Great God! that men should be so mad as to strive to make universal ruin because their puny course of factiousness is run! The flames from the Palace of the Tuileries, kindled by damnable petroleum, insulted the soft light of the morning, and cast lurid rays on the grimy recreant Frenchmen who skulked from their dastardly incendiarism to pot at countrymen from behind a barricade. How the place burned! The flames revelled in the historical palace, whipped up the rich furniture, burst out the plate-glass windows, brought down the fantastic roof. It was in the Prince Imperial's wing, facing the Tuileries Gardens, where the demon of fire first had his dismal sway. By 8 o'clock the whole of this wing was nearly burnt out. As I reached the end of the Rue Dauphine the red belches of flames were bursting out from the corner of the Tuileries facing the private gardens and the Rue de Rivoli the rooms occupied by the King of Prussia and his suite on the visit to France the year of the Exhibition. There is a furious jet of flame pouring out of the window where Bismarck used to sit and smoke. Crash! Is it an explosion or a fall of flooring that causes this burst of black smoke and red sparks in our faces? God knows what hell-devices may be within that burning pile: it were well surely to give it a wide berth.

COMMUNIST HUNTING.

I turn from the spectale sad and sick, to be sickened yet further by another spectacle. Versaillist troops collected about the foot of the Rue St. Honore, were enjoying the fine game of Communist hunting. The Parisians of civil life are caitiffs to the last drop of their thin, sour, white blood. But yesterday they had cried "Viva la Commune!" and submitted to be governed by this said Commune. To-day they rubbed their hands with livid, currish joy to have in their power to denounce a communist and reveal his hiding-place. Very eager at this work are the dear creatures of women. They know the rat-holes into which the poor devils have got, and they guide to them with a fiendish glee which is a phase of the many-sided sex. *Voila!* the braves of France returned to a triumph after a shameful captivity! They have found him, the miserable! Yes, they drag him out from one of the purlieus which Haussmann had not time to sweep away, and a guard of six of them hem him round as they march him into the Rue St. Honore. A tall, pail, hatless man, with something not ignoble in his carriage. His lower lip is trembling, but his brow is firm and the eye of him has some pride and defiance in it. They yell—the crowd—"Shoot him; shoot him!"—the demon-women most clamorous, of course. An arm goes into the air; there are on it the stripes of a non-commissioned officer, and there is a stick in the fist. The stick falls on the head of the pale man in black. Ha! the infection has caught; men club their rifles and bring them down on that head, or clash them into splinters in their lust for murder. He is down; he is up again; he is down again; the thud of the gun-stocks on him sounding just as the sound when a man beats a cushion with a stick. A certain British impulse, stronger than consideration for self, prompts me to run forward. But it is useless. They are firing into the flaccid carcase now, thronging about it like blow-flies on a piece of meat. His brains spurt on my boot and plash into the gutter, whither the carrion is bodily chucked, presently to be trodden on and rolled on by the feet of multitudes and wheels of gun carriages.

ARREST OF WOMEN.

Friday Morning.—The barricade fighting has by no means been so awful a thing as we have been led to expect, for windows have not been used to any great extent to fire from, and a high wall of sandbags is ample protection for a dozen men. On my return homewards I met many parties of prisoners being conducted to prison—a great many of them well dressed men with silver-head walking-sticks and patent leather boots. There was one group defiling down the Rue de la Paix that was of peculiar interest, calling down even a greater number of curses and hisses than usually accompanies their progress. It consisted of some twenty or thirty girls well dressed and pretty, shopwomen of a sewing-machine establishment, who were accused of having inveigled a company of soldiers within their doors, and, after dallying with them like Judiths, of having poisoned them all in wine. The young ladies tripped along surrouded by a cordon of guards smiling on the crowd that was execrating them, and marching gaily to the Place Vendome, where they probably were shot. The French certainly are an extraordinary people, for even in the midst of shells and bloodshed *cocottes* are at a premium, and out at an early hour; with bouquets in their hands they were smiling in expectation of returning customers.

Further on, in spite of falling shells, an old women was crying crabs and shrimps for sale. The Halles Centrales were crowded with market people and purchasers of meat, vegetables, fruit, cherries green gooseberries, fresh fish and flowers in profusion.

ONE OF THE MOST NOTABLE PROPERTIES OF DR. WHEELER'S ELIXIR OF PHOSPHATES AND CALISAYA is its sustaining power during active mental and physical exertion. Business men, Editors, Clergymen, Lawyers, Physicians, and all classes engaged in any occupation requiring great application and consequent fatigue, will find this remedy invaluable, as it will enable them to accomplish their work with comparative ease. Any one trying a bottle will find this statement fully sustained. Phosphate of Lime is an active agent of nutrition, constituting more than fifty per cent. of the system; Phosphoric Acid, a powerful Nerve Tonic; Phosphate of Iron, a blood maker; and Calisaya, an agreeable supporting stimulant The combination of these remedies forms a Nutritive Tonic or Chemical Food, and nourishes and vitalizes the constitution in the same manner as an article of diet. Sold by all druggists,

EVANS MERCER & CO.,
Wholesale Agent.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

THE NIAGARA CAMP.

Special Telegram to the Times.

NIAGARA, June 8.

The camp here is a great success Nearty five thousand (5000) assembled and are ready for service. Perfect order and discipline exists under strict military rules. The troops are all at drill early this morning. The camp is well formed, with great regularity, and presenting a beautiful appearance. The officers and men are working cheerfully and are all delighted.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 8.

The Wimbledon team arrived to-day. They put up at the St. James' Hotel this afternoon, and proceeded to the butts at Point St. Charles for practice, accompanied by Lt. Col. Baird, Prince of Wales rifles, Col. Osborne Smith, Capt. Esdale, and a number of other Montreal officers. Two of the team, Dr. Oronhyatickha and Capt. Bell, fired against time. The best judges pronounce the firing most wonderful. The former struck the target at the 200 yards range 19 times consecutively in two minutes. Capt. Bell struck the target at the same range 22 times in two minutes. Each made bull's eyes or centres every time. They had high winds in the face during the fire. The best shots here agree that no such score was ever made in the Province of Quebec. The team were entertained this evening at Martin's Carleton Club, Notre Dame street, by the officers of the City Volunteers. They proceed to Quebec to-morrow after another practice at the butts. They are in high spirits with their reception here.

To-day being the festival of Corpus Christi, the courts and all public offices are closed. The Roman Catholic Indians of Caughnawaga are holding great festivities in honour of the day. The procession of *fete Dieu* takes place next Sunday.

Nestro Angelas was drowned in the river, while crossing to St. Lambert's in a boat yesterday, he was clerk in Messrs. Austin's, wholesale grocers, St. Helen's street.

In consequence of the coming elections, the volunteers of the Montreal district will not go to Laprairie on the 27th inst., as previously arranged.

Midnight Despatches.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 7.—The *Nevada*, the initial steamer of Webb's American Line to Australia ran from San Fransisco to Honolulu in seven days and sixteen hours.

The *City of Melbourne*, the first of the New English Line, was 11 days on her trip from Honolulu to this port, and in thirty-three from Sydney. When she left Sydney it was not yet known there, that the *Nevada* had started and the supposition was she would not start.

BERLIN, June 7.—The Emperor of Russia and his son Alexis, with a brillant staff have arrived in Berlin. They were received at the station by the Emperor William and staff, and escorted to the Palace by the Imperial Guard.

NEW YORK, June 7.—The steamships *Manhattan* from Liverpool, and the *India* from Glasgow, have arrived

LONDON, June 8.—The race for the Ascot gold cup resulted as follows:—Mr. T. Lombard's colt A. Mortimer, by Compeique, out of Countess, bred in France, 6 years old, 1st; Mr. Delamere's B. F. Verdure, by West Australian, out of Vermielle, 3 years old, 2nd; Mr. Johnston's Br. C. Bothwell, by Stockwell, out of Katherine Logie, 3 years old, 3rd. Seven horses ran.

Late advices from the Cape of Good Hope are to the effect that the account from the diamond fields are still encouraging.

The St. Petersburg *Journal* recites the formal presentation to Czar of the imperial Order of Osmanli, instituted by the present Sultan in 1861. The presentation was made by the Turkish Ambassador. Speeches were made upon the occassion and the comments of the *Journal* upon the ceremony fully confirm the general belief that the relations of the two countries are excellent.

PARIS, June 8.—The Marquis of Galifet was assassinated to-day by the widow of one of the Communists whom he had ordered to be shot.

LONDON, June 8.—The House of Commons to-night was engaged in a long debate on the Army Regulation Bill.

Mr. Cardwell defended the clause abolishing the sale of military commissions.

An incidental vote, while it did not decide the question of abolition, showed the Government had a majority of 177.

CLEVELAND, O., June 8.—A brakesman named Jones fell from a freight train on the Lake shore road early this morning, and had both his legs severed and his body badly mangled. Hearing a passenger train approaching, and fearing it would run over him also, he stabbed himself 222 times in his breast and left arm with a poc et knife, but the engineer of the passenger train saw him and stopped the train, but the man died soon afterwards.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, June 8.—Carlotta Patti arrived from Panama and started for England.

The Indian engineers have begun the work necessary for the irrigation of the soil.

Despatches from Aspinwall, June 6, state that another engagement had taken place at Lilpa, State of Boyaca, between the Government troops and the Insurgents, in which the former were victorious, driving the latter on all sides, and inflicting great slaughter.

The Insurgents have been disbanded, and the Government party is again secure in power.

The ship *Illinois*, from New York for San Francisco, foundered at sea. The crew were saved.

News from Panamento of the 5th of June have been received. The Catholic Bishop had arrived, The bark *Chester* was wrecked on Turk's Island. The United States steamer *Resaca* has returned to Panama disappointed at not discovering a canal route. She will return to the United States shortly.

Advices from Trinidad are to May 28. The Indians are engaged in religious festivities similar to those of the Hindoos. A part of the ceremony is for devotees to walk through fire. Immense crowds witness the ceremonies.

NEW YORK, June 8.—At the Prospect Park races to-day 8,000 spectators were present. The great attraction of the day was the race for the $4,000, free to all horses: $2,000 to the first, $1,000 to the second, $600 to the third, and $400 to the fourth.

Lucy Golds with Maid, American Girl, and George Palmer, started. The Girl won the 1st heat in 2:20, and the Maid the next three in 2:20½, 2:21, 2:22¼.

The second race was for a purse of $750 for horses that never beat 2:40. Six started. Fleetwood was winner of the first heat in 2:31½, and Seafoam took the next 3 in 2:32½, 2:32¾ and 2:32¼.

NEW ORLEANS, June 8.—The water on Clayborne street at the canal has fallen a foot. Twelve steam fire engines will commence throwing out the water to-morrow, and if no further rains occur the city will be relieved of the overflow in a few days.

VERSAILLES, June 8.—In the Assembly to-day the debate on the removal of the political disabilities of the Orleans Princes, adjourned from Monday, was resumed.

The Committee reported in favour of abolishing the law proscription, when Thiers rose and said he had opposed the abrogation of the law because he believed such action would be dangerous. He only assented to the views of the Committee on the Princes engaging not to sit in the Assembly and not to enter into any intrigue against the Republic. The safety of the Republic had been confided to him and he should not betray the trust.

The Assembly then voted to abrogate the law proscription by 484 yeas to 103 nays, and proceeded to declare valid the elections of Duke A'Daumale and Prince de Joinville to seats in the Assembly, by a vote of 448 to 113.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, June 7—The steamship *Atlanta* has arrived from New York.

The weather throughout England is fair but unfavourably for the crops.

NEW ORLEANS, June 7.—There was a strong south-east wind with rain via Lake Port Chartrain this evening. The water in the city has fallen two inches in the past twenty-four hours, and is now three inches below the high water mark. The neutral ground on Canal street is clear of water nearly to Clayboro street; besides the police and charity boats there are hundreds of small crafts engaged in the passage of traffic, and are as thick around the neutral grounds on Canal street as the vehicles at a race course. Five thousand loaves of bread and other articles in proportion are distributed daily.

A disagreeable odour arises all along the border of the overflowed district from stagnant water, and decaying vegetable and animal matter.

VERSAILLES, June 8.—In the National Assembly to-day the motion for the prolongation of Thiers' term of office as Chief Executive of France was postponed until after the completion of the supplementary elections to the Assembly.

It is authoritively announced that Thiers favors the Republic for the future Government of the country.

It is reported that General Rossel and M Courbet, of the Commune, have been unearthed in Paris.

The court martial for the trial of insurgents has not yet been convened.

The *Official Journal* ascribes the insurrection to the congregation by Napoleon of 300,000 workmen in Paris.

LONDON, June 8th.—It is rumoured that Count de Chambord has arrived at Boulogne.

Jules Mires, the celebrated French banker, is dead.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 7.—The report that the Russian campaign against Khiva has been successfully terminatad, is confirmed.

PARIS, June 7.

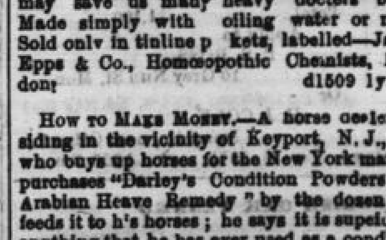
The funeral ceremonies to day, over the remains of five clerical victims of the Commune were solemn and impressive. Notre Dame was grandly arranged. The central object in solemn pomp was a gorgeous catafalque, containing the remains of the Archbishop, surrounded by minor structures bearing the corpses of Dueguery, the cure of the Madelaine Suret, the Grand Vicar of the diocese, and Becourt of Sebastion. The coffin of the Archbishop was covered with the pall of black velvet, embroidered and enriched with a massive silver cross. Thousand of tapers were burning in silver chandelabra, and the incense vessels were also silver. The floor was covered with black cloth and the pulpit was covered with black gauze, bespangled with silver stars. The transepts 150 feet wide, appeared like huge recesses; black drapery covered every statue except those of the Virgin and child and St. Denis, the first Bishop of Paris; in the midst of all were the black and charred remains of the bishop's chair and his throne also half burned, from which the Communists endeavoured to burn the cathedral. It was and will be left intact as a momento of crime. Along the route of the procession windows and streets were crammed with spectators, bells were tolling, a salute of guns was fired, a strong force of regulars with reversed arms and muffled drums were in the procession. The funeral-car of the Archbishop was covered with silver, and was drawn by 6 horses; another beautiful car containing the remains of Suret, followed in procession and reached the cathedral at 10 o'clock. The church inside was crowded with a number of the assembly, Priests and Sisters of Charity. At 11 o'clock, priests deputies, with military music left the church and proceeded to the great doors, which were draped in black to meet the coffins, chanting then commenced, and outside was heard the beating of drums, pealing of trumpets, and roaring of cannon. At the elevation of the host, firing was repeated. The altar was magnificently decorated and the service was long and solemn. McMahon, Duray, Vinoy, Ladmirault, and Favre, were present.

CURE YOUR HORSES.—It is to the interes of all who own horses to keep them in a healthy and sound condition; experience has proved that 'Darley's Condition Pow- and Arabian Heave Remedy' is the most efficacious, it has been used by thousands who will cheerfully confirm this statement. For Heaves, Coughs Colds, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses it has no equal, nor is it equalled as a condition medecine; it purifies the blood, corrects and improves the appetite and softens the skin; in fact, so great is the improvement in the condition and appearance of the animal as to have led many to doubt if it could be the same horse. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medecine dealers.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AN COMFORTING.—The very agreeable characte of his preparation has rendered it a genera favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopothic Chemists, London d1509 ly

HOW TO MAKE MONEY.—A horse dealer residing in the vicinity of Keyport, N. J., and who buys up horses for the New York market, purchases "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" by the dozen and feeds it to his horses; he says it is superior to anything that he has ever used as a condition medicine, that the horses are so much more improved by its use as to sell more readily and command higher prices. Two other horse dealers, one residing at Huntingdon, the other at Glen Cove, L. I., also purchase it by the dozen and for the same purpose; those men, as well as many others similarly engaged, know too well the value and importance of this medicine ever to be without it Remember the name, and see that the signa

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.



Husband:—I shall know then better hereafter, Druggists and Storekeepers are doing not only themselves a great deal of harm, but their customers also by inducing them to buy an article unknown and without merit. Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER has been before the public for over thirty years, it is known in every quarter of the earth, and is sold by every Druggists and most storekeepers and grocers. As a Cholera specific and Diarrhœa medicine, its reputation has no parallel. I am surprised that we have lived so many years without it.

Wife:—Charles, the reason is you you have been taking whatever the storekeeper would recommend, we have always had a bottle o Pain Cure or Reliever or Pain Remedy or som such trash in the house we have tried them over and over again.

Husband:—And that is just the reason I objected to try the PAIN-KILLER an my Rheumatism, thought it was like those other things a humbug

(*To be continued.*)

Be sure and get the genuine PAIN-KILLER, only 25 cts. per bottle. Beware of counterfeits.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

For sale by private contract, a very superior

FAMILY CARRIAGE,

(QUITE NEW),

Made By DUHAMEL,

OTTAWA.

This vehicle beautifully finished, and took the first Prize at the Ottawa, Agricultural and Horticultural Society's Exhibitions of 1870.

On view for a few days at the British Lion Hotel Yard, Sparks-st., Ottawa

For further particulars apply to
A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685tf

FOR CHEAP READING, GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

☞ Terms, 40cts. per month.

Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

FESTIVAL OF

ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST.

GRAND CONCERT

—AND—

DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE

—AT THE—

CANADIAN INSTITUTE,

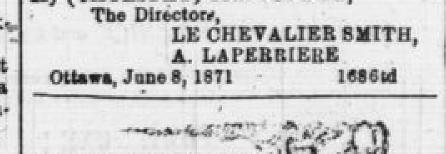
ON MONDAY, 26th JUNE, 1871.

Admission..........25cts.
Tickets for Reserved Seats..........40cts.

To be had at the Institute where a diagram of the Seats can be seen from and after this day (THURSDAY) until SUNDAY,

The Directors,
LE CHEVALIER SMITH,
A. LAPERRIERE

Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686td



12th JULY, 1871.

ORANGE CELEBRATION.

An EXCURSION TRAIN will run from CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION, Ottawa, to Brockville, calling at all Way Stations on 12th prox, returning same day.

Fare from Ottawa, 75cts.

Due notice of time of departure and arrival will be published.

H. ABBOTT

Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686tf

FRESH! FRESH FRESH!

SALMON.

The first of the Season just received, at
MOSES LAPOINTE'S,
Fish Dealer,
Lower Town Market.

N. B.—All kinds of Lake, River, and Sea Fish, always on hand

Ottawa, June 7, 1871 16851

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL.

The most beautiful site in the neighbourhood of the Capital, and the most pleasant and convenient place about Ottawa, for Pic Nics, &c.

A large covered Platform, raised eight feet from the ground, and capable of accommodating 4 000 persons, is admirably suited for Dancing, for Dramatic Soirees, and such like entertainments.

The Refreshments and Liquors to be had on the grounds are of the best quality.

Pleasure parties could not find a more comfortable and pleasant place to enjoy themselves.

At night the Gardens are well illuminated. Once properly known they will be regarded as indispensable during the summer season. There will be a Dancing School in the Gardens every THURSDAY night, except when occupied by a Pic-nic.

Hull, June 7, 1871 1685 2m

FURNISHED APARTMENTS TO LET

Two or three gentlemen can obtain good Bed Rooms, and a well furnished Parlor, in a respectable private residence, close to the Parliamentary Buildings, with Breakfast if required. Terms moderate. Address, Office of this Paper.

Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685 3

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Side-Wheel Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf

G. LORENZ,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS O

FRUIT,

VEGETABLES,

SODA WATER,

GINGER ALE,

&c., &c., &c.

Has now on hand a First-Class Assortment of

BANANAS,

PINE APPLES,

LEMONS,

COCOANUTS,

&c., &c., &c.

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET,

—AND—

58 SPARKS STREET,

OPPOSITE BRITISH LION HOTEL.

G. LORENZ.

Ottawa, June 2, 1871

LO AL NEWS.

Just received a case of Ladies Hats in latest and most fashionable styles at Allan' McKinnons & McMorrans.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

The mercury was about 90° in the shade yesterday.

A few drops of rain fell about noon yesterday.

The people of Lower Town want their sidewalks repaired.

This is the morning to get Mudpouts and Maskinonges at the market.

A raft of timber was towed down last night.

What is Ottawa going to do on Dominion Day? Will the Council appoint a "Celebration Committee?"

Water Works would have been a blessing yesterday; every person that opened his mouth was in danger of being choked with dust.

The arrivals of immigrants during the last few days have not been numerous. There is still a large demand for labourers of all kinds.

SALE BY AUCTION OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—Mr. Birmingham will sell at his Auction Rooms to-day, at 11 o'clock, a quantity of household furniture, &c., the property of a gentleman leaving the country. He will also sell some buggies, carts, waggons, and two pleasure boats.

New Dress Goods, &c., at Allan, McKinnon s & McMoran's.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

PREPARING FOR DOMINION DAY.—No. 1 Ottawa Fire Company took their engine down to the Canal Basin, last evening for practice. They have a good engine and good muscle with which to work it, which, no doubt, they will make other competitors sensitl of, on Dominion Day at Prescott.

CIRCULATING LIBRARY. — Mr. Hauser's News Depot, Rideau street, is the best place in the city to get newspapers and periodic of all kinds. He also keeps a good c lating library. The *Canadian Illustrat News* and *Hearthstone* can be had to-day.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—E Jackson, President Press Association, Newmarket; C Bender and wife, Toronto; R J inning, do; B Henry, Montreal; W F Carriere, do; Alex Fraser, Westmeath; Kuggles Wright, Aylmer; E Harrington, Arnprior; J Rosamond, Almonte; J MacLaren, Buckingham; George Childs, Montreal; G W Weaver, do.

Ottawa is to have a bathing house soon. So much in the way of civilization. What enterprising gentleman will undertake to give the capital a suitable opera house. If one were erected we might expect to be favoured with visits from good troupes. Skating rinks are not generally built with a view to acoustic effect.

THE DUST yesterday was actually intolerable. It was blown about in dense blinding clouds which made it almost an impossibility to walk or ride in the streets. Watering carts seemed useless on Wellington and Duke streets where perfect hurricanes of lime stone dust made it almost dangerous to breathe, and those who could afford to do so shut their eyes and "went it blind." Why is Elgin street between Sparks and Wellington never visited by the water carts.

ANCIENT ORDER OF FORESTERS.—A meeting which was largely attended was held on Tuesday evening at the St. Georges Hotel, Rideau street, in connection with the above order. Important business was brought before the meeting, and a number of persons were present who wished to become members of the Society as soon as it was formed. At the conclusion of the business the meeting adjourned until Wednesday evening, June 21st, when all persons wishing to become Foresters are invited to attend at the St. Georges Hotel, Rideau steeet, where all information in connection with the above order can be obtained.

LARCENY.—Mrs. Pautrie the proprietress of a house of assignation in Ottawa, was brought before the Police Magistrate yesterday afternoon, charged with keeping a house of ill-fame and fined $20 and one week in goal. She offered to pay down £20 to be let go without spending the week in gaol.

Two inmates of the house will be tried this morning, at the Police Court, and also a carter on the charge of stealing money from a raftsman. It appears the cabman had driven the raftsman to the above house, and as the latter took out his pocket-book to pay the fare, snatched it and drove off at full speed.

CHAUDIERE AND HULL.—Nothing of more than ordinary importance has transpired at either of these thriving places during the last few days. The mammoth mills are in operation night and day preparing the "kings of the forest" for shipment to the American markets, and a few rafts have passed through the slides. Immense fields of sawn umber are accumulating notwithstanding the magnitude of the quantities daily shipped off. Mr. Baldwin's new mill will be working shortly. Mr. Eddy's new factory is being rapidly erected. Election excitement in Hull does not run very high; and each party considers the success of their candidate as beyond doubt.

FRUIT, &c.—Mr. G. Lorenz is now the proprietor of the two best fruit shops in the city, and for the convenience of his numerous customers he has located one on Sussex street, Lower Town, and the other on Sparks' street, Centre Town. It is needless to say that he has always on hand a large supply of all kinds of superior fruit, and his soda water fountain is becoming very popular.

DOMINION DAY.—Prescott is going to celebrate Dominion Day in good style. The corporation has voted a large sum of money for the occasion, and good premiums will be offered for competition in several games, sports, &c. A premium of $75 is to be competed for by five Companies, and we understand it is the intention of the Ottawa Fire Company of this city to go to Prescott with a view to bringing off the $75 if possible. Mr. Luttrell, with his characteristic liberality, has offered to take their engine, &c., out and back free of charge. Several Fire Companies from different Canadian and American cities are to enter the ranks of competition, but we feel sanguine that the Ottawas will sustain their reputation in the contest.

DISGRACEFUL STATE OF THINGS.—Some wretched drunken women made the police station, where they were confined, seem like a den of fiends last night. Their language, actions, and cries were utterly disgusting. One was arrested for squandering her husband's hard earned wages for liquor and threatening to stab him when he remonstrated with her. Crime among females is increasing at an alarming rate in this city, and vigorous action is necessary to repress it. A woman reeling about the streets drunk is quite a common sight now-a-days.

SEVERE ACCIDENT.—Yesterday, a young man named Thomas Simmons, met with an accident in a saw mill at Carleton Place by falling on a circular saw while in motion. The saw entered his left side, making a terrible wound and cutting through several ribs; and also inflicting a severe injury on the left arm, dividing it nearly through. He was brought to the city, and placed in the Protestant Hospital, under the care of Dr. McGillivray. At a late hour last night he was progressing favourably.

POLICE COURT.

Thursday, June 8.

Mary Aubin, Catherine Dubois, Catharine Maloney and Mary Anne Smith, were charged with vagrancy. They are four young girls and had been up to the court before for the same offence. They were found on Wednesday night at a late hour wandering about the streets. The first was sentenced to one month, the second to six weeks, the last two to two months imprisonment at hard labour.

Thos Tallon was charged with having a defective chimney in his house. He was given time to repair it.

Thos. Kain, charged with drawing loading without license was given a few days to take out license.

Martin Hickey for leaving his horse loose on the streets was fined $1 and costs.

CHARIVARI CASE.

Dr. Malloch being sworn, deposed that he was called to attend to Egar Dunlevie on the night of the occurrence. He had lost about half pint of blood, and some still continued to ooze from his side where I found six bullets had penetrated skin. One which I extracted was lodged under the skin about two inches from place of entrance. I dressed his wounds: he is now suffering from fever, accompanied by delirium. He is not able to leave the house. He could not stand.

John Clarke, one of the party in the affray, gave evidence as to the manner in which the occurrence took place. He said he was about twelve feet from the house when the shot was fired. Dunlevie was about four feet from the flash of the gun. Did not know who fired the shot. Saw a man on verandah about 7 feet from Dunlevie. Could not recognize the person. Was at Chirivari with about 40 other young men between the ages of 16 and 18 years.

George Hunton—Remembered the occasion in question. Knows Wyatt and Edgar Dunlevie. Saw Dunlevie in Mr. Wyatt's yard on night in question. He went in through the gate, which is about 14 feet from the verandah of the house. Saw some person walking up and down on the verandah, but could not say who it was. Had heard that on previous night they had made a lot of buns with jalop in them to give boys. Know Dunlevie was wounded by shot fired. I put my hand on his body and found his clothes wet with blood. Dunlevie is generally not very quiet. He cannot see well even in day time. Dunlevie went in to ask for money. He volunteered to do so. There were no stones thrown. No noise made on fence, and no shot fired by any party. The instruments used were horns, bells, &c. Don't know whether Dunlevie spoke to Wyatt or not. Dunlevie was to ask for $7 to treat the crowd.

Chief of Police Langrell arrested Wyatt on the night of the occurrence. On entering his house I said "we are on an unpleasant mission." He answered that he expected us; he said he would come with us as soon as he put on a collar; he offered to make a statement of the affair, but I told him I did not wish to hear it. On the morning after his arrest he said in the police station that he was only about eight feet from Dunlevie when he fired the shot, and felt disappointed when he (Dunlevie) did not fall. He thought the women had played a trick on him by taking the shot out of the gun, or that the shot must have struck him on the side and glanced off. Wyatt was very calm.

The case was then adjourned for a month and Wyatt let out on bail, himself in $500 and two sureties, Messrs. Slocombe and Satchell, in $250 each.

PRESENTATION.

The following address accompanied by a fine meerschaum pipe was presented to Mr. John Litle on the occasion, a few days back, of his departure from Grenville, as a slight token of the esteem entertained towards him by the donors. Mr. Litle had been in the employ of the Ottawa River Navigation Company at Grenville, and has now been removed to Ottawa as agent for that company:

To John Litle, Esq., Agent of the O. R. N. Company:

DEAR SIR,—We, your friends and acquaintances of this village and vicinity, having only recently heard of your intended departure from amongst us, cannot allow you to leave us without expressing our admiration of the manner in which you have conducted yourself while amongst us. But while regretting your departure, we feel pleased to know that our loss is your gain inasmuch as the honorable company which you so ably represent here, have also appreciated your valuable services by removing you to the important position of their representative to Ottawa. And as a parting token we beg that you will accept this Meerschaum Pipe, which may you long enjoy in memory of us.

A. PRUDHOMME.
T. S. HIGGINSON.
T. BROPHY.
JAMES MURPHY.
E. ROSAMOND.
C. J. STEERS.
C. L. GEMMILL.
W. KAVANAGH.
JAMES FERGUSON.
D. WILLIAMSON.
E. PARENT.
GEO. SCHNEIDER,
and many others.

THE ELTHAM MURDER.

The Eltham murder still remains, and apparently is likely to remain a mystery which will as completely baffle our police as did the murder of Emma Jackson. It is one of those cases which are the most difficult of all to unravel, because they have about them nothing sufficiently sensational to stimulate extreme vigilance of investigation. In all its details, from beginning to end, the crime appears to have been as low and commonplace in its conception as it was brutal in its execution: and it is more than probable that the vulgar and almost animal stupidity of the murderer will prove in the long run his real safeguard. The facts of the case, so far as they have been elicited, are singularly scanty. Kidbrooke lane is a narrow pathway bounded upon each side by a hedge, and surrounded by fields, and is, it appears, so common a rendezvous for the good folks of Greenwich and Blackheath, that those who heard the death-screams of the poor girl didn't for a moment suppose them to be cries of distress. In Kidbrooke lane, on the night of the 26th of April, Jane Clonsen had an assignation. She is a young girl of seventeen, who had been in the service of Mr. Pook, senior, a bookseller and printer, but who had left her place, and was at the time living—it is not explained how—in furnishing lodgings. It appears that she was likely to become a mother, and that she used to assure her friends that she was "keeping company" with Mr. Edmund Pook, her master's son. She was last seen at 6:40 p.m., on the Tuesday evening by Mrs. Fanny Hamilton her landlady, who she assured, that she was going to meet Mr. Edmund Pook, and who left her on her way to the alleged meeting place. At 4:15 on Wednesday morning, she was found in Kidbrooke lane with her head beaten almost to pieces. She lingered hopelessly on until the Sunday evening, and died without making any statement. By the scene of the murder was picked up a heavy latbing hammer, with which there is no doubt the crime had been committed, and which a Mr. Thomas identifies as having been purchased in his shop on the Saturday night before the murder. Thus, then, the evidence of the crime is complete. What is wanted is evidence against the criminal.

Against Mr. Edmund Pook, who at present stands charged with this revolting murder, almost the only evidence adduced consists of certain statements which the companions of the poor girl allege that she made before her death. These must, however be taken for what they are worth. For it appears that she wore a small locket or brooch, which was found upon her, and which she used to assert was given her by Mr. Pook, but which it really seems was given to her by a compositor named Humphries, who has since come forward and identified it. It also appears probable that the man who bought the lathing hammer on the Saturday night was not young Pook, but a man considerably older and in every way unlike him. And there is we are assured, very good and sufficient reason to believe that Pook—whatever may or may not have been his relations with the murdered girl—is not the father of the child, the birth of which she was expecting. It is but fair to add the calm and self-possessed conduct of the accused goes a long way towards establishing a presumption in his favour; and it is also said that he has an absolute *alibi*, the proof of which he is very wisely reserving for his trial, and which, even if it were ever so conclusive, the rules of English procedure would not allow him to produce until the evidence for the prosecution has been closed. On the other hand the prosecution attaches considerable importance to the fact that Dr. Letheby deposes to having discovered stains of blood upon the prisoner's clothes, and even upon his hat. And should the *alibi* which will be brought forward break down, there can be no doubt that this last piece of evidence will tell very seriously against the prisoner. In purely circumstantial cases, such as is the present, each detail depends for its value almost entirely upon the manner in which it harmonises with the rest. Dr. Letheby's evidence may complete the case, or it may, should Pook establish his *alibi*, prove to be of no value whatever.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

Of Household Furniture, Carpets, Waggons, Buggies, China, Glass & Crockeryware.

The subscriber is instructed to sell by Public Auction, at his Auction Rooms, York street, on FRIDAY, the 9th instant, at the hour of 11 o'clock a.m., a quantity of Furniture, &c., the property of a gentleman leaving the city, and consisting in part as follows: One handsome drawing-room set in moroon and amber flowered repp, one very fine curled hair ottoman, capable of seating ten, and upholstered in green terry repp, one very handsome cabinet organ, stops and swells complete, one harmonium, double set of reeds, nearly new, one very fine oil painting, group of fish, valued at $100, one portrait, in oil of Champlain, one very handsome three light gassalier, with globes, 2 two light do, very rich and perfect, black walnut bureaus, with large large oval glasses, b w hair cloth chairs, nearly new, arm and easy chair to match, dressing glasses, dressing tables, spring beds, feather beds and pillows, summer bed quilts, hair mattrasses, oil cloth, cocoa matting, sewing machines, tapestry and kidderminster carpeting, plated ware, china, glass and crockery, one refrigerator, carpenter's tools and chest, two double waggons, one spring do, one large iron plough, one sulky, two buggies, kitchen and parlor stoves, and many other useful articles.

Sale at 11 o'clock sharp, and without reserve.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871 1683 4

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can recover it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Balliff, Rideau street.

ANN JANE HAMILTON.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871. 1633tf

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 73259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given, which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1675tf

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway,

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4 15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 6 40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2 40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa.

R. LUTTRELL, Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa June 1st, 1871

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until FRIDAY the 23rd instant, at noon, for the performance of the proposed improvements to be made at the Calumet, Mountain, Portage du Fort and Chats Stations on the Ottawa River.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of the Ottawa River Works, where printed forms of Tender and any other information can be obtained.

Separate Tenders will be required for the works at each Station, and must be endorsed viz.:

Calumet Station.
Mountain "
Portage du Fort "
Chats "

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 7th June, 1871. 1686 3

DRY GOODS

—AT—

RETAIL.

SUMMER FASHIONS

SHOWING THIS DAY,

—AT—

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,

Beautiful Bonnets,
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets,
Splendid Lace Shawls.

Also in immense Variety,

Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques,
Horrockses, Miller & Co., Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
Window Hollands,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c,

SPECIAL LINES.

Linen Parasols and Lawns, for Seaside Wear.
Walking Stick Parachetes " " "
Paragon Frame Parasols and Umbrellas,
Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makes.
Coventry Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and M Trimmings, in great variety.

EXTRAORDINARY.

☞ 43 Patterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
1 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

FOR SALE,

VERY CHEAP,

—AT THE—

DOMINION AUCTION ROOMS,

16 RIDEAU STREET,

A Set of First-Class

GROCERY FIXTURES, (COUNTER, SHELVES, DRAWERS, &c.)

ALSO:

A large quantity of Tea and other Groceries and Liquors.

A Hhd. of Molasses to be sold cheap (very low).

A large consignment of Books, Stationery, Jewellery, Clothing, Boots, &c.

Regular Auction Sales weekly.

Consignments received and prompt returns made.

Real Estate Sales promptly attended to.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871 1 51tf

AUCTION SALES

BY A. GAGNIER.

AT DOMINION AUCTION ROOMS.

The subscriber begs to inform the public of Ottawa, that he has opened an Auction Room at No, 16 Rideau street, and is prepared to undertake the Sale of Furniture and Household effects, at the residences of owners Semi-Weekly sales of Furniture and General Merchandise, at 16 Rideau street, every TUESDAY and SATURDAY, at 8 o'clock p.m.

The encouragement of the Public is respectfully solicited

A. GAGNIER, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 22, 1871 1461tf

WANTED

A Girl about 16 years of age, as serva on a small family. Apply, A.B., TIMES Off

Ottawa, May 29, 1871 1678tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A First-Class TINSMITH, to take charge of the Shop. Salary, $40 per month, payable end of every month. Apply at once to C.P. DORION, 60 Sparks-st

Ottawa, June 3, 1871. 1681tf

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34. SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

In their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good election,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

☞ Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,
NEW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS
Departments

THE SALVAGE GOODS,

Amounting to Over $7,500,

SAVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared out at prices which will be sure to command a sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low price goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34 SPARKS STREET

Ottawa, March 30, 1871 1628y

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for applying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY, FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season	..		$5 00
20lbs.	"	"	9 00
10lbs	"	month	1 50
20lbs	"	"	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER.

N. B.—Ice supplied per ton or cwt.

Ottawa 13th April 1871

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—The best old Brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

GIN—J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—Guinness's and Dawes' bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, Imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Would beg to call the attention of the public to

NEW GOODS,

NOW

(DAILY ARRIVING),

COMPRISING:

100 Pieces New Light Prints,

Fast Colors, and latest designs, at 12½c. per yard, splendid value.

—ALSO—

a large additional Stock of new

DRESS GOODS,

in Shades suitable for the Season.

A Good Cloth, light colors, 15c. per yard.
An Extra, Wide Width, 20cts. and 25cts.,

—AND—

A large assortment of

NEW HATS

In latest and most Fashionable Styles.

Every Department fully Assorted.

☞ Call and examine our large and elegant Stock of Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, and Mantles, before purchasing elsewhere.

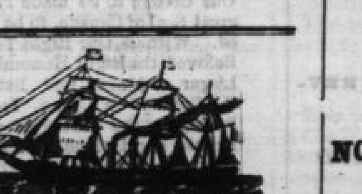
ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN

SUCCESSORS TO

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,

No. 20 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871.



Q. & G. P. S. S. Co.

THE STEAMSHIP

"ALHAMBRA"

Will leave Montreal on FRIDAY, the 9th inst., at 4 o'clock, p.m., for Pictou, calling at Shediac, and Charlottetown, P. E. I., taking Goods at through rates for Halifax and St. John, N. B., and places on E. & N. A., and Nova Scotia Railways.

For Freight, apply to
HERRICK & CROMBIE.

June 7, 1871 1685tf

ALBION HOTEL,

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA.

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal.

1685 3m

CLOTHING HALL!

New Store.

J. M. GOULDEN

Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at

No. 100 Sussex Street,

NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,

A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.

Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.

☞ Do not Forget the Place ☜

No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street,

Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OF BROCKVILLE,

Who will continue the Business in the same premises, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871.

☞ In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.

T. R. SHEFFIELD.

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871. 1681 2m

The Tea Pot

RIDEAU STREET.

Try John Hill's Teas and Coffee.

Try JOHN HILL'S Teas and Coffees, and you'll find
That they are of a most superior kind.
The various samples, when you fairly test,
You'll find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who each day procure
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

The following TEAS and COFFEES have been received within the last few days, and as they are FRESH and (NEW SEASON) can be recommended, the flavor being equal to any Teas ever imported into Canada:

FINEST JAPAN TEA (The very best that can be produced)
EXCELLENT KAISOW CONGOU TEA (Something extra),
CHOICE YOUNG HYSON TEA,

VERY SUPERIOR BLACK TEA (True Souchong) in Catties of 10½lbs each,
VERY FINEST GUNPOWDER TEA (Something extra),
EXTRA SCENTED ORANGE PEKOE.

PURE JAPAN TEA, 60 cts. per lb, or 5 lbs. of the same article for $2.75.

GOOD SOUND TWANKAY TEA, 5 lbs. for $2.00.

☞ *The Finest Flavored Coffee to be obtained in this country, consisting of Pure Mocha, Java, Old Government Java and Plantation.*

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIER

FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will surprise those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.

The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.

From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves.

Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:

Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871. 1668tf

Steamers.

ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*.....Captain Findlay.
" *Emerald*........ " Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*... " Murphy.
" *Alliance*........ " Blondin.
" *Oregon*.......... " Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*....... "
Jason Gould..... " Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*. " Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*....... " Duggan.
Pontiac......... " D. Mulligan
Keppawe......... " BJ Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Captaine.

Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning —Leaving Chapeau same day at 1 o'clock, p.m.

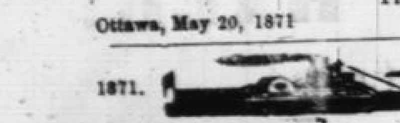
Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,

CAPT. BOWIE,

PRINCE OF WALES,

CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD

April 25, 1871.

TO

Horse Breeders.

AT the request of a number of gentlemen who have FINE MARES to Breed from,

Mr. Cotton

has placed

"YOUNG LAPIDIST"

AT THE

Veterinary

Stable of Mr. A. O. F. Coleman,

RIDEAU STREET,

To Serve a Limited Number of Mares (say 30) for the Season.

"LAPIDIST" is 8 years old this spring, and is considered by judges, to be the most valuable horse to breed from, in this section of the country.

His Pedigree can be seen at Mr. COLEMAN'S Office, or with his Groom, DAVID WHYTE.

Ottawa, May 10, 1871.

CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS ACT OF 1871.

ELECTION PETITION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

Take notice that the above Petition will be tried at the COURT HOUSE, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the Sixteenth day of JUNE, A.D. 1871, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, and on such other subsequent days as may be needful. The said City of Ottawa having been appointed by the Court of Queen's Bench, for the place of trial of the said Election Petition, by rule of the said Court.

Dated the 27th day of May, A.D. 1871.

By order,
ROBERT G. DALTON.
Clerk of the Crown of the Court of Queen's Benc

May 30, 1871 1679tf

MARE LOST.

Strayed from Pasture, Richmond Road, about six weeks ago, a Dark Brown MARE, good height, and long build. She was marked thus: Three white feet, the two hind and one fore, and a little white star on the forehead, with a few small spots above her nose, white. She is knee sprung slightly, and the hoof on the left foot split a little; she is also wicked.

Any person giving such information (as will lead to the recovery of the Mare) to SAMUEL HUDSON, Chandiere Depot, or at BOOTH'S Store, Chandiere, will be rewarded.

Chaudiere, June 7, 1871 1685a

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

☞ A few good Fowls for sale.

J. HERBERT,
N on-st., West
near Richmond Road, Ottawa.

April 26, 1871

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,
Times Office Ottawa.

ENGLISH GOODS!!!

RECEIVED AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex street

PRIZE WATER FILTERS, from $2.25 upwards, of Earthenware and White China. (They purify the most impure water.—*Medical Gazette*.)

ENGLISH BEDSTEADS, all wrought Iron.
Do CHILDRENS COTS, do do
Very fine patterns, quite new and cheap.

For Hospitals and Sick Rooms:

ENGLISH ENAMELLED CHAMBERS.
Do., do., BED PANS.
ENGLISH GARDEN CHAIRS,
Do., do., SETTEES, (to arrive.)
Do, CROQUET LAWN BORDERING
REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, and BATHS, STOVES new and improved patterns.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,

OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c, &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and
Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy!
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy Ports,
Domecqs and GreekSherry,
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.
Bass', Guinness's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.
Liberal terms.

☞ Inspection invited.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

1871. ICE! **1871.**

ICE! *ICE!*

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street;

Ottawa, May 1649d

JUST RECEIVED.

—AT—

HAUSER'S

RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,

That splendid new Magazine,

THE WEDDING BELLS.

—ALSO—

BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL

FOR MARCH AND APRIL.

Ottawa, April 19. 1871

DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE.

NOTICE TO FORWARDERS AND OTHERS.

LET PASSES, through to Lake Champlain, will be issued to Vessels, Barges, &c, by the Collector of Canal Tolls, Ottawa, on payment of Tolls.

LET PASSES will also be issued by the Collector of Canal Tolls, at Montreal, and at St. Johns, through to Ottawa, or to Ottawa Basin, on payment of Tolls.

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871. 1680a

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, ca the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE' Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canded Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Mermalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,

Corner Sussex and York-sts.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer

No. 67 Sussex-st.

OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605. 3m

LISGAR.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

Victoria by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same in anywise concern.—Greeting:

A PROCLAMATION.

A. CAMPBELL, for the Attorney General, Canada. } Whereas in and by an Act passed by the Parliament of Canada, in the Thirty-second and Thirty-Third years of Our Reign, being Chapter Twenty-four, and intituled: 'An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," it is amongst other things in effect enacted that our Governor in Council may, as often as occasion requires, declare by Proclamation that upon and after a day therein named the said Act shall be in force in any place or places in Canada therein designated within the limits or in the vicinity whereof any Railway, Canal or other Public Work is in progress of construction, or such places as are in the vicinity of any such Canal, or Railway, or other work as aforesaid, within which he deems it necessary that the said Act should be in force; and the said Act shall upon and after the day to be named in any such Proclamation, take effect within the places designated in such Proclamation; and further, that Our Governor in Council may, in like manner from time to time declare the said Act to be no longer in force in any of such place or places, and may again from time to time declare the same to be in force therein.

And whereas, it is expedient that the hereinbefore in part recited Act should be in force, in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described

Now therefore know ye, that we, by and with the advice and consent of our Privy Council for Canada, do hereby declare that upon and after the First day of June next hereafter, "An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," hereinbefore in part recited, shall be in force in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described, that is to say: Commencing at the point where the route now being opened to the Red River crosses the height of land which separates the waters' tributary to Lake Winnepeg, from these flowing into Lake Superior, and running from thence westwardly along the said route to the Eastern boundary line of the Province of Manitoba, to extend to a depth of ten miles on either side of the said route from the height of land to the United States' Boundary Line at Nequaquon Lake, and from thence westward to the Lake of the Woods, to embrace a depth of ten miles on the British side of the Boundary line aforesaid, to cover the whole area of the Lake of the Woods and the Islands therein in so far as they are within British Territory and a depth of ten miles around such portion of its shores as may be within British Territory, and from the North West angle of the Lake of the Woods, to extend ten miles on either side of the line of route until it meets the aforesaid eastern boundary line of the said Province of Manitoba.

Of all of which our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

In testimony whereof, we have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved, the Right Honorable John Baron Lisgar, of Lisgar and Bailieborough, in the County of Cavan, Ireland, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and a Baronet, one of our most Honourable Privy Council, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada, and Governor and Commander in Chief of the Island of Prince Edward. At our Government House, in Our CITY OF OTTAWA, this Fifth day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and in the Thirty-fourth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J C AIKINS,
Secretary of State.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871 1671 3

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
....	12 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8,00	....	4.20
......	12 45	9·00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	....	4.20
....	....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8,00	....	6.00
....	....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	....	6.00
10 15	12.15	9.00	United States, *via* Ogdensburg	8.00	....	4.20
10·15	12.15	....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	....	4.20
....	10.15	....	North Gower, *Kars*, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	....	4.20
10.15	....	....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	....	....	4.20
9 20	....	3.20	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	....	3.00
9 20	....	....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	....	....	7 00
10:30	....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	....
7 00	....	....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	....	....	7.00
6.15	....	....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	....	....	7 00
10.00	....	....	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	....	....
6.00	....	....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	....	....	6 00
11.50	....	....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	....	....

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11 30 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12 A.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 3, 1871 }

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa
The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Now last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Busines.

Claims Paid for Assurances....	£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid.	2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of....	6,570,000.00
Annual Income...............	1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection to Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions* of *Policies.*

The *Non-Forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

☞ Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW,
Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal

J.& W. T. Pennock,
Agents, Ottawa.

March 13, 1871 168a

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND LIFE

Continues to take risks on every description of property—including Wooden Houses—at similar rates with other first-class Companies.

LIFE

An inspection of its late Tables is invited.

T M CLARK,
Agent,
Elgin-st., near Sparks.

Ottawa, April 12, 1871 1638 1

THE METROPOLITAN

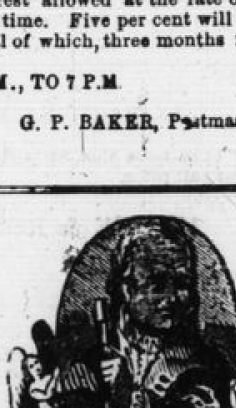
Building and Savings Society

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa 13th December, 1870. 1540t1371



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada;

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a fort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869;

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden county of Hastings. Province of Ontario, D Canada.

THE

EAGLE STEAM BAKERY,

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your orders are solicited
AND WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO BY

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1866.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. Mc FARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting. Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $300 per month,

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1664

Medical.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S

CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS

AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

PREPARED ONLY BY

MESSRS GABRIEL.

DENTISTS

LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, &c.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

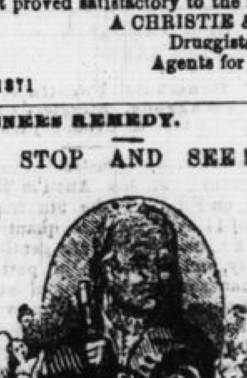
MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 1 1871

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of ErMstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Conseoon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hacey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Wit-lows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it. Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 3d June, 1871.

Authorized discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa, June 3, 1871

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law, Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.

W McKAY WRIGHT. 1Ay F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANE.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' Books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts A ... nts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies ... nts accurately prepared. Complicated ... ... investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1593 6m

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.

Montreal, March 871 2 3m

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

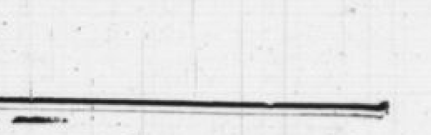
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

☞ TEAS AND WINES, ☜

8 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1.30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 4.30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2.00 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5.40 p. m., and at Sand Point, 6 30 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a m arriving at Brockville at 1 34 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 2.20 p m, and 6 20 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 3.50 p m,, 10.00 p.m, 6.15 p.m. 1.30 p.m.

Leave Sand Point

At 8.30 a.m., 11.30 a.m., 3.00 p.m., 3.00 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

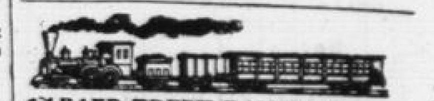
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a m, after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

R ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, June 6, 1871



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal:

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

LIGHT HOUSE SERVICE.

TENDERS will be received at this Department, at Ottawa, up to Noon of WEDNESDAY, the 21st JUNE next, for the construction of LIGHT HOUSES at the undermentioned places, in the Province of Ontario:

Salmon Point, P. E. County, Lake Ontario.
Middle Island. Essex County, Lake Erie.
Porphyry Point. Lake Superior.
Michipicoten Island. do.
Small Island, near Michipicoten Island Harbour.

Plans and specifications of all the required Works may be seen on and after the 1st June next, at the Department at Ottawa, and at the Office of E RISLEY, Esq, Inspector of Steamboats, Toronto, at which places also Forms of Tender can be procured by intending Contractors.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department Marine and Fisheries,

Ottawa, 20th May, 1871. 1681 3

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON have ing purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables, and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

☞ FLOWER SEEDS. ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,

(Late Alex. Christie.)

Druggists,

40, Sparks-st

Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. JAMES HOTEL.

Strict attention to business.
Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.

J. A. GEMMILL,
Solicitor &c.

Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.

Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1871 159

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 33 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa JAMES HARPER, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1688. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Goods," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deep Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, Aug 18, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consignment of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Butts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. &c. together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, No 18, 1870

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.

Possession given 20th May.

Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere, near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET.

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)

Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.

Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Duke street. Possession, 1st MAY

For particulars, apply to
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 36 Rideau street.

Ottawa, Feb, 16, 1871

TO LET.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land attached, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road.

Also the Shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.

For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,

Ottawa, Feb. 5. 592tf

WANTED TO RENT.

A Comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, on the west end. Neighourhood of Richmond Road preferred. Rent not to exceed $300 per annum, including taxes. Address D., post paid, Ottawa. Possession required by 1st June.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1679 3

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

For Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes. Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 24cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE.

CUSTOM'S DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 19th May, 1871.

Referring to the notice of 5th inst., of articles transferred by Order in Council, to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, it is decided that the term "Annatto" therein mentioned means "Annatto" in either a liquid or a solid condition.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa, May 27, 1871 1678 3

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa.

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,

The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises

STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.

And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.

Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1865 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,

Next Door to F. McDougall & Co.

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colors) Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c.,

To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from any other firm in the city.

There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.

The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

—TO—

N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, April 28, 1871 1652 3m

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE.

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,

Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 *RIDEAU STREET.*

OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you. 1634 3m

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion.

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim.

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: In the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as Ottawa, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in its large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly, our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH

Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

G. A. SHELDON,

HATTER AND FURRIER,

Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive

HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT

In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.

G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.

A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1665 3m

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GASFITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull,	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon

Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3.n

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 1612y

SELLING

OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES

OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
WINE MERCHANT,
Elgin Street,

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

Dufresne & McGarity,

—RECEIVE—

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.

Sussex Street, OTTAWA.

221 Notre Dame St. MONTREAL.

The Undersigned have much pleasure in stating to their Customers and the Trade in general, that they have disposed of the RETAIL BUSINESS *which they heretofore carried on in connection with their Wholesale Trade; and it is now their intention to devote themselves exclusively to the*

Wholesale Grocery, Wine and Provision Business.

To enable them to do so efficiently, they have secured the premises next door to their present stand, (formerly occupied by Messrs. Fingland & Draper, as a Dry Goods Store,) and connected the two buildings by an arch,—now making ONE OF THE FINEST WHOLESALE HOUSES IN THE PROVINCE.

They have secured Agencies for several of the first WINE HOUSES *in Europe; and are also Agents for* Messrs. GOODERHAM & WORTS. *Distillers of Toronto,—and they can safely say that Messrs. G. & W. make the finest Spirits in the Dominion.*

The trade supplied with all of the undermentioned ALES, either in Wood or Bottle, at Brewers prices.

Dow & Co's, Montreal, Pale and Mild Ales and Porter,
Cosgrove's, Toronto, " " "
Labatt's, Prescott, " " "
Dawes', Lachine, " " "

GUINNESS STOUT and ENGLISH ALES always on hand and in fine condition.

There is now on the way out from China and Japan, **2,000 Chests of Fresh Teas,** *which, with all other Goods, will be sold at* MONTREAL PRICES.

Goods will be delivered at Steamboat and Railway Stations free of charge. All empty packages charged in accounts will be taken back and allowed for, and those preferring to have their Goods shipped from the Montreal House, can have that privilege by leaving their orders at the office here.

The OTTAWA ESTABLISHMENT will be under the special management of MR. MCGARITY, *who will give his exclusive attention to the wants of his customers.*

Thanking you for the liberal patronage with which we have been so kindly favored, and soliciting an early call.

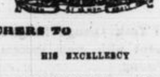
We remain, yours truly,

Dufresne & McGarity,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
"The Tea Pot,"
SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, April 19, 1871 1645 2m

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst,

Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

McGill University, Montreal,

SESSION 1871-72.

THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—

FACULTY OF ARTS.....September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE....October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW.....October 3rd.

The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.

The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.

In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered

First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Second Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.

The Calendar containing details of all the above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES,
Secretary.

May 31, 1871 1689 2awk 2m

HATS HATS!

HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1636y

DOMINION HOUSE,

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House,
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

DIRECT FROM ENGLAND!

Just opened out a beautiful assortment of CARVED WOOD

BREAD PLATTERS!
BUTTER do., with glass dish!
SALT CELLARS, do do!
EGG TRAYS, do cups
FRUIT STANDS, do dishes
BREAD KNIVES
BREAKFAST TRAYS!

The above are low in price, and elegant and useful adornments for the Tables, also

FISHING RODS,
TROLLING SPOONS,
FLIES, GIMP,
HOOKS,
BOOKS, &c., &c., &c.

We have just been appointed Agents for the ATLANTIC and PACIFIC SHIP PUMPS,

BROKENSHIRES PATENT.

These Pumps are now almost exclusively used on the Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence, and are adapted for Lumber Barges or the Ocean Steamship. Orders received.

New Stock Cooking Stoves, latest improvement, just arrived, at

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA.

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, April 29, 1871

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the Principal Money and Interest secured by a certain Mortgage, and bearing date the Eighteenth Day of AUGUST, A.D. 1869, and made between JOHN HARKNESS, of the Township of Gloucester, yeoman, of the first part, ANN JANE HARKNESS, his wife of the second part, and ROBERT MOSGROVE, of the City of Ottawa, Esquire, of the third part of all and, and singular that certain parcel or tract of lands and premises situate, lying and being in the township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of a part of West half of the rear or southerly part of lot number twenty-six, in the first concession, Ottawa front, of the said township of Gloucester, and may be described as sub lots fourteen and fifteen of the sub-division of the said part of said lot, number twenty-six, as shewn and laid down on a place drawn by H. O. WOOD, P.L.S., of said part of said lot, number twenty-six, and bearing date the Sixth Day of JULY, A.D., 1869, and Registered in the Registry Office for the County of Carleton, on THURSDAY, the 29th day of July, A.D. 1869, said sub lots containing by admeasurement six acres be the same more or less

The said lands and premises will in pursuance of a power of sale contained as said Mortgage, be offered for sale at PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Law Office of Messrs. MOSGROVE & TAILLON, in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the Nineteenth Day of JUNE next, (A.D. 1871), at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon.

Terms and conditions to be made known at the time of Sale.

Vendor will covenant against his own acts only. All conveyances, searches, abstracts, &c., to be had at the purchasers expense.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Vendor's Solicitors.

Ottawa, May 15, 1871. 1666 13wtd

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, } To Wit.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of GENERAL SESSIONS of the PEACE, and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the Thirteenth day of JUNE, 1871, at the hour of Ten of the clock, a.m., of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. POWELL,
Sheriff.
By W. H. FALLS,
Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Ottawa, May 23, 1871 1679 d3awt

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

Tailors & Gentlemen's Out-fitters

to

P. O'MEARA'S Restaurant,

RIDEAU STREET.

Messrs. P. & R. invite especial attention to their choice and select assortment of

Broadcloths
Doeskins,
English
Scotch, and
Canadian
Tweeds,

Next to P. O'MEARA, Rideau-St.

N. B.—Workmanship and fit guaranteed.

PRESTON & ROSWELL.

Ottawa April 18, 1871 1642tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET.

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under irts,
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving your orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

CITY COUNCIL.

CITY HALL, Ottawa, June 5th 1871.

(*Continued.*)

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

The board of Works present their tenth report.

In the seventh report of your Board, recommendation was made respecting the proposed bridge across the canal in a line with Maria and Theodore streets. On reference thereto, your Board now report, that inasmuch as the Engineer recommended in said report to propose plans and superintend the carrying out of the same, will be unable to attend thereto, your board recommend that the City Engineer be instructed to prepare plans and specifications as near as may be expedient to the plans and specifications of W. A. Austin for said work.

Your Board recommend that as soon as the said plans and specifications are prepared, your board be authorized to advertise for tenders for the immediate construction of said bridge, in accordance therewith.

Your board further recommend that a memorial be presented on behalf of your worshipful body to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, praying that leave be granted your worshipful body to construct said bridge, and also requesting a grant of such land as may be required for said purpose.

All respectfully submitted,
JOHN P. FEATHERSTON,
Chairman.

JOHN HENEY.
Wm. KEHOE.
A. BALDWIN.

Ottawa, June 1871.

7. Moved by Ald. Featherston seconded by Ald. Baldwin, that the tenth report of the Board of Works be received and adopted. Carried.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

Your Board respectfully submit their eleventh report.

In reference to the petition of A. Pinard and others, respecting the watering of Sussex street, your board are of opinion that it is desirable that the watering of all the main streets should be offered for contract by your worshipful body, provided the cost of the watering can be made in part a charge on the rate-payers residing in said streets, they being more benefited by said work than those in the streets which are not watered. On this matter your board will take the opinion of the city Solicitor, and report at the next meeting. In respect to the petition of P. Regan, your board are of opinion that the portion of the said street therein referred to, cannot be closed against the consent of the rate-payers; and your board would recommend that the petition be referred to the By-law Committee for their opinion, and that the petitioner be requested to obtain a petition in favor of his petition from the rate payers owning property in the immediate vicinity of that portion of the street he desires to purchase.

All respectfully submitted,
J. P. FEATHERSTON,
Chairman.

C. W. BANGS.
JOHN HENEY.
Wm. KEHOE.

Ottawa, June 5th, 1871.

8. Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the eleventh report of the Board of Works be received and adopted. Carried.

Ald. Mosgrove presented report No. 7 of the Assessment Committee.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

The Assessment Committee in this their seventh report beg leave to recommend the following reductions and exemptions:

1624, Ottawa Ward, Jos. Bourne, a reduction of	$ 5 00
1670, Ottawa Ward, Widow Kelly exemption	3 47
1092, St. George's Ward, Thos. Patterson on account of tannery	23 20
728, Ottawa Ward, Mrs. Calligan reduction on interest	8 82
667, St. George's Ward, Andrew Percy a reduction of	6 14

Your Committee cannot recommend teh Petition of William James Tilley, he being assessed for Statute Labor, nor that of Robert Hardy on account of want of jurisdiction, nor that of A. Routh respecting a dog tax, for the same reason.

All respectfully submitted.
WM. MOSGROVE, Chairman.
H. LAPIERRE.
G. TAILLON.
A. ROWE.
A. BALDWIN.

Ottawa June 5th. 1871.

9. Moved by Ald. Mosgrove, Seconded by Ald. Rowe that the seventh report of the Assessment Committee be received and adopted. Carried.

Ald. Rowe presented the report of the Special Committee on the Queen's Birthday celebration.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:—

The Special Committee appointed to make arrangements for the Celebration of the Queen's Birthday beg leave to report that they used their best endeavors to make the occasion a success in which they hope they were in a great measure successful.

Your Committee beg to state that they have been obliged to exceed the sum appropriated, (as may be seen by annexed statement,) in the sum of $308.50, for which amount they respectfully recommend that His Worship the Mayor be authorized to sign a cheque in favor of the City Clerk.

All respectfully submitted,
A. ROWE, Chairman.
FRANCIS McDOUGAL.
J. R. O'CONNOR.
W. MOSGROVE.

Ottawa June 5th, 1871.

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE ON 24TH MAY 1871.

Fire Companies	$240. 00
Fire Works	250. 00
Lacrosse Game	20. 00
Athletic Games	15. 00
Cricket Match	20. 00
Steamer Alexandra	20. 00
Gowan's Band	20. 00
Concert & Rent of Gowan's Hall	50. 00
Field Battery for Royal Salute	35. 00
Turner's Band	20. 00
Bonfire	10. 00
Garrison Artillery Band	30. 00
Incidental expenses, Posting Bills in Country, Cab hire &c.	18. 00
Advertising Programme	60. 50
	808. 50
Amount of original appropriation	500. 00
Balance over.	$308. 50

11. Moved by Ald. Rowe, seconded by Ald. Mosgrove that the Report of the Special Committee for the Celebration of the Queen's Birthday, just read, be received and adopted.

12. Moved in amendment by Ald. Martineau seconded by Ald. Lapierre that the Report of the Committee on the Celebration of the Birth day of Her Majesty the Queen be referred back to said Committee for a detailed statement of the expenditure.—*Lost.*

YEAS.—Kehoe, Lapierre, Martineau.

NAYS.—Baldwin, O'Connor, Bangs, Mosgrove, Woodburn, Rowe, Featherston, Cunningham, McDougal, Taillon.

The original motion was then put and Carried.

(*To be continued.*)

HOW TO MAKE MONEY.—A horse car driver residing in the vicinity of Keyport, N.J., and who buys up horses for the New York market, purchases "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" by the dozen and feeds it to his horses; he says it is superior to anything that he has ever used as a condition medicine, that the horses are so much more improved by its use as to sell more readily and command higher prices. Two other horse dealers, one residing at Huntingdon, the other at Glen Cove, L. I., also purchase it by the dozen and for the same purpose; those men, as well as many others similarly engaged, know too well the value and importance of this medicine ever to be without it. Remember the name, and see that the signature

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER IX.

THE FIRST STEPS.

(*Continued.*)

This wolf, which he had decided to elude instead of face, claimed from him, in due course, every thing that a man ordinarily holds most dear—every thing, certainly, Andrew Hardell had hitherto deemed the most necessary to happiness.

One after another his most cherished plans, his brightest hopes, his fondest aspirations, had to be thrown out to satisfy the demands of the monster with which he had feared to battle. He had not counted the cost. He had not considered whether he, with ten thousand men, should able be to meet him who came against him with twenty thousand. He had not, while his enemy was yet a long way off, sent an embassy, and desired conditions of peace. He had done as seemed to him wisely, and behold his wisdom was foolishness. He had risked his life on the cast of a die, and the sole fruit of his venture, so far, was that he had plenty of time for reflection while he lay in Kirkcudbright Jail, awaiting his trial.

There were many things which, in the hurry of making his calculations, the young man had overlooked; and now, when the worst was come upon him—when it was a question of life or death—he felt like one who, having entered into a strange and hostile country, meets with enemies, and encounters perils at every turn.

The first circumstance which struck him with a terrible dismay was the difference of the legal proceedings between Scotland and England.

The bulk of persons dwelling south of the Tweed know no more about Scottish law than they do about Presbyterianism.

That there is a difference in the marriage laws most Englishmen are aware—indeed, considering the newspaper reports, how could they be ignorant? but still, considering the proximity of the two countries, it is singular people should understand so much less about the laws of Scotland than the laws of France—that they should remember the existence of a public prosecutor across the Channel, and fail to comprehend the functions of a lord advocate north of the Tweed—that the fact of Scotland being in many respects much nearer France than we are, should be lost sight of altogether.

With fear and trembling it soon dawned upon Andrew Hardell that the ways of the country in which he found himself were not as the ways of England—that the whole of the law proceedings from the time a man is arrested till he leaves the dock, free, or is escorted back to the jail convicted, were different from those of his own country.

No coroner's inquest, no public examination before a magistrate, no knowledge of the evidence against him; all a blind groping in the dark, a constant dread, an utter absence of certainty; this was what came to him in that pleasant little town through which the Dee flows on its way to the sea.

He had not counted on this: he had thought he should at least know what was against him—what this witness had to say and that—the points where his own defense wanted strengthing—the circumstances most likely to tell in his distavor before a jury.

It was all solemn, still, passionless; like a private execution, it added a new horror to death. The absence of all personal considerations—of the utter silence of official office, which was broken only by the question and answer of sheriff-substitute and prisoner—the want of spectators, whether pitying or anger—the strange accent—the unfamiliar expressions—the un-English construction of every sentence addressed to him—the absence of a friendly face in which to look—these things made the man feel that he was indeed a stranger in a strange land—among people who, just though they might be, were wanting his life from him.

There is nothing, perhaps, which seems so terrible to one in such a strait as perfectly even-handed justice—as law sitting, holding the scales without a tremor—law it is as impossible to influence, as concerning the course of which it is unreasonable to complain; which is all in favor of an innocent man, but utterly against the guilty—which is colder, more formal, less susceptible to outward pressure, less human, if the word be premissible, than the law with which Englishmen are best acquainted, and which, even in its preliminary stages, is frequently enlivened with absurd passages, with displays of temper, with disputes between magistrates and lawyers, with the conflicting evidence of witnesses, with the titters of an appreciative audience.

At first the idea of that public examination seemed very terrible to Andrew Hardell—but the quiet office, the calm questioning, the ever-varying inquiries—the drift of which, not knowing the evidence against him, he was unable to grasp—were more terrible still, and mentally he cursed the whole law procedure of the country in which he found himself, and wished, with it all his heart and soul and strength, that if were written in the book of fate a man should die by his own hand, he had killed him in any part of the habitable globe rather than Scotland.

But through all, the man's outward courage never forsook him; the questions addressed to him he answered according to the programme he had laid out for himself. The words rehearsed when he was climbing over Criffel, and in a sort of delirium, looking away towards the Solway Sands, were repeated now without mistake or hesitation when the great play of his life came to be acted by himself and real performers.

He did not refuse to answer any questions; he replied almost too readily—as more than one person considered. He was not moved by the production of the button and riding-whip; he declared he had never seen the latter—that the former certainly resembled the buttons on his coat, but that it could not be one of his, on account of the piece of cloth attached to it.

When asked if on such and such a night no button was absent from his coat, he said "Yes;" that in unfastening his wet clothes, he pulled one off, which, however, he sewed on a day or two afterwards himself; and in fact this proved to be so, for when his coat was examined, one button appeared to be sewed with a different thread from the others, while the work was evidently that of an amateur.

At this point the eyes of Andrew Hardell and the sheriff-substitute chanced to meet, and from that moment the latter felt certain of the prisoner's guilt.

Of course the expression in a man's eyes can not be taken as legal evidence, and the sheriff-substitute was bound not to receive it as such. Nevertheless, he knew—and Andrew Hardell knew he knew—that there was some juggle in the affair; that somehow, and at some place, the accused had contrived to get rid of the torn coat; that it was the business of the prosecutor to prove this; that, let the death of Mr. Challerson have taken place under what circumstances it might, the Reverend Andrew Hardell was his murderer; and that against so cool a hand, and so clever and highly educated a prisoner, it would not be easy to obtain a conviction.

Gathering up the threads of the case in their hands, both the sheriff-substitute and the procurator-fiscal found the clue they held merely led thus far, and proved this much, viz: That Kennetn Challerson had been murdered by some one, and that the presumption was he had met his death at he hands of Andrew Hardell; that in support of this presumption there was, first, the fact of Mr. Challerson having left Dumfries with the avowed intention of following the man whom he suspected of having wronged

him. Secondly the certainty that, riding rapidly, he must have overtaken the prisoner just about the spot where his body was discovered. Thirdly, the late hour at which Andrew Hardill reached New Abbey. Fourth, the character of the weapon with which death had been inflicted. Fifth, the button and piece of cloth discovered in the dead man's hand. Sixth, the statement of the landlady at the Commercial Inn, New Abbey, which went to prove there was a button missing from the coat she dried for Andrew Hardill, on the night of his arrival; and the evidence of the buxom servant, that involved not merely a missing button, but a "tear in the tweed."

(To be continued.)

PAPER HANGINGS.

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

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Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Tenders for Light Houses—P. Mitchell.
To Contractors—D. O'Connor.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

SATURDAY JUNE 10, 1871.

For interesting reading matter, see first page.

A petition was left with the Secretary of the Public Works yesterday with respect to the property required for the erection of the proposed bridge.

We have much pleasure in announcing that the Hon. H. L. Langevin was elected yesterday for Quebec Centre by acclamation. Messrs. Cauchon, Rheaume and Hearn are also elected.

Dr. Bernard, of Montreal, is a candidate for the representation of Argenteuil in the Local Legislature. We understand that he is likely to be elected, and we trust that such is the case.

A deputation of the City Council waited upon the Postmaster General yesterday, and presented him with a memorial praying that the new post office may be erected on the vacant property between Wellington and Sparks Streets, at the end of the Sappers' Bridge.

Last Wednesday's *Globe* contains the account of two railway accidents, one on the Grand Trunk and the other on the Great Western. The former is headed "accident on the Grand Trunk," and exaggerated statements are made concerning what was really a very trifling affair. The Great Western accident consisted in 24 cars being precipitated into a creek, causing serious loss and damage, but the *Globe* says "it will cause only a trifling delay," while the sentence which precedes this, says "it will necessitate a transference of passengers at the break for two or three days."

The Belleville *Intelligencer* asks; "Why the magnifying of every little accident on a road about 1,000 miles in length, and the suppression of those on the Great Western? People are beginning to ask whether the *Globe* has been subsidized to ruin the one and extol the other."

THE PREMIER AND THE TREATY.

"No case; abuse the plaintiff's attorney." Such are said to have been the directions given to counsel in a certain case in which there was no evidence by which the defendants could hope to obtain a verdict, and the only course open to them was to throw doubt and discredit upon the legal gentleman who acted on the other side. Something very similar appears to be the course pursued by the leading members of the Opposition in Ontario. "No case; abuse Sir John Macdonald." Without any tangible ground for opposition, without being able to find fault with the general line of policy pursued by the Government, they are compelled like the counsel in the case referred to, to devote their energy and their eloquence to abuse of the leader of the Government.

Never was this rendered more abundantly manifest than in the speeches delivered by Messrs. Mackenzie and Blake at the recent Grit demonstration at Strathroy, to which we referred yesterday. Even in the course of their remarks concerning the Treaty of Washington, it was Sir John Macdonald rather than the provisions of the treaty itself that came in for the largest share of criticism and "abuse." With a view of injuring him and of shaking public confidence in him, his position as a member of the Joint High Commission was altogether misrepresented. For everything in the treaty which is likely to be distasteful to Canadians he and he only is blamed, and the fact that Sir John Macdonald occupied exactly the same position as the other Commissioners, and, with them, could only act under instructions received direct from Downing street, was altogether ignored.

Further than this, the provisions of the treaty itself were completely misrepresented in some important points by those two unscrupulous politicians, who expressly stated that by it the Canadian fisheries were absolutely *sold* to the Americans, the truth being that under the Treaty their sale is not contemplated, but only their use granted to American fishermen in common with those of Canada for a certain term of years, while even the granting of this privilege is made subject to the will of the people of Canada. The same amount of misrepresentation and disingenuousness characterized their remarks concerning the navigation of the St. Lawrence river. The idea of Canada giving up her rights to the Canadian canals was never suggested in the treaty, and so long as we maintain our authority over them, what does the navigation of the St. Lawrence river amount to? According to the treaty the use of the Canadian canals is only given up to the Americans on condition of equal privileges being granted to us in navigating the American canals—the certain result of the arrangement being to attract Western trade down the natural channel by way of the St. Lawrence valley, instead of down the Erie canal?

Whatever maybe the views of the Canadian people with regard to the terms of the treaty of Washington, it is, we imagine, tolerably certain that they will not be led into supposing that Sir John Macdonald, whose interests are so closely identified with Canada and whose whole life has been spent in the service of this country, would be likely to place himself or the Administration of which he is the head, in such a position as would not permit himself and his colleagues to act in such a manner as should best promote the public interest. It is easy enough for anyone to see that Messrs Mackenzie and Blake are far more anxious to make capital against a political opponent than they are to afford the public an opportunity of forming a free and unbiassed opinion respecting the Treaty of Washington. It is easy enough to see how weak their case against the Administration is, when in this, as upon every other question, they are compelled to resort to abusing the Premier and misrepresenting his position and his acts. But they completely failed to show how either he or the Administration have betrayed the interests of the country in any one particular, and, we may rest assured that, until they can do so, in spite of all their "demonstrations" they will fail in producing any important political results.

THE COMMUNISTS AND THEIR OBJECTS.

Although we are inclined to receive with some degree of doubt the statement that the leaders of the Commune in Paris had resolved upon the destruction, not of that city only, but of London, Rome, Madrid, &c., we think there exists plenty of circumstancial evidence to prove that between the French Communists, the Italian Garibaldians, the Irish and American Fenians, and the English ultra Radicals, there exists not only a strong band of sympathy, but some amount of secret organization and union for concerted action. Supposing that the leaders of the Commune had succeeded in establishing themselves in Paris, and the red flag had taken the place of the tricolor throughout the greater part of France, there cannot, we think, be any doubt that other men of the same type would have been encouraged thereby, and would have attempted to achieve something of the same kind in other countries. Mazzini and his associates would have been jubilant, Murphy and Odger more demonstrative than ever, and in every city and town in Europe where any form of secret political society exists, there would have been a danger of a concerted rising, and a war against property and religion, and against everything which constitutes true national liberty and greatness.

It may indeed be said that M. Thiers and those who have earned the thanks of the civilized world by overthrowing the power of the Commune, are themselves in favour of Republican institutions, and, therefore, are little better than the Communists themselves. Between the republicanism of Thiers, however, and that of Pyat there is an immense amount of difference, nor is it by any means certain that even Thiers or a majority of his colleagues would prefer republican institutions to a monarchy if an available sovereign could be found. Certainly, Republicanism has always proved a miserable failure in France hitherto, and in all probability will do so again.

When we read of the fearful outrages perpetrated by the Communists, of their cold-blooded cruelties, their blasphemies, and utter contempt for all right and all authority, human or Divine, we cannot feel too thankful that their reign was so speedily cut short, and that Red Republicanism all the world over has thereby received an important check. A Liberty which in reality is only another name for lawlessness; a pretended Equality which means contempt for the rights of others; a Fraternity which unites those who compose it in a crusade of destructiveness against all that hitherto appealed to our reverence and respect, these are what the Communists of Paris and ultra Republicans everywhere have to offer, in place of that true Liberty circled round by law, which can alone promote the welfare and insure the happiness of a nation.

MURDER AS A PASTIME.

Agnes Norman, the juvenile murderer who has lately been arrested in England for killing an infant entrusted to her charge, appears to have found a strange delight in taking life. Two or three children, a dog, two cats, six or eight birds, and some gold fish, had all fallen victims to her unnatural propensity for destruction before her crime was discovered. One little boy, aged eleven years, testified that one night he was awoke by feeling something hurting him, and upon looking up found this delectable young woman, who lived as a servant in the same house, stooping over him with one hand on his mouth, and the other tightly grasping his throat. Not relishing such treatment the little fellow cried out, upon which the girl relaxed her hold and bribed him with "sweeties" not to mention what had occurred.

The records of medical science prove that a mania for destruction is not an unknown form of insanity, and plenty of instances are given in which persons who were in other respects perfectly sane felt an intense delight in scenes of death and suffering. An account is given in the *Annual Register* of a young woman employed as a nurse in London, who daily subjected her little charges to a regular process of torture, not by way of punishing them for any offence of which they had been guilty, but simply for the gratification of her own fiendish tastes. We have never seen any attempt made to explain the cause which leads to such a horrible phase of mental depravity. In most cases, however, we imagine that it originates in the indulgence of little acts of petty spite and revenge, and that little by little a longing to destroy and to give pain, instead of a desire to perform kindly acts, obtains the complete mastery until murder becomes a passion, as in the case of this miserable girl. It is not by any means a pleasant matter to dwell upon; indeed there is something unusually repulsive in the idea of a woman taking a pleasure in tormenting and destroying the innocent little children who were confided to her keeping; still if, as we think it does, her case serves to exemplify the terrible consequences which may follow from giving way in early life to unkindly and inhuman instincts, it is worth taking note of and bearing in mind.

One of the effects of the Prussian occupation of the Champagne district has been to increase enormously the exports of brandy to England. The bonded stock of brandy there now amounts to nearly 13,000,000 gallons.

DISTINGUISHED VISITORS.

The Earl of Ellesmere, whose intended visit to this city we mentioned yesterday, is the third Earl, and succeeded to the title in September, 1862, when only 15 years of age. He is a member of the Egerton family; Lord Francis Egerton, celebrated as the projector of a splendid tournament some years since in which Louis Napoleon, Count D'Orsay, and other celebrities took part, having been the first Earl of Ellesmere. The present Earl is the son of George Granville Francis, the second Earl, who married the daughter of the Earl of Cawdor.

Lord Goderich, who is also likely to be in Ottawa soon is the eldest son of Earl de Grey, and was born on the 20th of January, 1852. He is a descendant of the old Norman family of Grey, who were Earls of Kent in the 16th century.

UNION WITH BRITISH COLUMBIA.

As will be seen by the following despatch, Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to direct that British Columbia shall become a portion of the Dominion of Canada on the 20th of July next. Thus in four years from the inauguration of Confederation, the whole of the British possessions upon this continent have been incorporated with Canada. "The work goes bravely on!"

CANADA, No. 430.

DOWNING STREET,
27th May, 1871.

MY LORD,

In reply to your despatch, No. 82, of the 12th of April, enclosing the addresses to Her Majesty from the Senate and the House of Commons of the Dominion, for the Union of British Columbia with Canada, I have the honour to transmit to you an Order of Her Majesty in Council dated the 16th May, embodying those addresses and directing that the Union shall take place on the 20th July, as proposed in your telegram of the 1st May, which date as you subsequently informed me in your despatch of the 11th inst., No. 106, had been agreed upon between your Government and Governor Mosgrove.

I have to express to you the satisfaction of Her Majesty's Government, that the Union of British Columbia with the Dominion has been successfully completed, and their earnest hope that the consolidation of Her Majesty's Possessions in North America, which are now nearly all comprised in the Dominion, will enable them to enter upon a career of progress and prosperity worthy of their great natural fertility and resources.

I have, &c.,
(Signed), KIMBERLEY.

Governor General,
The Right Honourable
Lord Lisgar, G. C. B.,
&c., &c., &c., &c.

MANOTICK CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

MANOTICK, Ont., June 5th.

SIR:—In bringing this village to the notice of the public through the columns of your paper, you will pardon me if I detain your readers for a short space with a brief history of it from its commencement, and a description of the place two years ago. I deem this necessary, because many of your readers are no doubt ignorant of its existence or whereabouts, owing in a great measure to the almost unparalleled rapidity with which it has grown up. About 17 miles from the city of Ottawa the Rideau river branches and encircles a fertile and beautiful island, known as Long Island. Just half a mile from the point of division on the Western branch is the White Horse Falls, on both banks of which stand the prosperous and thriving village of Manotick. Twelve years since I passed by this spot in a small boat. I well recollect the difficulty I encountered in ascending the above Falls. They were not high, it is true, but the water ran with great velocity, and I was forced to avail myself of the aid which the overhanging branches of the trees, by the water's edge afforded, and thus gained the head. All was silent here then, save the murmuring sound of the water and the sweet clear song of the blackbirds perched by dozens on the adjacent trees. Farm houses of the nicest description were dotted here and there over the stoney, stumpy, half cultivated fields, the inhabitants of Long Island were completely "hedged in" by water, and their only means of egress and ingress to and from the main land was by the dangerous as well as inconvenient mode of floating or canoeing; the farmers were compelled to travel all the way to Ottawa to get their milling done and purchase their necessaries while the land was not worth more than $8 or $12 per acre. Such was the state of this section, such the condition of the people, and such, too, the appearance of the site of the future village of Manotick in the summer of 1859.

How quickly the scene has changed from a state of solitude and inactivity to that of vivacity and liveliness, and the then silent banks are now made to "ring" with the hum of factory wheels, and the deep, hoarse grating of the mill stones.

The population is about 225, there is a first class four story stone grist mill, second to none in the Dominion, which commands a large gristing custom business; a cloth manufactory and carding mill, which also commands an extensive custom trade—and a newsaw mill and general wood ware manufacturing establishment is now in course of erection and will soon be completed, and will be one of the finest of the kind in Central Canada. (I will reserve a minute description of it for another communication). There are four general stores; a drug shop, two shoe stores, a saddle and harness manufacturing establishment, three blacksmith's and two waggon makers' shops, and a cooper's shop, a doctor's office, but no lawyers (we don't have any law suits here) a daily mail, a telegraph office, by which although situated 2½ miles from a railway station we are brought into direct communication with the outer world. There are also two bridges, one spanning the western branch of the river just below the mills and connecting the island with the main land on this side; the other, a swing bridge, is built over the eastern branch, and joins the island to the main land on the other, or Gloucester side. A road running across the island connects them: thus forming a direct, uninterrupted communication between the townships of North Gower and Nepean on the one side and Osgoode and Gloucester on the other, and besides affording to the islanders an easy passage to and fro. The land in this vicinity is now worth from $30 to $50 an acre instead of $8 and 12.

The cause of the change in the spring freshet of 1859, the old bywashes situated at Long Island Locks were swept away by the torrent. This necessitated the building of new ones by the Government, and the spot chosen for one was at Manotick. A bulk head was at once constructed above the falls, which rendered the water power complete—gave a never failing power—capable of "turning half the world." Immediately, a company (among whom was Mr. Dickinson) was formed in Ottawa, to take advantage of this. They purchased the land on both side and proceeded to erect the afore mentioned grist mill and a saw mill (the latter has since been taken down), and a general store and dwelling house building.

Four years ago Mr. Dickinson bought out the remaining partners, and has now entire control of the premises. He erected the cloth and woollen manufactory, and is also very desirous tohave capitalists come here and build factories and mills, so that all the water may be utilized and made to conduce [which it would largely] not only to the wealth and prosperity of those who would *invest* but also to that of the fine agricultural and enterprising section in which it is situated.

TWIX.

GLEANINGS.

Londoners say that one-third of the population of that city never saw a grain field.

Ladies' watches are now made in an oval case to look like lockets, and worn on the necklace.

The King of Bavaria has had a garden laid out on the top of the palace at Munich. In the centre of it is a lake, upon which swans are seen swimming.

The New England fishermen are complaining that on account of the excessive catch this season, the price of codfish and mackerel have not been so low for many years.

There are said to be 1,000 rafts of timber on the Susquehanna, between Columbia and Williamsport, that are prevented from going down by the shallowness of the pater.

Wisconsin farmers complain bitterly of the damage done to their wheat fields by millions of pigeons.

The Freedmen of the South are forming themselves into societies for all sorts of purposes. Three coloured organizations in Savannah bear the titles respectively of the Third Star Sons of Zion, the Independent Cherry Bean Society, and the Wrestling Jacob Progressive Society.

A physician of Springfield, Mass., was hurriedly called away from the dinner table recently by a messenger who made the following request: There has a child fallen into a drain and got drowned; we've got the water out of him, and now we want you to come and get the mud out of him."

Mr. Lowe, the English Chancellor of the Exchequer, was so certain of the passage of the match tax law that he expended $5,000 in the preparation of stamps. As the proposed measure did not succeed, it is now suggested that the otherwise useless stamps may be sold as curiosities to collectors for their albums.

The wheat harvest has begun in Southern Illinois, earlier than ever before known.

British railways paid last year $1,668,575 in damages to persons injured on their lines.

The N. Y. "Globe" aptly styles the Foster murder the great temperance lecture of the period.

It is now definitely settled that Southern will visit America this year, appearing in all probability at Wallack's.

The Marquis of Lansdowne and Lord Romilly have been elected Trustees of the Reform Club of England.

The Northern Pacific Railroad is rapidly being constructed, 3,500 men being employed.

Surplice, winner of the Derby and St. Leger in 1848' has just died at Hasketon, aged 26 years.

Baron Krupp has constructed a model of a new cannon which, it is said, will batter down the heaviest ramparts at a distance of 13 kilometres, or about nine miles.

In London 2,669 persons manage to squeeze into a square mile. This is the average density.

The people of England are preparing themselves for a threatened visit from Miss Anna Dickenson.

The remains of Sir John Herschel, have been interrod in Westminster Abbey, close to the resting place of Sir Isaac Newton.

London's new hospital, St. Thomas, a magnificent erection on the Thames Embankment, will be formally opened by the Queen in a few days.

The Seneca Falls *Reveille*, of last week, says: A son of Isaac Bishop, living near Ovid, about thirty years of age has whittled out a wheel which will run until worn out. A rather singular coincidence, that at about the same date with the above a man living near Bearytown, has also produced a self running machine. It may be held fast by the hand, and upon releasing the hold will start off itself and gradually accelerate until it gains its maximum rate of speed. It is thought by those who have seen it, that it can be applied to an almost endless variety ot uses, and is consequently worth millions of dollars to the inventor.

The *Patrie* gives interesting facts in regard to the recently demolished Vendome column. It was made with the bronze of 1,200 cannon captured from the Russians, Prussians, and Austrians. It was begun on the 25th August, 1807, and finished in 1810, under the direction of the architects Denon, Lepere, and Ganduin. Its total weight was about 600,000 pounds.

Von Moltke is engaged in reorganising the German army on the regular peace footing of 700,000 men. This is nearly twice its former strength.

Prince George, the infant son of the Crown Princess of Russia, has been appoinnted colonel of a regiment by his grandfather, the Emperor Alexander.

Harriet Martineau is in better health this Summer, though she is disabled from work. She lives at her charming retreat of "Ambleside," in the English lake country.

Cardinal Antonneli has sent a circular to the Papal nuncios abroad, informing them that the Pope has repudiated the Papal guarantees bill of the Italian Chamber.

Woman was toasted in the following style at the recent anniversary meeting of the Richmond Light Infantry Blue: "Woman—pure as a snowflake as falls upon the cold peaks of the Bactian Alps; beautiful as the hours that bathes herself in the crystal fountains of the Moslem paradise; graceful as the Peri afloat on her shell skiff over the calm waters of the dark blue sea; vain, worse than vain, the warning to guard the heart when intellect flashes from her bright eye, and the light of the soul is breathed like music upon her face."

The slave trade on the east coast of Africa is said to be flourishing, notwithstanding the efforts of the English cruisers. The atrocities committed in the capture and march of slaves from the interior to the coast are described as being more horrible than those of the middle passage, and involve a sacrifice of 200,000 to 300,000 lives annually.

The Queen's drawing room on the 9th of May was an uncommonly brilliant affair. The costumes were unusually rich and diversified. The taste displayed on the occasion was peculiarily English, which is accounted for by the London journals solely upon the fact that the French sources of fashion and style were "bombarded out of the world." Even for flowers France is no longer of avail, and of course the English artists, milliners, and florists made the most of their opportunity. But what prompted more attention to a higher style of dress on the occasion referred to was, without doubt, an official notice issued to the ladies. It was as follows:

The Lord Chamberlain has been commanded to give notice that the high square cut gowns which have of late been occasionally worn by ladies attending Her Majesty's courts and drawing rooms cannot be considered as "full dress," or in future be admitted on these occasions.

With regard to the insurrection in Algeria the Malta correspondent of the *Times* writes: "Accounts from Algeria to the 6th of May state that the insurrection continues to rage as fiercely as ever, and some dreadful massacres had been perpetrated by the Arabs at Delly, Bougie, and Palestro. At the last mentioned village the whole male population, consisting of forty-six individuals, were murdered with the greatest brutality, and the women and children carried off into the interior. It is satisactory to learn, however, that in almost every engagement with the French forces the Kabyles have been driven back with loss. The Italian ironclad frigate *Roma* and Spanish ironclad *Arpides* were in the neighbourhood for the protection of the interest of Italian and Spanish subjects The English ironclad *Defence* left Malta for Algiers on the 9th inst.

Rothschild is trying to sell the *Lafitte* vineyard.

Pittsburg is horrified over a rumour that the bodies of fifteen infants were found in the reservoir, while it was being cleaned out.

The great telegraphic feat of direct communication between England and India without any retransmission has recently been accomplished. For the first time, such communication was established by the transmission of a message from Kurrachee to London, which was really the first message from India to England instantaneously Subsequently communication was opened to Bombay, London and Bombay interchanged signals perfectly, and a commercial messsage was sent from London to Bombay direct and answered instantaneously. The distance by the Indo-European line is 6,000 miles, and this is the greatest telegraphic feat on record.

The Bremer county (Iowa) *Republican* says that in the northeast corner of Bremer county there lives a couple whose aggregate ages amount to 204 years and 10 months. They are husband and wife, and were married in 1798, and are Scotch Irish descendants, and speak the German language fluently. The husband was a soldier under Napoleon I., and was wounded at the battle of Navarao, Spain, three inches of the bone of his leg being taken entirely out by a cannon shot, whereby his leg became shortened so that he can only walk handsomely on a side hill.

Among the incidents of the reign of the Commune in Paris was the puolication of an article in "Le Rappel," in which God was made to appear before the National Assembly and discuss with the members measures looking to an end of the civil war. It was a bold and unblushing satire on religion, and a heartless assault on the opinions of men, which might well make the Christian world stand aghast. The Communists outraged every religious and political truth during their short reign. They steeped themselves in infamy, and the leaders met a deserved death in the ruin which they brought upon their ollowers.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL

MONTREAL, June 9.

This afternoon the Wimbledon marksmen proceeded to practice, at Point St. Charles. After a few rounds were fired, the cartridge of Dr. Oronhyatekha being too small, the greater portion of the powder recoiled through the breach, severely injuring the face of the firer, and barely escaping destruction of his eye. Five minutes after, Private Jennings encountered the same accident, the powder exploded through the breach, much injuring him. Both bear marks of severe blasts from powder, but they proceed on their journey, having received medical aid The practice broke up in consequence. Photographs of the entire party were to-day taken by Inglis, St. James' street.

The Duke of York Orange Lodge held an entertainment with great success on Wednesday evening.

The judgment in the Guibord case was again deferred till next term.

The first Cricket match played in Montreal this season comes off to-morrow.

Dr. Bernard, of this city, is out with an address to the electors of Argenteuil. He is alleged liberal.

Bank of Montreal: Stock buyers at 75; sellers, 79. Ontario, buyers, 120; sellers, 123. Merchants: buyers, 145; sellers, 146; transactions of the latter at 46¼.

Thermometer 68° at 4 p.m.

Commerce firm.

Alderman Rodden, in the Council tonight, moved that a vote of the proceedings of the Council in favor of the million dollar grant was illegal, on the ground of no quorum. The Mayor replied that the proceedings of the previous meeting was in order, no vote being necessary on Ald. Rodden's motion, and that the million dollar grant was a *bona fide* law according to the first reading. After much empty discussion the Council adjourned.

Midnight Despatches.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—American owners of estates in Cuba are still complaining that through the efforts of the agents of Spain in this city or elsewhere their claims are constantly misrepresented. The question at issue between them and the Captain-General, they say, is not one of damages at all, but whether they shall be allowed to regain immediate possession of their property, 15 months after the home Goyernment has ordered its release, or wait until the authorities in the island have sold one or two valuable crops and obtained the money for them. These men expect to go before a Commission with their claims for damages already done. The crops on some of the larger estates have been sold for from two to three hundred thousand dollars. What they most complain of is that while the Home Government has ordered the restoration of their property the Captain-General stands as an impediment in the way of the execution of the order. The statement that many of these estates have been released is true, but this has not been done until the owners have been forced to pay large sums of money, and those who own estates still claim that they have the right to recover them without further loss. What these claimants desire to have our Government do, is to inform Spain that her orders have not been executed, and peremptorily demand that she cause them to be obeyed at once.

Henry S. Northcote, who sailed from New York on Wednesday, was custodian of all the manuscript and documents accumulated by the British members during the session of the Joint High Commission that pertain to the decisions on the Treaty.

Earl De Grey, Sir Stafford Northcote, Prof. Bernard, Sir Edward Thornton and Lord Tenterden at the conclusion of each day's session made up a journal of the day's deliberation, which were at their leisure written out in full so as to form a complete and accurate history of the progress of their labours, and the different opinions expressed in the formation of the different articles of the Treaty, as well as the construction which should be given to each portion of articles. The result of their labours, together with all books of reference, will be filed in the British Foreign Office for future reference.

NEW YORK, June 9.—Hon. Abraham B. Vanderpuel, oldest survivor of the Tammany Society died on Wednesday, aged 83 years.

At the Prospect Park races to-day the great event was the double team trot for $2,000, which was won in three straight heats by Honest Allan, and George Wilkes beating Monitor, Black Harry, Darkness, and Jessie Wales. The latter were favorites before the race, but were withdrawn after the first heat, in which they had the 2nd place. Time, 2-31½, 2-30, 2-28.

The last race for a purse of $1,700 for 2:31 horses was won by Royal John in three out of four heats. Winner's time—2:28, 2:31½, 2:30½

NORTH PLATTE, NEBR., June 9.—A Belgian lady travelling on a through ticket from New York to San Francisco, died on the train last night. About $10,000 mostly in United States' bonds was found on her person.

VERSAILLES, June 9.—The Minister of France, in presenting to the Assembly a Bill making provision for a loan of one hundred millions sterling, urged the payment of the war indemnity in order that France may be rid of the Germans. The Minister said that he relied for success in rising the loan upon foreign confidence in the ability of France to meet her obligations and the internal energy of the nation. He promises the exercise of strict economy in all the expenditures of the Government.

LONDON, June 9.—The *Times* to-day, in an editorial reviewing the grounds of the Canadian opposition to the Treaty of Washington, says the Treaty sacrifices the interests of the small communities to the conveniences of the powerful States. That a portion of the Empire is made a scape goat for the peace of the whole, and that the possessions of the Maritime Provinces have been bantered away.

The *Times*, however, urges the acceptance of the Treaty by the Canadas as a compensation for a boon of American free trade, which is rapidly gaining ground in the United States.

BUCHAREST, June 9.—The Roumanian Chamber of Deputies has verified the elections of its members, and chosen Prince Ghika, the leader of the Conservatives, its President.

LONDON, June 9.—The steamer *Cambria*, from New York, touched at Plymouth today.

NEW YORK, June 9.—The brig *J. L. Bowen* made an unsuccessful attempt to get to sea last night and escape the Salvage, claimed by Mate Hiloner, of the *Europa*, who brought her into port after the recent murder of Capt. Armsburg. The deputy U. S. marshal went in pursuit and overhauled her, and brought her back to moorings, where she is now in charge of the keepers.

A correspondent writing from St. John, N. F., May 24, says that information has just been received there of the total loss of a small coasting schooner, with no less than 40 souls on board. She left St. John for Old Pelican in Trinity Bay, and 40 men of the crews of the *Nimrod* and *Hector* took passage in her. The poor fellows were inhabitants of Old Pelican and were returning to their homes with the proceeds of their successful voyage. They were nearly all married men with families. The unfortunate vessel has not since been heard of, and on May 2nd part of her cargo was picked up at sea. It is supposed she struck on a low iceberg during darkness and went down immediately. The little village is the scene of mourning and woe, nearly every family having lost a member.

The whaling steamer *Wolf* has been lost in Green Bay, with seventeen thousand seals on board.

LONDON, June 9.—Official statements were made in both Houses of Parliament to-day, and the circumstances of the imprisonment and killing of certain British subjects in Paris during the recent insurrection.

The House of Commons has passed the Westmeath Bill, enlarging the powers of the Government for the repression of violence in Ireland.

PARIS, June 9.—The decree ordering supplementary elections to fill the vacant seats in the Assembly is expected tomorrow.

The *Gazette de France* says the Orleans Princes have promised not to take their seats as Deputies during the existence of the present Assembly, and not to allow their sons to become candidates.

M. Focarde Larouquette will stand for the Assembly in the Department of Roi et Garonne, and his election will probably not be contested.

Rouher, Guerroniere, and Haussman are also spoken of as candidates.

It is almost certain that Prince Napoleon will run for the Assembly from Corsica.

Many rifles are found daily concealed in cellars, churches and catacombs.

The *Opinion Nationale* in commenting on the action of the Assembly warns the country it is sliding down the inclined plane into monarchy.

Other journals approve of yesterday's proceedings.

La France compares the speech of Thiers to the proclamatio of Washington.

The German forces have commenced evacuating the Department of the Lower Seine.

It is expected that the state of siege will cease in Paris on Monday.

QUEENSTOWN, June 9.—The *China*, from New York, arrived at 5 p.m., and proceeded to Liverpool.

IOWA CITY, IOWA, June 9.—About four o'clock this afternoon the most fearful storm ever witnessed in this section commenced for about forty minutes. Rain and hail fell in torrents, accompanied by a gale. The dry goods store of D. Griffiths was unroofed, and the stock was deluged. Damage $4,000. A fine brick dwelling of Mrs. Dawney had the west gable blown in, and one end of the St. Joseph School building was also blown in. Two or three other houses are reported unroofed, and one man said to have been killed. Fruit and shade trees were blown to the ground in all parts of the city, and great damage was done to the grain and fruit crops in the country.

NEW ORLEANS, June 9.—The overflow was 15 inches below high water mark, and has fallen 3 inches during the past 24 hours. Twelve steam fire engines are throwing out the water to-day, but heavy rain this afternoon, with a gale from the southeast, prevented further decline. Several additional pumps with great capacity will be at work to-morrow. A strong southeast wind is now prevailing, and will probably cause further rise in the lake.

ERIE, PA., June 9.—Another prize fig took place to-day within the city limits on the ground of the Flynn and McCullough contest three weeks ago. Bob Conway, of Erie, and Buffalo Bill, from Buffalo were the principles. The stakes were $2,000. Two rounds were fought greatly to the advantage of Buffalo Bill, who, on the third round, drove the Erie man into his own corner, and was then vigorously swelling up his head when one McCallum, friend and backer of Conway, drew an iron pin used for coupling cars and smote Bill a terrible blow upon the head, knocking him senseless and opening his skull with a horrid gash. The majority of the crowd were Eries, and the foreigners dared not defend their fallen chief, so no row was created. The referee declared it a foul, and the fight ended. Buffalo Bill was given medical assistance, and in the evening he left town. No arrests have yet been made.

An Arkansas woman named Emily Sarah Lord is reported to have had nine husbands in ten years. Two died with suspicious suddenness; and three were divorced. What was become of the rest is not stated.

THE CASH BONUS SYSTEM

—OF THE—

Life Association of Scotland.

(Class A.) reduces the outlay of the Policy-Holder to 12s. 6d. or 15s. (instead of 20s.) per £1 of the usual premiums. Until the time of participation in Bonuses, a portion only of the premiums need be paid, and the Annual payments for Policies are thus as follows:

Age.	£300	£500	£1000
30	$27 37	$45 62	$ 91 25
40	35 69	59 47	118 93
50	51 10	85 17	170 33

In Class B. the Bonuses are accumulated as Additions to the Sums Assured, and are available as a Provision for the Policy-holder himself in old age.

A late Statement in the "TIMES" Newspaper, of the Business of 70 Life Offices, for 12 months showed that out of 69 British offices, Sixty-Five transacted less business than the LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

Intending Assurers should enter Before the 32nd year's Balance on 5th April 1871.

P. WARDLAW,
Secretary.
Place d'Armes, Montreal.

W T PENNYCOOK,
general Agent, Ottawa.
March 17, 1871 1617 3m 3wk

HAGERMAN & ROSE,

PORK PACKERS,

PORT HOPE.

HAMS, BACON, LARD and Barreled PORK, for Sale.

February 2, 1871. 1580 2m.

USEFUL INFORMATION.—It is said that olive oil administered internally is an excellent remedy for the gout, and is also beneficial in paralysis and epilipsy; but for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, colds and colic, and the removal of the pain generally, there is nothing like the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," it is the most reliable remedy For sale by Druggists and country dealers Price 25 cents per bottle.

PAIN-KILLER

Husband:—I shall know then better hereafter, Druggists and Storekeepers are doing not only themselves a great deal of harm, but their customers also by inducing them to buy an article unknown and without merit. Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER has been before the public for over thirty years, it is known in every quarter of the earth, and is sold by every Druggists and most storekeepers and grocers. As a Cholera specific and Diarrhoea medicine, its reputation has no parellel. I am surprized that we have lived so many years without it.

Wife:—Charles, the reason is you you have been taking whatever the storekeeper would recommend, we have always had a bottle o Pain Cure or Reliever or Pain Remedy or som such trash in the house we have tried them over and over again.

Husband:—And that is just the reason I objected to try the PAIN-KILLER on my Rheumatism, thought it was like those other things a humbug

(To be continued.)

Be sure and get the genuine PAIN-KILLER, only 5 cts. per bottle. Beware of counterfeits.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

For sale by private contract, a very superior

FAMILY CARRIAGE,

(QUITE NEW),

Made By DUHAMEL,

OTTA

This vehicle beautifully finished, and took the first Prize at the Ottawa, Agricultural and Horticultural Society's Exhibitions of 1870.

On view for a few days at the British Lion Hotel Yard, Sparks-st., Ottawa

For further particulars apply to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685tf

TO CONTRACTORS,

Tenders will be received until Noon of FRIDAY, the Sixteenth day of JUNE Instant, for the erection and completion of a BUILDING on the corner of Rideau and Sussex streets, according to plans and specifications, to be seen at the office of the Proprietor, D. O'CONNOR, Esq., in Aumond's Buildings. The lowest nor any tender not necessarily accepted.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871 1688a

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged.
Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

FESTIVAL OF

ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST.

GRAND CONCERT

—AND—

DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE

—AT THE—

CANADIAN INSTITUTE,

ON MONDAY, 26th JUNE, 1871.

Admission.....25cts.
Tickets for Reserved Seats.....40cts.

To be had at the Institute, where a diagram of the Seats can be seen from and after this day (THURSDAY) until SUNDAY,

The Directors,
LE CHEVALIER SMITH,
A. LAPERRIERE
Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686d

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Side-Wheel Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CORBELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac,

NZ,

SO

VATER.

ke., &c.

Lace Assort-

LES.

HONS,

e., &c.

EET.

HOTEL

NZ.

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

New Dress Goods, &c., at Allan, McKinnon s & McMoran's.

Local news is very scarce.

Yesterday was very cool.

The Gatineau Point is dormant.

The health of the city is excellent.

The crops about Ottawa look well.

Caterpillars are eating the leaves off trees in the city.

The owners of soda water fountains wish for continuous hot weather.

A circus will come to Ottawa shortly. We want amusement of some kind just now.

Several families are leaving the city for watering places.

Several small trees planted on Parliament Squareare dead.

The odour about the Music Hall is not very pleasant.

A grocer had the axle of his waggon broken on the street railway track yesterday.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

Just received a case of Ladies Hats in latest and most fashionable styles at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

Preparations are being made to complete the tower of the Parliament buildings.

The trees on Parliment Square were watered last evening with the hose from the buildings.

Messrs. Orme & Son have in their window a monster brass Bombardon got out from London, England, for the Union Steam Fire Engine Band Chaudiere.

COUNTY COUNCIL.—The County Council of the County of Carleton, will meet on Monday morning, at 10 o'clock, in this city.

VICIOUS DOG.—A vicious dog bit a little boy severely yesterday, on Wellington street. The brute seized the boy by the arm and took a piece of flesh clean out.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

We are informed that a fence near Mr. Thompson's, on the Richmond Road, was destroyed by fire a few days ago; also that the fire is in Thompson's bush. Farmers should be cautious during the dry weather.

ROW.—A row occurred in a tavern yesterday between a raftsman and another individual. One of the parties had his proboscis nearly taken off with a tumbler hurled at him. The affair will probably be settled at the police court this morning.

MAPLE LEAF CRICKET CLUB.—We understand that the old club is about reorganizing. All its old members are yet about the city, and, no doubt, once the club commences practising it will regain its former reputation. The club will play on the commons, Sandy Hill, on Monday evening next, and persons wishing to join it should be there.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—S Keefer, Brockville; A L Lockerby, Montreal; Jas D Gemmell, Almonte; H F McLachlin, Arnprior; W T O'Reilly, Toronto; N K Clements, Yarmouth, N S; Lewis A Hall, Montreal; D S Connors, do; Adam Darling and wife, Montreal; L W Fulton, do; J Crathern, do; Alex Gowdey, Montreal.

THE MARKET—Friday.—There was a pretty fair attendance on the market this morning.

Butter was plentiful, and sold at from 19c to 20c per pound.

Eggs sold at 17c per dozen.

Oats, 60c per bushel.

Potatoes, 55c to 60c per bushel.

Hay from $14 to 16 per ton.

POLICE COURT.

Friday, June 8.

Mary Welsh charged with being drunk and disorderly on the public streets was sent to gaol for one week.

Thos. Semo, arrested for the same offence was dismissed.

Annie Parker, a stylish young woman in silks, was charged with being an inmate of a house of ill fame. Fined $10 and costs.

Thos. Lowe, charged with using abusive language towards a woman, was fined $2 and costs.

Stanislaus Robert was charged with keeping foul premises. Case adjourned until Monday.

Mrs. Terry was arrested at the request of her husband. She got drunk on Thursday and assaulted him. Sent to gaol for one week.

Charles Pichette, a cabman, was in the dock, charged with robbing a raftsman of some money—about $10. The raftsman swore he had snatched the money from him and drove off. Sentenced to one month imprisonment at hard labour.

PUBLIC PROMENADE.

A city without public parks and promenades is very similar to a house without a parlour or drawing-room—there is the busy bustle of every day life in it, and no place within its precints to which a person can resort for relief from the monotonous din of the public streets. Nothing adds more to the beauty of a city than well located and well kept public parks, gardens, &c. To the person who has been engaged all day among the turmoil of business and traffic, the verdant park with its arbours, shaded walks, and sparkling fountains to him as he hastens to it in the evening, like an oasis in a desert. Monotony in art as well as in nature is destructive of effect.

Ottawa can boast of natural scenery amongst the fairest in America, and it certainly has within its limits most eligible sites for parks and promenades, which should be secured for that purpose. As a step in this direction, we are happy to learn that it is the intention of the Corporation to purchase six lots from the Hon. Malcolm Cameron and Mr. Wright, situated on the high prominence west of the Rev. Mr. Lauder's residence. This is, we believe, a very eligible site for a park, as it is so elevated that a splendid view can be had of the whole city and for miles on every side, from it. We feel certain that our readers will be glad to learn that the site is to be purchased for the general benefit of the public. The city is extending rapidly in every direction, and it would be well to reserve eligible blocks of land for ornamental purposes, while they are yet to be had at reasonable prices.

DOMINION NOTES.

Hamilton means to have a balloon ascension on Dominion Day.

Kincardine is going to convert her market square into a public park.

Mr. E. Jackson of the *Era*, and Reeve of Newmarket, comes in for deserved praise from all quarters, for his promptitude and energy in supplying the needs of the unfortunate people of Bradford, whose town was last week destroyed by fire.

The Windsor *Record* mentions the production of some excellent cotton pods on the farm of Mr. T. McCormick, north of Pelee Island. Old field hands, accustomed to labor in the South, pronounce the product excellent.

Port Dalhousie has had its charivari; the cause being that a widow lady had married a young man named Sharp.

This is the way they do it in Goderich. For insulting unprotected ladies on the streets, the Mayor of Goderich fined a batch of corner loafers $50 and costs each. Such a dose would not be required to be repeated to clear the corners, even in this city.

Mr. Alfred R. C. Selwyn, F.G.S., the Director of the Geological Survey of Canada, will visit the Madoc and Marmora mines in company with Mr. H. G. Vennor, towards the close of the present week.

The St. Catharines *Journal* says: On Friday last, two men in a skiff above the Falls were crossing the river from Chippawa, when one of the oars broke, and being unable to stem the current, they were carried into the rapids under the Canadian Falls. Who they were or where they were from we have not been able to learn.

In the camp at Niagara there are now 330 officers and 4,475 non-commissioned officers and men. Artillery, 13 officers, 210 non-commissioned officers and men; cavalry, 21 officers, 272 non-commissioned officers and men; infantry and rifles, 296 officers, 3,993 men. To feed this little army 7,210 pounds of bread, 4,800 pounds of meat, 4,800 pounds of potatoes, 600 pounds of sugar, 100 pounds of coffee, 50 pounds of tea, 150 pounds of salt, 8 pounds of pepper, are issued daily; and for cooking meals nine cords of wood per day are consumed. The number of horses in camp is 519, for the maintenance of which 153 bushels of oats and 9,500 pounds of hay are daily required.

The Montreal *Gazette* of yesterday says: The Canadian team arrived in town yesterday *en route* for Wimbledon, and stopped at the St. James' Hotel. The party lunched at the Carleton with Lieut. Col. Osborne Smith and other officers. The names of the party and the places they represent are as follows:—

Lieut. Col. Jas. A. Skinner, Captain.
Ottawa—Messrs. Cotton and Harris.
Brockville—Messrs. Bell and Wilkinson.
Belleville—Mr. Oronhyatekha.
Kingston—Mr. Kincaid and Mr. Wernor.
Cobourg—Mr. McNaughton.
Toronto—Messrs. Jennings, McMullin, McDonald, Burch, and Gibson.
Hamilton—Messrs. Murison, Omand, Sache, Little and Mason.
Woodstock—Mr. McCleneghan.
London—Mr. Thos. Wastie.

The party leave by the steamer on Saturday. We wish them a prosperous voyage, and all success on the other side.

ONE OF THE MOST NOTABLE PROPERTIES OF DR. WHEELER'S ELIXIR OF PHOSPHATES AND CALISAYA is its sustaining power during active mental and physical exertion. Business men, Editors, Clergymen, Lawyers, Physicians, and all classes engaged in any occupation requiring great application and consequent fatigue, will find this remedy invaluable, as it will enable them to accomplish their work with comparative ease. Anyone trying a bottle will find this statement fully sustained. Phosphate of Lime is an active agent of nutrition, constituting more than fifty per cent. of the system; Phosphoric Acid, a powerful Nerve Tonic; Phosphate of Iron, a blood maker; and Calisaya, an agreeable supporting stimulant. The combination of these remedies forms a Nutritive Tonic or Chemical Food, and nourishes and vitalizes the constitution in the same manner as an article of diet. Sold by all druggists,

EVANS MERCER & CO.,
Wholesale Agent.

RIGHT AND WRONG.—It is wrong to jest with your wife upon a subject in which there is danger of wounding her feeling, and it is wrong to speak of great virtues in another man's wife, to remind your own of fault; but it is not wrong after trying the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" and feeling its wonderful effects, to recommend it to neighbours, for the cure of rhuematisem, neuralgia, cramps, cholic, &c.; it as no equal. For sale by Druggists and country dealers.

☞Did you ever think that what is termed a common cold, when systematically neglected, often leads to that most fatal and distressing disease—consumption—but when attended to at once is generally easy of cure. If you are troubled with it cold or cough, "Bryan's and Pulmonic Wafers" will be found to be most efficacious in removeing it. They give immediate relief, and generally effect a cure when used in time. Sold by all Druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box.

☞After war pestilence and intemperance—colds lead to the greatest destruction of human life, mainly, because it is considered by many to be of no consequence and hence systematically neglected untill a simple, curable disease, is converted into a fatal pulmonary one. Everyone troubled with what is called a slight cold or cough, should immediately use Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—they allay irritation at once, and exert a most beneficial influence on all the Bronchial and Pulmonary organs. Sold by all Druggists and Country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box.

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD,
and similar troubles, if suffered to progress, results in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial had Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES
are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the desease and give almost instant relief.

The TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in low localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than any other articles.

OBTAIN only BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless Immitations that may be offered.

"TROCHES," SO-CALLED SOLD BY THE OUNCE, are a poor immitation and nothing like Brown's Bronchial Troches, which are sold only in boxes with fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

Outside wrapper of box, and private government stamp attached to each box.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF A OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurse in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and succes by millions of mothers and children, from the feble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World; in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuie unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine dealers. 25 cents a bottle. Office 215 Fulton street, New York; and 493 Oxford street, London.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the fac-simili of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order Be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's bronchial Troches.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS TO LET

Two or three gentlemen can obtain good Bed Rooms, and a well furnished Parlor, in a respectable private residence, close to the Parliamentary Buildings, with Breakfast if required. Terms moderate. Address, Office of this Paper.

Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685 3

FRESH! FRESH! FRESH!

SALMON.

The first of the Season just received, at
MOSES LAPOINTE'S,
Fish Dealer,
Lower Town Market.

N. B.—All kinds of Lake, River, and Sea Fish, always on hand

Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685 1

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL.

The most beautiful site in the neighbourhood of the Capital, and the most pleasant and convenient place about Ottawa, for Pic Nics, &c.

A large covered Platform, raised eight feet from the ground, and capable of accommodating 4 000 persons, is admirably suited for Dancing, for Dramatic Soirees, and such like entertainments.

The Refreshments and Liquors to be had on the grounds are of the best quality.

Pleasure parties could not find a more comfortable and pleasant place to enjoy themselves.

At night the Gardens are well illuminated. Once properly known they will be regarded as indispensable during the summer season. There will be a Dancing School in the Gardens every THURSDAY night, except when occupied by a Picnic.

Hull, June 7, 1871 1685 2m

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can recover it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.

ANN JANE HAMILTON.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871. 1633tf

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 73259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given, which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1675tf

12th JULY, 1871.

ORANGE CELEBRATION.

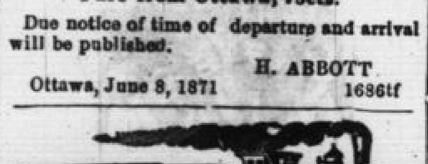
An EXCURSION TRAIN will run from CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION, Ottawa, to Brockville, calling at all Way Stations on 12th prox., returning same day.

Fare from Ottawa, 75cts.

Due notice of time of departure and arrival will be published.

H. ABBOTT

Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686tf



The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL!

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6 40 A.M, every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2 40 P.M, arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa June 1st, 1871

TENDERS FOR LIGHT HOUSES.

TENDERS will be received at this Department, at Ottawa, up to Noon of WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of JUNE, Instant, for the construction of TWO LIGHT HOUSES on the River Ottawa, one to be erected near Point A, L'Orignal, in the County of Prescott, and the other on the opposite Bank, about eight miles further up the River, in the Township of Grenville, County of Argenteuil.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the Department, at Ottawa, where forms of Tender can also be obtained by intending Contractors.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 7th June, 1871 1688 3

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until FRIDAY the 23rd instant, at noon, for the performance of the proposed improvements to be made at the Calumet, Mountain, Portage du Fort and Chats Stations on the Ottawa River.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of the Ottawa River Works, where printed forms of Tender and any other information can be obtained.

Separate Tenders will be required for the works at each Station, and must be endorsed viz.:

Calumet Station.
Mountain "
Portage du Fort "
Chats "

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowestor any tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 7th June, 1871 1686 3

DRY GOODS

—AT—

RETAIL.

SUMMER FASHIONS

SHOWING THIS DAY,

—AT—

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,

Beautiful Bonnets,
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets,
Splendid Lace Shawls.

Also in immense Variety,

Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques,
Horrockses, Miller & Co, Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
Window Hollands,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Notingham Lace Curtains, &c.,

SPECIAL LINES.

Linen Percale's and Lawns, for Seaside Wear.
Walking Stick Parachutes " " "
Parag on Frame Parasols and Umbrellas,
Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makes.
Coventry Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and M Trimmings, in great variety.

EXTRAORDINARY.

☞ 43 Pasterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

FOR SALE.

VERY CHEAP,

—AT THE—

DOMINION AUCTION ROOMS,

16 RIDEAU STREET,

A Set of First-Class

GROCERY FIXTURES, (COUNTER, SHELVES, DRAWERS, &c.)

ALSO:

A large quantity of Tea and other Groceries and Liquors.

A Hhd. of Molasses to be sold cheap (very low).

A large consignment of Books, Stationery, Jewellery, Clothing, Boots, &c

Regular Auction Sales weekly.

Consignments received and prompt returns made.

Real Estate Sales promptly attended to.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871 1 94tf

AUCTION SALES

BY A. GAGNIER.

AT DOMINION AUCTION ROOMS.

The subscriber begs to inform the public of Ottawa, that he has opened an Auction Room at No, 16 Rideau street, and is prepared to undertake the Sale of Furniture and Household effects, at the residences of owners Semi-Weekly sales of Furniture and General Merchandise, at 16 Rideau street, every TUESDAY and SATURDAY, at 8 o'clock p.m.

The encouragement of the Public is respectfully solicited

A. GAGNIER,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 22, 1871 1461tf

WANTED

A Girl about 16 years of age, as serva on a small family. Apply, A.B., Times Offi

Ottawa, May 29,1871 1678tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A First-Class TINSMITH, to take charge of the Shop. Salary, $40 per month, payable end of every month. Apply at once to C.P. DORION, 60 Sparks-st

Ottawa, June 2, 1871. 1681tf

PORTER'S BLOCK.

34. SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

in their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good election,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

☞ Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,
NEW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS

Departments

THE SALVAGE GOODS,

Amounting to Over $7,500,

SAVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared our at prices which will be sure to commanda sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low pric goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,
PORTER'S BLOCK,
34 SPARKS STREET

Ottawa, March 30, 1871 1628y

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for Supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY,

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latest date

10lbs per day, for the season..			$5 00
20lbs "	"	"	9 00
10lbs		month	1 50
20lbs	"	"	2 90

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorens, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 89, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER,

N. B.—Ice supplied per ton or cwt.

[illegible] April 874

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Idea Street

BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

GIN—
J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Would beg to call the attention of the public to

NEW GOODS,

NOW

(DAILY ARRIVING),

COMPRISING:

100 Pieces New Light Prints,

Fast Colors, and latest designs, at 12½c. per yard, splendid value.

—ALSO—

a large additional Stock of new

DRESS GOODS,

in Shades suitable for the Season.

A Good Cloth, light colors, 15c. per yard. An Extra, Wide Width, 20cts. and 25cts.,

—AND—

A large assortment of

NEW HATS.

In latest and most Fashionable Styles.

Every Department fully Assorted.

☞ Call and examine our large and elegant Stock of Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, and Mantles, before purchasing elsewhere.

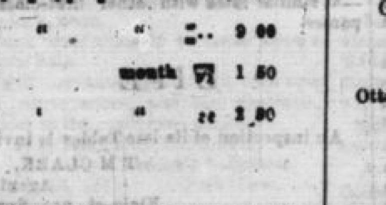
ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN

SUCCESSORS TO

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871.



Q. & G. P. S. S. Co.

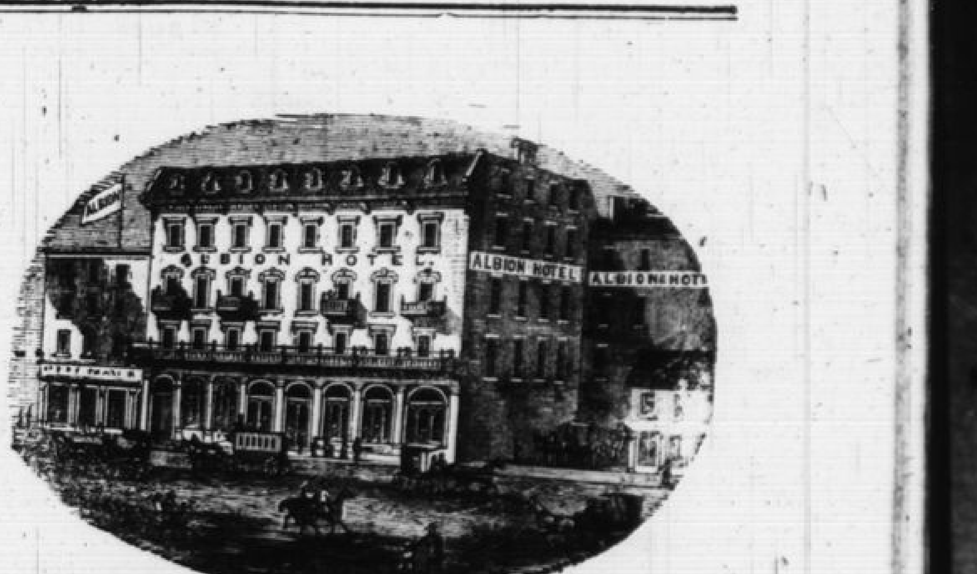
THE STEAMSHIP

"ALHAMBRA"

Will leave Montreal on FRIDAY, the 9th inst., at 4 o'clock, p.m., for Pictou, calling at Shediac, and Charlottetown, P. E. I., taking Goods at through rates for Halifax and St. John, N. B., and places on E. & N. A., and Nova Scotia Railways.

For Freight, apply to
HERRICK & CROMBIE.

June 7, 1871 1683tf



ALBION HOTEL,

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA.

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1685 3m

CLOTHING HALL!

New Store.

J. M. GOULDEN

Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at

No. 100 Sussex Street,

NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,

A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.

Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.

☞ Do not Forget the Place ☜

No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street,

Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OF BROCKVILLE,

Who will continue the Business in the same premises, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871.

☞ In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871. 1681 2m

The Tea Pot.

RIDEAU STREET.

Try John Hill's Teas and Coffees.

Try JOHN HILL'S Teas and Coffees, and you'll find
That they are of a most superior kind.
The various samples, when you fairly test,
You'll find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who each day procure
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

The following TEAS and COFFEES have been received within the last few days, and as they are FRESH and (NEW SEASON) can be recommended, the flavor being equal to any Teas ever imported into Canada:

FINEST JAPAN TEA (The very best that can be produced)
EXCELLENT KAISOW CONGOU TEA (Something extra),
CHOICE YOUNG HYSON TEA,
VERY SUPERIOR BLACK TEA (True Souchong) in Catties of 10 lbs each,
VERY FINEST GUNPOWDER TEA (Something extra),
EXTRA SCENTED ORANGE PEKOE.

☞ PURE JAPAN TEA, 60 cts. per lb., or 5 lbs. of the same article for $2.75.
GOOD SOUND TWANKAY TEA, 5 lbs. for $2.00.

☞ *The Finest Flavored Coffee to be obtained in this country, consisting of Pure Mountain Berry, Mocha, Java, Old Government Java and Plantation.*

☞ All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIER

FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will surprise those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.

The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.

From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves

Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:—Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries, Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871. 1668tf

Steamers.

ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*.....Captain Findlay.
" *Emerald*........ " Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*... " Murphy.
" *Alliance*........ " Blondin.
" *Oregon*........ " Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*...... "
Jason Gould..... " Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*. " Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*....... " Duggan.
Pontiac......... " D. Mulligan
Keppawe........ " BJ Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Captaine.

Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning—Leaving Chapeau same day at 1 o'clock, p.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2 30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,

CAPT. BOWIE,

PRINCE OF WALES,

CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

TO

Horse Breeders.

AT the request of a number of gentlemen who have FINE MARES to Breed from,

Mr. Cotton

has placed

"YOUNG LAPIDIST"

AT THE

Veterinary

Stable of Mr. A. O. F. Coleman,

RIDEAU STREET,

To Serve a Limited Number of Mares (say 30) for the Season.

"LAPIDIST" is 8 years old this spring, and is considered by judges, to be the most valuable horse to breed from, in this section of the country.

His Pedigree can be seen at Mr. COLEMAN'S Office, or with his Groom, DAVID WHYTE.

Ottawa, May 10, 1871.

CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS ACT OF 1871.

ELECTION PETITION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

Take notice that the above Petition will be tried at the COURT HOUSE, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the Sixteenth day of JUNE, A.D. 1871, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, and on such other subsequent days as may be needful. The said City of Ottawa having been appointed by the Court of Queen's Bench, for the place of trial of the said Election Petition, by rule of the said Court.

Dated the 27th day of May, A.D. 1871.

By order,
ROBERT G. DALTON.
Clerk of the Crown of the Court of Queen's Benc

May 30, 1871 1679tf

MARE LOST.

Strayed from Pasture, Richmond Road, about six weeks ago, a Dark Brown MARE, good height, and long build. She was marked thus: Three white feet, the two hind and one fore, and a little white star on the forehead, with a few small spots above her nose, white. She is knee sprung slightly, and the hoof on the left foot split a little; she is also wicked.

Any person giving such information (as will lead to the recovery of the Mare) to SAMUEL HUDSON, Chaudiere Depot, or at BOOTH'S Store, Chaudiere, will be rewarded.

Chaudiere, June 7, 1871 1685a

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

☞ A few good Fowls for sale.

J. HERBERT,
N on-st., West
near Richmond Road, Ottawa.

April 26, 1871.

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Balliff,
Agent,
TIMES Office Ottawa.

ENGLISH GOODS!!!

RECEIVED AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex street.

PRIZE WATER FILTERS, from $2.25 upwards, of Earthenware and White China. (They purify the most impure water.—*Medical Gazette.*)

ENGLISH BEDSTEADS, all wrought Iron,
Do CHILDRENS COTS, do do
Very fine patterns, quite new and cheap.

For Hospitals and Sick Rooms:

ENGLISH ENAMELLED CHAMBERS.
Do., do., BED PANS.
ENGLISH GARDEN CHAIRS,
Do., do., SETTEES, (to arrive.)
Do, CROQUET LAWN BORDERING
REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, and BATHS, STOVES new and improved patterns.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,

OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"*THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,*"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c, &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d, 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy,
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy Ports,
Domecqs and GreekSherry,
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.
Bass', Guinness's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.

Liberal terms.

☞ Inspection invited.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

1871. ICE! **1871.**

ICE! *ICE!*

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G, Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street;

Ottawa, May 1649J

JUST RECEIVED.

—AT—

HAUSER'S

RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,

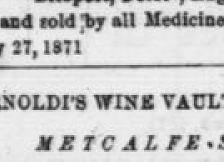
That splendid new Magazine,

THE WEDDING BELLS.

—ALSO—

BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL
FOR MARCH AND APRIL.

Ottawa, April 19. 1871



DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE.

NOTICE TO FORWARDERS AND OTHERS.

LET PASSES, through to Lake Champlain, will be issued to Vessels, Barges, &c, by the Collector of Canal Tolls, Ottawa, on payment of Tolls.

LET PASSES will also be issued by the Collector of Canal Tolls, at Montreal, and at St. Johns, through to Ottawa, or to Ottawa Basin, on payment of Tolls.

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871. 1680a

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, ca the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canded Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,

Corner Sussex and York-sts.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer

No. 67 Sussex-st.

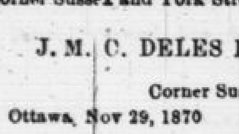
OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m



LISGAR.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

Victoria by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same in anywise concern.—Greeting:

A PROCLAMATION.

A. CAMPBELL, for the Attorney General, Canada. Whereas in and by an Act passed by the Parliament of Canada, in the Thirty-second and Thirty-Third years of Our Reign, being Chapter Twenty-four, and intituled: "An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," it is amongst other things in effect enacted that our Governor in Council may, as often as occasion requires, declare by Proclamation that upon and after a day therein named the said Act shall be in force in any place or places in Canada therein designated within the limits or in the vicinity whereof any Railway, Canal or other Public Work is in progress of construction, or such places as are in the vicinity of any such Canal, or Railway, or other work as aforesaid, within which he deems it necessary that the said Act should be in force; and the said Act shall upon and after the day to be named in any such Proclamation, take effect within the places designated in such Proclamation; and further, that Our Governor in Council may, in like manner from time to time declare the said Act to be no longer in force in any of such place or places, and may again from time to time declare the same to be in force therein.

And whereas, it is expedient that the hereinbefore in part recited Act should be in force, in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described

Now therefore know ye, that we, by and with the advice and consent of our Privy Council for Canada, do hereby declare that upon and after the First day of June next hereafter, "An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," hereinbefore in part recited, shall be in force in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described, that is to say: Commencing at the point where the route now being opened to the Red River crosses the height of land which separates the waters' tributary to Lake Winnepeg, from these flowing into Lake Superior, and running from thence westwardly along the said route to the Eastern boundary line of the Province of Manitoba, to extend to a depth of ten miles on either side of the said route from the height of land to the United States' Boundary Line at Nequaquon Lake, and from thence westward to the Lake of the Woods, to embrace a depth of ten miles on the British side of the Boundary line aforesaid, to cover the whole area of the Lake of the Woods and the Islands therein in so far as they are within British Territory and a depth of ten miles around such portion of its shores as may be within British Territory, and from the North West angle of the Lake of the Woods, to extend ten miles on either side of the line of route until it meets the aforesaid eastern boundary line of the said Province of Manitoba.

Of all of which our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

In testimony whereof, we have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved, the Right Honorable John Baron Lisgar, of Lisgar and Bailieborough, in the County of Cavan, Ireland, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and a Baronet, one of our most Honourable Privy Council, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada, and Governor and Commander in Chief of the Island o Prince Edward. At our Governmen House, in Our CITY OF OTTAWA, this Fifth day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and in the Thirty-fourth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J C AIKINS,
Secretary of State.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871 1671 3

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE.			MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY.		
A.M	P.M.	P.M.		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
......	12 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.30
......	12 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	......	4.30
......	......	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8,00	......	6,00
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	6.00
10 15	12.15	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.30
10.15	12.15	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8,00	......	4.30
......	10.15	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	......	4.30
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c	......	......	4.30
9 20	......	3.30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	3.00
9.20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	......	......	7 00
10:30 7 00	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	8.00	11.00	7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	......	......	7 00
10.00	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	......	......	6 00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11 30 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12 A.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundlan and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 3, 1871

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa
The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz.: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq.
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq.,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Nov last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Business.

Claims Paid for Assurances....	£6,083,333 33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid.	2,433,333 33
Funds on hand, upwards of....	6,570,000.00
Annual Income.............	1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection to Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions of Policies.*

The *Non-Forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* o the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

☞ Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW,
Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal

J.& W. T. Pennock,
Agents, Ottawa.

March 13, 1871 168a

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND LIFE

Continues to take risks on every description of property—including Wooden Houses—at similar rates with other first-class Companies.

LIFE

An inspection of its late Tables is invited.

T M CLARK,
Agent,
Elgin-st., near Sparks.

Ottawa, April 12, 1871 1638 1

THE METROPOLITAN

Building and Savings Society.

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa 19th December, 1870. 1540tf1871

Medical.

MESS. GABRIEL'S
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE
ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESS. GABRIEL.
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL. LONDON. E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

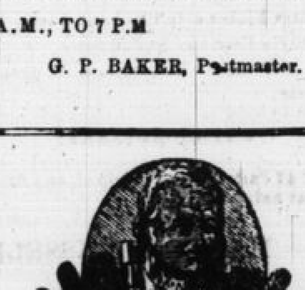
MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

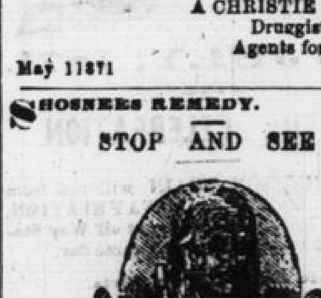
A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,

May 1 1871

SHOSONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!





° Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O
County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:
MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a ort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869:

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden county of Hastings. Province of Ontario, D Canada.

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

THE EAGLE STEAM BAKERY,

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your orders are sollicited
AND WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO BY

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1850.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. Mc FARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Root Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month,

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1664

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Willows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties horoughly tested, and it is conceded to be be cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Drggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it. Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 3 d June, 1871.

Authorized discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner o Customs.

Ottawa, June 3, 1871

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces - Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.

W McKAY WRIGHT. 15 F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-treet. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 4butf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 566tl GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into is practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or Laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as i were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Boughton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every elicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., register-on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts A nts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies ac nts accurately prepared. Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1593 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.

Montreal, March 1871 2 3m

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

☞ TEAS AND WINES, ☜

9 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1.30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 4.30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2 00 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5.40 p. m., and at Sand Point, 6 30 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a.m arriving at Brockville at 1 34 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 2.00 p m, and 6 20 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 3.50 p m., 10.00 p.m, 6.15 p.m. 1.30 p.m.

Leave Sand Point

At 8.30 a.m., 11.30 a.m., 3.00 a.m., 2.00 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

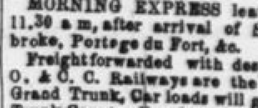
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a m, after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, June 6, 1871



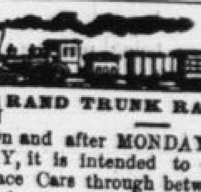
GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullmar Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal:

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657M



LIGHT HOUSE SERVICE.

TENDERS will be received at this Department, at Ottawa, up to Noon of WEDNESDAY, the 21st JUNE next, for the construction of LIGHT HOUSES at the undermentioned places, in the Province of Ontario.

Salmon Point. P. E. County, Lake Ontario.
Middle Island. Essex County, Lake Erie.
Porphyry Point. Lake Superior.
Michipicoten Island. do.
Small Island, near Michipicoten Island Harbour.

Plans and specifications of all the required Works may be seen on and after the 1st June next, at the Department at Ottawa, and at the Office of S RISLEY, Esq., Inspector o Steamboats, Toronto, at which places also Forms of Tender can be procured by intending Contractors.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 20th May, 1871. 1681 3

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON have ing purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Estables, and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

☞ FLOWER SEEDS. ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,

(Late Alex. Christie.)

Druggists,
40, Sparks-st

Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel
Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchan generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel. Strict attention to business.
Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.

J. A. GEMMILL,
Solicitor &c.

Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin an Sparks streets.

Ottawa, Feb. 21, 187 159

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 35 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa
JAMES [illegible], Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1689. OTTAWA, MONDAY. JUNE 12, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deal Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. &c. together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, No 1, 1870

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent. at 60 Sparks street.

Possession given 20th May.
Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere, near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET.

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)

Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.

Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY

For particulars, apply to
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26 Rideau street.

Ottawa, Feb 1, 1871

TO LET.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road. Also the Shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.

For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,

Ottawa, Feb. 6. 592tf

WANTED TO RENT.

A Comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, on the west end. Neighborhood of Richmond Road preferred. Rent not to exceed $300 per annum, including taxes. Address D., post paid, Ottawa. Possession required by 15th June.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1879 3

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE.

CUSTOM'S DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 19th May, 1871.

Referring to the notice of 5th inst., of articles transferred by Order in Council, to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, it is decided that the term "Annatto" therein mentioned means "Annatto" in either a liquid or a solid condition.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa, May 27, 1871 1678 3

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa.

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,

The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises

STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.

And new importations will be added daily from the different markets. Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1865 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,

Next Door to F. McDougall & Co.

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colour Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,

To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.

There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.

The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!
—TO—
N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, April 28, 1871 1652 3m

ALBION HOTEL,

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1685 3m

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion.

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz; the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim.

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in its large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly, our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH.

Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100 acres,
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull,	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St, James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725,

Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

SELLING

OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES

OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
WINE MERCHANT,
Elgin Street,

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

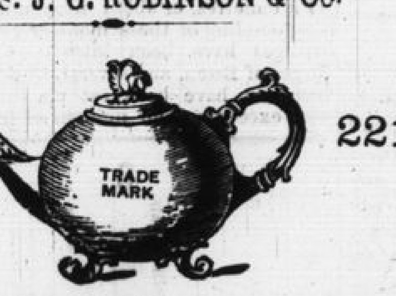
OTTAWA AND MONTREAL WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

Dufresne & McGarity,

SUCCESSORS TO

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.

Sussex Street, OTTAWA.



221 Notre Dame St. MONTREAL.

The Undersigned have much pleasure in stating to their Customers and the Trade in general, that they have disposed of the RETAIL BUSINESS *which they heretofore carried on in connection with their Wholesale Trade; and it is now their intention to devote themselves exclusively to the*

Wholesale Grocery, Wine and Provision Business.

To enable them to do so efficiently, they have secured the premises next door to their present stand, (formerly occupied by Messrs. Fingland & Draper, as a Dry Goods Store,) and connected the two buildings by an arch,—now making ONE OF THE FINEST WHOLESALE HOUSES IN THE PROVINCE.

They have secured Agencies for several of the first WINE HOUSES *in Europe; and are also Agents for* Messrs. GOODERHAM & WORTS, *Distillers of Toronto —and they can safely say that Messrs. G. & W. make the finest Spirits in the Dominion.*

The trade supplied with all of the undermentioned ALES, either in Wood or Bottle, at Brewers prices.

Dow & Co's, Montreal, Pale and Mild Ales and Porter,
Cosgrove's, Toronto, " " "
Labatt's, Prescott, " " "
Dawes', Lachine, " " "

GUINNESS STOUT and ENGLISH ALES always on hand and in fine condition.

There is now on the way out from China and Japan, 2,000 Chests of Fresh Teas, *which, with all other Goods, will be sold at* MONTREAL PRICES.

Goods will be delivered at Steamboat and Railway Stations free of charge. All empty packages charged in accounts will be taken back and allowed for, and those prefering to have their Goods shipped from the Montreal House, can have that privilege by leaving their orders at the office here.

The OTTAWA ESTABLISHMENT will be under the special management of MR. McGARITY, *who will give his exclusive attention to the wants of his customers.*

Thanking you for the liberal patronage with which we have been so kindly favored, and soliciting an early call.

We remain, yours truly,

Dufresne & McGarity,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
"The Tea Pot,"
SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, April 19, 1871 1645 2m

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS.

PURVEYORS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

McGill University, Montreal,

SESSION 1871-72.

THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—

FACULTY OF ARTS......September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE.....October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW.......October 3rd.

The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.

The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.

In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Second Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.

The Calendar containing details of all the above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES,
Secretary.

May 31, 1871 1689 2awk 2m

HATS HATS! HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

DOMINION HOUSE,

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House'
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

DIRECT FROM ENGLAND!

Just opened out a beautiful assortment of CARVED WOOD

BREAD PLATTERS!
BUTTER do, with glass dish!
SALT CELLARS, do do!
EGG TRAYS, do cups
FRUIT STANDS, do dishes
BREAD KNIVES
BREAKFAST TRAYS!

The above are low in price, and elegant and useful adornments for the Tables, also

FISHING RODS,
TROLLING SPOONS,
FLIES, GIMP,
HOOKS,
BOOKS, &c, &c, &c.

We have just been appointed Agents for the ATLANTIC and PACIFIC SHIP PUMPS,

BROKENSHIRES PATENT.

These Pumps are now almost exclusively used on the Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence, and are adapted for Lumber Barges or the Ocean Steamship. Orders received.

New Stock Cooking Stoves, latest improvement, just arrived, at

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA.
H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, April 29, 1871

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN.

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the Principal Money and Interest secured by a certain Mortgage, and bearing date the Eighteenth Day of AUGUST, A.D. 1869, and made between JOHN HARKNESS, of the Township of Gloucester, yeoman, of the first part, ANN JANE HARKNESS, his wife of the second part, and ROBERT MOSGROVE, of the City of Ottawa, Esquire, of the third part of all and, and singular that certain parcel or tract of lands and premises situate, lying and being in the township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of a part of West half of the rear or southerly part of lot number twenty-six, in the first concession, Ottawa front, of the said township of Gloucester, and may be described as sub lots fourteen and fifteen of the sub-division of the said part of said lot, number twenty-six, as shewn and laid down on a plan drawn by H. O. WOOD, P.L.S., of said part of said lot, number twenty six, and bearing date the Sixth Day of JULY, A.D., 1869, and Registered in the Registry Office for the County of Carleton, on THURSDAY, the 29th day of July, A. D. 1869, said sub lots containing by admeasurement six acres be the same more or less.

The said lands and premises will in pursuance of a power of sale contained as said Mortgage, be offered for sale at PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Law Office of Messrs. MOSGROVE & TAILLON, in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the Nineteenth Day of JUNE next, (A.D. 1871), at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon.

Terms and conditions to be made known at the time of Sale.

Vendor will covenant against his own acts only. All conveyances, searches, abstracts, &c. to be had at the purchasers expense.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Vendor's Solicitors.

Ottawa, May 15, 1871. 1666 12wid

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, }
To Wit. }

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of GENERAL SESSIONS of the PEACE, and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the Thirteenth day of JUNE, 1871, at the hour of Ten of the clock, a.m., of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. POWELL,
Sheriff.
By W. H. FALLS,
Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Ottawa, May 23, 1871 1679 d3&w2

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

Tailors & Gentlemen's Out-fitters

to

P. O'MEARA'S Restaurant,

RIDEAU STREET.

Messrs. P. & R. invite special attention to their choice and select assortment of

Broadcloths
Doeskins.
English
Scotch, and
Canadian
Tweeds.

Next to P. O'MEARA, Rideau-St.

N. B.—Workmanship and fit guaranteed.

PRESTON & ROSWELL.

Ottawa April 18, 1871 1642tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET.

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods
&c., &c

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Shirts;
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving your orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

G. A. SHELDON,

HATTER AND FURRIER,

Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive

HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT

In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.

G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.

A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shanty-men's Hats made to order. 1665 3m

CITY COUNCIL.

CITY HALL, Ottawa, June 5th 1871.
(*Concluded.*)

Ald. Mosgrove presented Reports No. 3 and 4 of the Water Works Committee.

13.—Moved by Ald. Mosgrove, seconded by Ald. O'Connor, that the third Report of the Water Works Committee, (already printed) be received and adopted. Carried.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

The Water Works Committee in this their fourth report beg leave to submit that deeming it advisable to build the Main Sewer of the City contemporaneously with the water works, they accordingly instructed the City Engineer to report upon the same, which report they duly received; but as this subject belongs more properly to the Board of Works; Your Committee recommended that said reports be handed over to the Board of Works; and they are hereby instructed to report upon the same at the next meeting of this Corporation.

Your Committee would advise that whereas this Corporation has had before them the Reports of T. C. Keefer and G. H. Perry, the City Engineer; and as the contents of them are a matter of Scientific investigation, Your Committee would recommend that the Chairman do immediately communicate with Mr. McAlpin of Albany, New York, for the purpose of engaging his services in investigating and advising in the above mentioned Reports and the whole subject of our Water Works, including choice of site, motive power, and the approximate cost under the best, cheapest and safest method the City can adopt in their construction.

And also Your Committee must recommend that with the view of facilitating the building of Water Works, your Committee be, and is hereby instructed to employ the services of the City Solicitor in preparing the necessary by-laws and advertizing the same, and for such other purposes as to Your Committee may seem meet.

All respectfully submitted.
W. MOSGROVE, Chairman.
H. LAPIERRE.
J. R. O'CONNOR.
C. W. BANGS.

Ottawa June 6th 1871.

14.—Moved by Ald. Mosgrove seconded by Ald. Lapierre, that the fourth Report of the Water Works Committee be received and adopted. Carried.

15. Moved by Ald Cunningham seconded by Ald, Featherston, that the time of this council be extended one hour, suspending all rules to the contrary. Carried.

Ald. Featherston presented the Report of Works to be done under the appropriation for Victoria Ward. as follows:—

Britania Terrace to be graded and macadamized	$400 00
Duke Street:	
8 foot of platform on south side from Bridge to Queen Street	208. 00
Water Tables in Lloyd Street	100. 00
Drain in Queen Street to Broad Street	100. 00
Grading from Broad Street to the Bay	500. 00
Tending Works	192. 00
	$1,500. 00

All respectfully submitted.
A. BALDWIN.
JOHN O'CONNOR.
JOHN ROCHESTER. Jr.

16. Moved by Ald. Baldwin seconded by Ald. Featherston that the Report of the Aldermen of Victoria Ward be received and adopted; and the Board of Works be authorized to carry out said Works in accordance therewith, advertising for which Works as it may be expedient to put under contract and reporting the same. Carried.

Ald. Featherston presented the Report of the Aldermen for St. George's Ward as follows:—

St. Paul Street, 6 foot Platform from Mosgrove to Nicholas Street, 28 Rods, at $3.50	98. 00
A platform 6 feet wide on the South side of Nicholas Street from Ottawa to Cumberland Street, 24 Rods at $3.50	84. 00
A Platform 12 feet wide on Cumberland Street from Rideau to Daly Street, 28 Rods, at $6	168. 00
A Platform 8 feet wide from Daly to Milbrod Street, 32 Rods at $4	128. 00
A Platform 3 feet wide on Nelson from Daly to Rideau Street, 28 Rods at $1.50	42. 00
A Platform 3 feet wide on Theodore Street from Gloucester to Chapel Street, 28 Rods at $1.50	42. 00
A Platform 3 feet wide on Stewart Street from Chapel to Gloucester Street 28 Rods at $1.50	42. 00
A Platform 3 feet wide on Augusta Street from Chapel to Cobourg Street, 28 Rods at $1.50	42. 00
A Platform 3 feet wide in Besserer Street from Beatty's to Augusta Street, 12½ Rods at $1.50	18. 75
A Platform 3 feet wide in Gloucestor Street, from Rideau Street to By Ward, 32 Rods at $1.50	48. 00
Drain in Augusta Street from Besserer to Daly Street 350 feet at 40cts	140 00
Drain in Willrod Street from Gloucester to Chapel St. 562 feet at 40cts	184. 80
Drain St Paul St. from Little Sussex to By Ward, 320 feet at 50 cts	160. 00
Opening Wilbrod St to Ordnance Boundary	50. 00
Culvert at intersection of Nicholas and Theodore St.	15. 00
Drain at Deep Cut	25. 00
Additional Planks Theodore and Ottawa Streets Platform	35. 00
Grading King Street	50. 00
Grading on Gloucestor Street	50. 00
Grading on Theodore Street	40. 00
Gravelling Daly St.	150. 00
Well in King Street	50. 00
Sundries	50. 00
	1712. 55

All respectfully submitted.
J. P. FEATHERSTON.
C. R CUNNINGHAM.
WM. MOSGROVE.

Ottawa. June 5th 1871.

17. Moved by Ald. Featherston seconded by Ald. Mosgrove, that the report of the City Engineer on the proposed works in St. George's Ward be received, and that the Board of Works be authorised to carry out said works, and advertise for such portions thereof as may be expedient and report all contracts given out. Carried.

Ald. Bangs presented the report of the Alderman of Wellington Ward on works to be done under the appropriation for 1871, as follows:—

A platform 6 feet wide on O'Connor Street east, from Slater to Maria Streets, 18 rods at $3.50	$ 63 00
A platform 6 feet wide on the south side of Sparks Street from O'Connor to Sally St., 106 rods, at $3.50	371 00
Steps at Maria Street, concession B., to ascend at Quarry	50 00
Grading Albert Street, $100, box drain do, $150	250 00
Grading Perry Street	50 00
A platform 6 feet wide on the south side of Bank Street, to half way between O'Connor and Metcalfe Streets, 52 rods, at $3.50	182 00
A platfrom 4 feet wide on the east side of O'Connor Street between Maria and Gloucester Streets, 6 rods at $2.50	15 00
A platform 4 feet wide on the south side of Gloucester Street, from Elgin Street, 16 rods, at $2.50	40 00
A drain in Albert Street, from Culvert towards Bank Street	300 00
A platform 6 feet wide on the north side of Albert Street, to Bank Street, 12 rods, at $3.50	42 00
Queen Street to be repaired and graded	50 00
Biddy Street to be graded from Elgin to Maria	30 00
Sundry small improvements	5700
	$1,500 00

All respectfully submitted,
C. W. BANGS.
A. ROWE.
A. S. WOODBURN

Ottawa, June 5th, 1871.

18. Moved by Ald. Bangs, seconded by Ald. Woodburn, that the improvements for Wellington Ward be carried out; and that the Board of Works be instructed to advertise for tenders for such portions of the work as can be done by contract, and the remaining portion be carried out by the said Board. Carried.

Ald. Martineau presented the report of the Aldermen of Ottawa Ward on improvements to be done under the appropriation for 1871, as follows:

A platform 6 feet wide in the south side of Bolton Street, from Dalhousie to Cumberland Street, 48 rods, at $1.75	$ 84 00
A platform 6 feet wide in King Street, from Water to Parks Street, and bridge, 22 rods at $6	132 00
A platform 4 feet wide on the south side of Park Street, from King to St. Joseph Street, 60 rods at $1.75	105 00
A platform 3 feet wide on both sides of Rose Street, with crossings, 44 rods, at $1.50	66 00
A platform 3 feet wide on Magee Street, from Park to Ottawa Street, 56 rods, at $1.50	84 00
A platform 3 feet wide on Gloucester Street, from Park to Ottawa Street, 56 rods, at $1.50	84 00
A platform 3 feet wide on Bolton Street, from Dalhousie St., 12½ rods, at $1.50	18 75
Drain in St. Joseph and Napoleon Streets	41 00
Do at Leclaires	50 00
Sundries	35 25
120 feet drain, at $2.50	300 00
	$1,000 00

All respectfully submitted,
EUG. MARTINEAU,
Wm. KEHOE.
G. TAILLON.

Ottawa, June 5th, 1871.

19. Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Kehoe, that the report on the improvements for Ottawa Ward be received and adopted, said improvements be carried out under the direction of the Board of Works. Carried.

Ald. Lapierre presented the report of the Aldermen on the works to be done under the appropriation in Ottawa Ward for 1871, as follows:

A platform 3 feet wide on the east side of Dalhousie street, from Clarence to York street, 20 rods at $1.50	$30 00
Grading and repairing Dalhousie street in By-Ward	150 00
A platform 6 feet wide on the west side of Cumberland street, from George to York street, 38 rods at $3 50	133 00
A platform 6 feet wide on Nelson street, from Clarence to St. George's Ward, 42 rods at $3.50	147 00
From Clarence to Ottawa street, 28 rods at $3.50	98 00
A platform 4 feet wide on Chapel street, from Ottawa street to end of St. George's Ward, 70 rods at $1.75	122 50
A platform 4 feet wide on Gloucester street, from Ottawa to end of St. George's Ward, 70 rods at $1.75	122 50
A platform 4 feet wide on Augusta street, east side of Anglesea Square, to end of St. George's Ward, 36 rods at $1.75	63 00
Bridge at Bywash on Murray street	30 00
Bridge at Bywash on Cumberland street	30 00
Bridge at Bywash on Perry street	30 00
Box drain in Ottawa street, 70 feet, 2x2 at 75 cents	52 50
Box drain in Augusta street, 175 feet, 2x2 at 50 cents	87 50
Box drain in Augusta street, 500 feet, 1x1 at 40 cents	200 00
New crossings, and repairs to existing crossings	200 00
	$1,495 00

All respectfully submitted.
H. LAPIERRE.
F. McDOUGAL.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871.

20.—Moved by Alderman Lapierre, seconded by Ald. McDougal, that the report of the By-Ward Aldermen respecting their appropriation, be received and adopted; and that the Board of Works be authorized to carry out the works recommended therein, and to advertise for such works as they may deem expedient.—Carried.

21. Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald Cunningham, that a memorial be presented on behalf of this Corporation to His Excellency the Governor in Council praying that the new post office be erected on the Government property near the Sapper's Bridge or in the immediate vicinity thereof, so that the convenience of the citizens may be ensured.—Carried.

22. Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Lapierre, that the Board of Works be requested to report at the next meeting of this Council as to the cost of a wooden bridge across the Rideau river at the foot of Ottawa street.—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham presented the report of the Superintendent of the Fire Brigade.

23. Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Rowe, that the report of the Fire Inspector be received and entered in the minutes. (See appendix.)

His Worship the Mayor presented the monthly report of the city Engineer. See Appendix.

24. Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. McDougall, that the sum of five hundred dollars be granted to the Montreal and Ottawa Junction Line, for the purpose of aiding the survey of said line, suspending all rules to the contrary. Carried.

25. Moved by Ald. Lapierre, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the chairman of the Market Committee, be authorized to secure the butchers stalls in the By-ward market by having the widows protected by iron bars, or otherwise, as may be found expedient by the city Engineer.

On motion the Council then adjourned.

HOW TO MAKE MONEY.—A horse dealer residing in the vicinity of Keyport, N. J., and who buys up horses for the New York market, purchases "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" by the dozen and feeds it to his horses; he says it is superior to anything that he has ever used as a condition medicine, that the horses are so much more improved by its use as to sell more readily and command higher prices. Two other horse dealers, one residing at Huntingdon, the other at Glen Cove, L. I., also purchase it by the dozen and for the same purpose; these men, as well as many others similarly engaged, know too well the value and importance of this medicine ever to be without it. Remember the name, and see that the signature.

RIGHT AND WRONG.—It is wrong to jest with your wife upon a subject in which there is danger of wounding her feeling, and it is wrong to speak of great virtues in another man's wife, to remind your own of fault; but it is not wrong after trying the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" and feeling its wonderful effects, to recommend it to neighbours, for the cure of rhuematism, neuralgia, cramps, cholic, &c.; it as no equal. For sale by Druggists and country dealers.

NEW CARPETS.

—

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Invite attention to the arrival of

NEW CARPETS.

to assort their STOCK, reduced by HEAVY SALES in this department.

The above have been selected with due regard to prevailing styles, permanency of color, and are GOOD VALUE, at prices marked.

They have on hand a large assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

In a great variety of fabrics, MUSLINS AND PRINTS in LATEST STYLES, and cheap.

Great Bargains in

LACE SHAWLS,

From $1.50 to $40 Each,

Prices *Reduced One-Third*,

A special line of SILK JACKETS selling at *greatly Reduced Prices.*

A full assortment of MOURNING GOODS always in Stock.

N. B.—Fancy Linen and Cotton Shirtings on hand for the Summer Trade, SHIRTS made to MEASURE and GUARANTEED TO FIT. GENTLEMEN will find it to their COMFORT and ADVANTAGE to bear this in mind.

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN

SUCCESSORS TO

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 12, 1871.

PAPER HANGINGS.

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

New Carpets—Allan, McKinnon & McMorran.
John Macdonald & Co., Auctioneers and General Agents.
Agent Wanted.
The Latest Books—J. Durie & Son.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

MONDAY JUNE 12, 1871.

For interesting reading matter, see first page.

Hon. Mr. Aikins went West on Saturday.

Lord Goderich is staying at the Russell House.

The Earl and Countess of Ellesmere are staying at the Russell House.

Mr. Lloyd, with the second engineering party for the Pacific Railway survey, started this morning for the Montreal river.

There are thirteen persons employed on the Manitoba Land Survey. Two have already left; six more will probably start on Thursday next, and the remainder in a few days.

Hon. J. S. Macdonald was in Montreal on Friday last. We are glad to hear that his health is wonderfully improving, and that he has almost entirely recovered from his severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism.

The demand for labour in this vicinity is unprecedented. Mr. Mills, the Immigration Agent here, states that farmers are coming from Fitzroy and other townships daily offering $15 and $16 per month with board, for any hands they can procure.

As yet there are no signs of the yellow fever abating in Buenos Ayres. The pestilence has well nigh ruined the Argentine Republic. Government is almost suspended; business is at a stand-still; the best citizens are fleeing to other countries and those who are unable to get away are dying by hundreds every day. The dreadful fever has never before raged with such relentless fury. It was brought to Buenos Ayres in a foreign vessel. This only shows how necessary it is to be strict in compelling obedience to quarantine laws.

We are glad to hear that a movement has already been inaugurated with the view to raising funds for the erection of a suitable monument over the remains of our late lamented *confreres*, Messrs. Spaight and Lodge, of the Montreal *Gazette*. Of course, every man connected with journalism and literature in Canada will contribute something towards it, but it seems to us that the general public may also with propriety be allowed to share in the privilege of doing something to commemorate the names of those who were alike ornaments of their profession and of the community in whose behalf they toiled.

We understand that Dr. Church has withdrawn from the contest in Ottawa county.

At the last election we supported Dr. Church, considering that he was the best man in the field, and he was elected by a majority of nearly 1,000 votes. Since then many complaints have been made concerning his conduct, and he has been charged with mean and paltry actions. None of these charges have been explained or refuted, and we presume that his resignation has occurred in consequence. Our experience of Dr. Church has certainly not been satisfactory. Previous to the last election his brother and Mr. F. Abbott called at the TIMES office and requested that certain cuts might be procured. This was done at considerable expense and altogether a bill for printing, &c., was incurred, amounting to $162. Not one farthing of this sum has ever been paid. We hear that other transactions of a like nature have tended to destroy Dr. Church's popularity, and under such circumstances, we cannot wonder at his being compelled to withdraw from the contest. Nothing can tend to lower a man's position in the estimation of the electors more than mean dishonourable acts of this natnre.

We understand that a strong desire is expressed that Sir George E. Cartier will come out as a candidate in Dr. Church's place, and, should he consent to do so, he would, of course, carry the county. Mr. Murray, a gentleman well known to the electors, is also spoken of.

THE OLD GAME.

We have lately discovered another of those disreputable tricks in which the leading organ of the Opposition is so prone to indulge, and which, for the sake of Canadian journalism, we regret to see so frequently repeated. It will be remembered by our readers that rather more than a month ago the *Globe* published a despatch from its Manitoba correspondent stating that Mr. Hay, a member of the Local House having moved a resolution to the effect that the Government of that Province ought to take some action with a view to the arrest and punishment of the Scott murderers, Mr. Attorney General Clarke had denied the authority of the Local Government to deal with the matter, and had declared that it was one which came under the jurisdiction of the Dominion Government. The resolution proposed by Mr. Clarke was garbled in such a manner as to make it read as though the Manitoba House threw upon the Government of the Dominion the responsibility of punishing the Scott murderers if they could be found in British territory, whereas the exact contrary was the case. We find from the *Manitoban* just received that the wording of the resolution was as follows:

"The House has learned with satisfaction the declaration made by the Finance Minister of the Dominion in his place in Parliament, sanctioning the principle of compensation. This House is aware of the difficulties besetting the question as to the Treasury from which such compensation should be derived, but awaits with confidence the solution of that question, believing that the Government of the Dominion will spare no exertion to bring about a decision with the least possible delay. As regards the punishment of offenders, this House is not ignorant of the difficulties connected with that question. If there were no other difficulties in the past, to paralyse the action of the Executive Authority, it would be sufficient that up to this moment there is no law which authorizes the summoning of a Grand Jury or of a Petit Jury, in any matter whether civil or criminal. And that no offender can be indicted without a Grand Jury, or tried without a Petit Jury. That, without expressing any opinion on the authority of the General Court, constituted under the Hudson Bay Company's charter, to hold jurisdiction of a capital offence,—it is quite certain that no trial could take place till the machinery is furnished for summoning juries. At the same time the House is aware that there is no prison or jail in Manitoba suitable for the safe custody of prisoners detained on capital charges. Under these circumstances, when arrests could not be made with any security for safe custody, and when no trial could be had if arrests had been made, the House feels bound to declare that it was the primary duty of the Government to provide for emergencies arising after their assumption of office—to preserve peace—and to maintain order in the country; and they regard with satisfaction the measure of success which has attended the efforts made in this direction. That whenever the proper tribunals shall have been provided, they will be open to any and every person who chooses to resort to them for the punishment of offences of every kind or nature. That this House throws upon the Government the responsibility of dealing according to their best judgment with the difficult questions above referred to—complicated as they are by the relations in which the country stood at the time to England—to the Hudson Bay Company—and to Canada— with the conviction that the Government will so discharge its duty as to meet with the approbation of this House."

This was the resolution adopted by the House, and we ask if there is anything in it which justifies the assertion that the Local Legislature were of opinion that the Scott murder case was one which could not be dealt with by the Local Government? The resolution expressly declares that "the House throws upon the Government (evidently of Manitoba) the responsibility of dealing according to their best judgment with the difficult questions referred to," &c. Yet the readers of the Opposition organ were taught to believe that the Manitoba Legislature had refused the matter to the Government of the Dominion. Now it is obvious that either the *Globe* or its correspondent was guilty of misrepresentation and perversion of the truth. It may be said that this is nothing new, nor is it unfortunately; but we cannot help feeling that it is very much to be regretted, that a journal, for the sake of making a little political capital and arousing a little temporary feeling of sectional and sectarian bitterness in Ontario, should stoop to such pitiful tricks.

THE ORGAN OF THE OPPOSITION ON THE TREATY.

In reference to the *Globe's* article of Friday last, entitled "The Impending Danger," we have only one word to say, and, that is, that we fancy the day is not far distant when the leaders of the Opposition will feel inclined to regret that it ever appeared in the columns of their organ. The time will come when we shall have the pleasure of again referring to it, and proving from it how unfair as well as absurd has been the line of policy pursued by our contemporary. Meanwhile, let the *Globe* continue its ravings concerning Sir John and the Treaty of Washington, and let the minor organs of faction follow its lead. The more we have of such articles the better we shall be pleased.

Our contemporary after a few remarks about Sir John "burrowing in his den" by which elegant phrase he intimates that the Premier is in Ottawa busily employed in attending to the duties of his office, demands that Parliament shall be at once called together "so that the united voice of the whole people of Canada may be heard in solemn protest before the final perpetration of the wrong and indignity that impends over us." Now, as the final decision concerning all that portion of the Treaty which affects our interests is left to the Dominion Parliament, and as until their decision is given, one way or the other, the *statue quo ante* is to be preserved, will the organ of the Opposition inform us why the country should be saddled with an additional expenditure of, say half a million of dollars, for an extra session of Parliament? The decision of Parliament will be as effective in February next as it would be now, and the voice of the people can "be heard in solemn protest" as well then as at any other time. We want to know what could possibly be gained by an extra session. The arrangements with regard to the Fisheries remain as they were, during the present season; what need is there then for any immediate legislative action?

The Imperial Parliament are to deal with the Treaty next week, so that any thing our Parliament might do would not affect their action. Our contemporary did not a short time since appear to imagine that there was any necessity for such desperate haste. On the 10th of last month alluding to the fact that, "the British Government will not attempt to deal, without the consent of the Canadian Parliament, with matters over which by existing arrangements between the Crown and the Dominion the latter has control," the Opposition organ went on to say:

"If this be done there will be ample time for the discussion of the subject in all its bearings, and with a full sense of the responsibility attaching to the decision. We do not disguise from ourselves that an apparent separation in any matter of policy between the Dominion and the Mother Country should always, if possible, be avoided. But these questions must be looked at from a Canadian as well as an Imperial point of view; not selfishly nor ungenerously, but still with a strict regard to the present and future interests of our own people. We trust that they will be studied and discussed with a clear perception of the grave issues involved, and, at the same time, in a manner worthy the intelligence and independent spirit of a free nation."

Meanwhile we shall preserve the *Globe's* article with the utmost care. It will probably be of value for future reference.

THE TICHBORNE CASE.

The Tichborne case is exciting a large amount of interest in England just now, as it naturally may be expected to do. The particulars are probably familiar to most of our readers, but we will briefly recapitulate them. Roger Tichborne, heir to a Baronetcy and to large estates after having betrayed most unmistakeable symptoms of a predilection for low life and blackguardism, sold the commission which he held in the Carabineers, and started off in 1853 for South America.

In 1866, he or his counterfeit, appeared with a wife and three children, and claimed his title and estates. His mother recognized him, and acknowledged him as her son. The executors of the Tichborne property refused to admit his claims, and still refuse, on the ground that the person of the real and feigned Sir Roger are entirely unlike, and that whereas the boy who disappeared was educated, and a gentleman, the present claimant is an ignorant and vulgar boor, not even able to construct or spell a sentence correctly in his own language.

Evidence of the most varied and conflicting nature has been brought before the court. Lady Tichborne has died since the return of the *quasi* baronet, but it appears she had not the slightest doubt as to his identity. On paragraph of her affidavit runs as follows:

"I am certain as I am of my own existence, and distinctly and positively swear, that the plaintiff is my first-born son, the issue of my marriage with the said Sir James Francis Doughty Tichborne (deceased). His features, disposition and voice are unmistakable, and must, in my judgment, be recognized by impartial and unprejudiced persons who knew him before he left England in the year 1853."

The claimant himself is seriously ill, and if he wins his case is not likely to enjoy for any length of time the honours and social advantages of his position. It has truly been said that the romances of real life oftentimes far outstrip those of fiction. What a splendid subject the Tichborne case would be to form the basis of a sensational drama for Dion Boucicault, or for a novel by Mrs. Wood or Miss Braddon.

DOMINION NOTES.

The Toronto policemen in hot weather find the heavy helmets uncomfortable.

The new R. C. Church at Port Dalhousie is rapidly approaching completion. Cost, 2,200.

His Excellency the Governor-General left Quebec by the steamship *Alhambra* on Saturday afternoon.

Since Monday a large number of vessels have sailed from Halifax to engage in the Labrador fisheries.

Preparations are being made at Halifax for the erection of a new and handsome Masonic building.

At a pic-nic at Oaklands, near Hamilton, a party of roughs created a riot, and smashed Casey's Hotel.

A grand ball took place on board of the Admiral's ship, the *Royal Alfred*, at Halifax last night. All the *elite* of the city were invited.

We are happy to state that Hon. John Young has recovered from his late indisposition, and is now able to attend to his public duties.

Mr. C. Y. Langevin, formerly connected with the firm of Langevin, Masson, Thibaudeau & Co., died on Friday, after a short illness.

VARIETIES.

The burning of another coolie transport ship in the Pacific Ocean with the loss of 600 lives is reported. This is the second disaster of the same kind which has occurred within a twelvemonth.

Steps are to be taken "at once" for the formation of a new Cavalry Depot at Canterbury. The depots of the 5th Lancers and 16th Lancers will leave Aldershot for Canterbury.

The ancient May day custom of chanting a hymn on the top of Magdalen College tower, Oxford, was duly observed this year by the choir under the direction of the organist, Dr. Stainer. For this service the sum of £10 is received out of the rectory of Sylmbridge, in Gloucestershire. Tradition a requiem mass was celebrated at the top of this tower every May day morning at an early hour for the repose of the soul of Henry VII.

The new Governor, Major General Lefery C. B., and the new Chief Justice, T. S. Wood, have arrived in Bermuda, and have been sworn in.

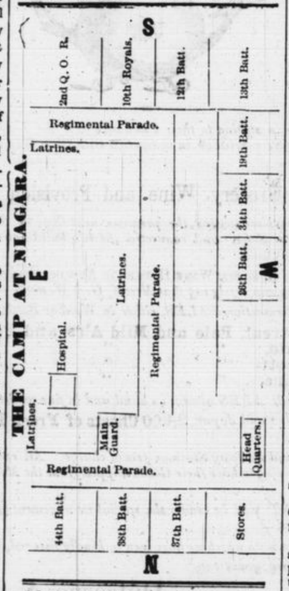
The *Army and Navy Gazette* says: We trust that nothing will induce the Government of any civilized country to shelter under any pretext those who have participated in the crimes of the Commune. They are outlaws outcasts, the enemies of mankind and of God, and no pretence of natural rights or political Alsatianism should be allowed to shield them against the just vengeance of their afflicted country.

The troop ship "Himalaya" arrived at Bermuda, from Aspinwall, and left for England.

Great pomp was displayed at the funeral of Thalberg, the pianist, at Naples. A large procession with two military bands formed the funeral cortege, and the orations over the grave moved the mourners to tears.

There was never such a brilliant "London season" as the present. The city is swarming with visitors. There are about 80,000 Germans now there; 150,000 French; 50,000 of other continental countries, and about 10,000 Americans. The hotels, lodging houses and boarding houses are doing a roaring business.

Baron Krupp has collected a model of a new cannon which, it is said, will batter down the heaviest ramparts at a distance of 13 kilometres, or about nine miles. For the founding of these monster guns great changes have been introduced in the forges of Essen, and several colossal steam hammers have been set up, the cost of each exceeding four millions of francs.



A large lot of New Carpets just received, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks Street.

Great Bargains in Lace Shawls. Prices reduced one-third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks St.

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL

MONTREAL, June 10.

Hon. Sir F. Hincks and Lady Hincks are now at the St. Lawrence Hall and are expected to proceed to Portland on Monday.

The June quarterly meetings of the City Council will begin on Monday, when the million dollar grant to the Colonization Railroad being resumed, angry debates are anticipated, jobbery and honesty being brought face to face.

The valuation of Real Estate in the City is ascertained to-day as follows: Wards—East, $3,413,600; Centre, $4,945,000; West, $6,415,000; St. Ann's, $5,974,800; St. Antoine, $14,618,000; St. Lawrence, $5,208,900; St. James, $3,724,100; St. Mary's, $22.451,140; and St. Louis, $4,055,700. Total, $50,599,840; exemptions, $7,043,200; nett, available, $43,556,640.

The Corporation has just announced their intention this year to erect from the design of James Brown, Architect, seven buildings as follows, each of which are to be an attraction to Montreal, viz.;

The fish market and Fairing, Commission, Foundling and St. Peter's streets, are to be constructed of cast iron and Halifax stone with curved roofs, very chaste in appearance and very effective in Italian style; four fire stations, one in St. Gabriel street, one in Ontario street, one in Craig street, and one in Wellington street; two police stations, one on the corner of German and Ontario streets, and one on the corner of Gaen and Craig streets—all in Gothic style, massive and very solid in outline, each with an octagon tower belfry, and constructed of Montreal stone, with cut stone dressings, and the remainder rock packed, and over each station are two residences for the men, and in rear of each building are the stables, &c.

The architect returned to town on Saturday last after inspecting the police and fire stations in Boston, which are considered the best on this continent.

The burning of the carpenter's shop last night on Ontario street is another warning, showing the necessity of some restriction on the presence of these inflammable pieces, as well as upon stables and hay lofts in the city.

Preparations to celebrate the Sir Walter Scott centenary in due style are being made. St. Helen's Island, as the place of the pic-nic on the occasion, has been applied for, but Sir George E. Cartier does not feel at liberty to grant it. Hon. Jas. Leslie has, however, placed Isle Bourbon at the disposal of the Committee.

J. Jones attempted to commit suicide last night by poison. He was resuscitated and committed to jail.

Boyd, Egan & Co's. trade mark alleged frauds was to-day before the Court and again adjourned.

Hon. L. Beaudry this evening was in a dying state.

Flour market firm. Holders are generally asking a little more money, and buyers show more inclination to operate.

Thermometer 58° at 1 p. m.

MONTREAL, June 11.

This morning the house of Hon. James Mackay, Sherbrooke street, was entered by burglars, and a large amount of plate and other valuables were stolen. Full particulars are not yet known.

This afternoon at 3 o'clock the residence of Frederick Gault, No. 20, McGill College Avenue, was entered by apparently the same gang as the previous. Mr. Gault was keeping house alone, his family being in England. He had been spending the day with a friend, and returning at three o'clock observed a window shutter open. On entering the house he found all in confusion. He proceeded up stairs, and encountered two fellows ransacking a wardrobe. He immediately seized them, although unarmed, and a deadly struggle ensued, Mr. Gault, who is very powerful, had the thieves fully in his grasp and nearly dragged down stairs when one of them managed to draw a pistol. He shot Gault through the mouth, tearing away all his teeth on one side, the ball lodging in his neck. The struggle however continued till the ruffians were landed in the street, when Mr. Gault fainted from loss of blood and the thieves escaped. The pistol fortunately was single barreled and small. It had been stolen from Judge Mackay's in the morning. A desperate gang is evidently in the city. The police are everywhere on the look out. The ball was extracted this evening, but Mr. Gault is much injured.

The procession of Corpus Christi this afternoon was larger than former years. It is estimated 80,000 walked. The streets were profusely decorated.

Heavy thunder storm this morning.

Midnight Despatches.

NEW YORK, June 10.—In connection with the inauguration of the Morse statue, a complimentary excursion tendered by D. G. Tillotson & Co., to the telegraphic fraternity took place this morning. At ten o'clock, fully two thousand telegraphists, including delegations from several States, embarked on the steamer *James Fish, jun*, decorated with flags, and the music of the 55th regiment. The boat steamed away, followed by cheering from the crowd ashore. The excursionists returned at one o'clock to participate in the ceremonies at Central Park. The unveiling of the statue of Prof. S. F. B. Morse, in Central Park, took place this afternoon. At four o'clock, all of the approaches to the vicinity of the statue were crowded, and it is estimated that, at least, 50,000 persons were within 20 rods of the Speaker's stand. The statue is of bronze and of heroic size, the face is a striking likeness of the Venerable Inventor. The stiffness of a modern dress is relieved by a cloak, with a heavy fur collar falling from his left side, and held up by his left hand, which holds a telegraphic despatch, the first message sent by cable. The other hand rests upon a small telegraphic instrument, which lies upon a column. Governor Hoffman presided. The ceremonies began with music by the U. S. band, from Fort Columbus, and the Governor delivered a brief introductory address.

LONDON, June 10.—The Paris papers continue to hold the administration and policy of Thiers, and affirm that the Monarchy is a synoym for revolution. They also appear to think that the supplementary elections may possibly change the majority in the Assembly.

VIENNA, June 10.—Prince Holenhohe goes to Rome to congratulate the Pope upon the 25th anniversary of his election to the Papal Chair.

The Austrian Government has instructed the representatives at the Italian Court to follow Victor Emanuel to Rome.

BERLIN, June 10.—The Emperor of Russia has left Berlin.

Count Waldersee has been appointed Charge d'Affaires at Paris, and will leave for that city on the 30th inst.

PARIS, June 11.—The press expect that a strong effort will be made by the Bonapartists for the success of their party in the coming supplementary elections.

The *Journal* of Paris says Prince Imperial, not Prince Napoleon, will be put forward as a candidate for the Assembly.

The *Cloke* thinks the result of the elections in cities will check the tendency to Monarchism.

The restoration of the public buildings has commenced.

LONDON, June 10.—Gen. Douai has issued an order to the effect that all civilians found with arms in their possession after a certain day shall be tried by court martial.

Picard has resigned the Governorship of the Bank of France.

The Orleans Princes are still at Versailles.

M. M. Beslay and Theisis, who acted by the authority of the Bommune as delegate superintendents of the Bank of France and the Postal Department, respectively, have been released from prison at the intercession of the Bank authorities, and furnished with safe conducts to leave France.

All sacred vessels and valuable ornaments taken from churches by the Communists have, with a few exceptions, been discovered in the mint and other places.

French prisoners are rapidly returning from Germany.

Alexander Dumas writes to the Paris press denouncing the blind clashing of private ambition at Versailles. He praises President Thiers, and advocates the continuance of the republic, to which he says, France instinctively reverts.

The steamer *International*, which is to lay the telegraph cable between Marseilles and Algiers has arrived at the former port.

Trains over the Lyons and Mediterranean Railway *via* Mount Cenis tunnel has commenced running again.

ATHENS, June 10.—The King of Greece left this morning for Trieste. The Queen occupied the throne as regent in his absence.

Brigandage has been nearly exterpated from the country. Turkey has given valuable assistance by arresting all brigands on the frontier.

ST. PAUL (Min.), June 11.—A gentleman arriving from Manitoba reports that on May 24th the American consul, John Taylor, was assaulted by a Canadian soldier who struck at him with a club, but fortunately missing him. Taylor escaped to the consulate, and immediately pulled down the American flag flying in honor of the Queen's birthday. No action has been taken in the matter by the authorities on this outrage, and other acts of lawlessness have been committed by the soldiers, who are instigating a reign of terror.

SATURDAY'S MIDNIGHT.

Particulars of the Murder of the Archbishop of Paris—He died a Martyr to Liberty and the Christian Faith—Return of the Princess Louise and the Marquis of Lorne.

NEW YORK, June 10th—Mail advices received by steamship "Darien" last night says that the Archbishop of Paris died with the serene courage of a martyr. In answer to the insults of his executioners he said "Do not profane the word liberty. It is to us alone it belongs for we shall die for liberty and faith. Dombrowski died in his bedroom of the Hotel de Ville, formerly occupied by Mdlle. Hausseman. The day after his escape from La Meutte he received three rifle shots while at barricade Rue D'Ornand. He was transferred from there to the Hotel de Ville where he died of his wounds. Delescluze was killed at the barricade of Chateau de Eau. His face was much disfigured by a portion of a burning wall which had fallen on it.

LONDON, June 10.—Weather continues cold. A snow storm lasted one hour at Birmingham this morning.

The Marquis of Lorne and Princess Louise landed at Deal this morning on their return from a tour on the continent.

FLORENCE, June 10.—The Government have officially informed all the Foreign Ambassadors that the capital of Italy will, on July 1st, be transferred to Rome. Ambassadors await instructions from home.

LONDON, June 9.—Colliers on the strike in Wales propose to submit their demands to arbitration.

The Edinburgh *Scotsman* says it has positive information that Rossel is in London, and discredits the report of his arrest in Paris.

PARSONS, KANSAS, June 9.—The wheat crop in this section has been harvested, and the yield is unusually large.

Immigration to Southern Kansas and Osage Sand is very large.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The increase of trade at Duluth, now the Port of Delivery with surveyor of customs requires the appointment of a Deputy Collector.

The Secretary Treasury has now under consideration the rules and regulations to govern entries and shipments from that port, and will appoint a Deputy Collector in a few days.

At the next Session of Congress, the Port of Entry will be changed from Marquette to Duluth.

A QUESTION.—Why will people keep five or six ill-looking sickly horses to do the work that one good horse might preform? If the horse has the heaves, his broken winded, has a cough or could, or his wind in any way affected; if his appetite is bad, or his digestive organs deranged, as a rough skin or is hide bound, we could in all cases recommende the use of Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Renedy'

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER IX.

THE FIRST STEPS.

(*Continued.*)

Now, looking at all these links, they certainly, when strung together, formed a strong chain of circumstantial evidence against the prisoner; but then, on the other hand, there was the difficulty of stringing them.

Andrew Hardell stated, and in this statement his evidence was confirmed by the women who had been washing their linen, that at the pond he left the highway, and pursued his route through the fields.

At what point he resumed the road was of course a mere matter of supposition. At what hour Kenneth Challerson met with his death was a matter of conjecture also. The rain had begun early in the night, and lasted till after daybreak. The dead man's horse was found the next morning, miles away from the scene of the catastrophe, grazing in some meadows down by the Frith. Had the animal made for his own stable, a clue as to the possible time of the murder might have been obtained; but frightened, no doubt, by the lightning, as well as by the rider's violence, he had rushed madly on.

The woman—a widow—who showed the ruins, spoke vaguely to having heard the sound of a horse galloping past the door on the night of the murder; but when pressed as to whether the noise she heard might not have been produced by the beating of the rain, the rush of wind, or the distant thunder, she wavered, and said she could not be positive. It seemed to her like a horse's feet, but it was "just momentary," she would not like to be sure.

Concerning the button, there appeared a like uncertainty. The landlady couldn't "mind" whether there was a hole in the coat or not; the servant had not thought about the tear, till some one came and told her there was a reward out, and that there had been a piece of cloth found. Mr. Hardell, it was clear, did not change his clothes on the night of his arrival at New Abbey, neither did he make any mention of having a second suit with him. His own statement was, that he possessed but two suits of tweed, both of which were found—one on his person, the other in his portmanteau; that he knew nothing of how Kenneth Challerson came by his death; that he knew nothing of Mrs. Challerson's whereabouts, and that he certainly had no share in inducing her to leave home; that when he started from Dumfries he had done so intending to work his way on foot to New Abbey, and from thence across Criffel, and by the coast to Kirkcudbright. When he was arrested, he had learned, indeed, from the newspapers, that Kenneth Challerson was dead, but he was ignorant of all particulars. Naturally he felt shocked at the tidings, he said, because for some time they were very intimate acquaintances.

"Were you ever friends?" asked the procurator-fiscal, on the occassion of a subsequent examination.

"Certainly not," was the reply.

"You were on terms of closer intimacy with Mrs. Challerson, probably," was the next inquiry.

"No; I never was on very intimate terms with either, the young man answered. "Though I had reason to believe Mrs. Challerson was in the neighborhood, I never saw either her or her husband during the whole of my stay in Dumfries."

"Your travelling companion probably saw more of them?"

"He may," Andrew answered. "Mr. Challerson always liked him better than he did me."

"Why did he not like you?" asked the procutor-fiscal.

"Want of taste, probably," replied the prisoner, with a slight shrug. "Jealousy also, perhaps, may have some share in his lack of appreciation. He imagined I admired Mrs. Challerson, and he was mistaken."

"The onus of proving me guilty lies with them," Andrew Hardell had said to himself in the days when he was miscounting the cost—which was true; but he found the onus of proving himself innocent lay with him, and the process turned out any thing rather than agreeable.

"Before an English magistrate, in an English court, I should not have experienced the least difficulty," he considered, and he was to a certain extent right.

These examinations, where every chance word had to be considered—every sentence calculated, soon began to tell upon his health. He felt as one feels walking on the brink of a precipice, when a moment's want of courage, the slightest faltering, would be fatal.

He had decided to say nothing; but to say nothing would, he found, tell against him. He had to make his statement in ignorance of what the evidence might be in the hands of the prosecutor—sign and stick to it. He had to seem frank and yet be cautious. With the knowledge that the sheriff-substitute was on the right scent, he had still to seem unconscious of the fact. Every step he took—every word he spoke—every reply he made, rendered retreat more and more impossible. There was nothing for it now but to go on—on—face the worst, and fight it out never doubting.

But a struggle of this kind was never urged by any man of Andrew Hardell's temperament without producing evil effects.

His brain was always on the rack, striving to remember exactly what he had said, trying to plan what he should say, while the sudden change from an active life to one of complete and compulsory inaction was not long, either, before it produced bad results.

The prisoner began to grow thin, his face lengthened, his clothes commenced to hang on him. In a week he was in appearance an altered man, and when at length Anthony Hardell made his appearance on the scene, he found his friend in the infirmary of Kirkcudbright Jail, very ill indeed.

At any other time—considering how his confidence had been abused, his friendship played upon, his trust betrayed—Andrew Hardell would have met the man who had deceived him coldly, and would have had that matter of Laura Challerson "out" with his visitor; but as matters stood, the very sight of a familiar face, the sound of an English voice, were as sunshine and music to the lonely man, who, holding out his hand to Anthony, burst into tears.

There were very few words exchanged between them—two or three commonplace inquiries, two or three sentences of hope and encouragement, and then Anthony, telling him he did not mean to leave Kirkcudbright for some time to come, arose to take his leave.

"Stoop down," Andrew whispered, and the other complied.

"Do you remember that suit of clothes you left behind you?" the prisoner inquried, and Anthony nodded assent.

"You must forget about it," Andrew said.

For a moment Anthony Hardell looked hard into his friend's face—while wistfully, like one born in strange land, who tries to make an Englishman understand by expression and gesticulation what he means, Andrew looked back at Anthony.

"I understand!" said the latter, after a second pause. "God help us both!"

"Amen!" ejaculated Andrew Hardell, and then, when his visitor had departed, he laid his head down again on the pillow, and turned his face towards the wall.

An Arkansas woman named Emily Sarah Lord is reported to have had nine husbands in ten years. Two died with suspicious suddenness; and three were divorced.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF A OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurse in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, rom the feble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World; in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuie unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine dealers. 25 cents a bottle. Office 215 Fulton street, New York; and 493 Oxford street, London.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

Having the fac-simili of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order Be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's bronchial Troches.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

Just received a case of Ladies hats in latest and most fashionable styles at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

GENTLEMEN,—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

PADDS

Husband:—I shall know then better hereafter, Druggists and Storekeepers are doing not only themselves a great deal of harm, but their customers also by inducing them to buy an article unknown and without merit. Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER has been before the public for over thirty years, it is known in every quarter of the earth, and is sold by every Druggists and most storekeepers and grocers. As a Cholera specific and Diarrhoea medicine, its reputation has no parellel. I am surprized that we have lived so many years without it.

Wife:—Charles, the reason is you you have been taking whatever the storekeeper would recommend, we have always had a bottle of Pain Cure or Reliever or Pain Remedy or som such trash in the house, we have tried them over and over again.

Husband:—And that is just the reason I objected to try the PAIN-KILLER an my Rheumatism, thought it was like those other things a humbug.

(*To be continued.*)

Be sure and get the genuine PAIN-KILLER, only 5 cts. per bottle. Beware of counterfeits.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

For sale by private contract, a very superior

FAMILY CARRIAGE,

(QUITE NEW),

Made By DUHAMEL,

OTTA

This vehicle beautifully finished, and took the first Prize at the Ottawa, Agricultural and Horticultural Society's Exhibitions of 1870.

On view for a few days at the British Lion Hotel Yard, Sparks-st., Ottawa

For further particulars apply to

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Jun. 7, 1871 1685tf

THE LATEST BOOKS.

"Little Men," by the author of "Little Women"

The Red River Expedition, by Capt. Huyshe, Rifle Brigade, late on the Staff of Col. Sir G. Wolseley, $1.25.

"Little Men," by the author of "Little Women."

Dean's Book of Nonsense, colored illustrations.

"Little Men," by the author of "Little Women"

Pike County Ballads, by John Hay, author of "Jim Bludso," "Banty Tim," &c.

"Little Men," by the author of "Little Women."

Ralph, the Heir, by Anthony Trollope, $1.25.

For sale by J. DURIE & SON, Booksellers and Stationers, Sparks street.

Ottawa, June 12, 1871 1689 1

WANTED.

For Ottawa City, an energetic, reliable AGENT, for a first-class British Life Assurance Company, to whom a liberal commission will be paid. Address, Drawer 319 P.O., Montreal.

Ottawa, June 12, 1871 1689 8

JOHN MACDONALD & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS AND GENERAL AGENTS, OTTAWA CITY.

Personal attention will be given to the Sale of Real Estate by Auction or Private Sale, and on very favorable terms. Auctions of Furniture and all out-Door Sales will receive careful attention.

Ottawa, June 12, 1871 1689 3

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received until Noon of FRIDAY, the Sixteenth day of JUNE Instant, for the erection and completion of a BUILDING on the corner of Rideau and Sussex streets, according to plans and specifications, to be seen at the office of the Proprietor, D. O'CONNOR, Esq., in Aumond's Buildings. The lowest nor any tender not necessarily accepted.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871 1688a

FESTIVAL OF

ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST.

GRAND CONCERT

—AND—

DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE

—AT THE—

CANADIAN INSTITUTE,

ON MONDAY, 26th JUNE, 1871.

Admission.....25cts.
Tickets for Reserved Seats.....40cts.

To be had at the Institute, where a diagram of the Seats can be seen from and after this day (THURSDAY) until SUNDAY,

The Directors,
LE CHEVALIER SMITH,
A. LAPERRIERE.

Ottawa, June 6, 1871 1686d

TENDERS FOR LIGHT HOUSES.

TENDERS will be received at this Department, at Ottawa, up to Noon of WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of JUNE, Instant, for the construction of TWO LIGHT HOUSES on the River Ottawa, one to be erected near Point à l'Orignal, in the County of Prescott, and the other on the opposite Bank, about Eight miles further up the River, in the Township of Grenville, County of Argenteuil.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the Department, at Ottawa, where forms of Tender can also be obtained by intending Contractors.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 7th June, 1871 1688 3

G. LORENZ,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS O

FRUIT,

VEGETABLES,

SODA WATER,

GINGER ALE,

&c., &c., &c.

Has now on hand a First-Class Assortment of

BANANAS,

PINE APPLES,

LEMONS,

COCOANUTS,

&c., &c., &c.

No. 27 SUSSEX ST E T,

—AND—

58 SPARKS STREET,

NEXT TO BRITISH LION HOTEL

G. LORENZ

Ottawa, June 2, 1871

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

It is said that some of Whiskey Mason's sattelites are at work in this city.

Commercial men say business is brisk in the city.

A horse with a cart attached tried to walk into Mr. Hay's store on Saturday and failed.

The County Council meets this morning.

The attention of the Sanitary Committee is directed to George street.

Postal cards are extensively used in Canada now.

The house for the steam fire engine at the Chaudiere is being rapidly built.

The attendance on the market on Saturday was not very large, and there were no changes in prices to record.

The number of watering carts should be increased. One individual is paid to water a street and he does not, and cannot keep that street properly watered.

The Court of Enquiry appointed to investigate the little affair between two Captains of this city, has not given any decision in the matter.

NEW BOOKS.—By reference to advertisement in another column it will be seen that Mr. Durie has just received a number of new and interesting books.

CONTESTED ELECTIONS.—It is not Vice Chancellor Mowatt nor Judge Willson who will preside at the Court in this city on the 16th inst., for the trial of contested elections, as has been incorrectly stated. Chief Justice Haggarty will preside.

INSECTIVEROUS BIRDS.—We are informed that boys from the city amuse themselves daily by shooting little birds which are not only harmless but a great benefit to the farmer from the fact that they destroy innumerable insects. It is hoped the law bearing upon the shooting of insectiverous birds will be enforced.

COW BY-LAW.—Several summonses were issued on Saturday to the owners of numerous cows, horses, and pigs, found on the streets contrary to the provisions of the by-law. They will pay in their $1, and costs at the Police Court this morning.

SHADE TREES—Shade trees are doing exceedingly well throughout the city, when they are properly cared for and protected against external injury. Sandy Hill, for instance, will be a miniature forest in the course of a few years, when, no doubt, that locality will be favored with annual visits from the "Canadian Bard." Every person owning property there has planted trees, and boxed them in so that stray cattle cannot injure them, though idle little rascals of boys inflict serious wounds with knives. Let trees be planted everywhere in the city, not excepting the main streets.

PROCESSION SUNDAY.—Yesterday being Procession Sunday the day was observed in the usual manner by the Church and Catholics of Ottawa. The Festival is, we may state, in commemoration of the establishment of the Holy Sacrament. The procession was intended to have taken place in the morning, but owing to the unfavourableness of the weather, it was postponed until the afternoon. The procession left the Cathedral about five o'clock, composed of the pupils of the Brother's school, College Boys, young ladies of the Convent of Notre Dame, the members of several charitable societies, the clergy and laity generally, with flags, banners, &c. His Lordship the Bishop of Ottawa, walked under a canopy supported by four gentlemen. The procession marched down Church street, up St. Patrick street and back to the church, where the ceremony terminated. It was interesting and was numerously attended.

POLICE COURT.

Saturday, June 9.

Wm. Andrews was found drunk on the public streets, and fined for the offence two dollars and costs, or one week in gaol.

A tavern keeper smashed a raftsman's nose with a tumbler, and paid ten dollars and costs into the City Exchequer for having thus disfigured humanity.

Thos. Kirwin, charged with having foul premises, not appearing in Court, a warrant was issued for his arrest.

A warrant was also issued for a man charged with assaulting his servant girl.

MEETING IN THE CATHEDRAL.

A very numerous meeting of the Roman Catholics of Ottawa took place at 8 o'clock last evening in the French Cathedral for the purpose of adopting an address, which we give below, to His Holiness Pope Pius IX, and also to express by resolution how heartily they sympathize with him in his affliction. We noticed among those present His Lordship the Bishop of Ottawa, Sir Geo. E. Cartier, Rev. Father Dandurand, V. C., Father O'Connor, D. D., the Rev. Fathers Pallier, Barrett, Sheehan and Frencoeur, R. W. Scott, Esq., M. P. P., Dr. Sache, R. S. M. Bouchette, Esq., E. P. Dorion, Esq., Mr. Drapeau, Aldermen Martineau and Heney, Mr. Lindsay, J. F. Caldwell, Esq., Mr. Garneau, E. Langevin, Esq., Messrs. Gelinas, Garneau, Fanning, Bermingham, Lemoine, O'Connor, O'Rielly and others.

His Lordship occupied the chair and opened the meeting with an eloquent address in French. He was greatly pleased to see so many present on the occasion to give the assistance and countenance to so important an object. It moved him deeply to see the Catholics of his Diocese so faithful to the church and above all to its visible head on earth. It had not been necessary for the clergy to even hint that something should be done in the way of congratulating the Sovereign Pontiff on the approaching important occasion; they (the laity) had met of their own accord, and with a true and sincere feeling of attachment to the Holy Father, resolved to present him with a congratulatory address on the completion of his 25th Pontificate, and also to make known to him how deeply they sympathised with him in his suffering. He felt proud that they should come forward at this eventful period, and by word and action contribute their assistance and consolation to the Holy Pontiff, and, at the same time, to the Church. Their action manifested how sincere they were in their faith, and how deeply rooted was their attachment to the Head of the Church. His Holiness had been plundered of his possession and Temporal Power, and if Catholics were not able to repel the usurper, they were, at least, able to protest against his acts of Vandalism. The Pope was now a prisoner in his own Dominions, and he needed the consolation of the faithful throughout the World, and they are met to tender Him that consolation. His Lordship continued at considerable length, and took his seat amid much applause.

Sir George E. Cartier felt very thankful to the Committee, and particularly to Mr. Dorion, for having invited him to be present at the meeting—a meeting of so much importance and with so very important an object. He could never forget the time he knelt before His Holiness Pope Pius IX. in 1867, nor could he even forget the words then spoken to him by that meek and holy man. Sir George then referred to the spoliation of the Papal States by Victor Emanuel, and said that the Head of the Catholic Church should not be subject to any power on earth, but should be a king himself. But notwitstanding Victor Emanuel and all other enemies the Pope would continue to direct his church from Rome. Pius the Ninth's Pontificate was one of the most interesting and important since the days of St. Peter, and though he was now a prisoner it was impossible for him to remain long so. He should be free temporally as well as spiritually. He had reigned longer than any Pontiff since Peter, and they were met there to adopt an address expressing their sympathy for his sufferings, and to congratulate him on the completion of his 25th Pontificate.

Mr. Scott did not think he could interest them so much as did his distinguished friend, Sir G. E. Cartier. It was an honor to them to have him (Sir Geo.) with them on so important an occasion. All over the world Catholics had met and sent addresses to His Holiness congratulating him on the event, which is about to take place, and protesting against the acts of spoliation by one who calls himself a child of the church. His Holiness was one of the best Pontiffs that ever sat in the chair of St. Peter. Before his accession to the Pontifical Chair he had been distinguished for his great virtues, and when he took his seat in St. Peter's Chair, the press of the whole World came out in his praise. Though His Holiness had had much to contend with during his Pontificate, he also had much reason to rejoice, for he had witnessed the doctrines of his Church promulgated in every clime and country, and when a century ago they were not tolerated, the Church was now prosperous. He hoped the time was not far distant when His Holiness would have his temporal power restored, and he also hoped the address which they were about to transmit him would be accompanied by a handsome donation. His Holiness was now deprived of his ordinary revenue, and yet he had numerous Catholic and other institutions to support, and therefore pecuniary assistance was necessary.

E. P. Dorion, Esq., made an eloquent speech in French, which elicited much applause. In referring to the spoliation of the Papal States he said it was not Protestant England that had done it, for England never encouraged deeds of vandalism. The robbing had been committed by people calling themselves Catholics. They should not only offer an address of consolation to His Holiness, but their arms, hearts and lives if necessary.

Dr. Tache, Mr. Bermingham, Mr. O'Rielly, Aldermen Heney and Martineau, R. S. M. Bouchette, Esq., Mr. Drapeau, Mr. O'Connor, Dr. Beaubien and Mr. A. Higgins then followed in telling speeches, after which the following address to the Pope was adopted and the resolutions given below put and carried.

Most Holy Father, We, the Catholics of Ottawa, the capital of the Dominion of Canada, hasten to lay at the feet of Your Holiness the expression of our heartfelt congratulations, in common with the two hundred and fifty millions of our fellow worshippers throughout the world, on the completion of the twenty-fifth year of your sovereign Pontificate.

It has been our inexpressible happiness to witness, during the reign of your Holiness, the promulgation of two great dogmas,—the Immaculate Conception of the Blessed Virgin Mary, and the Infallibility of the successor of St. Peter as Vice-Gerant on earth of our Lord and Saviour.

We take this opportunity of assuring Your Holiness of our unswerving attachment to your most sacred person, as the infallible head of the Church, of which its Divine Founder has said: "The gates of Hell shall not prevail against it;" and we at the same time deeply deplore the persecutions to which Your Holiness has been subjected; and most energetically protest against the usurpation, in spite of treaties and the sacred right of nations, of what, to all Catholics, has ever been most dear,—the patrimony of the Church.

Finally, permit us, Holy Father, most humbly to declare that, together with the whole Catholic world, we earnestly supplicate Divine Providence to spare Your Holiness long enough to witness the triumph of the Church and the confusion of its enemies,

1. Moved by R. W. Scott, Esq., M.P.P seconded by E. P. Dorion, Esq.:

Resolved, That the Catholics of Ottawa hasten to avail themselves of this opportunity to express to His Holiness the Pope their heartfelt congratulations, in common with their fellow worshippers throughout the world, on the completion of the 25th year of his sovereign Pontificate.

2. Moved by J. C. Tache, Esq., Chevalier de la Legion d'Honneur, seconded by Robt. O'Reilly, Esq.:

Resolved, That it has been our inexpressible happiness to witness during the reign of His Holiness two great dogmas—the Immaculate Conception of the Virgin Mary, and the Infallibility of the Pope as Vice-Gerant on earth of our Lord and Saviour.

3. Moved by R. S. M. Bouchette, Esq., seconded by John Heney, Esq., J. P.,

Resolved,—That we beg to express our unswerving attachment to His Holiness as the infallible head of the Church, and we at the same time deeply deplore the persecutions to which His Holiness has been personally subjected; We also most energetically protest against the usurpation, in spite of treaties and the sacred right of nations, of what, to all Catholics, has ever been most dear—the patrimony of the Church.

4. Moved by Eugene Martineau, Esq., seconded by James Bermingham, Esq.,

Resolved,—That it is our duty, together with the whole Catholic world, earnestly to supplicate Divine Providence to spare His Holiness long enough to witness the triumph of the Church and the confusion of its enemies.

No. 5.—Moved by S. Drapeau, Esq., seconded by D. O'Connor, Esq., Solicitor,

Resolved, That an address founded on the above resolutions be drawn up, and engrossed, and that His Lordship the Bishop of Ottawa be requested to forward the same to His Holiness.

No. 6.—Moved by C. Beaubien, Esq., M.D., seconded by Moore Higgins, Esq.,

Resolved, That the Catholics of Ottawa do illuminate their houses on Wednesday the 21st inst., being in honor of the completion of the 25th year of His Holiness' Pontificate.

Moved by R. W. Scott, Esq., seconded by Alderman Martineau,

Resolved, That a subscription list be opened for the purpose of making a pecuniary gift to accompany the address to His Holiness.

After war pestilence and intemperance—colds lead to the greatest destruction of human life, mainly, because it is considered by many to be of no consequence and hence systematically neglected untill a simple, curable disease, is converted into a fatal pulmonary one. Everyone troubled with what is called a slight cold or cough, should immediately use Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—they allay irritation at once, and exert a most beneficial influence on all the Bronchial and Pulmonary organs. Sold by all Druggists and Country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills.' Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London

d1509 1y

Did you ever think that what is termed a common cold, when systematically neglected, often leads to that most fatal and distressing disease—consumption—but when attended to at once is generally easy of cure. If you are troubled with a cold or cough, "Bryan's and Pulmonic Wafers" will be found to be most efficacious in removeing it. They give immediate relief, and generally effect a cure when used in time. Sold by all Druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box.

ONE OF THE MOST NOTABLE PROPERTIES OF DR. WHEELER'S ELIXIR OF PHOSPHATES AND CALISAYA is its sustaining power during active mental and physical exertion. Business men, Editors, Clergymen, Lawyers, Physicians, and all classes engaged in any occupation requiring great application and consequent fatigue, will find this remedy invaluable, as it will enable them to accomplish their work with comparative ease. Anyone trying a bottle will find this statement fully sustained. Phosphate of Lime is an active agent of nutrition, constituting more than fifty per cent. of the system; Phosphoric Acid, a powerful Nerve Tonic; Phosphate of Iron, a blood maker; and Calisaya, an agreeable supporting stimulant. The combination of these remedies forms a Nutritive Tonic or Chemical Food, and nourishes and vitalizes the constitution in the same manner as an article of diet. Sold by all druggists,

EVANS MERCER & CO., Wholesale Agent.

CURE YOUR HORSES.—It is to the interest of all who own horses to keep them in a healthy and sound condition; experience has proved that 'Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy' is the most efficacious, it has been used by thousands who will cheerfully confirm this statement. For Heaves, Coughs Colds, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses it has no equal, nor is it equalled as a condition medecine; it purifies the blood, corrects and improves the appetite and softens the skin; in fact, so great is the improvement in the condition and appearance of the animal as to have led many to doubt if it could be the same horse. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medecine dealers.

CURE YOUR HORSES.—It is to the interest of all who own horses to keep them in a healthy and sound condition; experience has proved that 'Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy' is the most efficacious, it has been used by thousands who will, cheerfully confirm this statement. For Heaves Coughs, Colds, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses it has no equal, nor is it equaled as a condition medicine; it purifies the blood, corrects and improves the appetite, and softens the skin; in fact, so great is the improvement in the condition and appearance

FRESH! FRESH! FRESH!

SALMON.

The first of the Season just received, at MOSES LAPOINTE'S, Fish Dealer, Lower Town Market.

N. B.—All kinds of Lake, River, and Sea Fish, always on hand

Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685 1

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL.

The most beautiful site in the neighbourhood of the Capital, and the most pleasant and convenient place about Ottawa, for Pic Nics, &c.

A large covered Platform, raised eight feet from the ground, and capable of accommodating 4,000 persons, is admirably suited for Dancing, for Dramatic Soirees, and such like entertainments.

The Refreshments and Liquors to be had on the grounds are of the best quality.

Pleasure parties could not find a more comfortable and pleasant place to enjoy themselves.

At night the Gardens are well illuminated. Once properly known they will be regarded as indispensable during the summer season. There will be a Dancing School in the Gardens every THURSDAY night, except when occupied by a Pic-nic.

Hull, June 7, 1871 1685 2m

12th JULY, 1871.

ORANGE CELEBRATION.

An EXCURSION TRAIN will run from CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION, Ottawa, to Brockville, calling at all Way Stations on 12th prox., returning same day.

Fare from Ottawa, 75cts.

Due notice of time of departure and arrival will be published.

H. ABBOTT

Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686tf

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL!

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott 1.15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3;45 P.M

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Cars for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 6 40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa.

R. LUTTRELL, Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa June 1st, 1871

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, will be received at this office until FRIDAY the 23rd instant, at noon, for the performance of the proposed improvements to be made at the Calumet, Mountain, Portage du Fort and Chats Stations on the Ottawa River.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of the Ottawa River Works, where printed forms of Tender and any other information can be obtained.

Separate Tenders will be required for the works at each Station, and must be endorsed viz.:

Calumet Station.
Mountain "
Portage du Fort "
Chats "

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 7th June, 1871. 1686 3

DRY GOODS

—AT—

RETAIL.

SUMMER FASHIONS

SHOWING THIS DAY,

—AT—

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,

Beautiful Bonnets,
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets,
Splendid Lace Shawls.

Also in immense Variety,

Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques,
Horrockses, Miller & Co., Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
King's best Window Holland,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c.,

SPECIAL LINES.

Linen Percale's and Lawns, for Seaside Wear.
Walking Stick Parachutes " " "
Paragon Frame Parasols and Umbrellas,—
Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makes.
Coventry Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and Mantle Trimmings, in great variety.

EXTRAORDINARY.

43 Patterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

FOR SALE.

VERY CHEAP,

—AT THE—

DOMINION AUCTION ROOMS,

16 RIDEAU STREET,

A Set of First-Class

GROCERY FIXTURES, (COUNTER, SHELVES, DRAWERS, &c.)

ALSO:

A large quantity of Tea and other Groceries and Liquors.

A Hhd. of Molasses to be sold cheap (very low).

A large consignment of Books, Stationery, Jewellery, Clothing, Boots, &c

Regular Auction Sales weekly.

Consignments received and prompt returns made.

Real Estate Sales promptly attended to.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871 1 64tf

AUCTION SALES

BY A. GAGNIER.

AT DOMINION AUCTION ROOMS.

The subscriber begs to inform the public of Ottawa, that he has opened an Auction Room at No, 16 Rideau street, and is prepared to undertake the Sale of Furniture and Household effects, at the residences of owners Semi-Weekly sales of Furniture and General Merchandise, at 16 Rideau street, every TUESDAY and SATURDAY, at 8 o'clock p.m.

The encouragement of the Public is respectfully solicited

A. GAGNIER, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, April 22, 1871 1463tf

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.

Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

PORTER'S BLOCK.

34. SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

in their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good election,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,

NEW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS
in all Departments

THE SALVAGE GOODS,

Amounting to Over $7,500,

SAVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared out at prices which will be sure to command a sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low prices goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34 SPARKS STREET

Ottawa, March 30, 1871 1628y

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY,

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

14lbs per day for the season..	$5 00	
20lbs " " " ..	7 00	
10lbs " month	1 50	
20lbs " "	2 50	

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

Terms strictly Cash in advance.

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorens, successor to J B Bens & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N B.—Ice supplied per ton or cwt.

Ottawa, April 1871

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—
J. DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Side-Wheel Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

W. MOORE, Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE, Agents, No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf

Q. & C. P. S. S. Co.

THE STEAMSHIP

"ALHAMBRA"

Will leave Montreal on FRIDAY, the 9th inst., at 4 o'clock, p.m., for Pictou, calling at Shediac, and Charlottetown, P. E. I., taking Goods at through rates for Halifax and St. John, N. B., and places on E. & N. A., and Nova Scotia Railways.

For Freight, apply to

HERRICK & CROMBIE.

June 7, 1871 1685tf

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can recover it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.

ANN JANE HAMILTON.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871. 1633tf

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE.

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,

Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 RIDEAU STREET.

OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you.

1634 3m

CLOTHING HALL!

New Store.

J. M. GOULDEN

Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at

No. 100 Sussex Street,

NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,

A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.

Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.

Do not Forget the Place

No. 100 SUSSEX STREET,

OTTAWA, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street,

Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OF BROCKVILLE,

Who will continue the Business in the same premises and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871.

In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871. 1681 2m.

The Tea Pot,

RIDEAU STREET.

Try JOHN HILL'S Teas and Coffees.

Try JOHN HILL'S Teas and Coffees and you'll find
That they are of a most superior kind
The various samples, when you fairly test,
You'll find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who each day procure
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

The following TEAS and COFFEES have been received within the last few days, and as they are the finest flavored Coffee to be obtained in this country, consisting of Pure Mountain Berry, Mocha, Java, Old Government Java and Plantation,

FINEST JAPAN TEA (The very best that can be produced)
EXCELLENT KAISOW CONGOU TEA (Something extra),
CHOICE YOUNG HYSON TEA,
VERY SUPERIOR BLACK TEA (True Souchong)
VERY FINEST GUNPOWDER TEA (Something extra),
EXTRA SCENTED ORANGE PEKOE.

PURE JAPAN TEA, 60 cts. per lb., or 5 lbs. of the same article for $2.75.

GOOD SOUND TWANKAY TEA, 5 lbs. for $2.00.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street

Try John Hill's Teas and Coffees.

Try JOHN HILL'S Teas and Coffees and you'll find
That they are of a most superior kind
The various samples, when you fairly test,
You'll find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who each day procure
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will astonish those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.

The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.

From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves

Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:

Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, R. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

WANTED

A Girl about 16 years of age, as servant on a small family. Apply, A.B., TIMES Office

Ottawa, May 29, 1871 1678tf

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 72259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given, which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1675tf

FURNISHED APARTMENTS TO LET

Two or three gentlemen can obtain good Bed Rooms, and a well furnished Parlor, in a respectable private residence, close to the Parliamentary Buildings, with Breakfast if required. Terms moderate. Address, Office of this Paper.

Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685 3

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A First-Class TINSMITH, to take charge of the Shop. Salary, $40 per month, payable end of every month. Apply at once to C.P. DORION, 60 Sparks-st

Ottawa, June 5, 1871. 1681tf

Steamers.

ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*.....Captain Findlay.
" *Emerald*........ " Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*... " Murphy.
" *Alliance*........ " Blondin.
" *Oregon*......... " Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*...... "
Jason Gould...... " Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*. " Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*....... " Duggan.
Pontiac........ " D. Mulligan
Keppawa....... " B J Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Captaine.

Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau, every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning—Leaving Chapeau same day at 1 o'clock, p.m.

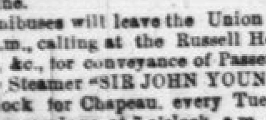
Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2 30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL

STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,

CAPT. BOWIE,

PRINCE OF WALES,

CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

TO

Horse Breeders.

AT the request of a number of gentlemen who have FINE MARES to Breed from,

Mr. Cotton

has placed

"YOUNG LAPIDIST"

AT THE

Veterinary

Stable of Mr. A. O. F. Coleman,

RIDEAU STREET,

To Serve a Limited Number of Mares (say 30) for the Season.

"LAPIDIST" is 8 years old this spring, and is considered by judges, to be the most valuable horse to breed from, in this section of the country.

His Pedigree can be seen at Mr. COLEMAN'S Office, or with his Groom, DAVID WHYTE.

Ottawa, May 10, 1871.

CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS ACT OF 1871.

ELECTION PETITION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

Take notice that the above Petition will be tried at the COURT HOUSE, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the Sixteenth day of JUNE, A.D. 1871, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, and on such other subsequent days as may be needful. The said City of Ottawa having been appointed by the Court of Queen's Bench, for the place of trial of the said Election Petition, by rule of the said Court.

Dated the 27th day of May, A.D. 1871.

By order,
ROBERT G. DALTON.
Clerk of the Crown of the Court of Queen's Benc

May 30, 1871 1679tf

MARE LOST.

Strayed from Pasture, Richmond Road, about six weeks ago, a Dark Brown MARE, good height, and long build. She was marked thus: Three white feet, the two hind and one fore, and a little white star on the forehead, with a few small spots above her nose, white. She is knee sprung slightly, and the hoof on the left foot split a little; she is also wicked.

Any person giving such information (as will lead to the recovery of the Mare) to SAMUEL HUDSON, Chaudiere Depot, or at BOOTH'S Store, Chaudiere, will be rewarded.

Chaudiere, June 7, 1871 1685a

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

A few good Fowls for sale.

J. HERBERT,
N on-st., West near Richmond Road, Ottawa.

April 26, 1871

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, *Agent,*
Times Office Ottawa.

ENGLISH GOODS!!!

RECEIVED AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex street.

PRIZE WATER FILTERS, from $2.25 upwards, of Earthenware and White China. (They purify the most impure water.—*Medical Gazette.*)

ENGLISH BEDSTEADS, all wrought Iron,
Do CHILDRENS COTS, do do
Very fine patterns, quite new and cheap.

For Hospitals and Sick Rooms

ENGLISH ENAMELLED CHAMBERS.
Do., do., BED PANS.
ENGLISH GARDEN CHAIRS,
Do., do., SETTEES, (to arrive.)
Do, CROQUET LAWN BORDERING
REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, and BATHS, STOVES new and improved patterns.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,

OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR.

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c, &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and
Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy,
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy Ports,
Domecqs and Greek Sherry,
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.

'Bass', Guinnes's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.

Liberal terms.

Inspection invited.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street

Ottawa, May 1649d

JUST RECEIVED.

—AT—

HAUSER'S

RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,

That splendid new Magazine,

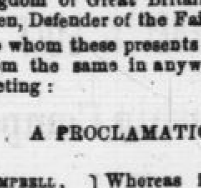
THE WEDDING BELLS.

—ALSO—

BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL

FOR MARCH AND APRIL.

Ottawa, April 19, 1871



DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE.

NOTICE TO FORWARDERS AND OTHERS.

LET PASSES, through to Lake Champlain, will be issued to Vessels, Barges, &c., by the Collector of Canal Tolls, Ottawa, on payment of Tolls.

LET PASSES will also be issued by the Collector of Canal Tolls, at Montreal, and at St. Johns, through to Ottawa, or to Ottawa Basin, on payment of Tolls.

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871. 1680a

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants; Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canded Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,

Corner Sussex and York-sts.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer

No. 67 Sussex-st.

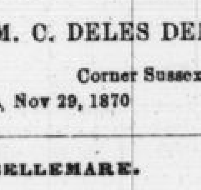
OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m



LISGAR.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

Victoria by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same in anywise concern.—Greeting:

A PROCLAMATION.

A. CAMPBELL, for the Attorney General, Canada.

Whereas in and by an Act passed by the Parliament of Canada, in the Thirty-second and Thirty-Third years of Our Reign, being Chapter Twenty-four, and intituled: "An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," it is amongst other things in effect enacted that our Governor in Council may, as often as occasion requires, declare by Proclamation that upon and after a day therein named the said Act shall be in force in any place or places in Canada therein designated within the limits or in the vicinity whereof any Railway, Canal or other Public Work is in progress of construction, or such places as are in the vicinity of any such Canal, or Railway, or other work as aforesaid, within which he deems it necessary that the said Act should be in force; and the said Act shall upon and after the day to be named in any such Proclamation, take effect within the places designated in such Proclamation; and further, that Our Governor in Council may, in like manner from time to time declare the said Act to be no longer in force in any of such place or places; and may again from time to time declare the same to be in force therein.

And whereas, it is expedient that the hereinbefore in part recited Act should be in force, in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described

Now therefore know ye, that we, by and with the advice and consent of our Privy Council for Canada, do hereby declare that upon and after the First day of June next hereafter, "An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," hereinbefore in part recited, shall be in force in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described, that is to say: | Commencing at the point where the route now being opened to the Red River crosses the height of land which separates the waters' tributary to Lake Winnepeg, from these flowing into Lake Superior, and running from thence westwardly along the said route to the Eastern boundary line of the Province of Manitoba, to extend to a depth of ten miles on either side of the said route from the height of land to the United States' Boundary Line at Nequaquon Lake, and from thence westward to the Lake of the Woods, to embrace a depth of ten miles on the British side of the Boundary line aforesaid, to cover the whole area of the Lake of the Woods and the Islands therein in so far as they are within British Territory and a depth of ten miles around such portion of its shores as may be within British Territory, and from the North West angle of the Lake of the Woods, to extend ten miles on either side of the line of route until it meets the aforesaid eastern boundary line of the said Province of Manitoba.

Of all of which our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

In testimony whereof, we have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved, the Right Honorable John Baron Lisgar, of Lisgar and Bailieborough, in the County of Cavan, Ireland, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and a Baronet, one of our most Honourable Privy Council, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada, and Governor and Commander in Chief of the Island of Prince Edward. At our Government House, in Our CITY OF OTTAWA, this Fifth day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and in the Thirty-fourth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J C AIKINS,
Secretary of State.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871 1671 3

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
....	12 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
.....	12 45	9·00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	......	4.20
....	....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	......	6.00
....	....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	6.00
10 15	12.15	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.20
10·15	12.15	....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	......	4.20
....	10.15	....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	....	....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	......	......	4.20
9.20	....	3.20	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	3.00
9.20	....	....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	......	......	7 00
10:30	....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage; Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	8.00	11.00	......
7 00	....	....		......	......	7.00
6.15	....	....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	......	......	700
10.00	....	....	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	....	....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	......	......	6 00
11.50	....	....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11 30 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12 A.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 3, 1871

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa
The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz.: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Now last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Business.

Claims Paid for Assurances.... £6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid. 2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of.... 6,570,000.00
Annual Income............. 1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions* of *Policies.*

The *Non-Forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW,
Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal

J.& W. T. Pennock,
Agents, Ottawa.

March 13, 1871 163a

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND LIFE

Continues to take risks on every description of property—including Wooden House at similar rates with other first-class Companies.

LIFE

An inspection of its late Tables is invited.

T M CLARK,
Agent,
Elgin-st., near Sparks.

Ottawa, April 12, 1871 1638 1

THE METROPOLITAN

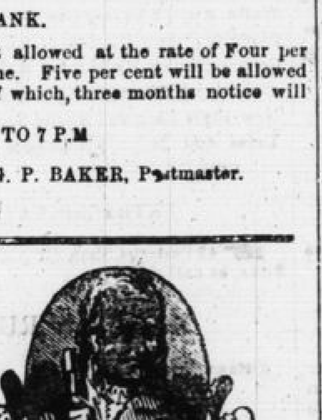
Building and Savings Society

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa 13th December, 1870. 1840tl371



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden county of Hastings. Province of Ontario. D f Canada.

THE

EAGLE STEAM BAKERY,

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your orders are solicited

AND WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO BY

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. H. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A

TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI.

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month,

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1604

Medical.

MESS. GABRIEL'S

CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE

TEETH & GUMS

AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL

PARTS OF THE WORLD

PREPARED ONLY BY

MESS. GABRIEL.

DENTISTS

LUDGATE HILL, LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

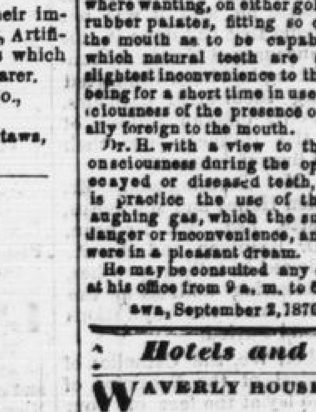
MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,

May 1 1871

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Conseeon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoeey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER.

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 3rd June, 1871.

Authorized discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa, June 3, 1871

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 12 F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fetherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS OF TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The Proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. S. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,
November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accounts accurately prepared. Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1595 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.

Montreal, March 871 2 3m

W. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

8 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1,30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 4 30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2.00 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5.40 p.m., and at Sand Point, 6 30 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a.m arriving at Brockville at 1 34 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 2.50 p m, and 6 20 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 3.50 p m., 10.00 p.m., 6·15 p.m. 1.30 p.m.

Leave Sand Point

At 8.30 a.m., 11,30 a.m., 3.00 a.m., 2.00 p.m.,

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

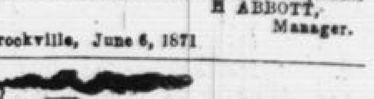
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a.m, after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, June 6, 1871



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657M

LIGHT HOUSE SERVICE.

TENDERS will be received at this Department, at Ottawa, up to Noon of WEDNESDAY, the 21st JUNE next, for the construction of LIGHT HOUSES at the undermentioned places, in the Province of Ontario.

Salmon Point, P. E. County, Lake Ontario.
Middle Island. Essex County, Lake Erie.
Porphyry Point. Lake Superior.
Michipicoten Island. do.
Small Island, near Michipicoten Island Harbour.

Plans and specifications of all the required Works may be seen on and after the 1st June next, at the Department at Ottawa, and at the Office of S. RISLEY, Esq., Inspector of Steamboats, Toronto, at which places also Forms of Tender can be procured by intending Contractors.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 20th May, 1871. 1681 3

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON have ing purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables, and their Liquors are of the best quality.

Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks-st

Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel.

Strict attention to business.

Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.

J. A. GEMMILL,
Solicitor &c.

Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.

Ottawa, Feb. 21, 187 159

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 35 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa JAMES GIBSON, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1690. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JUNE 13, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 2[illegible] RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

☞All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deif Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

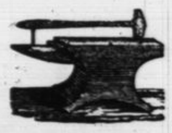
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Meta Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!



Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. &c. together with

PAINTS OF ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, No 18, 1870

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.

Possession given 20th May.

Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere, near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the Young Men's Christian Association corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)

Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.

Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY

For particulars, apply to
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26 Rideau street.

Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1871

TO LET,

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road.

Also the Shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.

For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,

Ottawa, Feb. 16, 592tf

WANTED TO RENT.

A Comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, on the west end. Neighourhood of Richmond Road preferred. Rent not to exceed $300 per annum, including taxes. Address D., post paid, Ottawa. Possession required by 15th June.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1679 3

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered.

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

NOTICE.

CUSTOM'S DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 19th May, 1871.

Referring to the notice of 5th inst., of articles transferred by Order in Council, to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, it is decided that the term "Annatto" therein mentioned means "Annatto" in either a liquid or a solid condition.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa, May 27, 1871 1678 3

READING ELOCUTION,
WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa.

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,

The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises

STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.

And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.

Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 3m

DOMINION HOUSE,

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,

Next Door to F. McDougall & Co.

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colour Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpacas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,

To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.

☞*There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.*☜

The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

—TO—

N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, April 28, 1871 1652 3m

ALBION HOTEL,

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1685 3m

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion.

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim.

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in its large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly, our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH.

Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office,

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1666tf

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull,	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St, Mon

Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottaw

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

SELLING

OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES

OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
WINE MERCHANT,
Elgin Street.

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

Dufresne & McGarity,

—SUCCESSORS TO—

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.

Sussex Street, OTTAWA.

221 Notre Dame St. MONTREAL.

The Undersigned have much pleasure in stating to their Customers and the Trade in general, that they have disposed of the RETAIL BUSINESS, *which they heretofore carried on in connection with their Wholesale Trade; and it is now their intention to devote themselves exclusively to the*

Wholesale Grocery, Wine and Provision Business.

To enable them to do so efficiently, they have secured the premises next door to their present stand, (formerly occupied by Messrs. Fingland & Draper, as a Dry Goods Store,) and connected the two buildings by an arch,—now making ONE OF THE FINEST WHOLESALE HOUSES IN THE PROVINCE.

They have secured Agencies for several of the first WINE HOUSES *in Europe; and are also Agents for* Messrs. GOODERHAM & WORTS, *Distillers of Toronto,—and they can safely say that Messrs. G. & W. make the finest Spirits in the Dominion.*

The trade supplied with all of the undermentioned ALES, either in Wood or Bottle, at Brewers prices.

Dow & Co's, Montreal, Pale and Mild Ales and Porter,
Cosgrove's, Toronto, " " "
Labatt's, Prescott, " " "
Dawes', Lachine, " " "

GUINNESS STOUT and ENGLISH ALES always on hand and in fine condition.

There is now on the way out from China and Japan, **2,000 Chests of Fresh Teas,** *which, with all other Goods, will be sold at* MONTREAL PRICES.

Goods will be delivered at Steamboat and Railway Stations free of charge. All empty packages charged in accounts will be taken back and allowed for, and those prefering to have their Goods shipped from the Montreal House, can have that privilege by leaving their orders at the office here.

The OTTAWA ESTABLISHMENT will be under the special management of MR. MCGARITY, *who will give his exclusive attention to the wants of his customers.*

Thanking you for the liberal patronage with which we have been so kindly favored, and soliciting an early call.

We remain, yours truly,

Dufresne & McGarity,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
"The Tea Pot,"
SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, April 19, 1871 1645 2m

MESSRS.

CATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,110 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst,

Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

McGill University, Montreal,

SESSION 1871-72.

THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—

FACULTY OF ARTS.....September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE....October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW.....October 3rd.

The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.

The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.

In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered

First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100

Second Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100

Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.

The Calendar containing details of all the above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES,
Secretary.

May 31, 1871 1689 2awk 2m

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

☞OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND☜

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1628y

DOMINION HOUSE,

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House,
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1666 6m

DIRECT FROM ENGLAND!

Just opened out a beautiful assortment of CARVED WOOD

BREAD PLATTERS!

BUTTER do., with glass dish!

SALT CELLARS, do do!

EGG TRAYS, do cups

FRUIT STANDS, do dishes

BREAD KNIVES

BREAKFAST TRAYS!

The above are low in price, and elegant and useful adornments for the Tables, also

FISHING RODS,
TROLLING SPOONS,
FLIES, GIMP,
HOOKS,
BOOKS, &c., &c., &c.

We have just been appointed Agents for the ATLANTIC and PACIFIC SHIP PUMPS,

BROKENSHIRES PATENT.

These Pumps are now almost exclusively used on the Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence, and are adapted for Lumber Barges or the Ocean Steamship. Orders received.

New Stock Cooking Stoves, Latest improvement, just arrived, at

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA.

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, April 29, 1871

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the Principal Money and Interest secured by a certain Mortgage, and bearing date the Eighteenth Day of AUGUST, A.D. 1869, and made between JOHN HARKNESS, of the Township of Gloucester, yeoman, of the first part, ANN JANE HARKNESS, his wife, of the second part, and ROBERT MOSGROVE, of the City of Ottawa, Esquire, of the third part of all and, and singular that certain parcel or tract of lands and premises situate, lying and being in the township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of a part of West half of the rear or southerly part of lot number twenty-six, in the first concession, Ottawa front, of the said township of Gloucester, and may be described as sub lots fourteen and fifteen of the sub-division of the said part of said lot, number twenty-six, as shown and laid down on a place drawn by H. O. WOOD, P.L.S., of said part of said lot, number twenty-six, and bearing date the Sixth Day of JULY, A.D., 1869, and Registered in the Registry Office for the County of Carleton, on THURSDAY, the 29th day of July, A.D. 1869, said sub lots containing by admeasurement six acres be the same more or less.

The said lands and premises will in pursuance of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, be offered for sale at PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Law Office of Messrs. MOSGROVE & TAILLON, in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the Nineteenth Day of JUNE next, (A.D. 1871), at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon.

Terms and conditions to be made known at the time of Sale.

Vendor will covenant against his own acts only. All conveyances, searches, abstracts, &c., to be had at the purchasers expense.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Vendor's Solicitors.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871. 1666 12wtd

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, } To Wit.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the County of GENERAL SESSIONS of the PEACE, and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the Thirteenth day of JUNE, 1871, at the hour of Ten of the clock, a.m., of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. POWELL,
Sheriff.

By W. H. FALLS,
Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Ottawa, May 25, 1871 1670 d&w2

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

Tailors & Gentlemen's Out-fitters

to

P. O'MEARA'S Restaurant,

RIDEAU STREET.

Messrs. P. & R. invite especial attention to their choice and select assortment of

Broadcloths

Doeskins,

English

Scotch, and

Canadian

Tweeds.

Next to P. O'MEARA, Rideau-St.

N. B.—Workmanship and fit guaranteed.

PRESTON & ROSWELL.

Ottawa April 18, 1871 1642tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under-shirts,
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞Call and examine before giving your orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF.
O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

G. A. SHELDON,

HATTER AND FURRIER,

Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive

HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT

In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.

G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.

A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shootingmen's Hats made to order. 1665 2m

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER X.

IN COURT.

Of the days that intervened between his committal and his trial, the prisoner kept no account.

They passed somehow, that was all he ever knew about them: they were spent—those long daylight hours, those desolate nights—in sickness, in struggle, in alterations of hope and fear, in forming wild plans of escape, in turning over in his mind whether it might not be advisable for him to take that middle course which is involved in pleading guilty to culpable homicide, and abiding the consequences.

But it was only at very long intervals, and for the very short periods, he entertained this idea.

He thought—and thought rightly—that the time had gone by for making a confession of any kind, with any chance of backing out of the consequences of the deed he had committed with honor or even safety.

He knew he had told as many falsehoods as he could ever be called upon to repeat. His judgment was satisfied that as he had elected to play for high stakes, his game could scarcely be improved.

Whether the stakes to be gained was worth the candle, he could not now afford to consider.

Even if he hedged, he should make very little by it. A long punishment seemed to him, in his then state of mind, as bad or worse than death; besides, he felt sure that if he only could keep up his courage, he should escape.

Illness and imprisonment alone, he thought, produced his want of mental strength. Any thing would be better than the solitary days and the wakeful nights. Let him once have to meet his fellows, to face the judges and the spectators, and he could and would hold his own bravely.

His sole fear was Anthony—but he had made a bold stroke with regard to him.

He told his solicitor not to summon Anthony as a witness, and having done this, he abided the event with calmness.

What his own solicitor thought about the matter, may be conjectured from the fact that he asked Andrew whether, considering the difficulty of the case, it might not be well to plead guilty to the lesser crime.

"I am sure the matter could be arranged with the advocate-depute," observed Mr. McCallum.

"Then I am sure the advocate-depute feels he has no chance of a conviction," answered Andrew, who had not lived all this time in Kirkcudbright Jail for nothing. "No; I am either innocent or guilty, and I am content to abide the result."

Whereat Mr. McCallum shrugged his shoulders, and remarked that circumstantial evidence had hanged many a man.

"Well, I would rather be hanged on circumstantial evidence than acquitted on a point of law," Andrew Hardell answered; whereupon the lawyer observed—

"Hanging is not a nice thing, but no doubt you are right in principal."

All of which went to prove that not a single person believed him innocent—a hard cross to bear with the knowledge of guilt in his own soul.

Meanwhile, however, there was an ever-growing, ever-increasing conviction in the minds of those who had much to do with the matter in which he was personally interested, that although Andrew Hardell might have killed Kenneth Challerson, he was not guilty of actual murder, and the advocate-depute, to whom in due time—as to a grand-jury—the case was submitted, felt the difficulty of the position—felt the obstacles which might arise in obtaining a conviction from a Scottish majority.

For a Scotch jury is very different from an English one. Sawney is much more on his guard than John Bull. The argumentative, Presbyterian, non-impulsive mind resists the temptations of flowery sentences, of impassioned appeals, of harrowing pictures, as it might the seductions of the evil one.

Unlike the British mind, the Scotch has a keen and all absorbing sense of duty and of self-importance. It is not to be led by the judge or by the counsel—rather, it sets itself up in direct opposition to them.

The consciousness of power is pleasant to the northern individual. The very constitution of the jury increases that consciousness. In England, it is true, one man may starve out of eleven, or eleven may coerce one, but in Scotland each unit is either of the majority or minority. Each man stands by himself; each man has his specific weight for or against the prisoner; to make or to mar, to spoil or to spend.

Further, the character of Scotch education is to produce individualism of character. Thus each man has an opinion of his own, and does not hesitate to express it. The judge has yet to be born who should carry a Scotch juror beyond the depth to which he personally elected to wade.

Born—partly of his nation, partly of his religion, there is a great sense of his individuality, and of his power individually; and that sense of power resents the interposition of any other person's influence.

For all of which reasons, unless a man's guilt be self-apparent, let him pray to be tried by a Scotch jury.

He will have justice dealt to him, and something more; he will have the benefit of the doubt given to him, which is not an unimportant consideration among a people capable of weighing the value and the significance of a doubt.

These things were all in due time taken into account by the advocate-depute, who hesitated not to intimate to Mr. Dunbar—a personal friend of his own—that if the prisoner chose to plead guilty to culpable homicide, the plea would be accepted.

To which remark Mr. Dunbar replying, that his client intended to plead "Not Guilty," and maintained he was so, the advocate-depute from thenceforward maintained an injured silence, and said within himself that if he could hang Andrew Hardell he would.

Such trials were not of frequent occurrence; it would add, he felt, a laurel to his fame if he succeeded in obtaining a conviction. As for my lords Craigie and Glanlorn, they were supposed to know nothing, or next to nothing, of the matter, till they donned their official robes, and the Assize commenced. And so September wore on, and the date for the trial approached, and in due time Andrew Hardell was removed from Kirkcudbright Jail, and conveyed, not by the sea-shore, and across Criffel, but by drearier inland roads, back to Dumfries, where he lay for a few days in the old jail, waiting for the time to come which should decide his fate.

Very different was the old jail from that which now fronts Buccleugh Street; very different are both from the pleasant prison at Kirkcudbright, the exercise-ground in which commands a view of the far-away country, of the Dee and the Tor Hill, and the quaint, rich, old-fashioned town, no bigger than an English village.

Often in the after-time Andrew Hardell thought of a remark he then heard made, to the effect that if the whole population of Scotland were criminals, its jails were large enough to contain them.

He had plenty of leisure then to heed any observation, and remember it, for neither friend or foe intruded on his solitude. Anthony was afraid to do so, and returned to England after the interview mentioned; while Mr. Foster, for whom he consented to do duty, starting for Scotland, purposing to comfort his pupil, fell ill by the way, and was obliged to return to Longmore, looking very old indeed.

In truth, Andrew's trouble had entered into his very soul; and seeing this, Madge hushed her own sorrow to comfort his, and consoled herself by writing long letters to the prisoner, assuring him of her conviction of his innocence, of her deep grief for the position in which he was placed, of her wish to be near him in his trouble.

[To be continued.]

ANNUAL REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT OF FIRE BRIGADE.

To the Mayor and Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

Gentlemen,

In conformity with requirements of the By Law regulating the Fire Department, I present my annual Report of operations of the Force under my command.

The efficiency of the department I am proud to say has fully sustained its reputation during the past year.

The number of Fires were twenty-three (a much smaller number than in previous years) the most serious of which were the County of Carleton Court House in January and the Block on Sparks Street in December.

Accompanying this report you will find a Tabular Statement shewing the number of Fires, the proprietors names, description of property destroyed, and its value and the cost of water at each fire.

STRENGTH OF THE FIRE BRIGADE.

Ottawa Engine Company			60 men
Chaudiere	do	do	54 "
Rideau	do	do	45 "
Queen	do	do	44 "
Central Hook & Ladder			29 "
Lower Town	do	do	24 "
		Total	256

RESIDENCE IN

Victoria Ward			30 "
Wellington	do	do	37 "
St. George	do	do	35 "
By	do	do	66 "
Ottawa	do	do	88 "
		Total	256

The Engines and Hook and Ladder apparatus are in good working order. The engine reels and carriages were all supplied with sleighs for winter which has proved of great service in arriving quicker at fires and also with less damage to machinery.

ENGINE HOUSES.

The Engine Houses are (with one exception) in good repair. I would again call your attention to the Ottawa Station. It is not fit to keep an engine in, one of our best engines should have a better place provided for it. If the same was done for it as was for the Queen Engine last year it would in the end prove more economical.

I regret that another year has passed over without improving in any way the means of extinguishing fires. The water Carriers are not prompt in turning out. In all cases when a fire occurs at night, the Fire Brigade are kept waiting a long time for water making it impossible for them to do more than confine the fire to the building in which it originated.

In bringing this report to a close I desire to acknowledge the valuable assistance I have received from the Chief and members of the *Police Force.*

I am happy to say I continue to receive the efficient assistance and support of the assistant superintendent and that the greatest harmony and good feeling prevails among the officers and men under my command, prompt in case of need and obedient to orders, they are all entitled to my cordial approbation.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

JOHN LANGFORD,
Superintendent Fire Brigade.

Ottawa March 1st 1871.

City Engineer's Office,
City Hall.

Ottawa, June 1st 1871,

His Worship the Mayor and Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

Gentlemen,

The expenditure for the month of May has been as follows:—

Ottawa, By, and St. George's Wards repairs of streets and platforms			$543. 92½
Wellington Ward	do	do	349. 07½
Engineer's Assistant	do	do	40. 50
			$933. 50

Men's days work 605½
Horses do 163½
which is respectfully submitted.

GEORGE H. PERRY C. E.

☞After war pestilence and intemperance—colds lead to the greatest destruction of human life, mainly, because it is considered by many to be of no consequence and hence systematically neglected untill a simple, curable disease, is converted into a fatal pulmonary one. Everyone troubled with what is called a slight cold or cough, should immediately use Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—they allay irritation at once, and exert a most beneficial influence on all the Bronchial and Pulmonary organs. Sold by all Druggists and Country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—"JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London." d1809 1y

RIGHT AND WRONG.—It is wrong to jest with your wife upon a subject in which there is danger of wounding her feeling, and it is wrong to speak of great virtues in another man's wife, to remind your own of fault; but it is not wrong after trying the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" and feeling its wonderful effects, to recommend it to neighbours, for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, cramps, cholic, &c., it as no equal. For sale by Druggists and country dealers.

HOW TO MAKE MONEY.—A horse dealer residing in the vicinity of Keyport, N. J., and who buys up horses for the New York market, purchases "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" by the dozen and feeds it to his horses; he says it is superior to anything that he has ever used as a condition medicine, that the horses are so much more improved by its use as to sell more readily and command higher prices. Two other horse dealers, one residing at Huntingdon, the other at Glen Cove, L. I., also purchase it by the dozen and for the same purpose; those men, as well as many others similarly engaged, know too well the value and importance of this medicine ever to be without it. Remember the name, and see that the signature of this medicine ever to be without it. Remember the name, and see that the signature of all who own horses to keep them in a healthy and sound condition; experience has proved that "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" is the most efficacious, it has been used by thousands who will cheerfully confirm this statement. For Heaves, Coughs, Colds, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses it has no equal, nor is it equaled as a condition medicine; it purifies the blood, corrects and improves the the appetite, and softens the skin; in fact, so great is the improvement in the condition and apperance

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine dealers. 25 cents a bottle. Office 215 Fulton street, New York; and 48 Oxford street, London.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the fac-simile of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

PAPER HANGINGS.

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871. 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Auction Sale of a Very Superior Family Carriage—A. Rowe.
Lost—J. M. C. Deles Derniers.
Wanted—Sir John A. Macdonald.
Grand Trunk Railway—C. J. Brydges.
Sealed Tenders—F. Braun.
Smith's Falls Foundry, and Agricultural Works—Frost & Wood.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

TUESDAY JUNE 13, 1871.

For interesting reading matter, see first page.

Mr. Eddy, of Hull, is a candidate for the representation of the county of Ottawa. His address is not yet out, but we have no hesitation in saying that he has many claims upon the electors.

Col. McPherson, Mrs. Robertson Ross, and Miss Patrick, left town by the 10:30 p.m. train yesterday, for the camp at Niagara.

From all parts of the country we hear the most satisfactory accounts regarding the crops. The appearance of the Fall wheat is splendid everywhere, and, it is said, that there will be a general average throughout Ontario of nearly 30 bushels to the acre.

Mr. Legge, C. E., of Montreal, was in Ottawa yesterday, and leaves for Montreal this morning. He is engaged on the survey of the Coteau and Ottawa Railway. This line will be proceeded with at once. We also understand that the $1,000,000 bonus from the city of Montreal for the North Shore line will be granted, and that that portion of the railway system of the country will be constructed without delay.

During the debate on the Treaty of Washington, in the House of Lords, the Earl of Carnarvon said:

"The interests of Canada and of this country are one, and anything which would be viewed by Canada with doubtful or mixed satisfaction would certainly not be a subject of great pleasure to this country."

The more this kind of feeling is encouraged on both sides of the Atlantic the better. The interests of every portion of the Empire must be more or less identical, and what is injurious to the prosperity of one part must sooner or later be injurious to the whole.

We notice that at the Railway meeting yesterday, there was some discussion concerning the propriety of the Corporation doing something to assist in the construction of a Central Railway station in this city. A Central Railway station would no doubt be a great convenience, but the first thing to be done is to insure the construction of those railways which will bring trade to the city. Let the corporation first do something in aid of the extension of the Canada Central from Sand Point to Pembroke, before the Kingston line is built and the trade of the Western section of the Ottawa Valley is diverted from us. This is a matter which admits of no delay. We can arrange about the station afterwards.

THE MINISTER OF PUBLIC WORKS ON THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

Our readers are aware that the Hon. Mr. Langevin was last week returned by acclamation by the electors of Quebec Centre as their representative in the Local Legislature. Mr. Langevin received a warm support from a large number of the English merchants and commercial men of the "ancient capital," who, on a former occasion, had been numbered among his opponents, but had been won over to his side by the honourable gentleman's faithful services as a Minister of the Crown, and by his successful efforts to serve his constituents honestly and faithfully, without distinction of creed or nationality.

So soon as Mr. Langevin was declared elected by the Returning Officer, he addressed some remarks to the electors upon the present political situation, in accordance with the usage customary on such occasions. Among other matters, he, of course, touched on the Treaty of Washington, and made some important statements in connection therewith, that have not been made public heretofore.

Having pointed out the absurdity of supposing that Sir John Macdonald, a man who had for so many years enjoyed the confidence of the people of Canada, who "had lived his whole life among us, and intended to die among us," should have betrayed his country or its interests, the Minister of Public Works in reference to the Fisheries' question, said:

"So soon as the Government of Canada heard that the intention was to give up the fisheries of the Provinces of Quebec, New Brunswick, and Nova Scotia to the joint working of Americans and Canadians for the small consideration mentioned in the treaty, they protested energetically, and caused their protest to be sent to England by cable as well as by mail, and Sir John Macdonald, the Prime Minister of Canada, did not lag behind. He declared his strong objection and determined opposition to that way of settling the question of the fisheries. Nevertheless, the British Government, having before them the protest of the Government of Canada, and the opposition of Sir John A. Macdonald in the Joint High Commission, directed the Joint High Commission to sign the treaty, reserving to Canada in the treaty the right to accept or reject the clauses in relation to the Fisheries. The Government of Great Britain, I have no doubt, feel that questions that have been so long open between the two countries should, while the opportunity offers, be settled for ever. It will be for England to show to Canada what reasons and inducements there are for us as a people to ratify that portion of the treaty relating to the fisheries, but in the mean time Canada remains free to act—the Government of Canada is untrammelled—I say all the Ministers, including the Prime Minister, remain free to act as the interests of Canada may require. Parliament will have the matter laid before it next session, and the representatives of the people will be then in a position to say whether the reasons given by England for the ratification of that portion of the Treaty by us, are such as the true interests of Canada call for."

So then it will be seen that after all the fuss that has been made, after all the nonsensical "bunkum" that has been spouted by Opposition orators and Opposition papers, the Dominion Government upon this, as upon all other questions, are fully in accord with public feeling. Sir John Macdonald as a member of the High Commission protested, and the Canadian Government protested "with all its energy" against the clauses of the Treaty respecting the Fisheries. In fact, they did just as the Opposition organs declared that they ought to have done. They knew that the treaty in its present shape would not be acceptable to the people of Canada, and without a moment's delay they informed the Imperial Government that such was the case. But in order that the other portions of the Treaty might be dealt with and ratified, the High Commissioners were directed to sign the Treaty, reserving to Canada the right of deciding on the subject of the Fisheries. It now lies with the Imperial Government to bring forward some reasons for our agreeing to the terms proposed, and if those reasons are not considered satisfactory by our Parliament and people, there is nothing to prevent our refusing to admit the Americans to fish in our waters.

The leading organ of the Opposition has made the following statements:—"All pretences of opposition to the Treaty within the Privy Council are mere devices of the hour to mislead constituents;"—"up to this hour no official step *whatever*, except the protest of the New Brunswick Legislature, has been taken to inform the Government and Parliament of Great Britain, of the universal indignation with which the document is regarded from Halifax to Sarnia." Mr. Langevin says, the Government of Canada has protested with "all its energy" against it, and his statement as a Minister of the Crown to this effect must be accepted as authoritative and conclusive.

We do not wish to follow the example of our contemporary, and make use of language which, to say the least of it, is uncourteous, but we must be permitted to point out that most of its statements with regard to Ministers, and to the ministerial policy are equally incorrect. We hold that before a journalist accuses anyone of wrong doing, before he charges men who have for years enjoyed the confidence of the public with having "betrayed the interests of Canada," and with attempting to "deceive the public," he should be well assured of the truth of what he asserts. If he does not take this precaution, he may rely upon it that any attempt to blacken the character of a political opponent and to deprive him of public confidence, will most assuredly recoil upon himself, and that he will be regarded by all fair-minded men as an unprincipled slanderer, who, without due warrant or justification, and careless of the truth or falsehood of his statements, has misrepresented the position and opinions of his political opponents.

THE TWO GEORGES.

An amusing incident occurred in one of the palace cars attached to the Grand Trunk train which left Montreal on Monday evening the 5th instant. A gentleman who had during the day engaged a whole compartment for himself and friend, vacated the place for a minute and went to the platform. On his return he found a very tall and imposing person with another of less degree in occupation, and the great man had his legs on the seat. The proprietor for the night knowing that when the conductor came round the intrusion whether intentional or otherwise would be put right, made no remark but quietly sat down. After a short time the great man and his companion rose and left the car, and it was supposed by the tenant that the mistakes was perceived, and he settled himself quietly in his place and put his feet up on the opposite seat. In a short time the intruders returned, and the great man in an imperious manner said "remove your legs sir." The gentleman replied that he had engaged the whole compartment, and declined to comply, on which the great man became furious, caught at the gentleman's legs and roughly whipped them off the seat. The gentleman calmly remarked, "One of the disadvantages of being a public character is that he becomes well known, and I know you sir, and will remember you for this," and then called the conductor and insisted on the removal of the intruders. This was effected instantly, and as they marched off the applause of some gentlemen in the opposite compartment was marked. The Hon. George Brown, Editor in Chief of the *Globe*, was one of the intruders, and the ejection took place at the instance of Mr. George Wellesley Hamilton, the member for Prescott.

THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

We have alluded elsewhere to the Hon. Mr. Langevin's speech at Quebec, last Friday, on the occasion of his triumphant return to the Local Legislature. Below we give his remarks on the Treaty of Washington *in extenso*:

The second question which I wish to call your attention to gentlemen, is that of the Treaty of Washington. Parties interested in damaging the Dominion Government and in depreciating the highstanding of the Prime Minister of Canada, have tried to imbue the public mind with the idea that the Government has betrayed the country, that, at all events Sir John A. Macdonald, one of the Joint High Commissioners, the first member of the Canadian Government has been a traitor to the country. Traitor! Gentlemen! Sir John A. Macdonald, the man who, during the last 15 or 18 years has constantly had the support of a large majority of the representatives of the people of this country, a traitor to his country! Sir John A. Macdonald who has been, not only the chosen representative of the people during a quarter of a century, but also the adviser of the Crown and one of the foremost statesmen of this country! No, gentlemen, there has been no traitor and no treason. The "Alabama" question was a difficult one. It had to be settled one way or another. The United States complained that Great Britain had allowed privateers to leave her ports—that she had not taken that care and precaution which International law required and they claimed therefore indemnity for the depredations of the *Alabama*, and other privateers. Was that question to be settled by the sword? Were we to have blood flowing in the two hemispheres for a question which could be settled by diplomacy? No, gentlemen, the good sense of England, and the good sense of the States have brought about an amicable settlement of the question—rules have been laid down for the future, and those rules are to apply to the questions in dispute. They will be applied by Arbitrators chosen by the two parties, and the award of that arbitration will be final. If England has to pay a sum of money, it will be paid and no dishonour will follow from that course.

THE SAN JUAN QUESTION.

The question of the Island of San Juan threatened at one time to be another most serious difficulty. England contended that that Island was a portion of British territory, whilst the United States said by the Treaty the Island was theirs. Was that question to be settled also by the arbitrament of the sword? Was it not better to leave it to the judgment and decision of an impartial arbitration? England and the United States have thought so, and the result is that the San Juan difficulty is left for the arbitrament of the Emperor of Germany. If the Island belongs to us we shall enjoy it. If it belongs to the United States, then they will have it no matter how detrimental it may be to us.

THE FREE NAVIGATION OF THE ST. LAWRENCE.

The third difficulty between England and the United States, was the question of free navigation of the St. Lawrence. Well gentlemen, it was well known that up to the date of the treaty of Washington, the navigation of the St. Lawrence, from the lakes to the rapids above Montreal, was free to the United States as well as to Canada, the United States and Canada having their respective territories on each side of the river and lakes. From the Gulf of St. Lawrence up to Montreal, the Americans had also, by treaty, the right to come up to Quebec and Montreal with their vessels and their goods, but they had no right to go beyond Montreal, the territory on both sides, thence to a point above the rapids being Canadian ground. By the treaty of Washington the right to navigate those rapids is conceded to the Americans, but not the right to go through our canals; that right is altogether within our jurisdiction and left entirely to our decision. You see therefore, gentlemen that the free navigation of the St. Lawrence as conceded by the treaty is reduced after all to a very small portion of the river. It is limited—beyond the rights the Americans had already, to the Lachine Rapid and the other rapids west of them. In consideration of that we have obtained by that treaty the free navigation of three important rivers in British Columbia—three rivers, the mouths of which are altogether in American Territory. It is a fact that the Americans were already under selling the Hudson's Bay Company, but by the free navigation of these three rivers our own people will be able to compete with the Americans and carry on the trade of the country which promises to be one of the most important of those great dominions of ours.

THE FISHERIES.

I come now, gentlemen, to the last point which is the question of the Fisheries. We have been told in certain newspapers that the Canadian Government with its Prime Minister, had sold the Fisheries of Canada and betrayed the trust the people had reposed in them! What are the facts? So soon as the Government of Canada heard that the intention was to give up the fisheries of the Provinces of Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia to the working of Americans and Canadians for the small consideration mentioned in the treaty, they protested energetically and caused their protest to be sent to England by cable as well as by mail, and Sir John A. Macdonald, the Prime Minister of Canada, did not lag behind. He declared his strong objection and determined opposition to that way of settling the question of the fisheries. Nevertheless, the British Government having before them the protest of the Government of Canada, and the opposition of Sir John A. Macdonald in the Joint High Commission, directed the Joint High Commission to sign the treaty reserving to Canada in the treaty the right to accept or reject the clauses in relation to the Fisheries. The Government of Great Britain, I have no doubt, feel that questions that have been so long open between the two countries should, while the opportunity offers, be settled for ever. It will be for England to show to Canada what reasons and inducements there are for us as a people to ratify that portion of the treaty relating to the Fisheries, but in the meantime Canada remains free to act, the Government of Canada is untrammeled—I say all the Ministers, including the Prime Minister remain free to act as the interests of Canada may require. Parliament will have the matter laid before it next Session, and the representatives of the people will be then it a position to say whether the reasons given by England for the ratification of that portion of the Treaty by us, are such as the true interests of Canada call for. You see, gentlemen, that I was right when I told you, at the beginning, that the Government of Canada and Sir John A. Macdonald as its leader, have been true to the interests of the Dominion—true to the interests confided to their charge. I thank you, gentlemen, once more, for the very great attention with which you have listened to my remarks and before closing propose three cheers for the Queen.

DOMINION NOTES.

In the Stormont Controverted Election case, the trial of which opened at Cornwall, on Monday, about six hundred witnesses have been subpœned.

On Thursday next the Committee of the Board of Agriculture and Arts will visit Kingston to make arrangements for the preparation of the Crystal Palace and grounds, for the holding of the Provincial Exhibition in September next.

A housewife, in filling up her schedule of the census paper, described herself as "the head of the family," while in respect to the trade of her husband, she wrote, 'He turns my mangle.'

Every inhabitable house in Pembroke is filled, and more new buildings are going up.

The woods in New Brunswick are on fire in many places. At night the heavens are aglow.

A small schooner, manned with 40 men—the crews of the Nimrod and Hector—which left St. John's on the 21st ult., is supposed to have been lost at sea, as she has not been heard of since the 23rd ult. The victims were nearly all married men belonging to the village of Old Pelican.

The Northern Railway is carrying timber at a return of about $600 per day. The Collingwood *Enterprise* understands that timber is conveyed from that place to Toronto at the rate of $43 a thousand, including extras. Before the season closes it is estimated that a million feet of timber will have found its way, via "Northern," from Collingwood to Toronto.

The flying squadron will leave Halifax on the 23rd inst. At present that city is crowded with four thousand man-o'-war sailors on leave.

The last pile for the foundation of the railway bridge at Mount Forest has been driven, and the construction of the bridge itself was commenced on Tuesday.

We regret to hear that the Hon. John Carling is unwell.

A young man in Glengarry who went to spend an evening with his sweetheart last week was set upon, and brutally beaten by his two brothers.

The trains on the Grand Trunk make good connections under the new time table. A vast amount of traffic is passing over the road.

The Brantford Engine Works have just completed two saw-mills and engines destined for Manitoba. They will be shipped this week.

Belleville is going ahade. Probably not less than one hundred buildings—nine tenths of them substantial dwellings and stores—will be erected in town this summer. The brick makers and lime burners have difficulty in meeting the demand.

The Grand Orange Lodge of the Dominion of Canada will meet in Hamilton on Tuesday, June 28th.

The Hon. John Young has quite recovered his recent indisposition, and is attending to his public duties.

Mr. Chickley, of Sarnia, has received the appointment of head master of Hellmuth College, London, in room of Rev. A. Sweatmen who retires. The new master enters upon his duties on the 1st September.

Mr. George Robson, of Durham, while fishing a few days ago, caught the largest brook trout ever taken in that vicinity. It measured 18 inches in length, 11½ inches round, and weighed four pounds and fourteen ounces.

The Listowell *Banner* says:—Two families, comprising twelve individuals, left here last Monday with the intention of driving all the way to the Red River Territory in their wagons.

The Oakville *Argus* says:—"In the dusk of last Sunday evening a veiled lady dressed in black threw a parcel in the hall of Rev. Mr. Fawcet's residence. She was seen leaving the premises, but was unrecognized. The parcel was found to contain the handsome sum of $264, and a note stating that the donor, having heard that the Red River Mission was sadly in want of funds, gave the enclosed for that object and wished it acknowledged through the *Guardian*. The note was signed 'One for whom the Lord has done great things.' No one has the slightest idea who the lady can have been.

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

THE MISSISQUOI ELECTION.

Special to the TIMES.

BEDFORD, Monday Evening.

The result of the nomination at Bedford to-day, was—Dr. Brigham, Ministerialit; George Clayes, Liberal; Mr. Thibeault, Conservative. Indications are, that the contest will be between Dr. Brigham and Mr. Thibeault.

MONTREAL

MONTREAL, June 11.

Hon. Mr. Holton is to-day announced the opponent of Mr. Carter for the Centre Division. The gentleman accepted with reluctance on Saturday evening at the solicitation of sundry rate-payers. The Nomination takes place on Wednesday.

The *Witness* publishes a letter asserting that he urges the grant so vigorously only to secure his election.

Advices from Knowlton this afternoon states W. Lynch, advocate, has been elected for Brome by acclamation. He supports the Cheuveau Government.

The first steamer for the Saguenay river, the *Maguet*, leaves Montreal on the 19th inst.

The telegram of one of Sunday's burglaries should have read "David Mackay, merchant, Union Avenue," not "Hon. Justice Mackay, Sherbrooke street."

No capture of importance with regard to the burglary has yet been made.

Mr. Gault is still speechless.

The Ladies' Educational Association is making rapid progress in the city, as evidenced by the meeting on Saturday. It has for its object the higher education of women. Professor Dawson, of McGill University, presided, and all Protestant denominations were represented. A college is expected to be commenced shortly as the result of the meeting.

Weather—cool and clear.

Commerce firm.

Midnight Despatches.

PARIS, June 12.—The resignation of Favre as Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Valentine as Prefect of the Seine are reported to have been tendered to Thiers.

Duke D'Aumale has declined the Banquet profferred by the partisans of the House of Orleans.

Marshal MacMahon has refused to become a candidate for the Assembly for one of the vacant districts of Paris.

The Long Champs races will soon be re-established.

LONDON, June 12.—A despatch from Rouen states that several disturbances occurred there, emanating from the spirit of hostility displayed by the inhabitants against the German troops occupying the city. The Germans, who have been making preparations for their homeward march, now manifest a disposition, in consequence of these disturbances, to maintain their occupancy of the city for an indefinite period.

NEW YORK, June 12.—A despatch from Versailles says the Bonapartist agents are actively at work electioneering for the return of Napoleon.

Many leading Imperialists have returned to this city, and it is believed that a plebescite to decide between Prince Imperial and Count de Chambord will shortly be proposed.

LONDON, June 12.—The steamer supposed to be the *Kron P. Prins*, from Aspinwall, is at Falmouth, damaged.

VERSAILLES, June 12.—The Duke of Aumale leaves to day for England.

The court-martial for the trial of the Insurgents has not yet been constituted, but is announced to meet next week.

M. Ponqere Quertier, Minister of Finance, proposes to the Assembly the levying of additional taxes to the amount of four hundred and fifty millions of francs assessed as follows:—Sixty millions upon the registration of agreements, ninety millions upon liquors, etc., fifty millions upon sugar and coffee, two hundred millions upon textile fabrics and Colonial goods, and fifty millions upon various other articles.

LONDON, June 12.—Thomas Hughes, M. P. for Trone, in an address to the workingmen of London, delivered on Sunday evening, eulogized the liquor laws and other institutions of the United States, and praised the people and government of that country, and urged emigration to America upon all those vainly seeking working at home.

BUENOS AYRES, May 16, *via* LISBON, June 12.—The deaths from yellow fever are diminishing at the rate of 20 per day, and business is resuming its wonted course.

The manager of the San Paulo Railway is under trial for murder in connection with the recent accident on that road.

In the House of Commons to-night Mr. Gladstone in reply to a question said that the sixth article of the Treaty of Washington prohibits the use of neutral forts for the renewal or augmentation of arms and supplies to belligerents only when they are intended for use against other belligerents and not when exported in the ordinary course of commerce. This was, he said, the understanding on the part of President Grant and Minister Schenck. It was understood, however, that on the presentation of the rule for the acceptance by the other powers that the statement on this point should be clear. Gladstone stated he had received the assent of the United States Government to the proposal to submit these principles of the Treaty to the European powers for their acceptance. He believed that the prospective advantage to England would be immense. He concluded by praising the tone of the Americans throughout the negotiations.

In the House of Lords to-day Earl Russell, in moving an address to the Crown against the ratification of the Treaty of Washington unless the Arbitrators were bound only by International and British laws existing at the time of the American war, argued that otherwise, England might apply one rule and America another, and the arbitrators still another. The ratification of the Treaty might be demanded to secure peace, but it was he urged a dangerous precedent, and an unwise neglect of the duty of Great Britain to her American Colonies, whose fishery interests were sacrificed for the Treaty. The Treaty was one sided, even about fisheries. He asserted that Great Britain had observed all the obligations of the neutrality during the war, and quoted from the Blue Books to prove his assertion and scouted the idea of negligence on the part of the Government at that time. In conclusion he said the treaty sacrificed English prestige, it sacrificed all for peace.

Earl Granville said he accepted the discussion, but he did not accept Lord Russell's motion. He explained the circumstances attending the negotiation of the Treaty, and declared its terms honourable and advantageous for Canada, while he regretted the exclusion of the Canadian claims growing out of the Fenian invasions, he could not help seeing that the international gain was incalculable.

The Earl of Derby hoped Lord Russell would withdraw his motion for the rejection of the treaty, which America would now take as a direct insult. He did not begrudge the apology, but regretted the retrospective rule, because it put England on trial after her admission of regret for events under laws passed ten years after events occurred. Personally, he accepted the treaty as an accomplished fact, taking the evil with the good. He hoped no pressure would be applied to Canada to interfere with the exercise of her free will. He rejoiced with everybody that the irritating difference was ended.

Earl de Grey and Ripon defended the treaty and the conduct of the negotiations. He scouted the imputation of the lamb like meekness of the British Commissioners before the shearers. It was true that they wanted to conciliate the Americans, but nothing more. Several of the proposals made to the Americans had been persistently declined although they were not preposterous. The apology for the escape of the *Alabama* made the conclusion of a good treaty possible. The settlement of the neutrality question was a vast gain, as neutrality was to be England's future policy. The omission of any provision for commercial reciprocity was unimportant in view of the progress free trade was making in America. He defended the articles concerning the fisheries on the ground that Canada was really benefited by them.

The Earl of Kimberly said Canada expected favour for the treaty.

Lord Cairns deprecated the motion of Earl Russell. The treaty was as binding now as it it had been ratified, although it was badly drawn up, and obliged England to submit to principles hitherto unknown to the country.

The Lord Chancellor sustained the treaty.

The Marquis of Salisbury declared that the treaty sacrificed the right of neutrals to American susceptibilities.

The Duke of Argyle said England gained in the acknowledgment of certain great rules of international law without making any sacrifice.

Earl Russell then withdrew his motion and the debate was brought to a close.

Yesterday's Despatches.

LONDON, June 12.—The Tories are organizing for a vigourous opposition to the Treaty of Washington, and a spirited struggle is expected over that instrument in Parliament.

The Communists of Clerkenwell have resolved to hold a meeting on Monday night, in Hyde Park, to protest against their extradition by the British Government.

The harvest prospect of France and Prussia are discouraging. Much of the seed has perished. In the more eastern portions of Europe, however, the crops promise an abundant yield.

Late advices from Leperon say that the famine in one district of Persia has reached such a state that the starving people have killed and eaten fifty children.

PARIS, June 12.—Paris is already crowded with returning citizens and strangers.

The French Government has determined to indemnify the owners of houses destroyed during the recent fighting in Paris.

The damage to the manufactory of Gobelins proves to have been small, and work has already been resumed in that important branch of the industry of Paris.

LONDON, June 12.—A despatch from Bombay says that a vessel bound from Kurrache to Kotasir recently foundered near Luckport, and that eighty lives were lost.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 11.—The press of California almost without exception, denounce the coroner's jury in the case of the Chinaman who was murdered by boys on Fourth street. In face of positive testimony the jury returned a verdict of death from cause unknown.

WORCESTER, (Mass.), June 11.—A sweeping tornado passed through the towns of Paxton, Holden and West Boyleston this afternoon, demolishing every building in its track and tearing up trees by the roots. In Pixton it demolished the barn of L. N. Parkhurst, and blew one gable off his house. From there it went in a north easterly direction, and blew down the buildings of Bigelow, an old town farm. From there it went through the woods, sweeping all before it, striking the house and barn of Lewis Martin, in Holden, entirely destroying both.

NEW YORK, June 12.—The *World's* Washington despatch says a telegram was received here to-day from London, by the High Official, which states that the Anglo-American Treaty with Her Majesty's ratification will be sent into Parliament on Tuesday.

It is understood in London that Mr. Disraeli, after full conference with Sir Stafford Northcote, has determined, as leader of the Opposition to permit, the treaty to be received without attempting to press any criticisms upon it. The information is regarded here as entirely trustworthy, and as settling the question, if there ever was any question, as to the reception of the treaty of Great Britain.

ONE OF THE MOST NOTABLE PROPERTIES OF DR. WHEELER'S ELIXIR OF PHOSPHATES AND CALISAYA is its sustaining power during active mental and physical exertion. Business men, Editors, Clergymen, Lawyers, Physicians, and all classes engaged in any occupation requiring great application and consequent fatigue, will find this remedy invaluable, as it will enable them to accomplish their work with comparative ease. Any one trying a bottle will find this statement fully sustained. Phosphate of Lime is an active agent of nutrition, constituting more than fifty per cent. of the system; Phosphoric Acid, a powerful Nerve Tonic; Phosphate of Iron, a blood maker; and Calisaya, an agreeable supporting stimulant. The combination of these remedies forms a Nutritive Tonic or Chemical Food, and nourishes and vitalizes the constitution in the same manner as an article of diet. Sold by all druggists.

EVANS MERCER & CO.,
Wholesale Agent.

CURE YOUR HORSES.—It is to the interest of all who own horses to keep them in a healthy and sound condition; experience has proved that 'Darley's Condition Powder and Arabian Heave Remedy' is the most efficacious, it has been used by thousands who will cheerfully confirm this statement. For Heaves, Coughs, Colds, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses it has no equal, nor is it equalled as a condition medecine; it purifies the blood, corrects and improves the appetite and softens the skin; in fact, so great is the improvement in the condition and appearance of the animal as to have led many to doubt if it could be the same horse. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medecine dealers.

☞Did you ever think that what is termed a common cold, when systematically neglected, often leads to that most fatal and distressing disease—consumption—but when attended to at once is generally easy of cure. If you are troubled with a cold or cough, "Bryan's and Pulmonic Wafers" will be found to be most efficacious in removeing it. They give immediate relief, and generally effect a cure when used in time. Sold by all Druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box.

A QUESTION.—Why will people keep five or six ill-looking sickly horses to do the work that one good horse might preform? If the horse has the heaves, his broken winded, has a cough or could, or his wind in any way effected; if his appetite is bad, or his digestive organs deranged, as a rough skin or is hide bound, we could in all cases recommende the use of Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy it never fails to benefit and almost always removes the disease; it is free from any thing that can injure, and may be used at all times with safety. Try it and you will be satisfied. Remember the name, and

DISCOURSE OF DR. J. C. TACHE

delivered at a meeting held in the Cathedral in commemoration of the 25th anniversary of the Pontificate of Pope Pius the Ninth:—

MY LORD, GENTLEMEN,—

The proposition I am charged with to submit for your adhesion, while it is an expression of homage, and a tribute of grateful affection for the person of the Chief of the Church, is still more a solemn Act of Faith; for, in adopting it, we again affirm that in our souls, before God and before mankind, we believe that "Mary was conceived without sin"; that "the Pope, the universal teacher, is infallible." These truths, of which the Christian Faith has always been the depository, and which have always been professed were cherished by those who have gone before us as they are by ourselves; nevertheless, it is particularly incumbent on us to make a striking profession of them, as the illustrious Pontiff who now guides the barque of St. Peter, has made it for us a sacred duty through the definitions of these two dogmas which he has promulgated. During the extraordinary course of the long Pontificate of Pius IX., with serious reasons that Pontiff multiplied these grand measures, such as are to be noted only at rare and distinguished periods in the history of Christianity, and which at none have been found to follow as acts of one Pope. God must remain clothed with His own glory; and His Church, whose duty it is to do Him honor on earth, cannot permit mankind to sink in indifference regarding the eternal truths of religion. The Apostles, and Peter specially, are missioned to teach all nations, and their duty is to proclaim the Word even from the house tops, little mattering how they may be met:—triumphant, or persecuted—bedewing the seed with her sweat, and her blood, or addressing the Word to ears attentive, and docile hearts; it is the property of the Church ever to pronounce herself a visible, and superiminent society—the depositary of Truth which is the salvation of peoples as well as of individuals. Our century seems to have assumed the task of casting aside the supernatural order of things to give itself entirely to the material; it dives into, and heaps up the earth to belt it with canals, and roads over which steam drags it with its merchandize—it seeks the depths of seas, and of the ocean—there to place lines of communication. Alas! more docile couriers of falsehood than truth; it was on the eve of forgetting God himself, drawn away from the grand thoughts of divine order on one side by the turmoil of affairs, and the hot desire for lucre,—on the other by the stir of vain spectacles, and the swaying impulse for idle pleasures. But God has not ceased to govern the Universe, and while the Church, speaking through her Head recalls the world to the remembrance of great truths, stigmatizes errors, and provarications, destruction strides among the nations. The dream of peace, and rejoicing has been frightened away by the outbreaking every where of formidable wars. This spirit of invention, good in itself, but which was made to curb the complaisance of men towards the earth, and to cause them to forget their eternal destinies—this spirit of invention devoting itself to the formation of engines which scatter and multiply death among the peoples who are morbidly occupied with the enjoyment of this present existence. One need not be a prophet to fortell that the term of punishment is not as yet complete, and that without a prompt return to God, and his justice, the world has not arrived at the end of its miseries. The Vicar of Jesus Christ on earth has thrown out amidst the nations these solemn warnings, and he has prepared, through the series of measures which we all know, the church of which he is the fundamental stone, to resist the storms which are being set loose. The world is sadly at fault in two things at the present day; in domestic society, innocence, humility and simplicity of manners; in civil society, respect and authority. Instead of which, it is, who will eclipse his fellow in an ostentation of bad taste, if it were not otherwise more guilty, who with great avidity will drink the cup of folly, and frivolities, who shall command, and who shall not obey! Now these two dogmas which Piux IX, our much beloved Pontiff has conceived it his duty to bring to the world's remembrance in his definition of them precisely answers to these two deficiencies. In the dogma of the immaculate conception of Mary, there is to be found the obligation of rendering homage to that which is purest, most modest, most humble and most gentle among the children of men, and recognising the all powerful action of the grace of God. In the dogma of the infallibility of the Sovereign Pontiff, there can be found the obligation of accepting and respecting authority in its highest as in its most complete expression on earth, of submitting all private will to the orders of God's interpreter commanding the world in certainty and without errors. What a theme for contemplation, gentlemen, is that of God's Church, aged in her eighteen hundred centuries; but still young in her immutability! Everything changes, or sinks around her. Ages build up empires, and send them crumbling to decay, still she stands, and so will remain to close the portals of Time, itself when everything destined to an end shall have passed away. Ah! gentlemen, let our troubles be without anxiety. True, we have cause for affliction at the evil which has been done, for the persecutions to which the Spouse of the Saviour must submit, and for the loss of many souls, but let this affliction be without fear. Simon was succeeded by Lin, and after 1,800 years Gregory was succeeded by Pius, so shall it be till the consummation of all time. Simon died, and Pius will die, but Peter dieth not—each Pope is but a continuation of the chief of the Apostles—in his miseries and his weaknesses as fragile man; but in his doctrinal infallibility commissioned of God. Yes the Pope, as head of the Church, is infallible! Millions and millions have believed, millions and millions believe, millions and millions shall believe it. Think you here I address you merely from a stand point of human reason.) Think you that such a creed were possible if it were not founded on some truth of an order quite supernatural. No, never? No son of woman apart from Jesus, has passed as God through the cycles, the peoples and the generations! No woman, apart from Mary has past for immaculate. No man has passed for infallible apart from the Pope! And, wherefore? because Jesus is truly God. Mary was truly conceived without sin, and because the Pope is positively infallible! Truth alone is one, invariable, of all time, of all places, of all the peoples, in a word, Catholic. A capital error, is only of a time, a place, a race. That which is essentially error must must transform itself unceasingly in order to adapt itself to the inconstancies and caprices of those whom it wishes to captivate. There is but one common bond among all the false religions, among all the false prophets, it is antagonism against the sole, and only true religion, the sole and only common pastor of the peoples. I defy the opposers of our holy dogmas to get out of such argument; and I will tell them: Suppose for a moment that the Emperor of all the Russias, Head of the Russian Church, and, moreover, commander of a million of bayonets, would declare himself infallible with, or without the assistance of His Council, would a single people, a single tribe even consent to believe him? Would the pains be taken of writing volume after volume to sustain or attack such a proposition by arguments and facts drawn from history more or less truthfully written? No truly; the Emperor of Russia could raise neither adhesion, nor anger, by so doing, he would simply be laughed at. From a human point of view, however, the Emperor of Russia is much better able to make himself heard, and obeyed, than the feeble old man of the Vatican. Wherefore, then the difference? Because, the Pope is infallible, and the Emperor of Russia is not. Therefore, gentlemen, with love and veneration, let us place at the feet of the venerable Pius IX, at this moment a prisoner in his own States, but free in himself, in the only true freedom, the liberty of the Saints of God, the expressions of the happiness which we have felt at all the grand actions which he has accomplished during the 25 years of his glorious Pontificate, and let us say to him, that whatever the Genius of evil may conspire to raise against him, he will always reign in our hearts, and will ever govern our Faith as infallible successor of Peter, Vicar of Jesus Christ.

PAIN KILLER. P. D.

Husband:—I shall know then better hereafter, Druggists and Storekeepers are doing not only themselves a great deal of harm, but their customers also by inducing them to buy an article unknown and without merit. Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER has been before the public for over thirty years, it is known in every quarter of the earth, and is sold by every Druggists and most storekeepers and grocers. As a Cholera specific and Diarrhoea medicine, its reputation has no parallel, I am surprized that we have lived so many years without it.

Wife:—Charles, the reason is you you have been taking whatever the storekeeper would recommend, we have always had a bottle o Pain Cure or Reliever or Pain Remedy or some such trash in the house we have tried them over and over again.

Husband:—And that is just the reason I objected to try the PAIN-KILLER for my Rheumatism, thought it was like those other things a humbug

(*To be continued.*)

Be sure and get the genuine PAIN-KILLER, only 25 cts. per bottle. Beware of counterfeits.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
A Very Superior
FAMILY CARRIAGE,
(QUITE NEW),
Made By DUHAMEL,
OTTAWA.

This vehicle is beautifully finished, and took the first Prize at the Ottawa, Agricultural and Horticultural Society's Exhibitions of 1870, and will be sold by Public Auction at the Russell House Corner, on THURSDAY, JUNE 15, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon. Time will be given by giving satisfactory endorsed paper.

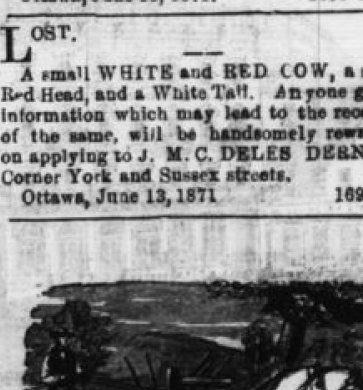
A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1685td

WANTED.

By Sir JOHN MACDONALD, a HOUSE to Rent. Possession required at latest, by FIRST OCTOBER. Apply to
CHAS. DRINKWATER.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871. 1690 2

LOST.

A small WHITE and RED COW, a small Red Head, and a White Tail. Anyone giving information which may lead to the recovery of the same, will be handsomely rewarded, on applying to J. M. C. DELES DERNIER, Corner York and Sussex streets.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,
—AND—
AGRICULTURAL WORKS.
ESTABLISHED, 1839.
Smith's Falls, Ontario.
FROST & WOOD,
Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our
CELEBRATED
BUCKEYE MOWER
—AND—
SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871.

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain*.

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.
June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Du Moine Slide, will be received at this office until FRIDAY the 30th inst., at [illegible], for the construction of a Slide at High Falls on the Du Moine River.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of the Ottawa River Works, where printed forms of Tender and other information can be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 10th June, 1871. 1690 3

G. LORENZ,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS

FRUIT,

VEGETABLES,

SODA WATER,

GINGER ALE,

&c., &c., &c.

Has now on hand a First-Class Assortment of

BANANAS,

PINE APPLES,

LEMONS,

COCOANUTS,

&c., &c., &c.

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

58 SPARKS STREET,

[illegible] BRITISH LION HOTEL.

G. LORENZ.

Ottawa, June 1, 1871.

LOCAL NEWS.

Great Bargains in Lace Shawls. Prices reduced one third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks St.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

The late rain has done great good to crops, and farmers feel considerably relieved in consequence.

The steamer *Louise* has something wrong with her boiler, and is undergoing repairs at the Canal Basin. She has not answered expectations.

The attendance on the market yesterday was not large. Though farmers have leisure time now to come to market it would appear that there is but little surplus produce in the country to sell.

ARBITRATION—CITY VS. PERKINS.—The arbitrators in the dispute between the city and Mr. Perkins rendered their award yesterday, and it is said to be favorable to the city.

POLICE COURT—Monday.—J. Major, charged with leaving employ contrary to terms of engagement was fined $2 and costs.

Mary Anne Complon was charged with selling liquor without license.—Case adjourned for one week.

Thomas Kerwin, charged with having foul premises, paid costs.

A large lot of New Carpets just received, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks Street.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

SPORTING.—We understand it is the intention of the Ottawa Cricket Club to challenge the Montreal Cricket Club to a friendly match on Dominion Day to come off in this city. Our Ottawa club has been practising for some time, and, no doubt, has attained a degree of proficiency which will render it difficult to beat.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—M K Dickinson, Manotick; W C Edwards, Rockland; Leecham White, London; Alfred Selwyn, Montreal; Wm Blanchard, New York; R McLennan, C C Railway; S W Baker, West Troy, N Y; E S Baker, do; S C Welch, New York; F A Routh, Montreal, Dr Waddell, St John, N B; the Misses Waddell, do; N Popplain and wife, Baltimore; S B Hance, Kingston; W R Jackson, Perth; J W Baldwin, Montreal; D McMillan, Assimitquagam; Mr and Mrs W H Supple and wife, Pembroke; Mr F A Wise, Prescott; W R Gardiner and wife Montreal; Miss Gill, do; G B Burland, do; F W Warwick, St Andrew; Gewne Vienne, Montreal; Hon Jas D Green, Cambridge, Massachusetts.

EXCURSION TO OGDENSBURG.—The Joint Committee of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum and the St. Vincent de Paul Society, beg to inform their friends and the public generally, that they have completed their arrangements with the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railroad Company to hold their third Grand Monster Excursion to Ogdensburgh on the 4th of July next, (Independence Day), and they are determined that the usual satisfaction will be given to those who may avail themselves of the occasion of enjoying a pleasant trip for the moderate sum of one dollar, there and back.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

GENTLEMEN.—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

OTTAWA BASE BALL CLUB.—At a meeting of the above club held on the 12th instant the following gentlemen were elected office bearers:

R. Lang, President; Geo. Hutchison, Vice-President; Geo. E. Armstrong, Sec.-Treasurer.

Directors—T. Hodgson, H. Cluff, and R. W. Turner.

The club at present numbers thirty members, and as many other gentlemen intend to join it. Those who like to witness this manly game will have an opportunity of so doing on Thursday next as a game will be played on that day on Parliament square between the first nine of the club and the field. The club intends to compete for the prize at Prescott on Dominion Day.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

COURT HOUSE.—The Warden yesterday in his address to the County Council, stated that the work of erecting the Court House, was progressing rapidly, and that he had no doubt it would be completed within the time agreed to by contract. We may further state, that the work is done in excellent style, and certainly the contractor, Mr. John Webster, deserves credit for the energetic manner, in which he is pushing on the building towards completion. It is well known that labour has been scarce for some time, that high wages have to be paid to workmen, and that in consequence contractors have many difficulties to contend with; but notwithstanding these facts, Mr. Webster is pushing on with the erection of the Court House with praiseworthy despatch. And though he has until February to complete the building we may state as an instance of the satisfactory progress of the work that the western wing will be ready for roofing this week.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

The Council of the county of Carleton met yesterday afternoon in this city. There was not a sufficient number of members present to form a quorum until about 4 p.m., when Ira Morgan, Esq., took the chair, and after some general and introductory remarks, said he had much pleasure in stating that the work of erecting the Court House, Registry Office, and Gaol Hall was progressing rapidly and very satisfactorily, and that all other minor county undertakings were in a most favorable and creditable state of advancement. The work on the Court House more particularly was progressing in a highly satisfactory manner, and he had not the slightest doubt that it would be completed within the contract period. The amounts paid out up to the present in connection with those undertakings were as follows:

Court House	$22,786 46
Registry Office	1,358 10
Gaol Walls	2,816 09
Total	$26,960 65

With respect to the $20,000 worth of debentures which were issued on the credit of the county in February last, they had been most satisfactorily and advantageously disposed of. He, the Warden, had placed himself in communication with persons in Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, and Hamilton and, finally, he was happy to be able to inform the Council, received an offer of 1¼ per cent premium which he had accepted.

Then with respect to the heating of the Court House and Gaol, the Building Committee had instructed their architect, Mr. Surtees, to obtain the most reliable information as to the best, cheapest, and most suitable heating system. Mr. Surtees acting, in accordance with the instructions solicted tenders, the result being that the Hot Water system, was decided on as the most efficient as well as the cheapest and the contract for heating the Gaol and Court House, was awarded to Messrs. Blythe & Kerr for $4750, this being the lowest tender. He (the Warden) regretted to have to state that the roof of the gaol was proving very defective, and that in consequence the building generally was being considerably injured. In this matter the Building Committee had instructed their architect to examine the gaol roof and to report on the state of the same, which report would be laid before them for action thereon.

Probably the most important matter which would engage their attention this session would be the providing of means to meet the liabilities of the county consequent upon the vast undertakings to which he had already referred. In conclusion the Warden alluded to the equalization of the assessment rolls, stating that the subject had repeatedly engaged their attention on former occasions, and hoping that the matter would be settled in a satisfactory manner.

Several communications were then read.

A communication was read from the Chief Superintendent of Schools with respect to the new school law, and recommending the appointment of a County School Inspector.

A communication from the Principal of the Deaf and Dumb Institution desiring to know the number of deaf and dumb in the county.

A communication from the Clerk of the County of Simcoe requesting the County Council of Carleton to sign a petition in favor of a more liberal system of conducting the Deaf and Dumb Institute.

Also, the report of the Prison Inspector and a report by Mr. Surtees with respect to the progress of the Court House and the state of the gaol which with other communications were referred to their respective Committees and the Council adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

RAILWAY MEETING.

A meeting composed of the following gentlemen, was held at 3 o'clock, yesterday afternoon, in the City Hall, to decide the location of the station of the Montreal and Ottawa Junction Railway in Ottawa. His Worship the Mayor, E. Legge, C E., Montreal, W. Walsburg, C. E., Toronto, E. McNab, Esq., Reeve of Lochiel, Mr. McGillivray, Aldermen Bangs, Featherston, Martineau, O'Connor, Cunningham, McDougall, Woodburn and Kehoe. His Worship occupied the chair.

Mr. McGillivrary in opening the proceedings stated that the object of the meeting was principally to decide as to the location of the Montreal and Ottawa Junction Railroad, and also that Messrs. Legge and Walsburg, who had just travelled over the route being present, any information with respect to it could be obtained from those gentlemen. They had gone over the ground from Coteau Landing to Ottawa. The road in coming into the city would cross the Rideau River, near the shooting range. It was the object of the Company to have the construction of the line proceeded with with all possible despatch, and Ottawa as ardently desired its construction, as it would be probably one of the most important railroads coming into Ottawa.

His Worship asked what the distance would be by the Montreal and Ottawa Junction R. R. from Montreal to Ottawa.

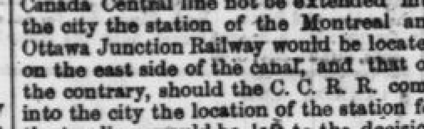
Mr. Legge—Taking curves into account, it would be about 110 miles, therefore bringing Montreal within about 5 hours' ride of Ottawa.

Some conversational discussion arose as to whether the terminus of the railway should be on the eastern or western side of the Rideau Canal, Ald. Bangs maintaining that it would be a matter of great convenience to have the station on the western side, near Cartier Square, and Mr. McGillivray expressing the opinion that it was of small account on which side the station might be located.

Ald. Featherston thought the Corporation should purchase the right of way through the city for the C. C. & M. & O. J. Railways. Ottawa had not contributed very largely to railway enterprise, and it would be unreasonable of them to expect to reap the benefit and advantages of railways without aiding their construction. If the C. C. should be extended into the city, it was understood that the stations of that line, and of the M. & O. J. R. R., would be located on the West side of the Canal, and should the C. C. not come into the city the station for the latter road would be on the eastern side of the canal.

Mr. McNab explained that with respect to the location of the station in Ottawa the Company would be perfectly obedient to the wish of the Corporation.

It was finally decided that should the Canada Central line not be extended into the city the station of the Montreal and Ottawa Junction Railway would be located on the east side of the canal, and that on the contrary, should the C. C. R. R. come into the city the location of the station for the two lines would be left to the decision of proper engineers.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz.:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf

WANTED

For Ottawa City, an energetic, reliable AGENT, for a first-class British Life Assurance Company, to whom a liberal commission will be paid. Address, Drawer 319 P.O., Montreal.

Ottawa, June 12, 1871 1689 8

JOHN MACDONALD & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS AND GENERAL AGENTS, OTTAWA CITY.

Personal attention will be given to the Sale of Real Estate by Auction or Private Sale, and on very favorable terms. Auctions of Furniture and all out-Door Sales will receive careful attention.

Ottawa, June 12, 1871 1689 3

NEW CARPETS.

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Invite attention to the arrival of

NEW CARPETS

to assort their STOCK, reduced by HEAVY SALES in this department.

The above have been selected with due regard to prevailing styles, permanency of color, and are GOOD VALUE, at prices marked.

They have on hand a large assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

In a great variety of fabrics, MUSLINS AND PRINTS in LATEST STYLES, and cheap.

Great Bargains in

LACE SHAWLS,

From $1.50 to $40 Each,

Prices *Reduced One-Third*,

A special line of SILK JACKETS selling at *greatly Reduced Prices*.

A full assortment of MOURNING GOODS always in Stock.

N. B.—Fancy Linen and Cotton Shirtings on hand for the Summer Trade, SHIRTS made to MEASURE and GUARANTEED TO FIT. GENTLEMEN will find it to their COMFORT and ADVANTAGE to bear this in mind.

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN

(SUCCESSORS TO

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,

No. 20 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 12, 1871.

12th JULY, 1871.

ORANGE CELEBRATION.

An EXCURSION TRAIN will run from CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION, Ottawa, to Brockville, calling at all Way Stations on 12th prox., returning same day

Fare from Ottawa, 75cts.

Due notice of time of departure and arrival will be published.

H. ABBOTT

Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686tf

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1.30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 4.30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2.00 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5.40 p.m., and at Sand Point, 6 30 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a.m arriving at Brockville at 1.34 p.m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 2.50 p.m, and 6.20 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 3.50 p.m., 10.00 p.m., 6.15 p.m. 1.30 p.m.

Leave Sand Point

At 8.30 a.m., 11.30 a.m., 3.00 a.m., 2.00 p.m,

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a.m., after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT, Manager.

Brockville, June 6, 1871

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa.

R. LUTTRELL, Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa June 1st, 1871

DRY GOODS

—AT—

RETAIL.

SUMMER FASHIONS

SHOWING THIS DAY,

—AT—

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,

Beautiful Bonnets,
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets
Splendid Lace Shawls,

Also in immense Variety,

Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques,
Horrockses, Miller & Co., Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
King's best Window Hollands,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c.,

SPECIAL LINES.

Linen Percale's and Lawns, for Seaside Wear.
Walking Stick Parachutes " " "
Parag on Frame Parasols and Umbrellas,—
Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makes.
Coventry Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and M[illinery] Trimmings, in great variety.

EXTRAORDINARY.

43 Patterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods, are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

FRESH! FRESH! FRESH!

SALMON.

The first of the Season just received, at MOSES LAPOINTE'S, Fish Dealer, Lower Town Market.

N. B.—All kinds of Lake, River, and Sea Fish, always on hand

Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1688

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL.

The most beautiful site in the neighbourhood of the Capital, and the most pleasant and convenient place about Ottawa, for Pic Nics, &c.

A large covered Platform, raised eight feet from the ground, and capable of accommodating 4 000 persons, is admirably suited for Dancing, for Dramatic Soirees, and such like entertainments.

The Refreshments and Liquors to be had on the grounds are of the best quality.

Pleasure parties could not find a more comfortable and pleasant place to enjoy themselves.

At night the Gardens are well illuminated. Once properly known they will be regarded as indispensable during the summer season. There will be a Dancing School in the Gardens every THURSDAY night, except when occupied by a Pic-nic.

Hull, June 7, 1871 1685 2m

TO CONTRACTORS,

Tenders will be received until Noon of FRIDAY, the Sixteenth day of JUNE Instant, for the erection and completion of a BUILDING on the corner of Rideau and Sussex streets, according to plans and specifications, to be seen at the office of the Proprietor, D. O'CONNOR, Esq., in Aumond's Buildings. The lowest nor any tender not necessarily accepted.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871 1688a

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.

Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34. SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

In their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good election,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,

NEW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS

Departments

THE SALVAGE GOODS,

Amounting to Over $7,500,

SAVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared out at prices which will be sure to command a sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low price goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34 SPARKS STREET

Ottawa, March 30, 1871 1628y

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for Supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY,

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season			$5 00
20lbs	"	"	9 00
10lbs	"	month	1 50
20lbs	"	"	2 50

[Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

Terms strictly Cash in advance.

[All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER.

N. B.—Ice ship ... ton or cwt.

Ottawa, April ..., 1871

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—

The best old Brands, Pure and Mild,

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—

J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes' bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, Imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Side-Wheel Steamship 'Secret,' CAPT. DAVISON.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. McKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Picton with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P.E.I., and Picton, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

W. MOORE, Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE. Agents, No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can recover it by calling at ST. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.

ANN JANE HAMILTON.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871. 1633tf

FESTIVAL OF

ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST.

GRAND CONCERT

—AND—

DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE

—AT THE—

CANADIAN INSTITUTE,

ON MONDAY, 26th JUNE, 1871.

Admission	25cts.
Tickets for Reserved Seats	40cts.

To be had at the Institute, where a diagram of the Seats can be seen from and after this day (THURSDAY) until SUNDAY,

The Directors,

LE CHEVALIER SMITH, A. LAPERRIERE.

Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686d

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE.

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,
Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS, 122 RIDEAU STREET.

OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you. 1634 3m

CLOTHING HALL!

New Store.

J. M. GOULDEN

Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at

No. 100 Sussex Street,

NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,

A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.

Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.

Do not Forget the Place

No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street,

Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OF BROCKVILLE,

Who will continue the Business in the same premises, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY, 14 Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871.

In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871. 1681 2m

The Tea Pot,

RIDEAU STREET.

Try John Hill's Teas and Coffees.

Try JOHN HILL'S Teas and Coffees and you'll find
That they are of a most superior kind.
The various samples, when you fairly test,
You'll find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who each day procure
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

The following TEAS and COFFEES have been received within the last few days, and as they are FRESH and (NEW SEASON) can be recommended, the flavor being equal to any Teas ever imported into Canada:

FINEST JAPAN TEA (The very best that can be produced)
EXCELLENT KAISOW CONGOU TEA (Something extra)
CHOICE YOUNG HYSON TEA.
VERY SUPERIOR BLACK TEA (True Souchong) in Catties of 10 lbs each.
VERY FINEST GUNPOWDER TEA (Something extra).
EXTRA SCENTED ORANGE PEKOE.

PURE JAPAN TEA, 60 cts. per lb., or 5 lbs. of the same article for $2.75.

GOOD SOUND TWANKAY TEA, 5 lbs. for $2.00.

The Finest Flavored Coffee to be obtained in this country, consisting of Pure Mountain Berry, Mocha, Java, Old Government Java and Plantation.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,

"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIER

FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will so those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.

The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.

From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves.

Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:

Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, May 13, 1871 1666tf

WANTED

A Girl about 16 years of age, to serve on a small family. Apply, A.B., TIMES Office.

Ottawa, May 29, 1871 1678tf

$20 REWARD

Will be given, by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 78259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given, which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1675tf

FURNISHED APARTMENTS TO LET

Two or three gentlemen can obtain good Bed Rooms, and a well furnished Parlor, in a respectable private residence, close to the Parliamentary Buildings, with Breakfast if required. Terms moderate. Address, Office of this Paper.

Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685 3

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A First-Class TINSMITH, to take charge of the Shop. Salary, $40 per month, payable end of every month. Apply at once to C.P. DORION, 60 Sparks st.

Ottawa, June 1, 1871. 1681tf

THE OTTAWA TIMES.

Steamers.

ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels* .... Captain Findlay.
" *Emerald*........ " Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*... " Murphy.
" *Alliance*........ " Blondin.
" *Oregon*......... " Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*....... "
Jason Gould..... " Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*. " Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*....... " Duggan.
Pontiac......... " D. Mulligan
Keppawa........ " B J Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Captaine.

Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau, every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m Returning —Leaving Chapeau same day at 1 o'clock, p.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2 30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL

STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,

CAPT. BOWIE,

PRINCE OF WALES,

CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

TO

Horse Breeders.

AT the request of a number of gentlemen who have FINE MARES to Breed from,

Mr. Cotton

has placed

"YOUNG LAPIDIST"

AT THE

Veterinary

Stable of Mr. A. O. F. Coleman,

RIDEAU STREET,

To Serve a Limited Number of Mares (say 30) for the Season.

"LAPIDIST" is 8 years old this spring, and is considered by judges, to be the most valuable horse to breed from, in this section of the country.

His Pedigree can be seen at Mr. COLEMAN'S Office, or with his Groom, DAVID WHYTE.

Ottawa, May 10, 1871.

CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS ACT OF 1871.

ELECTION PETITION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

Take notice that the above Petition will be tried at the COURT HOUSE, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the Sixteenth day of JUNE, A.D. 1871, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, and on such other subsequent days as may be needful. The said City of Ottawa having been appointed by the Court of Queen's Bench, for the place of trial of the said Election Petition, by rule of the said Court.

Dated the 27th day of May, A.D. 1871.
By order,
ROBERT G. DALTON.
Clerk of the Crown of the Court of Queen's Benc

May 30, 1871 1679tf

MARE LOST.

Strayed from Pasture, Richmond Road, about six weeks ago, a Dark Brown MARE, good height, and long build. She was marked thus: Three white feet, the two hind and one fore, and a little white star on the forehead, with a few small spots above her nose, white. She is knee sprung slightly, and the hoof on the left foot split a little; she is also wicked.

Any person giving such information (as will lead to the recovery of the Mare) to SAMUEL HUDSON, Chaudiere Depot, or at BOOTH'S Store, Chaudiere, will be rewarded.

Chaudiere, June 7, 1871 1685a

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

☞ A few good Fowls for sale.

J. HERBERT,
N on-st., West
near Richmond Road, Ottawa.

April 26, 1871.

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, *Agent*,
TIMES Office Ottawa.

ENGLISH GOODS!!!

RECEIVED AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex street

PRIZE WATER FILTERS, from $2.25 upwards, of Earthenware and White China. (They purify the most impure water.—*Medical Gazette.*)

ENGLISH BEDSTEADS, all wrought Iron,
Do CHILDRENS COTS, do do
Very fine patterns, quite new and cheap.

For Hospitals and Sick Rooms!

ENGLISH ENAMELLED CHAMBERS.
Do., do., BED PANS.
ENGLISH GARDEN CHAIRS,
Do., do., SETTEES, (to arrive.)
Do, CROQUET LAWN BORDERING.
REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, and BATHS, STOVES new and improved patterns.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, May 20, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,

OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d, 4s. 6d., 11s. and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and
Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy!
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy Ports,
Domecqs and GreekSherry,
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.
Bass', Guinness's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.

Liberal terms.
☞ Inspection invited.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

1871. ICE! **1871.**

ICE! *ICE!*

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street;

Ottawa, May 1649d

JUST RECEIVED.

—AT—

HAUSER'S

RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,

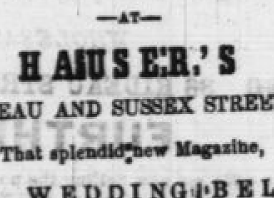
That splendid new Magazine,

THE WEDDING BELLS.

—ALSO—

BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL
FOR MARCH AND APRIL.

Ottawa, April 19. 1871



DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE.

NOTICE TO FORWARDERS AND OTHERS.

LET PASSES, through to Lake Champlain, will be issued to Vessels, Barges, &c., by the Collector of Canal Tolls, Ottawa, on payment of Tolls.

LET PASSES will also be issued by the Collector of Canal Tolls, at Montreal, and at St. Johns, through to Ottawa, or to Ottawa Basin, on payment of Tolls.

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871. 1680a

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canded Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,

Corner Sussex and York-sts.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer

No. 67 Sussex-st.

OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m

LISGAR.

[L.S.]

CANADA.

Victoria by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same in anywise concern.—Greeting:

A PROCLAMATION.

A. CAMPBELL, for the Attorney General, Canada. } Whereas in and by an Act passed by the Parliament of Canada, in the Thirty-second and Thirty-Third years of Our Reign, being Chapter Twenty-four, and intituled: "An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," it is amongst other things in effect enacted that our Governor in Council may, as often as occasion requires, declare by Proclamation that upon and after a day therein named the said Act shall be in force in any place or places in Canada therein designated within the limits or in the vicinity whereof any Railway, Canal or other Public Work is in progress of construction, or such places as are in the vicinity of any such Canal, or Railway, or other work as aforesaid, within which he deems it necessary that the said Act should be in force; and the said Act shall upon and after the day to be named in any such Proclamation, take effect within the places designated in such Proclamation; and further, that Our Governor in Council may, in like manner from time to time declare the said Act to be no longer in force in any of such place or places; and may again from time to time declare the same to be in force therein.

And whereas, it is expedient that the hereinbefore in part recited Act should be in force, in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described

Now therefore know ye, that we, by and with the advice and consent of our Privy Council for Canada, do hereby declare that upon and after the First day of June next hereafter, "An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," hereinbefore in part recited, shall be in force in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described, that is to say: Commencing at the point where the route now being opened to the Red River crosses the height of land which separates the waters tributary to Lake Winnepeg, from these flowing into Lake Superior, and running from thence westwardly along the said route to the Eastern boundary line of the Province of Manitoba, to extend to a depth of ten miles on either side of the said route from the height of land to the United States' Boundary Line at Nequaquon Lake, and from thence westward to the Lake of the Woods, to embrace a depth of ten miles on the British side of the Boundary line aforesaid, to cover the whole area of the Lake of the Woods and the Islands therein in so far as they are within British Territory and a depth of ten miles around such portion of its shores as may be within British Territory, and from the North West angle of the Lake of the Woods, to extend ten miles on either side of the line of route until it meets the said eastern boundary line of the said Province of Manitoba.

Of all of which our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

In testimony whereof, we have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved, the Right Honorable John Baron Lisgar, of Lisgar and Bailieborough, in the County of Cavan, Ireland, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and a Baronet, one of our most Honourable Privy Council, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada, and Governor and Commander in Chief of the Island of Prince Edward. At our Government House, in Our CITY OF OTTAWA, this Fifth day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and in the Thirty-fourth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

J C AIKINS,
Secretary of State.

Ottawa, May 12, 1871 1671 3

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
—	12.45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00		[illegible]
—	12.45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00		4.20
—	—	9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00		6.00
—	—	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00		6.60
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00		4.20
10.15	12.45	4.	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00		4.20
—	10.15	—	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00		4.20
10.15	—	—	Osgoode, Russell, &c.			4.20
9.20	2.00	1.10	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00		3.00
9.20	—	—	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	—		3 00
10.30	—	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	7.00
7 00	—	—	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.			
6.15	—	—	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.			7 00
10.00	—	—	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00		
6.00	—	—	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and Intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	—		6.00
11.50	—	—	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30		

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 7, 1871

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa
The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz.: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P,
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P,
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Now last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Business.

Claims Paid for Assurances....£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid. 2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of.... 6,570,000.00
Annual Income............ 1,255,800.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions* of *Policies.*

The *Non-Forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

☞ Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW,
Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal

J.& W. T. Pennock,
Agents, Ottawa.
March 13, 1871 168a

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND LIFE

Continues to take risks on every description of property—including Wooden House—at similar rates with other first-class Companies.

LIFE

An inspection of its late Tables is invited.

T M CLARK,
Agent,
Elgin-st., near Sparks.

Ottawa, April 12, 1871 1638 1

THE METROPOLITAN

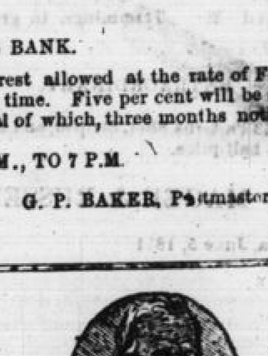
Building and Savings Society

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa 19th December, 1870. 1540tf671



○ Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the pills and Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869:

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden County of Hastings, Province of Ontario. D Canada.

THE

EAGLE STEAM BAKERY,

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your orders are solicited
AND WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO BY

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,
Nos. 36 and 38, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. H. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelised Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT, AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A

TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month,

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1394

Medical.

MESS^{RS} GABRIEL'S
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE ARE SOLD
BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESS^{RS} GABRIEL.
DENTISTS
LUDGATE-HILL, LONDON, E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S } "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S } CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S } ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S } WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S } OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S } ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

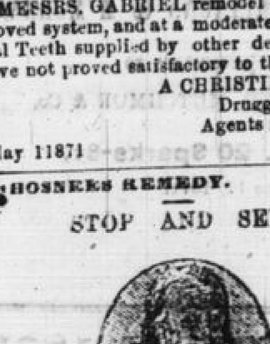
MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,

May 11871

SHOSONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as: that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Willows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public —It never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Drggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommenced may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H. F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 3rd June, 1871.

Authorised discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa, June 3, 1871

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.
Offices over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W MCKAY WRIGHT. 1a F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 4eutf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street,

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into is practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if he were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort;
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—R ASims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,
November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accounts accurately prepared, Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1595 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Montreal, proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.

Montreal, March 871 2 3m

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

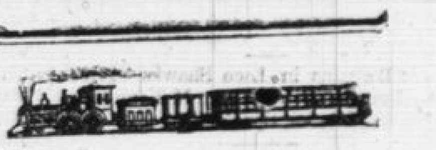
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1.30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 4.30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2.00 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5.40 p. m., and at Sand Point, 6 30 p m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a m arriving at Brockville at 1.34 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 2.50 p m, and 6 20 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 3. 50 p m., 10.00 p.m, 6·15 p.m. 1.30 p.m.

Leave Sand Point

At 8.30 a.m., 11.30 a.m., 3.00 a m., 2.00 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

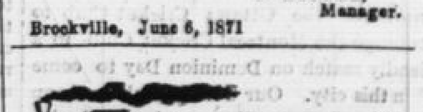
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a.m., after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, June 6, 1871



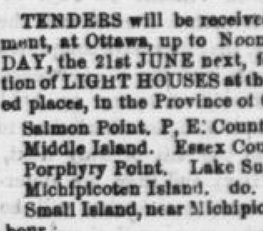
GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal:

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657M



LIGHT HOUSE SERVICE.

TENDERS will be received at this Department, at Ottawa, up to Noon of WEDNESDAY, the 21st JUNE next, for the construction of LIGHT HOUSES at the undermentioned places, in the Province of Ontario.

Salmon Point, P, E. County, Lake Ontario.
Middle Island. Essex County, Lake Erie.
Porphyry Point. Lake Superior.
Michipicoten Island. do.
Small Island, near Michipicoten Island Harbour.

Plans and specifications of all the required Works may be seen on and after the 1st June next, at the Department at Ottawa, and at the Office of S RISLEY, Esq, Inspector of Steamboats, Toronto, at which places also Forms of Tender can be procured by intending Contractors.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 20th May, 1871. 1681 3

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST, OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON have ing purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables, and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks

Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Ballie, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET.

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel. Strict attention to business. Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.

J. A. GEMMILL,
Solicitor &c.
Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.
Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1871

THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the office, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa
JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

VOL.

For Sale

TO (2) moder street. Posse-sion given 2 Enquire at 60 Spar

HO Baldw comfo Wood, now finishing. month. Apply to T. M

Ottawa, May 4, 1871

TO LET.

A portion of the RO by the Young Men's corner of Sparks and E Block.) Apply for terms, &c.

Ottawa, April 7, 187

TO LET OR SE

ONE FIRST CLA Daly street. Possession, For particulars, app

Ottawa, Feb, 16, 1871

TO LET,

A COUNTRY RESID teen apartments with ed, or more if required, City, on the Montreal M Also the shop at present McKAY, Rideau street. For particulars appl WI

Ottawa, Feb, 16,

WA A Co HOUSE, on the west Richmond Road prefe ceed $300 per annum, dress D., post paid, quired by 1st June. Ottawa, May 30, 1871

IMPORTANT NOT

PROF. H

NEWLY-D

VERMIN D

Which is k Far Superior to any cove

For killing Rats, Mice Ants, Bugs Cockroa he on Dogs, Blight and in in Fur, Tick or Scab o on Cattle, &c., &c., in l Sold in Packets—25 Packets for One Dollar, The Powder is warra smell, and will keep in be spread anywhere wi harmless to Cats or D eat it.

Directions for us

MANUFACTORY—Grav City of London, Engla The above discovery fessor Harman a Silve Inter-Colonial Exhibit tralia, of 1866 besides n *Agents for Ottawa*—Jos Wellington-st.; John st,; Slocombe & Steve Loaf, corner of Cumb Edinburgh J. W. Proct Mr. N. E. Cormier; the the Canadian Province No. 1 Western Buildin May 22, 1871

OTTAWA BRASS

THEODORE

BRASSFOUNDER, FITTE

RIDEAU-ST.,

Manufacturer a

STEAM, WATER an TINGS, BEER and and GARDEN

Plumbers, Gasfitters Locksmith's Furnishin Pipes and Fittings, Br in Tubes, Sheets, Wire a Strap Tie, Solder, Gal Bolts, Crucibles, STOVE Pipe Varnish, Sad Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized T

☞ The Trade suppl Mr. F. calls particular WELL PUMPS (new co ed not to freeze or to go lift Water any height. Ottawa, May 5, 1871

WILD LANDS

FOR S

On advantageous

CANADA IRON

MANUFACTURIN

In Templeton
In Eardley
In Hull,

Total,
Apply to
P. S. BO
10 G
Or
H. J. COL
Iron

Ottawa, May 11, 1871,

ENGLISH OAK TA

LEATHER BELTIN

FINE ENGLIS

LACE LEA

Warranted Superior to a vince.

Price Lists, with refere to
JOHN
24

P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 187

MARE LOST.

Strayed from Pastur about six weeks ago, a good height, and long b ed thus: Three white f one fore, and a little w head, with a few small white. She is knee spru hoof on the left foot also wicked.

Any person giving will lead to the r cov SAMUEL HUDSON, Ch BOOTH'S Store, Chaudi Chaudiere, June 7, 187

READING, ELOCU

WRITING, COM

MRS. ROBERT ST to give Lessons in these vately or in Classes, on Apply to MRS.

N.B.—Manuscript co Ottawa, May 18, 1871

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1691. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 14, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.

Possession given 20th May.

Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere, near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to

T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET.

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)

Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.

Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY

For particulars, apply to
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 36 Rideau street.

Ottawa, Feb. 16, 1871

TO LET.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land; or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road. Also the Shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.

For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,

Ottawa, Feb. 16. 592tf

WANTED TO RENT.

A Comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, on the west end. Neighborhood of Richmond Road preferred. Rent not to exceed $300 per annum, including taxes. Address D., post paid, Ottawa. Possession required by 1st June.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1879 3

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S
NEWLY-DISCOVERED
VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal.

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 3m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE.

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

In Templeton	100 acres.	
In Eardley	9,500	"
In Hull,	1,500	"
Total,	11,100	

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon

Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

MARE LOST.

Strayed from Pasture, Richmond Road, about six weeks ago, a Dark Brown MARE, good height, and long build. She was marked thus: Three white feet, the two hind and one fore, and a little white star on the forehead, with a few small spots above her nose, white. She is knee sprung slightly, and the hoof on the left foot split a little; she is also wicked.

Any person giving such information (as will lead to the recovery of the Mare) to SAMUEL HUDSON, Chaudiere Depot, or at BOOTH'S Store, Chaudiere, will be rewarded.

Chaudiere, June 7, 1871 1685a

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa.

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,

The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises

STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.

And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.

Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.
1665 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street,

Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OF BROCKVILLE,

Who will continue the Business in the same premises and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871.

☞ In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.

T. R. SHEFFIELD.

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871. 1681 2m.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will suit those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.

The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.

From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves

Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:

Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

CLOTHING HALL!

New Store.

J. M. GOULDEN

Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at

No. 100 Sussex Street,

NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,

A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.

Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.

☞ Do not Forget the Place ☜

No. 100 SUSSEX STREET,

OTTAWA, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,

Next Door to F. McDougall & Co.

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colour Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,

To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.

☞ *There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.* ☜

The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

—TO—

N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, April 28, 1871 1652 3m

ALBION HOTEL,

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1685 3m

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

Dufresne & McGarity,

—SUCCESSORS—

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.

Sussex Street, OTTAWA.

221 Notre Dame St. MONTREAL.

The Undersigned have much pleasure in stating to their Customers and the Trade in general, that they have disposed of the RETAIL BUSINESS *which they heretofore carried on in connection with their Wholesale Trade; and it is now their intention to devote themselves exclusively to the*

Wholesale Grocery, Wine and Provision Business.

To enable them to do so efficiently, they have secured the premises next door to their present stand, (formerly occupied by Messrs. Fingland & Draper, as a Dry Goods Store,) and connected the two buildings by an arch,—now making ONE OF THE FINEST WHOLESALE HOUSES IN THE PROVINCE.

They have secured Agencies for several of the first WINE HOUSES *in Europe; and are also Agents for* MESSRS. GOODERHAM & WORTS, *Distillers of Toronto,—and they can safely say that Messrs. G. & W. make the finest Spirits in the Dominion.*

The trade supplied with all of the undermentioned ALES, either in Wood or Bottle, at Brewers prices.

Dow & Co's, Montreal, Pale and Mild Ales and Porter,
Cosgrove's, Toronto, " " "
Labatt's, Prescott, " " "
Dawes', Lachine, " " "

GUINNESS STOUT and ENGLISH ALES always on hand and in fine condition.

There is now on the way out from China and Japan, **2,000 Chests of Fresh Teas,** *which, with all other Goods, will be sold at* MONTREAL PRICES.

Goods will be delivered at Steamboat and Railway Stations free of charge. All empty packages charged in accounts will be taken back and allowed for, and those prefering to have their Goods shipped from the Montreal House, can have that privilege by leaving their orders at the office here.

The OTTAWA ESTABLISHMENT will be under the special management of MR. McGARITY, *who will give his exclusive attention to the wants of his customers.*

Thanking you for the liberal patronage with which we have been so kindly favored, and soliciting an early call.

We remain, yours truly,

Dufresne & McGarity,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
"The Tea Pot,"
SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, April 19, 1871 1645 2m

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their, sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

McGill University, Montreal,

SESSION 1871-72.

THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—

FACULTY OF ARTS......September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE.....October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW.......October 3rd.

The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.

The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.

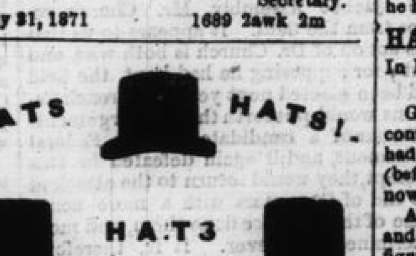
In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered

First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Second Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.

The Calendar containing details of all the above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES,
Secretary.

May 31, 1871 1689 2awk 2m



SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞ Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street

☞ OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

DOMINION HOUSE,

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley.

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 18, 1871. 1665 6m

DIRECT FROM ENGLAND!

Just opened out a beautiful assortment of CARVED WOOD

BREAD PLATTERS!
BUTTER do., with glass dish!
SALT CELLARS, do do!
EGG TRAYS, do cups
FRUIT STANDS, do dishes
BREAD KNIVES
BREAKFAST TRAYS!

The above are low in price, and elegant and useful adornments for the Tables, also

FISHING RODS,
TROLLING SPOONS,
FLIES, GIMP,
HOOKS,
BOOKS, &c, &c, &c.

We have just been appointed Agents for the ATLANTIC and PACIFIC SHIP PUMPS,

BROKENSHIRES PATENT.

These Pumps are now almost exclusively used on the Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence, and are adapted for Lumber Barges or the Ocean Steamship. Orders received.

New Stock Cooking Stoves, latest improvement, just arrived, at

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA.

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, April 29, 1871

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

G. A. SHELDON,

HATTER AND FURRIER,

Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive

HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT

In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.

G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.

A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1665 3m

NOTICE.

CUSTOM'S DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 19th May, 1871.

Referring to the notice of 5th inst., of articles transferred by Order in Council, to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, it is decided that the term "Annatto" therein mentioned means "Annatto" in either a liquid or a solid condition.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa, May 27, 1871 1678 3

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received until Noon of FRIDAY, the Sixteenth day of JUNE Instant, for the erection and completion of a BUILDING on the corner of Rideau and Sussex streets, according to plans and specifications, to be seen at the office of the Proprietor, D. O'CONNOR, Esq., in Aumond's Buildings. The lowest nor any tender not necessarily accepted.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871 1688

JOHN MACDONALD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND GENERAL AGENTS,
OTTAWA CITY.

Personal attention will be given to the Sale of Real Estate by Auction or Private Sale, and on very favorable terms. Auctions of Furniture and all out-Door Sales will receive careful attention.

Ottawa, June 12, 1871 1689 3

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion.

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz.: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim.

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in it, large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now. I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly, our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH.

Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tt

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the Principal Money and Interest secured by a certain Mortgage, and bearing date the Eighteenth Day of AUGUST, A.D. 1869, and made between JOHN HARKNESS, of the Township of Gloucester, yeoman, of the first part, ANN JANE HARKNESS, his wife of the second part, and ROBERT MOSGROVE, of the City of Ottawa, Esquire, of the third part of all and, and singular that certain parcel or tract of lands and premises situate, lying and being in the township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of a part of West half of the rear or southerly part of lot number twenty-six, in the first concession, Ottawa front, of the said township of Gloucester, and may be described as sub lots fourteen and fifteen of the sub-division of the said part of said lot, number twenty-six, as shewn and laid down on a place drawn by H. O. WOOD P.L.S., of said part of said lot, number twenty-six, and bearing date the Sixth Day of JULY, A.D., 1869, and Registered in the Registry Office for the County of Carleton, on THURSDAY, the 29th day of July, A.D. 1869, said sub lots containing by admeasurement six acres be the same more or less.

The said lands and premises will in pursuance of a power of sale contained as said Mortgage, be offered for sale at PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Law Office of Messrs. MOSGROVE & TAILLON, in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the Nineteenth Day of JUNE next, (A.D. 1871), at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon.

Terms and conditions to be made known at the time of Sale.

Vendor will covenant against his own acts only. All conveyances, searches, abstracts, &c. to be had at the purchasers expense.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Vendor's Solicitors.

Ottawa, May 15, 1871. 1666d3wtd

TABLE Shewing Number of Fires, Description of Buildings Destroyed, Cost of Water, &c.

Date. 1870.	Name of Owners.	Street.	Ward.	Stone.	Brick.	Wood.	Houses.	Outhouses.	Wholly destroyed.	Partially destroy'd.	Total.	Value of Buildings. $ cts.	Cost of Water. $ cts.	Cause of fires.
January 9th	County of Carleton Court House	Daly	St. George.	1			1		1		1	14,000 00	17 00	Stove.
February 5th	Wm. Clegg	Bay	Wellington			2		2	1	1	1	100 00	22 00	Ashes.
" 19th.	M. O'Bryan	Albert	"			1	1		1		1	200 00	10 25	Defective flue.
March 7th	J. Duffield	By Estate	"		1	1	1	1	2		2	3,000 00		Not known.
" 17th.	E. J. O'Neil	Gloucester	"			2	2		2		2	800 00	19 00	"
April 13th	D. Dow	Besserer	St. George.			2		2	2		2	1,000 00	61 25	"
" "	A. Hawley	"	"			1	1		1		1	800 00		"
" 15th.		Parliament Buildings	Victoria										19 50	"
May 7th	M. Bishoprick	Bank	Wellington			6	3	3	6		6	3,000 00		
" "	Mr. Mills	"	"			2	1	1	2		2	500 00	33 25	Smoking.
June 11th	J. Leveque	Clapie	By			2	1	1	2		2	800 00		
" "	W. Pipas	"	"			1	1		1		1	500 00	18 25	Incendiary.
July 10th	Jas. Casey	Clarence	"			1		1	1		1	80 00	7 50	"
" 15th.	V. Cousins	Sherwood	Victoria			6	3	3	6		6	1,000 00	100 25	Not known.
" 16th.	Valiquette	St. Patrick	By			2	1	1	2		2	600 00	65 25	From an oven.
December 4th.	Estate of Mallock	Sparks	Wellington			3	1	2	3		3	3,000 00		
" "	H. Robinson	"	"			3	1	2	3		3	3,000 00	80 75	Not known.
" "	P. O'Donnell	"	"			2	1	1	2		2	1,000 00		
" 19th.	P. Morrin	Bolton	Ottawa			1	1		1		1	1,600 00	61 00	Defective flue.
" 29th.	Evans	Rideau	St. George.	1		1	1	1	2		2	4,000 00		Coal Oil Lamp.
" "	R. Gilpin	Little Sussex	"			1		1	1		1	400 00		"
" "	B. Gilligan	Murray	By			2	2		2		2	800 00		Not known.
" "	Mrs. Martireau	"	"			1	1		1		1	1,500 00	283 50	"
				2	1	43	24	22	45	1	46	$41,530 00	$803 75	

Stone buildings	2
Brick do	1
Wood do	43
Total	46
Houses	24
Outhouses	22
Total	46
Wholly Destroyed	45
Partially do	1
Total	46

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER X.

IN COURT.

(Continued.)

"Which, thank God, my little girl, you cannot be" he said to himself, and then he sat down in his cell and faced his position—as he had never faced it yet—and found that the old things so dear to him in the past might never again be parts and parcel of his being; that however affairs turned, he should have to begin a new life among new people, for the simple reason that those with whom he had formerly associated did not know that they were all defending him in ignorance—that he had not counted the cost.

But now, when my lords were entering Dumfries—when the supreme moment was at hand—Andrew Hardell counted the cost both ways, to the best of his ability.

Both ways a loser—both ways whether he won or whether he failed—a desolate, forsaken man. If he were acquitted, should he return to the peaceful household, and be a liar in the midst? If he were convicted—well—well, the future would be out of his hands then. Let that possibility pass silently.

For decently and as a man comes gradually to reconcile himself to the idea of whatever may come speedily—Andrew Hardell was strengthening his soul to face the worst.

Never as one who heard the bells ringing in honor of the judge's entrance had a keener appreciation of the fact that those bells might even then be sounding his death-knell—and yet he set his face and turned it resolutely to meet the danger—none the less defiantly, probably because he knew men were looking to see how he bore up—watching to ascertain whether there were not some sign of wavering, some token by which they might know he intended to change his tactics at the eleventh hour, and plead guilty to culpable homicide.

When Mr. Dunbar's arrival was announced, people grew terribly anxious on the subject of the prisoner's plea.

There had not been a "good trial" in Dumfries for many a day—not a really interesting case for several years previously, and now here was a really peculiar case, one calculated to put the advocate-depute, on his metal, and to induce Mr. Dunbar to exert those powers of cross-examination and rhetoric for which he was famous.

Long and close was the conversation which took place between Mr. McCallum and the great man—many were the questions asked—numerous the observations made—and when Mr. Dunbar at length retired to rest, it was with the air of a man who felt he had his work cut out for him on the next day—a nice piece of work, which it might not be quite easy to hold together till the end.

So at length the morning of the trial dawned—clear, bright, and autumnal; and with sun shining upon them, the judges marched, as was and is the custom in that ancient town, from the Commercial Hotel to the court-house.

The sheriff of the town and counties of Dumfriesshire and Kirkcudbright—the procurator-fiscals—the provost—the bar—all went down the street in solemn procession, while the mob stared and the trumpeters blew—and the bells rang—and the inhabitants came to their doors and windows to look at the grave ceremonial.

Down the street—past the Mid Steeple—past the site of the ancient Greyfriars, scene of the Comyn tragedy—and then sharp round into Buccleugh Street, where the new court-house was then unbuilt, and the old still deemed large enough and handsome enough for the business which had to be transacted in it.

At ten o'clock, precisely, Lords Craigie and Glanlorn entered the court, clad in their judicial robes—red, trimmed with white, and ornamented with St. Andrew crosses. Graciously the learned judges bowed to the persons assembled, and then the business of the circuit was opened by an extempore prayer—which, as is usual in such cases contained petitions for, and references to, every thing in the heavens above and the earth beneath, always excepting the real business that had brought so many persons of different ranks, tastes, and feelings together.

At the fag-end of the prayer, indeed, the minister was good enough to allude slightly to the judges and the prisoners. As some courteous persons finish their letters with vaguely kind regards—so the clergyman commended the people who alone were the cause of his being there to the attention of the Almighty.

Curiously mingling the Church of England formula with the more voluminous diction of his own pulpit, he wound up by entreating the Lord of all power and might so to incline the hearts of those placed in authority, that they might wield the sword placed in their hands by their gracious queen and governor, to the honor and praise of His holy name, the setting forth of His glory, and the extension of His dominion.

Further, the Minister entreated that as at Marah the bitter waters were sweetened by the casting of a tree into the fountain, "even so, O Lord! the evil nature may this day be made holy by reason of the arm of justice extended over the wrong-doer-turn them, Heavenly Father, turn them from their sinful ways—lead them as Thou leddest Thy people Israel through the Red Sea and the arid desert—give them manna to eat, and let them drink from the refreshing wells of Elim, set round with palm trees—forever and forever—Amen."

Having concluded which appropriate peroration in the loudest voice a human being might be considered capable of possessing, the minister, greatly to the relief of Lord Glanlorn—a man of slightly Jacobite and High-Church proclisities—ended his part of the day's proceedings, and sat down.

Immediately after the first prisoner was brought up and a jury sworn in.

Of this portion of the ceremonial it is unnecessary to speak at length, because, although the whole process of swearing is different to the same portion of a trial in England, that difference will have to be mentioned hereafter, since it struck Andrew Hardell, when the witnesses were sworn in, with an utterable dread.

"As I stand before God, and as I shall answer before God at the Great Day of Judgment," he found himself repeating in the watches of the night.

"As I stand before God"—so each man, right had extended, swore to try the case well and truly.

"As I stand before God"—many a time, in the after-day, Andrew Hardell recalled that formula to mind, and contrasted it with the clerk's cry in the English courts—"a true verdict give according to the evidence, so help you God. Kiss the book."

As at dinner people regale themselves with a few spoonfuls of soup, a morsel of fish, and the merest suspicion of an *entree*, before attacking the more formidable joints so on the occasion of this trial, a few prisoners preceeded Andrew Hardell at the bar, uninteresting and unexciting prisoners, who were merely calculated to whet the public appetite, and make it the more eager for the appearance of the principal performer.

It was a great relief to the spectators when after a couple of people had pleaded guilty to uttering counterfeit coin, and a most commonplace case of "resetting" ended in the prisoner being sentenced to seven years' transportation, the chief actor in the day's proceedings appeared; a pale, worn, changed man—looking, so one individual remarked to his friend, "like a hardened ruffian," while another whispered, "He carries innocence in his face."

To be Continued.

RIGHT AND WRONG.—It is wrong to jest with your wife upon a subject in which there is danger of wounding her feeling, and it is wrong to speak of great virtues in another man's wife, to remind your own of fault; but it is not wrong after trying the "Conadian Pain Destroyer" and feeling its wonderful effects, to recommend it to neighbours, for the cure of rhuematisem, neuralgia, cramps, cholic, &c.; it as no equal. For sale by Druggists and country dealers.

HOW TO MAKE MONEY.—A horse dealer residing in the vicinity of Keyport, N. J., and who buys up horses for the New York market, puchases "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" by the dozen and feeds it to his horses; he says it is superior to anything that he has ever used as a condition medicine, that the horses are so much more improved by its use as to sell more readily and command higher prices. Two other horse dealers, one residing at Huntingdon, the other at Glen Cove, L. I., also purchase it by the dozen and for the same purpose; those men, as well as many others similarly engaged, know too well the value and importance of this medicine ever to be without it Remember the name, and see that the signa

CURE YOUR HORSES.—It is to the interest of all who own horses to keep them in a healthy and sound condition; experience has proved that 'Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy' is the most efficacious, it has been used by thousands who will, cheerfully confirm this statement. For Heaves Coughs, Colds, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses it has no equal, nor is it equaled as a condition medicine; it purifies the blood, corrects and improves the appetite, and softens the skin; in fact, so great is the improvemen in the condition and apperance

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London. d1509 1y

ONE OF THE MOST NOTABLE PROPERTIES OF DR. WHEELER'S ELIXIR OF PHOSPHATES AND CALISAYA is its sustaining power during active mental and physical exertion. Business men, Editors, Clergymen, Lawyers, Physicians, and all classes engaged in any occupation requiring great application and consequent fatigue, will find this remedy invaluable, as it will enable them to accomplish their work with comparative ease. Any one trying a bottle will find this statement fully sustained. Phosphate of Lime is an active agent of nutrition, constituting more than fifty per cent. of the system; Phosphoric Acid, a powerful Nerve Tonic; Phosphate of Iron, a blood maker; and Calisaya, an agreeable supporting stimulant. The combination of these remedies forms a Nutritive Tonic or Chemical Food, and nourishes and vitalizes the constitution in the same manner as an article of diet. Sold by all druggists,

EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Wholesale Agent.

PAPER HANGINGS.

A large assortment of newest patterns eceived by last steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

No More Bugs—H. Meadows & Co.
Strawberries—G. Lorenz.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

WEDNESDAY JUNE 14, 1871.

For interesting reading matter, see first page.

The story about Indians burning boats, &c., in the North West, is not credited in official circles. It is suspected that it originates with Duluth forwarders who want all the traffic to go their way.

Mr. E. B. Eddy has retired from the contest in Ottawa County, in favour of Mr. Leduc, which of course strengthens the latters position. Mr. W. McKay Wright, also declares himself a supporter of Mr. Leduc. The support of these gentlemen, together with His Lordship Bishop Guignes' approval of Mr. Leduc's candidature, will ensure his return.

We have received a circular from the Committee appointed to take steps with a view to erect a monument to the memory of the late Mr. Spaight and Mr. Lodge of the Montreal *Gazette*, asking for subscriptions for that purpose. Mr. Lodge was not known in this city, but Mr. Spaight had many friends amongst us, alike through his writing and social intercourse. It would be a graceful tribute to the memory of the deceased gentlemen for these friends to swell the amount of the memorial fund by a moderate sum, and we have no doubt that will be done when a call is made upon them. Subscriptions can be forwarded to Mr. Salter, Treasurer of the Committee, Montreal, or to the Editor of the TIMES.

HON. MR. LANGEVIN AND THE GLOBE CORRESPONDENT.

We do not wish to be constantly alluding to the leading organ of the Opposition and to the abominable misstatements which it is in the habit of making concerning members of the present Administration and their policy. It is not a pleasant task to expose the wrong-doing of another journal. At the same time, so long as the *Globe* persists in making statements which are utterly devoid of truth, but which, if allowed to go uncontradicted, might be received as worthy of credence, we deem it our duty to expose their falsehood, however unpleasant it may be to be making constant reference to such a disagreeable subject.

"*Globe* telegrams" from whatever part of the Dominion they come, are now pretty generally regarded with doubt and suspicion. It is well understood that they are written to order, and are so full of prejudice and party spite as to be unworthy of belief. Still for the benefit of those who may be disposed to place some faith in them, we must make allusion to the report given by the organ's Quebec correspondent of Mr. Langevin's nomination and triumphant return.

"Langevin's return," we are told, "was a perfect farce."

The nomination took place in the space before the Parliament Buildings, which was crowded with a motley crew of hired, drunken, worthless ruffians, gathered together by Langevin's agents the night previous, to shout and hurrah for him. Scarcely a respectably dressed man was to be seen among them.

The workmen on the new post office knocked off work by order, and took part in the proceedings, which were varied by a couple of shindies among the crowd. A temporary booth, erected for the returning officer and candidate, was filled with a crowd of well dressed sycophants, Intercolonial Railway contractors and their sureties, jobbers, actual and expectant office holders, &c., including almost the only English speaking persons who were in any way interested in the affair.

Of course it is easy enough to understand the impression which the correspondent, no doubt acting under orders, desires to convey, viz: that none but "hired worthless ruffians," sycophants, jobbers, &c., were supporters of Mr. Langevin.

Now, for the facts: Mr. Langevin's nomination was seconded by Henry Fry, Esq., one of the oldest and most respected merchants of Quebec, who has for many years been President of the Board of Trade. Mr. Langevin came forward as a candidate for Quebec Centre in compliance with a requisition, signed by Mr. Fry, by John Gilmour (of the firm of Rankin, Gilmour & Co.) Messrs. Scott, J. G. Ross, John Ross, H. Joseph, Thomson, Gibb, Withel, and many others of the leading English residents of the city. These men as we remarked yesterday, or, at least a large majority of them, were formerly political opponents of the Minister of Public works, but have now become his supporters. We would like the *Globe* or its correspondent to inform us whether, Mr. Fry for instance, who was in the booth with Mr. Langevin, is classed as "a well dressed sycophant," "a jobber," or an "actual or expectant office holder."

Our contemporary in the course of his editorial remarks concerning the telegram in question, announces that Mr. Langevin "did not hesitate to support the Treaty of Washington." Certainly this statement "outherods Herod!" It appears as though the writer of the editorial was striving to outdo the correspondent in the act of fictionmongering. Let us see what Mr. Langevin really did say. A carefully prepared report of his speech appeared in the TIMES of yesterday. He said:—

"So soon as the Government of Canada heard that the intention was to give up the fisheries of the Provinces of Quebec, New Brunswick, and Nova Scotia to the joint working of Americans and Canadians for the small consideration mentioned in the treaty, they protested energetically, and caused their protest to be sent to England by cable as well as by mail, and Sir John Macdonald, the Prime Minister of Canada, did not lag behind."

Yes, that is the way in which Mr. Langevin supported the Treaty. By informing his hearers that he and his colleagues had "protested energetically" against it! Certainly, this is about the most extraordinary mode of supporting a treaty of which we ever heard.

When we find the organ of the Opposition continually making unfounded statements of this kind, we cannot wonder at its waning influence.

RIFLE SHOOTING.

It is related by a newspaper correspondent, that during the late war when the victorious Germans were advancing upon Paris, Gambetta issued a spirit stirring proclamation calling upon the peasants to rally in defence of their hearths and homes, and Chassepot rifles and other arms of precision were distributed among the people. The peasants were as patriotic, and possibly as brave as their ancestors were in the days of Napoleon or the Grand Monarque, but Monsieur Gambetta forgot one thing, namely, that the French people have not been trusted with military weapons and consequently knew nothing whatever of the use of Chassepot rifles. The result was that when the peasants received those complicated firearms they not only did not know how to use them, but in many cases were positively afraid to handle them, and deposited them under their beds and in other out of the way places for safe keeping. When the German advance guard appeared and demanded that all weapons should be delivered up, the peasants were only too glad to be rid of rifles which they were unable to use and regarded with some degree of dread.

Those who sneer at irregular troops, and imagine that nothing can be effected by men who are not professional soldiers, may learn something from this story, which we believe to be literally true in all its important features. Supposing in every town and village in France there had been rifle associations, and supposing that, as in Germany, on the summer evenings, the young men had been in the habit of assembling for an hour or two's target practice;—does any one suppose that, even after Sedan, the Germans would have been able to have accomplished what they did, or that they would have attempted to impose such humiliating terms upon the French as they have done? Had the French peasantry known how to use the Chassepot rifle, had clouds of riflemen hung upon the flanks of the invading armies, picking off every straggler and assailing every convoy of provisions or military stores, France might not indeed have been saved from defeat, but the terms of peace would have been less irksome, and possibly Alsace and Lorraine might have been saved. Let anyone read the accounts which have been published by Mr. Labouchere and others who were eye witnesses of the late strife, and they will find that while the Franc Tireurs displayed a brave and devoted spirit worthy of the sons of a gallant nation, a large proportion of them had never handled a rifle, and were, therefore, unable to render effective service.

At the camp now formed at Niagara under such favorable auspices, and so far with such satisfactory results, we are glad to notice that the men are not merely taught their drill and exercised in field movements, but that a certain time is devoted daily to target practice. This is as it should be. In these days of arms of precision, a soldier, however well drilled he may be, is of little account unless he is also a good marksman. But it is not the active militia alone who should thus be made familiar with the Snider rifle and be taught how to use it. The formation of Rifle Associations should be encouraged everywhere throughout the country. It is not the Government alone upon whom this duty rests, but the county and city councils should do their part, and encourage young men by all possible means to take an interest in rifle shooting, so that should the hour of trial ever arrive and our liberties be endangered by foreign aggression, the people of Canada might not be placed in the same position as the French peasants were and be found utterly incompetent to defend their homes, however willing they might be to do so. We have just sent a rifle team to Wimbledon which we have no doubt will do us credit, and we hope that the result of our doing so will be to render rifle shooting popular.

THE CANADA CENTRAL EXTENSION.

At the present time it is said that there are in Canada, independent of the Great Interoceanic Railway, no less than 1,200 miles of railway, either in process of construction or under survey. Three of the proposed roads are intended to serve the Ottawa country. First we have the Montreal and Ottawa junction from Coteau to this city; then there is the extension of the Canada Central from Sand Point to Pembroke; and last, but not least, the North Shore Railway, the object of which is, not only to connect the political and commercial capitals of the Dominion, but to open up a new section of country, rich in mineral and other resources, and to provide for the settlement of an extensive territory, which without the North Shore Railway must for years at all events remain barren and unproductive. To all these enterprises the people of this city and country must wish well; each of them is certain to promote our prosperity and to increase the value of property in this neighbourhood, but there is none which, just now requires to be pushed on with so much vigour and energy as the Canada Central extension line.

The trade of the Valley of the Ottawa is every year increasing in value, and is assuming such large proportions that the people of Kingston have been tempted to take steps with a view to the immediate construction of a line to Pembroke, and so obtaining the control of, at all events, a considerable portion of this trade. We do not blame the Kingston people for doing so; on the contrary, we cannot but admire the enterprise which they have displayed. But can Ottawa afford to stand still and do nothing when so large a prize as the trade of the Upper Ottawa is at stake? The road which gets to Pembroke first, will probably obtain control of the larger portion of that trade. Instead of voting money to build a station, our Corporation would do better if they were to aid in the construction of this road. Let us get the line built and the command of the Upper Ottawa trade secured, and we may rely upon it that the erection of a commodious central station for the use of all roads running into Ottawa, will speedily follow.

The most fashionable canes are small and natural sticks, knobbed and knotted. English black-thorn is the favorite.

NEW TRACKS IN NORTH AMERICA.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—Mr. William A. Bell, M. A., M. B., Cantab., in his work intituled "New Tracks in North America, a journal of travel and adventure, whilst engaged in the survey for a Southern Railroad to the Pacific Ocean during 1867-8," published in London in 1869, uses these words: "The length of this canon, from its head above the spring to its entrance as a canada or valley on the plain"; and again speaks of the appearance of the canada of the Aravaypa as a groove at the bottom of the trough between the mountains. These canadas he says sometimes recede to the distance of two or three miles apart; in places they have perpendicular walls, and so on. In my history of Canada, as my book on "The Rise of Canada from Barbarism to Civilisation," published in Quebec in 1856, is commonly called, these words occur: "Father Henepin states that the Spaniards first discovered Canada while in search, not of a north-west passage, but of gold, which they could not find, and therefore called the land, so valueless in their eyes, *El capo di Nada*—"The Cape of Nothing." But the Spaniards, who possibly did visit Canada two years before Cabot, whatever the object of their voyage may have been, could not have done anything so absurd. Quebec, not Canada, may have been to them Cape Nothing, and doubtless was. It was the way they looked for. That was as visible to them as to Cabot, and a passage, strath, or way, is signified in Spanish by the word Canada. It was not gold but a way to gold that English, Spaniards, Italians, and French sought. It was the cashmeres, the pearls, and the gold of India that were wanted. It was a short way to wealth that all hoped for. And the St. Lawrence has, indeed, been a short way to wealth, if not to China, as will afterwards be shown." The title of Henepins' book, which was published at Utrecht in 1698, runs thus: "*Noveau Voyage d'un pais plus grand que l'Europe, avec les reflections des enterprises du Sieur de la Salle, sur les Mines de Ste. Barbe, &c. * * * et des avantages qu'on peut retirer du chemin racourci de la Chine et du Japon, par le moyen de tout les vastes contrées et des nouvelles colonies.*" In the commissions, granted to Champlain on the 15th October, 1612, and 15th February, 1625, the same objects are adverted to: *pour essayer de trouver de chemin fait pour aller par de dans le dit pays au pays de la Chine et Indes Orientales.*"

Mr. Bell, it seems to me, fully corroborates my notion, that "Canada" is purely and simply a Spanish word, while the union of British Columbia and the speedy connection of the Pacific with the Atlantic oceans by means of a transcontinental railway on the British soil of this Dominion will fully realize the anticipations of Henepin, the instructions to Champlain, the founder of Quebec, speaking volumes for the sagacity of the then rulers of France, who sought to aggrandize the French name rather by the acquirement of new countries, to be subdued and civilized, than by aggressions upon peoples, nearly if not quite as much advanced in civilization as are the French—a policy which was not pursued until the first French revolution had unsettled the government and people of France by instituting Napoleons for Richelieus, and converting a learned, peaceable, and agricultural people into a mere nation of soldiers, a brutal *canaille*, and a subdued peasantry with a few exceedingly able *litterateurs* and artists only to pander either to the military pride of an empire or a Republic, appearing every now and then to add lustre to a condition of socialism, comprehending the people and the Crown, and which has at length, I regret to say, proved so grievously disastrous to both.

Yours truly,
C. ROGER.

Ottawa, June 12, 1871.

DOMINION NOTES.

British Columbia supports four newspapers—The Victoria *Standard*, Victoria *Colonist*, the Cariboo *Sentinel*, and the Mainland *Guardian*.

The cut-worm is competing with the potato bug for the championship.

Lindsay proposes to appropriate the sum of $4,000 for the purchase of a public park.

Canada now has 2,670 miles of railway in actual use, and 1,020 more in course of construction.

Mr. John Coyne, M.P.P., for Peel, is reported to be so seriously ill that grave doubts are entertained of his recovery.

The Wentworth County Council unanimously agreed on Monday to supplement the pay allowed by Government to volunteers for that county, while on duty in camp with twenty-five cents additional for each man. There are four companies in Wentworth, viz.: the Binbrooke, Beverly, Dundas, and Waterdown.

The Ontario Government have granted $4 000 for improving the Victoria, in the county of Victoria, and also $1,000 to the road between Kinmount and Fenelon Falls. Mr. Staples, Warden of the County, has been appointed Commissioner for the former road, and Mr. Bick for the latter.

Some scamps placed a detonating bomb on the track of the Montreal City Passenger Railway the other evening. The effect was rather startling both to the horses and passengers of the first car which came along.

The catch of fish in Georgian Bay this year is very good. One firm in Collingwood received from the Western Islands last week no less than 3,000, equal to 23,-500 lbs., being the result of four days operations.

Mr. Woodman, late manager of the Ontario Bank, Lindsay, has been removed to Ottawa. He leaves behind many sterling friends who wish him success and happiness in his new home. The Bank is under the management of the Inspector, pending new arrangements.

LITERARY NOTES.

The newest Southern paper is the "Charleston Wasp."

A new bonnet is described as the size of a scalp.

"Good Enough for me is said to be the successor of "Shoo Fly."

A new comic journal, called the Black and White, is announced in England.

A Journal for Head Ornamentation has been started in Berlin.

"Shall We hang the Landlord?" is the cheerfully suggestive title of a little paper printed in London.

The two new books by the author of "Ginx's Baby," are his articles on "The Coolie," now printing in "Good Words," and a volume entitled "Lord Dorking."

J. R. Osgood & Co. announce the series of girls books which the author of "John Halifax" has under way. "Little Sunshine," the story of a three year old heroine's travels, is about ready in England.

A hieratic papyrus, part of a treatise on Medicine, had been presented to the British Museum by the Royal institution. Some of the receipts date from a very early period and one is said to have been discovered at a latter period, which was formerly used in the days of Cheops, the builder of the Great Pyramid. Other receipts are stated to have been in use in the reign of Amenophis III, of the eighteenth dynasty.

The Rev. Robert Collyer is to visit his old home in Yorkshire, during his European trip, to procure materials for a fresh lecture, entitled "New Old England."

Mr. Howells, we understand, does not assume the editorial scepter of the *Atlantic* untill the October number, though it has been stated that Mr. Field would say "good-by" with June.

A whisper from over-sea says Russia leather is going to be a favorite dress trimming next Winter.

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 12.

A meeting this evening fully confirmed the Hon. Mr. Holton as candidate for the Centre division against Mr. Carter.

The *Star*, in an infamous article passed upon the Gault burglary, says the demon of crime engulfs Montreal in its horrid arms. This is only a sensation for a city of 160,000. A more orderly population does not exist, as a respectable press attest The offer of the Council of $500 for the arrest of the Gault burglars, meets with general approval.

Two hundred extra police are to be added to the force by the Council resolutions last night.

The annual inspection of the Volunteer corps took place last night with great applause.

Adolphe Phillon placed several pieces of cordwood on the Grand Trunk track on Saturday. He was caught and will be tried on Saturday.

The Irish Canadian Institutions will celebrate Moore's anniversary on the 15th instant, with music, recitations, readings, &c. The Irish generally participate of all creeds.

Hon. J. Irvine was returned for Megantic by acclamation yesterday.

The *Witness* strongly opposes the million dollars grant. All the other city press favor it.

The examination of the deaf and dumb mutes came off to-day with great eclat. Addresses were delivered by Dr. Dawson, of the McGill University, White and others.

At a meeting of the Council to-night, way Bill was postponed to the first special on motion of Ald. Bernard, the second reading of the Northern Colonization Railway Council, to allow the further consideration.

Opinions divided.

The Council then adjourned without a vote.

Midnight Despatches.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 12.—Particulars have been received of the burning of the Coolie ship *Doloreszugarte* previously reported from London by cable. She left Mace on the 4th May for Callao with six hundred and fifty Coolies on board, and was burned when only fifty miles out. Six hundred, as before stated, were burned to death or perished by drowning. A portion of the crew and fifty Chinese were saved. The members of the crew declared that the Coolies mutinied and set fire to the ship aft in hopes of forcing all forward and so take the vessel. The rescued Coolies, however, deny this, and state that their treatment was humane, and they had nothing to complain of. The Coolies state there was no less than fifty Europeans on the vessel, so that it remains to be seen what became of them. Some, no doubt, were lost in the boat that swamped. Another account says when the fire broke out the crew abandoned the vessel, leaving 550 Coolies fastened under hatches. 500 were roasted alive; others got overboard and were drowned.

NEW YORK, June 13.—The *Tribune* this morning says the statement that the Russian Minister had written home a letter desparaging to Secretary Fish is unfounded, and the alleged letter is a shameful forgery. The relations of Fish and Colacazy, whether official or personal, have always been cordial and intimate, and not a word nor difference has ever marred them.

LIVERPOOL, June 13.—Arrived: Steamship *Nemesis* from New York, and *Nestorian* from Quebec.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—This morning Hon. C. C. Bowen, recently convicted of bigamy, was brought before the criminal court to be sentenced. Mrs. Susan Bettigree King said: "If you sentence him, sentence me too, for I am as much to blame as he is." Bowen then made a statement concerning the circumstance of his marriage, before which Mrs. King sent to New York and obtained a copy of the record of his divorce from his former wife. She, as well as himself, was satisfied that everything was right, and no legal obstruction was in the way of their marriage. Judge Olen then sentenced Bowen to pay a fine of $250 and to be imprisoned two years in the penitentiary. Bowen, after a pause, addressed Mrs. King, saying that when his term expired he would return to her, whereupon Mrs. King extended to him her hand, which he grasped as in pledge of faith; she appeared to be deeply affected. Bowen was subsequently taken to jail, where he will remain until decision of the Court in term which meets next Monday, on exception to the ruling of the Criminal Court, his object being to obtain a new trial.

VERSAILLES, June 13th.—The Prince De Joinville and Duke d'Aumale arrived here yesterday and were present at Thiers' soiree.

Gen. Fabrice, the German Civil Administrator in France, arrived in this city to-day. He has officially visited Thiers and will shortly leave for Germany.

The court-martial, for the trial of the Insurgents, has not yet been covened. An immense number of prisoners are awaiting trial, and many of the cases will consume a great deal of time and present some curious complications.

Thiers has written a letter to Picard expressing regret at his refusal to accept the Governorship of the Bank of France.

It is reported that the published statements of the death of Bittionary are all false, and that he is a prisoner in this city.

LONDON, June 13.—The *Times* in an editorial says: The division yesterday in the House of Lords once more shows that the advantages of the Treaty of Washington greatly overbalances its deficiencies. We admit to yield everything to conciliate an opponent is unwise, but the American Commissioners also receded from their original demands. The machinery of arbitration is satisfactory, and the claims on both sides could hardly be settled in a better way.

NEW YORK, June 12.—An immense oyster bed, said to be the richest known for many years, was discovered yesterday at Eaton's Neck, Huntingdon, L. I., nearly opposite Stamford, Conn., by fishermen, who brought one hundred and fifty bushels of oysters to this city, and received $500 for disclosing to other places in which they found them. The discovery created great excitement in the locality, and large number of oyster boats on the ground to-day.

LONDON, June 13.—A despatch from Brestan this evening says, fire broke out in the Stadt Theatre a quarter to eight o'clock, and the building was in flames with little prospect of being saved.

BERLIN, June 13.—The German Parliament has passed the military pensioners bill. The bill passing a special grants is under secret discussion in Committee.

VIENNA, June 13.—Gen. Von Gablong goes to Berlin, as the special represntative of Austria, to attend to the triumphal ceremonies. He is the bearer of a congratulatory letter from the Emperor of Austria to the Emperor of Germany.

VERSAILLES, June 13.—Gen. Trochu made a long speech before the Assembly in justification of his administration affairs. He said he wrote to Napoleon, in August, urging the recall of Bazaines army to Paris. He, Trochu, assisted at the Conference of Chalons, when it was decided that he, as Governor of Paris, should prepare for the return of Napoleon to the Capital, which was formally opposed by the Empress. Gen. Trochu added that he was badly received by Count de Palikao, as long as latter the remained Minister of War. The General then gave the detailed account of the difficulties of the defence, during the siege of Paris by the Germans.

PARIS, June 12.—The Princess Matilde has asked Thiers' permission to return to Paris, promising to abstain from political intrigues.

Among the prominent candidates for the Assembly in the coming elections are the following: M. Vintry in the Department of Ain; M. About in Bouches du Rhone; M. Clement Duvernois in Hautes Alps; M. Magne in Dordagne; M. Foudonnere in Orne.

The moderate republican candidates have a fair prospect of success in the Seine, Oise and Lower Seine Departments.

General Ulrich, the defender of Strasbourg, solicits a seat for one of the Assembly districts of Paris as a permanent protest against the annexation of Strasbourg to Germany.

The public gardens have been re-opened. The work of restoration in the Bois de Boulogne has been begun. The labourers are re-planting the trees and shrubs, filling the ditches, and levelling the works of the troops.

The weather is warm and pleasant, and the streets are crowded with people.

NEW YORK, June 13.—The Pope in his last evangelical letter on the Papal guarantee, dated Rome, May 13, says:

"It is our duty that we should declare solemnly through you to the whole world that what are called safe guards, and which are devised by the sub-Alpine Government, can be of no avail towards securing prompt and free use of the power divinely transmitted to us, nor towards guarding the liberty necessary for the Church. Such being the condition of affairs, as we have repeatedly declared and professed, that without the crime of breaking our solemn oath at enthronization we can consent to no conciliation which would in any manner destroy or diminish a right of God and of the Apostles. So now, as of our bounden duty, we declare that we will never agree to nor accept, nor can we so agree to accept these cunningly wrought out safeguards or guarantees proposed by the sub Alpine Government, whatever their device, or any others of whatsoever kind or however ratified, which, under the form of securing our sacred power and liberty shall have been offered to us in lieu and in charge for that civil principality with which Divine Providence willed that the holy Apostlic See should be furnished and strengthened, and which is ratified, as by the legitimate and irrefragable titles as well as by possession for more than eleven centuries. God grant also that the rulers of this earth, whom it much imports, that such a pernicious example of usurpation as we endure may not take root and flourish to the destruction of all power and order may join with one consent of mind and will.

KINGSTON, JAM., June 12.—A negro on the Gibraltar plantation, assisted by a woman seized a little boy, cut his body, and drank his blood, then cut off his upper lip, which was roasted and ate. They did these barbarous acts indifferent to the child's cries, which were finally heard by a man in the neighbourhood, who rescued the boy. The little fellow retained his senses and lived long enough, notwithstanding the entrails protruded, to give particulars of how he was treated. Intense excitement prevailed in consequence of the terrible act.

Despatches from Aspinwall to the 6th inst., state that small pox had broken out at Coquimbo and Guayacan.

Dates from Valparaiso of the 17th inst., announce that the steamer *Galatia* was overdue from Liverpool, and fears are entertained for her safety.

ROARING GAP, Wilkes Co., N.C.—A young man named Aikins and his wife fell a distance of 650 feet from a peak on the Blue Ridge Mountains a few days ago. The body of Mrs. Aikins was dreadfully mangled, but, strange to say, Mr. Aikins is still alive, and hopes are entertained of his recovery.

Yesterday's Despatches.

PARIS, June 13.—The Army of Paris will evacuate the city within 20 days.

La Villette will, however, continue to be occupied by troops who have been reinforced.

M. Urbain, a member of the Commune, has been arrested in Paris.

A manifesto from the directors of the Societe International, protests against the barbarities of the Versaillists, and urges its members to avenge their slaughtered brethren.

Thiers visited the troops at the Satory camp yesterday.

LONDON, 13.—The Lord Mayor of Dublin died on Monday.

NEW YORK, June 12.—Arrived: steamships *City of Brooklyn* and *France*, from Liverpool.

CHICAGO, June 12.—On the 26th instant the Illinois and Michigan canals will be closed and the locks removed, and on the 3rd of July the current of the Chicago river will flow from Lake Michigan.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Hon. E. B. Washburne, Minister to France, has received permission to visit home this summer, and will avail himself of it should affairs in France become sufficiently settled to make it practicable for him to be absent from his post.

Secretary Fish is soon to start on a tour across the continent.

COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

(From the Courrier D'Outaouais.)

Dr. Church has retired from his position as candidate for the representation of the above county. Four years ago, at the time of his election, he said that, should a French Canadian appear in the field, as candidate, he would withdraw from the contest; for, he said, it was only justice that the French Canadians, more than half the population of the County, should, at least, have one representative, either in the Senate, House of Commons or Local Legislature; and, now realizing Mr. Leduc's popularity, as candidate for the Quebec Assembly, Mr. Church retires from the field. It appears to us that this action of Dr. Church is both wise and just; for supposing he had kept the field and been elected next year the French-Canadians would put forth the same arguments in favour of a candidate for the Federal Parliament, and if again defeated in this attempt, they would return to the attack at the end of four years with a more acute sense of the injustice done them, and more determined than ever. It is, therefore, better to give them justice immediately. They have manifested their liberality by the candid and unhesitating manner in which they confided their institutions, and their religion to persons of different origin and creed, and now let those people come forward, and in turn show equal liberality.

But it may be objected that Mr. Leduc is not the man whom they wish elected. We will not pretend to say whether Mr. Leduc is a proper person or not, but will simply refer to the requisition published in another column; we will remain content with the action of the clergy, the capitalists, professional gentlemen and that of about 600 persons of every class who approve of his candidature. In fact the best of the arguments brought against Mr. Leduc is but specious. It is said that he is young, and has no landed interest in the country. To this we can say that he is well educated, has extensive political knowledge, and is possessed of an unquestionable amount of talent and energy. And again, nearly all our successful politicians made their *debut* at an early age. Finally, we fail to discover any reason why Mr. Leduc's candidature should be opposed, but, on the contrary, the perseverance, energy, and general ability which he is giving proof of make him deserving of success.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

An Indian paper gives the following highly satisfactory explanation of what are known as the late "Kookie" raids on British Territory in India. A daughter of the Kookie chief having died, a number of men's heads were wanted to burn with the dead body, and his subjects loyally proceeded across our frontier to collect the requisite material.

GLEANINGS.

Mrs. Laura D. Fair modestly asserts she was never so handsome as she is now.

August Belmont is said to be worth $26,-000,000.

Mdme. Patti is engaged for Moscow next season.

The *Silent World*, a paper for the dumb, is to be issued fortnightly at Washington.

South Carolina has an association of "Confederate survivors" before whom General Jubal Early is to deliver an oration in November, at Columbia.

A happy father in Florida is writing to the papers of his State about his baby, which is two weeks old, nine inches in length, weighs two pounds, and is remarkable for its beauty, vivacity and cheerfulness.

Calcutta has an Italian Opera, and the prima donna is a Signora Coy, who receives no remuneration during the season except that which may be obtained from her benefit performance.

A new method has lately been discovered of washing lace by machinery without friction and without hot water. The results are very satisfactory. It does not seem at all injurious to the fabric, be it ever so fine and delicate.

The purest river known to exist at present is the water of the small Swedish River Loka, which, in 100,000 parts, contains less than one part of mineral substance. The Thames, at London Bridge, contains, in the same quantity of water, from 69 to 70 parts; the Seine, at Paris, from 23 to 34, and the River Jordan from 130 to 131 parts of mineral substance in the same quantity of water.

On the day of Rulloff's execution a bold countryman stationed himself on one of the bridges which cross the Chenanga River, and with a club enforced the payment of toll from all persons wishing to cross to the hanging, and he retained his position unmolested for a greater part of the day, the innocent people innocently paying.

Some continental papers refer to a rumoured alliance between Greece, Roumania, Servia and Egypt, with the unavowed sanction of Russia, the object being to destroy and divide the Ottoman Empire.

A very strong reaction in favour of Prince Charles has shown itself in the Danubian Provinces.

The new King and Queen of Spain are becoming very popular among the working classes of Madrid, but the aristocracy still refuse to visit the Court.

A worthy old clergyman in a neighboring town is very absent-minded, and has a short memory. It is a common habit with him in the pulpit to forget something, and then, after sitting down, to rise up and commence his supplementary remarks with the expression, "By the way;" A few Sundays ago he got half-way through a prayer, when he hesitated, forgot what he was about, sat down abruptly without closing. In a moment or two he arose, and pointing his forefinger at the amazed congregation, he said, "Oh, by the way—Amen!"

The coroner's inquest in the case of the Eltham murder resulted in a verdict of "wilful murder" against the young man Pook, who is committed to take his trial.

It is feared that a strike of the working engineers (nearly 9,600 in number) at Newcastle is imminent, in consequence of the refusal of the employers to reduce the working hours.

The Queen remains at Balmoral, whither the Duke of Edinburgh has proceeded on a visit to Her Majesty.

Miss Delia Roberts, a Kentucky school teacher, twenty-two years of age, hung herself last week because of her love for one of her boy pupils, a lad not yet fourteen. On the evening before her death she went to the boy's house, and calling him to the gate said: "Ned, you will never see me again. When you grow to be a man and marry, tell your wife about the woman old enough to be your mother who died on your account." Thus saying, she clasped the object of her strange passion to her bosom and was never seen alive again.

A strange gun story comes from Aden. Some heavy pieces of artillery were required for the Gibraltar of the Red Sea, but, under the new system, freight was engaged by mistake for Calcutta. These 12-ton guns duly reached Bengal *via* the Cape of Good Hope, and then arose the question as to their conveyance to their destination, and no better plan could be devised than to ship them on board a Peninsular and Oriental Steam Company's vessel at a most exhorbitant rate. At length they were delivered at the fortress, but it was then found that there were no carriages fit to carry them, and for two years, or nearly so, they have been lying on the sand, no doubt to the horror and dread of the neighbouring Arabs.

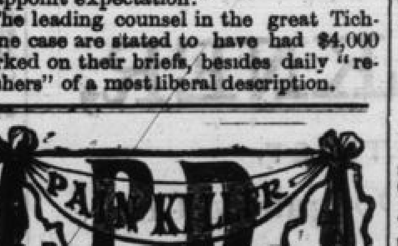
The London and North-Western Railway Company are to place a statue of G. Stevenson in Euston Square, London.

The Marquis of Lorne and the Princess Louise have taken the late Lord Clarendon's residence in Grosvenor Crescent.

The books in the Library belonging to the British Museum occupy twelve miles of shelving.

The London *Times* says that John Stuart Mill "was born to excite hope and disappoint expectation."

The leading counsel in the great Tichborne case are stated to have had $4,000 marked on their briefs, besides daily "refreshers" of a most liberal description.



Husband:—I shall know then better hereafter, Druggists and Storekeepers are doing not only themselves a great deal of harm, but their customers also by inducing them to buy an article unknown and without merit. Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER has been before the public for over thirty years, it is known in every quarter of the earth, and is sold by every Druggists and most storekeepers and grocers. As a Cholera specific and Diarrhoea medicine, its reputation has no parellel. I am surprized that we have lived so many years without it.

Wife:—Charles, the reason is you you have been taking whatever the storekeeper would recommend, we have always had a bottle o Pain Cure or Reliever or Pain Remedy or som such trash in the house, we have tried them over and over again.

Husband:—And that is just the reason I objected to try the PAIN-KILLER an my Rheumatism, thought it was like those other things a humbug

(To be continued.)

Be sure and get the genuine PAIN-KILLER, only 5 cts. per bottle. Beware of counterfeits.

NO MORE BUGS!

WROUGHT IRON BEDSTEADS,

Just Received Direct from ENGLAND.

Another lot of these celebrated BEDSTEADS handsomely painted and ornamented, and cheaper than any Bedstead sold in this city, there is no danger of breaking off the legs, as there always is with the ordinary ones sold, which are made of Cast Iron. Ask for the

ENGLISH WROUGHT IRON

BEDSTEADS.

Also to arrive this week,

CHILDRENS COT !!!

Same make as the above, at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA.

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, June 14, 1871

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

A Very Superior

FAMILY CARRIAGE,

(QUITE NEW),

Made by DUHAMEL,

OTTAWA.

This vehicle is beautifully finished, and took the first Prize at the Ottawa, Agricultural and Horticultural Society's Exhibitions of 1870, and will be sold by Public Auction at the Russell House Corner, on THURSDAY, JUNE 15, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon. Time will be given by giving satisfactory endorsed paper.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1685td

WANTED.

By Sir JOHN MACDONALD, a HOUSE to Rent. Possession required at latest, by FIRST OCTOBER. Apply to

CHAS. DRINKWATER.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871. 1690 2

WANTED

A Girl about 16 years of age, as servant on a small family. Apply, A.B., TIMES Office.

Ottawa, May 29, 1871 1678tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A First-Class TINSMITH, to take charge of the Shop. Salary, $40 per month, payable end of every month. Apply at once to C.P. DORION, 60 Sparks-st

Ottawa, June 3, 1871. 1681tf

LOST.

A small WHITE and RED COW, a small Red Head, and a White Tail. Anyone giving information which may lead to the recovery of the same, will be handsomely rewarded, on applying to J. M. C. DELES DERNIER, Corner York and Sussex streets.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can recover it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.

ANN JANE HAMILTON.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871. 1633tf

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

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The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

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Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

12th JULY, 1871.

ORANGE CELEBRATION.

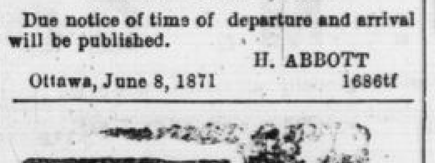
An EXCURSION TRAIN will run from CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION, Ottawa, to Brockville, calling at all Way Stations on 12th prox, returning same day.

Fare from Ottawa, 75cts.

Due notice of time of departure and arrival will be published.

H. ABBOTT

Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686tf



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4th, 1871
Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1.30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.50 a.m., and 4 30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2 00 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5.40 p.m., and at Sand Point, 6 30 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a.m arriving at Brockville at 1.34 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 2.10 p.m, and 6.20 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 3.56 p.m., 10.00 p.m., 6.15 p.m. 1.30 p.m.

Leave Sand Point

At 8.30 a.m., 11.30 a.m., 3 00 p.m., 2.00 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a.m, after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke. Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, June 6, 1871

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 6 40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa June 1st, 1871

STRAWBERRIES.

G. LORENZ,

OYSTER

—AND—

FRUIT DEALER,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

58 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL.

Is now receiving

400 QUARTS

CHOICE STRAWBERRIES

(DAILY),

And will supply

Hotels,

Private Families,

Steamboats, and

Confectioners,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

☞ Goods delivered to any part of the city.

G. LORENZ.

Ottawa, June 14, 1871

LOCAL

GENTLEMEN,—Have ... fit and as you want ... nons & McMorrans.

Devlin's Hats ...

The attendance on ... day was pretty good, ... about the same. E... plentiful.

CIRCUS AND MENAG... and menagerie will ... shortly, and will prob... afterwards.

The young man Du... and his recovery is ... He has been suffering ... and delirium.

ARBITRATION CASE.—... the city and Mr. Per... settled, and the award ... in favour of the city. ... in the hands of the arb... years, and it is estimat... with those of the coun... will amount to about $...

Donald M. Grant, ... trate, had a couple of ... yesterday for trial. ... with committing a bre... was fined $2 and costs. ... was charged with lea... Judge Armstrong co... engagement. Case ... week.

A drunken man att... take a horse not his ... street, where he was ... mitted to untie the br... knife, and was about ... tective O'Neill appeare... after a hard tussle, to...

Devlin's Hats ...

A large lot of New C... at Allan McKinnons ... 20, Sparks Street.

STRAWBERRIES.—The ... this season which appe... were from the nursery ... of our city gardeners. ... ways one of the fore... the public in his line o...

POLICE COURT—TUES... sault was dismissed.

An adjourned case ... without license was fur...

Mrs. Guertin was ch... ing her husband—case ...

A woman charged wi... let go as it was her first ...

ARRIVALS AT THE ... E O Brickford, ... Beggs, Montreal; ... Halifax; G H H Wolfe, ... land; Mr and Mrs H ... Lake; Mr and Mrs B D... urst, N B; Alex McDon... J F May, Belleville; ... John G Miller, Toron... Boston, Mass; J Step... Capt A Fraser, Kinb... Dawes, Lachine; R G... Mr. Lowe, Picton; Mrs ... York; Mrs P Hatwater, ... son and daughter, Ogd... Perrin Montreal; Jame... W S Symonds, Halifax, ... Wyvitt, Montreal; Jo... Albany, N Y; F New an... H F McLachlin, Arnpr... do; S R Sheffield and ... James Foster and wife, ... ter, Brockville; W B ... W W Thomson Almo... Pakenham; W Galt Hi...

Devlin's Hats th...

Great Bargains in La... reduced one-third, at A... McMorrans, No. 20, Spar...

COUNTY CO...

The County Court ... in the Music Hall, His ... strong presiding. The G... been sworn, His Honor ... pleasure in congratulatin... sence of crime in the co... by the calendar of the C... no prisoners in the ga... tried at that Court—a ... fact. Notwithstanding th... an extensive one and ... population, there was no... to engage their attention... been a source of gratif... sure to every person in ... so creditable a state of ... felt great pleasure in con... on the peaceful and pro... the whole country. No... world enjoyed such bless... nion of Canada does ... therefore, if any people ... and grateful, it is the ... country. Though there ... in gaol, there were some ... who would be tried. His ... dressed the Jury as to the ... Jurors, and referred to th... Act under which sever... dispose of by the Coun... would otherwise have b... Court. If nothing occur... time, he believed he wo... lieve them by this eve... ness was then proceeded ...

The first case called w... vs. Elizabeth Bell—Verd... $110.

Germain vs. Connolly—... plaintiff, Messrs. Keefer &... fendant. This was an a... plaintiff for the recovery o... mistake to Connolly. A ... called in by Mr. Germain... order on the Bank for $2... was first drawn out by mis... a check for $200 was fille... main unwittingly affixed ... the former and gave it to ... Verdict for plaintiff.

Dufresne & McGarity ... rows—Mr. Mosgrove for p... for defendant. This acti... to recover the value of d... John Burrows, brother to ... kept a hotel on Clarenc... shown in the evidence th... was simply conducting ... Andrew, and, therefore, t... ponsible for debts con... Hotel. Verdict for plaint...

The Grand Jury found ... Amelia Gibbs for feloniou... Ellen Paquet, for larceny... were called, but not bei... cases could not be proce...

The Court adjourned ... 10 this morning.

COUNTY COU...

SECOND DA...

The Council met at 10 ... Ira Morgan, Esq., Warden... Richardson, Hinton, C... Lyon, McCaffrey, Mohr, M... Hopper, Conn, Caldwell... Cummings.

The minutes of the pro... ing been read and approv...

LOCAL NEWS.

GENTLEMEN,—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

The attendance on the market yesterday was pretty good, and prices remained about the same. Early vegetables were plentiful.

CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE.—Bailies' circus and menagerie will exhibit in Prescott shortly, and will probably come to Ottawa afterwards.

The young man Dunlevie is very low, and his recovery is almost despaired of. He has been suffering severely from fever and delirium.

ARBITRATION CASE.—The dispute between the city and Mr. Perkins has finally been settled, and the award is understood to be in favour of the city. The affair has been in the hands of the arbitrators for about six years, and it is estimated that their fees, with those of the counsel on either side will amount to about $1,000.

Donald M. Grant, Esq., County Magistrate, had a couple of cases before him yesterday for trial. A person charged with committing a breach of the the peace was fined $2 and costs. Another person was charged with leaving the employ of Judge Armstrong contrary to terms of engagement. Case adjourned for one week.

A drunken man attempted yesterday to take a horse not his, away from Sparks street, where he was tied. Not being permitted to untie the bridle, he took out his knife, and was about to cut it when Detective O'Neill appeared on the scene, and after a hard tussle, took the man away.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

A large lot of New Carpets just received, at Allan McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks Street.

STRAWBERRIES.—The first Strawberries this season which appeared on the market were from the nursery of Mr. Greaves, one of our city gardeners. Mr. Greaves is always one of the foremost in catering to the public in his line of business.

POLICE COURT—TUESDAY.—A case of assault was dismissed.

An adjourned case of selling liquor without license was further adjourned.

Mrs. Guertin was charged with assaulting her husband—case dismissed.

A woman charged with drunkeness was let go as it was her first offence.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—E O Brickford, Toronto; J Beggs, Montreal; Dr D Wolf, Halifax; G H H Wolfe, Edinburgh, Scotland; Mr and Mrs H Carre, Matepedia Lake; Mr and Mrs B D McConnell, Bathurst, N B; Alex McDonnell, Bic, Quebec; J F May, Belleville; Thos Scott, City; John G Miller, Toronto; R C Graves, Boston, Mass; J Stephens, Mirimichi; Capt A Fraser, Kinburn; Thomas A Dawes, Lachine; R Griffith, Montreal; Mr. Lowe, Picton; Mrs Royal Vilas, New York; Mrs P Hatwater, do; Alex Matheson and daughter, Ogdensburg; Thomas Perrin Montreal; James Baine, Toronto; W S Symonds, Halifax, N B; Mr and Mrs Wyvitt, Montreal; John P. Romaine, Albany, N Y; F New and wife, New York; H F McLachlin, Arnprior; E Burwash, do; S R Sheffield and wife, Brockville; James Foster and wife, Toronto; Miss Foster, Brockville; W B Rosamond, Ohio; W W Thomson Almonte; D Hilliard, Pakenham; W Galt Hill, Montreal.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

Great Bargains in Lace Shawls. Prices reduced one-third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks St.

COUNTY COURT.

The County Court opened yesterday in the Music Hall, His Honor Judge Armstrong presiding. The Grand Jury having been sworn, His Honor said he had much pleasure in congratulating them on the absence of crime in the country. As shown by the calendar of the Court, there were no prisoners in the gaol who would be tried at that Court—a highly gratifying fact. Notwithstanding that the county was an extensive one and contained a large population, there was not a criminal case to engage their attention. It must have been a source of gratification and pleasure to every person in the county to see so creditable a state of things. He also felt great pleasure in congratulating them on the peaceful and prosperous state of the whole country. No country in the world enjoyed such blessings as the Dominion of Canada does at present, and, therefore, if any people should be happy and grateful, it is the people of this country. Though there were no prisoners in gaol, there were some parties out on bail who would be tried. His Honor then addressed the Jury as to their duty as Grand Jurors, and referred to the Summary Trial Act under which several cases had been disposed of by the County Judge, which would otherwise have been tried in that Court. If nothing occurred in the meantime, he believed he would be able to relieve them by this evening. Civil business was then proceeded with.

The first case called was C. H. Baldwin vs. Elizabeth Bell—Verdict for plaintiff, $110.

Germain vs. Connolly—Mr. Lapierre for plaintiff, Messrs. Keefer & Kimber for defendant. This was an action brought by plaintiff for the recovery of $100 given by mistake to Connolly. A person had been called in by Mr. Germain to draw out an order on the Bank for $200; one for $300 was first drawn out by mistake, after which a check for $200 was filled, and Mr. Germain unwittingly affixed his signature to the former and gave it to Connolly.

Verdict for plaintiff.

Dufresne & McGarity vs. Andrew Burrows—Mr. Mosgrove for plaintiff, Mr. Ross for defendant. This action was brought to recover the value of debts incurred by John Burrows, brother to defendant, who kept a hotel on Clarence street. It was shown in the evidence that John Burrows was simply conducting the business for Andrew, and, therefore, the latter was responsible for debts contracted for the Hotel. Verdict for plaintiff for $141.

The Grand Jury found true bills against Amelia Gibbs for feloniously stabbing, and Ellen Paquet, for larceny, both of whom were called, but not being present, the cases could not be proceeded with.

The Court adjourned at 6 o'clock until 10 this morning.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

SECOND DAY.

The Council met at 10 a.m. Present.—Ira Morgan, Esq., Warden; Messrs. Smith, Richardson, Hinton, Cowan, Wallace, Lyon, McCaffrey, Mohr, McEwan, Dawson, Hopper, Conn, Caldwell and Blackburn, Cummings.

The minutes of the proceeding day having been read and approved of, petitions were read from parties in Osgoode, praying for a more correct survey of the 11th concession of that township. Also, a petition from a number of ratepayers, praying that the New Edinburgh Bridge may be put in a proper state of repair.

A petition from the inhabitants of Goulburn, asking for a grant of $200 towards building bridges on the county line, between the counties of Carleton and Lanark.

Mr. Blackburn moved, seconded by Mr. Smith, that the petition concerning the New Edinburgh bridge be referred to the County Solicitor for legal opinion thereon.—Carried.

The other petitions were referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

The Auditors reported that they had carefully examined each account with its voucher in the County Treasurer's office for the past year (1870), the whole of which they found to be correct in every particular. They had also made a minute and careful examination of the books in the Treasurer's office for the same period, and found each account properly entered and posted in a correct and regular manner.

They also stated that the County Clerk had submitted for their inspection his book, together with the duplicate receipts of monies received by the County Treasurer on account of non-resident lands, which they looked into and found correct in every particular.

On motion of Mr. Smith, seconded by Mr. McEwan, the Auditor's report was referred to the Finance Committee. Discussion then took place on Mr. Robert Lees communication enclosing $187 for office rent.

A number of accounts were referred to the Finance Committee, and the Council adjourned until 10 this morning to give the Committee time to meet.

CURE YOUR HORSES.—It is to the interest of all who own horses to keep them in a healthy and sound condition; experience has proved that 'Darley's Condition Powder and Arabian Heave Remedy' is the most efficacious, it has been used by thousands who will cheerfully confirm this statement. For Heaves, Coughs Colds, and all diseases which affect the wind of horses it has no equal, nor is it equalled as a condition medecine; it purifies the blood, corrects

A QUESTION.—Why will people keep five or six ill-looking sickly horses to do the work that one good horse might preform? If the horse has the heaves, his broken winded, has a cough or could, or his wind in any way uflected; if his appetite is bad, or his digestive organs deranged, as a rough skin or is hide bound, we could in all cases recommende the use of Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Renedy it never fails to benefit and almost always removes the disease; it is free from anything that can injure, and may be used at all times with safety. Try it and you will be satisfied. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co., is on each package. Forthrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canadas. Sold by all Medicine dealers.

☞ After war pestilence and intemperance—colds lead to the greatest destruction of human life, mainly, because it is considered by many to be of no consequence and hence systematically neglected untill a simple, curable disease, is converted into a fatal pulmonary one. Everyone troubled with what is called a slight cold or cough, should immediately use Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—they allay irritation at once, and exert a most beneficial influence on all the Bronchial and Pulmonary organs. Sold by all Druggists and Country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box.

☞ Did you ever think that what is termed a common cold, when systematically neglected, often leads to that most fatal and distressing disease—consumption—but when attended to at once is generally easy of cure. If you are troubled with it cold or cough, "Bryan's and Pulmonic Wafers" will be found to be most efficacious in removeing it. They give immediate relief, and generally effect a cure when used in time. Sold by all Druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurse in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and succes by millions of mothers and children, from the feble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World; in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuie unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine dealers. 25 cents a bottle. Office 215 Fulton street, New York; and 493 Oxford street, London.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the fac-simili of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order Be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's bronchial Troches.

To Charles Leduc,

Of the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa, Esquire.

SIR,—We, the undersigned Electors of the County of Ottawa, having confidence in your intelligence and integrity to represent this section of the County, in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec, hereby request you to become a candidate at the next election, and we pledge you our support and influence to obtain your election :—

Rev Père Reboul,	Pierre Poulin,
Rev Père Beaudin,	I H Richer, J P
Ruggles Wright,	F X Bouvier, Maire,
P Wetherall Wright,	Francois Laurin, J. P.
Dr C E Graham, Councillor,	Alfred Coté, peintre,
	Joseph Prudhomme,
Samuel Pink, Councillor,	Anselme Bédard,
	Basile Bédard,
Alex Prudhomme,	NéréVachon, hôtellier
Moise Bisson, Councillor,	Frs Robert,
	Alexandre Laselle,
M Tétreau, P.,	Joseph Berurand,
Chas Marcil, Avocat,	Aug Monette,
Charles Roussel,	J Bte Hébert,
Hubert Blais,	Francois Normand,
JosephPoliquin, Père,	Joseph Nadon,
Félix Périard,	P H Chabot,
James Chénier,	Adolphe Chabot,
Guillaume Périard,	Joseph Valade,
Joseph Campeau,	Basile Bédard,
Joseph Poliquin, fils,	Hyacinthe Madar,
Seraphin St Denis,	Joseph Archambault,
Isaac Martin,	Amable Patenaude,
J Bte Châtillon,	Hypolite Legrand,
Alexis Latreille,	Hilaire Jolicœur,
Alexis St Denis,	Olvier Milliotte,
J Bte Dubrule,	Joseph Rairard,
Bte Lalonde,	Joseph Pepin,
Clément Jodouin,	Thomas Sauvé,
Francois Bastien,	Joseph Deschêne,
Nazeret Fauteux,	Camille Augé,
Pierre Pichette,	Chars Fhalerdan,
Luc Derragon,	Louis Barrett,
Bazile Villeneuve,	Hilaire Champagne,
Daniel Papillon,	Amable Sauvé,
Jos Beaudin. M D,	Joseph Montreuil,
Gilbert Leclerc,	Olivier Pilon,
Théophile Turcotte,	J Bte Gauthier,
Jérémie Boyer,	François Groulx,
Moise Campeau, jr,	Victor Corbeil,
Edouard Clermont,	J Bte Chalifou,
Alphonse Grignon,	Israël Terrien,
Edouard Joubert,	Hypolite Legrand,
Narcisse Carpentier,	Louis Désjardins,
Luc Lalonde,	J Bte Lapensée,
FrancoisCharbonneau	Alphonse Grignon,
Prospère Ducharme,	Amable Lapierre,
Onésime Fréchette,	Cyrille Chémer.
Joseph Lemieux, jr,	Narcisse Chartran,
Ambroise Sanctueur,	Agustin Pepin, fils,
Cléophas Sabourin,	Richard Nevill,
Pierre Proulx,	Alexandre D'Aoust,
John Wright,	Hubert Côté,
Charles Renaud,	Edouard Renaud,
Alfred Filiatrault,	Xavier Sarrasin,
Téophile Cabana,	S B Cimon, Merchant,
Olivier Martin,	Solomon Chartrand,
M W Noctor,	Théophile Blondin,
M Laflamme, fils,	J Bte Arbicque,
Charles Lafontaine,	Marcel Ploof,
Amable Bertrand,	Joseph E Leduc, Boucher,
J Bte Bertrand,	
Edouard Dupins,	J Bte Leduc, Hotellier,
Louis Laviolette,	
Louis Bastien,	Louis Gaumont, Peintre,
Louis Cadieux, Marchand,	F X Elie Gauthier, Marchand,
Eustache Guilbeau, Masson,	Jean Bte Amiot,
A Rathier, Marchand,	J Bte Audette,
Onésime Paquette, Marchand,	Pierre Daoust,
	Alfred Graton,
Joseph Charbonneau, Marchand,	Eustache Libersar,
	Joseph Lalonde,
Alphonse Thérien,	André Riopelle,
Hector Lapointe,	J Bte Villeneuve,
Félix Labelle,	Isidore Dechéne,
Honoré Labelle, Marchand,	Chs Beauvois,
	Toussaint Deslaurier,
Hilaire Vieau,	Timothé Lefort,
Robert Auclair, Marchand,	Evariste Dechéne,
	Joseph Carriere,
Edouard Truesdell, Avocat,	Joseph Villancour,
	Louis Peronce,
Gilbert Leclerc,	Cyrille St Denis, Marchand,
M Silvère Dumontier, I J,	Antoine Parant, ouvrier,
Cuthbert Bordeleau, Cordonnier,	Alphonse Pichette,
Onesime Groulx,	Firmin Richard, Masson,
Joseph Grondin,	
Joseph Vincent,	Dolphice Jannary, cordonier,
J B Gauthier,	
Capt Hypolite Fortin,	Toussaint Dupuis,
J Bte Grenier, Hotellier,	Olivier Caron,
	J Bte Charbonneau,
Hormisdas Bernèche, Masson,	Isidore Jaudoin,
	Joseph Jaudoin, marchand,
Joachim Lafrance,	
Jules Pichette,	Calixe Rouleau, charretier,
Gossien Blais,	
Louis Groulx,	Arsène Lasule,
Jules Doucet,	F Xavier Rouleau,
Dolphin Fortier,	Narcisse Carpentier,
Jean Reginbal,	François Lalonde,
J Bte Brancho,	Honoré Doré,
Pierre Champagne, fils,	William Timmens, marchand,
Joseph Papin, Père,	Marcelin Larose, merchand,
Joseph Groulx,	
Charles Menard,	François Vachon, boulanger,
Joseph Verbonocœur, Masson,	Joseph Larose, boucher,
Louis Corbeil,	
Chrs B F Piché,	Augustin Papin, Père,
Etienne Prudhomme,	Alfred Lane,
Barnabé D'Arpentigni	Octave Latour,
H Gravel, Conseiller,	Gustave Chevrier,
Etienne Delorier,	Louis Barrette,
Evangeliste Roy,	Joseph Larose,
Etienne Béseth,	J Bte Larose,
Alfred Derouin,	Pierre Bonneville,
Godfroid Cayé,	Louis Charette,
Louis Goulet,	Antoine Charette,
Bélonie Alard,	Joseph Derouin,
Magloire Dumontier,	Adolphe Derouin,
Narcisse Dusault,	André Plouff,
Isaie Dazé,	Norbert Noir, fils,
Michel Dieaire, S R,	Alfred St Louis,
Michel Dicaine, Sr,	J Bte Derouin,
A L G Dumoutier,	Jacques Goyette,
Edouard Duquet,	Napoleon Moreau,
Bernabé Darpentigny,	Désiré Bastarache,
Michel Navion,	Martin Butler,
Ludger Navion,	H Labelle, hotellier,
Joseph Duquette,	Cyphrien Ouellette,
CharlesHynds,	George Thomas,
Pierre Racine, ouvrier,	Louis Dussault,
	Timothe Roy
J Bte Sayen, Père,	Joseph Roy,
J Bte Sayen, fils,	A L Dumontier,
Alexandre Sayen,	Eustache Simon, marchand,
Néré Rochon, ouvrier,	
Telesphore Rochon, Hotellier,	André Sabourin,
	Grégoire Belanger,
François Ranger,	George Duguay,
Nasaire Guilmette,	Xavier Patenaude,
Jean Bte Dorion,	Théophile Beaudin,
Emanuel Dorion,	J B Bessete,
Jean Bte Chenier,	Théophile Laure,
Edmond Bertrand,	Gédéon Loyer,
Michel Hotte,	E Richer Sr.,
François Counal,	E Richer Jr,
Paschal Ouilette,	Alphonse Roy,
Fabien Soulière,	Joseph Roy,
Joseph Gosselin,	Octave Dubuc,
Pierre Sauvé,	Edouard Renaud,
François Galarneau,	Narcisse Mirault,
François Chatelle,	Narcisse Fréchette,
Pierre St Martin,	Joseph Papin,
Thomas Proulx,	John McDonald,
Bernabé Sabourin,	Treffile Laliberté,
Ignace Renaud,	Napoleon Therien,
Sévère Chatellad,	Camille Chenevert,
G Bonbardin,	Victor Levesque,
Honoré Labelle,	Octave Levesque,
Amédée Sabourin,	Alexander Taylor,
Hercule Verbonocœur	Moise Galipeau,
Magloire Carrière,	John Thibert,
Thomas Lynard,	Chs Auger,
Charles Fournelle,	Joseph Buissiere,
Adélane Verbonocœur	Joseph Marion,
François Goulet,	Candide Pilon,
Samuel Pelerin,	Chas Goyette,
Telesp Sauvaugeau,	Francois Gendron,
Ambroise Roy,	Noe Perrier,
I L Jacko,	Severin Lachapelle,
Alexi[illegible]té,	Narcisse Brossard,
Alfred [illegible]óté,	Joseph Mulerin,
Louis Gaumd,	Eustache Rochon,
Norbert Plante,	Magloire Landry sr,
Calixte Viau,	Magloire Landry jr,
François Brosseau,	Jean Bte Castonguay
Elie Bourgeois,	Frs Larose,
J Bte Lebris,	Felix Dault,
Felix Cardinal,	Maxime Hébert,
Erneste Duchesne,	F E Fortin,
David Lamotte,	Henri Guertin,
Pierre Durocher,	O Messier,
Jean B Lacasse,	John Broadhead,
Louis Roi,	Wm Sayer,
Hyacinthe Madore,	Moise Daigneau,
Mar Larose,	Alphonse Richard,
Elie Labelle,	Hilaire Mathias,
Joseph Carrière,	Gustave Chevrier,
Augustin Larose,	Godefroi Latreille,
Joseph Venance,	Mathias Rousson,
Joseph Franche,	Nap Lacasse,
François Sauriole,	Wm Anderson,
Mizaël Pariseau,	Aimée Jodouin,
Jean Bte Séguin,	T Raymond,
George Grenier,	Aimée Monfils,
George Latrimouille,	J Bte Lafontaine,
Victor Bourgeois,	Louis Desmarais,
Joseph Riopelle,	Basil St Louis,
Joseph Lefebvre,	Wilfred Bissonnette,
Isaïe Fleury,	Chs Denommés,
Nérée Rochon,	Jos Charbonneau,
Jean Bte Séguin jr,	Alexandre Morin,
Joseph Séguin,	Geo Ardi
Pierre Vallée,	Capt John A Boult,
Joseph Pelchat,	Jno Bte Dupuis,
Olivier Paré,	Louis Fortin,
Joseph Lécuyer,	Thos Mousseau
Joachin Lafontaine	Jeremie Bergeron,
Adolph Vilneuve,	Pierre Matte,
Olivier Charette,	Gabriel Lauzier,
Joseph Moreau, conseillers	Baptiste Lauzier
E. S. Boncheaul,	J Bte Desjardin,
Joseph Daoust	Mag Charbonneau,
D. Derouin,	Prosper Oliver,
Amable Beaudry, Jr.	Maxime Chartier.
Amable Baudry, Sr.	Xavier Peaudevins,
Louis Cyr.	Alexandre Dupras,
Joseph Dion,	Oliver Vilneuve,
J. Bte. Audette.	Joseph Charboneau,
Jerimie Charon,	Louis Bertrand,
Théophile Vieau,	Joseph Beaubien,
Amable Martel,	Jean Charette,
F. X. Laurin, Jr.	Felix Tetu,
Pascal Cyr.	Edouard St Germain,
Charles Cyr.	Napoleon Bertrand,
Pierre Posée,	Antoine Lafontaine,
Alfred Osburn,	Octave Lamanche,
Felix Pepin, Jr.	Francois Lacloches,
Jermie Hurtubise.	Richard Kelly,
Thomas Homes,	F X Girard, Maire,
Eustache Hebert, Jr.	Conseilliers,
Eustache Hebert, Sr.	John Prudhomme,
Arsene Hebert,	Salem Charette, Buckingham,
France Lagasse,	
Joseph Charon,	Peter Barret,
Julien Decarie Jr.	EustacheGradmaison, Buckingham,
Julien Decarie Sr.	
Antoine Dore,	Louis Lecuyer,
Julien Decarie,	Oné Constantineau,
Grégoire Matte,	Maxime Hamelin,
Francois Aubry,	Joseph Laurin,
Francois Nadon,	Eusebe Lafontaine,
Isid. Constantineau,	Felix Charon,
J Bte Bresetts, Jr,	Honoré Lafontaine,
J Bte Bresetts, Sr,	Narcise Roy,
Joseph Pilon Jr.	Louis Jolicoeur,
Joseph Campeau Jr,	J Bte Brunette,
Eusebe Campeau,	Narcise Roy, Père,
Augustin Campeau,	J Bte Hout, Père,
J Bte Descarie,	J Bte Hout, fils,
Louis Cousineau,	Joseph Lafontaine, Père,
J N Rousel, N P	
Salem Charette,	Seraphin Belanger,
Moise Charon,	François Belanger,
Napoleon Belanger,	Michael Padden,
Elie Belanger,	Louis Cousineau,
Gilbert Lachapelle,	J Bte Benoit,
Joseph Hurtubise,	Celestin Belanger,
Hypolite Jascon,	J Bte Loucire,
Isaac Lepin,	Moise Galipeau,
Joachim Lafontaine,	Emanuel Dufresne,
Antoine Lafontaine,	Alexandre Charon,
Octave Lamarche,	Hyacinthe Amour,
Jules Belanger,	Guillaume Nantel,
Julliare Marenger,	Louis Lécuyer, Père,
Louis Lafontaine,	Estor St François,
S Moreau Marchand,	Narcise Roy, Père,
Joseph Lafontaine, J. P.	Narcise Roy, fils,
Pierre Charette,	Antoine Gareau, Père,
Narcisse Matte,	Antoine Gareau, fils,
D Derouin,	François Brunette,
Joseph Galipeau,	Damasse Charon,
Louis Paturin,	Trefflé Hornier,
Nap Constantineau,	J Bte Lequelt,
Maxime Bélan, Sr,	Eusèbe St Jean,
Joseph Charon,	Louis Bélanger,
Joseph St. Jacques,	J Bte Legance, Père

REPLY.

To the Rev. Fathers Reboul, Beaudin, Messrs. Ruggles Wright, F. X. Bouvier, and others, and to all the Electors of the County of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—After reading the above requisition, signed, as it is, by such a large number of the most influential electors of the County, I deem it a duty to accede to your request, acknowledging, therefore, the high honor conferred upon me by your invitation, I beg leave to inform you that I will present myself at the coming elections as candidate for the representation of the rich and important County of Ottawa.

After a five years connection with the press, and a long and careful study of the politics of this country, I beg to tender to this County and the Province in general, the benefit of my experience and the result of my labors.

If elected, I pledge myself to give my cordial support to all measures, which, in my humble opinion, I will consider necessary or useful to this Province and to this County in particular—nevertheless I may state here that in politics my principles and views have always been liberal, and progressive, and are Conservative. Agriculture, commerce, and education, are three questions which will be objects of my most earnest and careful consideration, as I regard them as indispensable and essential, alike to the welfare, prosperity and growth of a nation.

I will endeavor to promote and protect the lumber trade, more especially in the interests of this county, as I consider that trade to be not only one of the greatest sources of wealth in this country, but also as a principal means of extending considerably the limits of colonization.

I will do all in my power to encourage colonization by giving my support to and adopting the most efficient and effectual means of encouraging emigration to these parts of the country which are yet unsettled—by obtaining from the Government for that object, liberal grants for the opening of roads and the construction of bridges, and especially by exercising scrupulous justice and fairness in the distribution of the different sums of money which may be voted for that purpose.

I will also endeavor to encourage the opening out and the working of the immense mineral resources of this country, by calling the attention of capitalists, and if I succeed in that object, the Government, the capitalist, the laborer will alike profit by it.

In the distribution of the public offices of this country I will endeavor to show more liberality, justice, and impartiality than has been heretofore manifested. I will recommend the appointment of men worthy in every respect to fill these offices to the satisfaction of all parties concerned. I will be careful not to leave indefinitely vacant any office which by its importance to the county ought to be filled up at once.

I shall endeavor on every occasion, to exhibit a liberal spirit towards all. I hold in contempt those who take a hole and corner view, or what is worse, regard with an eye of personal greed questions of grave importance to the country at large, as has been done in the past; yet I believe in the advantage to a county of great extent such as this of having as its representative a person residing in as central a place as possible. Such as Hull, for instance.

I well recognize the absurdity of raising national "cries" in political matters; nevertheless, without attempting anything of the kind, I must say that in the Quebec Parliament, composed almost exclusively of French Canadians, it is to the advantage of almost any county in the Province, to select a French Canadian as its representative, as he finds himself among those of his own race and language, and is enabled to address them with greater facility than one of another origin.

To conclude, gentlemen, if elected, I shall exert my best energies to promote the progress of the Province, and particularly of this county. I shall ever be happy and grateful to my fellow-citizens for their advice, and, I shall devote myself with all my heart to the duties of the responsible position you shall have conferred on me. Meanwhile,

I remain,
Gentlemen,
Your humble servant,
CHARLES LEDUC.

NEW CARPETS.

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Invite attention to the arrival of

NEW CARPETS.

to assort their STOCK, reduced by HEAVY SALES in this department.

The above have been selected with due regard to prevailing styles, permanency of color, and are GOOD VALUE, at prices marked.

They have on hand a large assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

In a great variety of fabrics, MUSLINS AND PRINTS in LATEST STYLES, and cheap.

Great Bargains in

LACE SHAWLS,

From $1.50 to $40 Each,

Prices *Reduced One-Third*,

A special line of SILK JACKETS selling *greatly Reduced Prices.*

A full assortment of MOURNING GOODS always in Stock.

N. B.—Fancy Linen and Cotton Shirtings on hand for the Summer Trade, SHIRTS made to MEASURE and GUARANTEED TO FIT. GENTLEMEN will find it to their COMFORT and ADVANTAGE to bear this in mind.

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN

[SUCCESSORS TO
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.]

No. 20 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 12, 1871.

DRY GOODS

—AT—

RETAIL.

SUMMER FASHIONS

SHOWING THIS DAY,

—AT—

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,
Beautiful Bonnets,
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets
Splendid Lace Shawls.

Also in Immense Variety,

Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques,
Horrockses, Millar & Co., Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
King's best Window Hollands,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c.,

SPECIAL LINES.

Linen Percale's and Lawns, for Seaside Wear.
Walking Stick Parachutes " " "
Paragon Frame-Parasols and Umbrellas,—
Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makes.
Coventry Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and M[illegible] Trimmings, in great variety.

EXTRAORDINARY.

☞ 43 Patterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
3 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces.
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

FRESH! FRESH! FRESH!

SALMON.

The first of the Season just received, at MOSES LAPOINTE'S, Fish Dealer, Lower Town Market.

N. B.—All kinds of Lake, River, and Sea Fish, always on hand

Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685 1

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL.

The most beautiful site in the neighbourhood of the Capital, and the most pleasant and convenient place about Ottawa, for Pic Nics, &c.

A large covered Platform, raised eight feet from the ground, and capable of accommodating 4,000 persons, is admirably suited for Dancing, for Dramatic Soirees, and such like entertainments.

The Refreshments and Liquors to be had on the grounds are of the best quality.

Pleasure parties could not find a more comfortable and pleasant place to enjoy themselves.

At night the Gardens are well illuminated. Once properly known they will be regarded as indispensable during the summer season. There will be a Dancing school in the Gardens every THURSDAY night, except when occupied by a Picnic.

Hull, June 7, 1871 1685 2m

FESTIVAL OF

ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST.

GRAND CONCERT

—AND—

DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE

—AT THE—

CANADIAN INSTITUTE,

ON MONDAY, 26th JUNE, 1871.

Admission..........................25cts.
Tickets for Reserved Seats..........40cts.

To be had at the Institute, where a diagram of the Seats can be seen from and after this day (THURSDAY) until SUNDAY,

The Directors,
LE CHEVALIER SMITH,
A. LAPERRIERE.

Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686td

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34, SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

In their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good election,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

☞ Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,
NEW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS
Departments

THE SALVAGE GOODS,

Amounting to Over $7,500,

SAVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared out at prices which will be sure to command a sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low price goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,
PORTER'S BLOCK,
34 SPARKS STREET

Ottawa, March 30, 1871 1628y

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY,

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..			$5 00
20lbs	"	" ..	9 00
10lbs	"	month	1 50
20lbs	"	"	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance. ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorens, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER.

N. B.—Ice supplied by the ton or cwt.

Ottawa, April [illegible]

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE.

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,	Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)	Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,	Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,	Cheese, Hams and Bacon
Old Tom and Holland Gin,	

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 RIDEAU STREET.

☞ OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you.

1634 3m

The Tea Pot,

RIDEAU STREET.

Try John Hill's Teas and Coffees.

Try JOHN HILL'S Teas and Coffees, and you'll find
That they are of a most superior kind.
The various samples, when you fairly test,
You'll find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who each day procure
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

The following TEAS and COFFEES have been received within the last few days, and as they are FRESH and (NEW SEASON) can be recommended, the flavor being equal to any Teas ever imported into Canada:

FINEST JAPAN TEA (The very best that can be produced)
EXCELLENT KAISOW CONGOU TEA (Something extra),
CHOICE YOUNG HYSON TEA,
VERY SUPERIOR BLACK TEA (True Souchong) in Catties of 10½lbs each,
VERY FINEST GUNPOWDER TEA (Something extra),
EXTRA SCENTED ORANGE PEKOE.

☞ PURE JAPAN TEA, 60 cts. per lb., or 5 lbs. of the same article for $2.75.

GOOD SOUND TWANKAY TEA, 5 lbs. for $2.00.

☞ *The Finest Ground Coffee to be obtained in this country, consisting of Pure Mountain Berry, Mocha, Java, Old Government Java and Plantation.*

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities. and at Low Prices

GIN—
J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 78259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given, which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1675tf

TENDERS FOR LIGHT HOUSES.

TENDERS will be received at this Department, at Ottawa, up to Noon of WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of JUNE, Instant, for the construction of TWO LIGHT HOUSES on the River Ottawa, one to be erected near Point A, L'Orignal, in the County of Prescott, and the other on the opposite Bank, about Eight miles further up the River, in the Township of Grenville, County of Argenteuil.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the Department, at Ottawa, where forms of Tender can also be obtained by intending Contractors.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 7th June, 1871 1688 3

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Du Moine Slide, will be received at this office until FRIDAY the 30th inst., at noon, for the construction of a Slide at High Falls on the Du Moine River.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of the Ottawa River Works, where printed forms of Tender and other information can be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 10th June, 1871. 1690 3

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and
Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under shirts,
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving your orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Side-Wheel Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.: thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE, Manager.
HERRICK & CROMBIE. Agents, No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871 2670tf

ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING —AND— RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*.....	Captain Findlay.
" *Emerald*......	" Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*....	" Murphy.
" *Alliance*........	" Blondin.
" *Oregon*.........	" Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*......	"
Jason Gould.....	" Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*.	" Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*.......	" Duggan.
Pontiac.........	" D. Mulligan
Keppawe.........	" B J Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Capitaine.

Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning—Leaving Chapeau same day at 1 o'clock, p.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2 30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA, CAPT. BOWIE,
PRINCE OF WALES, CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY," CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.
R W SHEPHERD.
April 25, 1871.

CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS ACT OF 1871.

ELECTION PETITION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

Take notice that the above Petition will be tried at the COURT HOUSE, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the Sixteenth day of JUNE, A.D. 1871, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, and on such other subsequent days as may be needful. The said City of Ottawa having been appointed by the Court of Queen's Bench, for the place of trial of the said Election Petition, by rule of the said Court.

Dated the 27th day of May, A.D. 1871.
By order,
ROBERT G. DALTON.
Clerk of the Crown of the Court of Queen's Benc
May 30, 1871 1679tf

MONEY TO LEND ON REAL ESTATE,
From $400 to any amount, on approved security
TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.
James Bailiff, Agent,
TIMES OFFICE.

ENGLISH GOODS!!! RECEIVED AT THE "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 Sussex street.

RIZE WATER FILTERS, from $2.25 upwards, of Earthenware and White China. (They purify the most impure water—*Medical Gazette.*)

ENGLISH BEDSTEADS, all wrought Iron,
Do CHILDRENS COTS, do do
Very fine patterns, quite new and cheap.

For Hospitals and Sick Rooms:
ENGLISH ENAMELLED CHAMBERS.
Do., do., BED PANS.
ENGLISH GARDEN CHAIRS,
Do., do., SETTEES, (to arrive.)
Do, CROQUET LAWN BORDERING
REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, and BATHS, STOVES new and improved patterns.

R. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, May 30, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,
WELLINGTON STREET,
OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.
Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S CELEBRATED OINTMENT, CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by
BEACH AND BARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.
May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS, *METCALFE-ST.*, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy!
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Burgundy Ports,
Domecqs and GreekSherry,
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.

Bass', Guinnes's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.
Liberal terms.
Inspection invited.
K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building,
11 Metcalfe street.
Ottawa, May 16, 1871

1871. ICE! 1871.
ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

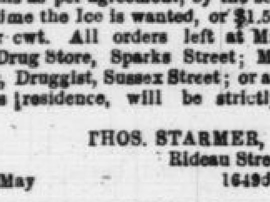
Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, May 1649d

JUST RECEIVED, —AT— HAUSER'S RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,

That splendid new Magazine,

THE WEDDING BELLS.
—ALSO—
BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL
FOR MARCH AND APRIL.
Ottawa, April 19. 1871



DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE.

NOTICE TO FORWARDERS AND OTHERS.

LET PASSES, through to Lake Champlain, will be issued to Vessels, Barges, &c., by the Collector of Canal Tolls, Ottawa, on payment of Tolls.

LET PASSES will also be issued by the Collector of Canal Tolls, at Montreal, and at St. Johns, through to Ottawa, or to Ottawa Basin, on payment of Tolls.

A. BRUNEL, Commissioner.
Ottawa, May 31, 1871. 1680a

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY, —AND— AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD, Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED **BUCKEYE MOWER** —AND— SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871.

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.
HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.
TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.
Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD, Smith's Falls, Ontario.
June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deif Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Meta Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.
Ottawa, August 10. 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c, &c &c. together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.
Ottawa, No 18, 1870

SELLING OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
WINE MERCHANT,
Elgin Street,

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

A few good Fowls for sale.
J. HERBERT,
N on-st., West
near Richmond Road, Ottawa.
April 26, 1871

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M	CLOSE. P.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
— —	12 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8,00	....	4.20
. ...	12 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	....	4.20
....	....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8,00	....	6.00
....	....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.05	....	6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	....	4.20
10.15	12.45	....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St.L. & O.R.	8,00	....	4.20
....	10.15	....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	....	4.20
10.15	....	....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	....	....	4.20
9.20	2.00	1.10	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	....	3.00
9.20	....	....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	....	....	3 00
10:30 7 00	....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage; Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	8.00	11,00	7.00
6.15	....	....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	....	....	7 00
10.00	....	....	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	....	....
6.00	....	....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	....	....	6 00
11.50	....	....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	....	....

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

Post Office, Ottawa, June 7, 1871
G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

TESTIMONIAL —TO THE— HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD, K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa
The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz.: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,
(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Now last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Busines.

Claims Paid for Assurances....	£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid.	2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of....	6,570,000.00
Annual Income...............	1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions* of *Policies.*

The *Non-Forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW, Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal
J.& W. T. Pennock, Agents, Ottawa.
March 13, 1871 168a

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND LIFE

Continues to take risks on every description of property—including Wooden House—at similar rates with other first-class Companies.

LIFE

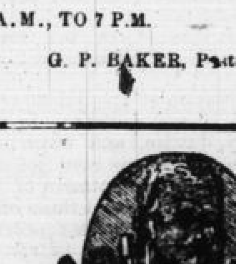
An inspection of its late Tables is invited.
T M CLARK, Agent,
Elgin-st., near Sparks.
Ottawa, April 12, 1871 1638 1

THE METROPOLITAN Building and Savings Society

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to
JAMES COX, Secretary-Treasurer.
Ottawa 19th December, 1870. 1549tf171



0 Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:
MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869.
A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P,
Warden County of Hastings Province of Ontario. D Canada.

THE EAGLE STEAM BAKERY, AND CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT IS THE BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your orders are solicited
AND WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO BY
DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,
Nos. 36 and 38, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS, —AND— DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT, RIDEAU STREET, ESTABLISHED 1866.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-shote Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE, Travelling Agent.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN, IN MONTREAL,

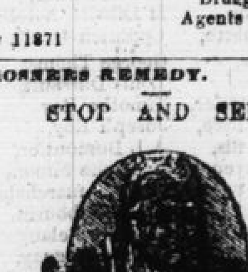
Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month,
Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1604

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S ARABIAN OIL FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeny, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Wit-lows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Drggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont. Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.
November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of disatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.
November 30, 1870 1527y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT
OTTAWA, 3rd June, 1871.

Authorized discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner o Customs.
Ottawa, June 3, 1871

Medical.

MESS. GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY MESS. GABRIEL. DENTISTS LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Agents for Ottawa,
May 1 1871

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W. MCKAY WRIGHT. F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 48utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treament of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fetherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST, *Sparks Street.* OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or Laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,* Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. E. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Reed's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., register-on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.
T. G. COURSOLLES,
November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS, ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies Accounts accurately prepared. Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa Feb 29 1871. 1595 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.
Montreal, March 871 3m

W... OTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

8 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed.

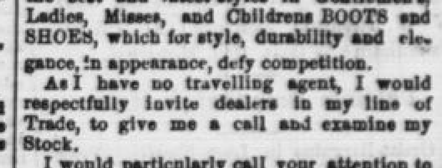
Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8 30 a m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz.:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pulmar Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL, AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY, SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON have ing purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables, and their Liquors are of the best quality.

Good Stabling on the premises.
DEMPSY & CAMERON.
Ottawa, May 31, 1871 168 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.
GEORGE DU BERGER, Proprietor.
May 31, 1871. 1680tf

T. BELLEMARE. Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer No. 67 Sussex-st. OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.
Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m

F. WILLIAMS, PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET, Near Division Court Office.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1666tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN —AND— FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks-st
Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX. GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON, ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel.
Strict attention to business.
Good Wines and Liquors warranted.
Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1596

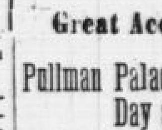
$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.
J. A. GEMMILL, Solicitor &c.
Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.
Ottawa, Feb. 21, 187 159

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 36 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa JAMES BAKER, Managing Director.

VOL.

For Sale

TO L... (2) T... moderat... street.
Posse-sion given 20th...
Enquire at 60 Sparks...

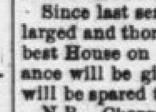


HOU... th... Baldwin... comfort... Wood, now finishing. month.
Apply to T. M. ...
Ottawa, May 4, 1871

TO LET.
A portion of the ROO... by the YOUNG MEN'S ... corner of Sparks and El... Block.)
Apply for terms, &c., ...
Ottawa, April 7, 1871

TO LET OR SELL
ONE FIRST CLASS ... Daly street. Possession, ... For particulars, apply ...
Ottawa, Feb. 16, 1871

TO LET,
A COUNTRY RESIDEN... teen apartments with fiv... ed, or more if required, sit... City, on the Montreal Ma... Also the Shop at present o... McKAY, Rideau street. For particulars apply ... WI...
Ottawa, Feb. 16,



WAN... A Com... HOUSE, on the west e... Richmond Road prefer... ceed $300 per annum, ... dress D., post paid, O... quired by 15th June.
Ottawa, May 30, 1871

IMPORTANT NOTI...

PROF. HE... NEWLY-DIS... VERMIN DE...

Which is kn... Far Superior to anyth... cover...
For killing Rats, Mice, ... Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, ... on Dogs, Bilgs and inse... in Furs, Tick Scab on ... on Cattle, &c., in les... Sold in Packets—25 c... Packets for One Dollar, ... The Powder is warran... smell, and will keep in a... be spread anywhere with... harmless to Cats or Dog... eat it.
Directions for use ...
MANUFACTORY—Gravel ... City of London, Englan...
The above discovery ... fessor Harman a Silver ... Inter-Colonial Exhibitio... tralia, of 1866 besides nu... *Agents for Ottawa*—Josep... Wellington-st.; John H... st.; Slocombe & Steven... Loaf, corner of Cumbe... Edinburgh J. W. Procto... Mr. N. E. Cormier; the ... the Canadian Provinces, ... No. 1 Western Buildings...
May 22, 1871

OTTAWA BRASS ...
THEODORE F...
BRASSFOUNDER, P... FITTER...
RIDEAU-ST., O...
Manufacturer an...
STEAM, WATER and ... TINGS, BEER and ... and GARDEN ...
Plumbers, Gasfitters a... Locksmith's Furnishing... Pipes and Fittings, Bras... in Tubes, Sheets, Wire a... Strap Tin, Solder, Galv... Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES... Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, ... Bedsteads, Galvanized Ti...
The Trade supplie...
Mr. F. calls particular at... WELL PUMPS (new co... ed not to freeze or to go o... lift Water any height.
Ottawa, May 5, 1871

WILD LANDS FOR S...
On advantageous ...
CANADA IRON ... MANUFACTURIN...
In Templeton
In Eardley
In Hull,
Total, Apply to P. S. BO... 10 G...
Or H. J. COLE... Iron...
Ottawa, May 11, 1871,

ENGLISH OAK TA...
LEATHER BELTIN...
FINE ENGLIS...
LACE LEA...
Warranted Superior to an... vince.
Price Lists, with refere... to JOHN C... 24...
P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, M... 11, 1871

MARE ... ST...
Strayed from Pastur... about six weeks ago, a ... good height, and long bu... ed thus: Three white fe... one fore, and a little wh... head, with a few small s... white. She is knee spru... hoof on the left foot ... also wicked.
Any person giving ... will lead to the recov... SAMUEL HUDSON, Ch... BOOTH'S Store, Chaudi... Chandiere, June 7, 187...

READING, ELOCU...
WRITING, COM...
MRS. ROBERT STE... to give Lessons in these... vately or in Classes, on ... Apply to MRS. ...
N.B.—Manuscript co...
Ottawa, May 18. 1871

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1692. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JUNE 15, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.
Possession given 20th May.
Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere, near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.
Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET.

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)
Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.
Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY
For particulars, apply to
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26 Rideau street.
Ottawa, Feb, 16, 1871.

TO LET.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of landed, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road.
Also the shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.
For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Ottawa, Feb, 16, 692tf

WANTED TO RENT.

A Comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, on the west end. Neighborhood of Richmond Road preferred. Rent not to exceed $300 per annum, including taxes. Address D., post paid, Ottawa. Possession required by 15th June.
Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1679 3

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S
NEWLY-DISCOVERED
VERMIN DESTROYER,
Which is known to be
Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered
For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Bites and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Ticks Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.
Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for a Dollar, 25cts.
The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cattle or Dogs, as they will not eat it.
Directions for use on each Packet.
MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England.
The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.
Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,
May 23, 1871 1671 1y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,
THEODORE FRIEDRICK,
BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,
RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.
Manufacturer and Dealer in
STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.
Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.
The Trade supplied at Montreal prices
Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.
Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 3m

WILD LANDS
FOR SALE,
On advantageous terms, by the
CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

In Templeton	190 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull,	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED
LEATHER BELTING,
FINE ENGLISH HOSE,
LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,
Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.
Price Lists, with references, on application to
JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.
P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871. 1613y

MARE ST.

Strayed from Pasture, Richmond Road, about six weeks ago, a Dark Brown MARE, good height, and long build. She was marked thus: Three white feet, the two hind and one fore, and a little white star on the forehead, with a few small spots above her nose, white. She is knee sprung slightly, and the hoof on the left foot split a little; she is also wicked.
Any person giving such information (as will lead to the recovery of the Mare) to SAMUEL HUDSON, Chaudiere Depot, or at BOOTH'S Store, Chaudiere, will be rewarded.
Chaudiere, June 7, 1871 1685a

READING, ELOCUTION,
WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.
MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.
Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa.
N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18, 1871. 1669tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,
ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,
The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises
STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.
And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.
Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*
McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street,
Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,
OF BROCKVILLE,
Who will continue the Business in the same premises, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 Rideau Street.
OTTAWA, June 2, 1871.

In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.
T. R. SHEFFIELD,
OTTAWA, June 2, 1871. 1681 2m

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,
NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,
FURTHER REDUCTIONS!
We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will suit those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.
The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.
From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves
Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:
Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

CLOTHING HALL!

New Store.

J. M. GOULDEN

Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at
No. 100 Sussex Street,
NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,
A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of
DRY GOODS
—AND—
READY MADE CLOTHING.
Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.
Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.
Do not Forget the Place
No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,
Next Door to F. McDougall & Co.
The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened
NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,
We are can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colored Stoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,
To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.
There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.
The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.
COME ONE! COME ALL!!
—TO—
N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA, April 28, 1871 1653 3m

ALBION HOTEL,

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,
Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1685 3m

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

Dufresne & McGarity,

—SUCCESSORS—
MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.
Sussex Street, OTTAWA. 221 Notre Dame St. MONTREAL.

The Undersigned have much pleasure in stating to their Customers and the Trade in general, that they have disposed of the RETAIL BUSINESS, *which they heretofore carried on in connection with their Wholesale Trade; and it is now their intention to devote themselves exclusively to the*
Wholesale Grocery, Wine and Provision Business.
To enable them to do so efficiently, they have secured the premises next door to their present stand, (formerly occupied by Messrs. Fingland & Draper, as a Dry Goods Store,) and connected the two buildings by an arch,—now making ONE OF THE FINEST WHOLESALE HOUSES IN THE PROVINCE.
They have secured Agencies for several of the first WINE HOUSES *in Europe; and are also Agents for* Messrs. GOODERHAM & WORTS, *Distillers of Toronto,—and they can safely say that Messrs. G. & W. make the finest Spirits in the Dominion.*
The trade supplied with all of the undermentioned ALES, either in Wood or Bottle, at Brewers prices.
Dow & Co's, Montreal, Pale and Mild Ales and Porter,
Cosgrove's, Toronto, " " "
Labatt's, Prescott, " " "
Dawes', Lachine, " " "
GUINNESS STOUT and ENGLISH ALES always on hand and in fine condition.
There is now on the way out from China and Japan, 2,000 Chests of Fresh Teas, *which, with all other Goods, will be sold at* MONTREAL PRICES.
Goods will be delivered at Steamboat and Railway Stations free of charge. All empty packages charged in accounts will be taken back and allowed for, and those prefering to have their Goods shipped from the Montreal House, can have that privilege by leaving their orders at the office here.
The OTTAWA ESTABLISHMENT will be under the special management of MR. MCGARITY, *who will give his exclusive attention to the wants of his customers.*
Thanking you for the liberal patronage with which we have been so kindly favored, and soliciting an early call.
We remain, yours truly,
Dufresne & McGarity,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
"The Tea Pot,"
SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.
OTTAWA, April 19, 1871 1645 2m

MESSRS.
SATCHELL BROS
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to
MEAT,
Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,110 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their
STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,
LOWER TOWN MARKET,
On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

McGill University, Montreal,

SESSION 1871-72.
THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—
FACULTY OF ARTS.....September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE....October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW.....October 3rd.
The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.
The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.
In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered
First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Second Year, 4 Exhibitions. 3 of $125; 1 of $100
Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.
The Calendar containing details of all above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.
W. C. BAYNES,
Secretary.
May 31, 1871 1689 2awk 2m

HATS HATS, HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS
The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of
HATS AND CAPS
Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.
JAMES PEACOCK,
Remember the place
33 Rideau Street.
OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND
Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

DOMINION HOUSE,
CORNER OF
SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,
OTTAWA.
The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley
WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House,
Late Grand River Hotel,
Ottawa, May 18, 1871. 1665 6m

NO MORE BUGS!
WROUGHT IRON BEDSTEADS,
just Received Direct from ENGLAND.
Another lot of these celebrated BEDSTEADS handsomely painted and ornamented, and cheaper than any Bedstead sold in this city, there is no danger of breaking off the legs, as there always is with the ordinary ones sold, which are made of Cast Iron. Ask for the
ENGLISH WROUGHT IRON
BEDSTEADS.
Also to arrive this week,
CHILDRENS COTS!!!
Same make as the above, at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA.
GEO. H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, June 14, 1871

GARDEN
—AND—
FLOWER SEEDS.
R. HIGMAN,
CHEMIST, &c.,
SPARKS ST,
Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.
He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.
Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.
Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.
Ottawa, May 1, 1871

G. A. SHELDON,
HATTER AND FURRIER,
Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive
HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT
In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.
G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.
A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1665 2m

NOTICE.

CUSTOM'S DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 19th May, 1871.

Referring to the notice of 5th inst., of articles transferred by Order in Council, to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, it is decided that the term "Annatto" therein mentioned means "Annatto" in either a liquid or a solid condition.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.
Ottawa, May 27, 1871 1678 3

TO CONTRACTORS,

Tenders will be received until Noon of FRIDAY, the Sixteenth day of JUNE Instant, for the erection and completion of a BUILDING on the corner of Rideau and Sussex streets, according to plans and specifications, to be seen at the office of the Proprietor, D. O'CONNOR, Esq., in Aumond's Buildings. The lowest nor any tender not necessarily accepted.
Ottawa, June 9, 1871 1688a

JOHN MACDONALD & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND GENERAL AGENTS,
OTTAWA CITY.
Personal attention will be given to the Sale of Real Estate by Auction or Private Sale, and on very favorable terms. Auctions of Furniture and all out-Door Sales will receive careful attention.
Ottawa, June 12, 1871 1689 3

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.
In politics I am Conservative.
As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.
In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion.
There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz.: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim.
In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.
In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.
I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in its large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.
I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly, our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.
I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH.
Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1668tf

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the Principal Money and Interest secured by a certain Mortgage, and bearing date the Eighteenth Day of AUGUST, A.D. 1869, and made between JOHN HARKNESS, of the Township of Gloucester, yeoman, of the first part, ANN JANE HARKNESS, his wife of the second part, and ROBERT MOSGROVE, of the City of Ottawa, Esquire, of the third part of all and, and singular that certain parcel or tract of lands and premises situate, lying and being in the township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of a part of West half of the rear or southerly part of lot number twenty-six, in the first concession, Ottawa front, of the said township of Gloucester, and may be described as sub lots fourteen and fifteen of the sub-division of the said part of said lot, number twenty-six, as shewn and laid down on a plan drawn by H. O. WOOD, P.L.S., of said part of said lot, number twenty-six, and bearing date the Sixth Day of JULY, A.D., 1869, and Registered in the Registry Office for the County of Carleton, on THURSDAY, the 29th day of July, A.D. 1869, said sub lots containing by admeasurement six acres be the same more or less.
The said lands and premises will in pursuance of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, be offered for sale at PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Law Office of Messrs. MOSGROVE & TAILLON, in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the Nineteenth Day of JUNE next, (A.D. 1871), at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon.
Terms and conditions to be made known at the time of Sale.
Vendor will covenant against his own acts only. All conveyances, searches, abstracts, &c., to be had at the purchasers expense.
MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Vendor's Solicitors.
Ottawa, May 18, 1871. 1666d3wtd

DR. DARWIN—A LONDON BALLAD

Oh, Doctor Darwin, he's the man
To tell us how the world began;
You may believe him if you can,
Sing, oh, for Doctor Darwin,
Now, peers, to Herald's College throng,
To learn to whom they all belong,
For all their quarterings are wrong,
According to Doctor Darwin.
Hokey, pokey, monkey fun,
Wonders never will have done,
Huxley and Lubbock, and everyone,
Supporting Doctor Darwin.

Some trace their pedigree so far,
With Garter, Coronet and Star,
Yet no one knows how old they are,
According to Doctor Darwin.
The Howards and Gowers, and all that lot,
Were born to be, I know not what;
But whence they came, at last we've got,
According to Doctor Darwin.

It's true that all these aristocrats
May bill and coo likeava-de vats,
And yet they come from water rats,
According to Doctor Darwin.
The fish on shore and out at sea
Related are to you and me—
Think of that when you've shrimps for tea,
According to Doctor Darwin.

To think a baby that has gone
Through every phase before it was born,
Should end in becoming the Marquis of Lorne,
According to Doctor Darwin.
If ever since the world began
We rise by perconcerted plan,
Why call it the descent of man?
According to Doctor Darwin.

And as the races intermix,
You can't be certain about the chicks;
Why can't you graft on briar sticks,
According to Doctor Darwin?
If marriage be arranged above,
And crow be wedded to a dove,
It shows how we get crossed in love,
According to Doctor Darwin.

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER X.

IN COURT.

(*Continued.*)

For the first moment he was confused. They had brought him to the place of trial through that underground passage, now disused, which formerly led beneath Buccleugh Street, from the old jail, into the dock of the old court-house; and coming in an instant from the darkness into the light—from the quiet of his cell into the midst of a hall crowded to suffocation, the scene swam before him. As through a mist he beheld judges and counsel—officials and spectators. Like something very far away, he heard the murmer and the rustle caused by his appearance—vaguely he tried to make a clutch at his own individuality, and to grasp the fact that it was he—Andrew Hardiell—he, and no other, who stood among all those people, about to be tried for his life. For a moment it was all vague and shadowy—he felt like one who sees some terrible vision in a dream, and is appaled by it—though all the time he knows what frightens him is but a dream.

Standing there, with every eye in the court set upon him, he felt as if he were being swing a long way out into space—out as far as he could go, while his heart seemed to stop beating, and his limbs grew numbed, and his head giddy.

Then with a jerk he appeared to himself to swing back again, and the light grew clearer and the mist lifted, and the blood poured through his veins hot and fierce, and he looked round for a moment, to see if there were any friend near.

Then his eyes fell on the face of Anthony, and a glance or recognition passed between the pair, while an expression of unutterable regret flitted across Anthony's countenance.

It came back to his memory then the recollection of the hill-side, among the Southern Highlands, where they had sat them down to rest, while the lights and shadows flitted hither and thither over the landscape.

They had started, meaning to have had such a pleasant holiday, and behold this was the end of it.

"Let me pass, if you please," he said to the spectators who were standing behind him, and he went out into the vestibule, saying to himself, "Oh! my God, I can not bear this; it is too much!"

Meanwhile, in court the judge was putting the usual question to the prisoner. From the time of his entrance Andrew had remained standing, behind the low-railed dock, that looks strange to English eyes. The two men in red coats and curious cocked-hats (which were turned up and flattened at the back) who escorted him along the passage and up the winding stairs, sat down, one on each side of the prisoner, but he did not attempt to follow their example; consequently there was no necessity for the judge to order him to "stand up," when answering to "Guilty, or Not Guilty?"

"Not guilty, my lord," said the prisoner, firmly; on hearing which the audience breathed freely.

There was to be no strangling of the case, then, no plea of culpable homicide—no arranging of the matter between advocate-depute and defendant's counsel—no mere "bit of a speech," entreating a light sentence—nothing of the kind—there was to be a struggle; and when this became apparent, then ensued a few minutes' stir and bustle—caused by the spectators settling themselves in their places, and preparing for a lengthened stay in court.

Then one of the turnkeys intimated to the prisoner that he might sit down.

"He would have stood the whole time, I b'lieve," remarked the man, afterwards, with a lofty contempt for the Southerner's want of acquaintance with Scottish etiquette, "or least-ways till he dropped, for I never did see a man so white and ghaistlike afore. It was all strange to him, poor lad!"

CHAPTER XI.

THOLING HIS ASSIZE.

Many a kindly Scotch heart felt sore that day for the "puir laddie," to whom it was all indeed very strange.

His want of self-assurance, his pale, wasted face, his thin, white hands, his very lack of knowledge of their forms—all these things sensibly touched a people hospitable to an extent, and possessed in no small degree both of imagination and preception.

Certainly the righteous indignation of men who call things by their proper names had been roused by the generally received idea that the prisoner, having first induced the woman to leave her husband, murdered the man when he followed to reclaim his unfaithful wife; but still the truth of this idea remained to be proved.

The prisoner had decided to let the matter be sifted, and although there were some who thought his calmness a sign of guilt and found in his English face corroboration of his desperative depravity, yet, on the whole, the opinion of the majority was favorable.

Perhaps the woman might have tempted him, and the husband been rash—anyhow, he had suffered. His face was not the healthy, comely countenance of that of the young fellow many a one of them had seen walking by the banks of Nith, and making for Linclueden. His voice was low and weak; he was not bold and brazen-tongued about the matter; his manner towards the judge was very respectful, which pleased the spectators, for though there own manner may not in all cases be over-courteous towards their superiors in station, it is gratifying to the Scotch to see their great men "treated according" by strangers.

And besides all this, the man was being tried for his life, which each one present felt to be a serious matter—a matter, indeed, the full importance of which no one can ever quite estimate till he has sat in Court, watching the accused while the evidence is being given that may either hang or acquit.

"He is looking awful bad, puir fellow!" was the cautious criticism of the gallery.

"Whist, man, they're beginnin' the examining,"* and the pair craned forward their heads to see.

"Put out your right hand, sir," said Lord Glanlorn, and the witness did so.

"As I stand before God, and as I shall answer to God at the Great day of Judgment"—and so the oath proceeded, and looking up at the sound of this solemn formula, Andrew Hardiell beheld the face of a man whose word he knew might hang him.

"Your name is David Johnstown, I believe?" With this question the advocate-depute commenced his examination.

"It is."

"And you are a waiter at the 'King's Arms' hotel in this town?"

"I am."

"And you have been a waiter there for some time?"

"Two years come Hallow-e'en."

"Exactly so. Now, Mr. Johnstown, we want you to tell us all you know about this business. You mind the twenty-third of August last?"

"I would not like to swear that I do."

"Well, at any rate, you remember Mr. Challerson coming to the 'King's Arms,' inquiring after Mr. Andrew Hardiell?"

"I mind a man riding up to the door when I saw standing there, and asking me was one Mr. Andrew Hardiell inside. He was on a dark-brown horse, with a star in the middle of his forehead; and he had spurs and a heavy whip; but whether he was Mr. Challerson or no, I canna swear, as I never set eyes on him before, to my knowledge."

(*To be Continued.*)

CREMORNE ON THE "DERBY" NIGHT.

Now, then, old man, is it to be the Alhambra or Cremorne? This is after having arrived at your hotel, bathed, redecked the outer man, replenished the inner man. "Oh! Cremorne's the correct thing to-night; open till three, you know." It is no good going there till twelve o'clock, so a cigar and a book must draw out the time till a hansom rattles us down to the resplendently illuminated gates. We pay our half crown and enter. The "100,000 extra lamps" are all ablaze, and really an exquisite sight is presented. The gardens are in their prime, the grass is green and velvet soft; the flowers are in full bloom, and the night is glorious. The place is already pretty full, mostly of young university men in full dress and anonymas in fuller dress. The centre of attraction at present is the grand dancing platform in the middle of the gardens, which is magnificently illuminated, but there are other attractions also. The hermit, the gypsy, the American games, the theatre, and many other things, and finally the "storming of Strasbourg." This latter spectacle deserves some mention. It consists of a set piece constructed on a gigantic scale, representing a portion of the City of Strasbourg, and being made in a very solid and realistic manner. Facing it and fashioned out of the turf is a Prussian battery from which a hot bombardment goes on, the shells appearing to commit great havoc. Presently a regiment of cavalry comes galloping up, they attack the town; the French appear and resist, and an exciting and highly realistic storming takes place. Great credit is due to the inventor of the spectacle, and also to the enterprising proprietor of the gardens. This gentleman, Mr. J. Baum, has only had the place for two seasons, the once popular E. T. Smith having been proprietor for some years before. It is now much later, and we return to the platform and central promenade. This is more crowded than ever, and the spirit of revelry is evidently more in the ascendancy. A little gentle pushing occasionally goes forward, but nothing particular. Here, as at the Derby, you absolutely must keep your temper. A dose of Eton Latin grammar and *animum rege* is highly beneficial. You have to remain good humoured under the most trying circumstances, such as getting a grinding crunch on your very tenderest corn or having your hat gently removed and seeing it make a tour on its own hook. If you do lose your temper, look out for squalls. Such a shower of hoots and hisses as will greet you ought speedily to restore it; but if that fails there comes the cry, "A ring, a ring," and you are politely requested to fight it out for the especial benefit of an admiring crowd. You refuse, and slink off amidst a storm of hisses. "Ah!" said a neighbouring gentleman with a sporty-looking neck-cloth, and horses' teeth for waistcoat buttons, "English pluck ain't what it were formerly. It's a degenerated race, this one is. Why, five year ago there were three fair stand-up fights, and to-day there ain't been a blessed one. Bah!" Leaving him highly dissatisfied with the state of civilization in England we stroll again. One thing is most striking: you are sure to meet every friend whom you would think it most unlikely to meet, and he seems equally taken aback at seeing you there. Thus a constant repetition of the phrase, "What! you here?" is heard. As the small hours advance the spirit of mirth gets louder and louder. The band is playing the "Grand Duchess," and a young Frenchman who is with me cannot withstand the subtle influence; he sees a friend, they exchange glances, and in a minute he has broken away from me and they are dancing the can-can like lunatics. An official comes up and attempts to stop the fun, but the crowd are amused. "No, no, go it, you fellows; we'll see you through; don't stop!" burst from the lips of some hundreds, followed by "Ring, ring," and in ten seconds a large and firm circle is formed by the men hooking arms all round. The officials come in strength, but they are repelled again and again. At last the can-can dancers, who have been cheered on and obtained immense applause, are exhausted, and as something must be done to keep up the fun the two facing columns of the circle rush together, and a scrimmage, entirely consisting of pushing and rushing, takes place for about five minutes. Now that this has once begun it will last till they are turned out, so we think we may as well take our departure at once. It is nearly 3 o'clock, broad daylight, and the sparrows are chirping as we leave. Unsatisfactory dissipation; but then it's Derby Day, don't you see, only once a year. But that's just what people say of Christmas, and Easter, and Whitsuntide, and a dozen other holidays.

Did you ever think that what is termed a common cold, when systematically neglected, often leads to that most fatal and distressing disease—consumption—but when attended to at once is generally easy of cure. If you are troubled with it "Bryan's and Pulmonic Wafers" will be found to be most efficacious in removing it. They give immediate relief, and generally effect a cure when used in time. Sold by all Druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box.

RIGHT AND WRONG.—It is wrong to jest with your wife upon a subject in which there is danger of wounding her feeling, and it is wrong to speak of great virtues in another man's wife, to remind your own of fault; but it is not wrong after trying the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" and feeling its wonderful effects, to recommend it to neighbours, for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, cramps, cholic, &c.; it as no equal. For sale by Druggists and country dealers.

PAPER HANGINGS.

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety of DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

J. H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Auction Sale of Second-Hand Carpets—J. Bermingham.
Wanted—A Man to Drive a Milk Waggon.
A Great Sale of City and Village Lots—A. Rowe.
To Cattle Breeders—Wm. Graham.
Drowned—Mr. Choron.
Tenders—W. P. Lett.
Montreal Ocean Steamship Company—J. W. Coward & Co.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

THURSDAY, JUNE 15, 1871.

For interesting reading matter, see first page.

Mr. James Hodgins, of Clarendon, is a candidate for the representation of Pontiac county in the Quebec Legislature.

The Toronto *Telegraph* says that Sir John Macdonald is likely to be requested to speak in Toronto shortly at a meeting to be called by the Mayor.

Mrs. Fair, the California murderer, who has until lately felt thoroughly satisfied that her splendid figure would save her from the gallows, now begins to fear the worst. Her death warrant has been signed and is in the hands of the Sheriff, and it is said that the Governor of California is determined not to pardon her.

Victor Hugo, who perhaps did more than anyone else to encourage Red Republicanism in France, who was always making a "pact with death," and urging other people to "die for their country," has taken good care to avoid all risk himself. He is now in Brussels, and is ranting in his usual spasmodic style at the Versaillists for having suppressed the "Reds," and at the Belgian Government for refusing to shelter any of the leaders of the Commune who may take refuge on their soil. After having relieved his mind in this manner, he defies the world in general. His latest letter, like most of those which have proceeded it, is simply written for the purpose of advertising himself. As a novelist we are ready to admit that Victor Hugo is a success, but as a politician and a patriot, he is nowhere. His gasconade, and his "bunkum" letters and speeches, have only served to make his countrymen and himself appear ridiculous in the eyes of the world.

The near approach of the anniversary of the accession of Pope Pius the Ninth reminds us how few of the popes have reached the immense age vouchsafed to kings like George III. or Louis XIV. Of 259 occupants of the chair of St. Peter but ten have held the keys more than twenty years. These were:

	Consecrated.	Occupied.		
	A. D.	YRS.	MS.	DYS.
Sylvester	314	21	11	0
Leo the Great	440	21	1	4
Adrian I.	772	23	10	17
Leo III.	795	20	5	16
Alexander III.	1159	21	11	23
Urban VIII.	1623	21	11	23
Clement XI.	1700	20	3	25
Pius VI	1775	24	6	14
Pius VII.	1800	23	5	6
Pius IX.	1846	—	—	—

All hope, Protestant and Catholic alike, irrespective of political or sectarian tinge, that the venerable old man who draws so many hearts to him, even of those not of his flock, may live for years to come. But for the peculiar circumstances in which he is at present placed, he might hope to outlive many younger men, for he comes of a good stock who have always objected to dying before their work was completed.

THE OPPOSITION AND THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

As we expected, Mr. Langevin's statements concerning the Treaty of Washington has fallen like a bomb-shell into the camp of the Opposition, and has completely bewildered the General in Chief. It was such a fine thing to say that Sir John Macdonald and his colleagues were supporters of a treaty which is not generally acceptable to the people of Canada, it was such a congenial task for the leading organ of the Opposition to write down the treaty because it took for granted that the Dominion Government were inclined to support it, that we are not surprised to find that now that Mr. Langevin has stated what is the real position of the Ministry, the Opposition are at their wit's end. They cannot attempt one of their favorite tricks, and pretend that the attitude of the Government, which is so thoroughly in accord with public sentiment, is the result of Mr. Mackenzie's and the *Globe's* teachings. That little "dodge" will not work this time, inasmuch as the views of the Dominion Cabinet were formed and made known to the Imperial Government long before the public knew which was the nature of the treaty, and, consequently, long before the member for Lambton or the "organ" had been heard from. So the only resort left to the factionists is to misrepresent the position of the Government, and try and hoodwink the public into the belief that "the rulers of Canada are frolicking and fiddling," and dare not announce their policy.

The organ says that Mr. Langevin's "avoidance of the question," (*i. e.* the question of the Treaty) "compels us to adopt the conclusion that there is a general conspiracy of silence amongst the Ministers!"

Why does not our contemporary publish Mr. Langevin's speech? Because after the above misstatement he dare not. Because if he did, his readers would at once see that Mr. Langevin, so far from having "avoided the question," stated in language the most direct and plain, what was and is the position of the Government as regards the treaty of Washington. Is our contemporary so completely taken aback by the revelation made by the Minister of Public Works, that his "wits are gone wool gathering," and he does not exactly know what he is writing about? Certainly this is the most charitable supposition at which we can arrive, for on no other theory, save that he is guilty of wilful deception, can an assertion so entirely opposed to the truth be explained away.

The organ says further:

We did not need to be told by M. Langevin that the Parliament of Canada retains the right of admitting the Americans to, or excluding them from, the fisheries. But have the Government no policy to announce with regard to this point? and how long are we to be kept in uncertainty whether they will introduce the measures necessary to give effect to the fishery clauses of the treaty or not? Did Mr. Langevin not dare to tell the people of Quebec, and through them, the country, that the Cabinet would stand or fall by the action of their chief.

Mr. Langevin told the people of Quebec that Sir John Macdonald protested, and that the Government of Canada protested in the most energetic manner against the provisions of the Treaty which relate to our Fisheries, so that in this, as on all other questions, the action of the Cabinet and its chief was identical and in complete accord. What more explicit announcement can our contemporary ask for than this? Of course everyone can understand the unfortunate position in which he is placed. He has declared his hostility to the Treaty, and the Government have declared theirs, and so, sad and passing strange to relate, their opinions are identical! This is really too bad. If the Government had only let the Opposition organ know in time what their views were, we have not the least "doubt that it would have gone upon a different tack."

All jesting aside, however, it is a lamentable thing to find that Opposition journals and Opposition leaders are unable to consider this question upon its merits, and, for a time, at all events, to rise superior to miserable party and personal jealousies when the interests of the country are at stake. It is a matter for real regret for every patriotic man to see that in their desire to make a point against Sir John Macdonald and his Cabinet, the real question is lost sight of, and the only object which the Opposition seeks to obtain is, how best to deceive the public and to misrepresent facts. From Mr. Langevin's statement the public will learn that there is no real difference of opinion between the Government and the Opposition with regard to the Treaty of Washington as it at present stands. Between a Ministry which in its official capacity makes an energetic protest against the treaty, and an Opposition which objects to it, there cannot be much ground for argument or contention. Now, let us see whether the latter, in the interests of the country which it professes to desire to serve, will be disposed to enter into a fair and impartial consideration of the treaty, or whether, still controlled by ignoble jealousy and spite, it will confine itself to railing against and misrepresenting Sir John Macdonald and his colleagues.

SIR JOHN MACDONALD AS A MEMBER OF THE COMMISSION.

With the Imperial Commissioners the people of Canada have nothing to do. They are amenable neither to the Government nor Parliament of Canada, and in the settlement of the terms of the treaty, they have apparently discharged the duty imposed upon them to the satisfaction of the press and people of the Mother Country—*Hamilton Times.*

Our Hamilton contemporary, in common with other Opposition journals, is striving to create the impression that Sir John Macdonald was "the Canadian member of the Joint High Commission." This may be a very ingenious political trick but that it is a trick our contemporary knows as well as we do. There were only two nationalities represented upon the Joint High Commission, the British Empire and the American Republic. Sir John Macdonald was as much an Imperial Commissioner as Earl de Grey himself, and, like the latter, was bound to carry out the instructions of the Imperial Government. The *Times*, in the course of the same article from which we have made the above extract says that so far as the "Imperial Commissioners" are concerned, by which term it means those members of the Commission who came out from England, are not "to blame for doing what they were commanded to do by the Imperial Government!" It is upon Sir John's devoted head that all the blame must rest, if there be any, although the fact is that he, in his capacity as a Commissioner, was as much bound to do what he was "commanded to do by the Imperial Government"—as the other Commissioners were. If our Opposition contemporaries would give the matter a moment's consideration, if they would enquire into the nature of the late Commission and the character of its duties, they would see that this is the case. We fear, however, that they are too eager to make a little political capital against the Premier to trouble themselves about facts. They may rely upon it, however, that the truth will be made manifest, and will in the end prevail in spite of all they may do to prevent it.

DOMINION NOTES.

Mr. Bellerose has been elected by acclamation for Laval.

Hon. Geo. Coles, of Prince Edward Island, is insane.

The 21st of June is the Natal Day of Halifax.

Montreal has prohibited the sale, as well as the use, of fire crackers.

The construction of a tunnel under the St. Lawrence opposite Montreal is agitated.

A lump of silver has been taken from a mine on Silver Islet, Lake Superior, valued at $4,000.

All the public schools of Chatham have been closed in consequence of the prevalence of scarlet fever.

Wm. R. Aylsworth has taken the census of the village of Mill Point, with a view to its being erected into an incorporated village.

The Canada postal cards will not be used for love letters, lest the P. O. clerks should read the message, but for ordinary purposes they will be very useful.

The French war steamers "D'Estaing" and "Château Renaud," are at Sydney, C. B.

A married woman named Johannah Howard died suddenly in St. John, on the 5th inst., from the excessive use of ardent spirits.

The Salmon fishing on the Miramichi has just commenced, and the fishermen say that there is every prospect of a fair catch the present season.

A few days since a young man and a respectable looking girl arrived from Petrolia, and put up at the Albion Hotel. Shortly after arriving the young man, whose name we believe is Evoy, left the hotel to procure a marriage license; the girl, Eliza Moore, waited patiently for many hours, but finding her intended husband still an absentee, she gave the alarm. Evoy, however, was not to be found, and the unfortunate girl left the hotel yesterday, intending to go back to Petrolia—*Strathroy Despatch.*

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

A number of incorrect lists of the exploring parties having been published, we now give the following which will be found correct:

Party.	In Charge.	Transit Man.	Leveler.	Ast. Leveler.	Rodmen.	Chainman.	
B	J. G. B. Lloyd	G. F. Newcomb	E. J. C. Abbott	M. C. Bollock	F. Blanchard	Geo. Ruant	Jas. Marrion.
	J. L. P. O. Hanley	C. E. Michaud	T. M. Hamel	Edward Haycock	E. Tetu	J. H. Sutton	M. De Salabery.
	W. A. Austin	James McArthur	Perceval Woodgate	J. L. Field	J. Needham	F. Langan	Robt. Oliver.
	C. H. Gainsby	G. A. Lloyd	D. McMillan	A. P. Patrick	Thos. Michaud	Geo. Aumond	Wm. Irvine.
	B. D. McConnell	Wm. Wagner	Richard Stephens	D. R. Harris	Ed. Gingras	J. P. Morin	J. P. Letarde.
	H. A. Armstrong	W. W. Kirkpatrick	J. P. MacKelcan	—— Blatch	A. Morrison, Jr	W. E. Morgan	W. T. Helliwell.
H	J. G. Johnston	David Beatty	Wm. Fish	Charles Roberts	W. C. Mitchell	Denis Leduc	T. Daylton.
I	J. Fleming	Wm. Burke	J. B. French	Alex. Russell	Ed. Rodgers	Jas. A. Smith	Ed. Allen.
K	H. E. Carre	R. Bancher	A. C. Scureman	Wm. Aske	—— Burnham	Geo. Cootes	Chas. Aylen.
L	C. James	W. A. Dely	Edward Rowan	W. Mingy	A. Clarke	Sten. Lindsay	Clep. Gagne.
M	E. U. Jarvis	Alex. McNabb	C. E. Perry	J. Gray	Chas. Harrington	W. C. Johnston	Stanley Morse.

THE CLOSING SCENES.

From various sources we derive the following description of the scenes and incidents accompanying the fall of the Commune:

The correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* saw Valles, one of the three Communist leaders captured on Thursday, struck on the neck by the sword of a non-commissioned officer. "In his anger and agony Valles struck back," and was immediately shot, but not immediately killed. He "writhed, twisted, and groaned upon the ground until nearly all who were within sight and hearing had to avert their eyes and made away from the sight of his most horrible suffering. The captain commanding the firing party told me that they left him to suffer on purpose."

A despatch of the Prefect of Marseilles says that the Spanish consul has declared that his government will give the fullest assent to the arrest of the Paris criminals, and has authorized the visitation of all Spanish vessels. The Spanish Government will also give up all insurgents escaping across the frontier.

It is said that 400 wounded insurgents perished in the burning of the Tuileries, the insurgents making no effort to remove the wounded before they fired the building. A physician seriously attempted, in a letter to a newspaper not to excuse, but to account for the fiendish conduct of the Communists. He thinks that the long state of anxiety of mind during the siege by the Prussians, and more recently by the French, has excited the minds of the lower class to that extent, that they are seized with what he terms contagious insanity of a similar kind to the religious insanity, which, at the time of the Jansenists, and other periods, showed itself so extensively. The fact that the women were even more wild and fiendish than the men, with their coldblooded setting houses on fire with petroleum, and shooting officers and soldiers dead in the streets with the certainty before them of instant execution, favors his supposition. Women are more liable to be acted upon by contagious insanity than men, and the writer is of deliberate opinion that the defenders of Paris are literally madmen.

It is stated that the leading insurgents who have been taken had in their possession large sums of money. Rochefort had on his person 600,000 francs (£24,000). Some of the poorest looking prisoners tried to bribe the soldiers with 500 and 1,000 francs to let them go.

A correspondent says: I have just heard the facts concerning the death of Dombrowski. He was mortally wounded by a bullet during the storming of Montmatre on Tuesday; he died in excruciating agony, and he cried out, "This is how a man dies when he is betrayed." In his pockets were found a large sum of money—800,000 francs. The poor fellow had tried to feather his nest.

A vivandiere of one of the National battalions was captured at a barricade which was taken in the rear while a feigned attack was made on it from the front. She was fighting bravely, and when told to surrender she drew a revolver from her belt and killed three of her foes. Then she was seized and disarmed, her hands were tied behind her, and she was led away. Had she been shot while fighting it would have been fair; and she was taken to a house near by, kept there awhile, and then brought back to the street. There she was placed against a wall, her hands still tied, and she was shot by the men who had ravished her.

Another eye-witness says: The "Friends of Order" are behaving like brutes; and many of the Disorderlies are behaving like cowards. The streets, amid the blood puddles and the distorted corpses, are bestrewn with oddly mixed heaps of military clothing and accoutrements, which have been thrown away by the Nationals in their flight. In the Batignolles quarter I chanced to-day to see a sight that I think will remain more vividly impressed on my memory than even the grandest and most imposing destruction of great historic buildings that has marked the last three fearful days. You have heard, doubtless, of the vivandieres of the National Battalions, who have marched brightly and bravely to the combat with the corps, or with the men who claimed their wild and more than half unwomanly devotion. One woman of this class, straight, tall, splendidly set, with vigour in her face and beauty in every limb—she could not have been more than 25, and she was a woman perfectly made—I saw suffer a fearful fate. Captured, I know not how, she had killed with a revolver, before her hand could be stayed, a Versaillist officer and three of his men. She looked "out and out" a fury; her handsome face was black with powder, her lips especially made livid by hasty biting of cartridges; her hair hung in dishevelled tangles about her handsome but ferocious face; and her eyes, gleaming with an overstrained courage that mounted even to madness, blazed defiance on the red breeched crowd [illegible] their mercy. I will not [illegible] who had her at [illegible] hands were tied, linger on the scene. Her [illegible] fall, she and, with her back against a w[illegible] died—pierced through and through with shots from the rifles of M. Thier's troops I could not blame them, but I could not help being deeply sorry for her.

THE QUEBEC ELECTIONS.

MEMBERS RETURNED.

	M.	I.	O.
Quebec Centre, Hon. Mr. Langevin	1		
Quebec West, Mr. Hearn	1		
Quebec East, Mr. Rheaume	1		
Sherbrooke, Hon. Mr. Robertson	1		
Montmorency, Hon. Mr. Cauchon	1		
Portneuf, Dr. Larue	1		
Dorchester, Mr. Larochelle	1		
Brome, Mr. Lynch	1		
St. Hyacinthe, Mr. P. Bachand			1
L'Assomption, Mr. Pelletier	1		
Laval, Mr. Bellerose	1		
Terrebonne, Mr. Chapleau	1		

The *Daily Telegraph's* correspondent writes from Paris:

The Government troops are vindictive, if not even brutal, in following up their victory. A trio of the Communist leaders was captured on Thursday night. They were Jules Valles, Ferre, and Longuet. Valles was made prisoner after the other, in the rear of the Theatre du Chatelet. His comrades had been taken very shortly before. Valles was dragged forward by the Versaillists, and one of their non-commissioned officers struck him upon the neck with his sword. In his anger and agony Valles struck back, and immediately an extemporary shooting party was drawn up, and fired into the body of the unfortunate rebel. But Valles had the bad taste not to die off at once; he writhed, and groaned upon the ground, until nearly all who were within sight and hearing had to avert their eyes, and move away from the sight of his most horrible suffering. The captain commanding the firing party told me that "They let him suffer on purpose." His fellow-captive, Ferre, whose doom was but deferred, cried out, "Oh! Captain, in the name of mercy put him out of pain," and the appeal was so far successful that the captors then shot their prisoner dead. Later in the evening the two spectators of the tragedy, Ferre and Longuet, themselves were shot. Yesterday an illustrious victim was doomed of everlasting fame by a volley of Versaillists bullets. Felix Pyat, the journalist who more than any other has incited and maintained the preposterous and desperate excesses of the Commune, was captured yesterday in the Rue de Richelieu, and shot in front of Moliere's fountain. I need hardly say that in the very brief interval between capture and extinction, the Communist scribe pitiably demeaned himself by falling on his knees before the shooting party, clamouring for pity, and in every way behaving in a manner to be matched only by the ignorant and reckless cowards whom he misled. I must say that the soldiers are taking the very utmost out of their enemies in the way of reprisals. For instance—and the instance is only one of many that I could adduce—the Versaillists soldiers yesterday compelled three officers of the National Guards, like the famous three children of Babylon, to march right into the flames of the burning Hotel de Ville.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

NIAGARA.

NIAGARA, 14.

There was a divisional parade this afternoon. The whole force were under arms performing some evolutions with great precision. The marching past of the whole force was marvellous, all things considered. During one parade Sir George E. Cartier arrived on the ground, escorted by a troop of Hussars, and remained during the latter movements of the division.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 14.

The postponement of the million dollar grant by the Council gives great dissatisfaction.

Earl and Countess Ellesmere is at the St Lawrence Hall.

Several arrests have been made of the supposed burglars, but nothing proved. Mr. Gault is fast recovering.

La Minerve to-day publishes a strong article against the programme of the party.

The election feeling was high in the Centre division. All except extremist. The Liberals unite for Mr. Carter, who is deemed unfairly dealt with as hitherto a faithful representative.

Local news unimportant.
Weather chilly.
Markets dull.

Midnight Despatches.

ST. LOUIS, June 13.—The altercations occurred at Jefferson City on Sunday evening, between Mrs. Berry and her brother, which ended in Hofins shooting his sister, and then blowing his own brains out. Mrs. Berry died on Sunday night. The case is involved in some mystery and the accounts of it are a good deal confused.

VERSAILLES, June 14.—Rochefort's defence before the military commission, by which he is to be tried, is that the tribunal is incompetent to act upon his case. He, therefore, demands to be tried by a jury.

BERLIN, June 14.—Empress Augusta is expected in Berlin to-day.

LONDON, June 14.—The steamer *Anna Smith* has been wrecked and ten lives lost.

PARIS, June 14.—The official statement of the Bank of France states the bullion in its vaults at twenty-two millions of francs.

BERLIN, June 14.—The "Alabama" question having been practically decided by the Treaty of Washington, it is said the American Envoy on the continent have received instructions to agree with the power for the protection of private property upon sea. The consent of England and France is believed to be doubtful.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—Captain Hall's instructions for his Polar voyage contemplate an absence of two years and a half, and, if results warrant, even longer. Among other means for securing intelligence of his movements, he is instructed to throw overboard at suitable intervals and occasions bottles containing despatches for the Government, with instructions to those finding them to forward their contents without delay. Skeleton stone monuments are to be erected on the course travelled to mark the progress of the party.

NEW YORK, June 14.—The singular and unaccountable horse disease which made its appearance here recently has not abated. It baffles the skill of the veternary surgeons. The disease is very rapid in its results, generally producing death within 24 hours. Yesterday the Third Avenue Railroad lost 30 animals, the Second Avenue 20, and other lines proportionately large numbers. The Superintendent of the Broadway and Seventh Avenue line estimates the deaths so far at not less than 200 animals.

The *Sun* this morning says: "We learn from unquestionable authority that a proposition of the following nature has been made by the British Government to the representative in London of the Cuban Republic:—England is willing to guarantee to Spain the sum of one hundred million dollars for the cession of Cuba to the Cubans, Cuba to bind herself not to be annexed to the United States for one hundred years from the date of her independence. The control of the Cuban Custom Houses is to be given by Cuba to England as security for the loan, until the [illegible] repaid; and lastly, Cuba to be latter be [illegible] possessing other willing, if the pow[illegible] thereto, to West India Islands consent [illegible] form one of the confederacy consisting of all the Islands.

PORT AU PRINCE, May 30.—An attempt was made a few nights ago, by a party of Spaniards, to blow up the steamer *Hornet*. The party was fired into and retreated. The *Hornet* will proceed to sea as soon as repaired.

VERSAILLES, June 14.—The official journal to-day says the story that the condemned Insurgents have been shot in Bois de Boulogne with mitrailleuses, is an odious and absurd calumny.

The official journal denies the report that the Orleans Princes dined with Thiers, and says that the Prince de Joinville and the Duke d'Aumal visited Thiers unexpectedly. During the interview the President said that although he was once a Minister in the Government of their father, King Louis Phillippe, he was to-day the head of the Republic. There was nothing significant in the visit of the Princes. Thiers did himself honor by his bearing during the interview, and the Republicans were unembarrassed in the presence of these noble and illustrious Princes.

The Administration respects the rule forbidding work on Sunday.

All the journals approve of the coming visit of the Assembly to Paris, and regard it as the first approach to a genuine reconciliation with the Parisians.

The *Gauche* publishes a manifesto to the Paris electors against the Monarchy, and in favour of the Republic.

In order to combat the Bonapartist intrigues the deputies propose to impeach the Emperor for declaring and waging war.

LONDON, June 14.—The *Times* in an editorial to-day says of the Treaty of Washington that it was not England who yielded some of her claims. The United States also made great concessions. The *Times* considers it unprecedented that such a grave difference between the nations as that of the Alabama Claims should have been settled without a resort to arms. The demand for consequential damages for the injury done to American commerce by the *Alabama* and kindred vessels was unacceptable to the English Commissioners, and was abandoned by the United States. The *Times* in conclusion expresses hopes that taking pattern from the adjustment of the American question, the nations of Europe will rise to a higher conception of the aims and duties of international fellowship.

BERLIN, June 14.—The Committee in charge of the Donation Bill met to-day and was addressed by Bismarck on the subject of its labours. The Bill was then adopted with an amendment, under which the Emperor will distribute four million thalers among the Generals and statesmen who have achieved the results of the war.

The Bank of Prussia has been authorized to establish branches in Alsace and Lorraine.

The Emperor William has congratulated the Pope upon the occasion of his jubilee.

The German Government has unanimously sanctioned the grants made by the Crown to the relatives of members of the Reserves and Landwher who fell during the war.

The Bill asking special grants to the Generals and Statesmen who achieved the results of the war was passed.

The prorogation of Parliament will probably take place on Thursday afternoon.

ATHENS, June 14—Mr. Trisoupis has been appointed Minister to Constantinople, and Mr. Bondouks Minister to St. Petersburg.

BUCHAREST, June 14.—The Chamber of Deputies has voted an address to the throne.

ST. PAUL, Minn., June 14.—The steamer *Bernard* has arrived from Thunder Bay, which place she left on Thursday. She brings no advices of the Indian troubles. Neither the officers of the boat or the passengers had heard anything of Indian hostilities, and it is evidently a *canard*.

NEW YORK, June 14.—Foster, the murderer of Mr. Putnam, is reported as very hopeful of a new trial for which his counsel is now making every effort. Rev. Dr. Tyng visits him frequently, and his wife passes most of her time in his cell.

PARIS, June 14.—The Republican manifesto which appeared to-day is signed by 81 members of the Left in the Assembly. It accuses the monarchist deputies of not keeping the agreement made at Bordeaux whereby it was stipulated that partizan politics should be avoided, and charges that the Legitimist members from the Provinces are intriguing for the restoration of the monarchy and for the intervention in Italy in favour of the Pope

Many of the Communist prisoners were discharged to-day for want of evidence against them. Arrests are frequent in the 14th and 15th arrondisement.

The report that Forcade Larouquette is a candidate for the Assembly is denied.

The *Temps* remarks that the French Bishops are actively moving for the reinstatement of the Pope in his temporal possessions.

BURLINGTON, VT., June 14.—At the annual session of the Masonic Grand Lodge of Vermont held here to day, the Grand Lodge of Quebec was recognized by a unanimous vote.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 14.—The Cotton Grower's Association reports a complete success in the San Jacquin valley. The crop is the finest ever seen on the continent, droughts having no effect upon it.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—This afternoon Capt. L. M. Davenport, Clerk in the Treasury Department, entered the office of the Justice of the Peace, Wall, a colored man, and fired two shots from a revolver at him. One of the balls seriously wounded Wall in the abdomen. The latter had called on Davenport at the Department, at the instance of a woman who represented that Davenport sold her a worthless stove, the object being to return the article, and recover the money. Davenport has been arrested.

LONDON, June 14.—The owners of coal mines in South Wales have agreed to settle their differences with miners by arbitration, provided the whole subject of wages is referred to.

Yesterday's Despatches.

LONDON 14th.—A review of one hundred thousand soldiers will be held in Champs de Mars, on Sunday next. Troops are leaving La Villette. Rochefort is seriously ill, and his trial has been postponed.

The Committee of Assembly upon the Budget, is known to be in favor of raising funds by means of loan. A special despatch to the *Standard* says 21 men were executed yesterday in Bois de Boulogne.

Earl de Grey of Ripon is to be created Marquis of Ripon, in consequence of his distinguished services in connection with the treaty of Washington.

GALVESTON, Texas, 13th.—Another terrible storm struck this city yesterday at ten a. m., and continued with great fury till midnight, destroying telegraphic and railroad communication, and doing immense damage to the city and shipping. St. Patrick's Church, just finished, was blown down and is a total ruin.

LISBON. 13th June.—Rio Janeiro dates of May 23rd, state that Duque de Caxias, on the part of the Brazilian government, has presented to the Imperial Chambers, elaborate and carefully prepared bills for the emancipation of all slaves belonging to the crown. This act, if it becomes law, manumits thousands now to live in the famous Diamond Mines in the province of Minas, and also those engaged in the construction of docks and other public works, at Rio de Janeiro, Bobia, Pernambuca, and Moranbam, besides a large force employed on the Government railways. A provision of the bill also releases convict slaves on the Island of Ferdinand de Maronha, after seven years servitude, their owners to be indemnified from the Imperial Treasury. The bill meets with determined opposition, it is said by the Converatives in the Brazilian Senate, but the Liberal party is strong, and will likely carry the humane measure. In the Lower House where here is an overwhelming Liberal majority, the Emancipation Bill which has always been a pet measure of the Democratic Emperor, will encounter but feeble opposition. The great objection to the measure appears to be not so much the justice of the act, but its hasty enforcement. The law, as it now stands, provides a system of gradual emancipation for slaves belonging to private estates only, while the Emperor's bill decrees the immediate manumission of all the slaves owned by the Crown Imperial.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

SECOND-HAND CARPETS,

To be sold at the CITY AUCTION MART, York street, by the subscriber, on FRIDAY, the 16th inst., at 10 o'clock, a.m., Twenty (20) Carpets, over 400 yards, of Brussell's tapestry and Kidderminster, part worn, and varying from 16 to 40 yards each. Now on view, and to be sold on FRIDAY, without any reserve.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692td

WANTED.

For a DAIRY FARM near the City, a MAN to drive a MILK WAGGON, and take general charge of Cows. Also a WOMAN, who understands the management of a DAIRY.

A married Man and Wife, without family, preferred. Liberal wages will be given to competent and reliable parties. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

TO CATTLE BREEDERS.

BULL—The "Marquis of Belmont" will stand for Cows at the Waterford Farm, Township of Gloucester, this season, at Four Dollars each.

WM. GRAHAM.

CANADA SHORT HORN STOCK REGISTER.

Certificate of Registered Pedigree of Two Years Old Bull.

No. 514 THE MARQUIS OF BELMONT,

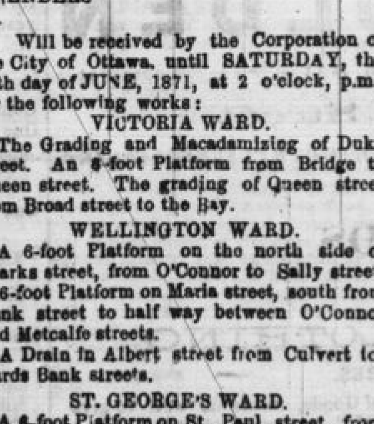
Red and White, calved January 16, 1866, bred by Mr. JOHN ASHWORTH, Belmont, Ottawa, the property of WILLIAM GRAHAM, Esq., of Gloucester, got by Sweetmeat [868], (20924), dam, souvenir of Thordale by 2nd Grand Duke (11961), g. dam, Dalpine (imp.), by Harold (10293), gr. g. dam, Limpid, by Vicroy (7678), &c., &c. See Herd Book.

HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec. Board of Ag.
Board of Agricultural Office,
Toronto, Jan'y 6, 1870 1692tf

DROWNED.

Drowned at the Chaudiere, on SATURDAY last, AUGUSTINE CHARON. Any information which may lead to the recovery of the body, will be thankfully received by his father, at Mr. BRONSON'S Office, Chaudiere. The Boy was 11 years of age, had on grey etoffe pants, a grey vest, and a chequered white and red shirt.

Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf



TENDERS

Will be received by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, until SATURDAY, the 17th day of JUNE, 1871, at 2 o'clock, p.m., for the following works:

VICTORIA WARD.

The Grading and Macadamizing of Duke street. An 8-foot Platform from Bridge to Queen street. The grading of Queen street from Broad street to the Bay.

WELLINGTON WARD.

A 6-foot Platform on the north side of Sparks street, from O'Connor to Sally street. A 6-foot Platform on Maria street, south from Bank street to half way between O'Connor and Metcalfe streets.

A Drain in Albert street from Culvert towards Bank streets.

ST. GEORGE'S WARD.

A 4-foot Platform on St. Paul street, from Mosgrove to Nicholas street; ditto, on the South side from Ottawa to Cumberland street. A 12-foot Platform on Cumberland street, from Daly street. An 8 foot ditto from Daly to Wilbrod street. A Drain in Augusta street, from Bosseter to Daly street. A drain in Wilbrod street, from Gloucester to Chapel street, and a Drain in St. Paul street, from Little Sussex to By-wash.

BY WARD.

A Box Drain in Ottawa, 2 × 2 feet. A Box Drain in Augusta street, 2 × 2 feet.

OTTAWA WARD.

A 4-foot Platform on the south side of Bolton street from Dalhousie to Cumberland street. A 6 foot Platform on King street, from Water to Park street. A 4 foot Platform on Park street south from King to St. Joseph street. A 3 foot Platform on both sides of Rose street, with Crossings. A 3 foot Platform in McGee street, from Park to Ottawa street. A 3 foot Platform on Gloucester street, from Park to Ottawa street. A 3 foot Platform on Bolton street, North from Dalhousie street. A Drain in St. Andrew street.

The above works to be done under the Superintendence of and according to Plans and specifications of the City Engineer.

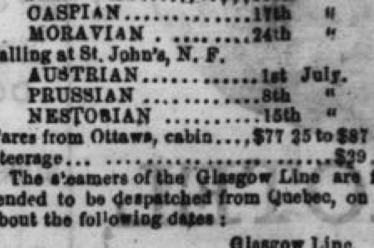
Two sufficient Sureties required for the due fulfilment of each Contract.

By order,

W. P. LETT.
City Clerk.
City Hall,
Ottawa, June 10, 1871 1892 3

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING



1871. SUMMER SERVICE. 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

SCANDINAVIAN	10th	June,
PERUVIAN	13th	"
CASPIAN	17th	"
MORAVIAN	24th	"
Calling at St. John's, N. F.		
AUSTRIAN	1st	July.
PRUSSIAN	8th	"
NESTORIAN	15th	"

Fares from Ottawa, cabin....$77 25 to $87 25
Steerage....$29 00

The steamers of the Glasgow Line are intended to be despatched from Quebec, on or about the following dates:

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN	8th	June,
OTTAWA	15th	"
ST. DAVID	22nd	"
ST. ANDREW	29th	"
ST. PATRICK	6th	"

Fares from Ottawa, cabin....$67 25
Intermediate....$47 or 44 00
Steerage....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

GREAT AUCTION SALE of City Lots, Village Lots in New Edinburg, and Villa Lots, on the Mackay Estate, within five to fifteen minutes walk of the Street Railway.

The MACKAY Estate will offer for Sale by Public Auction, at the Office New Edinburgh, on SATURDAY, the 24th day of JUNE, Instant, at Two o'clock in the afternoon,

Fifteen Villa Lots upon Rideau Terrace, and other roads near the residence of His Excellency the Governor General, and Twenty-two Lots, in the Village of New Edinburgh, some of which front upon the grounds of Rideau Hall Domain.

Also a neat Dwelling House, with seven rooms and good shed, near the Rideau River; and the following Lots in the City of Ottawa: East half Lot No. 10, south Cathcart street, with Dwelling—Ordnance; Lot No. 14, north Cathcart street; Lot No 16, north Cathcart street; Lots Nos. 21 and 22, south Boteler street.

The Villa Lots and Dwelling House, are in Gloucester, a Township in which the Taxes are very moderate.

TERMS.—One third cash, balance on mortgage at 7 per cent, for a term of 3 to 5 years, at purchasers option. Conditions made known at day of sale. Plans and descriptions of the property can be seen at the office of the Estate, next the Post Office in New Edinburgh.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
New Edinburgh, June 12, 1871 1692 9

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

A Very Superior

FAMILY CARRIAGE,

(QUITE NEW),

Made By DUHAMEL,

OTTAWA.

This vehicle is beautifully finished, and took the first Prize at the Ottawa, Agricultural and Horticultural Society's Exhibitions of 1870, and will be sold by Public Auction at the Russell House Corner, on THURSDAY, JUNE 15, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon. Time will be given by giving satisfactory endorsed paper.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1685td

WANTED.

By Sir JOHN MACDONALD, a HOUSE to Rent. Possession required at latest, by FIRST OCTOBER. Apply to

CHAS. DRINKWATER.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871. 1690 8

WANTED

A Girl about 16 years of age, as servant on a small family. Apply, A.B., TIMES Office.

Ottawa, May 29, 1871 1678tf

LOST.

A small WHITE and RED COW, a small Red Head, and a White Tail. Anyone giving information which may lead to the recovery of the same, will be handsomely rewarded, on applying to J. M. C. DELES DERNIER, Corner York and Sussex streets.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can recover it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.

ANN JANE HAMILTON.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871. 1633tf

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.

Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

12th JULY, 1871.

ORANGE CELEBRATION.

An EXCURSION TRAIN will run from CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION, Ottawa, to Brockville, calling at all Way Stations on 12th prox, returning same day.

Fare from Ottawa, 75cts.

Due notice of time of departure and arrival will be published.

H. ABBOTT.
Ottawa, June 8, 1871. 1686tf

NEW CARPETS.

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Invite attention to the arrival of

NEW CARPETS.

to assort their STOCK, reduced by HEAVY SALES in this department.

The above have been selected with due regard to prevailing styles, permanency of color, and are GOOD VALUE, at prices marked.

They have on hand a large assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

In a great variety of fabrics, MUSLINS AND PRINTS in LATEST STYLES, and cheap.

Great Bargains in

LACE SHAWLS,

From $1,50 to $40 Each,

Prices Reduced One-Third,

A special line of SILK JACKETS selling at *greatly Reduced Prices.*

A full assortment of MOURNING GOODS always in Stock.

N. B.—Fancy Linen and Cotton Shirtings on hand for the Summer Trade, SHIRTS made to MEASURE and GUARANTEED TO FIT. GENTLEMEN will find it to their COMFORT and ADVANTAGE to bear this in mind.

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN

SUCCESSORS TO

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 12, 1871.

STRAWBERRIES.

G. LORENZ,

OYSTER

FRUIT DEALER,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

58 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Is now receiving

400 QUARTS

CHOICE STRAWBERRIES

(DAILY),

And will supply

Hotels,

Private Families,

Steamboats, and

Confectioners,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

Goods delivered to any part of the city,

G. LORENZ.

Ottawa, June 14, 1871

LOCAL N[EWS]

Devlin's Hats tha[t R Hats.]

A large lot of New Carp[ets] at Allan, McKinnons & [McMorran,] 20, Sparks Street.

Is the Capital going to [...] ion Day.

The steamer *Louise* still [...] Basin.

General business appear[s ...] in the city.

New buildings are goi[ng ...] street in the city.

WIMBLEDON.—The Cou[nty ...] Carleton has voted $50 to[wards] the expenses of the Wimb[ledon ...]

Every person in Hull an[d ...] in election speculation.

WEATHER.—The highest [...] by the thermometer yeste[rday ...] the shade.

The County Council will [...] to finish its labours this we[ek.]

CONTESTED ELECTIONS.—T[he ...] trial of contested election[s ...] this city to-morrow.

FRESH SALMON.—Just re[ceived ...] Lapointe's, Lower Town M[arket ...] per lb.

Mr. Bermingham will sel[l ... at the City Auction] Mart on Friday, at 10 o'c[lock ...] 400 yards of Brussels and [...] part worn, and in sizes to [...] The carpets are good, a[nd ...] without reserve.

CARRIAGE SALE.—Mr. A. [Rowe ...] splendid carriage at the [...] corner at noon to-day. [...] prize at the exhibition las[t ...] vertisement

THE MARKETS.—Wedne[sday ...] tendance [...] the square th[...] not large and the principa[l ...] for sale [...] early vegetab[les ...]

The Gatineau Point is [...] to a moderate sense of it[...] in the coming election. [...] Irishman said Walsh woul[d ...] Frenchman said Leduc [...] Medical assistance was re[...]

CROPS.—Farmers report [...] look exceedingly well thro[ugh ...] rounding country, and stat[e ...] rain has proved very bene[ficial ...] ing occurs in the meanti[me ...] crops, an unusually large [...] reaped.

The amount of square [...] through the Chaudiere sli[des ...] is comparitively insignifica[nt ...] erally poor timber taken [...] distance up, and off of [...] long since been culled of t[...] The great part of the timbe[r ...] winter is yet to come. Lu[...] have to go far up now for [...]

Devlin's Hats that [R Hats.]

A DRUNKEN WIFE AND "S[...] Last evening an old man w[as ...] ingly engaged in plying a [...] his better half, whom he w[...] the Sapper's Bridge. Both [...] whiskey could make them, [...] old man had to support hi[...] steps against something, [...] himself sober, and lamente[d ...] condition" of his wife. He [...] she was not "ashamed to b[e ...] disgraceful state by her sob[er ...] respectable husband." N[o ...] answer being forthcoming, [...] about her, and both march[ed ...] ward bound.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSS[ELL ...] Jule Valois, Montreal; G[...] Mr and Mrs Geo Ralt Whi[...] C Dyer, Portland; H Ralf, [...] P French, Prescott; Jno [...] monte; Homer Taylor, [...] Cameron, Brockville; B[...] daughter, Montreal; Alex. [...] meath; W F O'Rielly, To[...] grove, do; Frank Maberly, [...] do; H F Trotter, Montreal [...] Antwerp; Geo B Day, Mon[...] Taylor, do; J P Beall, do; [...] Rockland.

SOIREE.—The pupils of [...] Brother's School gave a [...] musical soiree in the Ca[...] last evening, which was ve[ry ...] There was a large attend[ance ...] and friends of the pupils, [...] others, who showed by th[...] plause how well they a[...] efforts of the youthful pe[...] plays *Une Scene de Villag[e ...] Grec* were very interesting [...] The pupils seemed at hom[e ...] and performed their respec[tive ...] manner at once creditable [...] and their professors. Freq[...] was elicited during the p[...] humorous passages created [...] The singing was also ver[y ...] indefatigable Brothers [...] credit for the general [...] soiree.

POLICE COU[RT.]

WEDNESDAY.—Mary Degi[...] selling liquor without lice[nse ...] $40 and costs.

Margaret Doherty, charge[d ...] clerk, was ordered to find [...] $40 each or go to gaol for [...]

In several cases of cow B[...] the defendants were fined [...]

A person accused of larc[eny ...] was remanded.

A case of selling liquor [...] was further adjourned.

COUNTY COU[RT.]

SECOND DA[Y.]

Amelia Gibbs, charged [...] young man, was acquitte[d ...] County prosecutor, Mr. [...] defence. The particulars [...] published some time ago [...] fore the police court.

Lang vs. Evans—To re[cover ...] of work done—Messrs. Ch[...] for plaintiff, Mr. Gibb for [...] dict for plaintiff for $81.

COUNTY COU[NCIL.]

THIRD DA[Y.]

The Council met at 10 [...] to adjournment. Pre[sent ...] gan, Esq., Warden; [...] Richardson, Hinton, [...] Lyon, McCaffrey, Mohr, [...] Hopper, Conn, Caldwell [...] Cummings.

[The] minutes of the pr[...]

LO AL NEWS.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

A large lot of New Carpets just received, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks Street.

Is the Capital going to sleep on Dominion Day.

The steamer *Louise* still lies at the Canal Basin.

General business appears to be very good in the city.

New buildings are going up on every street in the city.

WIMBLEDON.—The County Council of Carleton has voted $50 towards defraying the expenses of the Wimbledon Team.

Every person in Hull and Aylmer is deep in election speculation.

WEATHER.—The highest degree marked by the thermometer yesterday was 68 in the shade.

The County Council will hardly be able to finish its labours this week.

CONTESTED ELECTIONS.—The Court for the trial of contested elections will open in this city to-morrow.

FRESH SALMON.—Just received at Moses Lapointe's, Lower Town Market. 20 cents per lb.

Mr. Bermingham will sell at his Auction Mart on Friday, at 10 o'clock a. m., over 400 yards of Brussels and other carpets, part worn, and in sizes to suit all rooms. The carpets are good, and must be sold without reserve.

CARRIAGE SALE.—Mr. A. Rowe will sell a splendid carriage at the Russell House corner at noon to-day. It took the first prize at the exhibition last year. See advertisement

THE MARKETS. — Wednesday. — The attendance at the square this morning was not large and the principal articles offered for sale were early vegetables.

The Gatineau Point is just awakening to a moderate sense of its responsibility in the coming election. Last evening an Irishman said Walsh would be elected; a Frenchman said Leduc was the man. Medical assistance was required directly.

CROPS.—Farmers report that the crops look exceedingly well throughout the surrounding country, and state that the late rain has proved very beneficial. If nothing occurs in the meantime to injure the crops, an unusually large harvest will be reaped.

The amount of square timber passed through the Chaudiere slides this season is comparitively insignificant. It was generally poor timber taken out a short distance up, and off of limits that had long since been culled of their best trees. The great part of the timber taken out last winter is yet to come. Lumber merchants have to go far up now for good timber.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

A DRUNKEN WIFE AND "SOBER" HUSBAND Last evening an old man was seen absorbingly engaged in plying a horse-whip on his better half, whom he was driving over the Sapper's Bridge. Both were drunk as whiskey could make them, and, though the old man had to support himself every few steps against something, he considered himself sober, and lamented the "beastly condition" of his wife. He asked her if she was not "ashamed to be seen in that disgraceful state by her sober, decent and respectable husband." No satisfactory answer being forthcoming, he laid the whip about her, and both marched on, homeward bound.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—Jule Valois, Montreal; G Lefaivre, do; Mr and Mrs Geo Ralt White, Quebec; S C Dyer, Portland; H Ralf, Burlington; T P French, Prescott; Jno G Hayes, Almonte; Homer Taylor, Montreal; M Cameron, Brockville; B D John and daughter, Montreal; Alex. Fraser, Westmeath; W F O'Rielly, Toronto; J Cosgrove, do; Frank Maberly, do; J J O'Neil, do; H F Trotter, Montreal; A Mosderof, Antwerp; Geo B Day, Montreal; Henry Taylor, do; J P Beall, do; W C Edwards, Rockland.

SOIREE.—The pupils of the Christian Brother's School gave a dramatic and musical soiree in the Canadian Institute last evening, which was very entertaining. There was a large attendance of parents and friends of the pupils, as well as many others, who showed by their liberal applause how well they appreciated the efforts of the youthful performers. The plays *Une Scene de Village* and *Le Captif Grec* were very interesting and appropriate. The pupils seemed at home on the stage, and performed their respective parts in a manner at once creditable to themselves and their professors. Frequent applause was elicited during the plays, and some humorous passages created much laughter. The singing was also very good, and the indefatigable Brothers deserve much credit for the general success of the soiree.

POLICE COURT.

WEDNESDAY.—Mary Degis, charged with selling liquor without license, was fined $40 and costs.

Margaret Doherty, charged threatening a clerk, was ordered to find two sureties of $40 each or go to gaol for one month.

In several cases of cow By-law infraction the defendants were fined $1 and costs.

A person accused of larceny of a watch was remanded.

A case of selling liquor without license was further adjourned.

COUNTY COURT.

SECOND DAY.

Amelia Gibbs, charged with wounding a young man, was acquitted.—Robert Lees County prosecutor, Mr. Mosgrove for the defence. The particulars of this case were published some time ago when it was before the police court.

Lang vs. Evans—To recover the value of work done—Messrs. Christie & Kenney for plaintiff, Mr. Gibb for defendant. Verdict for plaintiff for $81.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

THIRD DAY.

The Council met at 10 a.m., pursuant to adjournment. Present. — Ira Morgan, Esq., Warden; Messrs. Smith, Richardson, Hinton, Cowan, Wallace, Lyon, McCaffrey, Mohr, McEwan, Dawson, Hopper, Conn, Caldwell Blackburn, and Cummings.

The minutes of the proceeding day having been read, the following communications were submitted and read by the Warden, viz.:

Of Col. Skinner soliciting a grant to aid in defraying expenses of the Canadian team of Volunteers to Wimbledon and a communication from the Rev. J. May, M.A., applying for the County Inspectorship of the Public Schools of this County.

The County Solicitors' opinion respecting the liability of the County for the erection and maintenance of the Bridge over the Rideau River near New Edinburgh, was read.

The Solicitor's opinion was that the County was liable for half the expenses of the Bridge.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Cummings, that the Rev. J. May, be and is hereby appointed County Inspector for the whole of the Common Schools in the County of Carleton, and that the Rev. James Borthwick, the Rev. C. B. Petit, and John McMillan, B. A, be, and they are hereby appointed examiners as to the qualification, &c., of teachers in the said County of Carleton, and that a By-law be now introduced and passed, setting forth their duties, salaries, and expenses.—Carried.

A communication was read respecting the erection of a bridge near Mr. McLaren's mills over the Rideau river, and soliciting the County Corporation to assume half the expenses.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn and seconded by Mr. Cummings, that the petition of H. O. Burritt, with the opinion of J. B. Lewis, be submitted to the Committee on Roads and Bridges, and that the said Committee be requested to visit the bridge referred to, and report on the same to this Council to-morrow morning.

Moved by Mr. Revington, seconded by Mr. Caldwell, that Mr. Burrows be heard at the bar of this Council concerning a nuisance on the town line between the townships of March and Goulburn. Carried.

The Report of the Committee on Printing was submitted, read, and adopted.

Moved by Mr. Revington, seconded by Mr. Hopper, that the obstructions complained of by Mr. Burrows be ordered to be removed. Lost.

Council adjourned until 2 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met at 2 p. m.

The report of the Finance Committee was read and adopted. The report was very complete, and details the financial state of the county. It shows the receipts for the past year to be $45,832, and the expenditure $40,751, leaving a balance in the treasurer's hands of $5,081. On the 31st of December last the assets of the county were $53,578, and the liabilities, $41,781, leaving a balance in the treasurer's hands of $11,797, after paying all expenses for the Court House, &c. Nevertheless, it would be necessary to raise at least $15,000 this year to meet county expenditures. A total of $17,300 more would be required to complete the Court House, Registry Office and minor improvements, all of which, when completed, will have cost about $86,000.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Conn, That the report of the Finance Committee be received and adopted—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Wallace, That the application of Col. Skinner, asking for aid to defray the expenses of the Canadian Team to Wimbledon, be now considered, and that Mr. Barber be heard at the bar of the Council on the matter—Carried.

Mr. Barber then briefly addressed the Council, after which it was

Moved by. Mr. Wallace, seconded by Mr. Conn, that the sum of fifty dollars be granted for the above purpose.

Several members spoke in opposition to the motion, on the ground that injustice had been done to Mr. Walker, of the county, in not selecting him as one of the team to Wimbledon, though his shooting was better than that of Mr. Harris, of the city, who was chosen.

Mr. Barber dispelled this erroneous impression. He explained that Mr. Harris was one of the best shots in the Dominion and that Mr. Walker's aggregate scoring was not near as good as that of the former gentleman.

Moved by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. Blackburn, that a statement be laid before this Council shewing in detail the amounts expended by the Warden's orders to or for the sufferers by the fire in August last, said statement to be produced at the opening of the Council on Friday next.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Smith, seconded by Mr. Blackburn, that the solicitor of this Corporation be authorised to prepare a by-law to raise the sum of $35,000 by the sale of debentures, for the finishing of the Court House and Registry Office and expenditure connected therewith, also for improvements to be made on gaol and premises. Lost

Moved by Mr. Cummings, in amendment, seconded by Mr. Wallace, that, whereas it is necessary to raise by way of loan the sum of $20,000 towards completing the new Court House, Registry Office, and other improvements connected therewith, therefore, leave be granted to introduce a by-law for that purpose, and to provide for the issue of debentures for the amount, the debentures to be for sums of $500, each to bear interest at six per cent, payable half-yearly on the first day of January and first day of July in each year, at the office of the Quebec Bank, in the City of Ottawa. Debentures to be redeemable in ten years, and that the Solicitor be requested to prepare said by-law—Carried.

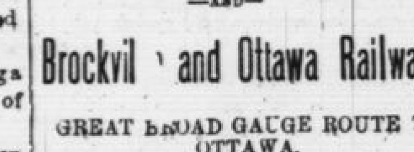
On motion, the report of the Special Committee on Roads and Bridges was adopted, and the report of the General Committee on Roads and Bridges was allowed to stand over.

The Council then adjourned until 10 this morning.

Great Bargains in Lace Shawls. Prices reduced one-third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks St.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

GENTLEMEN — Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, 1871

Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1,30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 4 30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2.00 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5.40 p. m., and at Sand Point, 6 30 p m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a m arriving at Brockville at 1.34 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 2.50 p.m., and 6.20 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 3.50 p m., 10.00 p.m., 6·15 p.m. 1.30 p.m.

Leave Sand Point

At 8.30 a.m., 11.30 a.m., 3.00 a.m., 2.00 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a m, after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H ABBOTT, Manager.

Brockville, June 6, 1871

To Charles Leduc,

Of the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa, Esquire.

SIR,—We, the undersigned Electors of the County of Ottawa, having confidence in your intelligence and integrity to represent this section of the County, in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec, hereby request you to become a candidate at the next election, and we pledge you our support and influence to obtain your election:—

Rev Père Reboul, Pierre Poulin,
Rev Père Beaudin, I H Richer, J P
Ruggles Wright, F X Bouvier, Maire,
P Wetherall Wright, Francois Laurin, J. P.
Dr C E Graham, Councillor, Alfred Coté, peintre, Joseph Prudhomme,
Samuel Pink, Councillor, Anselme Bédard, Basile Bédard,
Alex Prudhomme, Néré Vachon, hôtellier
Moise Bisson, Councillor, Frs Robert, Alexandre Laselle,
M Tétreau, P., Joseph Berurand,
Chas Marcil, Avocat, Aug Monette,
Charles Roussel, J Bte Hébert,
Hubert Blais, Francois Normand,
JosephPoliquin, Père, Joseph Nadon,
Félix Périard, P H Chabot,
James Chénier, Adolphe Chabot,
Guillaume Périard, Joseph Valade,
Joseph Campeau, Basile Bédard,
Joseph Poliquin, fils, Hyacinthe Madar,
Seraphin St Denis, Joseph Archambault,
Isaac Martin, Amable Patenaude,
J Bte Châtillon, Hypolite Legrand,
Alexis Latreille, Hilaire Jolicœur,
Alexis St Denis, Olivier Milliotte,
J Bte Dubrule, Joseph Rairard,
Bte Lalonde, Joseph Pepin,
Clément Jodouin, Thomas Sauvé,
Francois Bastien, Joseph Deschêne,
Nazeret Fauteux, Camille Augé,
Pierre Pichette, Chars Fhalerdan,
Luc Derragon, Louis Barrett,
Bazile Villeneuve, Hilaire Champagne,
Daniel Papillon, Amable Sauvé,
Jos Beaudin, M D, Joseph Montreuil,
Gilbert Leclerc, Olivier Pilon,
Théophile Turcotte, J Bte Gauthier,
Jérémie Boyer, François Groulx,
Moise Campeau, jr, Victor Corbeil,
Edouard Clermont, J Bte Chalifou,
Alphonse Grignon, Israël Terrien,
Edouard Joubert, Hypolite Legrand,
Narcisse Carpentier, Louis Désjardins,
Luc Lalonde, J Bte Lapensée,
FrancoisCharbonneau Alphonse Grignon,
Prospère Ducharme. Amable Lapierre,
Onésime Fréchette, Cyrille Chémèr.
Joseph Lemieux, jr, Narcisse Chartran,
Ambroise Sanctueur, Agustin Pepin, fils,
Clèophas Sabourin, Richard Nevill,
Pierre Proulx, Alexandre D'Aoust,
John Wright, Hubert Côté,
Charles Renaud, Edouard Renaud,
Alfred Filiatrault, Xavier Sarrasin,
Téophile Cabana, S B Cimon, Merchant,
Olivier Martin, Solomon Chartrand,
M W Noctor, Théophile Blondin,
M Laflamme, fils, J Bte Arbicque,
Charles Lafontaine, Marcel Ploof,
Amable Bertrand, Joseph E Leduc, Boucher,
J Bte Bertrand,
Edouard Dupins, J Bte Leduc, Hotellier,
Louis Laviolette,
Louis Bastien, Louis Gaumont, Peintre,
Louis Cadieux, Marchand, F X Elie Gauthier, Marchand,
Eustache Guilbeau, Masson, Jean Bte Amiot,
A Rathier, Marchand, J Bte Audette,
Onésime Paquette, Marchand, Pierre Daoust, Alfred Graton,
Joseph Charbonneau, Marchand, Eustache Libersar, Joseph Lalonde,
Alphonse Thérien, André Riopelle,
Hector Lapointe, J Bte Villeneuve,
Félix Labelle, Isidore Dechêne,
Honoré Labelle, Marchand, Chs Beauvois, Toussaint Deslaurier,
Hilaire Vieau, Timothé Lefort,
Robert Auclair, Marchand, Evariste Dechêne, Joseph Carriere,
Edouard Truesdell, Avocat, Joseph Villancour, Louis Peronce,
Gilbert Leclerc, Cyrille St Denis, Marchand,
M Silvère Dumontier, I J, Antoine Parant, ouvrier,
Cuthbert Bordeleau, Cordonnier, Alphonse Pichette,
Onesime Groulx, Firmin Richard, Masson,
Joseph Grondin,
Joseph Vincent, Dolphice Jannary, cordonier,
J B Gauthier,
Capt Hypolite Fortin, Toussaint Dupuis,
J Bte Grenier, Hotellier, Olivier Caron, J Bte Charbonneau,
Hormisdas Bernêche, Masson, Isidore Jaudoin, Joseph Jaudoin, marchand,
Joachim Lafrance,
Jules Pichette, Calixe Rouleau, charretier,
Gossien Blais,
Louis Groulx, Arsène Lasule,
Jules Doucet, F Xavier Rouleau,
Dolphin Fortier, Narcisse Carpentier,
Jean Reginbal, François Lalonde,
J Bte Brancho, Honoré Doré,
Pierre Champagne, fils, William Timmens, marchand,
Joseph Papin, Père, Marcelin Larose, merchand,
Joseph Groulx,
Charles Menard, François Vachon, boulanger,
Joseph Verbonccœur, Masson, Joseph Larose, boucher,
Louis Corbeil,
Chrs B F Piché, Augustin Papin, Père,
Etienne Prudhomme, Alfred Lane,
Barnabé D'Arpentigni Octave Latour,
H Gravel, Conseiller, Gustave Chevrier,
Etienne Delorier, Louis Barrette,
Evangeliste Roy, Joseph Larose,
Etienne Béseth, J Bte Larose,
Alfred Derouin, Pierre Bonneville,
Godfroid Cayé, Louis Charette,
Louis Goulet, Antoine Charette,
Bélonie Alard, Joseph Derouin,
Magloire Dumontier, Adolphe Derouin,
Narcisse Dusault, André Plouff,
Isaie Dazé, Norbert Noir, fils,
Michel Dieaire, S R, Alfred St Louis,
Michel Dicaine, Sr, J Bte Derouin,
A L G Dumoutier, Jacques Goyette,
Edouard Duquet, Napoleon Moreau,
Bernabé Darpentigny, Désiré Bastarache,
Michel Navion, Martin Butler,
Ludger Navion, H Labelle, hotellier,
Joseph Duquette, Cyphrien Ouellette,
CharlesHynds, George Thomas,
Pierre Racine, ouvrier, Louis Dussault, Timothe Roy
J Bte Sayen, Père, Joseph Roy,
J Bte Sayen, fils, A L Dumontier,
Alexandre Sayen, Eustache Simon, marchand,
Néré Rochon, ouvrier,
Telesphore Rochon, Hotellier, André Sabourin, Grégoire Belanger,
François Ranger, George Duguay,
Nasaire Guilmette, Xavier Patenaude,
Jean Bte Dorion, Théophile Beaudin,
Emanuel Dorion, J B Bessete,
Jean Bte Chenier, Théophile Laure,
Edmond Bertrand, Gédéon Loyer,
Michel Hotte, E Richer Sr.,
François Counal, E Richer Jr.,
Paschal Ouilette, Alphonse Roy,
Fabien Soulière, Joseph Roy,
Joseph Gosselin, Octave Dubuc,
Pierre Sauvé, Edouard Renaud,
François Galarneau, Narcisse Mirault,
François Chatelle, Narcisse Fréchette,
Pierre St Martin, Joseph Papin,
Thomas Proulx, John McDonald,
Bernabé Sabourin, Treffile Laliberté,
Ignace Renaud, Napoleon Therien,
Sévère Chatellad, Camille Chenevert,
G Bonbardin, Victor Levesque,
Honoré Labelle, Octave Levesque,
Amédée Sabourin, Alexander Taylor,
Hercule Verboncœur Moise Galipeau,
Magloire Carrière, John Thibert,
Thomas Lynard, Chs Auger,
Charles Fournelle, Joseph Buissiere,
Adélane Verboncœur Joseph Marion,
François Goulet, Candide Pilon,
Samuel Pelerin, Chas Goyette,
Telesp Sauvaugeau, Francois Gendron,
Ambroise Roy, Noe Perrier,
I L Tecko, Severin Lachapelle,
Alexi Côté, Narcisse Brossard,
Alfred Côté, Joseph Mulerin,
Louis Gaumd, Eustache Rochon,
Norbert Plante, Magloire Landry sr,
Calixte Viau, Magloire Landry jr,
François Brosseau, Jean Bte Castonguay
Elie Bourgeois, Frs Larose,
J Bte Lebris, Felix Dault,
Felix Cardinal, Maxime Hébert,
Erneste Duchesne, F E Fortin,
David Lamotte, Henri Guertin,
Pierre Durocher, O Messier,
Jean B Lacasse, John Broadhead,
Louis Roi, Wm Sayer,
Hyacinthe Madore, Moise Daigneau,
Mar Larose, Alphonse Richard,
Elie Labelle, Hilaire Mathias,
Joseph Carrière, Gustave Chevrier,
Augustin Larose, Godefroi Latreille,
Joseph Venance, Mathias Rousson,
Joseph Franche, Nap Lacasse,
François Sauriole, Wm Anderson,
Mizael Pariseau, Aimée Jodouin,
Jean Bte Séguin, T Raymond,
George Grenier, Aimée Monfils,
George Latrimouille, J Bte Lafontaine,
Victor Bourgeois, Louis Desmarais,
Joseph Riopelle, Basil St Louis,
Joseph Lefebvre, Wilfred Bissonnette,
Isaie Fleury, Chs Denommés,
Nérée Rochon, Jos Charbonneau,
Jean Bte Séguin jr, Alexandre Morin,
Joseph Séguin, Geo Ardi
Pierre Vallée, Capt John A Boult,
Joseph Pelchat, Jno Bte Dupuis,
Olivier Paré, Louis Fortin,
Joseph Lécuyer, Thos Mousseau
Joachin Lafontaine, Jeremie Bergeron,
Adolph Vilneuve, Pierre Matte,
Olivier Charette, Gabriel Lauzier,
Joseph Moreau, conseillers, Baptiste Lauzier
E. S. Boncheaul, J Bte Desjardin,
Joseph Daoust Mag Charbonneau,
D. Derouin, Prosper Oliver,
Amable Beaudry, Jr. Maxime Chartier,
Amable Baudry, Sr. Xavier Peaudevins,
Louis Cyr. Alexandre Dupras,
Joseph Dion, Oliver Vilneuve,
J. Bte. Audette. Joseph Charboneau,
Jerimie Charon, Louis Bertrand,
Théophile Vieau, Joseph Beaubien,
Amable Martel, Jean Charette,
F. X. Laurin, Jr. Felix Tetie,
Pascal Cyr. Edouard St Germain,
Charles Cyr. Napoleon Bertrand,
Pierre Posée, Antoine Lafontaine,
Alfred Osburn, Octave Lamanche,
Felix Pepin, Jr. Francois Lacloches,
Jermie Hurtubise. Richard Kelly,
Thomas Homes. F X Girard, Maire,
Eustache Hebert, Jr. Conseilliers,
Eustache Hebert, Sr. John Prudhomme,
Arsene Hebert, Salem Charette, Buckingham,
France Lagasse,
Joseph Charon, Peter Barret,
Julien Decarie Jr. EustacheGradmaison, Buckingham,
Julien Decarie Sr.
Antoine Dore, Louis Lecuyer,
Julien Decarie, Oné Constantineau,
Grégoire Matte, Maxime Hamelin,
Francois Aubry, Joseph Laurin,
Francois Nadon, Eusebe Lafontaine,
Isid. Constantineau, Felix Charon,
J Bte Bresetts, Jr, Honoré Lafontaine,
J Bte Bresetts, Sr, Narcise Roy,
Joseph Pilon Jr. Louis Jolicoeur,
Joseph Campeau Jr, J Bte Brunette,
Eusebe Campeau, Narcise Roy, Père,
Augustin Campeau, J Bte Hout, Père,
J Bte Descarie, J Bte Hout, fils,
Louis Cousineau, Joseph Lafontaine, Père,
J N Rousel, N P
Salem Charette, Seraphin Belanger,
Moise Charon, François Belanger,
Napoleon Belanger, Michael Padden,
Elie Belanger, Louis Cousineau,
Gilbert Lachapelle, J Bte Benoit,
Joseph Hurtubise, Celestin Belanger,
Hypolite Jascon, J Bte Loucire,
Isaac Lepin, Moise Galipeau,
Joachim Lafontaine, Emanuel Dufresne,
Antoine Lafontaine, Alexandre Charon,
Octave Lamarche, Hyacinthe Amour,
Jules Belanger, Guillaume Nantel,
Julliare Marenger, Louis Lécuyer, Père,
Louis Lafontaine, Estor St François,
S Moreau Marchand, Narcise Roy, Père,
Joseph Lafontaine, J. P. Narcise Roy, fils,
Pierre Charette, Antoine Gareau, Père,
Narcisse Matte, Antoine Gareau, fils,
D Derouin, François Brunette,
Joseph Galipeau, Damasse Charon,
Louis Paturin, Trefflé Hornier,
Nap Constantineau, J Bte Lequelt,
Maxime Bélan, Sr, Eusèbe St Jean,
Joseph Charon, Louis Bélanger,
Joseph St. Jacques, J Bte Legance, Père

REPLY.

To the Rev. Fathers Reboul, Beaudin, Messrs. Ruggles Wright, F. X. Bouvier, and others, and to all the Electors of the County of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—After reading the above requisition, signed, as it is, by such a large number of the most influential electors of the County, I deem it a duty to accede to your request, acknowledging, therefore, the high honor conferred upon me by your invitation, I beg leave to inform you that I will present myself at the coming elections as candidate for the representation of the rich and important County of Ottawa.

After a five years connection with the press, and a long and careful study of the politics of this country, I beg to tender to this County and the Province in general, the benefit of my experience and the result of my labors.

If elected, I pledge myself to give my cordial support to all measures, which, in my humble opinion, I will consider necessary or useful to this Province and to this County in particular—nevertheless I may state here that in politics my principles and views have always been liberal, and progressive, and are Conservative. Agriculture, commerce, and education, are three questions which will be objects of my most earnest and careful consideration, as I regard them as indispensable and essential, alike to the welfare, prosperity and growth of a nation.

I will endeavor to promote and protect the lumber trade, more especially in the interests of this county, as I consider that trade to be not only one of the greatest sources of wealth in this country, but also as a principal means of extending considerably the limits of colonization.

I will do all in my power to encourage colonization by giving my support to and adopting the most efficient and effectual means of encouraging emigration to these parts of the country which are yet unsettled—by obtaining from the Government for that object, liberal grants for the opening of roads and the construction of bridges, and especially by exercising scrupulous justice and fairness in the distribution of the different sums of money which may be voted for that purpose.

I will also endeavor to encourage the opening out and the working of the immense mineral resources of this country, by calling the attention of capitalists, and if I succeed in that object, the Government, the capitalist, the laborer will alike profit by it.

In the distribution of the public offices of this country I will endeavor to show more liberality, justice, and impartiality than has been heretofore manifested. I will recommend the appointment of men worthy in every respect to fill these offices to the satisfaction of all parties concerned. I will be careful not to leave indefinitely vacant any office which by its importance to the county ought to be filled up at once.

I shall endeavor on every occasion, to exhibit a liberal spirit towards all. I hold in contempt those who take a hole and corner view, or what is worse, regard with an eye of personal greed questions of grave importance to the country at large, as has been done in the past; yet I believe in the advantage to a county of great extent such as this of having as its representative a person residing in as central a place as possible. Such as Hull, for instance.

I well recognize the absurdity of raising national "cries" in political matters; nevertheless, without attempting anything of the kind, I must say that in the Quebec Parliament, composed almost exclusively of French Canadians, it is to the advantage of almost any county in the Province, to select a French Canadian as its representative, as he finds himself among those of his own race and language, and is enabled to address them with greater facility than one of another origin.

To conclude, gentlemen, if elected, I shall exert my best energies to promote the progress of the Province, and particularly of this county. I shall ever be happy and grateful to my fellow-citizens for their advice, and, I shall devote myself with all my heart to the duties of the responsible position you shall have conferred on me.

Meanwhile,
I remain,
Gentlemen,
Your humble servant,
CHARLES LEDUC.

WANTED.

For Ottawa City, an energetic, reliable AGENT, for a first-class British Life Assurance Company. to whom a liberal commission will be paid. Address, Drawer 319 P.O., Montreal.

Ottawa, June 12, 1871 1689 8

DRY GOODS

—AT—

RETAIL.

SUMMER FASHIONS

SHOWING THIS DAY,

—AT—

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,
Beautiful Bonnets,
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets
Splendid Lace Shawls.
Also in immense Variety,

Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques,
Horrockses, Millar & Co., Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
King's best Window Hollands,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c.,

SPECIAL LINES.

Linen Percale's and Lawns, for Seaside Wear.
Walking stick Parachutes " " "
Paragon Frame Parasols and Umbrellas,
Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makes.
Coventry Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and Trimmings, in great variety.

EXTRAORDINARY.

43 Patterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
3 " Dark Prints,
3 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell. Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

FRESH! FRESH! FRESH!

SALMON.

The first of the Season just received, at MOSES LAPOINTE'S, Fish Dealer, Lower Town Market.

N. B.—All kinds of Lake, River, and Sea Fish, always on hand.

Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685 1

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL.

The most beautiful site in the neighbourhood of the Capital, and the most pleasant and convenient place about Ottawa, for Pic Nics, &c.

A large covered Platform, raised eight feet from the ground, and capable of accommodating 4,000 persons, is admirably suited for Dancing, for Dramatic Soirees, and such like entertainments.

The Refreshments and Liquors to be had on the grounds are of the best quality.

Pleasure parties could not find a more comfortable and pleasant place to enjoy themselves.

At night the Gardens are well illuminated. Once properly known they will be regarded as indispensable during the summer season. There will be a Dancing school in the Gardens every THURSDAY night, except when occupied by a Pic-nic.

Hull, June 7, 1871 1685 2m

FESTIVAL OF

ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST.

GRAND CONCERT

—AND—

DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE

—AT THE—

CANADIAN INSTITUTE,

ON MONDAY, 26th JUNE, 1871.

Admission........................25cts.
Tickets for Reserved Seats.............40cts.

To be had at the Institute where a diagram of the Seats can be seen from and after this day (THURSDAY) until SUNDAY,

The Directors,
LE CHEVALIER SMITH,
A. LAPERRIERE.

Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686td

PORTER'S BLOCK.

34. SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

In their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good election,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,
NEW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS
Departments

THE SALVAGE GOODS,

Amounting to Over $7,500,

SAVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared out at prices which will be sure to command a sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low price goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,
PORTER'S BLOCK,
34 SPARKS STREET

Ottawa, March 30, 1871 1628y

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for Supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY,

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season.. $5 00
20lbs " " .. 9 00
10lbs " month 1 50
20lbs " " 2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

Terms strictly Cash in advance

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorens, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N B.—Ice sup r ton or cwt.

Ottawa April

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE,

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,
Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Mermalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 RIDEAU STREET.

OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you.

1634 3m

The Tea Pot

RIDEAU STREET.

Try John Hill's Teas and Coffees.

Try JOHN HILL'S Teas and Coffees, and you'll find
That they are of a most superior kind.
The various samples, when you fairly test,
You'll find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who each day procure
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

The following TEAS and COFFEES have been received within the last few days, and as they are FRESH and (NEW SEASONS) can be recommended, the flavor being equal to any Teas ever imported into Canada:

FINEST JAPAN TEA (The very best that can be produced)
EXCELLENT KAISOW CONGOU TEA (Something extra).
CHOICE YOUNG HYSON TEA,

VERY SUPERIOR BLACK TEA (True Souchong) in Catties of 10½lbs each,
VERY FINEST GUNPOWDER TEA (Something extra).
EXTRA SCENTED ORANGE PEKOE.

PURE JAPAN TEA, 60 cts. per lb., or 5 lbs. of the same article for $2.75.

GOOD SOUND TWANKAY TEA, 5 lbs. for $2.00.

The Finest Flavored Coffee to be had in this country, consisting of Pure Mountain Berry, Mocha, Java, Old Government Java and Plantation.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

GIN—
J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily, on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, " London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. " Caddies."

ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 73259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given, which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1675d

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6 40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10:00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa.

R. LUTTRELL, Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa June 1st, 1871

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under [illegible],
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving you orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULFPORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Side-Wheel Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S. :—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

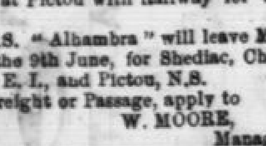
The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf



ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*.....Captain Findlay.
" *Emerald*........ " Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*... " Murphy.
" *Alliance*......... " Blondin.
" *Oregon*......... " Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*........ "
" *Jason Gould*..... " Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*. " Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*....... " Duggan.
" *Pontiac*......... " D. Mulligan
" *Keppawa*........ " BJ Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Capitaine.

Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau, every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning—Leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 o'clock, p.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,

CAPT. BOWIE,

PRINCE OF WALES,

CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R. W. SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS ACT OF 1871.

ELECTION PETITION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

Take notice that the above Petition will be tried at the COURT HOUSE, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the Sixteenth day of JUNE, A.D. 1871, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, and on such other subsequent days as may be needful. The said City of Ottawa having been appointed by the Court of Queen's Bench, for the place of trial of the said Election Petition, by rule of the said Court.

Dated the 27th day of May, A.D. 1871.
By order,
ROBERT G. DALTON.
Clerk of the Crown of the Court of Queen's Bench

May 30, 1871 1679tf

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Balliff, *Agent,*
Times Office Ottawa.

ENGLISH GOODS!!!

RECEIVED AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 Sussex street

RIZE WATER FILTERS, from $2.25 upwards, of Earthenware and White China. (They purify the most impure water.—*Medical Gazette.*)

ENGLISH BEDSTEADS, all wrought Iron,
Do CHILDRENS COTS, do do
Very fine patterns, quite new and cheap.

For Hospitals and Sick Rooms :

ENGLISH ENAMELLED CHAMBERS.
Do., do., BED PANS.
ENGLISH GARDEN CHAIRS,
Do., do., SETTEES, (to arrive.)
Do., CROQUET-LAWN BORDERING
REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, and BATHS, STOVES new and improved patterns.

H. MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, May 30, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,

OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR.

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and
Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy,
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy Ports,
Domecqs and Greek Sherry,
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.
Bass', Guinness's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.

Liberal terms.
☞ Inspection invited.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! *ICE!*

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street;

Ottawa, May 1649d

JUST RECEIVED.

—AT—

HAUSER'S

RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,

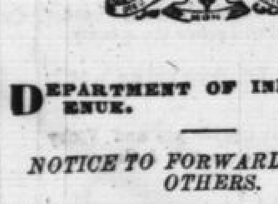
That splendid new Magazine,

THE WEDDING BELLS.

—ALSO—

BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL
FOR MARCH AND APRIL.

Ottawa, April 19, 1871



DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE.

NOTICE TO FORWARDERS AND OTHERS.

LET PASSES, through to Lake Champlain, will be issued to Vessels, Barges, &c., by the Collector of Canal Tolls, Ottawa, on payment of Tolls.

LET PASSES will also be issued by the Collector of Canal Tolls, at Montreal, and at St. Johns, through to Ottawa, or to Ottawa Basin, on payment of Tolls.

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871. 1680a

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD,

Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER

—AND—

SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871.

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz. :—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.

June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

☞ All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oscola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deif Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

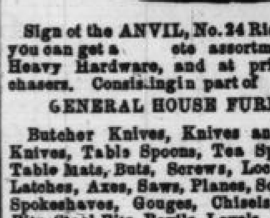
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!



Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c, &c &c. together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, No 18, 1870

SELLING

OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES

OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
WINE MERCHANT,
Elgin Street,

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

☞ A few good Fowls for sale.

J. HERBERT,
N on-st., West.
near Richmond Road, Ottawa,

April 26, 1871.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
......	12.45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
......	12 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	......	4.20
......	......	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	......	6.00
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	12.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	......	4.20
......	10.15	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c	......	......	4.20
9.20	2.00	1.10	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	3.00
9.20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	......	......	3 00
10.30	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	......
7.00	......	......	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	......	......	7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	......	......	7.00
10.00	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 7, 1871

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa
The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq,

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz.: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Now last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Busines.

Claims Paid for Assurances....£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid. 2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of.... 6,570,000.00
Annual Income............... 1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection to Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions* of *Policies.*

The *Non-Forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

☞ Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW,
Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal

J.& W. T. Penneck,
Agents, Ottawa.
March 13, 1871 168a

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND LIFE

Continues to take risks on every description of property—including Wooden House—at similar rates with other first-class Companies.

LIFE

An inspection of its late Tables is invited.

T M CLARK,
Agent,
Elgin-st., near Sparks.

Ottawa, April 12, 1871 1638 1

THE METROPOLITAN

Building and Savings Society

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer;

Ottawa 12th December, 1870. 1346tf

Medical.

MESS. GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE &c. BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD PREPARED ONLY BY MESS. GABRIEL. DENTISTS LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

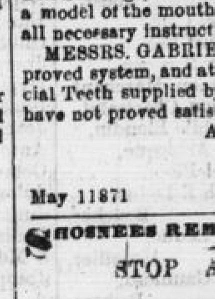
MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

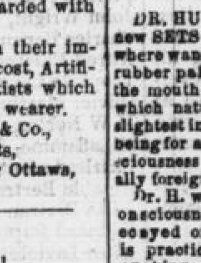
A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,

May 1 1871

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!





To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILES, Conway P County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1879.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869:

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, D Canada.

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

THE EAGLE STEAM BAKERY,

AND

CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT

IS THE

BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your orders are solicited
AND WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO BY

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,

Nos. 36 and 38, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

T G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month,

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1604

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Willows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c. &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 3rd June, 1871.

Authorised discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa, June 3, 1871

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.

W McKAY WRIGHT. F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 48utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treament of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H ASims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accounts accurately prepared. Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1595 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.

Montreal, March 1871 2 3m

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

8 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

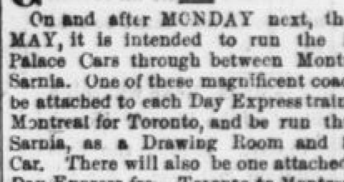
On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at.......... 6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at....... 9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at..... 9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at....11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at.................... 5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at 7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at.................. 8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at.......... 2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston.........10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz.:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON have purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables, and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer

No. 67 Sussex-st.

OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks st

Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET.

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel.

Strict attention to business.
Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1599

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.

J. A. GEMMILL,
Solicitor &c.

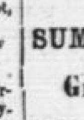
Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.

Ottawa, Feb. 21, 87 159

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 38 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa
JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

VOL.

For Sale o



TO LE
(2) TW
moderate
street.
Possession given 20th
Enquire at 60 Sparks S

HOUS
the
Baldwin's
comfortab
Wood, now finishing.
month.
Apply to
T. M. C
R

Ottawa, May 4, 1871

TO LET.

A portion of the ROOM by the Young Men's Ch corner of Sparks and Elg Block.)
Apply for terms, &c., t

Ottawa, April 7, 1871

TO LET OR SELL

ONE FIRST CLASS
Daly street. Possession, Im
For particulars, apply
TH
N

Ottawa, Feb, 16, 1871

TO LET.

A COUNTRY RESIDEN teen apartments with five ed, or more if required, situ City, on the Montreal Mac
Also the Shop at present o McKAY, Rideau street.
For particulars apply
WI

Ottawa, Feb, 16,

WAN
A Com
HOUSE, on the west en Richmond Road prefer ceed $300 per annum, dress D., post paid, O quired by 15th June.
Ottawa, May 30, 1871

IMPORTANT NOTI

PROF. H

NEWLY-DIS

VERMIN D

Which is kn
Far Superior to anyt
cover
For killing Rats, Mice, Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches on Dogs, Blight and Ins in Fur, Tick or Scab on on Cattle, &c., &c., in le
Sold in Packets—25 c Packets for One Dollar,
The Powder is warran smell, and will keep in be spread anywhere wit harmless to Cats or Do eat it.

Directions for use
MANUFACTORY—Grave City of London, Engla
The above discovery fessor Harman a Silve Inter-Colonial Exhibiti tralia, of 1866 besides n
Agents for Ottawa—Jose Wellington-st.; John st.; Slocombe & Steve Loaf, corner of Cumb Edinburgh, J. W. Proc Mr. N. E. Cormier; th the Canadian Province No. 1 Western Building
May 22, 1871

OTTAWA BRASS

THEODORE

BRASSFOUNDER,
FITTE

RIDEAU-ST.

Manufacturer

STEAM, WATER an TINGS, BEER an and GARDEN

Plumbers, Gasfitters Locksmith's Furnishi Pipes and Fittings, B in Tubes, Sheets, Wire Strap Tin, Solder, G Bolts, Crucibles, STOV Pipe Varnish, Sad Iro Bedsteads, Galvanized

☞ The Trade sup
Mr. F. calls particula WELL PUMPS (new ed not to freeze or to g lift Water any height.
Ottawa, May 5, 1871

WILD LANDS

FOR

On advantageo

CANADA IRO

MANUFACTUR

In Templeton
In Eardley
In Hull,

Total,
Apply t
P. S.
1
Or
H. J. CO
I

Ottawa, May 11, 18

ENGLISH OAK

LEATHER BELT

FINE ENGI

LACE L

Warranted Superior t vince.

Price Lists, with re to
JOH

P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11,

MARE LOST.

Strayed from Pa about six weeks ago good height, and lon ed thus: Three whi one fore, and a little head, with a few sm white. She is knee hoof on the left fo also wicked.
Any person givi will lead to the SAMUEL HUDSON BOOTH'S Store, Ch Chandiere, June 7

READING, EL

WRITING, C

MRS. ROBERT to give Lessons in vately or in Classe
Apply to

N.B.—Manuscri
Ottawa, May 18, 1

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1693. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JUNE 16, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.
Possession given 20th May.
Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere, near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.
Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET.

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)
Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.
Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY
For particulars, apply to
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 28 Rideau street.
Ottawa, Feb, 16, 1871

TO LET.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road.
Also the Shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.
For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Ottawa, Feb, 16, 1871 592tf

WANTED TO RENT.

A Comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, on the west end. Neighborhood of Richmond Road preferred. Rent not to exceed $300 per annum, including taxes. Address D., post paid, Ottawa. Possession required by 15th June.
Ottawa, May 30, 1871 1679 3

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S
NEWLY-DISCOVERED
VERMIN DESTROYER,
Which is known to be
Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered
For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry, Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.
Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.
The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.
Directions for use on each Packet.
MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England.
The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.
Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,
May 22, 1871 1671 1y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,
THEODORE FRIEDRICK,
BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GASFITTER, &c.,
RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.
Manufacturer and Dealer in
STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.
Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.
☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices
Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.
Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

WILD LANDS
FOR SALE.
On advantageous terms, by the
CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull,	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

ENGLISH OAK TANNED
LEATHER BELTING,
FINE ENGLISH HOSE,
LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,
Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.
Price Lists, with references, on application to
JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.
P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

STRAY MARE LOST.

Strayed from Pasture, Richmond Road, about six weeks ago, a Dark Brown MARE, good height, and long build. She was marked thus: Three white feet, the two hind and one fore, and a little white star on the forehead, with a few small spots above her nose, white. She is knee sprung slightly, and the hoof on the left foot split a little; she is also wicked.
Any person giving such information (as will lead to the recovery of the Mare) to SAMUEL HUDSON, Chaudiere Depot, or at BOOTH'S Store, Chaudiere, will be rewarded.
Chaudiere, June 7, 1871 1685a

READING, ELOCUTION,
WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.
MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.
Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st., Ottawa.
N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.
The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened
A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,
ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,
The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises
STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.
And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.
Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*
McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 Rideau Street,
Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to
T. R. SHEFFIELD,
OF BROCKVILLE,
Who will continue the Business in the same premises, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 Rideau Street.
OTTAWA, June 2, 1871.
☞ In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.
T. R. SHEFFIELD,
OTTAWA, June 2, 1871. 1681 2m

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,
NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,
FURTHER REDUCTIONS!
We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will suit those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.
The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induces us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.
From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves.
Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:
Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed
P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1663tf

CLOTHING HALL!
New Store.
J. M. GOULDEN
Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at
No. 100 Sussex Street,
NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,
A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of
DRY GOODS
—AND—
READY MADE CLOTHING,
Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.
Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give a call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.
☞ Do not Forget the Place ☜
No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.
NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.
JUST OPENED BY
N. FAULKNER,
ON SUSSEX STREET,
Next Door to F. McDougall & Co.
The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened
NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,
Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colour Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpacas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,
To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.
☞ *There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.* ☜
The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.
COME ONE! COME ALL!!
—TO—
N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA, April 28, 1871 1652 3m

ALBION HOTEL,
McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,
Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal.
1685 3m

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.
Dufresne & McGarity,
—SUCCESSORS—
MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.
Sussex Street, OTTAWA. 221 Notre Dame St. MONTREAL.
TRADE MARK
The Undersigned have much pleasure in stating to their Customers and the Trade in general, that they have disposed of the RETAIL BUSINESS *which they heretofore carried on in connection with their Wholesale Trade; and it is now their intention to devote themselves exclusively to the*
Wholesale Grocery, Wine and Provision Business.
To enable them to do so efficiently, they have secured the premises next door to their present stand, (formerly occupied by Messrs. Fingland & Draper, as a Dry Goods Store,) and connected the two buildings by an arch,—now making ONE OF THE FINEST WHOLESALE HOUSES IN THE PROVINCE.
They have secured Agencies for several of the first WINE HOUSES *in Europe; and are also Agents for* Messrs. GOODERHAM & WORTS, *Distillers of Toronto,—and they can safely say that Messrs. G. & W. make the finest Spirits in the Dominion.*
The trade supplied with all of the undermentioned ALES, either in Wood or Bottle, at Brewers prices.
Dow & Co's, Montreal, Pale and Mild Ales and Porter,
Cosgrove's, Toronto, " " "
Labatt's, Prescott, " " "
Dawes', Lachine, " " "
GUINNESS STOUT and ENGLISH ALES always on hand and in fine condition.
There is now on the way out from China and Japan, 2,000 Chests of Fresh Teas, *which, with all other Goods, will be sold at* MONTREAL PRICES.
Goods will be delivered at Steamboat and Railway Stations free of charge. All empty packages charged in accounts will be taken back and allowed for, and those preferring to have their Goods shipped from the Montreal House, can have that privilege by leaving their orders at the office here.
The OTTAWA ESTABLISHMENT will be under the special management of MR. MCGARITY, *who will give his exclusive attention to the wants of his customers.*
Thanking you for the liberal patronage with which we have been so kindly favored, and soliciting an early call.
We remain, yours truly,
Dufresne & McGarity,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
"The Tea Pot,"
SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.
OTTAWA, April 19, 1871 1645 2m

MESSRS.
SATCHELL BROS
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to
MEAT,
Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their
STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,
LOWER TOWN MARKET,
On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

McGill University, Montreal,
SESSION 1871-72.
THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—
FACULTY OF ARTS.....September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE....October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW.....October 3rd.
The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.
The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.
In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered
First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Second Year, 4 Exhibitions-3 of $125; 1 of $100
Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.
The Calendar containing details of all above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.
W. C. BAYNES,
Secretary.
May 31, 1871 1689 2awk 2m

SPRING IMPORTATIONS
The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of
HATS AND CAPS
Are now very complete, embracing everything that is now of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.
JAMES PEACOCK,
☞ Remember the place
33 Rideau Street
☞ OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜
Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

DOMINION HOUSE,
CORNER OF
SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,
OTTAWA.
The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the Lumberers of the Ottawa Valley
WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel,
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 3m

NO MORE BUGS!
WROUGHT IRON BEDSTEADS,
Just Received Direct from ENGLAND.
Another lot of these celebrated BEDSTEADS handsomely painted and ornamented, and cheaper than any Bedstead sold in this city, there is no danger of breaking off the legs, as there always is with the ordinary ones sold, which are made of Cast Iron. Ask for the
ENGLISH WROUGHT IRON
BEDSTEADS.
Also to arrive this week,
CHILDRENS COTS!!!
Same make as the above, at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA.
CH MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, June 14, 1871

GARDEN
—AND—
FLOWER SEEDS.
R. HIGMAN,
CHEMIST, &c.,
SPARKS-ST.,
Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.
He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.
Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.
Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.
Ottawa, May 1, 1871

G. A. SHELDON,
HATTER AND FURRIER,
Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive
HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT
In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.
G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.
A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1665 3m

NOTICE.
CUSTOM'S DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 19th May, 1871.
Referring to the notice of 5th inst., of articles transferred by Order in Council, to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, it is decided that the term "Annatto" therein mentioned means "Annatto" in either a liquid or a solid condition.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.
Ottawa, May 27, 1871 1678 3

TO CONTRACTORS.
Tenders will be received until Noon of FRIDAY, the Sixteenth day of JUNE instant, for the erection and completion of a BUILDING on the corner of Rideau and Sussex streets, according to plans and specifications, to be seen at the office of the Proprietor, D. O'CONNOR, Esq., in Ahmond's Buildings. The lowest nor any tender not necessarily accepted.
Ottawa, June 9, 1871 1688a

JOHN MACDONALD & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND GENERAL AGENTS,
OTTAWA CITY.
Personal attention will be given to the Sale of Real Estate by Auction or Private Sale, and on very favorable terms. Auctions of Furniture and all out-Door Sales will receive careful attention.
Ottawa, June 12, 1871 1689 3

DISCOURSE

DELIVERED BY E. P. DORION, ESQ., PRESIDENT OF LA SOCIETE ST. JEAN BAPTISTE, AT THE MEETING LAST SUNDAY EVENING, TO ADOPT AN ADDRESS TO HIS HOLINESS.

MY LORD AND GENTLEMEN,—After the eloquent addresses of our venerable chairman, of our distinguished statesman, Sir George E. Cartier, and of the worthy representative of this city in the Legislature of Ontario, Mr. Scott, it may well be deemed temerity on my part to mingle my humble voice with the echoes still vibrating around us. Nevertheless, my Lord, I should feel recreant to my duty as the representative of our national society in this Assembly, were I to refrain from offering my tribute of homage, feeble though it be, to the Sovereign Pontiff, and protesting energetically and determinedly against the cowardly assaults made against the sacred person of His Holiness. A feeble old man, bowed beneath the weight of years and of the woes which have been heaped upon him by his enemies, with no army but a handful of heroic followers ready to die for his cause, Pius the IXth, from his throne in the Vatican, held sway over the Catholic world, and his commands met prompt and cheerful obedience, though this great King's only sceptre was the simple crook of the shepherd. Suddenly, and as it were from the depths of the abyss, arose a hideous clamour. It was a yell of ferocious hate, the mingled howls of every human passion let loose. But whence did it emanate? Was it from Protestant England? No, gentlemen, for history tells us that England has never given her sanction to acts of Vandalism, and she is loyal to the noble traditions of her past. Was it from sceptical Germany? No. Was it the voice of Paganism in the throes of a last revolt against the civilizing doctrines of the Church? No, gentlemen; the death cry was shouted forth, I say it to the shame of our age, by Catholics. But a voice more powerful than the voice of men, the voice of God, was soon to be heard. One day—a fatal day for France—Napoleon III. fancied a march to Berlin. A year will soon have elapsed since he started on that perilous journey, but before leaving his splendid capital, then pompously styled the capital of the world, he committed a deed of ignoble cowardice—he abandoned the Sovereign Pontiff, he left him to his sad fate, alone and defenceless, at the mercy, so to speak, of his enemies. Then to the sound of the "Marseillaise," he marched forth triumphantly with his army by the ways that lead to Germany. But the God of Battles, He who gives victory, and who had never turned away from France, on that day deserted the flag of our dear mother country. And from one defeat to another, from disaster to disaster, the head of the Great Nation was swiftly hurried to an ignominious fall at Sedan. God chastised him for his cowardly betrayal, and he fell to dust as the blade of grass withered by the wind—*Deposuit potentes de sede.* But the dyke which had hitherto restrained the revolutionary torrent became utterly insufficient to curb it after its defeat, and then it was, gentlemen, that we beheld the uprising of the foul scum of all the countries of Europe. Then it was that we witnessed the grouping and combining of all discordant and filthy elements which the revolution has the knack of extracting from the gutters, and in the horde thieves brigands, carbonar and adepts of every secret sect rushed like famished vultures on the HolySee and the usurpation was consummated. Even, that day to this the august head of the Church has been in the eyes of Catholics, and in simple truth, the noble prisoner of the Vatican. His gaoler is Victor Emmanuel, *il, re-galantuomo*, but publicly branded as an immoral king. But the revolutionary tempest had not yet spent itself. A few months later it burst forth with furious impetuosity in Paris. Then came the over-whelming catastrophe we have witnessed and in one day the crushing away of the Empire, the monuments, the glory and greatness of France. For a time the whole of Europe was endangered and but for the good guns bravely handled by McMahon, who can say but the revolution may have scattered its fiery brands throughout the cities of Great Britain itself. Thus it is, gentleman, that God avenges himself on nations forgetful of their duty or who dare lay a sacrilegious hand on the sacred ark of the Papacy. Can more be needed, French Canadians, to make you sensible of the keen humiliation inflicted on the Sovereign Pontiff and to induce us, not only to testify our sympathy for the misfortunes, but to offer him our personal service nay, even our lives, to secure the triumph of his sacred cause? Our beloved father may rest a assured that the soul of Canada, which in days gone by drank the blood of a Lallambet, Brebeuf and a Jogues, still retains within it the germs of the heroand the martyr. Fellow Catholics of Irish origin, brave sons of green Erin, whom the storms of anjadverse fate have driven to the hospitable shores of America, need I invoke the memories of the past to awaken in your breasts your sympathies in behalf of the illustrious sufferer? No gentleman, for the eternal city must to you be dearer even than it is to us French Canadians. Besides the treasure of your Catholic faith, their lies enshrined the great heart of the most eloquent and renowned of your fellow countrymen—the heart of your immortal O'Connell!

GOSSIP.

Ear-rings are now made to imitate gold-fish globes.

Stripes are all the rage in all sorts of gentlemen's clothing.

Lace parasols are the prettiest and the costliest that can be carried on the promenade.

Ladies' watches are now made in an oval case to look like lockets, and worn on the necklace.

It is said that a little cherry wine sprinkled over strawberries will greatly improve their flavor.

Some New York ladies in full dress wear small feathers and wings in their hair instead of flowers.

Intended marriages are now announced in the New York fashion papers four months ahead, all unmindful of the proverb about "many a slip between the cup and the lip."

The latest styles of scarf for ladies are small square pieces of crepe de chine trimmed with fringe, and folded over and tied loosely at the throat with a sailors knot. They are in all colors, but red and blue are preferred.

Lace shawls are worn this season belted in at the back and front, which forms a large loose sleeve, and is very stylish.

Black cashmere sacks, trimmed with gold and silver braid, or silver and blue or red, are very much used for riding.

A new style of chandelier consists of a double set of globes, the upper ones being over the gas tubes while another is suspended underneath filled with gold-fish and small fish of every description.

The Belgian address to the great powers for intervention in favor of the Pope was, according to the *Unita Cattolica*, signed by 155,840 persons out of a population of 775,563.

Travelling suits for gentlemen are of Scotch cloths, either plain gray or striped, made with sack or frock-coat buttoned high. Vest to match, with collars.

A new style of necklace is of several strands of gay colored satin ribbon braided together, and the ends ornamented with large tassels. Point lace barbs are also worn, and bows of white muslin and Valenciennes or Duchess lace.

In Her Majesty's Theatre, in London, wax candles are used in the chandeliers instead of gas, and the same at all the grand balls given by the aristocracy, it being considered that ladies' complexions and pearls suffer very much by gas-light.

Young ladies are advised always to untie and well examine any anonymous boquet or basket of flowers which they may receive. A lady who was about throwing away some flowers recently discovered a note containing an offer of marriage from a very bashful lover.

The Rev. J. S. C. Abbott may justly be esteemed to be a false prophet. In his "Life of Napoleon" he predicted that the sculptured figure which lately crowned the Column Vendome would remain there for ever.

A Delaware clergyman has advertised for his satchel, which, he says, was taken by some gentleman by mistake from a railroad car, and contained nothing of value except some ten or fifteen of his least bad sermons and a book of "skeletons."

The Zoological Gardens in London were visited by 573,004 people during the year 1870. The total expenditures by the Zoological Society for the gardens during the year amounted to £21,364, while the income received from them was £23,257. This garden is one of the most interesting attractions of London, and is firmly established on a self-sustaining basis.

Among the princesses of Europe, the Empress of Russia and the Princess Frederick Charles are the painters, the Princess of Wales the best performer on the piano, the Queen of Holland the best poet and author, the Empress of Germany the best conversationist, the Empress of Austria the best looking lady, and the Queen of Denmark the best housewife.

The English think they have outdone Krupp altogether in the matter of heavy and efficient guns. At Woolwich a solid cylinder of iron weighing 700 pounds was thrown from a Frazer thirty-five-ton cannon with the velocity of 1,370 feet per second, and at a distance of about fifty yards buried itself thirty-three feet deep in an embankment of earth and turf that had been prepared for its reception. The charge of powder was 130 pounds. The Fraser gun as a steel bore surrounded with wrought-iron castings.

NEW MILITIA SYSTEM.

The following letter, which we find in the London *Times* of May 25th, needs no comment. It is only a deserved compliment to one of the best militia systems in the world:—

(*To the Editor of the Times.*)

SIR,—Would Mr. Cardwell condescend to take a hint on the organization of his Reserves, not from a great military Empire, wielding the engine of conscription, but from a British people, free as ourselves, but poor as we are rich, not in material wealth alone, but in military and national traditions.

The following is a sketch, drawn from official sources, of the organization to be carried out in the Canadian Dominion during the current year:—

"Brigade camps of exercise are to be formed in every district of Canada, some for sixteen days, some for only eight. 20,000 men including 10 field batteries, the whole cavalry force of the Dominion (about 1,700 men), and the pick of the infantry will be in the 16 day's camps. About 14,000 men will go into the eight days' camps, about 4,000 garrison artillery will go for a few days' gun drill and shot and shell practice to different forts and batteries, and the remainder of the force (about 4,000 men), comprising the city battalions, will be drilled at their own headquarters. The brigade camps are formed for the practice of field manœuvres, for target practice, and to habituate officers commanding brigades to feed and transport, as well as to handle in the field, their respective corps."

Sir, when I read this simple but comprehensive programme, and thought of our Militia battalions, isolated from one another, and sweltering in their filty billets; and when I called to mind the picnic scrambles of our Volunteers at Brighton, I felt we had still much to learn, and that we might do worse than apply to our gallant colony for some one to teach us.

M. P.

May 24, 1871.

A STRANGE STORY!

We give the following story from a Washington correspondent for what it is worth:—

Letters received here from England put the extraordinary question seriously whether a marriage between the son of President Grant and the Princess Beatrice of England might not be so arranged as to secure the *entente cordiale* between the two countries. The Queen has originated the proposition, just as she did for the marriage of her daughter Louise to the Marquis of Lorne. The young Princess is only 14 years of age, and the Queen's idea is that upon the re-election of President Grant and the beginning of his second term in 1873 the nuptials be solemnized. Young Mr. Grant would then be adopted as a British subject, and immediately appointed Viceroy of the dominion of Canada.

It is her Majesty's belief that in this way the feelings of the three countries of America, Canada, and Great Britain could be harmonized as closely as their interests.

The letters which communicate this surprising proposition are in perfect good faith, and by persons of the highest position in Great Britain. One of them asserts that the idea really came from Mr. Seward by whom it was suggested to the Earl of Mayo in India, and by the Earl then taken up and communicated to the Queen through one of his lordship's friends, Lady Waterpark, a lady in waiting upon her Majesty.

The Quebec *Chronicle* says: Mr. W. E. McDonald, son of the hon. member for West Middlesex, will be returned for the county of Rimouski, if he will accept the offer made to him by a large number of the most influential men in the county. Mr. McDonald is a large contractor on the Intercolonial Railway, having at this moment in his employ over 1,200 men. This fact alone is not sufficient, however, to entitle him to the high position, which it would appear it is the intention of the electors to confer upon him, but Mr. McDonald has a higher qualification—he was never yet known since he undertook the contract, upon which he is at this moment engaged, to have broken his word with any man in the county. Sterling men of this character are the right mettle for the new Parliament, and it is to be hoped he will accede to the wishes of this important constituency.

"It appears," says the *Times* Paris correspondent, "that it was discussed by the members of the Commune whether it were preferable to burn or to blow up Paris. Mercifully the former plan was chosen, but mines have been discovered leading from the Hotel de Ville to the Louvre, which seems to point to an idea of finally concluding their reign with an explosion as soon as their great stronghold should become untenable. Plans, too, have been discovered among their papers for laying wires in the great sewers, which should, by a complicated arrangement of galvanic batteries, communicate with depots of picrate of potass, and blow up the whole of the great city at the same instant. People having long said that there was a presentiment of danger in the air, but it remained for the members of the Commune to show us how vast and diabolical a scheme of destruction they were capable of inventing, but, fortunately, not of putting into execution.

☞ After war pestilence and intemperance—colds lead to the greatest destruction of human life, mainly, because it is considered by many to be of no consequence and hence systematically neglected untill a simple, curable disease, is converted into a fatal pulmonary one. Everyone troubled with what is called a slight cold or cough, should immediately use Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—they allay irritation at once, and exert a most beneficial influence on all the Bronchial and Pulmonary organs. Sold by all Druggists and Country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion.

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz.: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim.

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of a million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in its, large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now, I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly, our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH.
Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the Principal Money and Interest secured by a certain Mortgage, and bearing date the Eighteenth Day of AUGUST, A.D. 1869, and made between JOHN HARKNESS, of the Township of Gloucester, yeoman, of the first part, ANN JANE HARKNESS, his wife of the second part, and ROBERT MOSGROVE, of the City of Ottawa, Esquire, of the third part of all and, and singular that certain parcel or tract of lands and premises situate, lying and being in the township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of a part of West half of the rear or southerly part of lot number twenty-six, in the first concession, Ottawa front, of the said township of Gloucester, and may be described as sub lots fourteen and fifteen of the sub-division of the said part of said lot, number twenty-six, as shewn and laid down on a plan drawn by H. O. WOOD, P.L.S., of said part of said lot, number twenty-six, and bearing date the Sixth Day of JULY, A.D., 1869, and Registered in the Registry Office for the County of Carleton, on THURSDAY, the 29th day of July, A.D. 1869, said sub lots containing by admeasurement six acres be the same more or less.

The said lands and premises will in pursuance of a power of sale contained as said Mortgage, be offered for sale at PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Law Office of Messrs. MOSGROVE & TAILLON, in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the Nineteenth Day of JUNE next, (A.D. 1871), at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon.

Terms and conditions to be made known at the time of Sale.

Vendor will covenant against his own acts only. All conveyances, searches, abstracts, &c., to be had at the purchasers expense.

MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Vendor's Solicitors.
Ottawa, May 15, 1871. 166643wtd

PAPER HANGINGS.

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1635 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Cheese for Sale by Auction—J. Bermingham.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, JUNE 16, 1871.

For interesting reading matter, see first page.

Hon. Mr. Langevin arrived here yesterday.

Hon. Mr. Vail, of Nova Scotia, arrived last evening.

The remainder of the engineering parties for the Pacific Railway survey left last night.

Vice Chancellor Mowat arrived last evening and will open the Court for the trial of contested elections in the City Hall at 11:30 this morning.

We are glad to hear that, though Mr. Holton has at the last moment come out in opposition to Mr. Carter for Montreal Centre, the latter gentleman is likely to be returned.

We have received the first number of the *Canadian Magazine*, published in Toronto, and edited by Robert Ridgway. It contains some interesting stories and other literary matter, and we heartily wish it success.

There is no truth in the rumor of Indians having made a hostile descent upon our stores and boats, near Lake Shebandowan. A fire occurred, the result of accident, which destroyed a few tools, &c., but the Indians are quite peaceable and well disposed. The Duluth people know that as the Canadian route is so well arranged, all the traffic with the North West is likely to go that way, and therefore we may expect now and then to have stories of this kind started by them.

If we found a diamond in a dust heap we should no doubt feel considerably astonished, but we should not hesitate to pick it up. So, when we find a grain of truth or of common sense in the Montreal *Witness* we are glad to acknowledge and reproduce it. Speaking of Mr. Mackenzie's course with respect to the Treaty of Washington, the *Witness* says that it cannot understand the behaviour of one whom it has always regarded as a "model statesman." "If," says the *Witness*, "the *sole object be to damage Sir John A. Macdonald, it is comprehensible enough*; but not so if Mr. Mackenzie's object be the good of the country."

If our Montreal contemporary knew a little more about this "model statesman" and the party of which he forms a prominent member, he would be aware that there are two objects in life which bind the Ontario Grits together, viz., to damage Sir John Macdonald and his colleagues, and to obtain office for themselves. That is the height of their political ambition. Further than that they have never attained at present, and we fear the probabilities are they never will. "The good of the country" is altogether a matter of second rate importance—as compared with seeking their own good, and they are as bigoted and intolerant in their way as the *Witness* is in its own—and as obstinately determined never to acknowledge anything good in a political opponent.

THE MINISTERIAL POLICY AND THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

The leading organ of the Opposition is compelled to admit, that in its report of Mr. Langevin's speech at Quebec "certain points which contain certain important revelations with respect to the attitude of the Dominion Government in relation to the Treaty of Washington were omitted." May we be allowed to suggest that if the organ desired to deal fairly and justly with the Ministry in relation to this matter, it would have been better not to have trusted to a meagre telegraphic report, but to have waited until reliable information had been received as to what Mr. Langevin really did say. Our contemporary would not then have been guilty of asserting such manifest untruths as he did, when he said that the Minister of Public Works had "poohpoohed" the whole matter, that there was a "general conspiracy of silence" on the part of the Government, or that Ministers were "frollicking and fiddling" instead of paying attention to a matter in which the people of Canada are so deeply interested. Will he now have manliness and good feeling enough to admit that his previous strictures upon the speech were made at a time when he was totally uninformed as to what he was writing about, and that when he charged Mr. Langevin with saying nothing concerning the attitude of the Government, he was altogether in error. For the honour of Canadian journalism we trust that he will have the decency to do so.

With regard to Mr. Langevin's remarks about the navigation of the St. Lawrence river, and the *Globe's* comments thereupon, we have a word to say. Mr. Langevin asserted in effect that the Americans enjoy joint rights with us to the navigation of the St. Lawrence down as far as Coteau du Lac, a short distance above Montreal, and in so saying he asserted what everyone knows to be correct. He might have added that they also enjoy with us the privilege of navigating the river Niagara should they choose to attempt the passage of the Falls. We remember our contemporary in one of his fits of "elephantine playfulness" made great fun of the idea of the Americans wanting to enjoy sovereign rights with us over the St. Lawrence and other waters, between Lake Erie and the sea. The *Globe* then pointed out what we all know to be the case, that the navigation of the St. Lawrence river is good for nothing without the Canadian canals, and no one has ever contemplated permitting the Americans to exercise sovereign authority over them.

The *Globe* says that in opposing the Treaty as it at present stands, the Government are repudiating terms to which they have previously consented! We imagine that this is the first time a Government was accused of consenting to anything against which it had earnestly protested. "Oh but" says the *Globe*, "Sir John Macdonald signed the Treaty." And if he did, what then? When, in consequence of Sir John Macdonald's influence, the whole question of the fisheries had been placed at the disposal of the Canadian Parliament, would it have been his duty to have refused to serve any longer on the Commission? If the Treaty had absolutely disposed of the fisheries, he might have been justified in doing so, although such a course would have postponed indefinitely the arrangement of the *Alabama* question, and would, in all probability, have ultimately resulted in war between the two nations. Our contemporary pretends to be very anxious that the attitude of Canada should not be antagonistic to that of the Mother Country, but at the same time blames Sir John Macdonald for not frustrating the policy of the Imperial Government with regard to the *Alabama* claims and other questions, even when all those matters in which Canada is concerned had been left to us for final disposal!

But, how indecent, how manifestly unfair and impolitic is this persistent cry which the Opposition have raised calling up, on the Government to definitely state what will be the nature of the policy which they will advise Parliament to pursue. In no other country where constitutional Government prevails would such a course be adopted. In the first place we do not even know that the United States Congress will agree to the ratification of the Treaty. We all know that the New England fishermen are making strenuous efforts to insure its rejection, so far as admitting Canadian fish to the American markets duty free is concerned. That portion of the Treaty of Washington which provides for the settlement of those questions which really endangered the peace of the world and caused a feeling of estrangement and hostility to exist between the two countries, may be considered as permanently settled. That portion of it which deals with matters in which we are directly interested is left for us to ratify or not as we may think fit. Briefly summed up this is the exact position of the case as it now stands.

With one more reference to the *Globe's* article which is somewhat of a personal nature we shall conclude. It is asserted that the "organs," among which it mentions us by name, "made a feint of bearing up against the gale of public opinion and hoisted colours for the 'Treaty and no surrender'" Our contemporary is good enough to say that we may "wriggle out of the scrape as best we may." The way in which we "wriggle" out of it is very simple. We deny that we ever directly or indirectly endorsed the treaty, and we challenge our contemporary to show that we ever did.

In conclusion we would like to ask one question. Just one week ago it informed the public that for the "howling Dervishes at Ottawa," which in *Globe* parlance means the members of the Privy Council, to pretend opposition to the Treaty was a "mere device of the hour to mislead constituencies." Now, when it finds that the Government had long before solemnly protested against it, it stands convicted of having, without any real foundation, asserted what was exactly contrary to the fact. Can it "wriggle" out of that, and does not this add another to the many proofs which exist of the utter unreliability and recklessness of the organ?

IMPORTANT STATE SECRETS.

We have already made allusion to the very strange story lately circulated in Washington, according to which the romance of King Cophetua is to be reversed, and Royalty in the shape of the Princess Beatrice is to descend to a marriage with young Mr. Grant, who is straightway to take the oath of allegiance to his august mother-in-law and be made Governor-General of Canada. Certainly the concoctor of this little story is a fellow of "infinite fancy" and of marvellous ingenuity. It will be recollected that shortly after the marriage of the Princess Louise to the Marquis of Lorne, we were told by American journals, that Princess Beatrice informed Her Majesty amid tears of ecstatic joy, that she was "glad Louise had married the Marquis, for now she supposed she might marry an American," which fact the Queen immediately imparted to the special correspondent of the *N. Y. Herald*, as she might naturally be expected to do. Our lovely young Princess has not had to wait long for a Yankee lover; the story of "Marianne and the Moated Grange," happily, is not to be repeated in her case, for, if we may believe American newspapers, the match has already been arranged, and old Jesse Grant of Kentucky will soon claim relationship with the House of Guelph. There is one little proviso, however, which must be fulfilled in order to make the compact binding. Mr. Grant, the present incumbent of the White House, must be re-elected President in 1872. If he relapses into private life, the bargain is at an end. Ought not this to induce every true, patriotic American to vote for him, and so secure a lasting *entente cordiale* between Great Britain, the United States, and Canada? We are afraid the Fenians might not approve of the match, but doubtless something could be done to remove their objections.

Perhaps our American friends are not aware that the original intention was that Prince Arthur should marry Miss Grant, and that that was the object of his visit to this continent. Unfortunately, however, he was sent to Canada first, and became so warm an admirer of Canadian beauty that no American lady had the slightest chance afterwards of winning the affections of the perverse young prince. Consequently, he was sent home, and as a punishment to the Canadian *belles* who had worked so much mischief and prevented the carrying out of so important a piece of State policy, the Rifle Brigade was sent home also. These facts are not generally known, but will no doubt prove interesting to our American contemporaries.

The St. John's *Telegraph* speaking of Mr. Reynold's of this city says:

"Mr. Reynolds is the Manager of the Prescott Railroad. He is a gentleman of fine scientific culture, and superior business habits. His office is like a museum. His collections illustrative of the Entomology of Canada are perfectly magnificent. They are actually superior to those of McGill College in appearance, and we believe also, in extent.

"It is surprising how much time an earnest, energetic business man can find for attractive scientific pursuits when his tastes run in that direction. What a pity that greater efforts are not made even at our Common Schools to bring the minds of the young into more intimate and delighted contact with nature's vast domain. Tastes thus acquired would be the delight of after years.

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

L'ORIGNAL.

June 15, 1871.

Special to the TIMES.

The Court for the trial of the Prescott election petition opened to-day *pro forma*, and adjourned. The Judge is not expected to arrive from Cornwall before Monday

NIAGARA.

An Address presented to Sir G. E. Cartier.

NIAGARA, 15, 1871.

The Mayor and Corporation of the town of Niagara waited upon Sir Geo. E. Cartier, Bart., Minister of Militia and Defence, to-day, at 11 o'clock, and presented an address in the drawing room of Queen's Royal Niagara Hotel, of which the following is a copy:

To the Hon. Sir George E. Cartier, Bart, Minister of Militia and Defence:

SIR,—The Corporation of the town of Niagara beg to offer their cordial congratulations upon your visit to their old historic town upon an occasion which is signally connected with department which you represent in the Government of Canada, the Department of Militia and Defence, the successful management of which is clearly demonstrated by the presence here of the volunteers in such a state of proficiency and discipline that any country might justly feel proud of them this great and orderly camp, presents to the country a proof of the good administration of your Government, which cannot be gainsaid, it is a fact, not only calculated to inspire at once the respect of yourself as an able Minister of the Crown, that creates a feeling of national confidence, and inspires our people with a firm trust in their ability to maintain their rights and positions as British subjects of Canada. The people of Niagara welcome your arrival and hope your stay here will be as agreeable to yourself, as we feel sure it will be beneficial and pleasing to the Volunteers whom you specially visit. We thank you for the selection of this place for the camp of instruction, and believe that its many advantages of site and position fully justify your choice.

We have the honour to remain,
Your obed't. servants,
H. POFFARD,
Mayor.
(Signed), JOHN ROGERS,
Clerk.

Council Chamber, Niagara,
June 14th, 1871,

To this address, the Hon. Minister of Militia replied at considerable length, expressive of his most heartfelt thanks and pleasure, afforded him to meet the Mayor and members of the Corporation and visit for the first time the old town of Niagara, so interesting in historic associations, having been the first political capital of Canada under the Act of 1791. It might be said that Niagara was the political cradle of the late province of Upper Canada. At that time, about 80 years ago, the population of Upper Canada was about 10,000, and when we come to think upon the great increase of the population of that Province at the present time, anyone might form a correct idea of the rapid progress made by Upper Canada during that period. Military speaking, the Niagara frontier was renowned in the history of Canada as the battle ground the defence of the country. It was on that frontier that so many Canadians distinguished themselves, by their courage, valor and patriotism in defence of the British flag on this continent. Taking into account the military history of the Niagara frontier, it was well and proper that the first camp of a portion of our Canadian army, introducing for the first time the drill and discipline of our active militia in brigades, should be formed at Niagara, possessing, as it does, every advantage as regards site and position. He said there was not the least doubt that the camp now formed, nearly numbering 5,000 men, was a great success. He was favorably impressed by the accounts given of the proceedings in camp from day to day in the newspapers, but, he says, from what he had witnessed yesterday in camp when the whole force passed in review, that the reality which was before his eyes exceeded by far his most favourable preconceived opinions. He thought there could be no question that success had been secured by the ability, energy, and military experience of the gallant Adjutant-General of Militia, Col. Robertson Ross, who had now command of the Canadian militia, aided and assisted by the Deputy Adjutant-General of District, Lt.-Col Durie and his staff; also by the ability of the officers and men now encamped at this place. The Hon. Minister continued, by stating that it was a fortunate thing that the militia, a portion of which, is now undergoing training in brigades, by an experienced and distinguished officer, who acquired his experience and distinction in the actual field of battle in Africa, during the Kaffir war in 1851, and throughout the Crimea Campaign. He remarked that proper allusion was made in the address respecting the necessity of national defence, and that a country could never think of being great unless it organizes its means of defence. Some criticism has been made as regards the policy of the Imperial Government in withdrawing with such precipitancy the regular army from the Dominion, but that policy, blamable as it was thought by a great number, ought not to prevent the Parliament and the people of Canada from organizing and maintaining, according to the means and resources of the country, such a military force as the Dominion respected and maintained within its limits. He would further say, that it was flattering for us that our militia system was attracting favourable attention in England, from the public men and the press of that country. Every one could sympathize with the gallant and able commander of No. 2 District, Lieut.-Col. Davie, who was now in camp in deep affliction, which had befallen him yesterday and which had so suddenly necessitated his separation from the camp. He had now the pleasing and grateful duty to perform in thanking the mayor of Niagara most sincerely for the honour and pleasure which he and the members of the corporation had done him by the welcome and presentation of an address.

The Hon. Minister of Militia having taken leave, the Mayor and Deputation then withdrew.

The Minister was attended by Lieut. Col. MacPherson, D.A.G.M., Lieut. Col. French, Major Worsley, and Major Ross, of Ottawa.

On the arrival of Sir G. Cartier, Minister of Militia, yesterday, he was met at the wharf by Lt. Col. MacPherson, D.A.G.M., Lt. Col. French, and Major Worsley.

An escort from the Governor General's body-guard, under command of Lieut. Dennison, accompanied the Minister to the ground where the division of the troops were going through their field day.

A grand parade has been agreed on in his honor.

A large number of spectators were present to witness the evolutions, with which all were delighted.

A luncheon was given to Sir George at 2 p.m. to day by the staff and officers commanding the corps in camp.

To-morrow, Friday, at noon, a *levee* will be held at the Queen's Royal Hotel.

During the review several officers of the American army on the ground were introduced to the Minister of Militia.

A female choir singer in New York, while inspecting a bonnet, toppled over into the congregation.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 15.

The city nominations passed off orderly this noon. In no case even where opposition candidates appeared was there the usual excitement to the occasion. Commodious platforms were erected at the several places appointed for the gathering, and all the parties were on the spot at the appointed hour. In the Western Division Francis Cassidy was nominated by Wm. Workman, seconded by Hon. Henry Starnes, and supported by Andre Laprairie, and a large number of division. No opposition appearing the candidate was declared elected, The latter in a forcible speech made no pledges further than to do his best for the constituents. In the Centre Division chief interest culminated. All the influence of the division was present on the hustings.

The city press, together with the Toronto *Globe* and the Ottawa *Times* and other leading public journals were represented.

Edward Carter was proposed by Hon. James Ferrier and Hon. C. S. Rodier, and seconded by David Torrance.

Hon. L. H. Holton was proposed by Alexander McGibbons, merchant, and A. Larocque, seconded by John Pratt, banker, &c., and supported by Francis Dolan, Councillor Jourdan, and a number of others.

Mr. Carter made a lengthy speech reverting to the late moment at which the opposition was brought against him and unfair dealing generally by his antagonist. He also alluded to the unfitness of Mr. Holton, as a merchant, to represent the Division.

Mr. Holton replied in a speech of equal force, retaliating on Mr. Carter by saying "Lawyers were less fitted than merchants to represent a mercantile division, such as Montreal Centre." He further in effect did not consider the Quebec Legislature an altogether correct pattern of the intelligence which our present wants demand. If they returned him his duty would be to watch the doings of the Legislature at Quebec, and purge legislation of its irregularities and weaknesses.

A poll was then demanded.

In the Eastern Division Ferdinand David was proposed by J Mullin, seconded by William Workman and others.

Mederic Lanctot was proposed by Mr. Laurie, seconded by Mr. Nardonne.

Mr. David was absent, from illness.

Mr. Lanctot made a brief speech and demanded a poll.

Mr. Holton's candidature is held to be more an antagonistic movement against the Government than a personal desire to unseat Mr. Carter.

Dr. Godfry's house, the surgeon who attended Mr. Gault after Sunday's burglary, has been entered and robbed.

Viscount Goderich, attached to the Joint High Commission at Washington, accompanied by T. D. Cremar, have arrived at the St. Lawrence Hall.

Flour, unchanged.

Thermometer 48 at 5 p. m.

Raining all day.

Midnight Despatches.

NEW YORK, June 15.—The loss of a fishing schooner with 40 persons on the coast of Newfoundland was reported last week. Later accounts of this terrible disaster announce that 2 women, named Mary McGrath and Mrs. Lithurn, left St. John's as passengers on board the ill-fated schooner. All but one of these who are missing or drowned leave wives and families behind, who were dependant on them for means to live through the long and profitless winter of Newfoundland. The name of the schooner was *Little Belle*.

BUFFALO N. Y., June 15.—The office of the Buffalo *Morning Express* was destroyed by fire this morning.

MADRID, June 15.—At yesterday's session of the Cortes Minister Sagosta spoke in terms of vigorous denunciation of the International Society. A motion which had been submitted looking with some favor upon the aims of the Society was thereupon unanimously rejected.

A ministerial crisis is expected.

LONDON, June 15.—Persons arriving from Paris say that half has not been told of the troubles in that city, and that the destruction of life and property immensely exceeds both the Government and newspaper accounts.

The workmen of Paris are almost unanimously Communists. They are very bitter because their cause has been defeated, and hate both Thiers and Bonaparte. Many of them will emigrate to America.

Napoleon visited the Kent Cricketers yesterday. He received quite an ovation and held a *fete*. He is undoubtedly surrounded by his old adherents and bold movements are rumoured.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Arrived: Steamship *Caledonia* from Glasgow.

BERLIN, June 15.—The session of the German Parliament was closed with a speech from the throne. The Emperor thanked the members for the grants they had made for the support of the widows and orphans of the soldiers killed in the war. He reviewed the legislation of the session, referring particularly to the debate on the Bill incorporating Alsace and Lorraine. He said it showed that however Germans might differ, the spirit of union was strong within them. The Emperor closed his speech with the aspiration, "God grant peace to the new German Empire."

ROME, June 15.—Several foreign deputations have arrived in Rome to congratulate the Pope on the occasion of his jubilee and more are expected. Some have already visited the Vatican.

FLORENCE, June 15.—A circular from the Minister of Interior to the prefects instructs them to give full liberty to the people to celebrate the Pope's jubilee, but to take proper precautions against any disturbance. All is quite in Rome.

VERSAILLES, June 15.—A report which has been extensively circulated that the Italian Government had demanded the recall of the Duke d'Harcourt, the French Ambassador, is positively contradicted.

The manifesto of the Deputies of the Left protesting against intrigues of the Monarchists is generally approved, but the Radical address to the electors of Paris creates a bad impression, because it endeavours to excuse the Commune.

The press generally with the exception of the religious journals ridicule the efforts of the French Bishops to commit France to the restoration of the Pope's temporal power. They pronounce the question settled and declare France cannot interfere.

A special to the *World*, dated London, 15th inst., says a marriage has been arranged between the Princess Thyra of Denmark, and the Duke of Edinburgh.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The Agricultural Department estimates the reduction of the cotton average as compared with last year at nearly 15 per cent, equivalent to a million and one-third acres, leaving the present acreage from seven and a half million to eight millions. No estimate has been made, but it is assumed that the crop cannot exceed three and a half million, and may fall to three millions under a combination of unfavorable circumstances.

NEW ORLEANS, June 15.—The overflow has almost entirely disappeared.

BERLIN, June 15.—Berlin presents an unparalleled appearance of festivity. The city is crowded with people from all parts of Germany and other countries of Europe, and quite a number of Americans are also here. The preparations for the great event of to-morrow, the triumphal entry of the German army into the capital of the Empire, are about completed. Arches have been erected in many streets, and are adorned with laurel, evergreens, and flowers, and contain mottoes appropriate to the occasion. Unter der Linden is absolutely covered with decorations and banners, and the royal palace and other public buildings present a magnificent display. The weather to-day has been splendid, and signs are favorable for to-morrow.

VERSAILLES, June 15.—Gen. Trochu continued before the Assembly to-day the remarks commenced on Tuesday in vindication of his defence of Paris. He said the individuals arrested as Prussian agents during his conduct of military affairs of the capital, had reappeared as leaders of the insurrection, and instanced as one case that of Dombrowski. The insurrection, said the General, was merely a continuation of war with Prussia. He concluded by condemning in vigorous terms the Prince Bismarck's mild allusions to the Commune.

A motion was introduced in the Assembly for the taxation of the passports of persons entering France, as were also motions proposing that the present Assembly set for two years, and that it enact and organize laws for the control of the finances of the country.

PARIS, June 15.—The Republican journalr express their joy that the clerical members of the Bourbon family have exposed their hand, and all of them urge the elections to reject all candidates for the Assembly, whose platform is vague or ambiguous.

It is said that the Duke of Chantres will assist at a review of 100,000 troops to be held in the Champ-de-Mars on Sunday.

Charred corpes have been, found in the ruins of the Hotel de Ville, and are undoubtedly the remains of the prisoners left in the cells by the Communists.

Three hundred Communists were arrested in this city between Saturday and Tuesday last.

Yesterday's Despatches.

LONDON, June 15.—A *Times* Paris despatch says McMahon desires to resign the command of the army. The reserve corps of the army is to be dissolved, and General Vinoy, its commander, will retire from the service.

An average of 24,000 persons arrive in Paris daily by the Northern and Western Railway.

The *Gaulois* states that the fusion of the Orleanists and Legitimists is yet incomplete.

Paris journals say that the Eastern line of railway is daily crowded with Germans returning to their homes, and laden with plunder.

The reception of the American artist Bradford at Langham Hotel was a success. The Duke of Argyle, Marquis of Lorne, Princess Louise, Sir Henry Rawlinson, and others were present.

HAZELTON, PA., June 15.—The coal miners in this region have not yet resumed work, and from all appearances will not for some time.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The finding of a general court martial in the case of the colored cadet, Smith, at West Point, was that he be dismissed from the academy. Secretary Belknap, in an order just issued, says the proceedings, findings and sentence are approved, but in view of all the circumstances surrounding this case, and believing that the ends of public justice will be better subserved, and the policy of the Government, of which the presence of this cadet in the military academy is a signal illustration, be better maintained by the commutation of the sentence than by its rigid enforcement, the President is pleased to mitigate it by substituting for his dismissal the reduction in his academic standing one year.

NEW YORK, June 15.—David Strong, a missionary in Egypt, in a letter to the *Independent*, makes some grave charges against the official conduct of the U. S. Consul-General, Butler. The receipt of money in exchange for consular agencies is the principal charge.

There is no abatement of the horse disease in this city. The malady has extended to private stables.

PERSONAL.

A Polish noble is washing San Francisco bottles at $6 per week.

The "Battle of Dorking" is said to be by Col. Hamley's brother.

The *Galatea*, with His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh on board, arrived at noon on Friday, the 19th May, in Plymouth, and saluted the flag of the Commander-in-Chief, Sir H. J. Codrington.

The Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria, has ordered the foundation of an academy of sciences at Cracow. This institution will have a Polish character.

Lieut.-Col. C. C. Chesney, Royal Engineers, has been commissioned to start on a tour to report on various Continental armies, especially the Swiss.—*Army and Navy Gazette.*

One of the grandest toilets worn at a recent drawing room of the Queen at Buckingham Palace was that of Lady Baltimore, which attracted particular interest by the fact that the magnificent point d'Alencon veil her ladyship wore was worn by Marie Antoinette on the occasion of her marriage to Louis XVI. It is a priceless relic.

Harriet Martineau is in better health this summer, though she is disabled from work. She lives at her charming retreat of "Ambleside," in the English lake country.

The Emperor William remarked to the Mayor Hedeman, who attempted to kiss the royal right hand at the opening of the German Parliament: "This is not a German state custom, and it is only fit for the ladies."

DOMINION NOTES.

A Quebec vessel has three Esquimaux seamen.

Chatham intends to have one of the best music halls in the Dominion.

The Dundas Exchange Hotel, Morrisburg, was destroyed by fire recently.

The wool shear is expected to be better this year than last.

The Township Council of Bruce are about to erect a Town Hall at Underwood.

A boy near Seaforth was sunstruck last week.

St. Mary's is planting shade trees pretty largely this spring.

A little Hamilton boy, when running with the hook and ladder waggon, to a fire that occurred last Monday, tripped and fell in front of the wheels, and was run over. He received severe but not dangerous injuries.

Salmon are retailing in Halifax at 20cts per pound.

The Milton *Champion* asserts that owing to the lukewarmness of the Oakville and Guelph Railway, the people of Milton will probably vote a bonus of $30,000 to the Credit Valley scheme on the 21st inst.

The Kincardine *Reporter* says that the fruit prospects along the shore of Lake Huron are unusually good; in fact they were never better. The season is sufficiently advanced to diminish greatly the danger so much apprehended from late spring frosts.

During a thunder storm which passed over Ingersoll on Saturday afternoon, the lightning struck Knox Church, damaging the doors. A Mrs. Denman was also hit by the electric fluid and severely injured, but she is likely to recover.

The plumbago mines near Buckingham have been opened by Mr. Green, the proprietor, who has arrived at the village and employed a large gang of men. Operations will be pursued with vigor, and business in the vicinity is looking up.

On Monday a man and two women residing at Dartmouth, N.S., were arrested for refusing to answer the questions of the census enumerator. This is the second case where parties have preferred the cells to the enumerator's confessional.

The Nova Scotia merchants are agitating for the removal of the United States coal duty.

The friends of the Hon. A. N. Richards will be pleased to know that he has arrived safe in British Columbia. Mr. D. Tierney, junr., of Smith's Falls, accompanied Mr. Richards, and both are in good health.

The Queen's Birthday was celebrated with all honour in Manitoba. In the Lisgar district the volunteers were entertained to a public dinner by the people.

Rumor says that the plain and simple Greek style is soon to rule the feminine coiffure. But Rumor has been saying this so long that we are beginning to think that she doesn't know very much about it.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

CHEESE FOR SALE

BY AUCTION.

THIRTY-SIX (36) GOOD FACTORY CHEESE, balance of a consignment, will be sold by Public Auction, by the subscriber, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York street, on TUESDAY, the 20th inst., at the hour of 10 o'clock, a.m. Sale without reserve.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 16, 1871. 1693td.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

SECOND-HAND CARPETS,

To be sold at the CITY AUCTION MART, York street, by the subscriber, on FRIDAY, the 16th inst., at 10 o'clock, a.m., Twenty (20) Carpets, over 400 yards, of Brussell's Tapestry and Kidderminster, part worn, and varying from 16 to 40 yards each. Now on view, and to be sold on FRIDAY, without any reserve.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 15, 1872 1692td

TENDERS

Will be received by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, until SATURDAY, the 17th day of JUNE, 1871, at 2 o'clock, p.m., for the following works:

VICTORIA WARD.

The Grading and Macadamizing of Duke street. An 8-foot Platform from Bridge to Queen street. The grading of Queen street from Broad street to the Bay.

WELLINGTON WARD.

A 6-foot Platform on the north side of Sparks street, from O'Connor to Sally street. A 6-foot Platform on Maria street, south from Bank street to half way between O'Connor and Metcalfe streets.

A Drain in Albert street from Culvert towards Bank streets.

ST. GEORGE'S WARD.

A 6-foot Platform on St. Paul street, from Mosgrove to Nicholas street; ditto, on the South side from Ottawa to Cumberland street. A 12-foot Platform on Cumberland street, from Daly street. An 8 foot ditto from Daly to Wilbrod street. A Drain in Augusta street, from Bessetor to Daly street. A drain in Wilbrod street, from Gloucester to Chapel street, and a Drain in St. Paul street, from Little Sussex to By-wash.

BY WARD.

A Box Drain in Ottawa, 2 by 2 feet. A Box Drain in Augusta street, 2 by 2 feet.

OTTAWA WARD.

A 4-foot Platform on the south side of Bolton street from Dalhousie to Cumberland street. A 6 foot Platform on King street, from Water to Park street. A 4 foot Platform on Park street south from King to St. Joseph street. A 3 foot Platform on both sides of Rose street, with Crossings. A 3 foot Platform in McGee street, from Park to Ottawa street. A 3 foot Platform on Gloucester street, from Park to Ottawa street. A 3 foot Platform on Bolton street, North from Dalhousie street. A Drain in St. Andrew street.

The above works to be done under the Superintendence of and according to Plans and specifications of the City Engineer.

Two sufficient Sureties required for the due fulfilment of each Contract.

By order,
W. P. LETT.
City Clerk.
City Hall,
Ottawa, June 10, 1871 1892 3

MONTREAL OCEAN
STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.
SCANDINAVIAN.....10th June.
PERUVIAN.....13th "
CASPIAN.....17th "
MORAVIAN.....24th "
Calling at St. John's, N. F.
AUSTRIAN.....1st July.
PRUSSIAN.....8th "
NESTORIAN.....15th "
Fares from Ottawa, cabin....$77 25 to $87 00
Steerage.....$29 25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line are intended to be despatched from Quebec, on or about the following dates:

Glasgow Line.
CORINTHIAN.....8th June.
OTTAWA.....15th "
ST. DAVID.....22nd "
ST. ANDREW.....29th "
ST. PATRICK.....6th "
Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to
D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

TO CATTLE BREEDERS.

BULL—The "Marquis of Belmont" will stand for Cows at the Waterford Farm, Township of Gloucester, this season, at Four Dollars each.

WM. GRAHAM.

CANADA SHORT HORN STOCK REGISTER.

Certificate of Registered Pedigree of Two Years Old Bull,

No. 514 THE MARQUIS OF BELMONT,

Red and White, calved January 16, 1866, Bred by Mr. JOHN ASHWORTH, Belmont Ottawa, the property of WILLIAM GRAHAM, Esq., of Gloucester, got by Sweetmeat [868], (20934), dam, souvenir of Thorndale by 2nd Grand Duke (13961), g. dam, Dalpine (imp.), by Harold (10399), gr. g. dam, Limpid, by Vicecyr (7678), &c., &c. See Herd Book.

HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec. Board of Ag.
Board of Agricultural Office,
Toronto, Jan'y 6, 1870 1692tf

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

GREAT AUCTION SALE of City Lots, Village Lots in New Edinburg, and Villa Lots, on the Mackay Estate, within five to fifteen minutes walk of the Street Railway.

The MACKAY Estate will offer for Sale by Public Auction, at the Office New Edinburgh, on SATURDAY, the 24th day of JUNE, Instant, at Two o'clock in the afternoon.

Fifteen Villa Lots upon Rideau Terrace, and other roads near the residence of His Excellency the Governor General, and Twenty-two Lots, in the Village of New Edinburgh, some of which front upon the grounds of Rideau Hall Domain.

Also a neat Dwelling House, with seven rooms and good shed, near the Rideau River; and the following Lots in the City of Ottawa: East half Lot No. 10, south Cathcart street, with Dwelling—Ordnance; Lot No. 14, north Cathcart street; Lot No. 16, north Cathcart street; Lots Nos. 21 and 22, south Bolcier street.

The Villa Lots and Dwelling House, are in Gloucester, a Township in which the Taxes are very moderate.

TERMS.—One third cash, balance on mortgage at 7 per cent, for a term of 3 to 5 years, at purchasers option. Conditions made known at day of sale. Plans and descriptions of the property can be seen at the office of the Estate, next the Post Office in New Edinburgh.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
New Edinburgh, June 12, 1871 1692 9

WANTED.

For a DAIRY FARM near the City, a MAN to drive a MILK WAGGON, and take general charge of Cows. Also a WOMAM, who understands the management of a DAIRY.

A married Man and Wife, without family, preferred. Liberal wages will be given to competent and reliable parties. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

WANTED.

By Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD, a HOUSE to Rent. Possession required at latest, by FIRST OCTOBER. Apply to

CHAS. DRINKWATER:
Ottawa, June 13, 1871. 1690 2

WANTED

A Girl about 16 years of age, as servant on a small family. Apply, A.B., TIMES Office.
Ottawa, May 29, 1871 1678tf

LOST.

A small WHITE and RED COW, a small Red Head, and a White Tail. Anyone giving information which may lead to the recovery of the same, will be handsomely rewarded, on applying to J. M. C. DELES DERNIER, Corner York and Sussex streets.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can recover it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.

ANN JANE HAMILTON.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871. 1623tf

DROWNED.

Drowned at the Chaudiere, on SATURDAY last, AUGUSTINE CHARON. Any information which may lead to the recovery of the body, will be thankfully received by his father, at Mr. BRONSON'S Office, Chaudiere. The Boy was 11 years of age, had on grey stoffe pants, a grey vest, and a chequered white and red shirt.

Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.

Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

12th JULY, 1871.

ORANGE CELEBRATION.

An EXCURSION TRAIN will run from CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION, Ottawa, to Brockville, calling at all Way Stations on 12th prox., returning same day.

Fare from Ottawa, 75cts.

Due notice of time of departure and arrival will be published.

H. ABBOTT
Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686tf

NEW CARPETS.

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Invite attention to the arrival of

NEW CARPETS.

to assort their STOCK, reduced by HEAVY SALES in this department.

The above have been selected with due regard to prevailing styles, permanency of color, and are GOOD VALUE, at prices marked.

They have on hand a large assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

In a great variety of fabrics, MUSLINS AND PRINTS in LATEST STYLES, and cheap.

Great Bargains in

LACE SHAWLS,

From $1.50 to $40 Each,

Prices *Reduced One-Third*,

A special line of SILK JACKETS selling at *greatly Reduced Prices.*

A full assortment of MOURNING GOODS always in Stock.

N. B.—Fancy Linen and Cotton Shirtings on hand for the Summer Trade, SHIRTS made to MEASURE and GUARANTEED to FIT. GENTLEMEN will find it to their COMFORT and ADVANTAGE to bear this in mind.

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN

(SUCCESSORS TO

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.,

No. 20 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 12, 1871.

STRAWBERRIES.

G. LORENZ,

OYSTER

—AND—

FRUIT DEALER,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

58 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL.

400 QUARTS

CHOICE STRAWBERRIES

AT LOWEST PRICES.

Goods delivered to any part of the city.

G. LORENZ.

Ottawa, June 14, 1871

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

Great Bargains in Lace Shawls. Prices reduced one-third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans No. 20, Sparks St.

POLICE COURT—Thursday.—There were only two unimportant cases at the Court this morning. They were dismissed.

Mr. Duhamel's splendid double carriage was sold by auction yesterday for $415, certainly not near its value.

The proprietors of soda water fountains are praying for 90° in the shade. Soda water does not sell this cool weather.

Two women exhibited their pugilistic qualifications to a delighted assemblage in Lower Town yesterday.

PIC NIC.—The Sappeurs Hook & Ladder Company will give their 8th annual pic-nic in Bellevue Gardens on the 26th inst. Premiums will be competed for in games of all kinds, and Marrier's Quadrille Band will be in attendance.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

GENTLEMEN,—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

ANNUAL DRILL.—Companies Nos. 3 and 5 of Gloucester and Nepean will arrive in town to-day, and camp out on Major's Hill to put in their Annual Drill.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES.—A special meeting of the School Trustee Board was to have taken place last evening, but at 8½ o'clock there was not a sufficient number of members present to form a quorum.

AUCTION SALE OF CARPETS.—Mr. Berming ham will sell to-day at 10 a.m. at his auction rooms several very good second hand carpets. They are principally Brussels, are in good order, and will be sold without reserve.

CONTESTED ELECTIONS.—The Court for the trial of the contested elections will open at 11 o'clock this morning, in the City Hall, Vice Chancellor Mowatt presiding.

SUICIDE.—A man nemed Brewer, a resident of Ogdensburg, walked deliberately into the river at that place yesterday and drowned himself. He was an old and wealthy citizen, and no particular reason is known for his committing the desperate deed. He posted two letters a short time previous to sailing to eternity.

PIC-NIC.—The Young Irishmen's Debating Club had a private pic-nic last even in Bellevue Gardens. The dancing platform and surroundings, generally were tastefully decorated, and every necessary preparation was made to add to the pleasure of the evening. Music was supplied and dancing was kept up with a rim until early in the morning, when the Young Irishmen with their fair partners left for home.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—Thos Frizzell, Birmingham; Aylmer Ogden, Liverpool; R. Ross, Montreal; E. E. Dobbs, Kingston; Mr and Mrs Vail, Halifax; Percy W Marling, Toronto; Arthur H Seymour, New York; James Cowan, Waterloo; Hon H L Langevin, Quebec; Dr Easton, Prescott; H E Clarke, Toronto; Geo W Wearer, Montreal; J A Cameron Thurso; D G Percival and lady, White hall; A M Henderson, Montreal.

Last evening the "Ottawa" Fire Engine was out at the locks for practice, and, judging from her action with the number of members on the brakes, she will prove no small competitor, with her full complement of men on, should she go to Prescott on Dominion Day. A matter not yet settled as the consent of the City Council is necessary to that end.

Dev. n's Hats that R Hats.

A large lot of New Carpets just received, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks Street.

THE MARKETS.—Thursday.—There was a very good attendance on the market this morning. Prices were as follows:

Potatoes 55cts to 60cts per bush.
Oats 58cts per bushel.
Butter in tubs 15cts to 20cts per lb.
Eggs 15cts to 16cts per dozen.
Fowls 70cts to 75cts per couple.
Calves $4 to $5 each.
Sheep $4 to $5 do.
Lambs $250 to $3 do.
Young pigs $2.75 to $3 do.

PORK.

Mess $17.50.
Prime none on hand.
Hams $13.50 per 100 lbs.
Hams sacked $14.50.
Smoked bacon $10.50.
Dry salted bacon $9.50.
Hay $15 to $17 per ton.

COUNTY COURT.

THIRD DAY.

Johnson vs. Patterson.—Taillon and Mosgrove for Plaintiff; W. H. Walker for defendant. Record withdrawn by Mr. Mosgrove.

Delaney vs. Booth.—Messrs. Remon & Lyon for plaintiff; Messrs. Mosgrove & Taillon for defendant. Verdict for plaintiff for $223.55.

Bergin vs. Booth.—Remon & Lyon for plaintiff; Mosgrove & Taillon for defendant. This is an action to recover the value of work done.—Verdict for plaintiff for $115.

Cowley vs. Canada Central Railway Co.—N. Sparks for plaintiff; W. A. Ross for defendant. Action to recover value of a colt killed on C. C. R. R. track.—Verdict for plaintiff for $40.

The Grand Jury entered and made the following presentment:

"That it is with great pleasure that we concur in your Honour's remarks referring to the absence of crime, particularly as there are so many strangers amongst us. And we also desire to express our gratitude for the very prosperous state of the country. We are not insensible of the great privileges we enjoy as members of the Dominion, justly feeling that we are living under the freest and most enlightened government in the world. We sincerely hope that the Court House now in course of construction will not only be an ornament to the county and city, but we have every confidence in those entrusted with its construction, and they will so manage its internal arrangements as to meet the requirements for which it is intended. We have visited the Gaol and we are pleased to find it clean and comfortable, and no complaints from the prisoners confined therein. We hope that when the yard of the prison has been enlarged by the completion of the new wall, now in course of construction, the labour of the prisoners will be turned to profitable account. Complaints were made to us of the water in the gaol well, and we examined and tasted the water, and do not hesitate to express our opinion that it is unfit for the purposes of drinking or cooking, and if used for such purposes would endanger the health of the prisoners. In retiring, we beg leave to thank Your Honor for your kind and courteous manner towards us, and sincerely trust that Almighty God may spare you many years to fill the honourable position you now hold.

All which is respectfully submitteed.
(Signed), THOS. BORTHWICK,
Foreman.

The Judge then adjourned the Grand Jury.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

THIRD DAY.

Pursuant to adjournment, the Council met at 10 a. m.

Present: Ira Morgan, Esq., Warden; Messrs. Smith, Cummings, Cowan, McEwen, Richardson, Conn, Wallace, Caldwell, Dawson McCaffrey, Mohr, Revington, Hopper, Hinton, Blackburn, Lyon, Fraser.

The minutes of the previous day having been read, the County Solicitor presented certain documents for the Warden's signature.

Mr. Lewis explained as to the issue of debentures, &c., &c., and recommended that the By-law for the issuing of the $20,000 be put in force by the end of next December.

Moved by Mr. Hopper, seconded by Mr. McCaffrey, that J. B. Lewis, Esq., be heard at the bar of this Council respecting a grant to the City Agricultural Society.—Carried.

J. B. Lewis addressed the Council accordingly, setting forth the claims of the Society and soliciting a grant in aid of same similar to that of last year.

Moved by Mr. Dawson, seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the sum of $350 be granted by this Corporation to the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dawson, seconded by Mr. Hinton, that this Corporation petition the Legislature of Ontario to repeal all the words from the word "and," in the third line from the top, to the word "city," in the fifth line from the top, both words exclusive, of section 13, cap. 27, 34 Vic., relating to counties and cities, and that the Warden do sign the same on behalf of this Council, and forward the same to the member for the County, that he may bring up the same before the House at its next session. Carried.

The Council then adjourned until 2 p.m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Council met at 2 p. m.

Moved by Mr. Cowan, seconded by Mr. Revington, that motion No. 249, last January session, be now taken up and the Warden be and he is hereby authorized to sign orders in favour of the following institutions, viz:—

St. Joseph's Orphan's Home	$ 25 00
St. Patrick's " "	25 00
Protestant " "	50 00
Protestant Hospital	100 00

—Carried.

A communication from Lieut.-Col. Powell, asking for a grant to aid in purchasing instruments for Band 43 Battalion, was read.

Mr. Hinton moved, seconded by Mr. Dawson, that the sum of $100 be granted to aid in purchasing Band for 43 Battalion.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Wallace, seconded by Mr. Lyon, that this Council do grant the sum of $200 for the maintenance of Band for 43 Battalion.—Lost.

Mr. Wallace called for the yeas and nays on the amendment.

Yeas: Messrs. Lyon, Fraser, Wallace and Hopper—4.

Nays: Messrs. Smith, McEwan, Cummings, Hinton, Dawson, Revington, Mohr, Blackburn, Richardson, Conn, Caldwell and Cowan.—12.

Mr. Blackburn called for the yeas and nays, on the original motion.

Yeas: Messrs. Smith, McEwen, Dawson, Hinton, Revington, Richardson, Conn, Lyon Wallace, Hopper, and Caldwell.—11.

Nays: Messrs. Cummings, Mohr, Blackburn, Fraser and Cowan.—5.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, seconded by Mr. Dawson, that this Council do now resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole on the equalization of the Assessment Rolls, Mr. Hinton in the chair. Lost.

Moved by Mr. Cunnings, seconded by Mr. Hinton, that the by-law appointing Robert Sparks, Esq., County Engineer, be now read a first, second and third time, suspending all rules of the Council to the contrary.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Conn, that the by-law appointing an engineer be not now read a second and third time, but that our rules and regulations in the case be adhered to.

A division being taken on the foregoing amendment the result was 8 votes for and 8 against the amendment, but the Warden voting in favor of the latter it was declared carried.

The by-law was introduced and read a first time.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Smith that the by-law appointing County Inspector for all the public schools in the county and also for appointing a Board of Examiners for same county be now read a first time.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cowan, seconded by Mr. Revington that this Council adjourn until 10 a.m. to-morrow, then to meet as a committee of the whole, Mr. Hinton in the chair for the purpose of revising the assessment rolls and imposing county rates for current year.—Carried.

A Delaware clergyman has advertised for his satchel, which, he says, was taken by some gentleman by mistake from a railroad car, and contained nothing of value except some ten or fifteen of his least bad sermons and a book of "skeletons."

NEW SPRING GOODS;

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET.

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Pria's,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Shirts
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of
Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

To Charles Leduc,

of the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa, Esquire.

SIR,—We, the undersigned Electors of the County of Ottawa, having confidence in your intelligence and integrity to represent this section of the County, in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec, hereby request you to become a candidate at the next election, and we pledge you our support and influence to obtain your election:—

Rev Père Reboul, Rev Père Beaudin, Ruggles Wright, P Wetherall Wright, Dr C B Graham, Councillor, Samuel Pink, Councillor, Alex Prudhomme, Moise Bisson, Councillor, M Tétreau, P., Chas Marcil, Avocat, Charles Roussel, Hubert Blais, Joseph Poliquin, Père, Félix Périard, James Chénier, Guillaume Périard, Joseph Campeau, Joseph Poliquin, fils, Seraphin St Denis, Isaac Martin, J Bte Châtillon, Alexis Latreille, Alexis St Denis, J Bte Dubrule, Bte Lalonde, Clément Jodouin, Francois Bastien, Nazeret Fauteux, Pierre Pichette, Luc Derragon, Basile Villeneuve, Daniel Papillon, Jos Beaudin. M D, Gilbert Leclerc, Théophile Turcotte, Jérémie Boyer, Moise Campeau, jr, Edouard Clermont, Alphonse Grignon, Edouard Joubert, Narcisse Carpentier, Luc Lalonde, François Charbonneau, Prospère Ducharme, Onésime Fréchette, Joseph Lemieux, jr, Ambroise Sanctueur, Cléophas Sabourin, Pierre Proulx, John Wright, Charles Renaud, Alfred Filiatrault, Téophile Cabana, Olivier Martin, M W Noctor, M Laflamme, fils, Charles Lafontaine, Amable Bertrand, J Bte Bertrand, Edouard Dupins, Louis Laviolette, Louis Bastien, Louis Cadieux, Marchand, Eustache Guilbeau, Masson, A Rathier, Marchand, Onésime Paquette, Marchand, Joseph Charbonneau, Marchand, Alphonse Thérien, Hector Lapointe, Félix Labelle, Honoré Labelle, Marchand, Hilaire Vieau, Robert Auclair, Marchand, Edouard Truesdell, Avocat, Gilbert Leclerc, M Silvère Dumontier, Cuthbert Bordeleau, Cordonnier, Onesime Groulx, Joseph Grondin, Joseph Vincent, J B Gauthier, Capt Hypolite Fortin, J Bte Grenier, Hotellier, Hormisdas Bernèche, Masson, Joachim Lafrance, Jules Pichette, Gossien Blais, Louis Groulx, Jules Doucet, Dolphin Fortier, Jean Reginbal, J Bte Brancho, Pierre Champagne, Joseph Papin, Père, Joseph Groulx, Charles Menard, Joseph Verbonœur, Masson, Louis Corbeil, Chrs B F Piché, Etienne Prudhomme, Barnabé D'Arpentigni, H Gravel, Conseiller, Etienne Delorier, Evangeliste Roy, Etienne Béseth, Alfred Derouin, Godfroid Cayé, Louis Goulet, Bélonie Alard, Magloire Dumontier, Narcisse Dusault, Isaie Dazé, Michel Dieaire, S R, Michel Dicaine, Sr, A L G Dumoutier, Edouard Duquet, Bernabé Darpentigny, Michel Navion, Ludger Navion, Joseph Duquette, Charles Hynds, Pierre Racine, ouvrier, J Bte Sayen, Père, J Bte Sayen, fils, Alexandre Sayen, Néré Rochon, ouvrier, Telesphore Rochon, Hotellier, François Ranger, Nazaire Guilmette, Jean Bte Dorion, Emanuel Dorion, Jean Bte Chenier, Edmond Bertrand, Michel Hotte, François Counal, Paschal Ouilette, Fabien Soulière, Joseph Gosselin, Pierre Sauvé, François Galarneau, François Chatelle, Pierre St Martin, Thomas Proulx, Bernabé Sabourin, Ignace Renaud, Sévère Chatellad, G Bonbardin, Honoré Labelle, Amédée Sabourin, Hercule Verbonœur, Magloire Carrière, Thomas Lynard, Charles Fournelle, Adélane Verbonœur, François Goulet, Samuel Pelerin, Telesp Sauvaugeau, Ambroise Roy, L Tecko, Alexi Côté, Alfred Côté, Louis Daumd, Norbert Plante, Calixte Viau, François Brosseau, Elie Bourgeois, J Bte Lebris, Felix Cardinal, Erneste Ducheene, David Lamotte, Pierre Durocher, Jean B Lacasse, Louis Roi, Hyacinthe Madore, Mar Larose, Elie Labelle, Joseph Carrière, Augustin Larose, Joseph Venance, Joseph Franche, François Sauriole, Mizaël Pariseau, Jean Bte Séguin, George Grenier, George Latrimouille, Victor Bourgeois, Joseph Riopelle, Joseph Lefebvre, Isaie Fleury, Nérée Rochon, Jean Bte Séguin jr, Joseph Séguin, Pierre Vallée, Joseph Pelchat, Olivier Paré, Joseph Lécuyer, Joachin Lafontaine, Adolph Vilneuve, Olivier Charette, Joseph Moreau, conseillers, E. S. Boncheual, Joseph Daoust, D. Derouin, Amable Beaudry, Jr. Amable Baudry, Sr. Louis Cyr. Joseph Dion, J. Bte. Audette. Jerimie Charon, Théophile Vieau, Amable Martel, F. X. Laurin, Jr. Pascal Cyr. Charles Cyr. Pierre Posée, Alfred Osburn, Felix Pepin, Jr. Jerimie Hurtubise. Thomas Homes. Eustache Hebert, Jr. Eustache Hebert, Sr. Arsene Hebert, France Lagasse, Joseph Charon, Julien Decarie Jr. Julien Decarie Sr. Antoine Dore, Julien Decarie, Grégoire Matte, Francois Aubry, Francois Nadon, Isid. Constantineau, J Bte Bresetts, Jr, J Bte Bresetts, Sr, Joseph Pilon Jr. Joseph Campeau Jr, Eusebe Campeau, Augustin Campeau, J Bte Descarie, Louis Cousineau, J N Rousel, N P Salem Charette, Moise Charon, Napoleon Belanger, Elie Belanger, Gilbert Lachapelle, Joseph Hurtubise, Hypolite Jascon, Isaac Lepin, Joachim Lafontaine, Antoine Lafontaine, Octave Lamarche, Jules Belanger, Julliare Marenger, Louis Lafontaine, S Moreau Marchand, Joseph Lafontaine, J. P. Pierre Charette, Narcisse Matte, D Derouin, Joseph Galipeau, Louis Paturin, Nap Constantineau, Maxime Bélan, Sr, Joseph Charon, Joseph St. Jacques, Mathias Rousson, Nap Lacasse, Wm Anderson, Aimée Jodouin, T Raymond, Aimée Monfils, J Bte Lafontaine, Louis Desmarais, Basil St Louis, Wilfred Bissonnette, Chs Denommés, Jos Charbonneau, Alexandre Morin, Geo Ardi, Capt John A Boult, Jno Bte Dupuis, Louis Fortin, Thos Mousseau, Jeremie Bergeron, Pierre Matte, Gabriel Lauzier, Baptiste Lauzier, J Bte Desjardin, Mag Charbonneau, Prosper Oliver, Maxime Chartier, Xavier Peaudevins, Alexandre Dupras, Oliver Vilneuve, Joseph Charboneau, Louis Bertrand, Joseph Beaubien, Jean Charette, Felix Tetie, Edouard St Germain, Napoleon Bertrand, Antoine Lafontaine, Octave Lamanche, Francois Lacloches, Richard Kelly, F X Girard, Maire, Conseilliers, John Prudhomme, Salem Charette, Buckingham, Peter Barrei, Eustache Gradmaison, Buckingham, Louis Lecuyer, Oné Constantineau, Maxime Hamelin, Joseph Laurin, Eusebe Lafontaine, Felix Charon, Honoré Lafontaine, Narcise Roy, Louis Jolicoeur, J Bte Brunette, Narcise Roy, Père, J Bte Hout, Père, J Bte Hout, fils, Joseph Lafontaine, Père, Seraphin Belanger, François Belanger, Michael Padden, Louis Cousineau, J Bte Benoit, Celestin Belanger, J Bte Loucire, Moise Galipeau, Emanuel Dufresne, Alexandre Charon, Hyacinthe Amour, Guillaume Nantel, Louis Lécuyer, Père, Estor St François, Narcise Roy, Père, Narcise Roy, fils, Antoine Gareau, Père, Antoine Gareau, fils, François Brunette, Damasse Charon, Treffié Hornier, J Bte Lequelt, Eusèbe St Jean, Louis Bélanger, J Bte Legance, Père

REPLY.

To the Rev. Fathers Reboul, Beaudin, Messrs. Ruggles Wright, F. X. Bouvier, and others, and to all the Electors of the County of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—After reading the above requisition, signed, as it is, by such a large number of the most influential electors of the County, I deem it a duty to accede to your request, acknowledging, therefore, the high honor conferred upon me by your invitation, I beg leave to inform you that I will present myself at the coming elections as candidate for the representation of the rich and important County of Ottawa.

After a five years connection with the press, and a long and careful study of the politics of this country, I beg to tender to this County and the Province in general, the benefit of my experience and the result of my labors.

If elected, I pledge myself to give my cordial support to all measures, which, in my humble opinion, I will consider necessary or useful to this Province and to this County in particular—nevertheless I may state here that in politics my principles and views have always been liberal, and progressive, and are Conservative. Agriculture, commerce, and education, are three questions which will be objects of my most earnest and careful consideration, as I regard them as indispensable and essential, alike to the welfare, prosperity and growth of a nation.

I will endeavor to promote and protect the lumber trade, more especially in the interests of this county, as I consider that trade to be not only one of the greatest sources of wealth in this country, but also as a principal means of extending considerably the limits of colonization.

I will do all in my power to encourage colonization by giving my support to and adopting the most efficient and effectual means of encouraging emigration to these parts of the country which are yet unsettled—by obtaining from the Government for that object, liberal grants for the opening of roads and the construction of bridges, and especially by exercising scrupulous justice and fairness in the distribution of the different sums of money which may be voted for that purpose.

I will also endeavor to encourage the opening out and the working of the immense mineral resources of this country, by calling the attention of capitalists, and if I succeed in that object, the Government, the capitalist, the laborer will alike profit by it.

In the distribution of the public offices of this country I will endeavor to show more liberality, justice, and impartiality than has been heretofore manifested. I will recommend the appointment of men worthy in every respect to fill these offices to the satisfaction of all parties concerned. I will be careful not to leave indefinitely vacant any office which by its importance to the county ought to be filled up at once.

I shall endeavor on every occasion, to exhibit a liberal spirit towards all. I hold in contempt those who take a hole and corner view, or what is worse, regard with an eye of personal greed questions of grave importance to the country at large, as has been done in the past; yet I believe in the advantage to a county of great extent such as this of having as its representative a person residing in as central a place as possible. Such as Hull, for instance.

I well recognize the absurdity of raising national "cries" in political matters; nevertheless, without attempting anything of the kind, I must say that in the Quebec Parliament, composed almost exclusively of French Canadians, it is to the advantage of almost any county in the Province, to select a French Canadian as its representative, as he finds himself among those of his own race and language, and is enabled to address them with greater facility than one of another origin.

To conclude, gentlemen, if elected, I shall exert my best energies to promote the progress of the Province, and particularly of this county. I shall ever be happy and grateful to my fellow-citizens for their advice, and, I shall devote myself with all my heart to the duties of the responsible position you shall have conferred on me. Meanwhile,

I remain,
Gentlemen,
Your humble servant,
CHARLES LEDUC.

WANTED.

For Ottawa City, an energetic, reliable AGENT, for a first-class British Life Assurance Company, to whom a liberal commission will be paid. Address, Drawer 319 P.O., Montreal.

Ottawa, June 12, 1871 1689 8

DRY GOODS

—AT—

RETAIL.

SUMMER FASHIONS

SHOWING THIS DAY,

—AT—

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,
Beautiful Bonnets,
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets
Splendid Lace Shawls.

Also in immense Variety,

Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques,
Horrockses, Millar & Co., Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
King's best Window Hollands,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c.,

SPECIAL LINES.

Linen Percale's and Lawns, for Seaside Wear.
Walking Stick Parachutes " " "
Chargeu Frame Parasols and Umbrellas,—
Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makes.
Coventry Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and Mantle Trimmings, in great variety.

EXTRAORDINARY.

43 Patterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,

Have Received
EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

FRESH! FRESH! FRESH!

SALMON.

The first of the Season just received, at
MOSES LAPOINTE'S,
Fish Dealer,
Lower Town Market.

N. B.—All kinds of Lake, River, and Sea Fish, always on hand.

Ottawa, June 7, 1871 16851

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL.

The most beautiful site in the neighbourhood of the Capital, and the most pleasant and convenient place about Ottawa, for Pic Nics, &c.

A large covered Platform, raised eight feet from the ground, and capable of accommodating 4,000 persons, is admirably suited for Dancing, for Dramatic Soirees, and such like entertainments.

The Refreshments and Liquors to be had on the grounds are of the best quality.

Pleasure parties could not find a more comfortable and pleasant place to enjoy themselves.

At night the Gardens are well illuminated. Once properly known they will be regarded as indispensable during the summer season. There will be a Dancing School in the Gardens every THURSDAY night, except when occupied by a Pic-nic.

Hull, June 7, 1871 1685 2m

FESTIVAL OF

ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST.

GRAND CONCERT

—AND—

DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE

—AT THE—

CANADIAN INSTITUTE,

ON MONDAY, 26th JUNE, 1871.

Admission.....25cts.
Tickets for Reserved Seats.....40cts.

To be had at the Institute where a diagram of the Seats can be seen from and after this day (THURSDAY) until SUNDAY,

The Directors,
LE CHEVALIER SMITH,
A. LAPERRIERE.

Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686td

PORTER'S BLOCK.

34, SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE & FANCY

DRY GOODS

In their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good election,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,
NEW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS
Departments

THE SALVAGE GOODS,

Amounting to Over $7,500,

SAVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared our at prices which will be sure to command a sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low price goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34 SPARKS STREET

Ottawa, March 30, 1871 1628y

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for applying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY,

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

100lbs per day for the season	$5 00	
200lbs " " "	9 00	
100lbs month	1 50	
200lbs " "	2 50	

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

Terms strictly Cash in advance

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorens, successor to J B Boss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER.

N.B.—Ice supplied to teams for cart[illegible]

Ottawa, April 1871

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE.

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

—COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,
Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 RIDEAU STREET.

OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you. 1634 3m

The Tea Pot

RIDEAU STREET.

Try John Hill's Teas and Coffees.

Try JOHN HILL'S Teas and Coffees and you'll find
That they are of a most superior kind.
The various samples, when you fairly test,
Will find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who each day procure
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

Try John Hill's Teas and Coffees.

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That they are of a most superior kind.
The various samples, when you fairly test,
You'll find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who each day procure
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

The following TEAS and COFFEES have been received within the last few days, and as they are FRESH and (NEW SEASON) can be recommended, the flavor being equal to any Teas ever imported into Canada:

FINEST JAPAN TEA (The very best that can be produced)
EXCELLENT KAISOW CONGOU TEA (Something extra),
CHOICE YOUNG HYSON TEA,
VERY SUPERIOR BLACK TEA (True Souchong) in Catties of 1½lbs each,
VERY FINEST GUNPOWDER TEA (Something extra),
EXTRA SCENTED ORANGE PEKOE.

PURE JAPAN TEA, 60 cts. per lb., or 5 lbs. of the same article for $2.75.
GOOD SOUND TWANKAY TEA, 5 lbs. for $2.00.

The Finest Flavored Coffee to be obtained in this country, consisting of Pure Mocha, Java, Old Government Java and Plantation.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—
J. DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 73259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given, which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1675tf

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH:

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa June 1st, 1871

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1.30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 4.33 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2.50 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5.40 p.m., and at Sand Point, 6.30 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a.m. arriving at Brockville at 1.34 p.m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 7.50 p.m., and 6.20 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 8.10 p.m., 10.00 p.m., 6.15 p.m. 1.30 p.m.

Leave Sand Point

At 8.30 a.m., 11.30 a.m., 3.00 a.m., 2.00 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a.m, after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, flat loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, June 6, 1871

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULFPORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Side-Wheel Steamship "Secret," Capt. Davison.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," Capt. Connell.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," Capt. Baquet.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," Capt. McKenzie.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

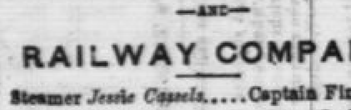
S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE, Manager,
HERRICK & CROMBIE, Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871 2670tf



ROYAL MAIL LINE, UNION FORWARDING —AND— RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*.....	Captain Findlay.
" *Emerald*.........	" Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*...	" Murphy.
" *Alliance*.........	" Blondin.
" *Oregon*...........	" Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*.......	"
Jason Gould......	" Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*.	" Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*.......	" Duggan.
" *Pontiac*.........	" D. Mulligan
Keppawa.........	" B J Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Captaine.

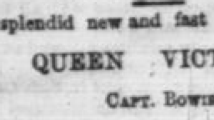
Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning—Leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 o'clock, p.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY, (Sundays Excepted.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA, Capt. Bowie,
PRINCE OF WALES, Capt. R. W. Shepherd.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.
R W SHEPHERD.
April 25, 1871.

CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS ACT OF 1871.

ELECTION PETITION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

Take notice that the above Petition will be tried at the COURT HOUSE, in the city of Ottawa, on FRIDAY, the Sixteenth day of JUNE, A.D. 1871, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, and on such other subsequent days as may be needful. The said City of Ottawa having been appointed by the Court of Queen's Bench, for the place of trial of the said Election Petition, by rule of the said Court.

Dated the 27th day of May, A.D. 1871.
By order,
ROBERT G. DALTON.
Clerk of the Crown of the Court of Queen's Bench
May 29, 1871 1679tf

MONEY TO LEND ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, *Agent*,
Times Office Ottawa.

ENGLISH GOODS!!!

RECEIVED AT THE

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 Sussex street.

PRIZE WATER FILTERS, from $2.25 upwards, of Earthenware and White China. (They purify the most impure water.—*Medical Gazette.*)

ENGLISH BEDSTEADS, all wrought Iron,
Do CHILDRENS COTS, do do
Very fine patterns, quite new and cheap.

For Hospitals and Sick Rooms:

ENGLISH ENAMELLED CHAMBERS.
Do., do., BED PANS.
ENGLISH GARDEN CHAIRS,
Do., do., SETTEES, (to arrive.)
Do., CROQUET LAWN BORDERING.
REFRIGERATORS, WATER COOLERS, and BATHS, STOVES new and Improved patterns

R. MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, May 30, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU, HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET, Opposite the Montreal Bank.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.
Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d, 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by
BEACH AND BARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.
May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy,
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Burgundy Ports,
Domecqs and GreekSherry,
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.
Bass', Guinness's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.

Liberal terms.
☞ Inspection invited.
K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.
Ottawa, May 16, 1871

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

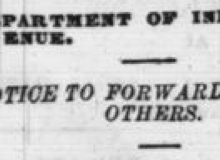
THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street.
Ottawa, May 1649d

JUST RECEIVED. —AT— HAUSER'S

RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,

That splendid new Magazine,

THE WEDDING BELLS.
—ALSO—
BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL
For March and April.
Ottawa, April 19, 1871



DEPARTMENT OF INLAND REVENUE.

NOTICE TO FORWARDERS AND OTHERS.

LET PASSES, through to Lake Champlain, will be issued to Vessels, Barges, &c., by the Collector of Canal Tolls, Ottawa, on payment of Tolls.

LET PASSES will also be issued by the Collector of Canal Tolls, at Montreal, and at St. Johns, through to Ottawa, or to Ottawa Basin, on payment of Tolls.

A. BRUNEL,
Commissioner.
Ottawa, May 31, 1871. 1680a

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY, —AND— AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD, Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER —AND— SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871.

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls, Ontario.
June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

☞ All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

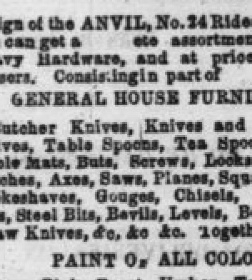
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deil Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!



Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c, &c &c. Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.
Ottawa, No 18, 1870

SELLING OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street,

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

☞ A few good Fowls for sale.
J. HERBERT,
N[illegible]on-st., West.
near Richmond Road, Ottawa.
April 26, 1871

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M	P.M.	P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
......	12.45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
......	12 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	......	4.20
......	......	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	......	6.00
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	12.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	......	4.20
	10.15	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	......	......	4.20
9.20	2.00	1.10	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	3.00
9.20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......	......	3 00
10.30	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	......
7.00	......	......	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	......	......	7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	......	......	7.00
10.00	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.
Post Office,
Ottawa, June 7, 1871

TESTIMONIAL —TO THE— HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa
The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz.: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq.,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the Times Newspaper of 2nd Nov last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, Sixty-Five out of Sixty-Nine British Offices transacting Less Business.

Claims Paid for Assurances....	£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid.	2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of....	6,570,000.00
Annual Income..............	1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions* of *Policies.*

The *Non-Forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

☞ Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW, Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal
J. & W. T. Pennock,
Agents, Ottawa.
March 13, 1871 168a

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND LIFE

Continues to take risks on every description of property—including Wooden Houses—at similar rates with other first-class Companies.

LIFE

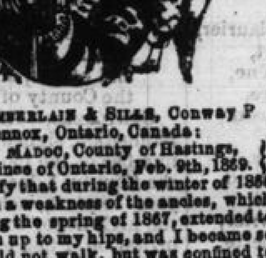
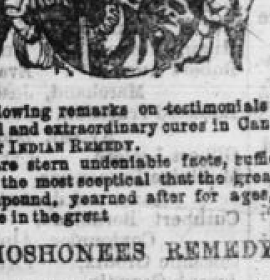
An inspection of its late Tables is invited.
T M CLARK, Agent,
Elgin-st., near Sparks.
Ottawa, April 12, 1871 1638 1

THE METROPOLITAN Building and Savings Society.

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Ottawa 19th December, 1870.

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:
MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869;
A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden county of Hastings, Province of Ontario, D of Canada.

THE EAGLE STEAM BAKERY, AND CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT IS THE BEST PLACE IN CENTRAL CANADA

To buy Biscuit, Crackers, Candies and Confectionery of all kinds.

Your orders are solicited
And will be Promptly Attended to by

DANIEL MORRISON, Proprietor,
Nos. 36 and 38, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS, —AND— DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

Mantles—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent,

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN, IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month,
Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1624

Medical.

M. GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL, DENTISTS, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,
May 1 1871

SHOSONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the Great Indian Remedy.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecoy, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN OIL FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.
November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H. F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.
November 30, 1870 1527y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

Ottawa, 3rd June, 1871.

Authorized discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.
Ottawa, June 3, 1871

Legal.

J. W. WARD, Barrister at-Law, Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McK. Wright. 1a8 F C Clemow

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
Robert Lees. 48utf John J. Gemmill.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
William Mosgrove. 366tf George Taillon

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a.m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST, *Sparks Street.* OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if he were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. Thistle. R. Lane.

H. SILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
References.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.
T. G. COURSOLLES,
November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS, ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accounts accurately prepared. Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1595 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.
Montreal, Mar h 1871 2 3m

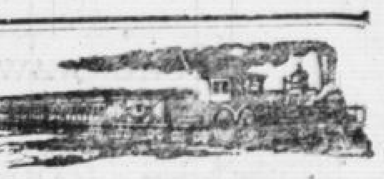
WM. FOOKS & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

8 HOSPITAL STREET
MONTREAL



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed

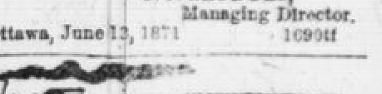
Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at...........	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at.......	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at.....	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at.....	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at.................	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at................	8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at..........	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston.........	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz.:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1699tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL, AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

Sussex-St., Ottawa.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON have purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables, and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.
DEMPSY & CAMERON.
Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1689 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.
GEORGE DU BERGER, Proprietor.
May 31, 1871. 1680tf

T. BELLEMARE. Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer

No. 67 Sussex-st. OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.
Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m

F. WILLIAMS, PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN —AND— FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

References.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON, ELGIN STREET.

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel.
Strict attention to business.
Good Wines and Liquors warranted.
Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1599

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.

J. A. GEMMILL, Solicitor &c.
Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.
Ottawa, Feb. 21, 87 159

THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the office, 38 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa
JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

VOL.

For Sale

TO [illegible] (2) modera[te] str et. Possession given 20th Enquire at 60 Spark[s]

HO[USE] [illegible] Baldwi[n] comfor[table] Wood, now finishing. month. Apply to T. M.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871

TO LET.

A portion of the RO[OMS] by the Young Men's [illegible] corner of Sparks and E[lgin] Block.) Apply for terms, &c.
Ottawa, April 7, 1871

TO LET OR SEL[L]

ONE FIRST CLASS [illegible] Daly street. Possession, [illegible] For particulars, apply [illegible]
Ottawa, Feb. 16, 1871

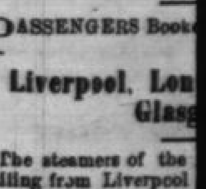
TO LET,

A COUNTRY RESIDE[NCE] teen apartments with fi[illegible] ed, or more if required, [illegible] City, on the Montreal Ma[illegible] Also the shop at present [illegible] McKAY, Rideau street. For particulars apply [illegible] WI[illegible]
Ottawa, Feb. 16.

TENDERS

Will be received [illegible] the City of Ottawa, u[ntil] 17th day of JUNE, 187[1] for the following work[s] [illegible] VICTORIA The Grading and M[illegible] street. An [illegible] foot Plat[form] Queen street. The gra[illegible] from Broad street to the [illegible] WELLINGTON A 6-foot Platform [illegible] Sparks street, from O'C[onnor] A 6-foot Platform on M[illegible] Bank street to half w[ay] and Metcalfe streets. A Drain in Albert st[reet] wards Bank streets. ST. GEORGE A 6-foot Platform on [illegible] Mosgrove to Nicholas [illegible] South side from Ottawa [illegible] A 12-foot Platform on C[illegible] Daly street. An 8 foot [illegible] Wilbrod street. A Dr[ain] from Besserer to Daly [illegible] Wilbrod street, from [illegible] street, and a Drain in [illegible] Little Sussex to By-wa[rd] BY W[ARD] A Box Drain in Otta[wa] Drain in Augusta street [illegible] OTTAWA A 4-foot Platform on [illegible] ton street from Dal[illegible] street. A 6 foot Platf[orm] from Water to Park stre[et] on Park street south fr[om] street. A 3 foot Platfo[rm] Rose street, with Crossi[ng] form in McGee street, f[illegible] street. A 3 foot Platfo[rm] from Park to Ottawa st[reet] on Bolton street, North [illegible] A Drain in St. Andrew [illegible] The above works to [illegible] Superintendence of an[illegible] and specifications of th[illegible] Two sufficient Suretie[s] fulfilment of each Cont[ract] By order, W[illegible]
City Hall, Ottawa, June 10, 1871

MONTREAL STEAMSHIP [illegible] CHANGE O[F]



1871. SUMMER [illegible]

PASSENGERS Book[ed] [illegible] Liverpool, Lon[donderry] Glasg[ow]

The steamers of the [illegible] sailing from Liverpool [illegible] from Quebec every Sat[urday] Foyle to receive on boa[rd] Passengers to and from [illegible] are intended to be despa[tched]

SCANDINAVIAN [illegible] PERUVIAN [illegible] CASPIAN [illegible] MORAVIAN [illegible] Calling at St. John's, N. [illegible] AUSTRIAN [illegible] PRUSSIAN [illegible] NESTORIAN [illegible] Fares from Ottawa, cabi[n] [illegible] Steerage [illegible] The steamers of the G[illegible] tended to despatched [illegible] about the following date[s] CORINTHIAN [illegible] OTTAWA [illegible] ST. DAVID [illegible] ST. ANDREW [illegible] ST. PATRICK [illegible] Fares from Ottawa, cabi[n] [illegible] Intermediate [illegible] Steerage [illegible] ☞ An experienced [illegible] each vessel Berths un[illegible] Return Tickets grante[d] [illegible] Passage certificates g[illegible] ous of bringing out frien[ds] For further particula[rs] D W[illegible]
Ottawa, May 6, 1871

HOUSE,

By the undersigned, [illegible] six o'clock on FRIDA[Y] MONEY. Any perso[n] [illegible] of it can recover it by [illegible] TON'S, Bailiff, Rideau [illegible] ANN [illegible]
Ottawa, June 5, 1871

DROWNED.

Drowned at the Ch[illegible] last, AUGUSTINE C[illegible] tion which may lead [illegible] body, will be thank[fully] father, at Mr. BRONS[ON'S] The Boy was 11 year[s] [illegible] pants, a grey [illegible] white and red shirt.
Ottawa, June 13, 18[71]

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1694. OTTAWA, SATURDAY. JUNE 17, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.
Possession given 20th May.
Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere, near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.
Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET.

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)
Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.
Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY
For particulars, apply to
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 36 Rideau street.
Ottawa, Feb, 16, 1871

TO LET.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land attached, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road.
Also the shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.
For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Ottawa, Feb. 16, 592tf

TENDERS

Will be received by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, until SATURDAY, the 17th day of JUNE, 1871, at 2 o'clock, p.m., for the following works:

VICTORIA WARD.

The Grading and Macadamizing of Duke street. An 8 foot Platform from Bridge to Queen street. The grading of Queen street from Broad street to the Bay.

WELLINGTON WARD.

A 6-foot Platform on the north side of Sparks street, from O'Connor to Sally street. A 6-foot Platform on Maria street, south from Bank street to half way between O'Connor and Metcalfe streets.
A Drain in Albert street from Culvert towards Bank streets.

ST. GEORGE'S WARD.

A 6 foot Platform on St. Paul street, from Mosgrove to Nicholas street; ditto, on the South side from Ottawa to Cumberland street. A 12-foot Platform on Cumberland street, from Daly street. An 8 foot ditto from Daly to Wilbrod street. A Drain in Augusta street, from Bersaser to Daly street. A drain in Wilbrod street, from Gloucester to Chapel street, and a Drain in St. Paul street, from Little Sussex to By-wash.

BY WARD

A Box Drain in Ottawa, 2 by 2 feet. A Box Drain in Augusta street, 2 by 2 feet.

OTTAWA WARD.

A 4-foot Platform on the south side of Bolton street from Dalhousie to Cumberland street. A 6 foot Platform on King street, from Water to Park street. A 4 foot Platform on Park street south from King to St. Joseph street. A 3 foot Platform on both sides of Rose street, with Crossings. A 3 foot Platform in McGee street, from Park to Ottawa street. A 3 foot Platform on Gloucester street, from Park to Ottawa street. A 3 foot Platform on Bolton street, North from Dalhousie street. A Drain in St. Andrew street.
The above works to be done under the Superintendence of and according to Plans and specifications of the City Engineer.
Two sufficient Sureties required for the due fulfilment of each Contract.
By order,
W. P. LETT.
City Clerk.
City Hall,
Ottawa, June 10, 1871 1692 3

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. SUMMER SERVICE. 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

	Liverpool Line.
SCANDINAVIAN	10th June.
PERUVIAN	13th "
CASPIAN	17th "
MORAVIAN	24th "

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

AUSTRIAN	1st July.
PRUSSIAN	8th "
NESTORIAN	15th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin	$77 25 to $87 00
Steerage	$29 25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line are intended to be despatched from Quebec, on or about the following dates:

	Glasgow Line.
CORINTHIAN	8th June.
OTTAWA	15th "
ST. DAVID	22nd "
ST. ANDREW	29th "
ST. PATRICK	6th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin	$67 25
Intermediate	$47 or 44 00
Steerage	28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.
For further particulars apply to
D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can recover it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.
ANN JANE HAMILTON.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871. 1633tf

DROWNED.

Drowned at the Chaudiere, on SATURDAY last, AUGUSTINE CHARON. Any information which may lead to the recovery of the body, will be thankfully received by his father, at Mr. BRONSON'S Office, Chaudiere. The Boy was 11 years of age, had on grey cloth pants, a grey vest, and a chequered white and red shirt.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1692tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.

The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises

STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.

And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.
Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street.

Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OF BROCKVILLE,

Who will continue the Business in the same premises and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871.

In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.

T. R. SHEFFIELD,
OTTAWA, June 2, 1871. 1681 2m.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will suit those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.
The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.
From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves.
Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:
Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

CLOTHING HALL!

New Store.

J. M. GOULDEN

Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at

No. 100 Sussex Street,

NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,

A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.
Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give a call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.

Do not Forget the Place

No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,

Next Door to F. McDougall & Co.

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colour Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,

To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Goods of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from any other firm in the city.

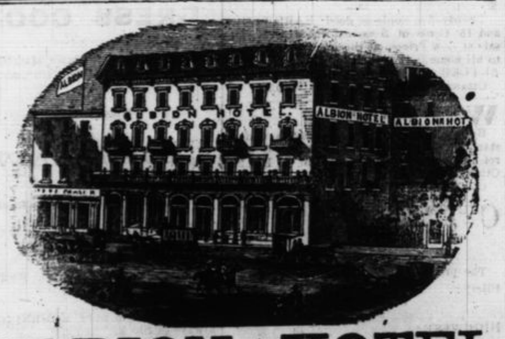
There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.

The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

—TO—

N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA, April 28, 1871 1652 3m



ALBION HOTEL,

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1685 3m

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

Dufresne & McGarity,

—SUCCESSORS—

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.

Sussex Street, OTTAWA.

221 Notre Dame St. MONTREAL.

The Undersigned have much pleasure in stating to their Customers and the Trade in general, that they have disposed of the RETAIL BUSINESS *which they heretofore carried on in connection with their Wholesale Trade; and it is now their intention to devote themselves exclusively to the*

Wholesale Grocery, Wine and Provision Business.

To enable them to do so efficiently, they have secured the premises next door to their present stand, (formerly occupied by Messrs. Fingland & Draper, as a Dry Goods Store,) and connected the two buildings by an arch,—now making ONE OF THE FINEST WHOLESALE HOUSES IN THE PROVINCE.

They have secured Agencies for several of the first WINE HOUSES *in Europe; and are also Agents for* Messrs. GOODERHAM & WORTS, *Distillers of Toronto,—and they can safely say that Messrs. G. & W. make the finest Spirits in the Dominion.*

The trade supplied with all of the undermentioned ALES, either in Wood or Bottle, at Brewers prices.

Dow & Co's, Montreal, Pale and Mild Ales and Porter,
Cosgrove's, Toronto, " " "
Labatt's, Prescott, " " "
Dawes', Lachine, " " "

GUINNESS STOUT and ENGLISH ALES always on hand and in fine condition.

There is now on the way out from China and Japan, 2,000 Chests of Fresh Teas, *which, with all other Goods, will be sold at* MONTREAL PRICES.

Goods will be delivered at Steamboat and Railway Stations free of charge. All empty packages charged in accounts will be taken back and allowed for, and those prefering to have their Goods shipped from the Montreal House, can have that privilege by leaving their orders at the office here.

The OTTAWA ESTABLISHMENT will be under the special management of MR. MCGARITY, *who will give his exclusive attention to the wants of his customers.*

Thanking you for the liberal patronage with which we have been so kindly favored, and soliciting an early call.

We remain, yours truly,

Dufresne & McGarity,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
"The Tea Pot,"
SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.
OTTAWA, April 19, 1871 1645 2m

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their, sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

McGill University, Montreal,

SESSION 1871-72.

THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—
FACULTY OF ARTS.....September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE....October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW.....October 3rd.
The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.
The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.
In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered
First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Second Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.
The Calendar containing details of above courses of study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.
W. C. BAYNES,
Secretary.
May 31, 1871 1689 2awk 2m

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

DOMINION HOUSE,

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel,
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

G. A. SHELDON,

HATTER AND FURRIER,

Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive

HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT

In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.
G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.
A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1665 2m

TO CATTLE BREEDERS.

BULL—The "Marquis of Belmont" will stand for Cows at the Waterford Farm, Township of Gloucester, this season, at Four Dollars each.
WM. GRAHAM.

CANADA SHORT HORN STOCK REGISTER.

Certificate of Registered Pedigree of Two Years Old Bull,

No. 514 THE MARQUIS OF BELMONT, Red and White, calved January 16, 1866, Bred by Mr. JOHN ASHWORTH, Belmont, Ottawa, the property of WILLIAM GRAHAM, Esq., of Gloucester, got by Sweetmeat [868], (20024), dam, sotvenir of Thorndale by 2nd Grand Duke (13961), g. dam, Dalpine (imp.), by Harold (10393), gr. g. dam, Limpid, by Viceroy (7618), &c., &c. See Herd Book.
HUGH O. THOMSON,
Sec. Board of Agrd of Agricultural Office,
Toronto, Jan'y 6, 1870 1692tf

WANTED.

For a DAIRY FARM near the City, a MAN to drive a MILK WAGGON, and take general charge of Cows. Also a WOMAN, who understands the management of a DAIRY.
A married Man and Wife, without family, preferred. Liberal wages will be given to competent and reliable parties. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

WANTED

A Girl about 16 years of age, as servant on a small family. Apply, A.B., TIMES Office.
Ottawa, May 29, 1871 1678tf

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged.
Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

DRY GOODS

—AT—

RETAIL.

SUMMER FASHIONS

SHOWING THIS DAY,

—AT—

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,
Beautiful Bonnets,
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets
Splendid Lace Shawls,
Also in immense Variety,

Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques,
Horrockses, Millar & Co., Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
King's best Window Hollands,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c.,

SPECIAL LINES.

Linen Percale's and Lawns, for Seaside Wear.
Walking Stick Parachutes " " "
Paragon Frame Parasols and Umbrellas,—
Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makes.
Coventry Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and Mantle Trimmings, in great variety.

EXTRAORDINARY.

43 Patterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL.

The most beautiful site in the neighbourhood of the Capital, and the most pleasant and convenient place about Ottawa, for Picnics, &c.
A large covered Platform, raised eight feet from the ground, and capable of accommodating 4,000 persons, is admirably suited for Dancing, for Dramatic Soirees, and such like entertainments.
The Refreshments and Liquors to be had on the grounds are of the best quality.
Pleasure parties could not find a more comfortable and pleasant place to enjoy themselves.
At night the Gardens are well illuminated. Once properly known they will be regarded as indispensable during the summer season. There will be a Dancing School in the Gardens every THURSDAY night, except when occupied by a Picnic.
Hull, June 7, 1871 1685 2m

FRESH! FRESH! FRESH!

SALMON.

The first of the Season just received, at
MOSES LAPOINTE'S,
Fish Dealer,
Lower Town Market.
N.B.—All kinds of Lake, River, and Sea Fish, always on hand.
Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685d

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XI.

THOLING HIS ASSIZE.

(*Continued.*)

"You saw the body of Mr. Challerson afterwards, however, and identified it?"

"I was shown a body, and some person told me it was Kenneth Challerson's; but I canna swear mysel' any thing about that. The corpse was the corpse of the man that spoke to me."

"That is just what I want to know, Mr. Johnstoun; and now will you tell us what he said to you?"

"He asked, was Mr. Andrew Hardell stopping at the hawtel, and when I made answer that he was just gone, he began to swear and bite the handle of the whip. I thought he was disappointed at missing him, and said that, although Mr. Anthony Hardell was gone south, Mr. Andrew was not very far off—that he could na be more nor a piece of the way to New Abbey."

"'Are you sure of that?' he spoke out quite quick and sudden-like; and when I told him I was, he clapped spurs intil his horse and was off down the street as hard as the beast could go."

"He seemed in a passion, then?" suggested the advocate-depute.

"He seemed vexed; I could not tell you why—folk are like that some times when canna fall in wi' the body they want."

"You said you took notice of this whip?"

"I did."

Then ensued a pause, during which the article in question was produced.

Almost curiously Andrew Hardell looked at it again while the witness took it in his hand.

A straight—rather thick whip—gold-mounted—heavily loaded—the sort of whip a man might use who habitually rode an obstinate and vicious horse; a horse which refused to go till urged with blow and spur, and then reared.

Some memory of a speech Mr. Challerson once made about having felled a stubborn brute with a blow between the ears, recurred to Andrew while he watched the witness examining the whip.

"This is like the one I saw in his hand," said the man, after a short silence. "I took particular notice of the gold about it, because it shone in the sun while he was talking, and I wondered was it gold or gilding."

"That will do," said the advocate-depute; and the whip, numbered "13" among the articles mentioned in the indictment, was removed. "Now, Mr. Johnstoun, I must ask you a few questions more. You recollect two young clergymen staying at your hotel; was the prisoner at the bar one of them?"

For the first time since his appearance in the box the witness turned his face towards the dock. As in a dream, Andrew Hardell heard some one tell him to stand up, and without any will of his own, so it seemed to him, he rose and looked at David Johnstoun.

Immediately he did this, David Johnstoun quickly averted his eyes, and turned them towards the advocate-depute.

"Yes," he said. "That is Mr. Andrew Hardell, and he staid for about three weeks at our house."

"He was a good deal out and round the country during that time?"

"He was very seldom within, or his friend either."

"Did they generally go out together?"

"Sometimes, not always."

"You waited upon them mostly?" It was a miracle to Andrew Hardell to hear how the advocate depute, adapted his language to the ear of the man he addressed, and how he adopted the phraseology to which the man was accustomed as no English barrister would have dreamed of doing, unless, indeed, he were ridiculing a witness. "You waited upon them mostly?"

"Yes."

"Perhaps you can tell me, then, if the prisoner had a light top-coat—gray, with large horn buttons; a loose coat."

"He had; but I never saw it on him."

"Never saw it on him!" repeated the advocate-depute. "Now, Mr. Johnstoun, pray be careful—do you mean, on your oath, to say you never saw the prisoner dressed in that light gray top-coat?"

"I was wrang," said the witness deprecatingly; I did once see him in it—the evening he came first to the 'King's Arm's.'"

"Oh! you remember that now? Well, perhaps you will stretch your memory a little farther, and try to remember some other occasion when he wore that coat."

"He never wore it to the best of my belief. I have seen it in his room, but I never saw it on his back save that once."

"You are on your oath, sir."

"I never said I wasn't," retorted the witness.

"And, on your oath, you never saw Mr. Andrew Hardell in that coat excepting when he came the first evening to the 'King's Arms?' Take your time, now before you answer me."

"I needn't tak' any time," answered, David Johnstoun, defiantly; "for I am not going to tell a lee to please you nor ony mon. Mr. Andrew Hardell never had that coat on him, so far as I know, from the day he came to Dumfries till the day he left it."

"Perhaps you did not see him every time he went out."

"Likely enough; I was na his nurse."

Whereupon a grave, low laugh run round the court, and the advocate-depute remarked.

"You are witty, sir."

"I am obleeged to you," was the reply, from which it will be seen that the advocate-depute had all the sir-ring on his own side.

Throughout the trial, indeed, Andrew could not help remarking the utter absence of any acknowledgment of rank—which is the more singular in a nation that attaches as much importance to birth as any on the face of the earth.

"Although, unhappily for him you were not the prisoner's nurse, Mr. Johnstoun," hitching up his gown on his shoulders and adjusting his wig, "you appear to have taken friendly notice of what he wore. Perhaps, therefore, you can describe to me the clothes he had on the evening he left Dumfries for New Abbey."

"He had on a suit of tweed, a 'soft' hat, and a pair of laced-up boots," was the prompt reply.

"What kind of buttons had he on his coat?"

"Bone—lighter nor the tweed."

"Did you remark if there was one off?"

"I did na remark; if there had been one wanting, though, I think I should have observed it."

"Was the tweed light or dark?"

"Dark."

"Could you swear to it?"

"I misdoubt whether I could; likely there was more than one piece made the same year he was woven."

At which point Lord Glanlorn, interposing, told the witness he was not answering properly. Lord Glanlorn was kind enough further to explain to the court generally, while he apparently limited his remarks to the witness, that the question before them was, the prisoner's suit of tweed—not how many pieces had been woven that year, or any year.

"After which the examination proceeded:

"The button," witness said in answer to a question from the advocate-depute, looking at the button and piece of cloth in his hand, "is very like the ones used to be on Mr. Hardell's coat; but I canna say more than that. I canna swear to it. The tweed is like what he used to wear—but I have seen other people in tweed like it."

"How many suits of clothes had the prisoner?" asked the advocate-depute.

"I have seen but two of tweed and one of black."

"You can go down," said the advocate-depute, whereupon Lord Glanlorn looked inquiringly towards Mr. Dunbar, as much as to say, "Are you not going to cross-examine?" to which look Mr. Dunbar replied with one that seemed to imply.

"He is too unimportant for me—wait a little, my lord."

Meanwhile, however, one of the jurymen was on his feet, vainly endeavouring to catch Lord Glanlorn's eyes.

"What is it?" the learned judge asked at length, having his attention drawn to the circumstance by his brother Craigie.

"I only wished to ask the witness a question;" and leave having been vouchsafed, he said.

"I think, David"—the materials for many a glass of toddy had been brought to the speaker by David, and he was at once patronizing and familiar accordingly—"I think, David, you said the prisoner did not wear the light top-coat?"

"He did not, Mr. Crawford," answered David, and retired among the crowd, while the advocate-depute confounded him and Mr. Crawford in a series of mental sentences which need not be recorded.

The next witness examined were the women who had been washing at the pond, and the old shepherd; but beyond speaking to the time when Andrew Hardell left them, and the route he took, their evidence was unimportant.

After them appeared the mistress of the Commercial Inn, who identified the prisoner with a sob; who spoke with volubility as to the "drookit" state in which he appeared at her door; who was sure she had seen a button off his coat; who could swear to the time he arrived, because he spoke about it himself.

Cross-examined by Mr. Dunbar:

"Knew the prisoner quite well. He had often staid at her house before. Never saw a lady with him. Couldn't say whether the button seemed to have been torn off or not.

Knew the coat was awful wet—took no notice of it that morning. Supposed if there had been a piece wanted she might have taken thought of it in the daylight; only just as Mr. Hardell came down she first heard any thing about the murder. Did not seem to think he took the news any way but natural like. They all talked about it outside the door. Her clock might have been fast, but in a common way it went slow. Somebody else told her the clock was fast besides Mr. Hardell; she could not mind now who; it might have been the post, or it might have been a party come to see the ruins—she could not mind. It was far frae her thochts then ony body wad ever even mention the like o' murder to such a ceevil, quiet, decent young man. He was not in a bit of a hurry about starting. He ate his breakfast, and he talked wi' them a' at the door. He said the man must have been struck by the lightning. She minded him laughing. It was when an auld wife said people would be feared to walk along the roads; and then Sandy Wilson made answer, 'That there was no call for her to feared.'"

"She was neither so young or so handsome as you, Mrs. McBurnie, we may conclude," suggested the advocate depute; in reply to which remark Mrs. McBurnie, with a heightened color, declared he was just foolish like all the rest of the men, and insinuated he had no very clear idea what he was talking about.

"I only want to know," said the gentleman against whom this libel was uttered, "if you observed whether there were a bit of cloth torn away with the button you say was wanting?"

"I canna tell, there may or there may not—the coat was that wet. I did not tak' particular heed to ony thing else."

"But when it was dry, Mrs. McBurnie?"

"I had no say to it then—we left it afore the fire a' night, and in the morn the girl took it and the rest of the clothes up to the parlor, where she had kindled a fire, and she said there was a piece wanting, but—"

"My good woman," interposed Lord Glanlorn, "you must confine yourself to what you know; what any one said to you is not evidence."

This was a pleasant way Lord Glanlorn had. He always took the prisoner's side through the trial, and then, by way of proving his strict impartiality, summed up against him.

There could not be a worse sign in a case than that Lord Glanlorn interfered in favor of the accused, and those who knew the judge best augured badly from this fact for Andrew Hardell's chances of escape. The prisoner himself, however, and the prisoner's friend—God help the man, he had but one that he knew of—too hastily concluded the judge to be convinced of his innocence, and plucked up heart accordingly, but hope was speedily damped by a false move made by Mr. Dunbar.

Thinking, perhaps, a sufficient number of witnesses had gone down without being put on the rack, he inquired of Mrs. McBurnie *how* it chanced she could be so positive concerning the missing button.

"When I was wiping down the coat with a clean claith," she answered, "I felt there was one wanting, and I thocht at the minute if I could find one to match I would put it on for the the young man in the morn, but when the morn came something pit it out of my head, and I never minded it again."

"Do you not believe, however, that if a piece of cloth had been missing you must have observed it?"

"I canna say—the tweed was that wet and shrunk, it would hardly show a tear. I thocht at the time he would scarce be able to get into any of his clothes agam."

"Did you observe in the morning whether he had on the same suit?" asked the advocate-depute; and then Mr. Dunbar felt he had better have let the witness go when his learned brother was willing.

"No," she answered, "when he cam out we had all just heard o' the murder, and I did nae give a thocht to his claiths."

The next witness was Euphemia Stewart, who swore positively not only to the fact of a piece of the cloth being torn away, but also that she "took thocht to herself at the time that the suit Mr. Hardell were at breakfast could nae be the same she had brought up to him. The one was shrunk and run, and other looked almost new-like."

(*To be Continued.*)

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

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Having the fac-simili of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's bronchial Troches.

After war pestilence and intemperance—colds lead to the greatest destruction of human life, mainly, because it is considered by many to be of no consequence and hence systematically neglected until a simple, curable disease, is converted into a fatal pulmonary one. Everyone troubled with what is called a slight cold or cough, should immediately use Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—they allay irritation at once, and exert a most beneficial influence on all the Bronchial and Pulmonary organs. Sold by all Druggists and Country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box.

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Prices as low as any house in the city.

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Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 — 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ottawa Music Hall—C. D. Hess.
For Sale—John Butler.
Wanted—J. C. W.
Wanted to Rent—C. E. L.
Chippawa Distillery—K. Arnoldi.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1871.

For interesting reading matter, see first page.

Hon. J. S. Macdonald arrived here yesterday.

Mr. Roy, late M. P. P. for Kamouraska, has been re-elected by acclamation.

Hon. Mr. Mitchell left yesterday morning for New Brunswick.

The works at Grosse Isle are to be proceeded with immediately.

The contracts for the St. Maurice works will be awarded to day.

Earl de Grey is to be made Marquis of Ripon.

A deputation of the City Council of Ottawa will have an interview on Monday with the Minister of Public Works about the proposed bridges over the Rideau Canal.

Mr. Thomas D. King, a well known *litterateur* of Montreal, suggests that a medal be struck in commemoration of the Scott centennary. The idea is a good one, and we hope to see it carried into effect.

The liabilities of the city of New York now amount to $81,842,514, a sum about equal to the whole debt of the Dominion. Two years ago last January the city debt was given at $29,324,948.92, showing an increase in a little over two years of $52,518,566.18.

AFFAIRS IN MANITOBA.

L'Ordre is disposed to make merry because we condemned Dr. Schultz's course when he went to Manitoba last year, but commended the line which he pursued when he took his seat as a member of the Dominion Parliament. When Dr. Schultz does well we shall praise him, when he acts injudiciously we shall find fault with him. We did not admire his conduct last year when he returned to the North West, and we said so; when in Ottawa he behaved in a sensible and patriotic manner, and we were glad to acknowledge it. Dr. Schultz can exercise a considerable influence for good or evil in the North West just now. In fact any man of ability and force of character can scarcely fail to do so in that small and newly formed community. Persons who in more thickly populated countries might scarcely be heard of beyond their own private circles of acquaintance, may there become leaders of public opinion and representative men. This being the case, they must expect to have their actions closely watched, nor should they ever forget that the future destiny of the North West depends, humanly speaking, to a very great extent upon those who exercise influence there to-day.

We do not think that the extent of the influence which they wield upon the future is often sufficiently understood or appreciated by those who form a young community. Busied as they naturally must be with matters which more immediately concern themselves personally, they do not appreciate the truth of the homely old adage, "as the twig is bent the tree is inclined," or understand how much the future destinies of a nation depend upon the wisdom and patriotism, the patience, and, very frequently, on the self abnegation of its founders.

In Manitoba more than ordinary prudence and self restraint is necessary on the part of those who are to a greater or less extent the moulders of public opinion there. Sectional and sectarian differences and prejudices have already been evoked with disastrous results, and have to be entirely allayed before progress and prosperity can be insured. Every man who wishes well to Manitoba and the Dominion, every man who desires to have his name held in honour, will devote his energies and abilities to the removing of every barrier that divides one portion of the community from the other, and to the blending together by ties of common interests and common aspirations, of men of all classes and creeds. It is only by the adoption of such a course, that those to whose lot it has fallen to lay the foundation of what must hereafter be a great community, can hope to form a national union which shall be strong and permanent. The interests at stake are too important, the issues are too momentous, to permit of their being sacrificed in order to suit the purposes of any man or of any political party. Bigotry of any kind, sectionalism in whatever shape it comes, must be frowned down without any consideration for personal or party feeling. We care not who the man is, or what his nationality, if by his words and actions he proves that he appreciates these truths, he shall have our support; if, on the other hand, he becomes a slave to party prejudice and tries to awaken sectarian strife in the North West, we would denounce him though he were our own brother.

THE MANITOBA SURVEY.

"The ne'er do weels at the seat of Government," as Ministers are called by the Opposition organ, are accused of having taken no action with a view to the survey of lands in Manitoba. A short time since the news columns of the same journal contained the announcement that some of the parties engaged in the survey had already left for the North West, and, unlike much that appears in that sheet, the statement was correct. The remainder of the surveying party are about to start for the scene of their duties. Next month the Secretary of State and Colonel Dennis intend proceeding to Manitoba for the purpose of personally superintending this important work. It is incorrect to state that a "procrastinating policy" has been adopted in regard to this matter. No time has been lost. The survey could not have been proceeded with until now, as a moment's consideration will show, and it will now be pushed on with energy and vigour. Statements to the contrary, and the insinuations that the French Metis are being treated with unfair partiality have no foundation in fact, and are merely made in the hope of stirring up ill feeling and sectional strife. What a miserable course must that be, which depends for success upon the awakening of hostility between two sections of the community. Yet the only hope of the Opposition lies in setting the people of Ontario and Quebec against each other, and in effecting an alliance with every disloyal and discontented element in the other Provinces. Mr. Brown may issue manifestoes to the Roman Catholics of Ontario, and Mr. Blake after doing his best to arouse sectarianism in Ontario may refrain from voting for resolutions calculated to give offence to certain parties in the Province of Quebec, while at the same time they seek to arouse prejudices against their co-religionists in the North West. But their contemptible game is too transparent to deceive any man who possesses a grain of common sense.

"SOLD."

It is every day becoming more and more obvious that the Opposition have been badly "sold," with regard to the position of the Ministry in reference to the Treaty of Washington. We can now understand why there was such an urgent demand made upon the Government to define their position, and why journals which are understood to some extent to represent the views of Ministers were abused for "making no sign." The leading men and leading journals of the Opposition, were quite at liberty to discuss the provisions of the Treaty without reference to the opinions held by Sir John Macdonald and his colleagues, and would have been content to do so had they been actuated by patriotic motives alone. But the great object was to oppose the views of the Government. Compared with doing this, whether the Americans were admitted to our fisheries or not was a matter of secondary importance to the Grit leaders in Ontario. And now, when Parliament meets, supposing the Government recommend the rejection of the fishery clauses, where will Messrs. Mackenzie and Blake and their followers be found? Will they hold to the opinions which they have expressed and support the Government, or will they take an opposite course? The Government have been accused of having 'sold the country," but it strikes us very forcibly that it is only the Grits that have been sold.

ELEGANT EXTRACTS.

From an article concerning the Ministry and the Treaty of Washington which appeared in the columns of the leading Opposition organ a day or two since, we make the following elegant extracts:

"'Shows his incapacity'—'wretchedly humiliating position'—'affecting much indignation'—'wriggle out of the scrape'—'cowardly'—'base'—'preposterous'—'Such a tearing of hair'—'such a burst of maledictions'—'the frantic dozen'—'the shameful deed'—'the whole party of howling dervishes'—'worked up to very madness'—'dark and dishonourable purpose'—'shameful course'—'odious conduct'—'shameless body of men'—'the Government has sold the country'—mean-spirited poltroonery'—'abject servility'—corrupt design.'"

GOSSIP.

Spotted veils, now so much worn, are very injurious to the eyesight

Agate is coming into great favor again, for the handles of canes, parasols and the like.

Gentlemen are wearing blue veils around their hats for travelling, as they did last summer.

Monograms have rather gone out o fashion. A crest or nothing is Fashion's fiat. Fashionable stationers keep crests in variety to suit any taste constantly on hand!

The very prettiest of all linen suits are of tea-color with a very fine hair stripe of white. Such a relief from the everlasting buff.

Sharp-faced girls ought to wear broad-brimmed flat hats. Round-cheeked ones, if discreet, will confine themselves strictly to turbans.

The very latest idea in the fashionable world is the moonlight German—full dress and all that, but no lights in the *salons* and windows wide open, silvery moonlight streaming in in floods, delicious waltzes enchanting the air, and flirting perfectly unembarrassed by the garish gas-light. The lady whose invention this is is a benefactor to society.

The "Nilsson parasol" has appeared.

A Belvidere, Ill., man has made 7,000 gallons of rhubarb wine.

A Saratoga graveyard is the dwelling place of an insane woman who delights in barricading the walks and pushing over monuments.

A ballet has been produced in Rome, founded on the story of the Prodigal Son.

A Chinaman in London owned up to 500 pipefuls of opium daily.

Three out of four of the great English races of the season have been won by horses owned and bred by Jews.

"Ma," said a little girl to her mother, "do men want to get married so much as the women?"

"Pshaw! what are you talking about?"

"Why, ma, the women who come here are always talking about getting married—the men don't do so."

An attempt was made on the life of Mdlle. D'Anka, one of the most attractive ladies on the London stage. As she was leaving the Globe Theatre, a well-dressed man approached her and presented a pistol at her head. The manager of the theatre, who was showing the lady to her carriage, knocked the man down, and in all probability saved Mdlle D'Anka's life. A crowd soon collected, and in the confusion the pseudo assassin escaped. No motive can be assigned for the outrage.

The Rev. E. Forbes, writing to the *Record* from Paris, says: "One of the last acts of the Archbishop of Paris was to accede heartily to a proposal of mine for relieving those Protestant orphanages in France which had suffered from the war. Only four days previous to his murder, I joined the Protestant pasteurs in an address to the Commune, beseeching them not to embrue their hands in the blood of innocent hostages."

The number of vessels which passed through the Suez Canal in 1870 was 491, and their tonnage 436,618 tons. These vessels sailed under the flags of fifteen different nations. The amount of tonnage which passed through in British merchant bottoms was 285,188 tons, being 209,438 tons above that in French ships, which stands second, and is only 75,758 tons. Next to France and in rotation, come Austria, Egypt, Turkey, Italy, Portuguese, Spanish Zanzibar, Denmark, Russia, America, Holland and Greece, the latter being the lowest on the list—viz. 48 tons. Not a North German flag passed through the Canal last year.

THE END OF THE COMMUNE.

MURDER OF THE ARCHBISHOP.

M. Evard, sergeant-major of the one hundred and sixth battalion of National Guards, who was a prisoner at La Roquette, gives the following thrilling particulars of the murder of the Archbishop:

On Wednesday, May 24, at 7:30 in the evening, the director of the prison, Lefrancais, a namesake of the member of the Commune, and who had himself spent six years at the Bange, ascended at the head of fifty federals to the gallery where the principal prisoners were confined. An officer went round to each cell, summoning first the Archbishop, and then in succession M. Bonjean, the Abbe Allard, Fathers Ducondary and Clair, and the Abbe Deguerry, Cure of the Madeline. As the prisoners were surrounded they were marched down to the road running round the prison, on which, as far as I could see, were arranged National Guards, who received the captives with insults and epithets which I cannot subscribe. My unfortunate companions were taken into the courtyard facing the infirmary, where they found a firing party awaiting them. Monseigneur Darboy stepped forward, and addressing his assassins, uttered a few words of pardon. Two of these men approached the Archbishop, and in face of their comrades knelt before him, beseeching his forgiveness. The other federals at once rushed upon them and drove them back with insulting reproaches, and then, turning towards the prisoners, gave vent to most violent expressions. The commander of the detachment even felt ashamed of this, and, ordering silence, uttered a frightful oath, telling his men that they were "to shoot those people, and not to bully them." The federals were silenced, and upon the orders of their lieutenant loaded their weapons. Father Allard was placed against the wall and was the first shot down. Then, M. Darboy, in his turn, fell. The whole six prisoners were thus shot, all evincing the utmost calmness and courage. M. Deguerry alone exhibited a momentary weakness, which was attributable rather to his state of health than to fear. After this tragical execution, carried out without any formal witnesses and in the presence only of a number of bandits, the bodies of the unfortunate victims were placed in a cart belonging to a railway company, which had been requisitioned for the purpose, and were taken to Pere-la Chaise, where they were placed in the last trench of the "*fosse commune*" side by side, without even any attempt to cover them with earth.

THE ENGLISH FIREMEN.

The correspondent of the *N. Y. World* says:—"Before concluding this letter I may as well notice the English Firemen who have already arrived in Paris. These intelligent fellows have excited much admiration among the peaceable people here. Their apparatus is much praised, as is also the perfect manner in which they are trained. They are in every way superior to the French Pompiers, commencing even with the costume, which in the latter is very cumbersome and out of place. They have brought a steam pump with them, one of Messrs. Merryweather & Son's, and it has been of good service. An engine on this model was, I believe, ordered from London by the Government of last September, but the insurgents got possession of it, and I hear thought of using it to send streams of petroleum into the burning houses. Certainly there was no lack of ingenuity amongst these diabolical gentlemen.

A MONSTER.

Among the wretches, whose well merited death must cause universal satisfaction may be reckoned the Citoyen Napias Piquet. Savagest of the savage, this monster met his death before his hideous plan could be accomplished. This plan was no other than to destroy the whole of the first arrondissement, in pursuance of which he went about the streets with uplifted cane, hallooing on his hell-hound accomplices, pushing them and striking them like a maniac. It was he who set fire to the Library of the Louvre, to the Palais Royal, &c. He was going to incite his companions to destroy the shops of the Louvre when he was seized by some of the troops and shot in sight of his daughter, who was accompanying him. His last and only regret he bawled out, was that he had not had time to finish his enterprise. A queer little incident attending his death acts almost as a satire upon the policy of the wretches whose cause he espoused. The bill of this austere republican's breakfast was found on him, and amounted to no less than fifty-seven francs.

THE COMMUNE'S EXECUTIONER.

The man Vilian has also been executed. This wretch, it may be remembered, was formerly a police agent, and acted in great measure as one of the executioners of the Commune. It was he who set fire to the Prefecture of Police. In all these circumstances he exhibits a great likeness to Dennis, "the hangman, in Charles Dickens's Barnaby Rudge," which similarity he did not destroy in his last moments, for he exhibited the most cringing cowardice, praying for mercy and shrieking fearfully till he was despatched.

DIABOLICAL ACTS.

It was part of the diabolical plan of the wretches who executed the incendiary part of the programme of the Commune to burn every mairie in Paris: luckily they were unable to complete their amiable intentions, but unhappily they had time to set set fire to the mairie of the Fourth arrondissement.

With their usually carefully studied cruelty they had given orders on Tuesday evening to all the personnel to remain in the establishment on the following day and night, in order that they might have the pleasure of knowing that these unhappy creatures had been roasted in the fire which they intended to kindle on the morrow. Happily these intended sacrifices had time to escape before their butchers arrived. It was not till Wednesday evening that a band of women, accompanied by four men, left the barricades and approached the mairie. Having prepared the building for its fate by means of petroleum, they set fire to it. Here everything had been carefully attended to in order to prevent any assistance to the place. The water-pipes had been cut off and the barricades were closed upon any one wishing to pass who was unarmed. The whole night through, people in the opposite houses could see the men and women heaping paper and other combustibles on the flames.

Whilst the fire was going on in the court of the mairie, National guards were executing women accused of Heaven only knows what crimes. One of these poor creatures struggled for fifteen minutes in the ruffianly grasp of her murderers, and was at last dispatched by a boy of 14.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the diseases and give almost instant relief.

The TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in low localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than any other articles.

OBTAIN ONLY BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless Imitations that may be offered.

"TROCHES," SO-CALLED SOLD BY THE OUNCE, are a poor imitation and nothing like Brown's Bronchial Troches, which are sold only in boxes with fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

Outside wrapper of box, and private government stamp attached to each box.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks,—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London d1509 1y

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

NIAGARA.

NIAGARA, June 16, 1871.

Sir Geo. E. Cartier held a levee this morning. Most of the officers present in camp were introduced by the Adjutant General. The movements of the division were interesting, as they comprised the storming of the old fort, which was held by the Hamilton battery and 44th battalion, under command of Lt.-Col. French.

Weather lovely.

NAPANEE.

NAPANEE, June 16.

The following are the names of the passengers injured by the accident of the Express train on the Grand Trunk this morning:

Dr. Wilters, London; Mr. Daily, Napanee; Mrs. Videau, New York; Mrs. Lowery, Kingston. All are doing well.

KINGSTON.

KINGSTON, June 16.

Two first class cars, and a Pullman car of No 4 Express train, were thrown off the track four miles east of Earnestown this morning. No one was seriously injured, and no interruption of traffic. The accident was caused by a bad rail.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 16.

Louis Pere, a barge boy 15 years of age, was caught in the tow line of a barge this morning in the canal and drowned.

The Hennessy trade mark frauds have resulted in the committal of the defendant Gebhardt to the Court of Queen's Bench for trial.

The Moore anniversary celebration last night was well attended. St. Patrick's Hall was crowded with the Irish fashion of the city, and the programme was well carried out.

Miss McPherson held a meeting yesterday with the ladies of Montreal touching her work among pauper emigrant children. Many topics of interest were discussed. Five hundred and fifty children have been brought to Canada, costing for passage, clothing, &c., $30,000, $700 of this being contributed by the free will offerings from Canada. The quick dispersion of the last batch shews the great demand for young children in Canada, especially little ones under ten years of age, for adoption.

Principal Wills, D.D., who has visited Canada in the capacity of Moderator of the Canada Presbyterian Assembly, is at present with Mrs. Wills in this city.

The dry goods and grocery business for June is reported as highly satisfactory.

Weather cool and clear.

Midnight Despatches.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—A Cabinet meeting was held to-day, at which Secretary Robeson received a despatch from Admiral Rogers, commanding the Asiatic squadron, and which was received this morning at the Navy Department, giving an account of a fight between the Chinese on the Corean Peninsula and the combined forces of the Americans and Europeans connected with the squadron in those waters. Although the despatch has not yet been made public, it is understood that Admiral Rogers was conveying to Corea a number of Coreans, whom he had rescued from a shipwreck, intending to illustrate the friendship of the civilized nations contrasted with the acts of the Coreans, who not long ago murdered a French crew wrecked on their coast. The boat's crew from the French, English, Prussian and American vessels on this mission were fired upon by the Chinese, who probably were not aware of the object of the expedition. A fight ensued, in which the Chinese were punished, and Admiral Rogers intimates that the conflict would be renewed next day.

LONDON, June 16.—It is said that upon the entry of King Victor Emanuel into Rome, the Pope will at once proceed to Corsica.

VERSAILLES, June 16.—Francis Paul Maurice, the dramatist and novelist who was arrested in Paris as a Communist, has been released.

There will be for the present no transfer of the Executive and Legislative Departments of the Government, which will remain as at present constituted, at Versailles, until October.

A Court Martial will assemble next week for the trial of Rochefort, Assi and Rossel.

Motions have been submitted in the Assembly by Baze, providing for the prolonging of the powers of both the Assembly and Thiers for two years; and also for the election of the Committee to draw up the bill constituting the future Government of France.

General Douais corps has gone to Lyons. Its mission is to disarm the National Guards in the Valley of the Rhine from Lyons to Marseilles.

General Clinchant remains at Versailles, and Gen. L'Admirault in Paris, with sixty thousand men.

LONDON, June 16.—Fourteen persons have been drowned in consequence of the accident in Moray Frith.

Miss Rye took out 113 children to Canada in the steamship *Prussian* which sailed yesterday for Quebec.

The tramway from Islington to Margate has been opened, and others are building in different parts of London.

VERSAILLES, June 16.—The journalists who have constituted themselves an electoral Committee offer to the electors a collective list of the candidates, but the republican journals refuse to accept the programme.

The grand review of 100,000 troops which has been announced for the Champ de Mars on Sunday next will be held at Long Champs.

A rumour which has obtained circulation of the modifications in the Ministry is authoritatively contradicted.

The motions submitted in the Assembly yesterday by M. Baze, were unexpected by his colleagues and are regarded as inopportune. It is thought no action will be taken upon them by the Assembly.

It is reported that M. Pyat has been arrested at La Villete, disguised as a priest.

Gen. Fadrice has presented his compliments to M. Thiers, upon the overthrow of the Commune.

Bismarck has promised to diminish the German army of the occupation in France.

The amount of the proposed French loan will, it is now said, be reduced to one-fifth.

CALCUTTA, June 15.—The Department of Agriculture has been established for India, and Mr. Hume has been appointed to the position of its Secretary.

BERLIN, June 16.—The triumphal entry of the army, and the inauguration of the Equestrian statue of King Frederick William the Third, took place to day in exact accordance with the programme in the Imperial proclamation of the 12th. The city was crowded with people who have been thronging hither for the past fortnight. The streets in the line of march were superbly decorated, and in the public squares triumphal arches were raised and platforms erected to accommodate thousands of spectators. The procession was one of the most magnificent of modern times. Headed by Eagles and Standards captured from the French, it marched in the order set forth in the Imperial programme, from Tempelhof Field to the Palace, between two rows of cannon, numbering some 2,000, taken during the war. At intervals along the line enormous trophies, formed of captured arms, were erected. After the first division of the victorious column had passed the Brandenburg gate, the Emperor with the German Princess in his train preceding the army was received at the portal, by deputations from the Municipal Governments of Berlin and the principal cities of Germany. Addresses of welcome and congratulation were presented, when the Emperor at the head of a brilliant cortege rode down the Via Triumphals, which had been constructed in honour of the occasion. The road was strewn with flowers as he advanced by hundreds of young girls dressed in white. The army then entered the gate with the Prussian guards at the head of the line. It was mainly composed of detachments representing every regiment which took part in the war, each bearing the regimental colours. The appearance of the men was superb and the enthusiasm of the great masses of the spectators as they passed by was unbounded. Each regiment as it entered the Parisier Platz, where the crowd was the greatest, was cheered with unfailing enthusiasm. Some of the regiments well known to the Berliners, and others which had particularly distinguished themselves during the campaign, received special ovations. The people breaking into their ranks crowning them with wreaths and overwhelming with flowers. When the procession had concluded its march, the Emperor proceeded to unveil the statue of his father, Frederick William III. All the dignatories of the Empire, the victorious Generals, and the members of the German Parliament, assisted at the ceremony in the presence of the army and a countless multitude of spectators. The veil of the statue was removed amid tremendous cheering, the firing of cannon and music from military bands. The Emperor, standing at the foot of the statue, delivered a speech, closing with the words: "This monument, which was projected in a time of the profoundest peace, now becomes the memorial of one of the most brilliant though bloodiest of modern wars. May the peace so dearly achieved be a lasting one." The ceremonies closed with the conferring of honours on the victorious commanders. Numerous orders were granted by the Emperor, and the hereditary command of the most distinguished regiments was given to various Generals and Princes. Among those who received the marks of fame from the hands of the Emperor were Prince George of Saxony and Prince Leopold of Bavaria. General Von Roan was elevated to the rank of Count of the Empire, and General Von Moltke was appointed Field Marshal of the Imperial army. To-night the entire city was illuminated, and rejoicing was at its height.

VERSAILLES, June 16.—In the Assembly to-day a resolution appointing a Committee to revise the decrees of the Government of National Defence passed to the second reading.

M. Arago and M. Simon during the debate on the resolution urged a thorough investigation, and protested against the calumnies passed upon that Government.

A resolution for a Committee to enquire into the causes of the late insurrection in Paris was introduced, and was followed by a heated discussion.

M. Hautgens attacked the party of the Left as the fosterers of the revolutionary spirit.

M. Tolain defended the International Society and denounced Napoleon, who, he said, was at one time willing to allow a memorial issued by the Society to be distributed in France if a paragraph eulogizing him was inserted in it. M. Tolain promised, if an investigation was ordered, to appear before the Committee with documentary evidence justifying the course of the International Society throughout the late troubles. He was asked by a deputy if he could likewise defend the insurrection, and replied by indignantly repulsing all sympathy with the assassins and incendiaries. The resolution for a Committee of Investigation was adopted.

PARIS, June 16.—Augustin Cochin, one of the leaders of the clerical party, has been appointed Prefect of the Department of the Seine et Ooise.

Coqueret has written a letter to the press urging the necessity of a Republican form of Government for France.

The Republican journals condemn the proposed military review of Sunday as impolite and in bad taste.

M. Glais Bizain is a candidate for the Assembly for one of the Paris districts. He is a supporter of Thiers.

Yesterday's Despatches.

PARIS, June 16.—A proclamation has been issued by the International Society which declares: "We are disarmed but not conquered, and are still one hundred thousand strong. Favre and Trochu were the authors of our misfortunes, aided by capital and priesthood. We accept the responsibility of the conflagrations. We must have no Interior Deputies, no divisions at the polls. Reaction took our arms but not our votes. Vive la Social Republique. Vive la Commune."

NEW YORK, June 15.—The *Agnes* won the first prize for schooners in the Atlantic Club regatta race to-day.

LONDON, June 16, 5 a.m.—The Countess de Paris last night gave birth to a daughter.

Napoleon and Eugene have paid a visit to the Prince of Wales.

The *Times* states that the French loan will amount to only two milliards of francs.

The *Times* special from Paris report that the state of seige will close to-day, Friday.

The reports of renewed agitation in Belleville and Vichetts are unfounded,

The German soldiers visiting Paris are occasionally insulted, and have been refused seats at tables in restaurants.

NEW YORK, June 16.—The disease among the horses of the third avenue and other street railways continues to prevail. Many additional cases were reported yesterday, and notwithstanding the most prompt and efficient treatment at least 70 deaths have occurred. The men in charge of the stables have changed the feed of the animals, and it is hoped by skillful doctoring to put an end to the disease. Some veterinary surgeons claim it is contagious, and others that it is merely the result of injudicious feeding.

The most extensive Hebrew library in the world, collected in Amsterdam, Holland, has been purchased by the congregation of the Jewish Temple in Fifth Avenue for the Jewish Seminary.

The reported discovery of a mammoth oyster bed on the Long Island coast turns out to be an attempt at a mammoth swindle on the part of an oysterman, who was permitted to retire quietly upon paying what his fellow oystermen had subscribed to show them the spot.

Lady Thorn, whose trotting days were supposed to be over in consequence of injuries received at Rochester last year, has been taken to Fleetwood Park and put in training. It is thought she will be able to appear on the turf before the close of the season.

What stuff is sometimes sold as tea may be learned from a London commercial circular which says that recently 300 half chests of tea dust, called scented orange Pekoe siftings, were sold by auction, without reserve, on account of the importers and part realized one penny per pound, and adds that it is a matter of doubt whether this article is tea at all; it is certainly utterly spurious and unfit to drink The leaf is in a great measure composed of dirt and steel filings, and if a magnet be thrust into the sample, on examination it will be found covered with small particles of metal.

The Hamilton *Spectator* says: Our readers will regret to learn that another enemy of vegetation has appeared in our midst. It is a small worm, and takes its abode in the lowest joint of grass or wheat. The insect has been known to exist for several years, but not to the extent of its ravages for this year. It can easily be discovered by taking up a stalk of grass or wheat in a decaying state, and stripping the lower part of the stem.

PREFERRING PARTIZANSHIP TO PATRIOTISM.

(*From the St. John's, N.B., News*)

A few days ago we intimated that some of the Dominion Opposition journals would find themselves in a quandary should the rumor then current turn out to be true, that the Dominion Government was not committed to the ratification of the Treaty, did not intend to bring to bear upon the Dominion Parliament any influence to secure the ratification of that instrument, and was really disposed to reject the unequal bargain on the Fishery question negotiated by the High Commission. We made an intimation in this effect, because it was so plain that he that ran might read that some of those journals were denouncing the treaty, not so much because they held it to be unjust in its bearing on Canadian interests, as because they thought their party could make it a stepping stone to power at Ottawa. Since we expressed an opinion on this point, the verification of its accuracy has come to hand. The Toronto *Globe*, in a recent issue, furnishes evidence of being excessively annoyed at the declarations made by ministerial papers at Ottawa that neither the Premier nor his colleagues in the Government are committed to the acceptance of the treaty. The *Globe* complains that "*the Canadian Premier means to leave the Parliament the responsibility of deciding whether it will ratify his work or not.*" It is clear that the *Globe* would be infinitely better pleased to be assured that Sir John A. intends, as Premier, to stand by his reluctantly performed work as Commissioner, and that his colleagues in the Government are resolved to make common cause with him in this matter. If Sir John A. make the ratification of the treaty a cabinet measure, the Dominion may lose its fish, but then the Grits may in consequence gain the Government. But if Sir John A. shall not make such ratification a Cabinet measure, but shall rather use his influence to secure the rejection of the treaty, which, for reasons to be disclosed, he willingly signed, Canada may save its fish, but the Grits will not in that case gain power. Now, in this condition of things, patriotism would suggest to the *Globe* the propriety of addressing Sir John A. somewhat in this fashion: "You erred greatly in signing a treaty you knew to be unjust to Canada. But we make allowance for the most difficult position in which you found yourself, and we will listen with candour to what you may have to say in self-defence when you deem the time has arrived to make explanations. The matter happily is still in our own hands. And we are prepared, for the sake of our common country, to co operate earnestly with you and your supporters in dealing with the subject in the wisest possible manner. You know what we think of you personally and officially, for we have taken great pains to speak forcibly and often on your manifold demerits. You know how anxious we are to effect your expulsion from office, and how intensely eager our friends are to seize the reins of government. Nevertheless, on this vital question, our one thought shall be how best to serve our country, and not ourselves. In defence of so important a Dominion interest, let us stand shoulder to shoulder. Let there be no Grits, no Rouges, no Liberals, no Conservatives—nothing but patriots, determined, irrespective of all past differences, to maintain, as with one voice, our indefeasible rights. Confident in the justice of our cause and in the rectitude of our aims, let us calmly but decisively reject the unequal bargain proposed to us."

That would be the language of patriotism. But that is a kind of speech not familiar to the pen of the *Globe*. In a political point of view, the *Globe* is nothing if not partisan; and as a partisan, the *Globe* is evidently resolved to deal with the treaty.

The R. M. S. City of Dublin brought out forty-one steerage passengers, Swedes, who are engaged to work in the Londonderry Iron Mines, N. S.

Lords Francis H. P. Cecil and George G. Campbell, who are serving as midshipmen in the Narcissus, left Halifax in the Alhambra on Saturday afternoon, to make a flying visit to the States.

Belleville Irishmen are to have a pic-nic on Dominion Day.

The potato bug has made its appearance in Toronto. A gentleman discovered several of them among his potatoes.

All the public schools of Chatham have been closed in consequence of the prevalence of scarlet fever.

A little boy died in Peel lately in great agony, from the effects of a pitchfork wound in the heel.

DIED

On the 16th inst., after three days illness, Elmira Belanger, wife of Napoleon Bureau, Manager of the *Courrier D'Outaouais*, at the age of 25 years.

The funeral service will take place on Monday morning, the 19th inst., at nine o'clock, p.m. The funeral will leave her husband's residence, corner Bank and Maria streets, Upper Town, at 8½ o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend.

*** Toronto, Kingston, Montreal and Quebec papers please copy.

On Thursday, the 15th instant, Elizabeth McGregor, relict of the late Thomas Fingland, Esq., and mother of Mr. William Fingland, of this city.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend her funeral, this morning (Saturday), at 10 o'clock, a.m., from her son's residence, Daly street, to the railway station.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

CHEESE FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

THIRTY-SIX (36) GOOD FACTORY CHEESE, balance of a consignment, will be sold by Public Auction, by the subscriber, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York street, on TUESDAY, the 20th inst., at the hour of 10 o'clock, a.m. Sale without reserve.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 16, 1871. 1693d.

WANTED TO RENT.

A small COTTAGE, about £30 per annum. Centre Town or Sandy Hill preferred.

Apply to C. E. L, TIMES Office.

FOR SALE.

Twenty-five Cords of good HARDWOOD, and 15 Cords of Seasoned HEMLOCK, for sale at Low Prices, as the owner wants to go to his home in the country. Apply to JOHN BUTLER, at the Victoria Hotel, Paul street,
Ottawa, June 17, 1871 1693tf

WANTED.

By a Gentleman who thoroughly understands BOOKKEEPING, a situation. Best of references given. Address, J. W. C., Box 26, Ottawa.
Ottawa, June 17, 1871 1692 2

CHIPPAWA DISTILLERY.

The produce of the above celebrated Distillery:

HIGHWINES,
ALCOHOL,
RYE, PROOF, MALT,

For sale in Bond or free, at lowest Distillery quotations.

K. ARNOLDI, Telegraph Building,
Metcalfe-st
Ottawa, June 11, 1871

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

GREAT AUCTION SALE of City Lots, Village Lots in New Edinburg, and Villa Lots, on the Mackay Estate, within five to fifteen minutes walk of the Street Railway.

The MACKAY Estate will offer for Sale by Public Auction, at the Office New Edinburgh, on SATURDAY, the 24th day of JUNE, Instant, at Two o'clock in the afternoon.

Fifteen Villa Lots upon Rideau Terrace, and other roads near the residence of His Excellency the Governor General, and Twenty-two Lots, in the Village of New Edinburgh, some of which front upon the grounds of Rideau Hall Domain.

Also a neat Dwelling House, with seven rooms and good shed, near the Rideau River; and the following Lots in the City of Ottawa: East half Lot No. 10, south Cathcart street, with Dwelling—Ordnance; Lot No. 14, north Cathcart street; Lot No 16, north Cathcart street; Lots Nos. 21 and 22, south Botsler street.

The Villa Lots and Dwelling House, are in Gloucester, a Township in which the Taxes are very moderate.

TERMS.—One third cash, balance on mortgage at 7 per cent, for a term of 3 to 5 years, at purchasers option. Conditions made known at day of sale. Plans and descriptions of the property can be seen at the office of the Estate, next the Post Office in New Edinburgh.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
New Edinburgh, June 12, 1871 1692 9

OTTAWA MUSIC HALL.

FOR ONLY TWO NIGHTS!!!

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY,
JUNE 20 & 21.

THE GRAND

ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY,

C. D. HESS, Director.

Presenting complete in every detail two of the choicest gems of English Opera.

TUESDAY EVENING,

FLOTOW'S

Most Charming and Popular Opera

MARTHA,

With the Famous Caste following:

Lady Harriet..... Mrs. Caroline Richings [Bernard.
Nancy.....Mrs. Zelda Seguin.
Lionel.....Mr. William Castle.
Plunkett.....Mr. S. C. Campbell.
Tristin.....Mr. Edward Seguin.

Other characters by the Company.

FULL CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA.

WEDNESDAY EVENING,

AUBER'S

Beautiful Romantic Opera,

FRA DIAVOLO,

All the principal Artistes in the Caste.

Admission $1

NO EXTRA CHARGE

For securing Seats in Advance.

Reserved Seats for sale at ORME & SON'S Music Store.

Admission to Gallery.....50 cts
Ottawa, June 17, 1871 1693td

12th JULY, 1871.

ORANGE CELEBRATION.

An EXCURSION TRAIN will run from CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION, Ottawa, to Brockville, calling at all Way Stations on 12th prox., returning same day

Fare from Ottawa, 75cts.

Due notice of time of departure and arrival will be published.

H. ABBOTT
Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1636tf

NEW CARPETS.

(DAILY),

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

And will supply

Hotels,

Private Families,

Steamboats, and

Confectioners,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

G. LORENZ!

Ottawa, June 13, 1871

STRAWBERRIES.

G. LORENZ,

OYSTER

—AND—

FRUIT DEALER,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

58 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Is now receiving

400 QUARTS

CHOICE STRAWBERRIES

Invite attention to the arrival of

NEW CARPETS.

to assort their STOCK, reduced by HEAVY SALES in this department.

The above have been selected with due regard to prevailing styles, permanency of color, and are GOOD VALUE, at prices marked.

They have on hand a large assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

In a great variety of fabrics, MUSLINS AND PRINTS in LATEST STYLES, and cheap

Great Bargains in

LACE SHAWLS,

From $1.50 to $40 Each,

Prices Reduced One-Third,

A special line of SILK JACKETS selling at *greatly Reduced Prices.*

A full assortment of MOURNING GOODS always in Stock.

N. B.—Fancy Linen and Cotton Shirtings on hand for the Summer Trade. SHIRTS made to MEASURE and GUARANTEED TO FIT. GENTLEMEN will find it to their COMFORT and ADVANTAGE to bear this in mind.

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN

SUCCESSORS TO

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.,

No. 20 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 12, 1871.

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

Great Bargains in Lace Shawls. Prices reduced one-third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans No. 20, Sparks St.

Flour is down 25 cents in the barrel.

Wood.—Go to the Victoria Hotel, Pau Street, for good cheap hard and soft wood. —See Advertisement.

Soiree.—Baptist Church, Queen Street, Ottawa City, on 19th June, 1871. Admission 25 cents.

The question among farmers is, "How long will the trial of contested elections last ?"

Convalescent.—Three more bullets were extracted from young Dunlevie's side yesterday, since when it is said he has improved rapidly. The bullets were about one inch from place of entrance.

Contested Elections and Farmers.—Farmers do not feel pleased at being called away at at this season from their homes and work. However, a five dollar bill is a considerable consolation in their affliction.

The steamer "Dandy" went down the river last evening with two rafts in tow, one belonging to Mr. Smith, and the other to Mr. Paupore.

Annual Drill—Nos. 3 and 5 companies of the O. B. G. A. encamped on Major's Hill yesterday. They are under the command of Capt. Hopper and Capt. Walker.

Rev. Thomas Henderson, of Paris, will preach in the Baptist Church, Queen street on Sunday, 18th inst., at 11 a.m., 6 p.m Collections will be taken up for the Baptis Church Edifice Society.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

A large lot of New Carpets just received, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20 Sparks Street.

Dreadful Accident.—A boy about twelve years of a named Thomas Lang, resident at the C diere, met with a dreadful death ye rday afternoon. It appears that he w on a water cart passing under the bridge near the slides which is very low. He stooped, as he thought, sufficiently low, but his head was caught and crushed between a beam of the bridge and the barrel. Death was instantaneous. An inquest will be held at 11 o'clock today.

Police Court—Friday.—Catharine Guinan, charged with drunkenness and prostitution, was fined $2 and costs.

Robert Burns, drunk on the public streets, was fined $2 and costs.

Thos. Russell was charged with assaulting John Phillips, who did not appear to prosecute, and therefore the case was dismissed.

Another case is adjourned.

Circus & Menagerie.—G. F. Bailey & Co's., great allied exhibitions, composed of a Colossal Menagerie, an immense Hippodrome together with a first-class circus is now exhibiting through Canada, and will be in Ottawa on the 28th and 29th of this month. This combination is probably one of the best that has ever visited Canada. The collection of animals is said to be immense and the aviary to be well stocked with rare and beautiful birds.

Arrivals at the Russell House.—Thos Collier, Toronto, John K Clarke, London J Mitchell, Montreal; W Broyle, Toronto J. Sandfield Macdonald, Cornwall; J Hillyard Cameron, Toronto; Robert A Harrison, do; Alex McDonell, Bec; M K Dickinson, Manotick; C F Chapman, Prescott; Jos Burt, Toronto; John Hatchette, Montreal; W Little, Newfoundland; O H Hess, Agent English Opera Company; James Dickey, Nova Scotia; E Abbott, Roche Capitaine; H W Mathews, Brantford; Charles Garth, Montreal; James Sinclair, do; Thomas Hearn, do.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

Gentlemen,—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

The Russell House.—The Hamilton *Times* say "the Russell House at Ottawa, is furnished and kept in the most unexceptionable first-class order. It combines modern elegance and comfort, and will accommodate three hundred guests. It is situated in the central part of the city adjacent to the principal business centre, post office and Parliament buildings. The proprietor, Mr. J. A. Gouin, is most gentlemanly, courteous and accommodating, and those who stop with him will enjoy all the comforts to be obtained in hotel life.'

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

The Market—Friday—There was a very good attendance on the market this morning, and prices were as follows:

Calves $4 to $5 each.
Sheep $3.50 to $4.50 do.
Calves $4 to $5 do.
Lambs $ to $2.50 do.
Pork (li weight) $8.50 to $9.
Eggs 15 to 16cts per dozen.
Butter ubs 15cts to 22cts per lb.
Oats 60 per bushel.
Potatoes 5cts to 60cts per bush.
Strawberries 20cts per quart.
Rhubarb cts per bunch.
Hay $13 to 15 per ton.

FLOUR.

Double extra $6.50.
Extra $6.
No 1 $5.75.
Oatmeal $6.50.
Cornmeal $3.50.
Cracked corn $1.60 per 100 lbs.
Provender $1.70 per do.
Bran $20 per ton.

ENGLISH OPERA.

The English Opera Troupe will give two performances here next week, when they will produce Flotow's opera of "Martha," and Auber's favourite old masterpiece "Fra Diavola." We are enabled to speak from personal experience of all the leading performers. Miss Richings (now Mrs. Bernard) we heard some time since at Niblo's Garden, when all New York flocked to hear her; Mr. Castle and Mr. S. C. Campbell have long been renowned among the leading tenors and baritones of this continent, and Mr. and Mrs. Seguin are favorably known in the musical world. Under these circumstances we can, with more than ordinary certainty, promise the people of Ottawa a rare treat, and advise them to secure seats without delay.

COUNTY COURT.

FOURTH DAY.

Griffin vs. McLean *et al*; Wright and Clemow for the plaintiff; Mosgrove and Taillon for defendant. This was an action brought to recover the price of some goods bought from the estate of D. T. Browne. Verdict for plaintiff $115.85

St. Germain vs. Fraser; Wright and Clemow for plaintiff; R. Lees for defendant. Plaintiff was foreman for a shanty and brought an action to recover wages. Plaintiff took a non-suit.

Dufresne *et al.* vs. Baskerville; Mosgrove and Taillon for plaintiff; M. O'Gara for defendant. This was an action brought to recover the balance of an account due for highwines and the value of the barrels that contained the liquor. Plaintiff nonsuited.

McLeman vs. Mulligan *et al*; Mosgrove and Taillon for plaintiff; W. H. Walker for defendant. Record withdrawn

E. B. Eddy *vs.* The Ottawa City Street Railway—An action to recover damages done by Company's rails to Plaintiff's van The van originally worth $850 was totally ruined by the track. H. H. Walker for plaintiff; Lyon & Remon for defendant $200 was claimed as the damages, the jury returned a verdict for $40 for plaintiff.

The Queen *vs.* Mary Paquet, R. Lees for prosecution; M. Taillon for the defence. Case adjourned until this morning.

Bertrand *vs.* Thibdeau *et al.* Mosgrove & Taillon for plaintiff; D. O'Connor and A. Gibbs for defendant. Record withdrawn.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

The Council met at 10 a. m., and the minutes of the previous day having been adopted, the Warden read a communication from Rev. John May, accepting his appointment as Public School Inspector for the county.

Mr. Blackburn asked if it would be necessary to hold an extra session for passing a by-law to raise money.

The Warden hoped not.

Mr. Cummings moved, seconded by Mr. Dawson that the by-law introduced yesterday, and read a first time, for appointing Robert Sparks County Engineer and Road Inspector, be now read a second time and passed.

Several members objected to the motion on the ground that if a county engineer was appointed by the present by-law he could be called upon by private persons to make surveys, and the county would be liable for all.

Mr. Cumming and other members spoke in favour of the motion, which was finally put and lost by 8 to 6.

A resolution was passed to petition the Legislature to supplement a grant of $6,000 by the Board of Public Works towards building a bridge over the Rideau river at Wellington.

Mr. Cummings again called for the yeas and nays with respect to the appointment of an Engineer, the result being 8 to 7.

The Council were in Committee of the Whole all afternoon on the equalization of the assessment rolls.

CONTESTED ELECTIONS.

BEFORE VICE-CHANCELLOR MOWATT.

The Court for the trial of the contested elections of the Counties of Carleton and Russell opened at 12 o'clock yesterday, in City Hall, Vice-Chancellor Mowatt presiding. Farmers were in from the country in large numbers, having been summoned hither to detail the manner in which they allowed themselves to be bribed at the late elections. The Hall was crowded with a general audience, who seemed deeply interested in the proceedings, as no doubt they were. The Carleton case of Lyon *vs.* Monk was the first petition taken up.

Messrs. Harrison & Lyon appeared for the petitioner, and the Hon. J. H. Cameron, Messrs. W. McKay Wright and F. C. Clemow, for the Respondent. Mr. Harrison, in opening the case, put forward several charges of bribery and corruption alleged against the Respondent, and prayed that Monk's election might be declared void on those grounds. There were eleven charges of personal bribery, and several other charges of bribery through agents.

Mr. Harrison then proceeded to read a number of the charges of bribery and corruption brought by Respondent against the Petitioner. It was not considered necessary, however, to mention all the names of persons thus bribed or the nature of the bribes, and therefore the hearing of the testimony was proceeded with. It was decided that the testimony for the Respondent should be first heard. Mr. Harrison at this period stated there was one important witness in the case whom they had been unable to serve. He referred to the Hon. James Skead, and, therefore, he would apply for an order under the statute commanding his attendance. The order was granted.

Patrick McElroy, senr., was then sworn, and answered questions put to him as follows: Voted at last election; lived in village of Richmond; had conversation with Mr. Lyon previous to election; conversation was about two cases had in Division Court five years ago; Mr. Lyon sat as Judge in Division Court at Richmond at time alluded to; Mr. Lyon adjourned the cases until next Court; at next session of Court Judge Armstrong presided and gave judgment in my favor on same evidence, but in meantime the person against whom case was brought had made away with property, and, therefore, could get nothing. Five years previous to last election Mr. Lyon asked me to vote for him; I said no, but that if he would make things right with respect to the two cases would do so; had lost £23 by cases, and Mr. Lyon promised to make it good on condition I would vote for him; voted for Mr. Lyon, but heard nothing more of promise until last election when Mr. Lyon promised to pay me $50, and cost of transfer, if I would vote for him. On morning of election Mr. Lyons' nephew met me at Richmond, and told me to vote and it would be all right. He refused to give me a note for money, and, therefore, I voted for Mr. Monk.

Cross-examined by Mr. Harrison—I follow different occupations for a living. Was not willing to be bribed. Was inclined to vote for Mr. Lyon if he would fulfil promise to me. Considered a good honest farmer better to represent county than a lawyer. Never got any money for voting for Mr. Monk. After I had voted, got $4 on behalf of Mr. Monk, to watch voters at polls, Wm. Buttler gave me the $4. Buttler might have been an agent for all I know. The polling place referred to was in the village of Richmond. Mr. Buttler did not vote at same time as I. Poll was open about one hour before I got there. Mr. Buttler was there. Had no conversation about elections. Saw him in morning at his own house. Did not go to Buttler's about elections. Had no particular reason to go there. Would have voted for Mr. Lyon had he given me the $50, and bought the two judgments for me. One of Mr. Lyons' remarks at the time was that there were more ways of killing a dog than choking him with butter. I wanted him (Lyon) to make good what I had lost by two judgments, and it was understood I should vote for him had he done so; went to see Mr. Lyon's nephew on morning of election to see if Mr. Lyon intended to fulfil his promise with me; I asked nephew for note for £12 10s., payable in one year, and that I would vote for his uncle; he then went with me from his shop to Rielly's Hotel; went there in hope of meeting with Mr. Lyon; was chairman of a meeting favourable to Mr. Lyon; the meeting was on the evening of the day on which I had the conversation with Mr. Lyon.

Mr. Harrison here maintained that Mr. Lyon's promise was not one of bribery. There was no charge that money had been given, but simply that money had been promised. The expression that he would "make it all right" was quite innocent. There was no evidence of moneys having been given and no evidence of corrupt attempt.

Mr. Harrison then read the statute relevant to the case.

Mr. Cameron could not quite understand his learned friend.

The vice-Chancellor thought that the offer to purchase judgments for $50 that were not worth $1, could not be considered a corrupt attempt.

Mr. Cameron maintained that a promise was bribery, and read several passages from legal works supporting him in his position, that Mr. Lyon's offer or promise was a corrupt attempt.

The Vice-Chancellor ruled that in a case where it could be clearly shown that there was intent at corruption a promise would come within the meaning of the statute bearing on the case, but that the present promise was not shown to have been made with intention to bribe, as it seemed probable from the evidence that the promise was made to get rid of the importunity of McElroy.

The Court then adjourned until 9 o'clock this morning. at Mr. Harrison's request.

One of the Most Notable Properties of Dr. W Eeler's Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya is its sustaining power during active mental and physical exertion. Business men, Editors, Clergymen, Lawyers, Physicians, and all classes engaged in any occupation requiring great application and consequent fatigue, will find this remedy invaluable, as it will enable them to accomplish their work with comparative ease. Any one trying a bottle will find this statement fully sustained. Phosphate of Lime is an active agent of nutrition, constituting more than fifty per cent. of the system; Phosphoric Acid, a powerful Nerve Tonic; Phosphate of Iron, a blood maker; and Calisaya, an agreeable supporting stimulant. The combination of these remedies forms a Nutritive Tonic or Chemical Food, and nourishes and vitalizes the constitution in the same manner as an article of diet. Sold by all druggists,
EVANS MERCER & CO.,
Wholesale Agent.

A Cleveland merchant lately received a package labelled, "1 box Tom Cats." It took him some time to decipher the fact that the inscription meant a box of tomato catsup.

PAIN KILLER
PD

Husband:—I shall know then better hereafter, Druggists and Storekeepers are doing not only themselves a great deal of harm, but their customers also by inducing them to buy an article unknown and without merit. Perry Davis' Pain-Killer has been before the public for over thirty years, it is known in every quarter of the earth, and is sold by every Druggists and most storekeepers and grocers. As a Cholera specific and Diarrhoea medicine, its reputation has no parallel. I am surprized that we have lived so many years without it.

Wife:—Charles, the reason is you you have been taking whatever the storekeeper would recommend, we have always had a bottle o Pain Cure or Reliever or Pain Remedy or som such trash in the house we have tried them over and over again.

Husband:—And that is just the reason I objected to try the Pain-Killer an my Rheumatism, thought it was like those other things a humbug

(*To be continued.*)

Be sure and get the genuine Pain-Killer, only 25cts per bottle. Beware of counterfeits.

FESTIVAL OF

ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST.

GRAND CONCERT

—AND—

DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE.

—AT THE—

CANADIAN INSTITUTE,

ON MONDAY, 26th JUNE, 1871.

Admission..........25cts.
Tickets for Reserved Seats..........40cts.

To be had at the Institute where a diagram of the Seats can be seen from and after this day (THURSDAY) until SUNDAY,

The Directors,
LE CHEVALIER SMITH,
A. LAPERRIERE

Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686td

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and
Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of Ready Made Clothing, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts.
Drawers,
Under &c.,
&c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

TENDERS FOR LIGHT HOUSES.

TENDERS will be received at this Department, at Ottawa, up to Noon of WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of JUNE, Instant, for the construction of TWO LIGHT HOUSES on the River Ottawa, one to be erected near Point A, L'Orignal, in the County of Prescott, and the other on the opposite Bank, about Eight miles further up the River, in the Township of Grenville, County of Argenteuil.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the Department, at Ottawa, where forms of Tender can also be obtained by intending Contractors.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 7th June, 1871 1688 3

To Chrles Led uc,

Of the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa, Esquire.

Sir,—We, the undersigned Electors of the County of Ottawa, having confidence in your intelligence and integrity to represent this section of the County, in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec, hereby request you to become a candidate at the next election, and we pledge you our support and influence to obtain your election:—

Rev Père Reboul,	Pierre Poulin,
Rev Père Beaudin,	I H Richer, J P
Ruggles Wright,	F X Bouvier, Maire,
P Wetherall Wright,	Francois Laurin, J. P.
Dr C E Graham,	Alfred Coté, peintre,
Councillor,	Joseph Prudhomme,
Samuel Pink,	Anselme Bédard,
Councillor,	Basile Bédard,
Alex Prudhomme,	NéréVachon, hôtellier
Moise Bisson,	Frs Robert,
Councillor,	Alexandre Laselle,
M Tétreau, P.,	Joseph Berurand,
Chas Marcil, Avocat,	Aug Monette,
Charles Roussel,	J Bte Hébert,
Hubert Blais,	Francois Normand,
JosephPoliquin, Père,	Joseph Nadon,
Félix Périard,	P H Chabot,
James Chénier,	Adolphe Chabot,
Guillaume Périard,	Joseph Valade,
Joseph Campeau,	Basile Bédard,
Joseph Poliquin, fils,	Hyacinthe Madar,
Seraphin St Denis,	Joseph Archambault,
Isaac Martin,	Amable Patenaude,
J Bte Châtillon,	Hypolite Legrand,
Alexis Latreille,	Hilaire Jolicœur,
Alexis St Denis,	Olivier Milliotte,
J Bte Dubrule,	Joseph Rairard,
Bte Lalonde,	Joseph Pepin,
Clément Jodouin,	Thomas Sauvé,
Francois Bastien,	Joseph Deschéne,
Nazeret Fauteux,	Camille Augé,
Pierre Pichette,	Chars Fhalerdan,
Luc Derragon,	Louis Barrett,
Ba ile Villeneuve,	Hilaire Champagne,
Daniel Papillon,	Amable Sauvé,
Jos Beaudin, M D,	Joseph Montreuil,
Gilbert Leclerc,	Olivier Pilon,
Théophile Turcotte,	J Bte Gauthier,
Jérémie Boyer,	François Groulx,
Moise Campeau, jr,	Victor Corbeil,
Edouard Clermont,	J Bte Chalifou,
Alphonse Grignon,	Israël Terrien,
Edouard Joubert,	Hypolite Legrand,
Narcisse Carpentier,	Louis Désjardins,
Luc Lalonde,	J Bte Lapensée,
FrancoisCharbonneau	Alphonse Grignon,
Prospère Ducharme,	Amable Lapierre,
Onésime Fréchette,	Cyrille Chémèr.
Joseph Lemieux, jr,	Narcisse Chartran,
Ambroise Sanctueur,	Agustin Pepin, fils,
Cléophas Sabourin,	Richard Nevill,
Pierre Proulx,	Alexándre D'Aoust,
John Wright,	Hubert Côté,
Charles Renaud,	Edouard Renaud,
Alfred Filiatrault,	Xavier Sarrasin,
Téophile Cabana,	S B Cimon, Merchant,
Olivier Martin,	Solomon Chartrand,
M W Noctor,	Théophile Blo ndin,
M Laflamme, fils,	J Bte Arbicqu e,
Charles Lafontaine,	Marcel Ploof,
Amable Bertrand,	Joseph E Leduc,
J Bte Bertrand,	Boucher,
Edouard Dupins,	J Bte Leduc,
Louis Laviolette,	Hotellier,
Louis Bastien,	Louis Gaumont,
Louis Cadieux,	Peintre,
Marchand,	F X Elie Gauthier,
Eustache Guilbeau,	Marchand,
Masson,	Jean Bte Amiot,
A Rathier, Marchand,	J Bte Audette,
Onésime Paquette,	Pierre Daoust,
Marchand,	Alfred Graton,
Joseph Charbonneau,	Eustache Libersar,
Marchand,	Joseph Lalonde,
Alphonse Thérien,	André Riopelle,
Hector Lapointe,	J Bte Villeneuve,
Félix Labelle,	Isidore Dechêne,
Honoré Labelle,	Chs Beauvois,
Marchand,	Toussaint Deslaurier,
Hilaire Vieau,	Timothé Lefort,
Robert Auclair,	Evariste Dechêne,
Marchand,	Joseph Carriere,
Edouard Truesdell,	Joseph Villancour,
Avocat,	Louis Peronce,
Gilbert Leclerc,	Cyrille St Denis,
M Silvère Dumontier,	Marchand,
I J,	Antoine Parant,
Cuthbert Bordeleau,	ouvrier,
Cordonnier,	Alphonse Pichette,
Onesime Groulx,	Firmin Richard,
Joseph Grondin,	Masson,
Joseph Vincent,	Dolphice Jannary,
J B Gauthier,	cordonier,
Capt Hypolite Fortin,	Toussaint Dupuis,
J Bte Grenier,	Olivier Caron,
Hotellier,	J Bte Charbonneau,
Hormisdas Berneche,	Isidore Jaudoin,
Masson,	Joseph Jaudoin,
Joachim Lafrance,	marchand,
Jules Pichette,	Calixe Rouleau,
Gossien Blais,	charretier,
Louis Groulx,	Arséne Lasule,
Jules Doucet,	F Xavier Rouleau,
Dolphin Fortier,	Narcisse Carpentier,
Jean Reginbal,	François Lalonde,
J Bte Brancho,	Honoré Doré,
Pierre Champagne,	William Timmens,
fils,	marchand,
Joseph Papin, Père,	Marcelin Larose,
Joseph Groulx,	merchand,
Charles Menard,	François Vachon,
Joseph Verboncœur,	boulanger,
Masson,	Joseph Larose,
Louis Corbeil,	boucher,
Chrs B F Piché,	Augustin Papin, Père,
Etienne Prudhomme,	Alfred Lane,
Barnabé D'Arpentigni	Octave Latour,
H Gravel, Conseiller,	Gustave Chevrier,
Etienne Delorier,	Louis Barrette,
Evangeliste Roy,	Joseph Larose,
Etienne Béseth,	J Bte Larose,
Alfred Derouin,	Pierre Bonneville,
Godfroid Cayé,	Louis Charette,
Louis Goulet,	Antoine Charette,
Bélonie Alard,	Joseph Derouin,
Magloire Dumontier,	Adolphe Derouin,
Narcisse Dusault,	André Pfouff,
Isaie Dazé,	Norbert Noir, fils,
Michel Dieaire, S R,	Alfred St Louis,
Michel Dicaine, Sr,	J Bte Derouin,
A L G Dumoutier,	Jacques Goyette,
Edouard Duquet,	Napoleon Moreau,
Bernabé Darpentigny,	Désiré Bastarache,
Michel Navion,	Martin Butler,
Ludger Navion,	H Labelle, hotellier,
Joseph Duquette,	Cyphrien Ouellette,
CharlesHynds,	George Thomas,
Pierre Racine,	Louis Dussault,
ouvrier,	Timothe Roy
J Bte Sayen, Père,	Joseph Roy,
J Bte Sayen, fils,	A L Dumontier,
Alexandre Sayen,	Eustache Simon,
Néré Rochon, ouvrier,	marchand,
Telesphore Rochon,	André Sabourin,
Hotellier,	Grégoire Belanger,
François Ranger,	George Duguay,
Nasaire Guilmette,	Xavier Patenaude,
Jean Bte Dorion,	Théophile Beaudin,
Emanuel Dorion,	J B Bessete,
Jean Bte Chenier,	Théophile Laure,
Edmond Bertrand,	Gédéon Loyer,
Michel Hotte,	E Richer Sr.,
François Counal,	E Richer Jr,
Paschal Ouilette,	Alphonse Roy,
Fabien Soulière,	Joseph Roy,
Joseph Gosselin,	Octave Dubuc,
Pierre Sauvé,	Edouard Renaud,
François Galarneau,	Narcisse Mirault,
François Chatelle,	Narcisse Fréchette,
Pierre St Martin,	Joseph Papin,
Thomas Proulx,	John McDonald,
Bernabé Sabourin,	Treffile Laliberté,
Ignace Renaud,	Napoleon Therien,
Sevère Chatellad,	Camille Chenevert,
G Bonbardin,	Victor Levesque,
Honoré Labelle,	Octave Levesque,
Amédée Sabourin,	Alexander Taylor,
Hercule Verboncœur	Moise Galipeau,
Magloire Carrière,	John Thibert,
Thomas Lynard,	Chs Auger,
Charles Fournelle,	Joseph Buissiere,
Adélane Verboncœur	Joseph Marion,
François Goulet,	Candide Pilon,
Samuel Pelerin,	Chas Goyette,
Telesp Sauvaugeau,	Francois Gendron,
Ambroise Roy,	Noe Perrier,
I L Tacko,	Severin Lachapelle,
Alexi Côté,	Narcisse Brossard,
Alfred Côté,	Joseph Mulerin,
Louis Gaumd,	Eustache Rochon,
Norbert Plante,	Magloire Landry sr,
Calixte Viau,	Magloire Landry jr,
François Brosseau,	Jean Bte Castonguay
Elie Bourgeois,	Frs Larose,
J Bte Lebris,	Felix Dault,
Felix Cardinal,	Maxime Hébert,
Erneste Duchesne,	F E Fortin,
David Lamotte,	Henri Guertin,
Pierre Durocher,	O Messier,
Jean B Lacasse,	John Broadhead,
Louis Roi,	Wm Sayer,
Hyacinthe Madore,	Moise Daigneau,
Mar Larose,	Alphonse Richard,
Elie Labelle,	Hilaire Mathias,
Joseph Carrière,	Gustave Chevrier,
Augustin Larose,	Godefroi Latreille,
Joseph Venance,	Mathias Rousson,
Joseph Franche,	Nap Lacasse,
François Sauriole.	Wm Anderson,
Mizael Pariseau,	Aimée Jodoun,
Jean Bte Séguin,	T Raymond,
George Grenier,	Aimée Monfils,
George Latrimouille,	J Bte Lafontaine,
Victor Bourgeois,	Louis Desmarais,
Joseph Riopelle,	Basil St Louis,
Joseph Lefebvre,	Wilfred Bissonnette,
Isaie Fleury,	Chs Denommés,
Nérée Rochon,	Jos Charbonneau,
Jean Bte Séguin jr,	Alexandre Morin,
Joseph Séguin,	Geo Ardi
Pierre Vallée,	Capt John A Boult,
Joseph Pelchat,	Jno Bte Dupuis,
Olivier Paré,	Louis Fortin,
Joseph Lécuyer,	Thos Mousseau
Joachin Lafontaine }	Jeremie Bergeron,
Adolph Vilneuve, }	Pierre Matte,
Olivier Charette, }	Gabriel Lauzier,
Joseph Moreau, }	Baptiste Lauzier
conseillers	
E. S. Boncheaul,	J Bte Desjardin,
Joseph Daoust	Mag Charbonneau,
D. Derouin,	Prosper Oliver,
Amable Beaudry, Jr.	Maxime Chartier,
Amable Baudry, Sr.	Xavier Peaudevins,
Louis Cyr.	Alexandre Dupras,
Joseph Dion,	Oliver Vilneuve,
J. Bte. Audette.	Joseph Charboneau,
Jerimie Charon,	Louis Bertrand,
Théophile Vieau,	Joseph Beaubien,
Amable Martel,	Jean Charette,
F. X. Laurin, Jr.	Felix Tetie,
Pascal Cyr.	Edouard St Germain,
Charles Cyr.	Napoleon Bertrand,
Pierre Posée,	Antoine Lafontaine,
Alfred Osburn,	Octave Lamanche,
Felix Pepin, Jr.	Francois Lacloches,
Jermie Hurtubise	Richard Kelly,
Thomas Homes.	F X Girard, Maire,
Eustache Hebert, Jr.	Conseilliers,
Eustache Hebert, Sr.	John Prudhomme,
Arsene Hebert,	Salem Charette,
France Lagasse,	Buckingham,
Joseph Charon,	Peter Barret,
Julien Decarie Jr.	EustacheGradmaison,
Julien Decarie Sr.	Buckingham,
Antoine Dore,	Louis Lecuyer,
Julien Decarie,	Oné Constantineau,
Grégoire Matte,	Maxime Hamelin,
Francois Aubry,	Joseph Laurin,
Francois Nadon,	Eusebe Lafontaine,
Isid. Constantineau,	Felix Charon,
J Bte Bresetts, Jr,	Honoré Lafontaine,
J Bte Bresetts, Sr,	Narcise Roy,
Joseph Pilon Jr.	Louis Jolicoeur,
Joseph Campeau Jr,	J Bte Brunette,
Eusebe Campeau,	Narcise Roy, Père,
Augustin Campeau,	J Bte Hout, Père,
J Bte Descarie,	J Bte Hout, fils,
Louis Cousineau,	Joseph Lafontaine,
	Père.
J N Rousel, N P	Seraphin Belanger,
Salem Charette,	François Belanger,
Moise Charon,	Michael Padden,
Napoleon Belanger,	Louis Cousineau,
Elie Belanger,	J Bte Benoit,
Gilbert Lachapelle,	Celestin Belanger,
Joseph Hurtubise,	J Bte Loucire,
Hypolite Jascon,	Moise Galipeau,
Isaac Lepin,	Emanuel Dufresne,
Joachim Lafontaine,	Alexandre Charon,
Antoine Lafontaine,	Hyacinthe Amour,
Octave Lamarche,	Guillaume Nantel,
Jules Belanger,	Louis Lécuyer, Père,
Julliare Marenger,	Estor St François,
Louis Lafontaine,	Narcise Roy, Père,
S. Moreau Marchand,	Narcise Roy, fils,
Joseph Lafontaine,	
J. P.	
Pierre Charette,	Antoine Gareau, Père,
Narcisse Matte,	Antoine Gareau, fils,
D Derouin,	François Brunette,
Joseph Galipeau,	Damasse Charon,
Louis Paturin,	Treffle Hornier,
Nap Constantineau,	J Bte Lequelt,
Maxime Bélan, Sr,	Eusèbe St Jean,
Joseph Charon,	Louis Bélanger,
Joseph St. Jacques,	J Bte Legance, Père

REPLY.

To the Rev. Fathers Reboul, Beaudin, Messrs. Ruggles Wright, F. X. Bouvier, and others, and to all the Electors of the County of Ottawa.

Gentlemen,—After reading the above requisition, signed, as it is, by such a large number of the most influential electors of the County, I deem it a duty to accede to your request, acknowledging, therefore, the high honor conferred upon me by your invitation, I beg leave to inform you that I will present myself at the coming elections as candidate for the representation of the rich and important County of Ottawa.

After a five years connection with the press, and a long and careful study of the politics of this country, I beg to tender to this County and the Province in general, the benefit of my experience and the result of my labors.

If elected, I pledge myself to give my cordial support to all measures, which, in my humble opinion, I will consider necessary or useful to this Province and to this County in particular—nevertheless I may state here that in politics my principles and views have always been liberal, and progressive, and are Conservative. Agriculture, commerce, and education, are three questions which will be objects of my most earnest and careful consideration, as I regard them as indispensable and essential, alike to the welfare, prosperity and growth of a nation.

I will endeavor to promote and protect the lumber trade, more especially in the interests of this county, as I consider that trade to be not only one of the greatest sources of wealth in this country, but also as a principal means of extending considerably the limits of colonization.

I will do all in my power to encourage colonization by giving my support to and adopting the most efficient and effectual means of encouraging emigration to these parts of the country which are yet unsettled—by obtaining from the Government for that object, liberal grants for the opening of roads and the construction of bridges, and especially by exercising scrupulous justice and fairness in the distribution of the different sums of money which may be voted for that purpose.

I will also endeavor to encourage the opening out and the working of the immense mineral resources of this country, by calling the attention of capitalists, and if I succeed in that object, the Government, the capitalist, the laborer will alike profit by it.

In the distribution of the public offices of this country I will endeavor to show more liberality, justice, and impartiality than has been heretofore manifested. I will recommend the appointment of men worthy in every respect to fill these offices to the satisfaction of all parties concerned. I will be careful not to leave indefinitely vacant any office which by its importance to the county ought to be filled up at once.

I shall endeavor on every occasion, to exhibit a liberal spirit towards all. I hold in contempt those who take a hole and corner view, or what is worse, regard with an eye of personal greed questions of grave importance to the country at large, as has been done in the past; yet I believe in the advantage to a county of great extent such as this of having as its representative a person residing in as central a place as possible. Such as Hull, for instance.

I well recognize the absurdity of raising national "cries" in political matters; nevertheless, without attempting anything of the kind, I must say that in the Quebec Parliament, composed almost exclusively of French Canadians, it is to the advantage of almost any county in the Province, to select a French Canadian as its representative, as he finds himself among those of his own race and language, and is enabled to address them with greater facility than one of another origin.

To conclude, gentlemen, if elected, I shall exert my best energies to promote the progress of the Province, and particularly of this county. I shall ever be happy and grateful to my fellow-citizens for their advice, and, I shall devote myself with all my heart to the duties of the responsible position you shall have conferred on me. Meanwhile,

I remain,
Gentlemen,
Your humble servant,
CHARLES LEDUC.

WANTED.

For Ottawa City, an energetic, reliable AGENT, for a first-class British Life Assurance Company, to whom a liberal commission will be paid. Address, Drawer 319 P.O., Montreal.

Ottawa, June 12, 1871 1089 3

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34. SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE FANCY

DRY GOODS

in their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good election,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our Specialities we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,
EW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS
Departments

THE SALVAGE GOODS,

Amounting to ver $7,500,

AVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared our at prices which will be sure to command a sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low price goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,
PORTER'S BLOCK,
34 Sparks Street

Ottawa, March 30, 1871 1628y

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for Supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY,

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season	$5	00
20lbs " " "	9	00
10lbs " month	1	50
20lbs " "	2	50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

Terms strictly Cash in advance.

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorens, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice sup r ton or car

ttawa April 871

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE,

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,

Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 RIDEAU STREET.

Observe—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you. 1634 3m

The Tea Pot

RIDEAU STREET.

Try John Hill's Teas and Coffees.

Try JOHN HILL'S Teas and Coffees, and you'll find
That they are of a most superior kind.
The various samples, when you fairly test,
You'll find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who each day procure
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

The following TEAS and COFFEES have been received within the last few days, and as they are FRESH and (NEW SEASON) can be recommended, the flavor being equal to any Teas ever imported into Canada:

VERY SUPERIOR BLACK TEA (True Souchong) in Catties of 10⅓ lbs each.
VERY FINEST GUNPOWDER TEA (Something extra),
EXTRA SCENTED ORANGE PEKOE.
FINEST JAPAN TEA (The very best that can be produced)
EXCELLENT KAISOW CONGOU TEA (Something extra),
CHOICE YOUNG HYSON TEA,
PURE JAPAN TEA, 60 cts. per lb., or 5 lbs. of the same article for $2.75.
GOOD SOUND TWANKAY TEA, 5 lbs. for $2.00.

The Finest Flavored Coffee to be obtained in this country, consisting of Pure Moutain Berry, Mocha, Java, Old Government Java and Plantation.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—
J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At
THOS. PATTERSON'S.

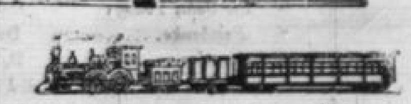
Ottawa, May 2, 1871

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 78259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given, which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1675tf



The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do.

Note.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6 40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2 40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

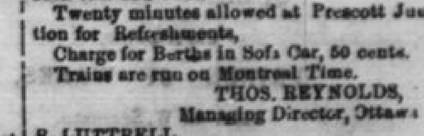
Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.
Ottawa June 1st, 1871



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1.30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m. and 4 30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2.00 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 1.40 p.m., and at Sand Point, 6 30 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10 00 a m arriving at Brockville at 1.34 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 2.50 p.m., and 6.20 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 3.50 p.m., 10.00 p.m., 6.15 p.m. 1.30 p.m.

Leave Sand Point

At 8.30 a.m., 11.30 a.m., 3.00 a.m., 2.00 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a.m., after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk. Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, June 6, 1871

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS
Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Side-Wheel Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S. :—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf

ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING
—AND—
RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*.....Captain Findlay.
" *Emerald*........ " Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*... " Murphy.
" *Alliance*........ " Blondin.
" *Oregon*......... " Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*....... "
Jason Gould....... " Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*. " Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*....... " Duggan.
Pontiac.......... " D. Mulligan
Keppawe.......... " B J Mulligan

The Steamer
"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Captaine.

Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

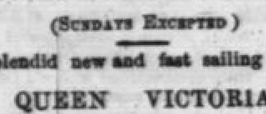
The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning—Leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 o'clock, p.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE,

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"
CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.
R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

JUST RECEIVED.
—AT—
HAUSER'S
RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,

That splendid new Magazine,

THE WEDDING BELLS.
—ALSO—
BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL
FOR MARCH AND APRIL.

Ottawa, April 19, 1871

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices.

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

NO MORE BUGS!

WROUGHT IRON BEDSTEADS,

Just Received Direct from ENGLAND.

Another lot of these celebrated BEDSTEADS handsomely painted and ornamented, and cheaper than any Bedstead sold in this city, there is no danger of breaking off the legs, as there always is with the ordinary ones sold, which are made of Cast Iron. Ask for the

ENGLISH WROUGHT IRON

BEDSTEADS.

Also to arrive this week,

CHILDRENS COTS!!!

Same make as the above, at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA.

J H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, June 14, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,

OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR.

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and
Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy Ports,
Domecqs and Greek Sherry,
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.

Bass', Guinness's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.

Liberal terms.

☞ Inspection invited.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE.

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND

MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull,	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa.

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871, 1669tf

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD,
Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER

—AND—

SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871.

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.

June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

☞ All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deal Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

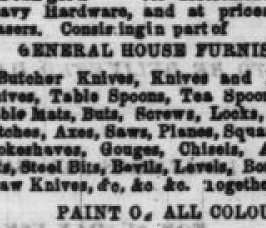
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!



Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Butts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c., &c. &c. together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, No 18, 1870

SELLING

OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES

OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
WINE MERCHANT,
Elgin Street,

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

☞ A few good Fowls for sale.

J. HERBERT,
N on-st., West
near Richmond Road, Ottawa.

April 26, 1871.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. P.M.
....	12.45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	....	4.30
....	12.45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	8.00	....	4.30
....	....	9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	....	6.00
....	....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	....	6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	....	4.20
10.15	12.45	....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	....	4.30
....	10.15	....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	....	4.20
10.15	....	....	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	....	....	4.20
9.20	2.00	1.10	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	....	8.00
9.20	....	....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. O. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	....	....	3.00
10.30	....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	....
7.00	....	....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	....	....	7.00
6.15	....	....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	....	....	7.00
10.00	....	....	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	....	....
6.00	....	....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and Intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and Intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	....	....	6.00
11.50	....	....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	....	....

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 7, 1871

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S
NEWLY-DISCOVERED
VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be
Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa

The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq.
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq.
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq.,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Nov last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Business.

Claims Paid for Assurances	£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid,	2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of	6,570,000.00
Annual Income	1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions* of *Policies.*

The *Non-forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

☞ Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW,
Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal

J.& W. T. Pennock,
Agents, Ottawa.

March 13, 1871 168a

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion.

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz.: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim.

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in it, large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly, our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH

Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

GARDEN
—AND—
FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

1871. ICE! 1871.
ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use;

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's [residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street)

Ottawa, May 1646d

Medical.

MESS.RS GABRIEL'S
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING
THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND
PREVENTING TOOTHACHE
ARE
SOLD
BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS
IN ALL
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESSRS GABRIEL.
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

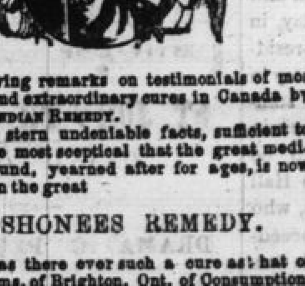
MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,

May 1 1871

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoosy, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S,

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Willows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant sthroughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, 3.d June, 1871.

Authorised discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner o Customs.

Ottawa, June 3, 1871

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law, Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & LEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.

W McKAY WRIGHT. F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer. &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 48utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNALL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. HARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TALLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton s Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort;

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

A. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H ASims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD R. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accounts accurately prepared. Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1595 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.

Montreal, March 871 2 3m

W... COMPANY,

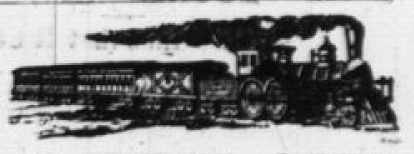
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

☞ TEAS AND WINES, ☜

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

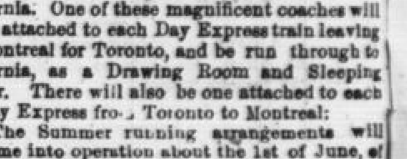
On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE. Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz.:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal:

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657M

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables, and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer

No. 67 Sussex-st.

OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1666tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND

☞ FLOWER SEEDS. ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET.

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel.

Strict attention to business.

Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1596

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.

J. A. GEMMILL,
Solicitor &c.

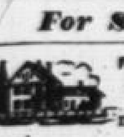
Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.

Ottawa, Feb. 21, 87

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 33 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa JAMES ..., Managing Director.

VOL. V...

For Sale or ...



TO LET
(2) TWO ... moderate ...
street.
Possession given 20th M...
Enquire at 60 Sparks St...

HOUSE... the C... Baldwin's ... comfortable ...
Wood, now finishing. Re... month.

Apply to
T. M. CL...
Roy...

Ottawa, May 4, 1871

TO LET.

A portion of the ROOM ... by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRIS... corner of Sparks and Elgin ... Block.)

Apply for terms, &c., to
C ...

Ottawa, April 7, 1871

TO LET OR SELL.

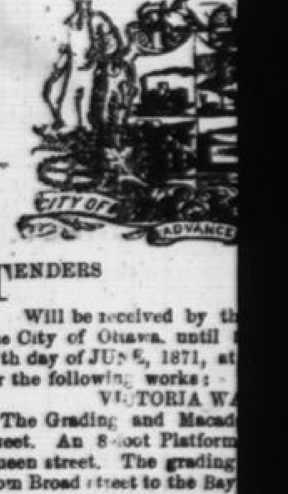
ONE FIRST CLASS B... Daly street. Possession, 1st M...
For particulars, apply to
TH... P...
No. ...

Ottawa, Feb, 16, 1871

TO LET.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE ... teen apartments with five acre... ed, or more if required, situate... City, on the Montreal Macadam... Also the Shop at present occup... McKAY, Rideau street.
For particulars apply to
WI LIA...

Ottawa, Feb, 16,



TENDERS

Will be received by th... the City of Ottawa, until ... 17th day of JUNE, 1871, at ... for the following works:—

VICTORIA WA...

The Grading and Macad... street. An 8-foot Platform ... Queen street. The grading ... from Broad street to the Bay...

WELLINGTON W...

A 6-foot Platform on th... Sparks street from O'Conno... A 6-foot Platform on Maria s... Bank street to half way be... and Metcalfe streets.

A Drain in Albert street ... wards Bank streets.

ST. GEORGE'S W...

A 6-foot Platform on St. P... Mosgrove to Nicholas stre... South side from Ottawa to C... A 12-foot Platform on Cumbe... Daly street. An 8 foot ditto ... Wilbrod street. A Drain ... from Besserer to Daly str... Wilbrod street, from Glou... street, and a Drain in St. ... Little Sussex to By-wash.

BY WARD...

A Box Drain in Ottawa, 2 ... Drain in Augusta street, 2 ...

OTTAWA WA...

A 4-foot Platform on ... ton street from Dalhousie ... street. A 6 foot Platform ... from Water to Park street. ... on Park street south from K... street. A 3 foot Platform o... Rose street, with Crossings. ... form in McGee street, from ... street. A 3 foot Platform on ... from Park to Ottawa street. ... on Bolton street, North from ... A Drain in St. Andrew street...

The above works to be ... Superintendence of and ac... and specifications of the City...

Two sufficient Sureties requ... fulfilment of each Contract.

By order,
W. P. ...

City Hall,
Ottawa, June 10, 1871

MONTREAL O...
STEAMSHIP C...
CHANGE OF S...

1871. *SUMMER SERV...*

PASSENGERS Booked to ... Liverpool, Londonderry ... Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liver... sailing from Liverpool every ... from Quebec every Saturday, ... Foyle to receive on board, an... Passengers to and from Ireland ... are intended to be despatched ...

Liverp...
SCANDINAVIAN........
PERUVIAN........
CASPIAN........
MORAVIAN........
Calling at St. John's, N. F.
AUSTRIAN........
PRUSSIAN........
NESTORIAN........

Fares from Ottawa, cabin...
Steerage...

The steamers of the Glasgo... tended to be despatched from ... about the following dates:

Gl...
CORINTHIAN........
OTTAWA........
ST. DAVID........
ST. ANDREW........
ST. PATRICK........

Fares from Ottawa, cabin...
Intermediat...
Steerage...

☞ An experienced Surg... each vessel Berths not secu... for.

Return Tickets granted at r... Passage certificates granted ... ous of bringing out friends fro...
For further particulars appl...
D W COWA...
Agen...

Ottawa, May 6, 1871

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Bi... s'x o'clock on FRIDAY, ... MONEY. Any person giving ... of it can recover it by calling ... TON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.
ANN JANE ...

Ottawa, June 5, 1871.

DROWNED.

Drowned at the Chaudiere ... last, AUGUSTINE CHARBO... tion which may lead to th... body, will be thankfully ... father, at Mr. BRONSON'S ... The Boy was 11 years of ... etoffe pants, a grey vest, ... white and red shirt.

Ottawa, June 15, 1871

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1695. OTTAWA, MONDAY, JUNE 19, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.
Possession given 20th May.
Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere, near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.
Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET.

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)
Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.
Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY
For particulars, apply to
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 36 Rideau street.
Ottawa, Feb, 16, 1871

TO LET.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land attached, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road.
Also the Shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.
For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Ottawa, Feb, 16, 1692tf

TENDERS

Will be received by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, until SATURDAY, the 17th day of JUNE, 1871, at 2 o'clock, p.m., for the following works:—

VICTORIA WARD.

The Grading and Macadamizing of Duke street. An 8-foot Platform from Bridge to Queen street. The grading of Queen street from Broad street to the Bay.

WELLINGTON WARD.

A 6-foot platform on the north side of Sparks street, from O'Connor to Sally street. A 6-foot Platform on Maria street, south from Bank street to half way between O'Connor and Metcalfe streets.
A Drain in Albert street from Culvert towards Bank streets.

ST. GEORGE'S WARD.

A 6-foot Platform on St. Paul street, from Mosgrove to Nicholas street; ditto, on the South side from Ottawa to Cumberland street. A 12-foot Platform on Cumberland street, from Daly street. An 8 foot ditto from Daly to Wilbrod street. A Drain in Augusta street, from Besserer to Daly street. A drain in Wilbrod street, from Gloucester to Chapel street, and a Drain in St. Paul street, from Little Sussex to By-wash.

BY WARD.

A Box Drain in Ottawa, 2 M 2 feet. A Box Drain in Augusta street, 2 M 2 feet.

OTTAWA WARD.

A 4-foot Platform on the south side of Bolton street from Dalhousie to Cumberland street. A 6 foot Platform on King street, from Water to Park street. A 4 foot Platform on Park street south from King to St. Joseph street. A 3 foot Platform on both sides of Rose street, with Crossings. A 3 foot Platform in McGee street, from Park to Ottawa street. A 3 foot Platform on Gloucester street, from Park to Ottawa street. A 3 foot Platform on Bolton street, North from Dalhousie street. A Drain in St. Andrew street.

The above works to be done under the Superintendence of and according to Plans and specifications of the City Engineer.

Two sufficient Sureties required for the due fulfilment of each Contract.

By order,
W. P. LETT.
City Clerk.
City Hall,
Ottawa, June 10, 1871 1892 3

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

	Liverpool Line.
SCANDINAVIAN	10th June.
PERUVIAN	13th "
CASPIAN	17th "
MORAVIAN	24th "

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

AUSTRIAN	1st July.
PRUSSIAN	8th "
NESTORIAN	15th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$77 25 to $87 00
Steerage.....$29 25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line are intended to be despatched from Quebec, on or about the following dates:

	Glasgow Line.
CORINTHIAN	8th June.
OTTAWA	15th "
ST. DAVID	22nd "
ST. ANDREW	29th "
ST. PATRICK	6th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to
D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks st.
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can recover it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.
ANN JANE HAMILTON.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871. 1633tf

DROWNED.

Drowned at the Chaudiere, on SATURDAY last, AUGUSTINE CHARON. Any information which may lead to the recovery of the body, will be thankfully received by his father, at Mr. BRONSON'S Office, Chaudiere. The Boy was 11 years of age, had on grey stuffe pants, a grey vest, and a chequered white and red shirt.
Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,

The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises

STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.

And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.

Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street,

Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OF BROCKVILLE,

Who will continue the Business in the same premises, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, June 3, 1871.

☞ In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As our Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.

T. R. SHEFFIELD.
OTTAWA, June 3, 1871. 1681 2m.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will suit those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.

The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.

From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves.

Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:

Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

CLOTHING HALL!

New Store.

J. M. GOULDEN

Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at

No. 100 Sussex Street,

NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,

A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.

Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give a call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.

☞ Do not Forget the Place ☜

No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,

Next Door to F. McDougall & Co.

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

We are can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colours) Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,

To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.

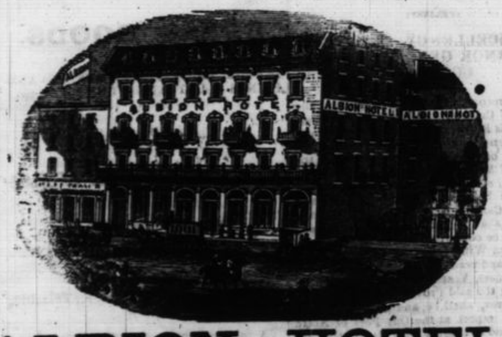
☞ *There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.* ☜

The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

—TO—

N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA, April 28, 1871 1652 3m



ALBION HOTEL,

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1685 3m

OTTAWA AND MONTREAL WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE.

Dufresne & McGarity,

—SUCCESSORS—

MESSRS. J. G. ROBINSON & CO.

Sussex Street, OTTAWA. **221 Notre Dame St. MONTREAL.**

The Undersigned have much pleasure in stating to their Customers and the Trade in general, that they have disposed of the RETAIL BUSINESS, *which they heretofore carried on in connection with their Wholesale Trade; and it is now their intention to devote themselves exclusively to the*

Wholesale Grocery, Wine and Provision Business.

To enable them to do so efficiently, they have secured the premises next door to their present stand, (formerly occupied by Messrs. Fingland & Draper, as a Dry Goods Store,) and connected the two buildings by an arch,—now making ONE OF THE FINEST WHOLESALE HOUSES IN THE PROVINCE.

They have secured Agencies for several of the first WINE HOUSES *in Europe; and are also Agents for* Messrs. GOODERHAM & WORTS, *Distillers of Toronto,—and they can safely say that Messrs. G. & W. make the finest Spirits in the Dominion.*

The trade supplied with all of the undermentioned ALES, either in Wood or Bottle, at Brewers prices.

Dow & Co's, Montreal, Pale and Mild Ales and Porter,
Cosgrove's, Toronto, " " "
Labatt's, Prescott, " " "
Dawes', Lachine, " " "

GUINNESS STOUT and ENGLISH ALES always on hand and in fine condition.

There is now on the way out from China and Japan, **2,000 Chests of Fresh Teas,** *which, with all other Goods, will be sold at* MONTREAL PRICES.

Goods will be delivered at Steamboat and Railway Stations free of charge. All empty packages charged in accounts will be taken back and allowed for, and those preferring to have their Goods shipped from the Montreal House, can have that privilege by leaving their orders at the office here.

The OTTAWA ESTABLISHMENT will be under the special management of MR. MCGARITY, *who will give his exclusive attention to the wants of his customers.*

Thanking you for the liberal patronage with which we have been so kindly favored, and soliciting an early call.

We remain, yours truly,

Dufresne & McGarity,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
"The Tea Pot,"
SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.
OTTAWA, April 19, 1871 1645 2m

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,
LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

McGill University, Montreal,

SESSION 1871-72.

THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—
FACULTY OF ARTS.....September 18th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE.....October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW.....October 3rd.
The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.
The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.
In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered
First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Second Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.
The Calendar containing details of above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.
W. C. BAYNES,
Secretary.
May 31, 1871 1689 2awk 2m

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that he has received his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PLAUNT,

☞ Remember the place

33 Rideau Street.

☞ OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

DOMINION HOUSE,

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumbermen of the Ottawa Valley.

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House,
Late Grand River Hotel.
OTTAWA, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forkers (expected daily),
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

G. A. SHELDON,
HATTER AND FURRIER,

Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive

HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT

In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.

G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.

A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1665 3m

TO CATTLE BREEDERS.

BULL—The "Marquis of Belmont" will stand for Cows at the Waterford Farm, Township of Gloucester, this season, at Four Dollars each.
WM. GRAHAM.

CANADA SHORT HORN STOCK REGISTER.

Certificate of Registered Pedigree of Two Years Old Bull,

No. 514 THE MARQUIS OF BELMONT,

Red and White, calved January 16, 1866, Bred by Mr. JOHN ASHWORTH, Belmont Ottawa, the property of WILLIAM GRAHAM, Esq., of Gloucester, got by Sweetmeat [868], (20324), dam, souvenir of Thorndale by 2nd Grand Duke (12961), g. dam, Delpine (imp.), by Harold (10299), gr. g. dam, Limpid, by Viceroy (7678), &c., &c. See Herd Book.
HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec. Board of Agriculture and Agricultural Office,
Toronto, July 6, 1870 1692tf

WANTED.

For a DAIRY FARM near the City, a MAN to drive a MILK WAGGON, and take general charge of Cows. Also a WOMAN, who understands the management of a DAIRY.

A married Man and Wife, without family, preferred. Liberal wages will be given to competent and reliable parties. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

WANTED

A Girl about 16 years of age, as servant on a small family. Apply, A.B., TIMES Office.
Ottawa, May 29, 1871 1678tf

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

☞ Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged.
Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

DRY GOODS

—AT—

RETAIL.

SUMMER FASHIONS

SHOWING THIS DAY,

—AT—

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,
Beautiful Bonnets,
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets
Splendid Lace Shawls.
Also in immense Variety,

Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques,
Horrockses, Millar & Co., Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
King's best Window Hollands,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c.,

SPECIAL LINES.

Linen Percale's and Lawns, for Seaside Wear.
Walking Stick Parachutes " " "
Paragon Frame Parasols and Umbrellas.—Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makes.
Coventry Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and Mantle Trimmings, in great variety.

EXTRAORDINARY.

☞ 43 Patterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL.

The most beautiful site in the neighbourhood of the Capital, and the most pleasant and convenient place about Ottawa, for Picnics, &c.

A large covered Platform, raised eight feet from the ground, and capable of accommodating 4000 persons, is admirably suited for Dancing, for Dramatic Soirees, and such like entertainments.

The Refreshments and Liquors to be had on the grounds are of the best quality.

Pleasure parties could not find a more comfortable and pleasant place to enjoy themselves.

At night the Gardens are well illuminated. Once properly known they will be regarded as indispensable during the summer season. There will be a Dancing School in the Gardens every THURSDAY night, except when occupied by a Picnic.
Hull, June 7, 1871 1685 2m

FRESH! FRESH! FRESH!

SALMON.

The first of the Season just received, at
MOSES LAPOINTE'S,
Fish Dealer,
Lower Town Market.
N.B.—All kinds of Lake, River, and Sea Fish, always on hand
Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685f

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XI.

THOLING HIS ASSIZE.

(Continued.)

Upon this Euphemia Stewart Mr. Dunbar, exasperated, perhaps, by his previous failure, hurled himself ruthlessly.

"When did she first mention any thing about the rent in the tweed?" he asked.

"Weel, she could nae just be sure."

"Was it not after she heard a piece of cloth and a button had been found, and that the prisoner was suspected?"

"It might."

"At what time did she begin to remember the prisoner's coat looked fresh when he was having his breakfast? Take your time now, and do not answer in a hurry," proceeded Mr. Dunbar, who knew how to make a point as well as any man; "was it when you took him up his ham and eggs or when he was settling the bill, or when he was standing out in front of the inn in broad daylight, or when"—this with tremendous emphasis, like the culminating sentence in a tragedy—"or when *you heard there was a reward offered for the murderer of Kenneth Challerson?*

Of course the girl could not tell. She, notwithstanding her training and her country, was puzzled by the higher training which accosted her.

The woman's very truthfulness was against her; she had a vague impression of having "thocht" at some time, but at what time she could not swear.

"Likely she had never made any talk about it till the reward was out; then, likely she and the mistress and a friend or two spoke about it, and then it got to the police, and she had to go to Kirkcudbright, and tell a gentleman there what she knew. She never wanted the reward, she would swear that—she might have talked about going to America with her father, but it was only words of course—she did not mean to go with the reward-money—if she ever had said such a thing, she had said it never thinking."

"Perhaps you spoke about the tear in the same way," suggested Mr. Dunbar.

"No she didn't—the minute she heard tell of the bit of cloth in the dead man's hand, it all came back into her mind like a flash of lightning, and without thought she spoke and said there was a bit wanting in the tweed coat of the young man stopped wi' them that night. If she had taken thought she, maybe, would not have spoken: she did not want to get any body into trouble."

"Unless you could get to America in consequence," suggested Mr. Dunbar; and then he let her go down, feeling he had to a certain extent retrieved his error with regard to Mrs. McBurnie.

By this time the sharp pain which the prisoner had experienced at the commencement of the trial was to a certain extent numbed. Like toothache, it had worn itself out by its very intensity, and with only a dull throbbing in his temples, a sort of trembling at his heart, he sat listening to the remainder of the evidence as it was given against him.

As for Anthony, he staid in the back of the gallery, reading over and over again the indictment with a copy of which Mr. Dunbar had provided him.

Unconsciously he learned the form off while listening with straining ears to the words each successive witness uttered; and subsequently when thousands of miles of sea fretted and tossed and rippled between him and Scotland, he found himself often in solitude muttering over the sentences he had conned that day while suffering agonies of suspense in Dumfries.

"ANDREW HARDELL, now or lately a prisoner in the prison of Kirkcudbright, you are Indicted and Accused at the instance of Archibald Murray, Esq., Her Majesty's Advocate, for her Majesty's Interest, THAT ALBEIT by the laws of this and of every other well-governed realm, MURDER is a crime of a heinous nature, and severely punishable; YET TRUE IT IS AND OF VERITY that you the said Andrew Hardell, are guilty of the said crime; act, or art, and part, IN SO FAR AS" and thus the dreary paper ran on till it finished with "ALL WHICH or part thereof being found proven by the verdict of an assize, or admitted by the judicial confession of you the said Andrew Hardell, before the Lord Justice General, Lord Justice Clerk, and Lords Commissioners of Justiciary, to be holden by them or by any one for more of their number within the Burgh of Dumfries, in the month of September in the present year 184—, you, the said Andrew Hardell, OUGHT to be punished with all the pains of law, to deter others from committing the like crimes in all time coming.

And then while the evidence still proceeded, he conned over to himself the list of articles referred to in the foregoing indicment, as also the list of witnesses, till the unfamiliar Scottish names swam before him, and an old man sitting uder, holding a stout stick, and leaning his chin on his hands, bade him 'onet turning the leaf over, and let other folk hearken to the trial.'

"If all these witnesses are going to be examined, it will last forever," thought Anthony; and though it was a cool day, the sweat stood in beads on his forehead as he tortured himself with thinking how it might end—what the result might prove.

He was not one-half so composed as the prisoner, who with the morbid feeling over growing, listened to all the evidence which could be adduced against him.

There was nothing new in it to his apprehension. He had rehearsed the whole business over hundreds of times in Kirkcudbright Jail. He had lain awake at night considering what this witness and that might find to say—mentally he had examined and cross-examined every man and woman—in his cell he had called a court together for himself, and been judge, jury, prosecutor, witnesses, prisoner, all in one. He had sifted the evidence, and he had summed up; he had heard one verdict given, and knew he was free; he had heard another verdict given, and then death stared him in the face; death not to be averted save by the influence of friends, who all asked him why he had not given himself up at once.

He had gone through every stage and phase of the play, and altered the *denouement* according to the mood of mind he chanced to be in. Kenneth Challerson's death and the accessories thereof were to him but as so many bits of colored glass which, let the kaleidoscope of fancy be shaken as often as it might, still presented some slightly different combination.

Now it was this man whose evidence convicted him—now it was that witness whose cross-examination shook the jury's belief in its guilt.

He had gone through it in all the watches of the night, in the weary lonely hours and no present horror could be like that of waking in the darkness and considering the trial was still to come.

Lo! it had come, and he was in the midst of it. Behold the strong man armed had arrived at last, and he sat powerless waiting to hear what was going to be the result—whether acquittal or conviction—life or death.

And still the trial went on. As in some shifting scene a man beholds familiar places reproduced—well known rivers and plains, towns and mountains, flitting before him—so that day witness after witness came forward and reminded him of every step he had travelled, and then stood down, only to make way for another, who brought the end a little nearer.

The warm summer's evening, the dusty roads, the pond where the women were washing, the green turf dotted with sheep, the sun setting behind Criffel, the clouds coming up from the east, the trees arching over the highway, the babbling brook, the old broken, moss-covered wall, the gathering night, the galloping horse, the lightning, the thunder, the pelting rain, the hand-to-hand fight, the darkness rendered visible for a moment, only to reveal a dead man stretched on the grass, a long panting race through the night, and then a return to the spot where it still lay; a walk, with the wet pouring down upon him, on to New Abbey—the sound of a swollen river rushing beneath the bridge came back to his ears, together with Mr. McBurnie's exclamation when he entered the inn, "dreeping;" all this was the scenery in the first act of the drama.

If they had asked him to give evidence, he could have remembered every thing, every detail, even to the rabbits scudding away at his approach, to the color of the cattle grazing on the hills, to the distance the tide was out when he first caught sight of the Solway the morning after *that* occurred—to the golden gorse, to the purple hether, and the blue-bells nodding beside his path.

To him the witness seemed stupid and unintelligent; he remembered each sentence better than they did; he wondered why people could not recollect, and then he thought it was a very good thing for him they were so stupid.

The old shepherd, for example, could not say for certain how long he staid in the cove. Andrew could have told him just where the sun stood when he descended to the shore, and how far it had sunk before he flung off his clothes and swam away from land.

The doctor, examined as to how Kenneth Challerson's murder was accomplished, owned he was at a loss to imagine how such a blow could have been inflicted upon so tall a man as the deceased by the prisoner; he could not understand how sufficient purchase was obtained to give it, unless during a struggle Mr. Challerson had been brought to his knees or thrown down; he could have comprehended it better from a different weapon—from a short stick, for instance, which would not have swayed in the hand.

He had no reasonable doubt of death having resulted from a blow inflicted by the loaded end of the whip—the metal was a little dented, and the slight cut on the temple had evidently been caused by the chased edge; but that the blow was given while the deceased stood erect and on his guard, seemed to him impossible.

The doctor, in the interests of science, occupied much time in explaining his meaning, and Lord Glanlorn added a great amount of valuable information to that he already possessed. He asked so many questions, in fact, and the doctor replied to them at such length, that it finally seemed a moot point whether death could have resulted at all; and but for the fact of Kenneth Challerson having been buried, the audience might have doubted the reality of his decease.

As it was, Lord Glanlorn elected one desirable piece of evidence. By forestalling a question Mr. Dunbar proposed asking, when his lordship's hungering and thirsting after medical knowledge should be satisfied, the learned judge ascertained that such a blow could not have been dealt excepting by accident.

"Good light, a steady eye, and a still foe," the doctor affirmed, would all have been necessary adjuncts to a predetermined act of this nature; "a knowledge of anatomy also," he went on to say, "might have been useful; though not indispensable, since most people knew it was possible to kill a man by striking him on the temple;" and the doctor—who called brow "brew"—treated the court to a detailed series of reasons why a blow on the temple was specially dangerous.

To all this Andrew Hardell listened with a sort of vague wonder as to why it had never occurred to any body that the ground sloped down a little from the road towards the wall, and that Kenneth Challerson stood nearest the wall, and round his—Andrew's—body, when the whip was wrested from him, and the blow dealt which ended the quarrel.

In grappling with Andrew, he had not stood quite at his fair height, and this fact enabled the blow to be given in the manner which puzzled the doctor.

His evidence, however, excited a marked degree of interest in the jury—all the keener, perhaps, because neither they nor any other human being could perfectly understand it; and when this witness stood down, Mr. Dunbar began to think that perhaps his client had judged wisely.

"He may get off, after all," he considered. "There has certainly been no great point made against him yet."

It was a very curious feature indeed in this trial, that the only two points throughout the case which told strongly in the prisoner's disfavor were two of which his own conscience entirely acquitted him.

He knew he had never gone to see Laura Challerson alone in his life—that he certainly not worn his light top-coat during the entire of his stay at Dumfries, while assuredly, whosoever else might have rifled the dead man's pockets of their contents, he, Andrew Hardell, was innocent.

What under different circumstances—with more time in which to plan measures for his own escape—he might have done, Andrew could not tell; he only knew that none of the articles produced had been taken from the body by him—and in the midst of his own danger there came into his mind a wondering sort of interest as to the manner of man who had thus stripped the dead, and then, seized with sudden fear flung the spoil aside.

The last witness called for the prosecution was of Anthony Hardell, who stepped into the box, looking much more like the criminal than the prisoner himself.

To his English ideas there was a something very awful in the form of oath he had heard so often administered during the course of that day.

Never before had he been called upon as a witness; never before had he sworn to speak to the facts of any case, and now knowing what he knew—fearing what others might consider it necessary to ask—he turned his back resolutely towards his facing, and facing the judge, raised his right hand, and repeated after Lord Glanlorn.

(To be Continued.)

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine dealers. 25 cents a bottle. Office 215 Fulton street, New York; and 489 Oxford street, London.

Be sure and call for
"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"
Having the fac-simili of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

This cure in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order Be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

☞ After war pestilence and intemperance—colds lead to the greatest destruction of human life, mainly, because it is considered by many to be of no consequence and hence systematically neglected untill a simple, curable disease, is converted into a fatal pulmonary one. Everyone troubled with what is called a slight cold or cough, should immediately use Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—they allay irritation at once, and exert a most beneficial influence on all the Bronchial and Pulmonary organs. Sold by all Druggists and Country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box.

PAPER HANGINGS.

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

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Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Government House—Wm. H. Lee.
Post Office Department—A. Campbell.
Unserveyed Lands of Manitoba—J. C. Aikins.
Auction Sale—J. Bermingham.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

MONDAY, JUNE 19, 1871.

For interesting reading matter, see first page.

It is officially announced that H. R. H Prince Alfred and Princess Thyra of Denmark are espoused.

The result of the first day's polling at St. Maurice showed a majority of 98 for the Government candidate. At Joliette, Dr. Lavelle (Ministerial) had a majority of 489 over his opponent.

The imports for the month of April last, amounted to $8,869,714 against $5,935,957 last year. Custom's duties collected, $1,104,459 against $891,904 in 1870. Exports for April, $2,773,633 against $4,624,738 in April, 1870.

Mr. McAlpine, the eminent engineer, of whose services the City Council desired to avail themselves to report with regard to the projected waterworks has been engaged by the Austrian Government to undertake the survey of the Lower Danube.

Advices have been received by the Government stating that the Indians of the North-West are all quite peaceable. The story of an Indian outbreak was, therefore, entirely untrue, and, no doubt, was invented by the Duluth.

We are glad to see Mr. Waddington safe back in Ottawa after his visit to the States. He appears to be in excellent health and spirits, and considers that the success of the Pacific Railway scheme is insured.

THE GOVERNMENT AND THE TREATY.

The leading organ of the Opposition says: "The homilies of the Ottawa Times on the course taken by the *Globe*, in relation to the present Government, are quite thrown away."

To some extent we are compelled reluctantly to believe that such is the case. We have long hoped, almost against Hope, that our expostulations might have some effect upon our contemporary, but we fear that he is irreclaimable, and that all our labour has been in vain so far as he is concerned. Still we are inclined to believe that the exposure of our contemporary's narrow minded partizanship and entire lack of all real political principle, has not been altogether unproductive of good, and if, by what little we have done in this direction we have prevented one man from becoming a Grit, or have redeemed one man from Faction's slavery, we may congratulate ourselves that we have not lived or written in vain.

But the *Globe* and those who control it have evidently not yet recovered from the effects of Mr. Langevin's speech and the announcement which it contained. Otherwise it certainly would not charge us with having "bristled up like a fretful porcupine at the natural interpretation put upon our own statement, to the effect that the Government were opposed to the treaty." In the first place, we never "bristled up"—we leave that to our contemporary; and, in the second place we never in any way expressed anger or dissatisfaction because the Government were, in consequence of our statements, believed to be hostile to the provisions of the treaty with regard to the fishery question.

Nor can we imagine that if the organ were not still suffering from the effects of Mr. Langevin's unexpected announcement it would be guilty of such a manifestly untruthful assertion as is contained in the following paragraph:

"Knowing that the treaty was opposed to the interests of the people of Canada, they (the Ministers) consented to it and their colleague signed it."

Comment upon a statement so entirely devoid of truth as this would be superfluous It is only necessary that we should quote Mr. Langevin's own words. He said:

So soon as the Government of Canada heard that the intention was to give up the fisheries of the Provinces of Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia to the working of Americans and Canadians for the small consideration mentioned in the treaty, they protested energetically and caused their protest to be sent to England by cable as well as by mail, and Sir John A. Macdonald, the Prime Minister of Canada, did not lag behind. He declared his strong objection and determined opposition to that way of settling the question of the fisheries. Nevertheless, the British Government having before them the protest of the Government of Canada, and the opposition of Sir John A. Macdonald in the Joint High Commission, directed the Joint High Commission to sign the treaty, *reserving to Canada in the treaty the right to accept or reject the clauses in relation to the Fisheries.*

Sir John Macdonald having secured to Canada the right to accept or reject the clauses in relation to the Fisheries, and the Government of Canada having testified by an energetic protest that they would never consent to the use of the Fisheries being bartered away to the Americans on the terms proposed, Sir John, as a member of the High Commission, obeyed the instructions of the Imperial Government, thus securing the settlement of the Alabama Claims and those other vexed questions which threatened to involve the two nations in war. Under such circumstances it must be clear to any man blessed with common sense, that to assert that the Government consented in any way to the treaty is absurd and puerile or something worse.

In conclusion we may say, as we have done before, that we do not desire to write "homilies on the course taken by the *Globe*," but so long as that journal misrepresents the position of the Government in the way it has lately done, we shall not hesitate to expose its action, and, so far as lies in our power, point out the bigotry and servile partizanship which characterize its political course.

MUTINY IN THE RANKS

Dr. Clarke, who was elected for Norfolk at the last Local elections, and was claimed as a sure ally by the factionists, does not seem likely to prove so willing a tool as they anticipated. In fact, Dr. Clarke appears to think that good measures ought to be supported even if introduced by Mr. Sandfield Macdonald. At the last political pic-nic at Tilsonburg one of the Grit leaders subjected Dr. Clarke to a somewhat lengthy cross-examination as to what his intentions were. Bullying, however, did not appear to have much effect upon the doctor who declined to commit himself to that blind unreasoning opposition to the Government which Messrs. Mackenzie and Blake demand from all their followers. The question was asked:

"Will you support John Sandfield Macdonald?"

Dr. Clarke—I told you before that I am pledged to nobody, and I am not going to pledge myself to you. I am pledged to Reform, and wherever I find it I shall support it. I am prepared to support the gentlemen present, or any other gentlemen, whether on the Treasury Benches or off them, who will best manage the affairs of State."

If Dr. Clarke goes on in this way he may expect to be "read out of the party," and to see his name printed in large black letters in the *Globe's* editorial columns. What right has he to pretend to form an opinion of his own as to who "will best manage the affairs of State?" That is none of his business as a Grit. All he has to do is to vote as the *Globe* and Messrs. Blake and Mackenzie tell him. Here is mutiny in the ranks already! A man who was supposed to have willingly submitted to the Yoke of Faction, speaks of voting according to his own free judgment! Whenever a member of either the Dominion or Local House commences to talk in this way he is lost to the Opposition, because so soon as he begins to exercise his judgment and obey the dictates of common sense and of conscience, he sees what an absurd and unpatriotic thing is a factious opposition to all Ministerial measures whether right or wrong. All that the Premier of the Dominion or the Premier of Ontario ask is, that members will do just what Mr. Clarke says he will do, viz: "support those who best manage the affairs of the State," and judge the Ministeral policy by the results which have sprang therefrom. A supporter of the Government is not liable to that stern discipline which prevails in the Opposition camp. He need not live in constant dread of Mr. Brown's editorial whip. Instead of being regarded as a mere voting machine, a puppet for his leaders to move about here and there as they please, he is looked upon as a man and treated as such.

MONTREAL CENTRE.

A question in political ethics has been raised in Montreal Centre. Some time since a very large requisition, signed by a majority of the most influential men of the district, was presented to the sitting member, Mr. Carter, requesting him to be a candidate at the forthcoming elections, and on the strength of this requisition, and in accordance with the views therein expressed, that gentleman consented to take the field. But at the last moment Mr. Holton has thought proper to come forward, more for the purpose of opposing the Government of Mr. Chauveau than anything else, and the question has been raised, are those electors who signed the requisition to Mr. Carter bound in honor to support him or not? The *Herald*, knowing perfectly well that the only hope of Mr. Holton's success lies in the possibility of some of these persons breaking their promise to the sitting member, tries to prove that they are not bound by promises made to Mr. Carter in ignorance of any other candidate. Certainly this is as it appears to us, a very strange sort of political morality which our contemporary strives to inculcate. We should be sorry if such a lax code of honour and honesty prevails among the commercial classes whom he claims to represent. If an elector invite a man to be a candidate, promising him at the same time his support, the promise is given without reservation or condition, and as a matter of honour and good faith the elector is bound to abide by it. It is a promise as distinctly binding as anything can be, and to ask the electors of Montreal Centre who signed the requisition to Mr. Carter to vote against him, is to ask them to break their plighted word, nor can any amount of casuistry make anything else of it.

THE CAMP AT NIAGARA.

(From our Special Correspondent.)

NIAGARA, June 16.

The first appearance of the camp as it strikes you, is most pleasing. The situation is well adapted for the purpose, and nature has done everything to embellish and adorn it in the shape of magnificent trees.

From the plan you have already published, the observer would be led to believe that the arrangements were not very perfect, but such is not the case, for I have never seen a better pitched or more cleanly camp. A walk round the square is not an undertaking to be lightly entered upon during the meridian sun, but I accomplished it on my rambles, meeting with many old friends and hospitality unstinted. The tents are clean and well kept, the behavior of the camp being everything to be desired. There is no use in entering into any details as to the situation of the camps of the different regiments.

The Adjutant General lives in the camp as likewise do the D. A. G. and Brigade Majors. They labour from early morn to eventide in looking after the details, and their labour is not light. The artillery are out in the morning by 7 for shot and shell practice. Their proficiency does not belie the reputation which the artillery of Canada have gained for themselves.

About the hour of 2:30 the bugles and trumpets uttered not uncertain sounds, and in a short interval of time it became apparent that the hour for the divisional parade was arriving. The sound of martial music gave notice of the approach of the different regiments as they departed from the camp and took up the positions alloted to them. The parade was drawn up in a line of quarter column right in front, cavalry on the right and then the three Field Batteries. The first movement was a march past in quarter column. Praise cannot but be awarded to the whole force in the performance of this part of the programme, some of the regiments marching past with the *aplomb* of regular soldiers and a jauntiness that was quite refreshing to witness. The Queen's Own have taken into wear the Glengarry bonnets, which gives them quite a smart appearance. After the march the two brigades retired for some distance in covering their front. The Queen's Own were sent to cover the column, and in a very few minutes the young and active soldiers of this regiment were well to the front as skirmishers. Support and reserve coming immediately in rear with the remainder of the field brigade with four guns on each flank. The second brigade with four guns and the cavalry were further to the rear in column. An advance was ordered, and the whole division advanced. After considerable firing the advanced skirmishers were relieved and fell back to their proper places. Some delay seemed to take place in further movements. The cause was soon apparent. A cloud of dust in the distance, and from out it appeared on the plain, an escort of Hussars, in their midst a carriage in which were seated the Minister of Militia and the wife of the Adjutant General. On his arrival an advance was made to endeavour to clear the woods, which seemed to fail, for the skirmishers fell back retiring through and by the flank of the supports. Upon their front being cleared commenced a vigorous and well sustained file firing, the artillery pounding away on each flank. That did not succeed, the cavalry came to the front charging most vigorously and then retired and upon the second brigade drawn up in line fell the burthen of repelling the advancing enemy. The brigade immediately commenced firing independently. If the rifles in the men's hands were properly aimed very short work would have been made of the enemy, and it was supposed they had succeeded for the battle ceased, and the regiments formed up in a mass of columns with the cavalry and artillery on their right flank. They marched past once more in quarter column, and a more creditable display I never wish to witness. It is simply wonderful that men after one week's drill could move with the ease and precision with which these regiments do. Every movement is carried out creditably and without hesitation. There may be some things, to alter which might effect an improvement in the *smartness* of the men, particularly the cavalry and artillery. Without the Government are more liberal that cannot be effected. Having only one uniform to do every duty in, answers any criticisms. The country ought to feel proud that they have such a body of officers and men now encamped at Niagara, and the employers of the men ought to encourage them in every way, for the lessons of obedience they learn in these camps will do them no harm on their return to civilian occupations.

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

NIAGARA.

NIAGARA, June 17, 1871.

Sir G. E. Cartier held a levee yesterday, at noon, in the parlor of the Queen's Royal Hotel, Niagara, when all the officers not on duty in camp were presented by the Adjutant General of Militia. Sir G. E. Cartier was attended by a brilliant Staff, composed of the Adjutant General, Col. R. Ross; Lt. Col. Powell, D.A.G.; Lt. Col. Wily; Lt. Col. MacPherson, D.A.G.; Lt. Col. French, R.A.; Lt. Col. Denison, B.M.; Lt. Col. Williams, B. M.; Lt. Col. Brunel; Major T. Ross, G.A.; Capt. Geddes, A.D.C.; and Mayor Alger, D.P.M. Precisely at noon the officers began to arrive. The following is a list of those who were presented to Sir George, the officers in order by corps:

CAVALRY.

Lt. Col. McLeod; Lt. Batton; Surgeon D. C. Hooke; Dr. Lloyd; Captains Baldwin, Gregory, and Denison. Lieutenants Marshall, Dunn, Elliot, Grabb, Cornels, Gregory, Button and Jones.

ARTILLERY.

Captains Smith, Gray, Surgeon F. Mack, Doctor White, Lieutenants Darelle, King, Dewar, Geddes, C B Wimmer, Armstrong, Denis, Dr Diamond, M. A.

INFANTRY.

2nd Queen's Own Rifles—Lieut Col Gilmor, Major Otter, Major Arthurs, Surgeon Thornburn, Captains Cherryman, Ryerson, Chadwick, Mackenzie, Ernskin, Lee, Jarvis, Lieuts Beaver, Wood, Jackson, Hamilton, Halwell, Foster, Delames.

10th Royal Battalion.—Lieut Col Boxall, Major Slattery, Captain and Adjutant Shaw, Captains Fleming, Martin, Boomer, Brunell, Boomer, Thompson, Ramsay, Gowan, Patterson, Marshall, Lieuts Thompson, Brown, Fleming, Ensigns Kingsbury, Amenson, Brunel, Anderson.

12th Battalion—Lieut Col Jarvis, Major Norris, Captain Windham, Dr. Hillary.

13th Battalion—Major Irving, Captain Moore, Captain Gibson, Lieut and Adjt Heney.

19th Battalion—Lieut Col Currie, Majors Helliwell, Macdonald, Captains Brown, Spillette, Walker, Short, Thompson, Lieuts Davey Hiscott, Carlisle Irving, McPherson, Ensign Mackay, Dorretty, Miles, Surgeon Jakes, Assistant Surgeon Dawney.

34th Battalion—Major Wallace, Major Farren, Adjutant Gibbs, Surgeon Hillarey, Captains Michael, Hodges, Smith, Odonavar, Patterson, Billings, Lieuts Davidson, Storey, Pound, Ensigns Ralph, Cameron, Stephenson.

36th Battalion—Lieut Col Gray, Major Nesbitt, Surgeon Riddell, Assistant Surgeon Mullen, Adjutant Scott, Captains Scott, Patterson, Parsons, McCallum, Brewster, Mahoffy, Dodd, Lieuts Nesbitt, Dunbar, Taye, Ensigns Bacton, Cunningham, Robinson, Duggan.

37th Battalion—Lieut Col Davis, Major Stuart, Major Scoble, Captains Thorburn, Johnson, McKinnon, Ryan, Mussen, Lieuts Fowler, Glen, Almes, Thorburn, Ensigns Ryan, Edie and Surgeon Baxter.

38th Battalion—Lieut Col Patton, Adjutant Jones, Captains Lemman, Byrne, Spence, Totten, Pattumo, Ensign Jones.

39th Battalion—Lieut Col Tisdale, Majors McLaren, Maybee, Surgeon Phelan, Assistant Surgeon Hays, Captains Heath, Pusey, McMichael, Morgan, Thompson, Combs, Lieuts Austin, Real, Wellet, Ensigns Price, Lees and Walker.

44th Battalion—Lt-Col Barnhardt, Major Macklem, Adjutant Brennan, Surgeon Newburn, Captain Hamilton, Bender Triblo, Flett, Moran; Lieutenants Benson, Thompson, Beam, Graham, Brown; Ensigns Laur, Newbigging, Kennedy, Tupper, and Captain Haney.

Lt-Col Dennison, Major Dartnell, Major Alger, Lt-Col Konkle Lincoln, militia veteran of 1817, Mr. Street, M.P., Mr. Plumb, Niagara, J K Osborne, H Stafford, Mayor of Niagara, Councillors Dr Wilson, S Follett, Mr. Lee, E A Clement, W B Winterbottom, Martin Lyons, John McMillan, John Rogers, Wm A Thompson.

The following officers of the United States army also called on the Minister of Militia—General R H Jackson, Col T E Pierce, Captain Cotton, and Surgeon E P Jacquette.

Sir George was present at the review and field day in the afternoon, and in the evening dined with a large party of officers and ladies at Mr. Plumb's, Niagara. Today Sir George and party, accompanied by Mrs. Robertson Ross, Miss Patrick, Miss Ross, and staff, proceeded by invitation of Mr. Gzowski to Fort Erie to visit the international bridge now in progress of construction.

There was nothing done here to-day in the parade way.

Camp races will be run on Monday. The Minister of Militia will distribute prizes won by the artillary and rifles.

The camp breaks up on Tuesday morning.

June 18.

The Lieut.-Governor of Ontario is expected here on Monday, when it is intended to have a review of the troops in the Camp, this will likely be the last as the camp breaks up on Wednesday morning.

The Queen's Own Rifles are to march out on Tuesday to Queenstown Heights, and will return in the evening. On the occasion of the visit of the Minister of Militia to Fort Erie, on Saturday, he was received by a salute from the gunboat, *Prince Alfred*. A Guard of Honour being furnished by the St. Catherine's battery of the Garrison Artillery, which had been placed on board the gunboat, for the purpose of performing their annual drill. The gunboat having steamed out into the river, was saluted from the United States Fort on the opposite shore, a compliment which was promptly returned by the *Prince Alfred*. Sir G. E. Cartier and party with the staff officers on duty here are to call on General Jackson and the officers of the American fort at Niagara, at 11 a.m., Invitations have been extended to the officers for the ball to take place at the Queen's Royal Hotel on Monday evening. It is understood there will be a great number from Hamilton and Toronto present. The ball, no doubt, will be a grand affair.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 17.

The propeller *Reindeer*, owned by Williams, of Quebec, and chartered by the St. Lawrence Tow Boat Company, was this morning burned to the water's edge. The charred hull lies near the Merchant's wharf. The boiler and engine was much injured by the heat. She was partially insured.

The Hon. Mr. Mitchell leaves to night for the Lower Provinces.

Burglars are at work at Lachine. Wm. O'Niel was to-day arrested on suspicion, a number of stolen articles being found on his person.

Diseased meat in the city markets increases so alarmingly that a meat inspectorship is to be established forthwith.

Mederic Lanctot held a meeting in the east last night, which resulted in a general hooting of the candidate, and his being pelted with eggs.

Weather cool and pleasant.

Midnight Despatches.

FATHER POINT, June 18.—The steamship *Austrian*, from Liverpool, with 43 cabin and 38 intermediate, and 391 steerage passengers, has arrived.

VERSAILLES, June 17.—In the Assembly to-day Favre defended the non-acceptance of peace on the occasion of his visit to the German headquarters at Meux. He said the reason of the failure of negotiations at that time was that Bismarck then demanded the cession of Strasbourg, which the Government was disposed to concede. In conclusion Favre urged the Assembly to extend its enquiry into the facts of the Governments who have held power since the fourth of September to the Imperialists who decided that France should be led to her ruin.

BERLIN, June 17.—A grand court dinner was given at the Imperial Palace to-day, at which 700 guests were present. The Emperor proposed the toast eulogizing and thanking the people of now united Germany and their Monarchs and Princes for the support given to the army and himself during the war against France.

ROME, June 16.—The jubilee of Pope Pius the Ninth was celebrated to-day. Receptions at the Vatican followed each other in constant succession from morning till night. Fully 3,000 pilgrims from all parts of the world are in the city. The utmost tranquility prevails. The receptions of the Diplomatic body will be held on the 17th, 20th and 21st insts.

DUBLIN, June 18.—A gang of men, supposed to be Fenians, broke into the militia armory at Mallow, on Saturday night, and carried off 120 rifles. A sentinel fired upon the men as they were leaving, but all escaped. Some of the arms were discovered this morning in a neighboring field. Five persons have been arrested on suspicion.

NEW YORK, June 18.—Commodore Ashbury's new yacht *Livonia* will leave for this port the first week in September as the representative of the Royal Harwich Club to race the representative yacht of the New York Yacht Club for the Queen's Cup, the New York Yacht Club having waived the condition requiring six months notice of a contest for the Cup.

WASHINGTON, June 18.—Reliable information has been received that the French Government has appointed Jules Ferry Minister to Washington in place of Viscount Treilhard.

FLORENCE, June 17.—The result of the first levy for the Italian army in the Roman Provinces is satisfactory.

King Victor Emanuel is going to Naples. On his return he will visit Rome.

NEW YORK, June 18.—James Connelly while labouring under attacks of delirium tremens, murdered his children, Mary Agnes aged 3 years, and Clara Regina 7 months old, by cutting their throats with a bread knife, then committed suicide by cutting his own throat.

BRUSSELS, 18.—The King and Queen of the Belgians have written to the Pope to congratulate him on the 25th anniversary of his Pontificate.

LONDON, June 18.—The *Observer* announces that Professor Montagu Bernard, late of the Joint High Commission, will enter the Privy Council.

There is no truth in the reports which have just been received that Disraeli is to be deposed from leadership of the opposition.

Saturday's Midnight

The Civil War in Mexico—Departure of Sir Edward Thornton for England, Lord Paget to Succeed Him—Triumphal Entry of Prussian Troops into Berlin—The Emperor Kisses a Pretty Frauleen—Unveiling the Statue of William the Third.

CITY OF MEXICO, June 5.—The Insurgents at Tampisco have refused to let families leave their homes, and, in consequence, great suffering is experienced.

The American Consul has requested the besiegers not to fire on the city, but the request was not granted.

The President has ordered Gen. Roche to do something towards saving the women, children and old men.

Vallaita has probably been elected Governor of Jalisco.

Congress has been called to an extra session.

June 8—Last night a truce of 24 hours was arranged between the rebels at Tampisco and Gen. Roche, commanding the besieging forces, to let families leave the city.

June 10—General Roche states that the Tampisco rebels finally refused to let the families leave the city, and improved the 24 hours truce by repairing the fortifications of the city.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—Sir Edward Thornton, the British Minister, with his family, will sail from New York on the 24th for London.

It is rumored in diplomatic circles that he will be elevated to a higher position, and receive an Ambassador's appointment. Lord Alfred Paget is spoken of as his successor in Washington.

LONDON, June 17.—General Faidherbe is a Republican candidate for the Assembly in the Department of Somme.

Some of the Bonapartist candidates have proclaimed the watchward of "Free Trade."

Adilon Barret is the candidate from the Department of War and Charles Abbatrussie stands in the Department of Lainet.

The reorganization of the army is proceeding with all possible speed.

The demonstration in Brussels yesterday in honour of the Pope's Jubilee, was a complete failure.

The Nova Scotia giantess, Miss Annie Swan, has been married to a Mr. Bates.

ATHENS, June 17.—The Turkist Government refuses to receive Tricoupis as Ambassador of Greece, for reason that he was a Foreign Minister of this country during the Cretan insurrection.

The Greek Government has forwarded his immediate recall to Zangabe, its Envoy to Washington.

NEW YORK, June 17.—Three coloured seamen charged with mutiny, and murder of the captain of the American ship, *J. L. Bowen*, to-day, was committed for trial, in default, $2,000 bail.

Thomas and Robert Walsh, Charles Conn, and Charles Shea, charged with mutiny and attempt to kill Capt. and mate of the British ship, *Manitoba*, were delivered over under the Extradition Laws, to the Consul General for the transportation to England.

Another account of the entry of the troops into Berlin says: On passing thro' the Brandenburg Gate the Emperor halted and received addresses of congratulation from a bevy of young ladies, and kissed the speaker, Frauleen Blasar. The procession passed along Unter der Linden under symbals of victory and between captured cannons, flanked by a sea of human beings rising in billows to the tops of the houses. The procession passed the palace, the University, and the opera house, to where the statue of Blucher stands in bronze, where the members of the Imperial Diet were also assembled. Here the Emperor wheeled his horse around, and, with the royal princes, generals, and members of the staff on either side, the troops passed in review. The troops formed three sides of a square in Just Garden around the veiled statue of William III. In front of the fighting men stood musicians and trumpeters in three ranks. Fronting the Schloss were standard bearers with captured trophies from hall and museum. Behind all were full medaled veterans, invalids, old warriors, yeomen of the Palace and the Royal Gens d'Armes. The seats fronting on the Schloss were packed with officers and guards of the garrison, and around the statue gradually collected a dense group of Ministers, Counsellors of State, Municipal Officers and Clergymen. The Emperor and suite and Princes entered the square, and took positions under the awning between the fountains. The troops presented arms, and the bearers of the trophies laid them at the foot of the statue, amid a loud and prolonged roll of drums, while the cathedral choir burst into a hymn of praise, and the Chaplain-General, standing on the steps of the monument, afterwards offered a short prayer. Bismarck then approached the Emperor, and asked leave to unveil the statue. The Emperor bowed, and Bismarck moved his hand when the canvas fell from the statue, while the drums rolled, the trumphets blared, and the standards of the guards were lowered towards the statue, the troops presented arms, and cheered loudly, and salute was fired by 101 guns, Church bells broke out into instantaneous ringing, while out of the turmoil the national air resolves itself.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—A despatch from Admiral Rogers, received at the Navy Department, and dated Brazil Island, Cora, June 3rd, and sent from Shanghai, says: Our Minister and the Corean Envoys exchanged professions of amicable intentions. The Coreans made no objections to a survey of their waters.

The *Monocracy*, the *Polos*, and four steamers, launches, under commander Blake, were sent out on the 1st of June to examine the river Sable at a point called "Difficult Passage," where navigation was most perilous.

The masked batteries, manned by several thousand Coreans, were unmasked, and opened a heavy fire, without warning upon our people.

The French ship, in advance, fought gallantly.

Our vessels, bearing up, drove the enemy from their works.

The tide swept all the ships past the batteries. They anchored and threw shells among the retreating enemy.

Our people displayed great gallantry, and only two were slightly wounded.

A communication was received to-day which may open negotiations, otherwise, since the Coreans have met peaceful overtures with unprovoked war, our forces will land, and, destroying the forts, will take such other measures as the interests of civilization require.

CHICAGO, June 16.—A prominent bishop has written Chency, that he will still recognize him (Chency) as a Minister of good standing in the Episcopal Church.

NEW YORK, June 16.—Despaches from all the principal cities state that the people's jubilee has been celebrated with imposing ceremonies.

STOCKHOLM, June 16.—The railway from Stockholm to Charing was opened to-day. The trip between the cities is now made in fifteen and a half hours.

PARIS, June 16.—Eighteen newspapers are represented in the self-constituted electoral committee of journalists. The programme of the committee is opposed by the republican organs, because the newspapers which support the movement are considered favorable to a monarchy.

NEW YORK, June 16.—Weston accomplished the task of walking four hundred miles in five days. He showed little signs of fatigue.

LEBANON, June 16.—Hon. C. L. Vollondingbone accidentally shot himself to-day. The physicians say he is sinking. There seems hardly a possibility of his recovery.

CITY OF MEXICO, June 11.—Tampico was stormed this morning at four o'clock, and was taken at the point of the bayonet. All the insurgents were either killed, wounded or captured.

Yellow fever is raging at Vera Cruiz.

CAMP ON MAJOR'S HILL.

Camp life whether in time of war or peace is seldom possessed of a charm for the soldier, but in many cases a judicious selection of locality for camping ground tends materially to counter-balance all other inconveniences and discomforts peculiar to that sort of existence. There is a difference between a swamp and a hardwood ridge, and between an arid barren hill with nothing to attract the eye in its surroundings, and a hill shaded with the foliage of splendid trees and encircled on every side with natural and artificial objects for admiration. A duty is invariably performed in a more satisfactory manner to all parties concerned and with more lasting and beneficial results, when it is done cheerfully and not accompanied by unpleasant events. In selecting the camping ground for Companies Nos. 3 and 5 of the Ottawa Brigade of Garrison Artillery no doubt the above fact, ever potent to a military man, was kept in view, and every person must now admit that a more suitable or pleasant place than Major's Hill could not be obtained at least about Ottawa. Certainly a more beautiful and interesting place is scarcely to be found in Ontario. The tents are pitched among the large maples on the promontory, as it may be called, with the canal on one side and the majestic Ottawa in front, covered with busy craft, from the fleeting skiff to the steamer and the immense rafts of fallen Kings of the Forest. Everything about them should tend to excite pleasurable emotions, and in his leisure hours the lover of nature could not wish for a more enchanting view than that to be obtained from the brow of Major's Hill.

The ground is well chosen, and, no doubt, the officers will make everything else as pleasant and comfortable as possible for their men. Major Forrest is a thorough military gentleman, and from his well known kindly disposition, we have no doubt, Nos. 3 and 5 companies will put in their term of drill cheerfully under his command. There are 80 men in the camp, which is composed of 19 tents, and a shed for the cook to ply his functions in. Satchell Bros. supply the necessary food. The Young Men's Christian Association have very kindly thrown their reading room open to the Volunteers in camp.

DIED.

On the 16th inst., after three days illness, Elmira Belanger, wife of Napoleon Bureau, Manager of the *Courrier D'Outaouais*, at the age of 25 years.

The funeral service will take place on this Monday morning, the 19th inst., at nine o'clock, p.m. The funeral will leave her husband's residence, corner Bank and Maria streets, Upper Town, at 8½ o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend.

Toronto, Kingston, Montreal and Quebec papers please copy.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the desease and give almost instant relief.

The TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in low localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than any other articles.

OBTAIN only BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless Immitations that may be offered.

"TROCHES," SO-CALLED SOLD BY THE OUNCE, are a poor immitation and nothing like Brown's Bronchial Troches, which are sold only in boxes with fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

Outside wrapper of box, and private government stamp attached to each box.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills.' Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London d1509 1y

What stuff is sometimes sold as tea may be learned from a London commercial circular which says that recently 300 half chests of tea dust, called scented orange Pekoe siftings, were sold by auction, without reserve, on account of the importers and part realized one penny per pound, and adds that it is a matter of doubt whether this article is tea at all; it is certainly utterly spurious and unfit to drink The leaf is in a great measure composed of dirt and steel filings, and if a magnet be thrust into the sample, on examination it will be found covered with small particles of metal.

Husband:—I shall know then better hereafter, Druggists and Storekeepers are doing not only themselves a great deal of harm, but their customers also by inducing them to buy an article unknown and without merit. Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER has been before the public for over thirty years, it is known in every quarter of the earth, and is sold by every Druggists and most storekeepers and grocers. As a Cholera specific and Diarhoea medicine, its reputation has no parellel. I am surprised that we have lived so many years without it.

Wife:—Charles, the reason is you you have been taking whatever the storekeeper would recommend, we have always had a bottle o Pain Cure or Reliever or Pain Remedy or som such trash in the house, we have tried them over and over again.

Husband:—And that is just the reason I objected to try the PAIN-KILLER an my Rheumatism, thought it was like those other things a humbug

(To be continued.)

Be sure and get the genuine PAIN-KILLER, only 25 cts. per bottle. Beware of counterfeits.

AUCTION SALE.

The subscriber has been instructed by MAJOR DOUGLAS, to offer for sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the UNION HOUSE, on the 1st day of JULY next, at 11 o'clock, a.m.

THE HOMESTEAD OF RIVER VIEW.

The land comprises four and a half acres. The House is very commodious, with suitable outbuildings of every description, and a well of good spring water in the back Kitchen.

River View is situated on the Richmond Road, two miles and three quarters from the City limits; the property running back from the Richmond Road, to the Canada Central Railway, on which a Station is about to be established immediately in the rear of the property.

The House and premises can be seen any day until the time of sale.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 19, 1871 1695td

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

CHEESE FOR SALE

AUCTION.

THIRTY-SIX (36) GOOD FACTORY CHEESE, balance of a consignment, will be sold by Public Auction, by the subscriber, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York street, on TUESDAY, the 20th inst., at the hour of 10 o'clock, a.m. Sale without reserve.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 16, 1871. 1693td.

CHIPPAWA DISTILLERY.

The produce of the above celebrated Distillery:

HIGHWINES,
ALCOHOL,
RYE,
PROOF,
MALT,

For sale in Bond or free, at lowest Distillery quotations.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Block,
Metcalfe-st
Ottawa, June 11, 1871

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 13th June, 1871.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and for the reasons given in his Report of the 8th June instant, His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Red River, in the Province of Manitoba, from the point of its intersection with the Boundary Line between the United States and the said Province of Manitoba (Canada) to its junction with Lake Winnipeg, shall be and the same is hereby declared to be comprised within the limits of the Port of Winnipeg under the following conditions and restrictions, that is to say:—

All Steamers, Vessels and boats of any kind on entering the said Province of Manitoba, on the Red River, shall be, and they are hereby required to report at the Out Port of North Pembina, and to comply with all existing requirements of the law, but, on payment of duty at that out port on goods destined for any place between that out port and the Port of Winnipeg, they be permitted, on the warrant of the Sub-Collector, to land and discharge such goods, or the luggage of such passengers as may desire to disembark, before reaching the said Port of Winnipeg.

That in like manner, after payment of duties at the Port of Winnipeg, the same privilege be granted them as at the said Out Port—to land and discharge goods under the restrictions aforesaid at any place on the Red River above or below Winnipeg—and all steamers plying within the limits and observing the conditions aforesaid, shall be considered and treated as trading within the limits of the said Port of Winnipeg.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.
1695 3

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

GREAT AUCTION SALE of City Lots, Village Lots in New Edinburg, and Villa Lots, on the Mackay Estate, within five to fifteen minutes walk of the Street Railway.

The MACKAY Estate will offer for Sale by Public Auction, at the Office New Edinburgh, on SATURDAY, the 24th day of JUNE, Instant, at Two o'clock in the afternoon.

Fifteen Villa Lots upon Rideau Terrace, and other roads near the residence of His Excellency the Governor General, and Twenty-two Lots, in the Village of New Edinburgh, some of which front upon the grounds of Rideau Hall Domain.

Also a neat Dwelling House, with seven rooms and good shed, near the Rideau River; and the following Lots in the City of Ottawa: East half Lot No. 10, south Cathcart street, with Dwelling—Ordnance; Lot No. 14, north Cathcart street; Lot No. 16, north Cathcart street; Lots Nos. 21 and 22, south Boteler street.

The Villa Lots and Dwelling House, are in Gloucester, a Township in which the Taxes are very moderate.

TERMS.—One third cash, balance on mortgage at 7 per cent, for a term of 3 to 5 years, at purchasers option. Conditions made known at day of sale. Plans and descriptions of the property can be seen at the office of the Estate, next the Post Office in New Edinburgh.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
New Edinburgh, June 12, 1871 1692 9

OTTAWA MUSIC HALL.

FOR ONLY TWO NIGHTS!!!

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY,

JUNE 20 & 21.

THE GRAND

ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY,

C. D. HESS, Director.

Presenting complete in every detail two of the choicest gems of English Opera.

TUESDAY EVENING,

FLOTOW'S

Most Charming and Popular Opera

MARTHA,

With the Famous Caste following:

Lady Harriet....... Mrs. Caroline Richings [Bernard.
Nancy.................Mrs. Zelda Seguin.
Lionel..................Mr. William Castle.
Plunkett...............Mr. S. C. Campbell.
Tristin.................Mr. Edward Seguin.

Other characters by the Company.

FULL CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA.

WEDNESDAY EVENING,

AUBER'S

Beautiful Romantic Opera,

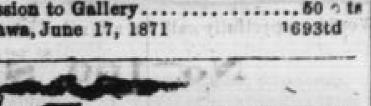
FRA DIAVOLO,

All the principal Artistes in the Caste.

Admission $1

NO EXTRA CHARGE

For securing Seats in Advance:
Reserved Seats for sale at ORME & SON'S Music Store.
Admission to Gallery.....................50 cts
Ottawa, June 17, 1871 1693td



12th JULY, 1871.

ORANGE CELEBRATION.

An EXCURSION TRAIN will run from CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION, Ottawa, to Brocaville, calling at all Way Stations on 12th prox., returning same day

Fare from Ottawa, 75cts.

Due notice of time of departure and arrival will be published.

H. ABBOTT
Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686tf

NEW CARPETS.

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Invite attention to the arrival of

NEW CARPETS

to assort their STOCK, reduced by HEAVY SALES in this department.

The above have been selected with due regard to prevailing styles, permanency of color, and are GOOD VALUE, at prices marked.

They have on hand a large assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

In a great variety of fabrics, MUSLINS AND PRINTS in LATEST STYLES, and cheap.

Great Bargains in

LACE SHAWLS,

From $1.50 to $40 Each,

Prices Reduced One-Third,

A special line of SILK JACKETS selling at *greatly Reduced Prices.*

A full assortment of MOURNING GOODS always in Stock.

N. B.—Fancy Linen and Cotton Shirtings on hand for the Summer Trade, SHIRTS made to MEASURE and GUARANTEED TO FIT. GENTLEMEN will find it to their COMFORT and ADVANTAGE to bear this in mind.

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN

SUCCESSORS TO

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,

No. 20 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 12, 1871.

STRAWBERRIES.

G. LORENZ,

OYSTER

—AND—

FRUIT DEALER,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

58 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Is now receiving

400 QUARTS

CHOICE STRAWBERRIES

(DAILY),

And will supply

Hotels,

Private Families,

Steamboats, and

Confectioners,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

Goods delivered to any part of the city.

G. LORENZ.

Ottawa, June14, 1871

LOCAL ...

Devlin's Hats ...

Great Bargains in L... reduced one-third, at A... McMorrans, No. 20, Sp...

CITY COUNCIL.—A m... Council takes place to ...

NEWSPAPERS, &c.—Th... latest and best is Hau... Rideau street.

COUNTY COURT.—The ... at noon on Saturday. ... cases were tried in the ...

EXHIBITION BUILDING. ... Carleton Agricultural S... a new Exhibition Bui... ners, the old one havi... by the fire last summer... shortly be held to make ... the County Exhibition ...

COUNTY OF OTTAWA ... nominations for the Cou... take place on Wednesd... The polling day is fix... July.

FROST.—It is said th... twice during last week ... in the surrounding co... frost in this city on Sa... but not severe; enough... tion.

TEMPERANCE.—A meet... Abstinence Society wa... afternoon in the Temper... was a pretty good attend... able addresses were deli... Wm. McLeren and Jam... This Society seems to be... every day.

INQUEST.—On Satur... VanCortlandt held an in... of the boy, Lang, who ... killed at the Chaudiere ... The verd... was that ... result o... n extensive ... skull.

THE MARKET—Saturda... pretty good attendance o... Saturday, but we have no... in prices to record:

Potatoes sold at from ... bushel.
Oats 50c per bushel.
Butter 14c to 20c per p...
Strawberries 20c to 25c...
Gooseberries 15c to 17c...
Green Peas 30c per gal...
Hay $13 to 15 per ton.

GENTLEMEN,—Have you... fit and as you want them ... nons & McMorrans.

Devlin's Hats th...

SABBATH SCHOOL CONVE... meeting of the Sabbath S... will take place at 2:30 ... in Bank Street Church. ... of the Sabbath Scho... this city, will be held in ... at two o'clock, p.m., on W... Ralph Wells, Esq., of Bro... Carroll and others will d... The farewell meeting of ... will be held at 7:30 on T...

ARRIVALS AT THE RUS... Welch, Hartford; H B ... G Ermatinger, Simcoe; ... West Troy, N. Y.; Thos... al; Frank Cushing, do... Thurso; J Crawford, B... Allen, New York; C ... Quebec; H Stanley Smit... field, Montreal; Chas A. ... N B; Miss Evrett, do; D... to; Alfred Waddington, ... M Coultee, Hull.

Mr. Cameron had the ... of 250 electors subpoena... vs. Monk case. Rather ... tion, and, no doubt, the ... ized this fact.

RUSSELL CONTESTED ELE... gan's petition with respec... of the above county, did ... trial before Vice Chancell... was supposed it would. ... in Toronto on the 24th ... lieved that unless Mr. ... succeed in having the Se... out by Mr. Craig's couns... petition will be thrown o... gether.

POLICE COURT—Saturday... charged with burglary, w... Monday.

Richard Doulan, charg... was remanded until Mon...

Wm Charter and ... charged with larceny, we... until Monday.

John O'Malley, charg... was let out on conditio... witness against the other ...

CONTESTED ELECTION.—T... in the Court for the trial ... election, that no further ... be heard i... the matter ... thrill of ... through ... subpœnae... electors who ... case proce... ed, been com... their own susceptibility ... in the exer... se of the f... bribed electors were be... cloud seemed to hang ove... audience in the gallery, a... particularly solemn lookin...

Devlin's Hats tha...

A large lot of New Carpe... at Allan, McKinnons & ... 20 Sparks Street.

UNION BANK—We are s... that the branch of the ... Quebec will open for busi... day. Its office is in th... occupied by Mr. Mortime...

GRAND CONCERT.—We ... few days the programm... Concert and Dramatic pe... St. Jean Baptiste Society, ... the 26th inst. Having b... examine it we may state ... great musical success. T... are all new music, and ou... amateurs will take par... Madame Gelinas, Mlle. A... prohon, M. Bisir de St. ... The choir will be comp... singers—M. L. Chevali... chief organist. The whol... "God Save The Queen," ... choir. After the Conc... fireworks.

PRINTER'S FUNERAL. ... Robert Jackson, printe... urday morning last, to... afternoon: The funeral...

LOCAL NEWS

Devlin's Hats that R-Hats.

Great Bargains in Lace Shawls. Prices reduced one-third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks St.

CITY COUNCIL.—A meeting of the City Council takes place to-night.

NEWSPAPERS, &c.—The place to get the latest and best is Hauser's News Depot, Rideau street.

COUNTY COURT.—The County Court rose at noon on Saturday. Some unimportant cases were tried in the morning.

EXHIBITION BUILDING.—The County of Carleton Agricultural Society are erecting a new Exhibition Building at Bell's Corners, the old one having been destroyed by the fire last summer. A meeting will shortly be held to make arrangements for the County Exhibition this year.

COUNTY OF OTTAWA ELECTION.—The nominations for the County of Ottawa will take place on Wednesday the 28th inst. The polling day is fixed for the 7th of July.

FROST.—It is said that there was frost twice during last week in some localities in the surrounding country. There was frost in this city on Saturday night last, but not severe enough to injure vegetation.

TEMPERANCE.—A meeting of the Total Abstinence Society was held yesterday afternoon in the Temperance Hall. There was a pretty good attendance present, and able addresses were delivered by the Rev. Wm. McLaren and James Johnston, Esq. This Society seems to be gaining strength every day.

INQUEST.—On Saturday morning Dr. VanCortlandt held an inquest on the body of the boy, Lang, who was accidentally killed at the Chaudiere on Friday evening. The verdict was that his death was the result of an extensive fracture of the skull.

THE MARKET—Saturday—There was a pretty good attendance on the market on Saturday, but we have no material changes in prices to record:

Potatoes sold at from 55c to 57c per bushel.
Oats 50c per bushel.
Butter 14c to 20c per pound.
Strawberries 20c to 25c per quart
Gooseberries 15c to 17c "
Green Peas 30c per gallon.
Hay $13 to 15 per ton.

GENTLEMEN.—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

SABBATH SCHOOL CONVENTION.—The first meeting of the Sabbath School Convention will take place at 2:30 p.m., to-morrow, in Bank Street Church. A mass meeting of the Sabbath School children of this city, will be held in the Music Hall, at two o'clock, p.m., on Wednesday, when Ralph Wells, Esq., of Brooklyn, the Rev. S. Carroll and others will deliver addresses. The farewell meeting of the Convention will be held at 7:30 on Thursday evening.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—J H Welch, Hartford; H B Murray, England; G Ermatinger, Simcoe; James Campbell, West Troy, N. Y.; Thos Cushing, Montreal; Frank Cushing, do; J C Edwards, Thurso; J Crawford, Brockville; Harry Allen, New York; C Chaloner Smith, Quebec; H Stanley Smith, do; A C Cockfield, Montreal; Chas A. Evrett, St. John, N B; Miss Evrett, do; D H Hoist, Toronto; Alfred Waddington, St. Catherine; S M Coultee, Hull.

Mr. Cameron had the moderate number of 250 electors subpœnaed in the Lyon vs. Monk case. Rather expensive litigation, and, no doubt, the contestants realized this fact.

RUSSELL CONTESTED ELECTION.—Mr. Morgan's petition with respect to the election of the above county, did not come up for trial before Vice Chancellor Mowat, as it was supposed it would. It will come up in Toronto on the 24th inst., but it is believed that unless Mr. Morgan's counsel succeed in having the Second Order taken out by Mr. Craig's counsel rescinded, the petition will be thrown out of Court altogether.

POLICE COURT—Saturday.—David Jones, charged with burglary, was remanded until Monday.

Richard Doulan, charged with larceny, was remanded until Monday.

Wm Charter and James Maloney, charged with larceny, were also remanded until Monday.

John O'Malley, charged with larceny, was let out on condition of becoming a witness against the other boys.

CONTESTED ELECTION.—The announcement in the Court for the trial of the contested election, that no further testimony would be heard in the matter seemed to send a thrill of joy through the numerous subpœnaed electors who would, had the case proceeded, been compelled to confess their own susceptibility to be influenced in the exercise of the franchise. While bribed electors were being examined a cloud seemed to hang over the agricultural audience in the gallery, and every face was particularly solemn looking.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

A large lot of New Carpets just received, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20 Sparks Street.

UNION BANK.—We are authorised to state that the branch of the Union Bank of Quebec will open for business on Wednesday. Its office is in the building lately occupied by Mr. Mortimer, Rideau street.

GRAND CONCERT.—We will publish in a few days the programme of the Grand Concert and Dramatic performance of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, to take place on the 26th inst. Having been permitted to examine it we may state that it will be a great musical success. The musical pieces are all new music, and our first artists and amateurs will take part in the concert. Madame Gelinas, Mlle. Aumond, Mlle. Leprohon, M. Blair de St. Aubin, &c. &c. The choir will be composed of thirty-five singers—M. L. Chevalier Smith is the chief organist. The whole to conclude with "God Save The Queen," sung by a full choir. After the Concert there will be fireworks.

PRINTER'S FUNERAL.—The burial of Robert Jackson, printer, who died on Saturday morning last, took place yesterday afternoon. The funeral procession left the Protestant Hospital, Sandy Hill, at 3 o'clock p.m., and proceeded to the Chapel of Ease, where the funeral service was read by the Revd. Mr. Pollard. The procession then reformed, and proceeded to the Protestant Cemetery, Sandy Hill, where the body was interred. Poor Jackson's remains were followed to the grave by nearly a hundred fellow printers who thus paid the last tribute of esteem to one whom they all knew and esteemed as a friend while living.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

CONTESTED ELECTIONS.

2ND DAY.

MONK'S ELECTION DECLARED VOID.

The Court for the trial of the contested election of the County of Carleton opened at 9:30 Saturday morning.

It was agreed to overlook the charges of personal bribery, and to proceed with the examination of witnesses.

Craig was the first witness sworn, and deposed: Voted for Mr. Monck at late election; I also worked for him at election; got no money or promise of money from him; worked on committee for Monck, and gave as my opinion that Monck was the best man; promised me no money before I went through; do not know what interest Mr. Clemow had in election; seemed to be acting for Mr. Monck; after meeting got $5 from Mr. Monck; he handed money to me and said nothing; was not surprised at receiving it; I took money for my day's pay; did not very often get $5 for attending a public meeting; had nothing particular to do at home at that time; took my team to meeting with me; took passenger with me; do not know whether he got $5; did not consider the $5 as for my vote; did not keep $5.

Mr. Harrison—For whom did you vote at election previous to the last?

Mr. Cameron objected to questions concerning previous elections being asked, and quoted authority in support of the objection.

The Vice Chancellor ruled that any evidence that would affect the present case should be heard.

Witness.—I voted for Skead at former election.

Cross examined by Mr. Cameron.—Before I got $5 had determined to vote for Mr. Monck; had made no promise to vote for Mr Monck if I got $5; was not influenced in the least by $5; might have told some neighbour I would vote for Mr. Monck; might have said I preferred Mr. Monck to Mr. Lyon; did say would vote for Mr. Monck before I saw Mr. Clemow, who gave me $5; knew Mr. Monck was a candidate before I saw Mr. Clemow.

Mr. Harrison submitted that the vote should be struck off, as there was ample evidence that undue influence had been used.

Mr. Cameron maintained that the money was not taken as payment for his vote, but simply for the loss of his time, and, Mr. Craig had returned the money when he found his accepting it could be construed into a bribe. He had made up his mind to vote for Mr. Monck previous to receiving $5, and, therefore, it was no attempt at corruption. Mr. Cameron read authority in support of his position.

The Vice-Chancellor thought that if every person were allowed to receive money for attending a meeting, corruption in elections could be accomplished with impunity, and, therefore, the vote should be struck off.

Mr. Harrison then moved that McElroy's vote be struck off, on the ground of corrupt practice, and being unduly influenced as shown in evidence yesterday.

Mr. Cameron would leave the matter to His Lordship to rule in it, but would submit that McElroy not having received money or the promise of money before voting, the receiving of four dollars to watch votes at the poll after he had voted, would scarcely be considered an act of corruption, and, consequently, could not render his vote void.

Mr. Harrison thought the man who offered to sell his vote to the opposing candidate for $50 would hardly work for Mr. Monck for nothing. He considered that the evidence showed sufficiently clear that there was some understanding between him and Mr. Monk's agent, Mr. Butler, that he would be paid for his services.

The Vice-Chancellor thought the vote should not be declared void on the mere suspicion that McElroy had rendered services to Monk with the provision of pay.

Patrick Egan's name was then struck off without any discussion. Thos. Remington's name was also struck off Mr. Cameron, making no objection.

Wm. Corbett, Mr. Brasil and John McKenna's names were struck off.

James Graves was then called, but not being in Court Mr. Harrison applied to his Lordship for an order to secure his attendance.

James Heffer was then sworn, and deposed: Live in Township of Nepean; voted at last election for Mr. Monck; did not act on any committee for Mr. Monck; received no money or promise of money from Mr. Monck; got no money before or after election, nor any promise of money. The witness was let go.

Thos. Gainsford was then called. Mr. Cameron submitted that this was a name added under the Second Order, and, therefore, could not be now taken up.

Alexander Kinch, of Nepean was then sworn, and answered as follows: Know Robert Crawford; lives near me; is not a friend of mine; I am a farmer; have a rented farm; do not know what Crawford's business is; had no conversation with Crawford; he only told me to go down and vote; I told him I would vote for Monk; know John Devy, he's my sister's son.

Mr. Harrison—He is your nephew. Witness—I'm his uncle; told my nephew a few days before I voted, that I was going to vote for Monk; Crawford gave me $2 a good while after I voted—same day—Do not know what he gave me $2 for. He owed me no money; I'll take money from any man that gives me it. He was let go and his name was struck off.

John Morrissey and John Nicholson's names were then struck off the list as objectionable votes, when Mr. Harrison stated that having the ten votes of a majority struck off, the petitioner was content to have the election declared void without putting forth any claim to the Seat.

Mr. Cameron would take the responsibility upon himself to terminate the contest in this way. All he wanted was the assurance that the petitioner would not claim the seat. He could go on and strike ten names off the petitioners list, but that mode of proceeding would protract the trial and incur great expense on both parties. If his Lordship would declare the election void on those grounds he was content that it should be done.

The Vice Chancellor had some doubt as to whether the case should be disposed of in that manner, but Mr. Cameron having admitted that Mr. McElroy and Kinch had received bribes from Monck's agents, but without his knowledge or consent, his Lordship declared Monck's election void, and the Court rose.

The Vice-Chancellor will report his decision to the Speaker of the Ontario Legislature, who will communicate it to the members of that body, by whom action will be taken in respect to it. Mr. Monk can, if he thinks proper, take his seat and vote on the Speakership.

It has been decided lately in the law courts that no Writ for a new election can be issued until the Speaker has been elected; then, if the Legislature adopt the Judge's report, it will be competent for any two members of the House to move that the Speaker issue a Writ for a new election; consequently, no election can take place in the county of Carleton until after the meeting of the Legislature which will probably not be sooner than November or December next.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

The Council met at 10 a. m.

Moved by Mr. Cowan, seconded by Mr. Wallace, that motion No. 39 of the session be now reconsidered, and that a by-law appointing Robert Sparks, P.L.S., a county engineer for the County of Carleton be now read a first, second, and third time, and passed, suspending all rules to the contrary. Carried.

Yeas—Cummings, Conn, Lyon, Wallace, Richardson, Caldwell, Hinton, Cowan, McEwen.

Nays—Smith, Mohr, McCaffrey, Blackburn, and Dawson.

Moved by Mr. Lyon, seconded by Mr. Cowan, that motion No. 46 be reconsidered, and that the sum of $100 be granted for the purpose of bridging a certain creek on the line between the counties of Lanark and Carleton, provided the county of Lanark do grant an equal sum; also, that Nicholas Thomlinson and McLinton be and are hereby appointed a commission to expend the amount and report to this Council. Carried.

Yeas: Messrs. Cummings, McEwan, Conn, Wallace, Mohr, Richardson, Caldwell, McCaffrey, Lyon, and Hinton.

Nays: Messrs. Dawson, Blackburn, and Smith.

Moved by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. Conn, that in addition to the information asked for in resolution No. 51, adopted yesterday, the Treasurer be requested to particularize the several amounts paid to any member of this Council for any purpose whatever, specifying the amount paid each member, and the purpose for which the payment was made. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dawson, seconded by Mr Wallace, That motion No. 45 be now taken up and reconsidered—Lost.

Moved by Mr McCaffrey, seconded by Mr. Mohr, That the account of Justices attending the gaol for the examination of lunatics, and granting certificates for their transfer to the Asylum, amounting to $20, be paid by the Warden's order on the treasurer—Carried.

The Justices of the Peace are Messrs. Workman, Grant, and Cowan, who examined ten lunatics confined in the common gaol.

Mr. Blackburn gave notice that he will, at the next meeting of the Council, move for the reconsideration of the By-law appointing a county engineer.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Cowan, That motion No. 145 be reconsidered, and amended by inserting $150 instead of $200, suspending all rules to the contrary—Lost.

Moved by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Smith, That the Warden's order be issued for ten dollars in favor of R. Lees, County Attorney, in payment for twenty copies of Ontario statutes of 1870 and 1871—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, seconded by Mr. Caldwell, that By-law 104, to assess for County purposes for 1871, be now read a first, second and third time, and passed, suspending all rules to the contrary.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, seconded by Mr. Caldwell, that By-law 105 for payment of salaries of School Teachers and Local Superintendents be now read a first, second and third time, and passed, suspending all rules to the contary.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, seconded by Mr. Richardson, that the account of R. Lees, Esq., be submitted to the Gaol and Building Committee, and that the Clerk do notify Mr. Lees that there are rooms for his office in the building occupied by this Council.—Lost.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Cummings, that one half the claim of Mr. Lees be liquidated by this Council in full of his claims for office rent, and that from this date he be furnished with office in Baldwin's Block in future.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION.

To the Warden and Council of the County of Carleton in Council assembled:

Your Committee have before them the petition of the County of Simcoe that the maintenance of all deaf and dumb institutions be paid by the Government, and pray that the said petition be adopted by this Council, and that the Board be authorized to forward a petition to the Government to the same effect.

Your Committee have also before them the following acccounts:

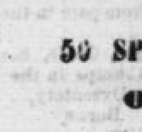
Times Printing and Publishing Company's account	$15.59
Citizen Office account	30.41
Local Superintendant of Osgood	8.00

And recommend that the above accounts be paid.

J. HINTON, Chairman,
A. McEWEN,
WM. RICHARDSON,
R. LYON.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. McEwen, that the Report of the Committee on Education just read be adopted.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cowan, seconded by Mr. McCaffrey, that this Council do now adjourn to Monday 11th December 2 o'clock p. m.—Carried.



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Twenty-five Cords of good HARDWOOD, and 15 Cords of Seasoned HEMLOCK, for sale at Low Prices, as the owner wants to go to his home in the country. Apply to JOHN BUTLER, at the Victoria Hotel, Paul street, Ottawa, June 17, 1871 1691tf

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O'MEARA & CO.,

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An immense Stock of

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Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts, Drawes, Under Shirts, &c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of Hosiery, Neckties, Scarfs, Handkerchiefs, Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

To Charles Leduc,

Of the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa, Esquire.

SIR,—We, the undersigned Electors of the County of Ottawa, having confidence in your intelligence and integrity to represent this section of the County, in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec, hereby request you to become a candidate at the next election, and we pledge you our support and influence to obtain your election:—

Rev Père Reboul, Pierre Poulin.
Rev Père Beaudin, I H Richer, J P
Ruggles Wright, F X Bouvier, Maire,
P Wetherall Wright, Francois Laurin, J. P.
Dr C E Graham, Councillor, Alfred Coté, peintre,
Samuel Pink, Councillor, Joseph Prudhomme,
Alex Prudhomme, Anselme Bédard,
Moise Bisson, Councillor, Basile Bédard,
M Tétreau, P., Néré Vachon, hôtellier
Chas Marcil, Avocat, Frs Robert,
Charles Roussel, Alexandre Laselle,
Hubert Blais, Joseph Berurand,
Joseph Poliquin, Père, Aug Monette,
Félix Périard, J Bte Hébert,
James Chénier, Francois Normand,
Guillaume Périard, Joseph Nadon,
Joseph Campeau, P H Chabot,
Joseph Poliquin, fils, Adolphe Chabot,
Seraphin St Denis, Joseph Valade,
Isaac Martin, Basile Bédard,
J Bte Châtillon, Hyacinthe Madar,
Alexis Latreille, Joseph Archambault,
Alexis St Denis, Amable Patenaude,
J Bte Dubrule, Hypolite Legrand,
Bte Lalonde, Hilaire Jolicœur,
Clément Jodouin, Olivier Milliotte,
Francois Bastien, Joseph Rairard,
Nazeret Fauteux, Joseph Pepin,
Pierre Pichette, Thomas Sauvé,
Luc Derragon, Joseph Deschêne,
Bazile Villeneuve, Camille Augé,
Daniel Papillon, Chars Fhalerdan,
Jos Beaudin, M D, Louis Barrett,
Gilbert Leclerc, Hilaire Champagne,
Théophile Turcotte, Amable Sauvé,
Jérémie Boyer, Joseph Montreuil,
Moise Campeau, jr, Olivier Pilon,
Edouard Clermont, J Bte Gauthier,
Alphonse Grignon, François Groulx,
Edouard Joubert, Victor Corbeil,
Narcisse Carpentier, J Bte Chalifou,
Luc Lalonde, Israël Terrien,
Francois Charbonneau, Hypolite Legrand,
Prospère Ducharme, Louis Désjardins,
Onésime Fréchette, J Bte Lapensée,
Joseph Lemieux, jr, Alphonse Grignon,
Ambroise Sanctueur, Amable Lapierre,
Cléophas Sabourin, Cyrille Chémér.
Pierre Proulx, Narcisse Chartran,
John Wright, Agustin Pepin, fils,
Charles Renaud, Richard Nevill,
Alfred Filiatrault, Alexandre D'Aoust,
Téophile Cabana, Hubert Côté,
Olivier Martin, Edouard Renaud,
M W Noctor, Xavier Sarrasin,
M Laflamme, fils, S B Cimon, Merchant,
Charles Lafontaine, Solomon Chartrand,
Amable Bertrand, Théophile Blondin,
J Bte Bertrand, J Bte Arbicque,
Edouard Dupins, Marcel Ploof,
Louis Laviolette, Joseph E Leduc, Boucher,
Louis Bastien, J Bte Leduc, Hotellier,
Louis Cadieux, Marchand, Louis Gaumont, Peintre,
Eustache Guilbeau, Masson, F X Elie Gauthier, Marchand,
A Rathier, Marchand, Jean Bte Amiot,
Onésime Paquette, Marchand, J Bte Audette.
Joseph Charbonneau, Marchand, Pierre Daoust,
Alphonse Thérien, Alfred Graton,
Hector Lapointe, Eustache Libersar,
Félix Labelle, Joseph Lalonde,
Honoré Labelle, Marchand, André Riopelle,
Hilaire Vieau, J Bte Villeneuve,
Robert Auclair, Marchand, Isidore Dechéne,
Edouard Truesdell, Avocat, Chs Beauvois,
Gilbert Leclerc, Toussaint Deslaurier,
M Silvère Dumontier, I J, Tmothé Lefort,
Cuthbert Bordeleau, Cordonnier, Evariste Dechêne,
Onesime Groulx, Joseph Carriere,
Joseph Grondin, Joseph Villancour,
Joseph Vincent, Louis Peronce,
J B Gauthier, Cyrille St Denis, Marchand,
Capt Hypolite Fortin, Antoine Parant, ouvrier,
J Bte Grenier, Hotellier, Alphonse Pichette,
Hormisdas Bernèche, Masson, Firmin Richard, Masson,
Joachim Lafrance, Dolphice Jannary, cordonier,
Jules Pichette, Toussaint Dupuis,
Gossien Blais, Olivier Caron,
Louis Groulx, J Bte Charbonneau,
Jules Doucet, Isidore Jaudoin,
Dolphin Fortier, Joseph Jaudoin, marchand,
Jean Reginbal, Calixe Rouleau, charretier,
J Bte Brancho, Arsène Lasule,
Pierre Champagne, fils, F Xavier Rouleau,
Joseph Papin, Père, Narcisse Carpentier,
Joseph Groulx, François Lalonde,
Charles Menard, Honoré Doré,
Joseph Verbonccœur, Masson, William Timmens, marchand,
Louis Corbeil, Marcelin Larose, merchand,
Chrs B F Piché, François Vachon, boulanger,
Etienne Prudhomme, Joseph Larose, boucher,
Barnabé D'Arpentigni, Augustin Papin, Père,
H Gravel, Conseiller, Alfred Lanc,
Etienne Delorier, Octave Latour,
Evangeliste Roy, Gustave Chevrier,
Etienne Béseth, Louis Barrette,
Alfred Derouin, Joseph Larose,
Godfroid Cayé, J Bte Larose,
Louis Goulet, Pierre Bonneville,
Bélonie Alard, Louis Charette,
Magloire Dumontier, Antoine Charette,
Narcisse Dusault, Joseph Derouin,
Isaie Dazé, Adolphe Derouin,
Michel Dicaire, S R, André Plouff,
Michel Dicame, Sr, Norbert Noir, fils,
A L G Dumoutier, Alfred St Louis,
Edouard Duquet, J Bte Derouin,
Bernabé Darpentigny, Jacques Goyette,
Michel Navion, Napoleon Moreau,
Ludger Navion, Désiré Bastarache,
Joseph Duquette, Martin Butler,
CharlesHynds, H Labelle, hotellier,
Pierre Racine, ouvrier, Cyphrien Ouellette,
J Bte Sayen, Père, George Thomas,
J Bte Sayen, fils, Louis Dussault,
Alexandre Sayen, Timothe Roy
Néré Rochon, ouvrier, Joseph Roy,
Telesphore Rochon, Hotellier, A L Dumontier,
François Ranger, Eustache Simon, marchand,
Nasaire Guilmette, André Sabourin,
Jean Bte Dorion, Grégoire Belanger,
Emanuel Dorion, George Duguay,
Jean Bte Chenier, Xavier Patenaude,
Edmond Bertrand, Théophile Beaudin,
Michel Hotte, J B Bessete,
François Counal, Théophile Laure,
Paschal Ouilette, Gédéon Loyer,
Fabien Soulière, E Richer Sr.,
Joseph Gosselin, E Richer Jr,
Pierre Sauvé, Alphonse Roy,
François Galarneau, Joseph Roy,
François Chatelle, Octave Dubuc,
Pierre St Martin, Edouard Renaud,
Thomas Proulx, Narcisse Mirault,
Bernabé Sabourin, Narcisse Fréchette,
Ignace Renaud, Joseph Papin,
Sévère Chatellad, John McDonald,
G Bonbardin, Treffile Laliberté,
Honoré Labelle, Napoleon Therien,
Amédée Sabourin, Camille Chenevert,
Hercule Verbonccœur, Victor Levesque,
Magloire Carrière, Octave Levesque,
Thomas Lynard, Alexander Taylor,
Charles Fournelle, Moise Galipeau,
Adélane Verbonccœur, John Thibert,
François Goulet, Chs Auger,
Samuel Pelerin, Joseph Buissiere,
Telesp Sauvaugeau, Joseph Marion,
Ambroise Roy, Candide Pilon,
I L Iecko, Chas Goyette,
Alexis Coté, Francois Gendron,
Alfred Coté, Noe Perrier,
Louis Gaumd, Severin Lachapelle,
Norbert Plante, Narcisse Brossard,
Calixte Viau, Joseph Mulerin,
François Brosseau, Eustache Rochon,
Elie Bourgeois, Magloire Landry sr,
J Bte Lebris, Magloire Landry jr,
Felix Cardinal, Jean Bte Castonguay
Erneste Duchesne, Frs Larose,
David Lamotte, Felix Dault,
Pierre Durocher, Maxime Hébert,
Jean B Lacasse, F E Fortin,
Louis Roi, Henri Guertin,
Hyacinthe Madore, O Messier,
Mar Larose, John Broadhead,
Elie Labelle, Wm Sayer,
Joseph Carrière, Moise Daigneau,
Augustin Larose, Alphonse Richard,
Joseph Venance, Hilaire Mathias,
Joseph Franche, Gustave Chevrier,
François Sauriole, Godefroi Latreille,
Mizael Pariseau. Mathias Rousson,
Jean Bte Séguin, Nap Lacasse,
George Grenier, Wm Anderson,
George Latrimouille, Aimée Jodouin,
Victor Bourgeois, T Raymond,
Joseph Riopelle, Aimée Monfils,
Joseph Lefebvre, J Bte Lafontaine,
Isaie Fleury, Louis Desmarais,
Nérée Rochon, Basil St Louis,
Jean Bte Séguin jr, Wilfred Bissonnette,
Joseph Séguin, Chs Denommés,
Pierre Vallée, Jos Charbonneau,
Joseph Pelchat, Alexandre Morin,
Olivier Paré, Geo Ardi
Joseph Lécuyer, Capt John A Boult,
Joachin Lafontaine, Jno Bte Dupuis,
Adolph Vilneuve, Louis Fortin,
Olivier Charette, Thos Mousseau
Joseph Moreau, conseillers: Jeremie Bergeron, Pierre Matte, Gabriel Lauzier, Baptiste Lauzier
E. S. Boncheaul, J Bte Desjardin,
Joseph Daoust, Mag Charbonneau,
D. Derouin, Prosper Oliver,
Amable Beaudry, Jr. Maxime Chartier,
Amable Baudry, Sr. Xavier Peaudevins,
Louis Cyr, Alexandre Dupras,
Joseph Dion, Oliver Vilneuve,
J. Bte. Audette, Joseph Charboneau,
Jerimie Charon, Louis Bertrand,
Théophile Vieau, Joseph Beaubien,
Amable Martel, Jean Charette,
F. X. Laurin, Jr. Felix Tetie,
Pascal Cyr, Edouard St Germain,
Charles Cyr, Napoleon Bertrand,
Pierre Posée, Antoine Lafontaine,
Alfred Osburn, Octave Lamanche,
Felix Pepin, Jr. Francois Lacloches,
Jermie Hurtubise. Richard Kelly,
Thomas Homes. F X Girard, Maire,
Eustache Hebert, Jr. Conseilliers,
Eustache Hebert, Sr. John Prudhomme,
Arsene Hebert, Salem Charette, Buckingham,
France Lagasse, Peter Barret,
Joseph Charon, EustacheGradmaison, Buckingham,
Julien Decarie Jr. Louis Lecuyer,
Julien Decarie Sr. Oné Constantineau,
Antoine Dore, Maxime Hamelin,
Julien Decarie, Joseph Laurin,
Grégoire Matte, Eusebe Lafontaine,
Francois Aubry, Felix Charon,
Francois Nadon, Honoré Lafontaine,
Isid. Constantineau, Narcise Roy,
J Bte Bresetts, Jr, Louis Jolicoeur,
J Bte Bresetts, Sr, J Bte Brunette,
Joseph Pilon Jr. Narcise Roy, Père,
Joseph Campeau Jr, J Bte Hout, Père,
Eusebe Campeau, J Bte Hout, fils,
Augustin Campeau, Joseph Lafontaine, Père.
J Bte Descarie, Seraphin Belanger,
Louis Cousineau, François Belanger,
J N Rousel, N P Michael Padden,
Salem Charette, Louis Cousineau,
Moise Charon, J Bte Benoit,
Napoleon Belanger, Celestin Belanger,
Elie Belanger, J Bte Loucire,
Gilbert Lachapelle, Moise Galipeau,
Joseph Hurtubise, Emanuel Dufresne,
Hypolite Jascon, Alexandre Charon,
Isaac Lepin, Hyacinthe Amour,
Joachim Lafontaine, Guillaume Nantel,
Antoine Lafontaine, Louis Lécuyer, Père,
Octave Lamarche, Estor St François,
Jules Belanger, Narcise Roy, Père,
Julliare Marenger, Narcise Roy, fils,
Louis Lafontaine, J. P.
S. Moreau Marchand,
Joseph Lafontaine,
Pierre Charette, Antoine Gareau, Père,
Narcisse Matte, Antoine Gareau, fils,
D Derouin, François Brunette,
Joseph Galipeau, Damasse Charon,
Louis Paturin, Treffé Hornier,
Nap Constantineau, J Bte Lequelt,
Maxime Bélan, Sr, Eusèbe St Jean,
Joseph Charon, Louis Bélanger,
Joseph St. Jacques, J Bte Legance, Père

REPLY.

To the Rev. Fathers Reboul, Beaudin, Messrs. Ruggles Wright, F. X. Bouvier, and others, and to all the Electors of the County of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—After reading the above requisition, signed, as it is, by such a large number of the most influential electors of the County, I deem it a duty to accede to your request, acknowledging, therefore, the high honor conferred upon me by your invitation, I beg leave to inform you that I will present myself at the coming elections as candidate for the representation of the rich and important County of Ottawa.

After a five years connection with the press, and a long and careful study of the politics of this country, I beg to tender to this County and the Province in general, the benefit of my experience and the result of my labors.

If elected, I pledge myself to give my cordial support to all measures, which, in my humble opinion, I will consider necessary or useful to this Province and to this County in particular—nevertheless I may state here that in politics my principles and views have always been liberal, and progressive, and are Conservative. Agriculture, commerce, and education, are three questions which will be objects of my most earnest and careful consideration, as I regard them as indispensable and essential, alike to the welfare, prosperity and growth of a nation.

I will endeavor to promote and protect the lumber trade, more especially in the interests of this county, as I consider that trade to be not only one of the greatest sources of wealth in this country, but also as a principal means of extending considerably the limits of colonization.

I will do all in my power to encourage colonization by giving my support to and adopting the most efficient and effectual means of encouraging emigration to these parts of the country which are yet unsettled—by obtaining from the Government for that object, liberal grants for the opening of roads and the construction of bridges, and especially by exercising scrupulous justice and fairness in the distribution of the different sums of money which may be voted for that purpose.

I will also endeavor to encourage the opening out and the working of the immense mineral resources of this country, by calling the attention of capitalists, and if I succeed in that object, the Government, the capitalist, the laborer will alike profit by it.

In the distribution of the public offices of this country I will endeavor to show more liberality, justice, and impartiality than has been heretofore manifested. I will recommend the appointment of men worthy in every respect to fill these offices to the satisfaction of all parties concerned. I will be careful not to leave indefinitely vacant any office which by its importance to the county ought to be filled up at once.

I shall endeavor on every occasion, to exhibit a liberal spirit towards all. I hold in contempt those who take a hole and corner view, or what is worse, regard with an eye of personal greed questions of grave importance to the country at large, as has been done in the past; yet I believe in the advantage to a county of great extent such as this of having as its representative a person residing in as central a place as possible. Such as Hull, for instance.

I well recognize the absurdity of raising national "cries" in political matters; nevertheless, without attempting anything of the kind, I must say that in the Quebec Parliament, composed almost exclusively of French Canadians, it is to the advantage of almost any county in the Province, to select a French Canadian as its representative, as he finds himself among those of his own race and language, and is enabled to address them with greater facility than one of another origin.

To conclude, gentlemen, if elected, I shall exert my best energies to promote the progress of the Province, and particularly of this county. I shall ever be happy and grateful to my fellow-citizens for their advice, and, I shall devote myself with all my heart to the duties of the responsible position you shall have conferred on me. Meanwhile,

I remain,
Gentlemen,
Your humble servant,
CHARLES LEDUC.

WANTED.

For Ottawa City, an energetic, reliable AGENT, for a first-class British Life Assurance Company, to whom a liberal commission will be paid. Address, Drawer 319 P.O., Montreal.

Ottawa, June 12, 1871 1689 8

PORTER'S BLOCK.

34. SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE FANCY

DRY GOODS

In their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good selection,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

☞ Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,
NEW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS
Departments

THE SALVAGE GOODS,

Amounting to over $7,500,

SAVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared out at prices which will be sure to command a sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low price goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34 SPARKS STREET

Ottawa, March 30, 1871 1628

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY,

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..		$5 00
20lbs "	"	9 00
10lbs	month	1 50
20lbs	"	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance. ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER.

N. B.—Ice supplied per ton or cwt.

Ottawa, April 871

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE,

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,
Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 RIDEAU STREET.

☞ OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you.

1634 3m

The Tea Pot

RIDEAU STREET.

Try John Hill's Teas and Coffees.

Try JOHN HILL'S Teas and Coffees and you'll find
That they are of a most superior kind.
The various samples, when you fairly test,
You'll find to be the richest and the best.
Join with the many who each day procure
Goods at THE TEA POT, Rideau Street, so rich and pure.
The best and cheapest you can ever buy
Are those which HILL is able to supply.

The following TEAS and COFFEES have been received within the last few days, and as they are FRESH and (NEW SEASON) can be recommended, the flavor being equal to any Teas ever imported into Canada:

FINEST JAPAN TEA (The very best that can be produced)
EXCELLENT KAISOW CONGOU TEA (Something extra)
CHOICE YOUNG HYSON TEA.
VERY SUPERIOR BLACK TEA (True Souchong) in Catties of 10 lbs each.
VERY FINEST GUNPOWDER TEA (Something extra).
EXTRA SCENTED ORANGE PEKOE.

PURE JAPAN TEA, 60 cts. per lb., or 5 lbs. of the same article for $2.75.

GOOD SOUND TWANKAY TEA, 5 lbs. for $2.00

☞ *The Finest Flavored Coffee to be obtained in this country, consisting of Pure Mountain Berry, Mocha, Java, Old Government Java and Plantation.*

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, If you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street,

BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—
J DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes's, bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

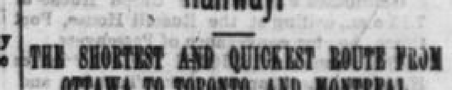
Ottawa, May 2, 1871

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 73259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given, which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1675tf



The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

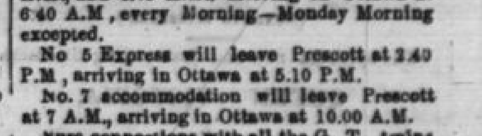
Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.
R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.
Ottawa June 1st, 1871



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1.30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 4 30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2.00 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5.40 p.m., and at Sand Point, 8 30 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a.m arriving at Brockville at 1.34 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 2.50 p.m., and 6.20 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 3.50 p.m., 10.00 p.m., 6.15 p.m. 1.30 p.m.

Leave Sand Point

At 8.30 a.m., 11.30 a.m., 3.00 a.m., 2.00 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a.m., after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk. Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, June 5, 1871

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Side-Wheel Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2870tf

ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*.... Captain Findlay.
" *Emerald*........ " Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*... " Murphy.
" *Alliance*........ " Blondin.
" *Oregon*......... " Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*...... "
" *Jason Gould*..... " Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*. " Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*....... " Duggan.
" *Pontiac*......... " D. Mulligan
" *Keppawe*........ " B J Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Capitaine.

Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

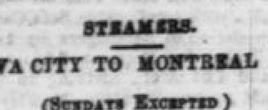
The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning—Leaving Chapeau same day at 1 o'clock, p.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL

STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,

CAPT. BOWIE,

PRINCE OF WALES,

CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.
R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

JUST RECEIVED.

—AT—

HAUSER'S

RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,

That splendid new Magazine,

THE WEDDING BELLS.

—ALSO—

BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL
FOR MARCH AND APRIL.

Ottawa, April 19, 1871

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St, James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to get out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2p

NO MORE BUGS!

WROUGHT IRON BEDSTEADS,

Just Received Direct from ENGLAND.

Another lot of these celebrated BEDSTEADS handsomely painted and ornamented, and cheaper than any Bedstead sold in this city, there is no danger of breaking off the legs, as there always is with the ordinary ones sold, which are made of Cast Iron. Ask for the

ENGLISH WROUGHT IRON

BEDSTEADS.

Also to arrive this week,

CHILDRENS COTS!!!

Same make as the above, at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA.

CH MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, June 14, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,

OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR.

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d, 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and
Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa,
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy,
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy Ports,
Domecqs and Greek Sherry,
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.
Bass', Guinnes's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.

Liberal terms.
☞ Inspection invited.
K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND

MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

In Templeton	100	acres.
In Eardley	9,500	"
In Hull,	1,500	"
Total,	11,100	

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3.n

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa.

N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD,

Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER

—AND—

SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871.

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.

June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

☞ All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deif Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Meta Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Butts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c., &c. together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P.S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, No 18, 1870

SELLING

OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES

OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,

WINE MERCHANT,

Elgin Street,

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

☞ A few good Fowls for sale.

J. HERBERT,
N on-st., West
near Richmond Road, Ottawa.

April 26, 1871

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M	CLOSE. P.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
......	12.45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.3
......	12 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B.	8.00	......	4.20
......	......	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	......	6.00
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	6.00
10 15	12 45	9 00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00		4.20
10.15	12.45	....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00		4.20
......	10.15	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c.			4.20
9.20	2.00	1.10	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00		3.00
9 20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. O. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......		3.00
10.30 7 00	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	8.00	11.00	7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.			7.00
10.00	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00		
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays.	......	......	6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 7, 1871

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa

The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq., has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,

The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq.

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Nov last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Busines.

Claims Paid for Assurances....	£8,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid.	2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of....	6,570,000.00
Annual Income............	1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions* of *Policies.*

The *Non-Forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

☞ Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW,
Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal

J. & W. T. Pennock,
Agents, Ottawa.

March 13, 1871 168a

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co-relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion.

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz.: the Lumber Interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim.

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in its large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly, our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH

Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

J. R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

1871. ICE! **1871.**

ICE! *ICE!*

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, of $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's [residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street,

Ottawa, May 1649d

Medical.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING
THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND
PREVENTING TOOTHACHE
ARE
SOLD
BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS
IN ALL
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESSRS. GABRIEL.
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL. LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily usdd. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

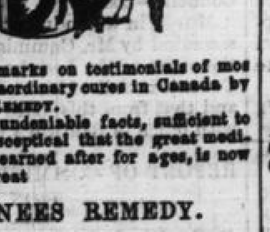
MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,

May 11871

SHOSONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecoy, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion, Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommenced may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 3rd June, 1871.

Authorized discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa, June 3, 1871

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 12a F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43atf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 45atf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor. Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34atf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton s Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into is practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LYON.

H. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and Information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,
November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD R. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts and Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accounts accurately prepared. Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's office Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1585 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.

Montreal, Mar h 1871 2 3m

W. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

☞ TEAS AND WINES, ☜

8 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

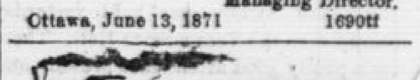
On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at.........	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at......	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at......	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at.....	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at..................	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at...................	8 30 a m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at..........	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston.........	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz.:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal:

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST, OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables, and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer

No. 67 Sussex-st.

OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

☞ FLOWER SEEDS. ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks-st

Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET.

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel.

Strict attention to business.
Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1598

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.

J. A. GEMMILL,
Solicitor &c.

Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.

Ottawa, Feb. 21, 87 159

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 35 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa JAMES CAREW, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1696. OTTAWA, TUESDAY. JUNE 20, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.

Possession given 20th May.

Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere, near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to

T. M. CLARK,

Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the Young Men's Christian Association corner of Sussex and Elgin streets. (BANGS Block.)

Apply for terms, &c., to

C W BANGS.

Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY

For particulars, apply to

THOS. PATTERSON,

No. 26 Rideau street.

Ottawa, Feb, 16, 1871

TO LET,

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road.

Also the Shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.

For particulars apply to

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,

Ottawa, Feb, 16, 592tf

MONTREAL OCEAN

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. SUMMER SERVICE. 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

	Liverpool Line.
SCANDINAVIAN	10th June.
PERUVIAN	13th "
CASPIAN	17th "
MORAVIAN	24th "

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

AUSTRIAN	1st July.
PRUSSIAN	8th "
NESTORIAN	15th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin....$77 25 to $87 00

Steerage....$29 25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line are intended to be despatched from Quebec, on or about the following dates:

	Glasgow Line.
CORINTHIAN	8th June.
OTTAWA	15th "
ST. DAVID	22nd "
ST. ANDREW	29th "
ST. PATRICK	6th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin....$67 25

Intermediate....$47 or 44 00

Steerage....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,

Agents, 17 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1599tf

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,

Have Received

EX. LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

TO CATTLE BREEDERS.

BULL—The "Marquis of Belmont" will stand for Cows at the Waterford Farm, Township of Gloucester, this season, at Four Dollars each.

WM. GRAHAM.

CANADA SHORT HORN STOCK REGISTER.

Certificate of Registered Pedigree of Two Years Old Bull,

No. 514 THE MARQUIS OF BELMONT,

Red and White, calved January 16, 1866, bred by Mr. JOHN ASHWORTH, Belmont, Ottawa, the property of WILLIAM GRAHAM, Esq., of Gloucester, got by Sweetmeat [368], (20924), dam, souvenir of Thordale by 2nd Grand Duke (12961), g. dam, Dalpine (imp.), by Harold (10299), gr. g. dam, Limpid, by Viceoyr (7678), &c., &c. See Herd Book.

HUGH C. THOMSON,

Sec. Board of Ag.

Board of Agricultural Office,

Toronto, Jan'y 6, 1870 1692tf

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can recover it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.

ANN JANE HAMILTON.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871. 1633tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,

The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises

STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.

And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.

Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street,

Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OF BROCKVILLE,

Who will continue the Business in the same premises, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871.

In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871. 1681 2m.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANT

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will suit those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.

The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.

From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves.

Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:

Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

CLOTHING HALL!

New Store.

J. M. GOULDEN

Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at

No. 100 Sussex Street,

NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,

A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.

Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.

Do not Forget the Place

No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,

Next Door to F. McDougall & Co

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colour Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c.

To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.

There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.

The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

—TO—

N. FAULKNER,

SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, April 28, 1871 1652 3m

ALBION HOTEL,

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1685 3m

DRY GOODS

—AT—

RETAIL.

SUMMER FASHIONS

SHOWING THIS DAY,

—AT—

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,

Beautiful Bonnets
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets
Splendid Lace Shawls

Also in Immense Variety,

Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques,
Horrockses, Millar & Co, Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
King's best Window Holland,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c.,

SPECIAL LINES.

Linen Percale's and Lawns, for Seaside Wear.
Walking Stick Parachutes " " "
Carangen Frame Parasols and Umbrellas,—
Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makes.
Coventry Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and Mantle Trimmings, in great variety.

EXTRAORDINARY.

43 Patterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL,

Take this opportunity of returning their, sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

HATS HATS,

HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place,

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

DOMINION HOUSE,

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,

Dominion House,

Late Grand River Hotel.

Ottawa, May, 13, 1871. 1665 3m

FRESH! FRESH! FRESH!

SALMON

The first of the Season just received, at

MOSES LAPOINTE'S,

Fish Dealer,

Lower Town Market.

N. B.—All kinds of Lake, River, and Sea Fish, always on hand.

Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685c

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS,

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES.

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewe energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause, Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.

SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.

SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.

EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.

SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent decple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits as daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

E. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 32s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantil, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo-Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. B. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,

Galvanic Establishment,

209 Regent Street, London, W

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awly

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 1st June, 1871.

GENERAL REGULATION

POST CARDS.

Under the authority of the Post Office Act 1867, Canada Post Cards bearing an impression stamp of one cent, and issued for sale to the public by this Department at one cent each, shall be, and shall be deemed to be, mailable matter within the meaning of the said Act, and shall pass as such throughout the Dominion without further charge for delivery from any post office or way office, subject to the following conditions:

1. The front or stamped side of the card is to be used for the address only, there must be nothing else either written or printed upon it.

2. On the other or reverse side, any communication, whether of the nature of a letter or otherwise, may be written or printed. Nothing whatever may be attached to the card, nor may it be folded, cut, or otherwise altered.

3. There must be no words, marks or designs, written, printed, or otherwise placed on the cards of an obscene, indecent, immoral, libellous or grossly offensive character.

No 4. Post Cards can be posted as second time.

A. CAMPBELL,

1695 3 Postmaster General.

UNSURVEYED LANDS OF MANITOBA.

Extract of an Order in Counsil, dated 25th May, 1871.

Whereas the Public Survey of Manitoba cannot be effected in time to facilitate settlement on the lands by the numerous parties now in, and those about emigrating to that Province, and it is deemed expedient temporarily to countenance settlements being made in advance of such Survey,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

1. That parties found upon the lands at the time of Survey, having settled upon and improved the same in good faith as settlers under the land regulations, will be protected in the enjoyment thereof, whether the same be pre-emption or homestead right, provided they respectively enter for such right with the Land Officer, and otherwise carry out the provisions of the said regulations in that behalf, within three months after the Survey shall have been made.

2. That on settling on the lands parties will require to bear in mind the systems of Survey adopted, by which the lines run due East and West and North and South, and the 160 acres or quarter section is an exact square of half a mile each way, under which system alone pre-emption or homestead rights based upon settlement previous to survey will be recognised.

J. C. AIKINS,

Secretary of State.

Department of the Secretary of State of Canada.

Ottawa, May 31st, 1871 1695 3

McGill University, Montreal,

SESSION 1871-72.

THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—

FACULTY OF ARTS.....September 15th.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE....October 3rd.

FACULTY OF LAW.....October 3rd.

The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.

The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.

In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered

First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100

Second Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100

Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.

The Calendar containing details of all the above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES,

Secretary.

May 31, 1871 1689 2awk 2m

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 13th June, 1871.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and for the reasons given in his Report of the 8th June instant, His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Red River, in the Province of Manitoba, from the point of its intersection with the Boundary Line between the United States and the said Province of Manitoba (Canada) to its junction with Lake Winnipeg, shall be and the same is hereby declared to be comprised within the limits of the Port of Winnipeg under the following conditions and restrictions, that is to say:—

All Steamers, Vessels and boats of any kind on entering the said Province of Manitoba, on the Red River, shall be, and they are hereby required to report at the Out Port of North Pembina, and to comply with all existing requirements of the law, but, on payment of duty at that out port on goods destined for any place between that out port and the Port of Winnipeg, they be permitted, on the warrant of the Sub-Collector, to land and discharge such goods, or the luggage of such passengers as may desire to disembark, before reaching the said Port of Winnipeg.

That in like manner, after payment of duties at the Port of Winnipeg, the same privilege be granted them as at the said Out Port—to land and discharge goods under the restrictions aforesaid at any place on the Red River above or below Winnipeg—and all steamers plying within the limits and observing the conditions aforesaid, shall be considered and treated as trading within the limits of the said Port of Winnipeg.

W. H. LEE,

1695 3 Clerk Privy Council.

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL.

The most beautiful site in the neighbourhood of the Capital, and the most pleasant and convenient place about Ottawa, for Pic Nics, &c.

A large covered Platform, raised eight feet from the ground, and capable of accommodating 4,000 persons, is admirably suited for Dancing, for Dramatic Soirees, and such like entertainments.

The Refreshments and Liquors to be had on the grounds are of the best quality.

Pleasure parties could not find a more comfortable and pleasant place to enjoy themselves.

At night the Gardens are well illuminated. Once properly known they will be regarded as indispensable during the summer season. There will be a Dancing School in the Gardens every THURSDAY night, except when occupied by a Pic-nic.

Hull, June 7, 1871 1685 2m

G. A. SHELDON,

HATTER AND FURRIER,

Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive

HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT

In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.

G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.

A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1665 3m

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1866.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MASTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelised Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

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Drowned at the Chaudiere, on SATURDAY last, AUGUSTINE CHAMOS. Any information which may lead to the recovery of the body, will be thankfully received by his father, at Mr. BRONSON'S Office, Chaudiere. The Boy was 11 years of age, had on grey etoffe pants a grey vest, and a chequered white and red shirt

Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

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BENEDICTUS.

The world is wide, and friends are few,
And every one will love his own;
And yet I hold this record true—
The loving never walk alone.
I own the glad response that thrills
In answer to my spirit's call.
And, board as sunshine on the hills,
May God's great peace be over all!

Dear, tender souls that walk in white,
Strong hearts that throb so close and warm.
I feel your presence still and bright,
I know your touch in sun and storm;
Your fingers calm the pulse of care,
Your voices greet me far away;
My life has known its anguished prayer—
The benediction falls to-day!

Oh! unseen lives that answer mine?
Your pictured faces round me rise,
Till loves that glow with passion's wine,
Lie husband in dreams of Paradise.
Oh! strong as death, and sweet as life,
To help you bring when hands grow weak.
And God's deep undertone to strife
Is sounding in the words you speak.

No more, dear hearts, my steps shall wait
Before the phantom gates of wrong;
Life's summer day, though dawning late
Is filling all my soul with song
And if my heart should faint with fear
In noontide heat or closing day,
Love's benediction, breathing near,
Shall speed me up the starry way.

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XI.

THOLING HIS ASSIZE.

(*Continued.*)

"He will break down," thought Mr. Dunbar, watching how the man's hand shook as he held it out. "There is a nice little understanding between the pair somehow. I am to avoid cross-examination if it be possible, and this Mr. Anthony Hardell was not to be called for the defense—well, we shall see what my learned brother makes of him," and Mr. Dunbar secretly regretting, perhaps, that he was not in his learned brother's shoes, when he would undoubtedly have pulled the witness to pieces, settled himself in his place while the advocate-depute began.

"You know the panel intimately, I believe, Mr. Hardell?"

"I beg your pardon," said Anthony.

"You have been acquainted with Andrew Hardell a long time?" amended the advocate-depute.

"Yes, for years."

"Would you oblige me by looking round and seeing if the prisoner be your friend?"

"Stand up," whispered one of the individuals who sat beside him; and Andrew, rising, looked pitifully at Anthony.

He it was who had brought him to this; he with his cursed, unholy passion; with his feeble, lying lips; with his false pretenses; with his encouragement of the dead man's senseless jealousy—he it was, and yet Andrew did not feel angry. In the midst of his own misery and his own despair, he sorrowed for the anguish which he knew must be in his old companions heart. The lessons learned on the hill-side, on the heights beyond Colveland had not been quite thrown away; already the seeds were sown, destined to make him in the after-time compassionate and long-suffering, and they quickened at sight of Anthony's face—a face which was not less worn and altered than his own.

"Yes," answered the witness, "that is Andrew Hardell."

"Your friend?"

"My friend, whom I consider perfectly incapable of committing such a crime as that with which he is charged."

"You are here to state facts, not to express opinions, Mr. Hardell," said the advocate-depute, sharply, in reply to which remark Anthony bowed his head and answered apologetically and respectfully,

"I shall not transgress again, sir!"

"They certainly are a pair o' weel brought up young men," considered some of the jury, "and it maun be a sair trial for baith o' them."

"You were acquainted with the late Mr. Challerson and his wife?"

"Yes I had known them in England, and when my friend and myself came north we met them at Inverness."

"Was that the prisoner's first introduction to Mrs. Challerson?"

"I believe so—in fact, I am certain he had never seen her before."

"She is very beautiful?"

"Most persons consider her so. I do—but my friend never possessed any admiration for her—rather the contrary."

"Wnat do you mean by rather the contrary?"

"I mean that he said he did not admire her; he said hers was not the style of beauty for which he cared."

"And you believed him when he said so?"

"I had no reason to do otherwise; one generally believes what a man says till one has cause to doubt his veracity."

"Nevertheless, he greatly affected the lady's society?"

"He affected it to the extent men usually do when travelling with a handsome and clever woman—so far—but no farther."

"So far, however, proved sufficient to excite her husband's jealousy?"

"Yes—but it excited that jealousy unjustly—Mr. Challerson disliked any man who talked much with his wife. He was as unreasonably and senselessly jealous as is the case with many women."

"He never evinced any feeling of jealousy towards you."

"Never; but I am not at a loss to see what that has to do with this trial."

"You are not bound to answer that question," interposed Lord Glanlorn.

"Thank you, my lord; I have no objection to answer any question, only I think the lady's name ought to be kept as much out of this sad business as possible."

Whereupon there was an approving murmur in court. Anthony Hardell's manner was perfection, and proved he had not studied pulpit elocution for nothing—that sort of pulpit elocution, I mean, which makes fashionable ladies apply handkerchiefs to their eyes, and call a man a dear, while all the time the man knows he is a humbug.

But there was no humbug in Anthony Hardell's mind, then. God help him he was using the best weapons he had in self-defence, and in defending his friend. If the weapons were not true, it was only because steel cannot be forged save out of iron, and there was no iron in the whole of the being of this poor, weak, wretched, cowardly sinner.

"What was the reason you so suddenly parted company with your friends in Edinburgh?"

"We found travelling with them increased our expenses to a degree which our small incomes could ill afford."

"When you left Edinburgh it was with the intention of returning to England; why, then, did your friend induce to you to visit Dumfries?"

"I induced him," was the reply; "we had intended going farther north, when that meeting with the Challersons changed our plans. I told him I wanted a longer holiday, and proposed we should visit the 'Red gauntlet' country, and return to England from Kirkcudbright. He agreed to my proposition, and we came here."

"And you left before he did? Was there any disagreement between you?"

"Not the slightest. A plan presented itself that seemed calculated to promote my happiness and advancement in life. I mentioned it to my friend, and I may add he assisted me with the means to carry it out. We parted—I to go to London, and he to return to Langmore, *via* Kirkcudbright."

"May I require what the plan was to which you have referred?"

"Certainly not; it was altogether a private enterprise of my own."

"And you say the prisoner assisted you with the means to carry it out?"

"Yes; he lent me all the money he had—I mean all his capital; and as it has been suggested he meant to run away with Mrs. Challerson, I may add his loan to me deprived him of all ready money, except a very small amount indeed—quite insufficient to meet the requirements of a lady with such expensive tastes as those affected by Mrs. Challerson."

"Have you been able to carry out your plan, Mr. Hardell?"

"I have not," was the reply, and thereupon dark visions of contemplated simony crossed the minds of some of the jury.

"He purposed buying a leeving," thought some of them, who were aware of the fact of English benefices being bought and sold, and never heard of the overthrowing of the money-changers' tables without associating the idea of Church and State therewith.

"Was the prisoner aware Mr. and Mrs. Challerson intended visiting friends in the neighborhood of Dumfries?"

"I cannot say. We both knew Mr. Challerson owned some property near the Border, but he never told us he intended to make any stay on his way home—at least he never told me. I certainly did not know he had friends in this neighborhood, and I believe the fact was equally strange to my friend."

"You knew, however, of their arrival at Heron's Nest?"

"Yes; I met Mr. Challerson out riding one day, and subsequently had a bow from Mrs. Challerson when she was driving out with Mrs. Blair—I think that is the name of the owner of Heron's Nest. I did not call, however, though urged to do so by Mr. Challerson."

"Why did you not call?"

"I thought it was not worth while to revive the old jealousy and unpleasantness. Had I done so I must have mentioned the matter to my friend, and it would have been a very awkward thing to say—'I cannot ask you to come with me, because Challerson thinks you are in love with his wife.'"

"Are you ill, Mr. Hardell?" asked the advocate depute at this juncture, noticing how the witness leaned over the front of the box, clutching the wood-work with his fingers.

"No," was the reply.

"Then be good enough to stand up," said Lord Glanlorn, and the witness obeyed.

"You had never any reason to suspect the prisoner visited Heron's Nest?"

"Never the slightest."

"And you swear you believe he did not entertain any undue attachment for Mrs Challerson?"

"Not merely believe, but I am confident he did not. I am reluctant to mention the name of an innocent girl in connection with an investigation of this kind, but I should still like to mention that my friend was engaged to be married, and that I never had the slightest reason to suspect any other woman of having supplanted her in his affections."

"You are a staunch friend, Mr. Hardell."

"I should be an ungrateful one were I otherwise."

"The prisoner wore on his first appearance at Dumfries a light top-coat. Did you ever see it on him afterwards?"

"Never; He may have worn it, but certainly not to my knowledge."

"Were you always with him."

"No; we went to the noted places together, and after that we did just as we fancied. He liked walking, I liked reading. He would go over and over again to the old ruins, a process which wearied and exhausted me, while I lay on the banks of the Nith or the Cluden, reading Scott and making the acquaintance of Burns."

"You think he never visited Heron's Nest—that he had no appointment to meet Mrs. Challerson?"

"I am sure he had not. So far as one man can answer for another, I will swear that he never clandestinely saw Mrs. Challerson in his life, and further that he never wanted to see her."

"And yet Mr. Challerson disliked and was jealous of him?"

"Yes—but one man is not to be condemned because of the dislike or jealousy of another man."

"There was bad blood, however, between them?"

"I cannot deny that."

"The accused was not partial to the deceased?"

"There was no reason why he should be. Mr. Challerson never particularly liked him."

"Then there was bad blood between them?"

"On Mr. Challerson's side, yes."

"Do you mean that the prisoner never spoke bitterly of the deceased?"

"Not bitterly—he said just what I should have said myself—he expressed an opinion, in fact."

"To what effect?"

"To the effect that Mr. Challerson was a loud talking arrogant, offensive snob."

"Do you not consider that talking bitterly?"

"I do not consider stating facts speaking bitterly."

"You were acquainted, we may presume Mr. Hardell, with the contents of your friend's ward-robe. How many suits of tweed had he?"

"If you mean while we were travelling together—two."

"You can swear to that?"

"Yes positively."

"Upon your oath you repeat he had but suits of tweed?"

"Certainly but two"

"And how many had you?"

"My lord," exclaimed Anthony Hardell addressing Lord Glanlorn, "I appeal to you?"

"You are not bound to answer," said the judge, rampant in a moment.

"I only wished to know," remarked the advocate depute, "whether you might not have lent any of your coats to the prisoner."

"I never did."

"Was the tweed of which your coat was made the same pattern and color?"

"Do you mean to imply, sir, that I murdered Mr. Challerson?" interrupting him.

"I said, sir, I did not object to answer any question nor do I. Notwithstanding this, however, I object greatly to your mode of questioning."

"You are sworn to tell the whole truth."

"And you, sir, are trying to get me to tell falsehoods."

Whereupon Lord Glanlorn remarked that the witness was forgetting himself, to which the witness only replied by bowing his head, as much as to say, "I can not argue with you, but I have my own opinion nevertheless."

"If Mrs. Challerson did not leave her home with the prisoner, can you tell us, Mr. Hardell, with whom did she leave it?" resumed the advocate-depute.

"Did she ever really leave her home?" asked the witness simply.

"There can no doubt about that matter," was the reply.

"Then would the most direct way of satisfying your curiosity not have been to call Mrs. Challerson?" inquired Anthony; "she could have enlightened you as to her movements much better than any stranger."

"You are flippant, sir," said the judge.

"I beg pardon, my lord," was the reply; then addressing the advocate depute, Anthony Hardell proceeded—"Whatever my suspicions may be in this matter, I am not bound to confide them to you. All I apprehend you desire to know is, whether, if Mrs. Challerson left her home at all, she left it with the intention of joining my friend, and to that I answer I am quite confident she did not."

(*To be Continued.*)

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TUESDAY, JUNE 20, 1871.

For interesting reading matter, see first page.

Hon. Mr. Dunkin has returned.

Sir F. Hincks has returned.

Hon. Mr. Langevin intends to start for British Columbia about the 17th of next month.

We notice that Dr. Fyne, Census Commissioner in the county of Haldimand, is in the city.

It is stated that the contract for the new piers and booms on the St. Maurice river, has been awarded to Messrs. Labbe and Valin, of Quebec.

The telegraph wire and insulators stored by the Government at Fort Garry are now being put on the line between Fort Garry and Georgetown. The North Western Telegraph Company will probably complete the line by October next.

We notice that Mr. Mackenzie's appointment to a position in an Insurance Company has been made the basis for a personal attack upon that gentleman. This is not right. However much the Grits may indulge in a low personal warfare, do not let us have anything of that kind on our side. Let us fight with fair weapons or not fight at all.

AN IMPORTANT EPOCH.

An important epoch in the history of Canada and of the Empire is fast approaching. As we have already announced, on the 20th of next month British Columbia, with its extensive sea-board, its coal and gold mines, and other resources, will have become a portion of the Dominion of Canada. The descendants of that little handful of settlers who seventy or eighty years ago could scarcely maintain themselves against the Indians, will have become the possessors of more than one-half of the great North American continent.

An event like this, which not only adds so greatly to our importance, but also increases to so large an extent the responsibilities of our position, can scarcely be passed by without awakening some thoughts and reflections in the heart of every thinking man. What are the objects of Confederation, of this uniting together under one form of Government of the various scattered British communities upon this continent, and what are the best means of preserving the Union which we have formed and rendering it beneficial to all concerned?

The idea of confederating the British North American Provinces is one of by no means recent date. It was spoken of as far back as 1845; was again put forward in 1856, but denounced as utterly "visionary," but in less than ten years became, so far as the Atlantic Provinces were concerned, the settled policy of the Imperial Government, and was warmly approved of by men of all political parties in this country. Its object was to render the British American colonies more strong and self sustaining, to develope an Intercolonial trade, to facilitate the construction of an Intercolonial Railway which should render the colonists independent of a foreign people for the means of transit to the Atlantic seaboard and last, though not least, to do away with that spirit of sectionalism, which had "made good Government impossible" in the two Canadas, and which threatened to be attended with disastrous results in the future. Although scarcely four years have elapsed since Confederation became an accomplished fact, we may congratulate ourselves upon the measure of success, which has thus far attended it. The commercial prosperity of every section of the Dominion has wonderfully increased, and an intercolonial trade of considerable magnitude has sprung up which is still growing. The Intercolonial Railway is now advancing rapidly toward completion so that in a comparatively short space of time, we shall have an *entrepot* upon the Atlantic seaboard open to us in summer and winter, and accessible to us without having to pass through a foreign country. The spirit of sectionalism, although selfish politicians have tried hard to keep it alive, has, in a great measure, died out;—and thus, success having crowned our political experiment in the past, we are justified in pushing it still farther, and endeavoring by means thereof, to develop the resources of that great country which lies between us and the Pacific shore.

But let us not forget that with the growth of our territorial importance, there comes also additional responsibilities which call for the exercise on our part of constant watchfulness and unselfish patriotism. Now more than ever does it become the duty, not of statesmen only, but of every man in the community, to frown down anything and everything which may tend to cause division, and to do all that lies within his power to encourage sentiments of cordial union and good fellowship between the different portions of the Dominion. Now more than ever does it become our duty to rise superior to the "petty politics of the past," and to accustom ourselves to the consideration of those questions of imperial magnitude upon the true solution of which our future destiny depends. Bearing these things in mind, let men of all classes and creeds and political parties, in Canada, unite together in extending a cordial welcome to our fellow subjects in British Columbia, a welcome which will not be an idle profession merely, but which, springing from the heart, shall serve to strengthen and render permanent those ties of union which our Queen has sanctioned and which we all approve.

AN IMPERIAL CONFEDERATION.

We have received from Messrs. Dawson Bros., of Montreal, copies of a pamphlet on the Colonial question by the author of "Ginx's Baby." The pamphlet consists of a series of essays which lately appeared in the *Contemporary Review*, a periodical which has a large circulation in England, but is unfortunately seldom seen here.

In the first of these essays the author points out the general tendency which there appears to be to "drift." Within the last few years, certainly not since Lord Palmerston died, Great Britain does not seem to have possessed any statesman capable of looking forward, of devising some particular line of policy and adhering to it in spite of difficulties and dangers. Of the "driftwood politicians," of whom the author speaks, "sweeping on before the breath of popularity, with no stern proud principles to rule their motions," of such men England has had enough and to spare. Like many other people the author of "Ginx's Baby" is of opinion that we have now arrived at a crisis in the history of the Empire, when it will no longer do to allow the Ship of State to drift on anyhow before wind and tide, but when it has become necessary that a pilot, possessed of a cool head and a vigorous arm, should take the helm and trim the sails with some other idea inspiring him than the mere hope of holding office. He proceeds to point out the many things done by the Imperial Government which have, not unnaturally, induced colonists to believe that it was the settled policy of Mr. Gladstone and his colleagues to permit the Empire to fall to pieces, and so far from taking any steps to prevent its disintegration, to encourage it by any means in their power. Among these are mentioned the withdrawal of the troops, the fact of Sir Edward Thornton having thanked the United States Government for having done nothing to prevent the Fenian raid upon Canada last year, the honours conferred upon Sir Alexander Galt an avowed advocate of the independence theory, and the treatment of the New Zealand colonists. And we quite agree with the author in thinking that whether or not the present Radical Administration are careless of Imperial honour and value the colonial relationship as a thing of little worth, the fact that they are, at all events, too much inclined to let matters "drift," to take no heed for the future so long as peace and the pursuit of riches may be enjoyed by the English of to day;—the fact too that *the United States is watching, and will pick up everything England lets drop*, should, and must induce every true subject of the British Empire to use whatever influence he may possess, to bring about a more satisfactory adjustment of the colonial relationship. In order that this may be done, it is not to the politicians of England, nor to the Manchester plutocracy that we must look for aid. It is from the people, the middle and working classes, that help must come, and we believe not only that they possess a sufficient amount of conservatism and patriotism to insure their assistance, but that if a few men like the author of "Ginx's Baby" can only make themselves heard, they will be able to show to the workingmen of England that their interests demand that the colonies of the Empire should not be sacrificed to satisfy the greed and "peace at any price" proclivities of a few money worshipping manufacturers, that here in Canada and elsewhere are millions of acres of fruitful land lying at the disposal of any honest, industrious Englishman, whatever his rank or station may be, and it is for the people of England to see that none of that splendid Imperial estate which was won at so heavy a cost by their fathers, should be sacrificed by incompetent or cowardly statesmen.

The problem to be solved is how to weld together the various constituent portions of the Empire so as to render their interests more closely identical, increase their power for offence and defence, and, in fine, bring about a more perfect union. The writer to whom we have referred proposes a Federation with the following classification of its constituents.

1. Countries which are self-governing.

2. Those which are subject, such as India and Ceylon, which the Imperial Government would hold in trust for the Empire as the United States Government hold the territories.

3. Trading, or naval or coaling stations, which are practically incapable of self-Government, such as Heligoland, Gibraltar, Malta, Aden, Bermuda, Hong Kong, &c. Under the first head would be embraced the following:

a. The British group, including England and Wales, Scotland, Ireland, and the adjacent islands.

b. The North American, or Canadian group, consisting of Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, or the Red River territory, British Columbia and Vancouver Island.

c. The West Indian group, embracing our West Indian islands, British Guiana, and British Honduras. The whole of these have very recently been placed under one military command.

d. The Australasian group, including New South Wales, Victoria, Tasmania, Western Australia, Queensland, and New Zealand.

e. The South African group, Cape Colony and Natal, to which perhaps Mauritius and Bourbon might be attached.

It would be idle and inexpedient to discuss at present the exact amount of representation to which each country would be entitled. The one great constitutional principle to be borne in mind would be, that each community should have the utmost independence in governing its own local affairs, and a fair share of representation at the Imperial Council Board.

The author of "Ginx's Baby" points out in a very clear and concise manner what would be the results of the dissolution of the colonial tie. We quote:

First—What would the colonists gain?

Whilst their people were absolved from the responsibilities, they would also lose the benefits of British citizenship. Transform *Civis Britannicus*—yet a strong name, spite of recent diplomacy—into *Civis Canadiensis, &c.*, how soon on the Continent and over the world would he learn the distinction between the representative of a fifth-rate power and of a great Empire! Thrown upon its own resources, the Government of the colony would be compelled to frame a diplomatic and consular service of its own—to create a national army and navy at great expense. It would be forced to reverse, in fact, the beneficent operations usually aimed at by Confederacy. At one blow its relations to Great Britain would be cancelled. Separated in nationality, the alliances of trade and of society would be instantly unhinged. Many persons who had cast in their fortunes with a British colony, like the "U. E. Loyalists" of the American Independence, would, especially under improved laws of naturalization, refuse to imperil their own and their children's citizenship. They would return upon our already overstocked community. They would be lost to the colony. Nay, that would also lose a large proportion of the influx from ourselves most valuable to them, that of men with large or small capital. Granted that vigorous populations would be willing to frame a system of self-defence, it may be questioned whether any group of these colonies could put itself in a position to maintain its dignity and its rights as a separate state. Imagine Canada discussing alone with her fretful and exorbitant neighbour the Fisheries question, or the free navigation of the St. Lawrence, or the San Juan difficulty. What now restrains the unbridled lust for dominion of such a democracy but the waving of the Imperial flag over the ungarrisoned fortresses of Canada? Therefore, for the aerial remnant of right of self-government which we still withhold from the colony, may I not fairly sum up these as its compensations?—Degradation of national status for every citizen; check upon the influx of capital and population; additional expense in maintaining Government; imbecility in war; revolution in its commerce. Moreover, there is ground to believe that the ties which we are told would naturally bind certain groups together, might, in a state of independence, be unloosed. New Zealand, for instance, appears to consider that, except within the Imperial circle, her interests are not concurrent with those of Australia. Already she has effected with American contractors an arrangement for mail and passenger service through the United States, from which she has jealously and deliberately excluded her sister colonies. Diversities which might play without collision in the common fraternity of British citizenship, might, divested of that, arouse positive antagonisms—nay, might drive some members to community with foreign States. Desert our colonies, assert and perpetuate our recent policy of a complacent watchfulness of national annexations and annihilations, and what is to prevent the acquisition by Germany, or Russia, or the United States, of all the Australian province? Could we be so inconsistent as now to chafe against our liability to defend an integral portion of our empire, and should we then be found so Quixotic as to go to war to save a nation no longer within our dominion? Let every colony understand that in giving it up we shall have consigned it, like another Ishmael, to the tender mercies of the world.

Secondly. And what, on the other hand, have we, the people of Great Britain, to gain by casting off these colonies? I confine it to these, because there are colonies like India, Ceylon, and Hong Kong, which British avarice would never consent to abandon; others, like the West Indies, which, I hope, our Christianity would not allow us to consign to what would be an inevitable barbarism. These three groups of colonies are the three in which British vigour has reproduced new British communities, and where climate and soil are peculiarly favourable to their settlement. These colonies are now the natural, most promising fields for our enterprise and our population. And these are the colonies that are to be disjointed from the Imperial body! By permitting them to cut themselves off from British citizenship, we lay an obstruction at once to the current of emigration. Large as has been the exodus to the United States, even of Englishmen, the number of those who have gone thither from Great Britain with capital, or in professional and business quests, has been small compared with the numbers that have swarmed to our colonies. These are the classes whose movement would be especially affected by considerations of citizenship. We must, therefore, expect that our present congestion would be greatly aggravated. Again, we should loose the slight influence we actually exert, and the considerable influence we might indirectly bring to bear on these colonies, in favour of friendly tariffs. The United States has shown how much a people will suffer under a mistaken policy, how much they will sacrifice to build up independent manufactures. If they should adopt free trade to-morrow, they have established vast industries, which could never have risen to compete with ours but for the fostering aid of their tariff. Time and experience will no doubt teach the lessons of free trade; but they can be more speedily and and thoroughly taught when there is community of interest, of race and of citizenship.

Thirdly. We should loose both the moral and physical force which our huge extent of empire gives us. While other nations are reforming their fronts, reconstituting their governments, and combining their constituents into federal unions, we propose to reduce ourselves to an unit! Stripped of these noble possessions, in which chiefly dwell men of our kindred and language, we should be deprived, in any extremity, of sympathy and support we cannot over-value. It is no small mortification to us to feel even now how distant from us, in the moment of serious extremity, would be the great people who speak the same language and sprang from the same stock. The colonies to be dismissed are the ones best able to assist us. When we speak of colonies as a weakness, we forget that it is those colonies endued with the most strength that will be lopped off. Most of the others we should be forced to retain. The trading stations are essential to our commerce. To our naval supremacy are necessary our fortified naval stations and the coaling depots. Were it not well to ask ourselves whether these large colonies are not the very backbone of our colonial system, essential to the co-ordination of the whole? Sever these from the body and what is left but a sprawling mass of inconsistent fragments? Reduce the Empire by these, and we may prepare to consider the question of retiring even from our Indian dominions. It would be a very different England then,—a mere torso of an Empire,—that proposed, in the face of the world and of the people themselves, to hold sway over two hundred millions of Asiatics.

Fourthly.—We should have thrown back upon us at home those serious problem to which the increasing exodus of our people has seemed to afford the healthiest solution. *Now*, men go and come. The lines that weave us to our Imperial membership pass and repass so multitudinously that every year augments the strength and the intricacy of their connections. Wealth acquired in the dependencies is brought home to be expended, and in return new material of labour finds its way to the colonies. *Then*, the men who leave us will remain where their position is established. In this way, many of those bonds will be cut which ally us commercially and socially to the colonies. Imperfect as this outline of contingencies may be, it opens up a vista of grave possibilities that may at least make him pause who flippantly or ruthlessly contemplates the severance of a single possession.

We have no doubt that for a time the idea of Imperial Confederation, whether it is mooted on this side the Atlantic or in the Mother Country, will be sneered at by a certain class of people who deride everything that is new. Still we believe that it will gradually gain ground and finally be carried into effect, and that thus the grandest Empire which the world has seen will be rendered yet more great and powerful, and more capable of carrying on to a successful issue that work of civilization and of peace which we trust it will ever be Britain's mission to perform.

THE QUEBEC ELECTIONS.

We are happy to learn that there is little doubt that Mr. Chauveau's administration will be sustained by a larger majority than before.

At 3 o'clock yesterday Mr. Chauveau had a majority of 520. Dr. Blanchet at 2 o'clock had a majority of 543 in the county of Levis. Dr. Lavallee has defeated Mr. Godin (Opp.) in Joliette County by 700 majority. This fact is a very significant one, Mr Godin, being the representative of the county in the Dominion House. Mr. Gerin, Editor of *Le Constitutionel* of Three Rivers has been elected for St. Maurice by 159 majority. Mr. Malliot at 3 o'clock yesterday had a majority of one hundred.

LATER.

In the County of Two Mountains, Hon. Mr. Attorney General Ouimet had, for the first day of polling, a majority of two hundred and sixty-four.

At Levis, at close of poll, (two parishes, St. Lambert and St. Etienne to be heard from, and which are about equally divided,) Honble. M. Blanchet had, on first day, a majority of four hundred and ninety four.

In Three Rivers, Mr. Genest retired this afternoon, leaving the field to Mr. Malhiot, both candidates being conservatives.

THE FISHERY QUESTION.

To the Editor of the OTTAWA TIMES.

SIR,—I would fain hope you may allow me a small space in your paper for a few words of "Common Sense," upon this, at present, most vexed question, and concerning which so many opinions have been already expressed, of a most conflicting character; it also appears to me no subject has ever occupied the attention of the public mind, more imperatively requiring a thorough searching into all its details than this question of the Fisheries, now so prominently before us. It will be admitted upon all hands that the Canadian Fisherman now with reason, complains that his fisheries are not as productive to him as they ought to be, and at any rate not in any degree as much so as he would wish them to be, or as he believes it is possible to make them. Then the question naturally arises: What does he complain of? What prevents the fisheries from being as productive and remunerative as they ought to be? Then to begin with, he complains of the want of a free market for the sale of the products of his labor, which may be found at his own door in the United States, but at present available to him only after the payment of duties amounting in reality to a prohibition; he also complains that his fishing grounds are poached upon by his powerful neighbors to an extent, requiring the constant presence, in his waters, of a most costly force to enable him to live at all; he also complains that in consequence of all these circumstances, he and these monied men who might be disposed to enter into partnership with him, and supply the capital to build and equip the proper description of fishery boats and other necessary materials, are afraid to do so, in consequence of the uncertainties attending the whole fishery question in its present difficult and uncertain position. And he further complains that the necessity for maintaining constantly in his neighborhood, this preventive fleet may at any time involve him and the whole country in a most disastrous war, which at any rate no matter how it terminates, will drive him for an indefinite period from the peaceful pursuit of his occupation. From the operation of all these causes combined, he complains that his best efforts are paralysed, his energy discouraged, and his enterprise, from the absence of the necessary safety in the investment of capital rendered comparatively unproductive. Now as the result of a conversation held with an old fisherman well acquainted with what the fisherman requires, I pronounce the above category of evils, under which he at present languishes as the evils from which any change in the fishery regulations of the Dominion of Canada should be so framed as to relieve him from in order to make his trade as remunerative and productive as his trade ought to be, now then the question comes to be from which or how many of these evils does the proposed action of the Joint High Commission relieve him. First it entirely relieves him from the uncertainties existing under the old treaties, it gives him an open and free market of almost unbounded extent for the sale of his fish free of duty, it does away with the necessity of maintaining in his waters a preventive force enormously expensive, and whose action may at any time, involve us in a troublesome and disastrous war, it gives capitalists a safe fund in which profitably to invest their money both with safety to themselves and vast profit to the poor fisherman enabling him to go to his work in fishing vessels sufficiently large, valuable and well found to secure to him the full products of his vigor and energy and besides all these immeasurable advantages it proposes to give an indensity in money, for the single privelege we are called upon to concede, and further more it grants to our fishermen the privilege to fish in American waters—and for all these advantages we give in return to the Americans the priviledge of fishing in our waters—a privilege which to a great extent they at present enjoy in spite of us and to prevent their enjoying it "in toto" we are obliged to maintain the already mentioned preventive fleet to coerce them, with what danger to ourselves may be fairly inferred from the mutterings contained lately in the message of the American President. Now then let us fairly estimate the value of this privilege to fish in our waters, thus proposed to be granted to the Americans in return for the benefits above enumerated as about to be conferred upon us, and in doing so let us measure these privileges by what they may be fairly supposed to be worth—and that, too, by a standard which in my mind no reasonable man accustomed to measure effect as the result of cause can rationally find fault with. Now, this cannot be denied to be a fair standard by which to predict the probable result. We all remember what a few years ago was the condition of the American mercantile marine—everywhere, in every sea, and in every port, we found their fast sailing clippers contending with all nations for the lion's share of the carrying trade of the world, and yet we know what a sad change in the spirit of that dream a few years has sufficed to produce. The clippers have disappeared from the ocean, and the carrying trade of the world has passed into other hands, and, I am happy to say, largely into our own; and the cause has been attributed to the fact that from disturbing causes in the affairs of the United States foreign nations can build and equip and put upon the ocean vessels at one-third less cost than the Americans can. These causes still operate, and will be found to operate in the fishery business, even to a greater extent than they have already done in the carrying trade. The Canadian fisherman can put into his own waters fishing boats with all other findings necessary for first class operations at more than a third less cost than the American can; he fishes at home and as the best market in the world opened to him at his very door by the provisions of the Treaty, and as all he ever asked was fair play to develop his resources; he will now at length have fair play to his heerts' content, and will infallibly be successful in proportion to his energy, enterprise and ability, which, we who know him well, know he will exert to the utmost. Therefore, by the stipulation of this treaty, we venture with confidence to predict that the monopoly of the fishing trade of this continent, will ere the lapse of many years be in the hands of the hardy Canadian fisherman, and the American will find it his interest to buy his fish from the Canadian fisherman boats, and rush it fresh over the continent by his unrivalled railways and other modes of rapid transmission, and that such is the view already entertained by our fishermen. I may here adduce the fact that several large and costly vessels have already been constructed or are in course of construction in Quebec and other Canadian ports, to take immediate advantage of this probable state of things; no one could in the space of a single letter treat this important subject exhaustively else much might be said of the impetus about to be given by this change in our fishery relations to the salt trade, and the production of our unrivalled salt beds, the proprietors of which are now prepared to lay down salt at any desirable point, defying competition in either quality or price. These facts ought to convince people willing to be convinced, and let us trust that they will do so, and do so in time, in order that a hearty ratification of the treaty in all its really useful particulars may be secured, and that our people may recognise the importance of this portion of the Joint High Commission, as the most patriotic portion of its mission, and as more completely subserving the best interests of peace, and, at the same time, in as great a degree as possible, securing our commercial prosperity.

In conclusion, in reference to what has been said and written in other quarters upon this important question, I would here say that it appears to me to require an amount of mental blindness to the true interests of the country scarcely credible, as the result of party differences of opinion to find men of position and influence willing, for the lust of office, to endeavour so fatally to deceive the country on this most vital question, a question involving more of our national prosperity in an industrial and commercial point of view; of our national safety in a political point of view; and of our national common sense in a rationalistic point of view than any other question which has occupied the attention of our public men since the inception of Confederation, and as this letter is solely written with a desire to lead the public mind to a rational consideration of what is best for us in the settlement of this matter, I therefore finally say, after mature deliberation upon all the various points at issue, that the solution of these important questions proposed by the Joint High Commissioners is commercially the best that can be arrived at, politically the safest that can be conceived, and rationally the most in accordance with the dictates of common sense; and if upon these three paramount points it is the best for us all, the vapourings of all the demagogues who for party purposes talk and write and speak about things they care not one straw for, and don't in any degree try to understand will come to nought, and the end will prove that we have been faithfully and patriotically steered (to use a fisherman's phrase) to the safest solution of these complicated and difficult questions.

I have the honour,
to remain Sir,
Your obedient servant,
THE STAUNCH FRIEND OF THE FISHERMEN.

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Lane.

THE STORMONT ELECTION.

CORNWALL, June 19.

The trial of the charges of bribery against Mr. Bethune in the Stormont election case, is adjourned until the 11th September next.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, June 19.

Hon. Mr. Chauveau is ahead by 713. Tomorrow the electors calculate to give him his election by four to one. Peace and harmony throughout. The following is the close of the polls: Chauveau and Eventurel—St. Columba de Sillery 223 5. St. Foye 118 38. Lake Beauport 34 none. Beauport 240 31. Charlesbourg 103 31. Valcartier no returns. Ancien Lorette 95 104. St. Ambrosse 116 47. Total 1,160 355. Majority for Hon. Mr. Chauveau, 713.

LEVIS COUNTY.

The returns from the different polls give the Hon. Mr. Blanchet the handsome majority of 600. One of the greatest triumphs in the Electoral campaign of the County of Quebec, has been this day fully borne out by the unanimous voice in chosing the Premier as their favourite candidate. 1505 votes were polled, and of that number 1160 were recorded for the Hon. Mr. Chauveau. Peace and good will prevailed throughout. The electors have responded nobly to the call of the Premier, who no doubt will receive it as a mark of esteem and confidence in his stewardship to his people.

L'ORIGNAL.

L'ORIGNAL, June 19.

Prescott Election Petition opened to day, before Chief Justice Richards, Mr. Bethune and Mr. Kerr for petitioners, and Hon. J. H. Cameron and Mr. Dartnell for defendant. The case opened and qualifications of both petitioners as voters impeached. Cleveland being an alien, and his freehold estate having passed to his assignee in insolvency in 1867, and McKenzie as having sold his freehold to his son. The evidence in the case of Cleveland was gone into and argued. Judgment not given. The court adjourned at six o'clock till the morning, when the McKenzie case will be heard.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 19.

The twelfth annual synod of the diocese of Montreal opens to-morrow. A large number of the clergy were in the city today.

The Victorias, Royals and Chasseurs Rifles have received official orders to go to Laprairie on the 27th inst.

At a meeting of the shareholders of the Metropolitan Bank of Montreal, on Saturday, the following were elected directors:

Henry Judah, Hon. Henry Starnes, Amable Jobin, M. P. Ryan, Maurice Cuvillier, Samuel Waddell, and Henry Hogan. After the meeting the Board of Directors met and elected Hon. Henry Starnes, President; Maurice Cuvillier, Vice-President; and A. S. Hincks, Cashier.

Mr. Malhiot, the anti-programmist, was 94 ahead, for Three Rivers, at two p.m. to-day.

A desperate ruffian, named Barbeau, was to-day sent to gaol for assaulting the police. The latter were arresting him, when he threw some heavy bottles and other missiles, following by a close, in which the constables were roughly dealt with. Barbeau is recently from the penitentiary.

About 40 were entertained at a dinner to Attorney General Clarke to-night. The company was composed entirely of the immediate personal friends of Clarke. It cannot be at all held as a Montreal endorsation of his course in Manitoba.

Weather warm.

Midnight Despatches.

NEW YORK, June 19.—A correspondent writing to a Turkish journal from Tabeuge says, the details which reach us here of the destitution and misery which the drought of last year caused in the Central and Southern provinces of Persia, are fearfully heartrending. The people are dying of hunger in the streets of the Capital is a minor phase of the terrible calamity in Kharassan, and the peasants are selling their children as slaves to the Turcomans, in order to keep them alive, and, in Ispahan, it is said men have been seized in the act of digging up corpses to serve as food for their starving families.

A meeting of New York Communists took place yesterday. The Paris Commune was fully endorsed in a series of resolutions, and Thiers was denounced as a second Charles IX, and the order of his Government for the indiscriminate slaughter of men, women and children, a second St. Bartholomew massacre.

A Letter from Monte Video dated May 17, reports the number of deaths from yellow fever are only about 15 or 20 per day. Business men are returning and traffic was recommencing.

LONDON, June 19—A special despatch from Brussels says that the civic corps who were compelled to intervene for the preservation of peace used their bayonets, and several of the rioters were hurt.

The members of the International Society are said to be the ring leaders of the out-burst against the friends of the Pope.

George Grote, the historian, died yesterday, aged 77.

The American artist Bradford lectured on Saturday evening before the Royal Institution, Lord Lindsay presiding, upon Greenland Ice and Esquimaux. A large number of the nobility were present, and the speaker was heartily congratulated upon the success of his effort by Lord Lindsay and Mr. Tindel.

The *Post* has a special despatch from Berlin announcing that the Emperor William goes to-morrow to Ems to meet the Czar Alexander. The Emperor leaves Berlin to-day for Baden Baden, at which place he will stop a few hours before proceeding to Ems.

The Government of Tunis has raised difficulties concerning the treaty of peace recently negotiated by its representative with the Government of Italy.

A special to the *World*, dated Paris, June 19, says: Indications of a renewal of the insurrection multiply. The workingmen openly insult the soldiers. Attempts at assassination and incendiarism continue.

The elections will result in the return of the International candidate.

During the last two days twenty-nine officers of the Commune have been arrested, half of whom were foreigners.

The reorganization of the Central Committee, and its proclamations, excite great dismay.

PARIS, June 19, evening.—The *Liberal* asserts that Felix Pyat was arrested.

2,500 women convicted of setting fire or attempting to set fire to buildings in Paris have been sentenced to transportation to New Caledonia.

LONDON, June 19.—The House of Lords to-day debated the declaration of Paris of 1856 abolishing privateering.

Earl Cowper thought the refusal of the United States to agree to the declaration was no ground for its repudiation by Great Britain. The Earl of Malmesbury denounced the Convention and quoted opinions pronounced against it by the late Earl of Derby and Sir G. Cornwall Lewis. The refusal of the American Government to adhere to the agreement made it worthless. He sharply criticised the Prussians for their disregard of private property and their outrageous requisitions during the late war.

Earl Granville declared it was within the power of England to repudiate the treaty, which had been signed by all the Great Powers of Europe.

NEW YORK, June 19.—A billiard match for a diamond cue and $1,000, between Cyrille Dion, New York champion, and Melvin Foster, of Norwich, Conn., was played at the Hippotheatrom on 14th st. this evening. The game was 1,500 points up for ball carom, each carom counting 3. Dion won in 61 innings, scoring 1,500 to Foster's 616. Dion's highest runs were 186 and 165. Foster's 96 and 60.

Yesterday's Despatches.

VERSAILLES, June 19, 1871.—M. Ponyer Quertier, who has been seriously ill, has recovered his health, and has resumed his duties as Minister of Finance.

The father and mother of General Rossel have implored mercy for their son of Thiers, but the President is uncompromising, and says the law must take its course.

The press continues their attack upon the Bonapartists.

NEW YORK, June 19.—Last night at five minutes past ten there was a severe shock of earthquake on the Northern shore of Long Island, in Brooklyn, on the hill, and in Staten Island.

LONDON, June 19.—A *News* special from Paris says the Prussians have evacuated Rouen, and eight thousand have left St. Dennis.

Rouher is expected in Paris.

MADRID, June 18.—Minister Moret has tendered his resignation.

There was slight disturbances during the celebration of the Pope's jubilee.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 18.—Joseph Messner, indicted for the murder of his wife, was yesterday found guilty of murder in the first degree. This is Messner's second trial for the crime, and the second time he has been found guilty. He will be sentenced on Tuesday next.

BERLIN, June 18.—The troops were entertained yesterday with dinners and dancing everwhere. At the Palace there was a State performance of the opera, which was attended through special invitation only. There was a grand display of gorgeous uniforms by the high military authorities. The Civil officers occupied the pit and the Diplomatic corps the proscenium boxes. The ladies only occupied the front row and none except Maids of Honor the second tier. The Emperor and suite entered at 8 o'clock, amid perfect silence. The Emperor and Empress bowed formally thrice. The Crown Princess charmingly dressed in pale silk and wearing tiara of diamonds, was seated on the right of the Emperor. Then a galaxy was formed behind them by the Duchess and Princesses. The box was filled with the other Princes Imperial forming a magnificent spectacle. A prolongue was spoken by Franklin Erhardt, in panegyric of Frederick William the Third. An allegorical piece followed, entitled "Heimkehr," by Radenburg, with music by Eckert. At its conclusion the Emperor left his seat. A Monologue was given of the Legend of Borbourssa, which was illustrated by Tableaux Vivants, and closed with the re-appearance of the Emperor on horseback, at which the audience rose and shouted Hoch thrice, amid waving of helmets and great excitement, the Emperor bowed and retired.

To-day is devoted to Thanksgiving in all the churches, which are crowded. The national prayer composed by the High Consistory was read in the Cathedral which was splendidly decorated. The choir sung the TeDeum magnificently when the ceremonies concluded.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* takes alarm at the facility with which at present a spy, a traitor, or a shell might destroy the only means of communication which English ports and stations can hold with London and with one another, instead of being able, as they should, to hold free intercourse with sources of succor and centres of command, even though invested on all sides by an enemy. To meet this danger, the *Gazette* proposes that two or more telegraph cables be sunk in a machine-made slit in the land and sea bottom at such a depth that no ordinary amount of grappling or digging would disturb them; and they could then be securely led under highways and by-ways, by a round about course to London. They would thus prove of immense value in time of war either at home or abroad.

AUCTION SALE.

The subscriber has been instructed by MAJOR DOUGLAS, to offer for sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the UNION HOUSE, on the 1st day of JULY next, at 11 o'clock, a.m.

THE HOMESTEAD OF RIVER VIEW.

The land comprises four and a half acres The House is very commodious, with suitable outbuildings of every description, and a well of good spring water in the back Kitchen.

River View is situated on the Richmond Road, two miles and three quarters from the City limits; the property running back from the Richmond Road, to the Canada Central Railway, on which a Station is about to be established immediately in the rear of the property.

The House and premises can be seen any day until time of sale.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Ottawa, June 19, 1871 Auctioneer. 1695d

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

CHEESE FOR SALE

BY AUCTION.

THIRTY-SIX (36) GOOD FACTORY CHEESE, balance of a consignment, will be sold by Public Auction, by the subscriber, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York street, on TUESDAY, the 20th inst., at the hour of 10 o'clock, a.m. Sale without reserve.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Ottawa, June 16, 1871. Auctioneer. 1693d.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, AN EXCELLENT MELODEON, CARPETS, CURTAINS, &c.

The subscriber has been favored with instructions from MRS. THOS. ISAAC to sell at her residence, Wellington-st, over Mr. Hardy's Grocery, on THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1871, all of her Household Goods, consisting of one very superior Melodeon, in good order, with all modern improvements; Parlor Set in Hair Cloth, b w Centre Table, b w Side Table, What Nots, b w Fancy Music Box, Tapestry Carpet, several Oil Paintings and a number of Steel Engravings, large b w Folding Case, richly carved, about 50 vols. of Books, b w Sideboard, Dining Table, b w Cane Chairs, Cow h, Oil Cloth and Curtains, Iron Bedsteads, several Wood Bedsteads, Chess Tables, Matrasses, Pillows, Carpets and Curtains, an excellent Cooking Stove and Pipes, a quantity of Crockery, China and Glassware, a quantity of Cutlery, an excellent Refrigerator and a quantity of other articles not necessary to enumerate.

Sale to commence at 10.30.

TERMS CASH.

A. ROWE,
Ottawa, June 20, 1871 Auctioneer. 1696id

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

GREAT AUCTION SALE of City Lots, Village Lots in New Edinburg, and Villa Lots, on the Mackay Estate, within five to fifteen minutes walk of the Street Railway.

The MACKAY Estate will offer for Sale by Public Auction, at the Office New Edinburgh, on SATURDAY, the 24th day of JUNE, instant, at Two o'clock in the afternoon.

Fifteen Villa Lots upon Rideau Terrace, and other roads near the residence of His Excellency the Governor General, and Twenty-two Lots, in the Village of New Edinburgh, some of which front upon the grounds of Rideau Hall Domain.

Also a neat Dwelling House, with seven rooms and good shed, near the Rideau River; and the following Lots in the City of Ottawa: East half Lot No. 10, south Cathcart street, with Dwelling—Ordnance; Lot No. 14, north Cathcart street; Lot No. 16, north Cathcart street; Lots Nos. 21 and 22, south Boteler street.

The Villa Lots and Dwelling House, are in Gloucester, a Township in which the Taxes are very moderate.

TERMS.—One-third cash, balance on mortgage at 7 per cent, for a term of 3 to 5 years, at purchasers option. Conditions made known at day of sale. Plans and descriptions of the property can be seen at the office of the Estate, next the Post Office in New Edinburgh.

A. ROWE,
New Edinburgh, June 12, 1871 Auctioneer. 1692 9

OTTAWA MUSIC HALL.

FOR ONLY TWO NIGHTS!!!

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY,
JUNE 20 & 21.

THE GRAND

ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY,

C. D. HESS, Director.

Presenting complete in every detail two of the choicest gems of English Opera.

TUESDAY EVENING,

FLOTOW'S

Most Charming and Popular Opera

MARTHA,

With the Famous Caste following:

Lady Harriet..... Mrs. Caroline Richings [Bernard.
Nancy..... Mrs. Zelda Seguin.
Lionel..... Mr. William Castle.
Plunkett..... Mr. S. C. Campbell.
Tristin..... Mr. Edward Seguin.

Other characters by the Company.

FULL CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA.

WEDNESDAY EVENING,

AUBER'S

Beautiful Romantic Opera,

FRA DIAVOLO,

All the principal Artistes in the Caste.

Admission $1

NO EXTRA CHARGE

For securing Seats in Advance:

☞ Reserved Seats for sale at ORME & SON'S Music Store.

Admission to Gallery ..... 50 cts

Ottawa, June 17, 1871 1693d

NEW CARPETS.

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Invite attention to the arrival of

NEW CARPETS

to assort their STOCK, reduced by HEAVY SALES in this department.

The above have been selected with due regard to prevailing styles, permanency of color, and are GOOD VALUE, at prices marked.

They have on hand a large assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

In a great variety of fabrics, MUSLINS AND PRINTS in LATEST STYLES, and cheap.

Great Bargains in

LACE SHAWLS.

From $1.50 to $40 Each,

Prices Reduced One-Third,

A special line of SILK JACKETS selling at *greatly Reduced Prices.*

A full assortment of MOURNING GOODS always in Stock.

N. B.—Fancy Linen and Cotton Shirtings on hand for the Summer Trade, SHIRTS made to MEASURE and GUARANTEED TO FIT. GENTLEMEN will find it to their COMFORT and ADVANTAGE to bear this in mind.

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN.

SUCCESSORS TO

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,

No. 20 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 12, 1871.

STRAWBERRIES.

G. LORENZ,

OYSTER

—AND—

LOCAL NEWS.

GENTLEMEN.—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

The shower of rain yesterday afternoon was the right thing in the right place.

INSPECTION.—The Ottawa Field Battery will be inspected on Major's Hill, at 4:30 p. m., to-day, by Brigade Major Jackson.

NEW TELEGRAPH OFFICE.—The Montreal Telegraph Company have opened an office in New Edinburgh.

The attendance on the market yesterday was, as it almost invariably is on Mondays, small.

The Sabbath School Convention meets at 2:30 this afternoon in the Bank street Church.

CHEESE BY AUCTION.—Mr. Bermingham will sell to-day at 10 o'clock, at his Auction Rooms, York street, thirty-six factory cheese. Sale without reserve.

C. C. R. R. EXTENSION.—The deputation of the City Council appointed to attend the railway meeting, to be held in Pembroke to-day, with respect to the C. C. extension to that place have not yet left the city, and therefore, will not be present at the m ing.

Dev 'n's Hats that R Hats.

Great rgains in Lace Shawls. Prices reduced one-third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks St.

ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY.—The above celebrated Company will give their first concert in the Music Hall this evening. We feel satisfied it is sufficient to announce the fact to the public; every person who can appreciate first class music will be seen in the Music Hall to-night.

PRESCOTT.—In a row in Prescott yesterday between two men, one of the parties named Cameron, received a blow of an axe from the other named Noble, which inflicted a fearful wound on his head.

PONTIFICIAL ANNIVERSARY.—All the Roman Catholics throughout the city will illuminate their houses to-morrow evening in celebration of the 25th Pontificate of Pope Pius IX. General preparations have been made, and there is no doubt that the illumination and display will be grand.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

ADDRESS TO THE POPE.—All persons who approved of the address and resolutions to the Pope signed their names to a list at he doors of the R. C. Churches on Monday.

UNION BANK.—We are authorized to state that the branch of the Union Bank of Quebec will open for business on Wednesday. Its office is in the building lately occupied by Mr. Mortimer, Rideau street.

POLICE COURT—MONDAY.—Alex. McDonald, charged with being drunk on the public street, was fined $2 and costs.

Vic. Levec was charged with selling liquor without license. Several witnesses were examined but no evidence was adduced to support the charge, and therefore the case was dismissed.

Mary Anne Campeau was also charged with selling liquor without license. The case was dismissed without hearing any evedinee on the matter.

Delphine Pautrie charged with selling liquor without license did not appear, and a warrant was issued for her arrest.

Jonah Dunning charged with committing a breach of the Peace was fined $2 and costs.

Jonah was then charged by D. Kerr with demanding and accepting more for cab hire than he was entitled to by the tariff. Case adjourned.

Thos. Russell charged with assaulting John Phillips by giving him a kick with his foot was fined $20 and costs.

Two cases of abusive language were adjourned.

In a breach of the peace case the offender was fined $2 and costs.

A lad named Maloney, charged with larceny was remanded, and one Doolan, charged with a similar offence was also remanded.

David Jones, charged with burglary was tried before Donald M. Grant, Esq., County Magistrate, and committed to stand his trial at the next assizes.

CITY COUNCIL.

A regular meeting of the City Council was held l evening, Alderman Martineau in the cha the official report of which will appe to-morrow. Mr. Gibbs addressed the Council on the Perkins arbitration question.

Moved by Ald. Woodburn, seconded by Ald Rowe, that the Mayor be authorized to take up the award now lying in the hands of Messrs. Scott, Ross, and Stewart and report at the next meeting thereon, and that the Mayor be authorized to sign a cheque to cover the costs of the arbitration, and that he act in the matter under the advice and instructions of the solicitor employed in the matter—Carried.

The 12th Report of the Board of Works stating that a lot of land had been chosen on Albert street for the erection thereon of the City Registry Office was read.

The Tax Collector's statement was also read showing that he had collected up to date $80,000, leaving $3,000 to collect, and $4,000 that cannot be collected.

CANDLES FOR THE 21st.

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &C.

As all good Catholics of the city of Ottawa intend to illuminate their houses to-morrow evening, we have much pleasure in directing them to Mr. Patterson's, Rideau street, whose great variety of candles really excels anything of the kind that has ever been seen in Ottawa. Mr. Patterson keeps nothing but the best quality of everything from the smallest articles to the most expensive, and the consequence is that he has secured the patronage of almost every person in the city who likes to get a good article at a reasonable price. His variety of candles is really something to admire. Every person intending to purchase fancy lights for to-morrow evening we advise to pay Mr. Patterson a visit, and if he cannot satisfy himself there he cannot be satisfied in Canada. His *piano* candles are particularly fine. If it be any recommendation we may state that it is Mr. Patterson who supplies the Parliament Buildings, Banks, &c., &c., with candles. His groceries are first class, which no person who has tried them will deny. He has the contract of supplying the camp on Major's Hill, and the officers and volunteers speak highly of the goods sent them. He is also supplying the Pacific Survey Expedition with groceries. With respect to his liquors we presume it is now almost needless for us to say anything about them; his reputation in that respect is especially well established. Every person who wants good wines and liquors sends to Patterson's for them. The churches get their wines from him, and it is a matter of course for persons to go to him for liquor for medicinal purposes. He has now on hand a large quantity of Guiness' porter, which cannot be beaten by anything in the Dominion; and he has in bond immense quantities of brandies, gin, &c. Give him a call and you will satisfy, and be satisfied.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—J A Cameron, jr, Thurso; W C Edwards, do; A Fraser, Kinburn; Thos J Pease, Connecticut, U S; John Le Boutillier, Montreal; Miss Merritt, Fitzroy Harbor; Hon George Bryson, Mansfield; John Poupore, Chichester; D McNaughton, Montreal; Lt-Col Jackson, Brockville; W Cameron, do; W L Ogle Montreal; J Hunter, Glasgow; William Murdoch and wife, Collingwood.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

A large lot of New Carpets just received, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks Street.

evlin's Hats that R Hats.

CURRENT TOPICS.

Weston has accomplished something great at last. Like King Robert the Bruce's spider he has succeeded, after much trial and failure. His undertaking—to walk 112 miles within twenty-four hours—was successfully finished in Boston last week, when he made the distance in twenty-three hours and forty-four and a quarter seconds. One hundred miles of the distance he made in twenty-one hours and one minute.

Another mysterious affair has been added to the *causes celebre* which have lately given unusual interest to the law reports of the London press. It seems that a Mr. Frederick Moon, son of Mr. F. Moon went to dine with a lady passing just at present by the name of Davey, with whom he had for some time been on very intimate terms. All of a sudden Mrs. Davey, rushed from the room shrieking for a doctor, who upon arriving, found the man dying, stabbed to the heart. The doctors seemed generally agreed that the wound was not self-inflicted, and Mrs Davey, whose antecedents prove to be of that sort denominated inexpressive slang as "very fishy," finds herself in an awkward predicament. Mr. Moon was only forty-one, of a cheerful temperament, and in very affluant circumstances.

He had recently contributed largely to the maintenance of Mrs. Davey, who lived in the luxurious and expensive style in a fine house in a Bayswater. From some admissions made to one of the doctors, there is more than a suspicion that she inflicted the fatal blow, but whether it was premeditated and deliberate or not remains in doubt.

Nothwithstanding the enormous annual expenditure of England, there has been for some years a gradual reduction of the national debt. Mr. Lowe recently informed the House of Commons that in three years from April 1st, 1868, to March 31st, 1871, the debt was reduced £10,468,628. But the fact is, that the reduction was really greater, for in that sum Mr. Lowe did not include the £7,300,000 paid for the telegraph. This, as the *Economist* pointed out, should not be regarded in the same light as an ordinary debt, for in return there was a property acquired for it which already yields a large income. If this sum is not added as an increase to the national debt of England, it will be evident that the debt of England, funded and unfunded, which on April 1, 1868, was £806,572,883, and on March 31, 1871, was £788,804,155, has been reduced £17,768,728.

Some time ago the Emperor of Russia issued an ukase directing the Jews of Poland to shorten their coat-tails and shave their beards, but the police find some difficulty in enforcing the edict. They recently entered a village of patriarchs and commenced with a venerable gray beard of eighty, when all his countrymen rushed to his assistance. The minions of the law were far too strong for them, however, and before they departed had done free barbering for the whole township.

It is beginning to be whispered among the Republicans in the United States that Horace Greeley has determined on being the next President, and that if he does not receive the nomination he will oppose any other candidate that may be brought out. The result to be anticipated is, that Greeley will be the next President, or that there will be a Democratic President in the room and place of Grant.

Our English fyles, to hand last evening, contain move evidence in the Tichborne trial case. The whole sitting of May 31st was occupied with the examination of "Sir Roger." He stated that when he left England he determined not to return so long as his father lived. He gave a number of particulars of his journey to Valparaiso, the narrative of his adventures being far more interesting in itself than much of the other evidence.

The *Siecle* urges the union of the Republicans against the Prussians, their real enemies, forever cursed.

ONE OF THE MOST NOTABLE PROPERTIES OF DR. WHEELER'S ELIXIR OF PHOSPHATES AND CALISAYA is its sustaining power during active mental and physical exertion. Business men, Editors, Clergymen, Lawyers, Physicians, and all classes engaged in any occupation requiring great application and consequent fatigue, will find this remedy invaluable, as it will enable them to accomplish their work with comparative ease. Anyone trying a bottle will find this statement fully sustained. Phosphate of Lime is an active agent of nutrition, constituting more than fifty per cent. of the system; Phosphoric Acid, a powerful Nerve Tonic; Phosphate of Iron, a blood maker; and Calisaya, an agreeable supporting stimulant. The combination of these remedies forms a Nutritive Tonic or Chemical Food, and nourishes and vitalizes the constitution in the same manner as an article of diet. Sold by all druggists,

EVANS MERCER & CO.,
Wholesale Agent.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurse in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and succes by millions of mothers and children, from the feble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World; in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine dealers. 25 cents a bottle. Office 215 Fulton street, New York; and 493 Oxford street, London.

Be sure and call for
"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the fac-simili of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order Be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's bronchial Troches.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the desease and give almost instant relief.

The TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in low localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than any other articles.

OBTAIN only BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless Immitations that may be offered.

"TROCHES," SO-CALLED SOLD BY THE OUNCE, are a poor immitation and nothing like Brown's Bronchial Troches, which are sold only in boxes with fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

Outside wrapper of box, and private government stamp attached to each box.

PAIN-KILLER. P D

Husband:—I shall know then better hereafter, Druggists and Storekeepers are doing not only themselves a great deal of harm, but their customers also by inducing them to buy an article unknown and without merit. Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER has been before the public for over thirty years, it is known in every quarter of the earth, and is sold by every Druggists and most storekeepers and grocers. As a Cholera specific and Diarrhoea medicine, its reputation has no parellel. I am surprised that we have lived so many years without it.

Wife:—Charles, the reason is you you have been taking whatever the storekeeper would recommend, we have always had a bottle o Pain Cure or Reliever or Pain Remedy or som such trash in the house we have tried them over and over again.

Husband:—And that is just the reason I objected to try the PAIN-KILLER an my Rheumatism, thought it was like those other things a humbug

(*To be continued.*)

Be sure and get the genuine PAIN-KILLER, only 25 cts. per bottle. Beware of counterfeits.

BOOKS ON ENGINEERING, SURVEYING, &c.

Weale's Civil Engineering.
" Surveying.
" Blasting and Quarrying.
Rankine's Applied Mechanics.
Haslitt's Mechanics and Engineers Practical Book of Reference.
Haswell's Engineer's Pocket Book.
Henck's Field Book for Railroad Engineers.
Mysterious Pocket Book of Mechanics' and Engineering.
Scribners Engineers' and Mechanics' Companion.
Griswold's Railroad Engineers' Companion.
Gumere's Surveying.
Chambers Mathematics.
" Mathematical Tables.

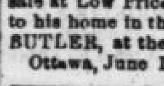
J. DURIE & SON,
Sparks-st.

THE NEW NOVELS, &c.

Florence Marryat's, Her Lord and Master. 50c
J. L. Le Fanu's, Checkmate (paper).... 75c
Bret Harte's Condensed Novels.........1.35

J. DURIE & SON,
Sparks street.

Ottawa, June 20, 1871 1696 1



WANTED TO RENT.

A small COTTAGE, about £30 per annum. Centre Town or Sandy Hill preferred.

Apply to C. E. L, TIMES Office,

FOR SALE.

Twenty-five Cords of good HARDWOOD, and 15 Cords of Seasoned HEMLOCK, for sale at Low Prices, as the owner wants to go to his home in the country. Apply to JOHN BUTLER, at the Victoria Hotel, Paul street,

Ottawa, June 17, 1871 1694tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,
OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An Immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Shirts,
&c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

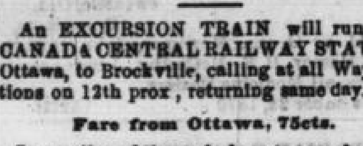
Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA

Ottawa, April 11, 1871



12th JULY, 1871.

ORANGE CELEBRATION.

An EXCURSION TRAIN will run from CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION, Ottawa, to Brockville, calling at all Way Stations on 12th prox, returning same day.

Fare from Ottawa, 75cts.

Due notice of time of departure and arrival will be published.

H. ABBOTT

Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686tf

TO

Horse Breeders.

AT the request of a number of gentlemen who have FINE MARES to Breed from,

Mr. Cotton

has placed

"YOUNG LAPIDIST,"

AT THE

Veterinary

Stable of Mr. A. O. F. Coleman,

RIDEAU STREET,

To Serve a Limited Number of Mares (say 30) for the Season.

"LAPIDIST" is 8 years old this spring, and is considered by judges, to be the most valuable horse to breed from, in this section of the country.

His Pedigree can be seen at Mr. COLEMAN'S Office, or with his Groom, DAVID WHYTE.

Ottawa, May 10, 1871.

WANTED.

By a Gentleman who thoroughly understands BOOKKEEPING, a situation. Best of references given. Address, J. W. C., Box 26, Ottawa.

Ottawa, June 17, 1871 1693 2

To Chrles Leduc,

Of the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa, Esquire.

SIR,—We, the undersigned Electors oe the County of Ottawa, having confidence in your intelligence and integrity to represent this section of the County, in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec, hereby request you to become a candidate at the next election, and we pledge you our support and influence to obtain your election:—

Rev Père Reboul, Pierre Poulin,
Rev Père Beaudin, I H Richer, J P
Ruggles Wright, F X Bouvier, Maire,
P Wetherall Wright, Francois Laurin, J. P.
Dr C E Graham, Alfred Coté, peintre,
Councillor, Joseph Prudhomme,
Samuel Pink, Anselme Bédard,
Councillor, Basile Bédard,
Alex Prudhomme, NéréVachon, hôtellier
Moise Bisson, Frs Robert,
Councillor, Alexandre Laselle,
M Tétreau, P., Joseph Berurand,
Chas Marcil, Avocat, Aug Monette,
Charles Roussel, J Bte Hébert,
Hubert Blais, Francois Normand,
JosephPoliquin, Père, Joseph Nadon,
Félix Périard, P H Chabot,
James Chénier, Adolphe Chabot,
Guillaume Périard, Joseph Valade,
Joseph Campeau, Basile Bédard,
Joseph Poliquin, fils, Hyacinthe Madar,
Seraphin St Denis, Joseph Archambault,
Isaac Martin, Amable Patenaude,
J Bte Châtillon, Hypolite Legrand,
Alexis Latreille, Hilaire Jolicœur,
Alexis St Denis, Olivier Milliotte,
J Bte Dubrule, Joseph Rairard,
Bte Lalonde, Joseph Pepin,
Clément Jodouin, Thomas Sauvé,
Francois Bastien, Joseph Deschéne,
Nazeret Fauteux, Camille Augé,
Pierre Pichette, Chars Fhalerdan,
Luc Deragon, Louis Barrett,
Bazile Villeneuve, Hilaire Champagne,
Daniel Papillon, Amable Sauvé,
Jos Beaudin. M D, Joseph Montreuil,
Gilbert Leclerc, Olivier Pilon,
Théophile Turcotte, J Bte Gauthier,
Jérémie Boyer, François Groulx,
Moise Campeau, jr, Victor Corbeil,
Edouard Clermont, J Bte Chalifou,
Alphonse Grignon, Israël Terrien,
Edouard Joubert, Hypolite Legrand,
Narcisse Carpentier, Louis Désjardins,
Luc Lalonde, J Bte Lapensée,
FrancoisCharbonneau Alphonse Grignon,
Prospère Ducharme, Amablé Lapierre,
Onésime Fréchette, Cyrille Chémèr.
Joseph Lemieux, jr, Narcisse Chartran,
Ambroise Sanctueur, Agustin Pepin, fils,
Cléophas Sabourin, Richard Nevill,
Pierre Proulx, Alexandre D'Aoust,
John Wright, Hubert Côté,
Charles Renaud, Edouard Renaud,
Alfred Filiatrault, Xavier Sarrasin,
Téophile Cabana, S B Cimon, Merchant,
Olivier Martin, Solomon Chartrand,
M W Noctor, Théophile Blondin,
M Laflamme, fils, J Bte Arbicqu e,
Charles Lafontaine, Marcel Ploof,
Amable Bertrand, Joseph E Leduc,
J Bte Bertrand, Boucher,
Edouard Dupins, J Bte Leduc,
Louis Laviolette, Hotellier,
Louis Bastien, Louis Gaumont,
Louis Cadieux, Peintre,
Marchand, F X Elie Gauthier,
Eustache Guilbeau, Marchand,
Masson, Jean Bte Amiot,
A Rathier, Marchand, J Bte Audette,
Onésime Paquette, Pierre Daoust,
Marchand, Alfred Graton,
Joseph Charbonneau, Eustache Libersar,
Marchand, Joseph Lalonde,
Alphonse Thérien, André Riopelle,
Hector Lapointe, J Bte Villeneuve,
Félix Labelle, Isidore Dechéne,
Honoré Labelle, Chs Beauvois,
Marchand, Toussaint Deslaurier,
Hilaire Vieau, Timothé Lefort,
Robert Auclair, Evariste Dechéne,
Marchand, Joseph Carriere,
Edouard Truesdell, Joseph Villancour,
Avocat, Louis Peronce,
Gilbert Leclerc, Cyrille St Denis,
M Silvère Dumontier, Marchand,
I J, Antoine Parant,
Cuthbert Bordeleau, ouvrier,
Cordonnier, Alphonse Pichette,
Onesime Groulx, Firmin Richard,
Joséph Grondin, Masson,
Joseph Vincent, Dolphice Jannary,
J B Gauthier, cordonier,
Capt Hypolite Fortin, Toussaint Dupuis,
J Bte Grenier, Olivier Caron,
Hotellier, J Bte Charbonneau,
Hormisdas Bernéche, Isidore Jaudoin,
Masson, Joseph Jaudoin,
Joachim Lafrance, marchand,
Jules Pichette, Calixe Rouleau,
Gossien Blais, charretier,
Louis Groulx, Arsène Lasule,
Jules Doucet, F Xavier Rouleau,
Dolphin Fortier, Narcisse Carpentier,
Jean Reginbal, François Lalonde,
J Bte Brancho, Honoré Doré,
Pierre Champagne, William Timmens,
fils, marchand,
Joseph Papin, Père, Marcelin Larose,
Joseph Groulx, merchand,
Charles Menard, François Vachon,
Joseph Verbonœur, boulanger,
Masson, Joseph Larose,
Louis Corbeil, boucher,
Chrs B F Piché, Augustin Papin, Père,
Etienne Prudhomme, Alfred Lanc,
Barnabé D'Arpentigni Octave Latour,
H Gravel, Conseiller, Gustave Chevrier,
Etienne Delorier, Louis Barrette,
Evangeliste Roy, Joseph Larose,
Etienne Béseth, J Bte Larose,
Alfred Derouin, Pierre Bonneville,
Godfroid Cayé, Louis Charette,
Louis Goulet, Antoine Charette,
Bélonie Alard, Joseph Derouin,
Magloire Dumontier, Adolphe Derouin,
Narcisse Dusault, André Plouff,
Isaie Dazé, Norbert Noir, fils,
Michel Dieaire, S R, Alfred St Louis,
Michel Dicaine, Sr, J Bte Derouin,
A L G Dumoutier, Jacques Goyette,
Edouard Duquet, Napoleon Moreau,
Bernabé Darpentigny, Désiré Bastarache,
Michel Navion, Martin Butler,
Ludger Navion, H Labelle, hotellier,
Joseph Duquette, Cyphrien Ouellette,
CharlesHynds, George Thomas,
Pierre Racine, Louis Dussault,
ouvrier, Timothe Roy
J Bte Sayen, Père, Joseph Roy,
J Bte Sayen, fils, A L Dumontier,
Alexandre Sayen, Eustache Simon,
Néré Rochon, ouvrier, marchand,
Telesphore Rochon, André Sabourin,
Hotellier, Grégoire Belanger,
François Ranger, George Duguay,
Nasaire Guilmette, Xavier Patenaude,
Jean Bte Dorion, Théophile Beaudin,
Emanuel Dorion, J B Bessete,
Jean Bte Chenier, Théophile Laure.
Edmond Bertrand, Gédéon Loyer,
Michel Hotte, E Richer Sr.,
François Counal, E Richer Jr,
Paschal Ouilette, Alphonse Roy,
Fabien Soulière, Joseph Roy,
Joseph Gosselin, Octave Dubuc,
Pierre Sauvé, Edouard Renaud,
François Galarneau, Narcisse Mirault,
François Chatelle, Narcisse Fréchette,
Pierre St Martin, Joseph Papin,
Thomas Proulx, John McDonald,
Bernabé Sabourin, Treffile Laliberté,
Ignace Renaud, Napoleon Therien,
Sévère Chatellad, Camille Chenevert,
G Bonbardin, Victor Levesque,
Honoré Labelle, Octave Levesque,
Amédée Sabourin, Alexander Taylor,
Hercule Verbonconur Moise Galipeau,
Magloire Carrière, John Thibert,
Thomas Lynard, Chs Auger,
Charles Fournelle, Joseph Buissiere,
Adélane Verbonconur Joseph Marion,
François Goulet, Candide Pilon,
Samuel Pelerin, Chas Goyette,
Telesp Sauvaugeau, Francois Gendron,
Ambroise Roy, Noe Perrier,
I L Jacko, Severin Lachapelle,
Alexi Côté, Narcisse Brossard,
Alfred Côté, Joseph Mulerin,
Louis Jaumd, Eustache Rochon,
Corbert Plante, Magloire Landry sr
Nalixte Viau, Magloire Landry jr
François Brosseau, Jean Bte Castonguay
Elie Bourgeois, Frs Larose,
J Bte Lebris, Felix Dault,
Felix Cardinal, Maxime Hébert,
Ernesto Duchesne, F E Fortin,
David Lamotte, Henri Guertin,
Pierre Durocher, O Messier,
Jean B Lacasse, John Broadhead,
Louis Roi, Wm Sayer,
Hyacinthe Madore, Moise Daigneau,
Mar Larose, Alphonse Richard,
Elie Labelle, Hilaire Mathias,
Joseph Carrière, Gustave Chevrier,
Augustin Larose, Godefroi Latreille,
Joseph Venance, Mathias Rousson,
Joseph Franche, Nap Lacasse,
François Sauriole, Wm Anderson,
Mizaël Pariseau, Aimée Jodoum,
Jean Bte Séguin, T Raymond,
George Grenier, Aimée Monfils,
George Latrimouille, J Bte Lafontaine,
Victor Bourgeois, Louis Desmarais,
Joseph Riopelle, Basil St Louis,
Joseph Lefebvre, Wilfred Bissonnette,
Isaie Fleury, Chs Denommés,
Nérée Rochon, Jos Charbonneau,
Jean Bte Séguin jr, Alexandre Morin,
Joseph Séguin, Geo Ardi
Pierre Vallée, Capt John A Boult,
Joseph Pelchat, Jno Bte Dupuis,
Olivier Paré, Louis Fortin,
Joseph Lécuyer, Thos Mousseau
Joachin Lafontaine, Jeremie Bergeron,
Adolph Vilneuve, Pierre Matte,
Olivier Charette, Gabriel Lauzier,
Joseph Moreau, Baptiste Lauzier
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Joseph Daoust Mag Charbonneau,
D. Derouin, Prosper Oliver,
Amable Beaudry, Jr. Maxime Chartier,
Amable Baudry, Sr. Xavier Peaudevins,
Louis Cyr. Alexandre Dupras,
Joseph Dion, Oliver Vilneuve,
J. Bte. Audette. Joseph Charboneau,
Jerimie Charon, Louis Bertrand,
Théophile Vieau, Joseph Beaubien,
Amable Martel, Jean Charette,
F. X. Laurin, Jr. Felix Tetie,
Pascal Cyr. Edouard St Germain,
Charles Cyr. Napoleon Bertrand,
Pierre Posée, Antoine Lafontaine,
Alfred Osburn, Octave Lamanche,
Felix Pepin, Jr. Francois Laclochés,
Jermie Hurtubise. Richard Kelly,
Thomas Homes, F X Girard, Maire,
Eustache Hebert, Jr. Conseilliers,
Eustache Hebert, Sr. John Prudhomme,
Arsene Hebert, Salem Charette,
France Lagasse, Buckingham,
Joseph Charon, Peter Barret,
Julien Decarie Jr. EustacheGradmaison,
Julien Decarie Sr. Buckingham,
Antoine Dore, Louis Lecuyer,
Julien Decarie, Oné Constantineau,
Grégoire Matte, Maxime Hamelin,
Francois Aubry, Joseph Laurin,
Francois Nadon, Eusebe Lafontaine,
Isid. Constantineau, Felix Charon,
J Bte Bresetts, Jr, Honoré Lafontaine,
J Bte Bresetts, Sr, Narcise Roy,
Joseph Pilon Jr. Louis Jolicoeur,
Joseph Campeau Jr, J Bte Brunette,
Eusebe Campeau, Narcise Roy, Père,
Augustin Campeau, J Bte Hout, Père,
J Bte Descarie, J Bte Hout, fils,
Louis Cousineau, Joseph Lafontaine,
J N Rousel, N P Père,
Salem Charette, Seraphin Belanger,
Moise Charon, François Belanger,
Napoleon Belanger, Michael Padden,
Elie Belanger, Louis Cousineau,
Gilbert Lachapelle, J Bte Benoit,
Joseph Hurtubise, Celestin Belanger,
Hypolite Jascon, J Bte Loucire,
Isaac Lepin, Moise Galipeau,
Joachim Lafontaine, Emanuel Dufresne,
Antoine Lafontaine, Alexandre Charon,
Octave Lamarche, Hyacinthe Amour,
Jules Belanger, Guillaume Nantel,
Julliare Marenger, Louis Lécuyer, Père,
Louis Lafontaine, Estor St François,
S Moreau Marchand, Narcise Roy, Père,
Joseph Lafontaine, Narcise Roy, fils,
J. P.
Pierre Charette, AntoineGareau, Père,
Narcisse Matto, Antoine Gareau, fils,
D Derouin, François Brunette,
Joseph Galipeau, Damasse Charon,
Louis Paturin, Treffié Hornier,
Nap Constantineau, J Bte Lequelt,
Maxime Bélan, Sr, Eusèbe St Jean,
Joseph Charon, Louis Bélanger,
Joseph St. Jacques, J Bte Legance, Père,

REPLY.

To the Rev. Fathers Reboul, Beaudin, Messrs. Ruggles Wright, F. X. Bouvier, and others, and to all the Electors of the County of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—After reading the above requisition, signed, as it is, by such a large number of the most influential electors of the County, I deem it a duty to accede to your request, acknowledging, therefore, the high honor conferred upon me by your invitation, I beg leave to inform you that I will present myself at the coming elections as candidate for the representation of the rich and important County of Ottawa.

After a five years connection with the press, and a long and careful study of the politics of this country, I beg to tender to this County and the Province in general, the benefit of my experience and the result of my labors.

If elected, I pledge myself to give my cordial support to all measures, which, in my humble opinion, I will consider necessary or useful to this Province and to this County in particular—nevertheless I may state here that in politics my principles and views have always been liberal, and progressive, and are Conservative. Agriculture, commerce, and education, are three questions which will be objects of my most earnest and careful consideration, as I regard them as indispensable and essental, alike to the welfare, prosperity and growth of a nation.

I will endeavor to promote and protect the lumber trade, more especially in the interests of this county, as I consider that trade to be not only one of the greatest sources of wealth in this country, but also as a principal means of extending considerably the limits of colonization.

I will do all in my power to encourage colonization by giving my support to and adopting the most efficient and effectual means of encouraging emigration to these parts of the country which are yet unsettled—by obtaining from the Government for that object, liberal grants for the opening of roads and the construction of bridges, and especially by exercising scrupulous justice and fairness in the distribution of the different sums of money which may be voted for that purpose.

I will also endeavor to encourage the opening out and the working of the immense mineral resources of this country, by calling the attention of capitalists, and if I succeed in that object, the Government, the capitalist, the laborer will alike profit by it.

In the distribution of the public offices of this country I will endeavor to show more liberality, justice, and impartiality than has been heretofore manifested. I will recommend the appointment of men worthy in every respect to fill these offices to the satisfaction of all parties concerned. I will be careful not to leave indefinitely vacant any office which by its importance to the county ought to be filled up at once.

I shall endeavor on every occasion, to exhibit a liberal spirit towards all. I hold in contempt those who take a hole and corner view, or what is worse, regard with an eye of personal greed questions of grave importance to the country at large, as has been done in the past; yet I believe in the advantage to a county of great extent such as this of having as its representative a person residing in as central a place as possible. Such as Hull, for instance.

I well recognize the absurdity of raising national "cries" in political matters; nevertheless, without attempting anything of the kind, I must say that in the Quebec Parliament, composed almost exclusively of French Canadians, it is to the advantage of almost any county in the Province, to select a French Canadian as its representative, as he finds himself among those of his own race and language, and is enabled to address them with greater facility than one of another origin.

To conclude, gentlemen, if elected, I shall exert my best energies to promote the progress of the Province, and particularly of this county. I shall ever be happy and grateful to my fellow-citizens for their advice, and, I shall devote myself with all my heart to the duties of the responsible position you shall have conferred on me. Meanwhile,

I remain,
Gentlemen,
Your humble servant,
CHARLES LEDUC.

WANTED

For Ottawa City, an energetic, reliable AGENT, for a first-class British Life Assurance Company. to whom a liberal commission will be paid. Address, Drawer 319 P.O., Montreal.

Ottawa, June 12, 1871 1689 6

PORTER'S BLOCK.

34, SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

In their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good election,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

☞ Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,
EW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS
Departments

THE SALVAGE GOODS,

Amounting to over $7,500,

AVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared our at prices which will be sure to commanda sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low prie goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,
PORTER'S BLOCK,
34 SPARKS STREET

Ottawa, March 30, 1871 162

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for supplying during the season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY,

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed, until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..		$5 00
20lbs "	"	10 00
10lbs	month	1 50
20lbs	"	2 50

☞ Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice supplied per ton or cwt.

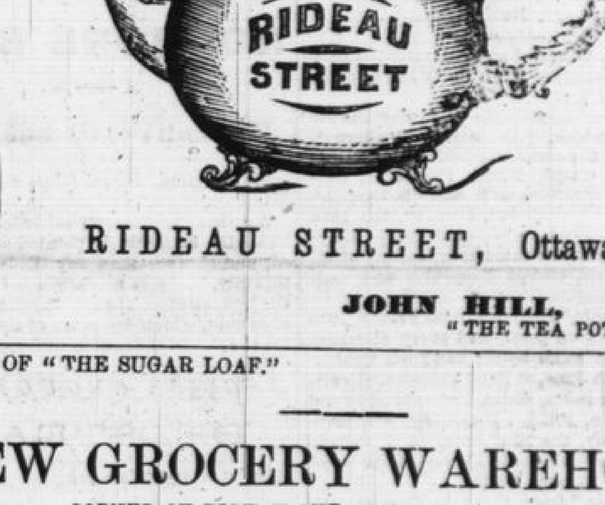
Ottawa, April 871

FRESH SALMON.

(From the Moisie River,)

RECEIVED DAILY BY EXPRESS, AT

THE TEA POT,



RIDEAU STREET, Ottawa.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE,

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,

Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS.
122 RIDEAU STREET.

☞ OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you. 1634 3m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild,

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

GIN—
J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THO. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

CHIPPAWA DISTILLERY.

The produce of the above celebrated Distillery:

HIGHWINES,
ALCOHOL,
RYE,
PROOF,
MALT,

For sale in Bond or free, at lowest Distillery quotations.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Block,
Metcalfe-st

Ottawa, June 11, 1871

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH:

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 6.40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

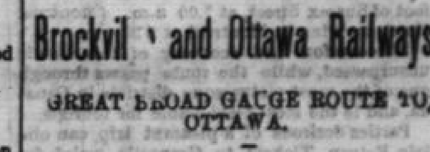
Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.
Ottawa June 1st, 1871



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways!

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO, OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1.30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 4 30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2.00 p.m. connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5.40 p.m., and at Sand Point, 6 30 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a.m. arriving at Brockville at 1.34 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 1.10 p.m., and 6.20 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 3.50 p.m., 10.00 p.m., 6.15 p.m. 1.30 p.m.

Leave Sand Point

At 8.30 a.m., 11.30 a.m., 3.00 a.m., 2.00 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a.m., after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk. Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, June 6, 1871

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 73259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1675tf

WANTED.

A Girl about 16 years of age, as servant on a small family. Apply A E TIMES Office

Ottawa, May 29,18" 781

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Side-Wheel Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Albambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are inten de to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Queb Tuesday the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m, and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.
HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871 2670tf

ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*.....Captain Findlay.
" *Emerald*........ " Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*... " Murphy.
" *Alliance*....... " Blondin.
" *Oregon*......... " Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*......
" *Jason Gould*.... " Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*. " Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*....... " Duggan.
" *Pontiac*........ " D. Mulligan
" *Keppawa*........ " B J Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Captaine.

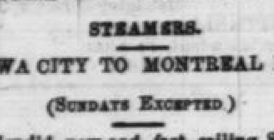
Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning—Leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 o'clock, p.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER
NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL
STEAMERS.
OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE,
PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"
CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.
R W SHEPHERD.
April 25, 1871.

JUST RECEIVED.
—AT—
HAUSER'S
RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,
That splendid new Magazine,
THE WEDDING BELLS.
—ALSO—
BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL
FOR MARCH AND APRIL.
Ottawa, April 19, 1871

ENGLISH OAK TANNED
LEATHER BELTING,
FINE ENGLISH HOSE,
LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to
JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.
P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK.

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.
Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

NO MORE BUGS!

WROUGHT IRON BEDSTEADS,

Just Received Direct from ENGLAND.

Another lot of these celebrated BEDSTEADS handsomely painted and ornamented, and cheaper than any Bedstead sold in this city, there is no danger of breaking off the legs, as there always is with the ordinary ones sold, which are made of Cast Iron. Ask for the

ENGLISH WROUGHT IRON

BEDSTEADS.

Also to arrive this week,

CHILDRENS COT !!!

Same make as the above, at

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA.
CH MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, June 14, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING-PARLOR,
WELLINGTON STREET,
OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.
Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S
CELEBRATED OINTMENT,
CALLED
"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d, 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by
BEACH AND BARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.
May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,
METCALFE-ST.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Burgundy Ports,
Domecqs and GreekSherr,
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.

Bass', Guinnes's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.

Liberal terms.
☞ Inspection invited.
K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.
Ottawa, May 16, 1871

WILD LANDS
FOR SALE.

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND
MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull,	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

READING, ELOCUTION,
WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa.

N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,
—AND—
AGRICULTURAL WORKS.
ESTABLISHED, 1839.
Smith's Falls, Ontario.
FROST & WOOD,
Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED
BUCKEYE MOWER
—AND—
SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871.

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.
June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

☞ All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

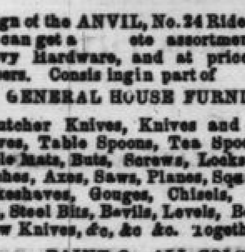
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deif Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Meta Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.
Ottawa, August 10. 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!



Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c, &c &c. together with

PAINT O. ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.
Ottawa, No 18, 1870

SELLING
OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES
OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
WINE MERCHANT,
Elgin Street,

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

☞ A few good Fowls for sale.
J. HERBERT,
N on-st., West
near Richmond Road, Ottawa.
April 26, 1871.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
......	12 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
......	12 45	9-00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	......	4.20
......	......	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S	8,00	......	6.00
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	6.00
10.15	12 45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	12.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	......	4.20
......	10.15	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c	......	......	4.20
9.20	2.00	1.10	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	3.00
9 20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	......	......	3 00
10.30 7 00	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	8.00	11.00	7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	......	......	7 00
10.00	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and Intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
11.30	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 7, 1871

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S
NEWLY-DISCOVERED
VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be
Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,
May 22, 1871 1671 1y

TESTIMONIAL
—TO THE—
HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,
K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa

The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,

The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P,
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P,
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,
(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Nov last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Business.

Claims Paid for Assurances	£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid.	2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of	6,570,000.00
Annual Income	1,265,000.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions* of *Policies.*

The *Non-Forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

☞ Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW,
Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal
J.& W. T. Pennock,
Agents, Ottawa.
March 13, 1871 166a

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion.

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz.: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim.

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in its large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH.
Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

GARDEN
—AND—
FLOWER SEEDS.

J. R. HIGMAN,
CHEMIST, &c.,
SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.
Ottawa, May 1, 1871

1871. ICE! 1871.
ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street.
Ottawa, May 1649d

Medical.

MRS. GABRIEL'S
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE
ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESSRS. GABRIEL,
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	"SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.
MESSRS GABRIEL'S	ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

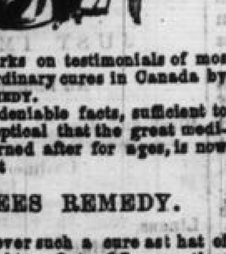
Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,
May 1 1871

SHOSONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Conseoon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.17

DARLEY'S
ARABIAN OIL
FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.
November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it. Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.
November 30, 1870 1527y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 3rd June, 1871.

Authorized discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.
Ottawa, June 3, 1871

Legal.

J. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 13 F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers. &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utt JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fetherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

---

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street.
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or Laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANE.

H. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O. & St. L. R.R.

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street. near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND
U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,
November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD R. WILLIAMS,
ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accounts accurately prepared. Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1595 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.
Montreal, March 1871 2 3m

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

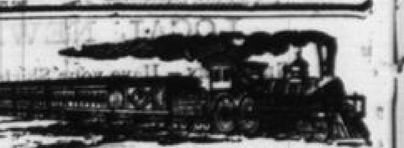
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

8 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed

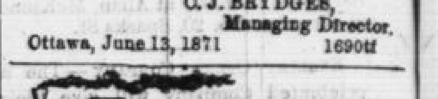
Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8.30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz.:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal:

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,
AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,
SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables, and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.
DEMPSY & CAMERON.
Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1680 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.
GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.
May 31, 1871. 1680tf

T. BELLEMARE.
Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer
No. 67 Sussex-st.
OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.
Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m

F. WILLIAMS,
PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN
—AND—
FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON.
ELGIN STREET.

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of J. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel. Strict attention to business.
Good Wines and Liquors warranted.
Ottawa, February 14, 1871

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.
J. A. GEMMILL,
Solicitor &c.
Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.
Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1871

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 33 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa.
JAMES BARNES, Managing Director.

VOL.

For Sale or

TO LET
(2) TW
moderate
street.
Possession given 20th M
Enquire at 60 Sparks St

HOUSE
the
Baldwin's
comfortabl
Wood, now finishing. R
month.
Apply to
T. M. C
Ottawa, May 4, 1871

TO LET.
A portion of the ROOM by the YOUNG MEN'S CH corner of Sparks and Elgi Block.)
Apply for terms, &c., to
Ottawa, April 7, 1871

TO LET OR SELL.
ONE FIRST CLASS
Daly street. Possession, 1st
For particulars, apply t
THOS.
Ottawa, Feb 16, 1871

TO LET.
A COUNTRY RESIDENC teen apartments with five a ed, or more if required, situ City, on the Montreal Maca Also the Shop at present oc McKAY, Rideau street.
For particulars apply to
WI L
Ottawa, Feb, 16.

MONTREAL
STEAMSHIP
CHANGE OF

1871. SUMMER SE

PASSENGERS Booked
Liverpool, Londo Glasgo

The steamers of the L sailing from Liverpool e from Quebec every Satur Foyle to receive on boar Passengers to and from Ir are intended to be despatc

SCANDINAVIAN
PERUVIAN
CASPIAN
MORAVIAN
Calling at St. John's, N. F
AUSTRIAN
PRUSSIAN
NESTORIAN
Fares from Ottawa, cabin
Steerage
The steamers of the G tended to be despatched about the following dates
CORINTHIAN
OTTAWA
ST. DAVID
ST. ANDREW
ST. PATRICK
Fares from Ottawa, cabi
Intermediate
Steerage
☞ An experienced each vessel. Berths no for.
Return Tickets grante Passage certificates gra ous of bringing out friend For further particular
D W C
Ottawa, May 6, 1871

WHOLESALE DRY
GARLAND, MUTC
Have Rec
EX LATE S
1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen J
1 " Velvet Ribb
1 " Black and C
2 " Fancy Dres
1 " Black Lustr
4 " Small Ware
1 " Pins,
1 " Cotton Hosi
2 " Dark Print
2 Bales Grey Cotto
2 " Forfars (exp
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Bor
4 " Trimmed Ha
1 " Horrock's S
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN
1 Case Manitoba T
1 " Union Twee
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M BICE'S Paper
11 Bales Lybster M
2 " "
2 " "
☞ The Lybster M cheapest goods made or G. & M. are Agents for Mill prices delivered in
☞ INSPECTION I
Ottawa, May 10, 1871

TO CATTLE BREED
BULL—The "Marqui stand for Cows at th Township of Gloucester, Dollars each.

CANADA SHORT H GISTE
Certificate of Registe Years O
No. 514 THE MARQ
Red and White, calve Bred by Mr. JOHN AS Ottawa, the property of Esq., of Gloucester, got (20924), dam, souven 2nd Grand Duke (179 (imp.), by Harold (102 by Viceroy (7678), &c.,
HUGH
Board of Agricultural Toronto, Jan'y 6, 1

FOUND,
By the undersigned, six o'clock on FRIDA MONEY. Any person of it can recover it by TON'S, Bailiff, Ridea
ANN
Ottawa, June 5, 1871

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1697. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY JUNE 21 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.
Possession given 20th May.
Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.
Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET.

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)
Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.
Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY
For particulars, apply to
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26 Rideau street.
Ottawa, Feb, 16, 1871

TO LET.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land attached, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road.
Also the Shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.
For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Ottawa, Feb, 16. 592tf

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. SUMMER SERVICE. 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

	Liverpool Line.
SCANDINAVIAN	10th June.
PERUVIAN	13th "
CASPIAN	17th "
MORAVIAN	24th "

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

AUSTRIAN	1st July.
PRUSSIAN	8th "
NESTORIAN	15th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin....$77 25 to $87 00
Steerage....$29 25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line are intended to be despatched from Quebec, on or about the following dates:

	Glasgow Line.
CORINTHIAN	8th June.
OTTAWA	15th "
ST. DAVID	22nd "
ST. ANDREW	29th "
ST. PATRICK	6th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin....$67 25
Intermediate....$47 or 44 00
Steerage....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.
For further particulars apply to
D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received
EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M BICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

TO CATTLE BREEDERS.

BULL—The "Marquis of Belmont" will stand for Cows at the Waterford Farm, Township of Gloucester, this season, at Four Dollars each.
WM. GRAHAM.

CANADA SHORT HORN STOCK REGISTER.

Certificate of Registered Pedigree of Two Years Old Bull,
No. 514 THE MARQUIS OF BELMONT,
Red and White, calved January 16, 1866, Bred by Mr. JOHN ASHWORTH, Belmont Ottawa, the property of WILLIAM GRAHAM, Esq., of Gloucester, got by Sweetmeat (868), (20924), dam, souvenir of Thordale by 2nd Grand Duke (12961), g. dam, Dalpine (imp.), by Harold (10299), gr. g. dam, Limpid, by Viceoys (7678), &c., &c. See Herd Book.
HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec. Board of Ag.
Board of Agricultural Office,
Toronto, Jan'y 6, 1870 1692tf

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can recover it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.
ANN JANE HAMILTON.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871. 1633tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,
ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.
The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises
STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.
And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.
Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*
McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 Rideau Street,
Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to
T. R. SHEFFIELD,
OF BROCKVILLE,
Who will continue the Business in the same premises, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 Rideau Street.
OTTAWA, June 2, 1871.

In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.
T. R. SHEFFIELD.
OTTAWA, June 2, 1871. 1681 2m.

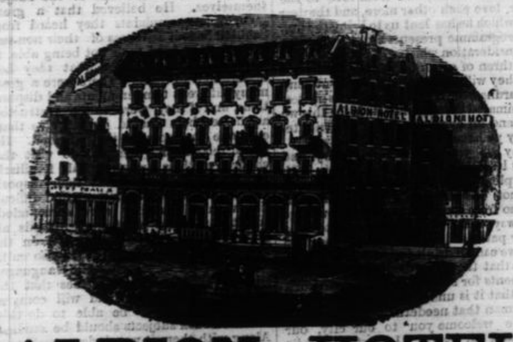
PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,
NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,
FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will suit those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.
The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.
From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves
Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:
Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

CLOTHING HALL!
New Store.
J. M. GOULDEN
Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at
No. 100 Sussex Street,
NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,
A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of
DRY GOODS
—AND—
READY MADE CLOTHING.
Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.
Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.
Do not Forget the Place
No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.
JUST OPENED BY
N. FAULKNER,
ON SUSSEX STREET,
Next Door to F. McDougall & Co
The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened
NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,
Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colour Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,
To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.
There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.
The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.
COME ONE! COME ALL!!
—TO—
N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA, April 28, 1871 1652 3m



ALBION HOTEL,
McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,
Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 3m

DRY GOODS
—AT—
RETAIL.
SUMMER FASHIONS
SHOWING THIS DAY,
—AT—
MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.
Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,
Beautiful Bonnets
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets
Splendid Lace Shawls
Also in immense Variety,
Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques,
Horrockses, Millar & Co, Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
King's best Window Holands,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Maim's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c.,
SPECIAL LINES.
Linen Percale's and Lawns, for Seaside Wear.
Walking Stick Parachutes
Paragon Frame Parasols and Umbrellas,—
Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makes.
Country Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and Mantle Trimmings, in great variety.
EXTRAORDINARY.
43 Patterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871

MESSRS.
SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Take this opportunity of returning their, sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to
MEAT,
Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their
STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,
LOWER TOWN MARKET,
On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

SPRING IMPORTATIONS
The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of
HATS AND CAPS
Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.
JAMES PEACOCK,
Remember the place.
33 Rideau Street
OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND
Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1636y

DOMINION HOUSE,
CORNER OF
SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,
OTTAWA.
The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley.
WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel
Ottawa, May, 13, 1871. 1665 6m

FRESH! FRESH! FRESH!
SALMON.
The first of the Season just received, at
MOSES LAPOINTE'S,
Fish Dealer,
Lower Town Market.
N. B.—All kinds of Lake, River, and Sea Fish, always on hand.
Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685d

McGill University, Montreal,
SESSION 1871-72.
THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—
FACULTY OF ARTS.....September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE....October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW.....October 3rd.
The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.
The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.
In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered
First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Second Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.
The Calendar containing details of all the above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.
W. C. BAYNES,
Secretary.
May 31, 1871 1689 2awk 2m

GOVERNMENT HOUSE
OTTAWA,
Tuesday, 13th June, 1871.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and for the reasons given in his Report of the 8th June instant, His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Red River, in the Province of Manitoba, from the point of its intersection with the Boundary Line between the United States and the said Province of Manitoba (Canada) to its junction with Lake Winnipeg, shall be and the same is hereby declared to be comprised within the limits of the Port of Winnipeg under the following conditions and restrictions, that is to say:—
All Steamers, Vessels and boats of any kind on entering the said Province of Manitoba, on the Red River, shall be, and they are hereby required to report at the Out Port of North Pembina, and to comply with all existing requirements of the law, but, on payment of duty at that out port on goods destined for any place between that out port and the Port of Winnipeg, they be permitted, on the warrant of the Sub-Collector, to land and discharge such goods, or the luggage of such passengers as may desire to disembark, before reaching the said Port of Winnipeg.
That in like manner, after payment of duties at the Port of Winnipeg, the same privilege be granted them as at the said Out Port—to land and discharge goods under the restrictions aforesaid at any place on the Red River above or below Winnipeg—and all steamers plying within the limits, and observing the conditions aforesaid, shall be considered and treated as trading within the limits of the said Port of Winnipeg.
W. H. LEE,
1695 3 Clerk Privy Council.

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL.
The most beautiful site in the neighbourhood of the Capital, and the most pleasant and convenient place about Ottawa, for Picnics, &c.
A large covered Platform, raised eight feet from the ground, and capable of accommodating 4,000 persons, is admirably suited for Dancing, for Dramatic Soirees, and such like entertainments.
The Refreshments and Liquors to be had on the grounds are of the best quality.
Pleasure parties could not find a more comfortable and pleasant place to enjoy themselves.
At night the Gardens are well illuminated. Once properly known they will be regarded as indispensable during the summer season. There will be a Dancing School in the Gardens every THURSDAY night, except when occupied by a Pic-nic.
Hull, June 7, 1871 1685 2m

G. A. SHELDON,
HATTER AND FURRIER,
Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive
HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT
In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.
G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.
A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1665 2m

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,
—AND—
DRAIN PIPE DEPOT,
RIDEAU STREET,
ESTABLISHED 1864.
WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. M. FARLANE.
MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fender and Hearths.
Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Root Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweepholes Doors, Tree Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.
Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.
T G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

THE METROPOLITAN
Building and Savings Society
MONEY TO LOAN.
The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.
Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Ottawa 13th December, 1870. 1640tf371

DROWNED.
Drowned at the Chaudiere, on SATURDAY last, AUGUSTINE CHABON. Any information which may lead to the recovery of the body, will be thankfully received by his father, at Mr. BRONSON'S Office, Chaudiere. The Boy was 11 years of age, had on grey stuff pants, a grey vest, and a chequered white and red shirt.
Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

WANTED.
For a DAIRY FARM near the City, a MAN to drive a MILK WAGGON, and take general charge of Cows. Also a WOMAN, who understands the management of a DAIRY.
A married Man and Wife, without family, preferred. Liberal wages will be given to competent and reliable parties. Apply at the Times Office.
Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

FOR CHEAP READING,
GO TO
HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,
No. 38 Rideau Street
The Latest Novels Always on Hand.
Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged.
Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

NEW CARPETS.
Allan, McKinnons & McMorran
Invite attention to the arrival of
NEW CARPETS
to assort their STOCK, reduced by HEAVY SALES in this department.
The above have been selected with due regard to prevailing styles, permanency of color, and are GOOD VALUE, at prices marked.
They have onhand a large assortment of
DRESS GOODS,
In a great variety of fabrics, MUSLINS AND PRINTS in LATEST STYLES, and cheap.
Great Bargains in
LACE SHAWLS,
From $1.50 to $40 Each,
Prices *Reduced One-Third*,
A special line of SILK JACKETS selling at *greatly Reduced Prices.*
A full assortment of MOURNING GOODS always in Stock.
N. B.—Fancy Linen and Cotton Shirtings on hand for the Summer Trade, SHIRTS made to MEASURE and GUARANTEED TO FIT. GENTLEMEN will find it to their COMFORT and ADVANTAGE to bear this in mind.
ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN
SUCCESSORS TO
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,
No. 20 Sparks-St.
Ottawa, June 12, 1871.

PORTER'S BLOCK.
34. SPARKS-ST. 34.
T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co
Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of
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Ottawa, June 17, 1871 1694tf

THE DAYS OF HORROR.

DESTRUCTION OF THE PALACE OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR:

On the site where the magnificent Palace of The Legion of Honour once stood, nothing is now to be seen except the charred ruins of the building and the piazza in the court, surmounted by the remarkable bas-relief. This palace was used during the revolution by Gen. Eudes as his headquarters. This brave general, it may be remembered, was released by the self-made government of September 4. During his short-lived reign of splendor as the Palace of the Legion of Honour he have a series of fêtes and receptions on a most extensive scale of magnificence. In these pageantries he was ably assisted by Mme. Eudes. This young lady exhibited an extraordinary example of the fortitude of a fanatical brain when once "fast to some dear falsehood." She was but 20 years of age, but she was firmly convinced that the criminal theories of her husband represented pure and virtuous truth. At the trial of Eudes in August last for the murder of the firemen she was present the whole time in Court and heard him condemned to death, without emotion, merely remarking: "What matters death if it be for the good cause." After the capture of Paris Mme. Eudes was taken with arms and summarily shot. The palace itself was fired on Monday, at four different points at once. It had already been pillaged by its occupier and his horde of ruffians. One man, the concierge, ventured to attempt to save the place, but he was instantly arrested. The stables, which were detached from the building, have been saved. Eudes upon evacuating the Palace of the Legion of Honour repaired to the Quai d'Orsay, and military occupied the Palace of the Conseil d'Etat. This mansion had at first been made the residence of the Communist *delegue au Conseil d'Etat*, the Citoyen Abel Peyronton This great legislator undertook in the early days of the revolution to raise the whole of the Midi, but he was taken prisoner at Marseilles, and his secretary, Le Pelletier, raised to the Post occupied by his unfortunate master.

As soon as the troops entered Paris, and the Palace of the Legion of Honour had been set in flames, Eudes, as I have already said, entered the Palace of the Conseil d'Etat. He was accompanied by "General" Megy and several battalions of federals. They at once proceeded to prepare the place with the utmost care. There was a magazine of petroleum in the yards; from this they took bucketfuls and inundated therewith the staircases, rooms and passages. The place was then fired on all sides at once and left to its fate. Not an article was spared. The grand staircase was the last standing ruin seen, and on Wednesday morning that fell with a crash upon the rest of the ashes. Strange to say in the midst of all this ruin, two magnificent frescoes in black and white survived. In order to make their work more complete, the incendiaries burned the house situated at No 85 Rue de Lille, where all the archives of the court of accounts, in fact all the records of the country, since the first empire, were kept. The loss of these is irreparable—far more so than the loss of the palace itself.

THE ARCHBISHOP LYING IN STATE.

I have to-day been to witness the impressive ceremony which the French call the *Chapelle ardente*, and which consists of the lying in state of the murdered Archbishop of Paris, at the Archiepiscopal Palace in the quarter of St. Germains. In the courtyard of the palace were some soldiers on Guard. Passing between them and entering the palace, I found myself at once in the scene of the solemnity. It was a vast hall, divided by black velvet hangings into four compartments. The entrance to this hall from the courtyard was drapped with black velvet, with silver fringes, surmounted with a shield. The shield was red, with a white cross, with the motto: "Labore fideque," and surmounted with a coronet and cross. In the antechamber, formed by the black velvet curtains, into which I first entered, were two great silver candle-sticks the tapers unlighted the light entering only by the door. I now turned to the left, similarly formed by the black velvet hangings, and where the lighted candles in two silver candlesticks were insufficient to dispel the dull gloom. Soldiers stood immovable in this and all the other chambers. The next antechamber was precisely similar to the one I had just left, and from this I entered the room in which the Archbishop lay. It was brilliantly lighted by four immense silver candelabra at each corner of the bier, and by innumerable other candles of all sizes and heights. A gleam of daylight was also allowed to enter by a window in the centre of the room, and the ray of white light streamed full down upon the face of the corpse. The bier was placed in the middle of the room, the public passing along at its left. To the left of the line of passage were rows of kneeling nuns in their white head dresses and black robes, praying; on the right was a similar line of monks. The bier itself was of black velvet and silver. The Archbishop was in his full dress, robes, and mitre. Around him were scattered piles of flowers. The face had greatly fallen in, and decomposition had made considerable progress. The hands which were also visible, were partially clenched, as in the agony of death. In the right-hand corner of the chamber was the bier of Monseigneur Surat, his *vicaire*. His bier was smaller, and the body was already fastened up in the coffin. The coffin was almost hidden with drapery and flowers. The hour was early and there was no crowd. The passers were, therefore, allowed for an instant to kneel and pray. An officer was stationed opposite to the bier to prevent the public from making too long a stay, and two soldiers were stationed at the end of the bier. From the funeral chamber I passed into another ante-chamber similar to that by which I had entered, and went out into the Boulevard. After the Archbishop has been placed in his coffin there will be a further and much grander ceremony in the Cathedral of Notre Dame.

HOW MONSEIGNEUR DARBOY'S SISTER ESCAPED.

(*Paris Correspondence Pall Mall Gazette.*)

General de Martimprey, the paralyzed Governor of the Invalides, whose arrest excited so much indignation a few weeks ago, escaped being shot owing to his infirmities. He was unable to walk, and the insurgents charged to convey them into the place of execution forgot him. He has returned to the Invalides, which building, like the Pantheon and other monuments, had a narrow escape. Everything was ready to blow up the hotel, but in the hurry of their departure the rebels fortunately forgot to light the matches communicating with several barrels of gunpowder and inflammable material. The manner in which the sister of the Archbishop of Paris was rescued is thus told:

A Polish lady went to Dombrowski, and in their native tongue implored him to intercede with the Commune on her behalf. The general at first appeared afraid to assume the responsibility of such an act, but was at length persuaded, though had little hopes of succeeding with such men as Protiot and Raoul Rigault. "Ah! said he, "if you know how I despise the men with whom I am mixed up." "Then why not leave them?" "I cannot. I should be accused of treason, and I owe it to my family to die with honor." "How did you allow yourself to get mixed up in this affair?" "The universal republic has been my dream. But to accomplish that great work virile elements were necessary, and Paris only offers decrepitude. Everywhere I meet with cowards who have the instincts of tigers, and who yet will fly at the approach of the troops."

Fortunately, for Mlle. Darboy, Dombrowski succeeded in obtaining her rescue, and was pursuaded to leave Paris immediately. Much against her own desire she consented and Dombrowski had no sooner reached the outposts than Citizens Protot and Raoul Rigault, determined to rearrest Mlle. Darboy but she had left the capital.

COUNTY BY-LAWS.

BY-LAW 164.

By-law to assess and levy the sums necessary to pay the valid debts of the county falling due in the year of our Lord 1871.

Whereas it is necessary to provide by general assessment on the whole rateable property of the county liable to assessment the sums of money hereinafter mentioned for the payment of the general incidental expenses of the county and of all valid debts of the county falling due in the present year and also for the payment of the special rates imposed by and under the provisions of By-laws number 94 and 157 for the present year.

And whereas the Council of the corporation of the county of Carleton have estimated that the several sums hereinafter mentioned will be required for the several purposes aforesaid.

Therefore the council of the corporation of the county of Carleton aforesaid do hereby enact and ordain as follows:

There shall be rated, taxed, and levied on the whole rateable property within the said county, liable to assessment, the sums of money following, that is to say:—

For several county purposes the sum of $15,000

For the payment of the special rate under By-law number 94, the sum of $774.92.

For the payment of the special rate under By-law number 157, $3,489.46.

That said several amounts shall be apportioned in the several municipalities composing and forming the county of Carleton, according to the revised and equalized assessment rolls for the year of our Lord, 1870 as is hereinafter contained.

That the said several sums so required to be rated, taxed and levied as aforesaid, be and the same are hereby apportioned, amongst the several municipalities of the said county in the sums and proportions set opposite to the names of each such municipality in the following schedule, that is to say:—

Municipalities.	For County purposes.	Special rate under By-law, No. 94.	Special rate under By-law, No. 157.
Nepean	$2,447 77	$577 25	$1,154 51
Gloucester	2,307 58	544 19	1,088 39
Fitzroy	1,718 54	405 26	810 47
North Gower	1,892 56	244 64	449 28
Huntly	1,589 03	374 74	749 28
Goulbourn	1,563 28	368 67	737 34
March	663 34	156 38	312 96
Osgood	2,169 74	498 54	995 08
Torbolton	364 14	85 87	171 74
Marlborough	848 27	200 04	400 09
Village of Richmond	265 71	62 66	125 32
Village of New Edinburgh	169 85	40 05	80 00

which said several sums shall be levied collected and paid over to the several collectors of the several municipalities in the County of Carleton to the Treasurer of the County on or before the 24th day of December next, given under the Corporate Seal of the County of Carleton the seventeenth day of June in the year of our Lord 1871.

IRA. J. MORGAN.
Warden.

BY-LAW NO. 165.

By-law to levy monies necessary for the payment of salaries of the qualified Common School Teachers and Local Superintendants in the several Townships of the county of Carleton for the year 1871.

Whereas each County Council in the Province of Ontario is required by law to cause to be levied yearly within the several Townships of the county, such sums of money for the payment of the salaries of legally qualified Common School Trustees as at least equal, clear of all charges of collection and the amount of school money apportioned by the chief Superintendent of education to the several Townships thereof for the year, and notified by him to each council through the County Clerk.

And whereas each County Council is also required to provide for the salary of the local superintendent of common schools.

And whereas for the purpose of complying with the requirements of law in that behalf it will be necessary to levy upon the several Townships of the County of Carleton for the present year for the purposes aforesaid, the several sums of money set opposite to the names of each such Township in the following schedule that is to say:—

Township	For payment of qualified Common School Teachers.	For payment of Local Superintendent.
Nepean	$351	$ 26
Gloucester	464	40
Fitzroy	368	22
North Gower	330	18
Huntley	350	20
Goulbourn	416	26
March	194	12
Osgoode	350	34
Torbolton	108	8
Marlborough	271	24

Therefore the Council of the corporation of the county of Carleton do hereby ordain as follows:—

That there shall be levied during the present year upon the several townships of the county of Carleton hereinafter named (the same being all the townships in the county of Carleton) for the purposes aforesaid, the several sums of money set opposite to each of the said townships in the foregoing schedule, shall be levied rateably on the whole rateable property within the townships liable to taxation.

That the said several sums so directed to be levied upon each of the said townships as aforesaid shall be levied, collected and paid over by the several collectors thereof to the proper officers appointed by law to receive the same within the time required by law in that behalf and the sums collected for the payment of qualified common school trustees, shall be retained by the Treasurer of each Township in his capacity of sub-Treasurer for the county, and he shall hold the same when so paid to him, subject to the lawful orders of the local Superintendant of Common Schools for the township, or other officer or officers entitled by law to give orders for the payment of the same and each such sub-Treasurer shall transmit to the County Clerk an account in writing of the receipt and disbursements of the same in order that it may be laid before the Council of the Corporation of the County of Carleton.

Given &c., &c.

IRA J. MORGAN,
Warden

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Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Bank of British North America—R. W. Radford.
Found—Rev. Mr. Pallier.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 21, 1871.

For interesting reading matter, see first page.

Sir Geo. E. Cartier left Niagara yesterday.

The indications are that Dr. Brigham will be elected in Missisquoi.

Mr. Walsh, M. P., Intercolonial Railway Commissioner has arrived.

Several of the Staff officers of the Census have already arrived, and the rest are expected shortly.

THE GRAND TRUNK AND ITS ENEMIES.

A few days since a bridge gave way on the Great Western Railway, and a train of freight cars was precipitated into the stream below. Had it been a passenger instead of a freight train many lives would have been lost. That it was a freight train was a Providential circumstance, and the neglect on the part of certain officials of the line, who ought to have known what was the condition of the bridge, was as culpable as though a hundred lives had been sacrificed. But inasmuch as there is no journal in Canada specially retained to write down the Great Western for the benefit of the Lake Shore and Michigan Railroad, no flaming editorials appeared denouncing Mr. Muir and his management, such as are invariably launched at Mr. Brydges' devoted head whenever an accident occurs upon the Grand Trunk.

We are glad that such is the case, for although we have not one word to say against Mr. Muir, we have no doubt that if any public journal possessed of a large circulation were to be devoted to finding fault with and criticising his management, and to exaggerating every accident which occurred upon his line, the reputation of the Great Western would suffer very materially, and the traffic receipts would be considerably lessened in consequence. In the interests of Canada and the Great Western Railway, therefore, we rejoice to know that the American lines which run in opposition to the Great Western have not succeeded in subsidizing any journal in this country to write down their rival, and that Mr. Muir has not done anything to incur the displeasure of the editor and chief proprietor of an unscrupulous journal.

Some time since we might have wished the same thing with regard to the Grand Trunk Railway. Actuated by certain motives, which we do not care to inquire into too closely but which were certainly anything but creditable ones, a leading journal had been writing down Mr. Brydges and the road over which he presides, until people had really come to believe that it was a very badly managed concern, and thus thousands of dollars which would have been spent in this country were diverted to the American roads, which profited greatly by the attacks so persistently made upon the Grand Trunk. After a while, however, people began to enquire what were the motives which inspired this constant persecution of Mr. Brydges and his line; statistics showed that for the number of miles travelled there were fewer lives lost on the Grand Trunk Railway than upon almost any other line on this continent, important improvements were noticed in the condition of the rolling stock and the permanent way, yet in spite of all this the journal to which we refer kept up its unceasing attacks upon the road, and its general manager. They still are persevered in, but no one heeds them now; the motives which induce them are, fortunately, generally known. Although nearly every accident which occurs anywhere along the 1400 miles of road is made the text for an editorial, the public are alive to the fact that in the face of difficulties which would have daunted most men, Mr. Brydges and his subordinates have worked energetically and efficiently in the interests of the shareholders and of the public, that the line is in a far better condition that it ever was before, and that in spite of all the efforts of those who have so zealously striven to ruin the Grand Trunk and to drive traffic from it on to the American roads, its receipts are constantly on the increase. Accidents will occur, we know, on all roads, and subordinate officials will at times be less careful than they ought to be; of this fact, the late accident on the Great Western affords quite as striking a proof as does that which took place on the Grand Trunk at Napanee.

HELIGOLAND.

Lying off the coast of Germany, and about fifty miles from the mouth of the Elbe, is the little island of Heligoland, a naval station belonging to Great Britain. Taken from Denmark during the Napoleonic war at the time when the First Emperor had compelled that power to form an alliance with France, it was ceded permanently to Great Britain at the treaty which was signed at Kiel by the representatives of Great Britain, Sweden, and Denmark. Now, judging from the tone of some of the Berlin newspapers, the German people, in their newly developed lust for conquest, are looking longingly towards Heligoland, and they declare that England must prepare to cede it on pain of annihilation. It is difficult to understand upon what ground Germany can make this demand. The island never belonged to Germany, having, as we have mentioned, been taken from Denmark, nor are the few people who dwell upon its rocky heights, Germans in any sense of the word. It may be said that a barren island scarcely five miles in circumference is not worth going to war about, and we doubt not that there are plenty of men of the Manchester school who, for the sake of peace, would be ready to give up Heligoland, as they would be to abandon more extensive portions of the Empire at the demand of any aggressive power. But as a naval and coaling station the little island would be a source of great strength to England in the event of her being engaged in any war which involved naval operations in the Baltic Sea or German Ocean. Of this fact Bismarck is no doubt fully aware. But if it were not so, we do not suppose that even Mr. Gladstone's Ministry dare ask the people of Great Britain to give up a portion of the Empire in the face of threats or intimidation, nor do we imagine that any formal demand of the kind is likely to be made, at all events at present. But the arrogant tone of the German people may be accepted as an indication of the soaring ambition and desire for territorial aggrandizement which appear to have filled their minds of late, and ought to serve as a warning to English statesmen to avoid a narrow cheese-paring economy in the administration of naval and military affairs.

GOOD OUT OF EVIL.

The farmers in the surrounding district who suffered so severely by the disastrous conflagrations last summer, appear to be in a fair way towards retrieving their heavy losses and re-establishing comfort in their homes. The fires cannot be said to have effected immense destruction without any benefit ensuing from them. On the contrary while many farmers declare that the fire, so far as they are concerned, did a great deal more good than harm, there are probably not a dozen farmers throughout the localities visited by fire, who will not allow that it did them some good. This assertion will be readily understood when it is remembered that nearly every farmer throughout the surrounding country had large tracts of bush land to clear, and the process of clearing land is both tedious and expensive. The underbrush has to be cut down and burned, and the large trees must be felled and piled up in such a manner that they may dry rapidly. Then, after the trunks of the trees have been burned, the stumps remain in the ground for years, a nuisance and an obstruction to cultivation. The fires which swept so fiercely through the woods last summer consumed the brushwood and small trees, and creeping into the ground so effectually destroyed the roots of the largest trees that it needed but a breath of wind to blow them down. They are now "cut and dried," and the farmer is virtually saved the trouble of chopping and stumping. Some farmers who owned extensive bush lands regard last summer's visitation as a blessing, so with the old maxim, "it's an ill wind that blows nobody good." Of course we do not mean for a moment to say that no deplorable damage was done; on the contrary, we could mention instances, where twelve months ago there was plenty and comfort, and where at present there is desolation, misery, and irretrievable ruin. Such cases can only be regretted, but at the same time, it is a reason for thankfulness that they are not more numerous than they are. Those who escaped the ravages have done everything in their power to relieve and assist the sufferers, and now it would appear as if Providence were going to gladden their hearts and homes with a most abundant harvest. Crops, fruit, in one word all vegetation, is progressing admirably under the temperate warmth and genial showers, and let us hope and pray the farmers may not be disappointed.

THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

Without endorsing all that was said in the letter on the Fishery Question which appeared yesterday, we cannot help feeling that there is a great deal of common sense in it which commends it to notice and approval. The same may be said of the following article from the Kincardine *Review*:

As time rolls on, and as more attention comes to be given to the provisions of this Treaty, it appears to be a document differing very materially from what the *Globe* newspaper and its satellites have pictured it to be. The Democratic opposition in the United States turns out to be opposed to the Treaty, in its most prominent features, and the Opposition papers of Canada are opposed to as many of its particulars, while both cannot fail to see that without a settlement of many of the subjects of the Treaty, there is a standing cause for war between Great Britain and the United States. The course of each appears to overlook this all important consideration in order to better their political position and gain political strength While we are opposed to a sacrifice of our rights as much as any one, we unhesitatingly desire to see those differences, pending between two of the greatest nations of Christendom, settled in a humane and satisfactory manner. The empty cackling of the Administration press in the country across the river, over the so called advantages of the Treaty and of the manner in which John Bull had been outwitted, stirred up the holy indignation of the *Globe*. This indignation has proved to be infectious and it is now spreading its feverish influences amongst journals of the Brown persuasion. This is the manner in which the shout of holy horror has been put in circulation, and is now cunningly devised by the *Globe* as a something of which to make a political capital. Under the false guise of standing up for the interests of the Dominion, which we believe has never once been jeopardised, an attempt has been made by which to embarrass the Home Government, to create a disloyal feeling to the British Crown, and to retard, in a sense, the prosperity of the Dominion. Engaged as this country is at the present time in consolidating her commercial position by the construction of an International Railway to the Red River Territory, and the Pacific for the same purpose, it is therefor of the utmost importance that everything which might tend or retard the timely completion of these should be avoided. How apparent it then is that peace should reign supreme. It is therefore indispensably necessary for the carrying out of these measures, that peace and quietness should be secured, even at a small sacrifice. It has always been our opinion that, since John A. was selected by the Imperial Government, he was necessarily compelled to act, while engaged in arranging the provisions of the Treaty, from an Imperial point of view, and, that as soon as he was relieved from his duties, as a commissioner, he would express his opinions from a Canadian point of view.

We give the following from the *Telegraph* of the 13th, and which exactly substantiates our amendment:

OTTAWA, June 12.

The *Times* announce officially that the Dominion Government, as soon as the provisions of the Treaty of Washington, with regard to the fisheries, were announced, protested against them by cable telegraph to the Imperial Government, and that Sir John A. Macdonald as a member of the High Commission, did the same. Instructions were then sent out from Downing street, directing the Commissioners to sign the Treaty subject to the approval of the Canadian Parliament, so far as those question which affected Canadian interests were concerned. It is now understood that the Government are, and always have been united in their opposition to that part of the treaty which refers to the fisheries, unless the Imperial Government can give some good reason for their being acquiesced in, and a sufficient *quid pro quo* given to Canada. The oppositionists in this part of the world are very much taken aback by this announcement.

BOOK NOTICE.

PIKE COUNTY BALLADS AND OTHER PIECES, by JOHN HAY. Boston—J. R. OSGOOD & Co. Ottawa—DURIE & SON.

There are few metrical compositions which have made a greater stir during the past year or two, than some of those written by this author. Those which have done more than any other to render his name famous, are found in the commencement of the volume before us, and are entitled "Little Breeches," and "Jim Bludso." They are written in a peculiar Yankee dialect, and undoubtedly contain some bold and original thoughts which, to some extent, justify the warm enconiums which they have received, not only in the United States, but also from some English journals. We cannot help feeling, however, that much that would be admirable in these poems is marred by the coarseness and downright blasphemy which is found in some of the verses. As men of inferior ability oftentimes affect infidelity and atheism simply because they imagine that the world may, in consequence, be induced to regard them as deep thinkers, when, in fact, they are but shallow nonentities, so more than one writer of prose and poetry with whom we are acquainted, adopts an irreverent style when speaking of subjects that ought to be held sacred, in the hope thereby of startling his readers, and so winning their applause. It appears to us that Mr. Hay has fallen into this error. Whatever there is of beauty or pathos in the poem entitled "Little Breeches" would have been in no wise diminished had the writer omitted the two concluding lines, and the same remark will apply to "Jim Bludso." "Banty Tim's" answer to the white man's Committee of Spunky Point is a spirited production, and some of the war ballads will undoubtedly awaken a responsive echo in American hearts.

But the volume contains poems which indicate that Mr. Hay is capable of something better than he has yet attempted. There is the ring of true poetry in the opening of "The Prayer of the Romans":

"Not done, but near its ending,
Is the work that our eyes desired;
Not yet fulfilled but near the goal,
Is the hope that our worn hearts fired.
And on the Alban mountains,
Where the blushes of dawn increase,
We see the flash of the beautiful feet
Of Freedom and of Peace!"

In the ballad entitled "On the Bluff," published in the TIMES some time since there is a pleasant flow. We give the first verse:

O, grandly flowing river!
O, silver gliding river!
Thy springing willows shiver
In the sunlight as of old;
They shiver in the silence
Of the willow whitened islands,
While the sunbars and the sandbars
Fill air and wave with gold.

Containing much that is open to adverse criticism, but much also that we can admire and which gives promise of still better things to come, this little volume will, we have no doubt, have an extensive sale. It is neatly bound in crimson and gold—Price, $1 50.

ENGLISH OPERA.

Last evening the opera of "Martha" was presented by the English Opera Company, Mrs. Richings Bernard appearing as "Lady Harriet," the character first immortalised on this continent by Miss Kellog. Mrs. Seguin as "Nancy," Mr. Castle as "Lionel," and Mr. S. C. Campbell as "Plunkett." The plot of the opera is founded on an incident which actually occurred in the early part of the 18th century. Lady Harriet, one of the Queen's maids of honour conceives the idea of going to Richmond Fair in disguise, accompanied by her maid Nancy and her cousin and admirer, Sir Tristan. There they meet with two young farmers, Lionel and Plunkett, and are by them hired as servants. Lady Harriet enters into the affair as a joke, but upon attempting to leave the fair finds that, having accepted the earnest money, they are bound for the space of one year, and are compelled much against their will to go to Plunkett's farm. Here Lionel soon falls in love with Martha, and is more than ever enamoured of her when she sings "The Last Rose of Summer." At length she and Nancy effect their escape. A little while afterwards the Queen, attended by Lady Harriet and other ladies comes hunting in the neighbourhood of the farm, and Plunkett and Lionel fall in with a party of the huntresses, in one of whom they recognize their former servant, and attempt to arrest her. Lionel becomes melancholy mad when he discovers the gulf which divides him from her, but matters are finally set to rights by the opportune discovery that he is the rightful Earl of Derby, and therefore a fit match for a young lady of title. Of course Plunkett (the baritone) marries the contralto as baritones always do in operas.

We are quite sure that those who were present last evening were much gratified with the performance. Mrs. Bernard's voice has lost none of that flexibility and power which it possessed when soon after her *debut* as a *prima donna* she sang in "The Enchantress" at Niblo's Garden. In "The Last Rose of Summer" she took the house by storm, singing with exquisite taste and feeling. Mrs. Seguin sang the light sprightly music of her part with spirit and good effect. Mrs. Castle's tenor voice is one such as we hear but seldom in Canada. His rendition of "Lost, proscribed, a friendless pilgrim" in the first act, and the beautiful air "Like a dream" in the third Act was all that could be desired. Mr Campbell's magnificent voice was heard to great advantage in the drinking song in the third act and in the duet with Mr. Castle in the first act. It is scarcely fair to criticise choruses in a travelling company. The "Servants chorus" in the first and fourth acts, which is the principal chorus in the opera, was given in fair time and tune.

To-night the favourite Opera of "Fra Diavolo" will be given, and we hope to see a crowded house. We strongly advise our readers to attend as we are certain that they will be well repaid for doing so.

INSPECTION.—The Field Battery and Civil Service Company were inspected yesterday, by Brigade Major Jackson.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

POLICE COURT—Tuesday.—In a case of abusive language the complainant had to pay costs.

Jonah Dunning was charged $5 and costs for overcharging for cab hire.

Terrence O'Neill was charged with quarrying stone on corporation property at Bellevue Terrace. He was fined $1 and costs.

James Doolan, charged with the larceny of money from the English Hotel, was committed for trial at the Assizes.

James Maloney, charged with the larceny of money from Mrs. D. Hogan's boarding-house, was sent to gaol for one week.

John Copps was charged with refusing to pay Charles O'Reilly for labor on a timber drive. Case adjourned until to-morrow morning.

Sabbath School CONVENTION.

The Sabbath School Convention met at 2:30 yesterday in the Bank Street Church. This meeting might almost be called a preliminary one, as no doubt there were many delegates who had not arrived in town in time to attend it, and moreover, the general nature of the proceedings might be considered as introductory to more serious business. The attendance composed of clergymen, ladies, and gentlemen was pretty large, and among those present we noticed Ralph Wells, Esq., of New York, who delivered several short addresses during the meeting.

The meeting having been opened with appropriate devotional exercises the following report of the Committee appointed to make the arrangements for the holding of the Convention was read by the Secretary, Mr. Topley.

At a meeting of the Ottawa Sabbath School Association held on April 6th, resolutions were passed expressive of the propriety of holding, in this city, a Sabbath School Convention of delegates from the adjoining counties of Ottawa, Pontiac, Renfrew, Lanark, Carleton and Russell. In order to facilitate business a committee consisting of Rev. Messrs. Wm. McLaren, R. E. Ebbs, Messrs. A. Mutchmor, J. Harden and W. J. Topley was appointed to draft a constitution, and at ensuing meeting several committees were formed to make all necessary arrangements.

During the month of April a circular was addressed to persons in the localities named, and also to friends in the counties of Prescott and Russell, which were added to the list. These invitations met with a hearty response, and while it would have been more gratifying to have entertained a greater number, the committee rejoices in the whole heartedness which has so far characterized the proceedings of the Convention, trusting that such feeling is expressive of faith, love to the cause, and an acknowledged anticipation of the presence of the Great Master of assemblies, without whose presence our coming together is vain. The committee also rejoice in being able to secure the attendance of several whom the Lord has abundantly blessed in Sabbath School work, who will contribute much to make our meeting a time of refreshing.

On retiring, the committee leave the adoption of the Constitution in the hands of the Convention, and feel constrained to advise the holding of an annual meeting, as one calculated to build up and encourage many earnest laborers, who, living in backward portions of our counties, are doing so under many disadvantages, and if the holding of this, our first meeting, shall have resulted in good in the least respect, our labour shall not have been in vain in the Lord.

The Secretary then read the constitution of the Convention, which is as follows:

CONSTITUTION.

1st. This Association shall be called the Ottawa Valley Sabbath School Association, for the counties of Ottawa, Pontiac, Renfrew, Lanark, Carleton, and Russell, and for the city of Ottawa.

2nd. It shall be composed of the officers and teachers of the several Sabbath Schools holding what are usually regarded as evangelical doctrines. Ministers of religion holding the same doctrines and approving of the objects of the Union are *ex-officio* members. The reporting of the state of these schools by the officers and teachers shall entitle them to membership; but by neglecting to report for two successive years, they shall forfeit such privilege. Any persons who in former years were engaged in Sabbath School teaching are eligible as honorary members upon application.

3rd. The Annual Meeting shall be composed of Ministers connected with the Association and delegates from the several schools, the number of whom to be determined by the size of schools—schools numbering 50 scholars or less to be entitled to send two delegates; larger schools to send one delegate for every fifty scholars.

4th. The object shall be infusion of a deeper interest in Sabbath Schools, and the perfecting of teachers in their work, and for the employment of such means as may be deemed desirable to advance the interest of Sabbath Schools.

5th. The officers shall consist of a President, Vice-President, Secretary, two Assistant Secretaries, Treasurer, and a Committee of fifteen, to be elected annually, three of said Committee to form a quorum. The President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer, and Assistant-Secretaries, shall be *ex-officio* members of the Committee.

6th. The Secretary shall submit to the annual meeting a summary of the statistics of the Sabbath Schools as reported to him, and the Treasurer shall report of the receipts and disbursements of the funds.

7th. The Committee of the Association shall manage its business between its annual meetings, and make the preliminary arrangements for their recurrence.

8th. The Vice-President shall have the general supervision of the Sabbath Schools in their respective precincts, collect Sabbath School statistics, and report to the Secretary at least ten days before the annual meeting.

9th. Each Annual Meeting shall decide the month and place for succeeding meeting, the Committee of the Association fixing the day for its assembling.

10th. This Constitution may be altered or amended by a vote of two-thirds of the delegates present at any regular annual meeting.

STANDING RULES.

1st. The President shall call the meeting to order at the appointed time, having it opened with devotional exercises.

2nd. A nominating committee shall then be appointed, consisting of five persons nominated by the presiding officer.

3rd. Half an hour shall then be occupied with devotional exercises.

4th. Minute Secretaries shall then be appointed by open nomination and vote, and the Secretary of the Association shall then read the Constitution and standing rules, and call the roll.

5th. The Annual Meeting shall convene the first day at two o'clock, p.m.; adjourn at five o'clock, p.m.; assemble again at seven o'clock, p.m. The morning session of second day shall commence at nine o'clock, a.m., adjourn at twelve o'clock, noon, re-assemble at two o'clock, p.m., adjourn at five o'clock, p. m., and meet for closing services at seven o'clock, p.m.

Mr. Mutchmor noticed that in the Constitution the words "Convention" and "Association" were used. He thought it would be well to decide upon one name which should be made use of exclusively.

At the suggestion of the Rev. Mr. McEwen, of Pembroke, the word "Convention" was decided upon as the proper name under which they should be known.

A few minutes were then employed in further devotional exercises. After which the Rev. Mr. Abbs rose and stated that pending the report of the nominating committee the meeting would be happy to listen to five or ten minutes addresses from any members.

The Rev. Mr. McEwen, of Pembroke, rose and said, that as no subject had been indicated upon which to speak he would take the liberty of saying a few genera words with respect to the Convention. The motto of the Convention should be "Looking unto Jesus," which was a beautiful and appropriate one. The same spirit should pervade the breast of every member, whose every word and action should be "Looking unto Jesus." Particularly as they had appointed themselves to the laudable task of teachers of the young, their object should ever be to endeavor to create in the youthful heart an undying love for Jesus, that when they grow up their steps may tend towards the goal of salvation. To instruct children it was necessary that they (Teachers) should obtain a thorough understanding of their pupils; they should not ask children to come up to them, but they should go down and lift them up. He knew it was difficult to combine the wisdom of the man with the simplicity and humility of the child, but such a spirit of mind was necessary in the Sabbath School teacher. He entertained a very elevated opinion of Sabbath Schools, their object and end, and rejoiced at the good work they were effecting. He had once read some very interesting little anecdotes about birds and their habits. Some birds built their nests very small, and not unfrequently unfortunate accidents occur to the young. But he read of one bird which built a very small nest, but when the young birds had grown to a certain size the old bird put a new story on the nest, thus preventing any mishap. The same process was necessary with children. When they grew up it was imperative on their parents to save them from falling out of the nest of virtue into the gulf of sin. The Sabbath School was building the second story around many young hearts.

The Rev. Mr. McLaren then addressed the meeting, relating some touching reminiscences of his Sabbath School experience, and pointing out in a few plain words the immense good that can be accomplished for society and religion by proper and earnest working in that path. He also demonstrated how much the future life of children is dependent upon the early training and teaching received from their parents and concluded by stating that for success to attend their efforts it was necessary that they should expect such a reward, and they should labour with the spirit of earnestness which a hope of good fruit being the result never fails to stimulate in the human heart. He hoped the present would be but the first of a series of similar meetings and he hoped the fruit of their labour would be visible throughout the country.

Mr. Ralph Wells rose to say a word if they would allow a stranger to address them. He rose to say "amen" to all he had heard. He was from the United States, but he felt in a congenial atmosphere while among them, and it was sweet pleasure for him to be there. The motto "Looking unto Jesus" he had on the walls of his schools at home in New York, and he wished it was the motto of every one. With respect to the object of the meeting he thought its first object was to "touch elbows," for like soldiers, if they kept together and worked together they would be staunch and strong, but if they separated they would fall. Mr. Wells then related an affecting little annecdote: A dying member in New York with his last breath asked for his hymn book, and with it in his hand went to the bosom of Jesus.

Rev. Mr. Abbs related that some years ago the "Ocean Monarch" was lost in the English Channel. Another ship came along shortly afterwards, and the crew, hearing a voice, lowered a boat and paddled off in the direction from whence the sound came. They finally saw a woman clinging to a broken mast, and singing a hymn to Jesus which she had learned years previous at a Sabbath School.

Mr. Wilson was glad to see them all met in convention, and considered the motto they had chosen as most beautiful and appropriate. He related some interesting recollections of Sabbath School experience, said that it was in a Sabbath School he was brought from darkness to light, and that while life lasted he would labour in the same path.

Mr. Ralph Wells again rose and made a short but telling address, showing that those who had been fortified by Sabbath School instruction in their youth went fearlessly through the world, encountering danger and facing death when necessary with a calm spirit.

The Rev. Mr. McLaren then read the Report of the Nominating Committee, composed of the following gentlemen:

Rev W McLaren, Rev Wm Bain, Rev J F Wilson, Mr Donaldson, Samuel Garrett, N Russell, W E Sanet, A Alexander, Mr Hamilton.

REPORT OF NOMINATING OFFICERS.

President: A Mutchmor, Esq., Ottawa.
Vice-Presidents:
Joseph Jamieson, Esq., Almonte,
James Gray, Esq., Perth,
Arch. Garrioch, Esq., Arnprior,
Rev. Jos. White, Wakefield,
Rev Wm Hall, M A, Prescott,
George May, Esq, Ottawa,
Andrew Irving, Esq, Pembroke,
General Secretary:
W J Topley, Ottawa.
Minute Secretary:
Rev R Gavin, Ottawa.
Treasurer:
James Cox, Ottawa.
Business Committee:
Rev E Ebbs, Con, Ottawa,
J L Orme, Ottawa,
Wm Minore, Ottawa,
Rev J Abbs, Ottawa,
Dr Allan, Almonte
Wm Hamilton, Ottawa,
Rev Wm Tomblin, Pakenham,
Rev Wm McLaren, Ottawa,
Rev Wm Millard, Toronto,
Ralph Wills, Esq.
Committee on Resolutions:
Rev Wm Creighton,
Rev Wm Burns,
Henry Alexander,
Rev Wm Mackenne,
John Hart, Perth.

The nominations were then put to the meeting and unanimously approved of, Mr. Mutchmor's election as President, being particularly pleasing to the meeting.

The Rev. Mr. Abbs then rose and said he had much pleasure in introducing Mr. Mutchmor to the Chair. He considered the appointment an excellent one, Mr. Mutchmor was an old and tried friend of Sabbath Schools, and, therefore, he congratulated the Convention on the fortunate choice made.

Mr. Mutchmor, on taking the chair, said: Christian Friends and Fellow Laborers,—I thank you for the honor you have conferred upon me, but would have felt better pleased had the nature of things been reversed, and the Chair occupied by me until now, to be succeeded by the Reverend gentleman who has filled it so ably up to the present. I made up my mind years ago that I would not neglect to do all I could for our Great Master, and I believe I can well serve him by laboring in Sabbath Schools. I am a great friend to Sabbath Schools, and consider it a high honor to be a member of the Convention. About the highest honor you could do me is to make me chairman on the occasion, and, therefore, I thank you sincerely for conferring that honor upon me by appointing me your President.

The first subject on the list of those to be discussed at the meeting was introduced by the Rev. Mr. Moore.

The subject was "The Object of Sabbath Schools." The Rev. Mr. Moore was followed on the same subject by Mr. Carswell, of Carleton Place, Ralph Wells, Esq., of New York, Rev. J. G. White, of Osgoode, Rev. Mr. McLaren, Rev. Mr. Ebbs, and the Rev. Mr. Abbs.

The Chairman then made a few remarks, and devotion exercise having been performed, the meeting adjourned until 7:30 p.m.

WELCOME MEETING.

In the evening at the appointed hour of 7:30, the Bank street Church, began to fill with a happy, healthy, and rosy cheeked crowd of children, their parents, friends, and acquaintances, all anxious to hear the address of the celebrated Mr. Wells. The meeting was opened by singing, under the management of Mr. Workman, and as the strains of the following beautiful hymn, swelled until they completely filled the lofty church, the admirable effect of Sunday School training was at once visible in the well cultivated voices of the children:

Lo, the promised day is breaking,
See its glorious light appear,
Angel notes are softly stealing,
On the morning's wakeful ear.
Hark! they float around and near us,
Holy strains of peace and love,
Falling on the listening spirit
From the happy world above.

A chapter was read, after which Rev. Mr. McKillaghen engaged in prayer. Mr. Wells was then invited to take his seat on the platform, and the Chairman, Mr. Mutchmor, announced that the most disagreeable part of the business of the evening would have to be gone through with, viz.: the President's address. He would endeavor however to make the 15 minutes allotted to him pleasant and profitable.

Christian friends and fellow-labourers in the Sabbath School cause—It is with feelings of much respect and gratitude I acknowledge your great kindness in calling me to preside over this, our first Sabbath School Convention in the Ottawa Valley. I am deeply sensible that I have no claim to the position, nor anything like special fitness for its important duties.

I see by the programme before me, that fifteen minutes is allowed for the President's opening address. I am sorry the committee in their wisdom did not employ the time more profitably. I will try to occupy it in what I conceive to be the most judicious way, by giving you a short history of how our association came into existence, and resulted in our present meeting.

About three years ago an intimation was received that the Provincial Sabbath School Convention would like to meet in Ottawa. A few of the many friends to the cause here were delighted, and a meeting was held at once to make the necessary preparations. The subject was discussed, and a canvass made for the accommodation of delegates, by committees representing the various congregations in the city. The result was that the three chief requisites, a plate, a pillow, and a warm heart, were found for upwards of five hundred. We felt quite proud of this and some of us with the confidence and impulse of a Peter were in favor of sending off the invitation at once believing the accommodation quite sufficient for all that would attend. Others like unbelieving Thomas, disputed the point, many of them from the experience of a personal attendance at the large meeting in Toronto the previous year where it was reported 600 to 700 were present expecting the Convention to grow rather than decrease, and the novelty and attractions of the new Capital tending additional interest, owing to this and the mixed character of our population, about one-half being Roman Catholics, and our own people widely scattered, we agreed to defer it for a future opportunity. When our meeting was about to separate, an earnest christian having a warm heart to Sabbath Schools suggested doing something among ourselves. A Sabbath School Association was formed for the city and neighbourhood, and to this institution we are mainly indebted for our present meeting, like the institution whose interests we have met to discuss from a small and insignificant beginning we have attained our present position, and who will say that the diminutive grain of mustard seed will not soon become a lofty and spreading tree. I hope ere this Convention closes an invitation will be sent through its Worthy Secretary, the Rev. Mr. Milord, for the Provincial Convention to meet here in 1872. I trust he will be so favorably impressed with our present meeting that he will be become mutually interested with ourselves to meet here, and I assure you his influence goes a long way to secure it.

Perhaps some sister or brother wonders how we can entertain the Provincial Convention better now than three years ago. Sabbath Schools have grown, and the Conventions ought to follow. We say yes, and we bless God for it. At the same time we feel grateful to the giver of *all* good that Ottawa has grown, too. As a striking proof of it the denomination meeting for worship within these walls (Canada Presbyterian) has nearly doubled within five years, and the Sabbath Schools have more than done this.

It is our honoured privilege to have the assembled wisdom of our vast Dominion meet here once a year to make laws for the government of our country, and the prevention and punishment of crime. After all we hear of murders, robberies, thefts, gambling, and last, though not least, intemperance, the father of them all, it is an excellent thing to make men good citizens, but it is far better to make them good christians, inasmuch as the greater always includes the less. Only give us half the money for the support of Sabbath Schools that it costs our country on account of intemperance alone, and we will soon shew you, like Mackerrille, in New York, that brother Wells' system is better than that of the police. In place of imprisonment and also under the bondage of sin, how much happier to be clothed with that glorious liberty wherewith Christ makes his people free. Who will say that our present meeting is not for a higher, holier, purer and more elevating legislation, besides the eternal salvation of immortal souls, one of which is more valuable than the whole world.

Oh, then, let our earnest prayers be God, give us the children and the grace and wisdom to teach them that all the children may be for Jesus, and the happy experience of future generations be Christ for all the world and all the world for Christ. Let us thank God and take courage that on every Sabbath day in our city, the glad voices of 1500 Sabbath school scholars goes up to heaven singing Hosanna to the Son of David, let us labour more earnestly and pray more faithfully, eager and anxious to work for the Master who hath done such a great work for us, remembering we are not our own, we are bought with a price; let us hear Him saying unto each one of us be thou faithful until death, and I will give thee a crown of life, believing God has promised that all the world shall be given to Christ, our work will not be accomplished until every child in our counties and city is brought under the influence of the Gospel. Our beautiful rivers gather the streams which flow into them, and all is borne down by the current, until the one empties into the other, and they both unite to carry down the products of our forest and commerce of our country; in like manner let us unite as Christians to do battle in the army of the Lord, Epicopalians, Methodists, Baptists, Congregationalists and Presbyterians, while one plants let the others water. Our Father himself has promised the increase if the Episcopalians get ahead, God speed and bless them if the Methodist beat the Presbyterian. All right to the victors belong the spoils. The object of our present meeting is to encourage and stimulate each other, let the dying embers of some be kindled into a blaze by the enthusiasm of others. Strong in the Lord and in the power of his might may we strengthen the faint hearted, inflame and rekindle love where it is growing cold, and increase the zeal of all in obeying the command of our Lord, "Feed my Lambs," let us have a mutual and fair exchange the shining gold of the towns and cities for the pure wheat; ripe for the harvest of the country, let our meeting together cause us to know each other better, and from love to the Master, love each other more, and the dear Lamb which he has lent us to bring to Him. Our programme presents eight topics for our consideration which will be introduced by brethren of experience and ability. I trust they will be followed without any backwardness or hesitancy—with spirited and animated discussion; it is for this we meet, and let everyone freely contribute. "Freely ye have received, freely give."

If any of you come from a dry and thirsty land where no water is, it is with great pleasure I tell you we have *wells* here, not of water my dear friends, but one who from experience and knowledge of the way, will I trust point out to us a shorter path leading to the great fountain where we can all drink and bring the lambs with us that they may drink also. Our arrangements for singing will I trust prove to you that it is under the management of a Workman that needeth not to be ashamed. We welcome you to our city, our homes and our hearts. I trust we will be the gainers from being the recipients of hallowed impressions left behind you. May we all be enabled by grace to sow seed that will bear fruit unto life eternal and bloom forever in the paradise of God.

Mrs Mutchmor's address was greeted with loud applause. The 8th hymn was then sung by the choir and joined in by the whole congregation, after which the Chairman announced that he had a couple of telegrams to read, one of which was from Rev Mr. Millard, who stated that he was then at Prescott and would be present that evening at 10 o'clock. The other was an apology from Dr. Carroll, stating that he was called away unexpectedly and would not be able to be present.

The Rev. Mr. Moore was called upon to deliver the welcome address, and he came forward amidst loud applause. That showed how popular he was amongst the persons present. He said, as the oldest minister in the city, not the oldest man, but the oldest in ministerial work, it had fallen into his hands to present the address of welcome. It was a pleasant task, but one at which he felt would be unable to acquit himself to his entire satisfaction. He could not express the satisfaction with which he, as one of the promoters of Sabbath School enterprise looked on the meeting that was before them that evening as an evidence of the success of the Association. If, in any part of his address, there seemed to be a want of heartiness or cordiality, he hoped that his friends would not cherish the thought or inference that there was a want of hospitality, as his words were honest and his welcome sincere. Some of those who came to visit them on that occasion would not find the arrangements for their reception were as complete as they would desire, but it was the first convention of the Association they had ever tried in the city, and they would have to get their hands in before they could get the machinery to work with satisfaction. All machinery required to work some before it would run smoothly, and all their present machinery required was the oil of christian zeal and faith to make it work satisfactorily. He was forgetting that his business that evening was to present the address of welcome, and he would stick to his text. The citizens of Ottawa were always ready to welcome those who came to them as servants of Christ, and were not those who sought to promote the interests of Sabbath Schools and Sabbath School teachers servants of Christ? (applause.) Those who had come from a distance were not only workers of good but fellow workers of the Saints, and for that reason they were honored and welcomed to our city. It was a pleasant thing to see the face and hear the voice of of friends, and their meeting would be productive of very great good, even if, after they had gone home, they found it impossible to lay their hands upon a solitary item of information they had received at the Convention. He thought it would be a very uncomfortable feeling if he felt that every time he opened his mouth he was expected to say something for the improvement of the world. Kindly intercourse enquiries after each others health and circumstances, and the little ones at home (laughter), and such kindly homely talk, did a great amount of good, even if it did not add to their stock in trade of information, it certainly did encourage the desponding heart, and gave hope to those who began to break down on their travel through life. They had a number of men of ability and men of experience in Sabbath School work present that evening, and from whom they might expect to receive many suggestive hints that might be valuable in the time to come, and which otherwise would never have occurred to them. It was to be hoped that it would intensify their zeal in the work which they had on hand, and be the means of extending a blessed influence throughout the whole country. His work was to give an address of welcome on the behalf of the citizens of Ottawa and the different churches of the city. He, therefore, bid the delegates to the Sabbath School Convention a hearty welcome, and they would try to make their stay in the city so pleasant that they would be pleased to accept another invitation when the next Convention would be held in Ottawa. Rev. Mr. Moore concluded his remarks amidst loud applause.

The meeting then engaged in singing the first hymn, after which Rev. J. Carswell, of Carleton Place, was introduced, and said he was going to occupy fifteen minutes in speaking on the subject of the best means of

KEEPING A SABBATH SCHOOL TEACHER FOR HIS WORK.

He supposed that Sabbath School teachers were all aware that preparation of some kind for the work was necessary. There were few who would not admit that a teacher to do his duty should have a certain amount of preparation: they are all right in regard to theory, but some of them failed in practice. There were more who were earnest enough in making the preparation for so great a work as the conversion of souls, and the regeneration of those who are dead in trespasses and sins. The only religious instruction some children receive was what they received from the hands of Sabbath School teachers, and only they know how difficult it was to make plain to children's minds the way of salvation, and how difficult it was to give a clear and distinct understanding of the tasks that take up their attention from day to day, and how difficult it is to understand clearly and distinctly the subject themselves before they began to make it clear to the minds of the class. It would be seen at once how necessary it was to make careful preparation for it. That preparation was not to be made in a few hours or minutes, the right time was on the evening of the Sabbath previous. He believed this for two reasons, the mind was then more in sympathy with the work coming fresh from the class, and comprehended better what was required. The question that would come up was how was this work to be commenced? How were they to instil into the minds of the children the portion of God's work which they would take up for the lesson? The proper way to begin the preparation was to begin on their knees, and let them go to God and ask for light and the holy influence of Christ. Ask God to fill their hearts with the truths contained in his word, and from the fullness of their own feelings, they could pour forth instruction into the hearts and minds of the children Let them then take up the lesson and read it over carefully, and try to understand it thoroughly. In order that they may be able to do this, there were various helps which he thought should be used. Some held that it was not right to use any of these aids, as it tended to destroy originality of conception, but he held that it was mere conceit, as the best teachers they ever had were those who were willing to prepare themselves by the assistance of aids for the great work before them. The best helps they could have were the Bible references and concordance, and with their assistance they could arrive at a clear and distinct understanding of the meaning of the most difficult passages. They could also use Bible dictionaries, maps and other aids that would illustrate the lessons. The next thing in the work of preparation was to try and bring in the truths contained in those passages, and to get full of the subject themselves. He believed that a great many of the complaints they heard from Sabbath School Teachers of their non-success resulted from their not being able to comprehend themselves what they had undertaken to teach. There were a great many different temperaments and dispositions, and if they were to be instructed aright teachers should try to give them each one the portion they desired. He would recommend teachers to visit the children at their homes, speak familiarly to them and try to find out their dispositions, their trials, temptations, and difficulties with which they were surrounded, and it would do a great deal towards affecting a sympathetic impression on the children's hearts. They should also cultivate the use of simple Bible language, speak to them in monosyllables that the youngest and dullest child will comprehend. In order to be able to do this, books on such subjects should be studied. Along with them it was indespensably necessary that illustrations should be used, as they were the best and most successful medium that had yet been tried in instructing the youthful mind. After some further useful and instructive remarks the rev. gentleman took his seat amidst the applause of the audience.

"The Teachers Preparatory Study for Class Exercises" was the next subject discussed.

The Rev. Mr. McEwen, of Pembroke, said the subject was one of great importance—how the teacher should begin and communicate the truth to his class. It was the saying of an old statesman that some people were steeped to the lips in corruption. They should say let us be steeped to the lips in the truth, steeped to the lips in truth should be the motto of all.

The Rev. John McKillican, agent of the Canada Central Sabbath School Union, dwelt considerably upon the importance of every teacher's studying thoroughly the minds of his pupils and instructing them accordingly. The Sabbath School teacher had to take advantage of every means in his power to convey the truth to his pupils, and one of the most potent means to effect that object was to gain an understanding of those whom he had to teach.

Rev. James White, of Osgoode, then briefly addressed the meeting.

The Rev. Mr. Atkinson thought the Sabbath School should be considered as part of the Church. It was an agent employed by the Church to accomplish its end, and he thought the Sabbath school teacher needed nearly as much preparation for undertaking his work as Clergymen. The first important qualification in the minister himself was a deep knowledge of spiritual things, and so it was with Sabbath school teachers. They could not expect full results from their labours immediately, but like casting bread on the waters, they may be seen after many days. Teachers should look to the conversion of pupils while young. He was a member of a Sabbath school when but eight years of age, and he still vividly remembered what he there learned. He considered that school a model one. Seeking the enlightening influence of the Holy Spirit should be the endeavor of the teacher.

Rev. Mr. Ebbs considered co-operation of teachers an important necessity, and also the active assistance of the Church pastors.

Rev. Mr. McLaren did not think it was proper for the teacher to endeavour to give very elaborate instruction to pupils. Nothing should be expounded to the pupils but what is perfectly within their comprehension. The most important points of any lesson should be impressed on their minds by the most effectual means.

Rev. Dr. Burns had arrived but a short time previously, and, therefore, could not be expected to speak very elaborately on the subject. As the painter required his brush and easel, so the Sabbath School teacher should have every necessary means at hand to impart instructions properly. He thought it advisable that Sabbath Schools should be furnished with a good library composed of all necessary books, to which the teacher could refer. They should study out perseveringly every question which they intended to bring up before their classes.

The meeting then joined in singing the 22nd hymn.

Mr. Ralph Wells was then introduced with a few remarks by the chairman.

Mr. Wells thought they had done as much during the afternoon as they were won't to do in New York in a whole day. It was necessary for teachers to make long preparation before they went to their classes. Some said they had not the time, but there was no person who had not sometime during the week to read and study the Bible. He studied 17 hours each week, and he dared not appear before his class without having done so. He had to feel a subject before he could teach it. His practice was to think over and study his subjects until he had his spirit imbued with it, and then he spoke it from his heart, and with all his heart to his pupils. It was not sufficient to know what God's truth was, but how to teach it.

Mr. Wells then related very interestingly his manner of imparting instruction to his pupils, gaining an evident influence over the Sabbath School children before him.

The meeting then sang the 21st hymn, after which a collection was taken up and the meeting was dismissed, with benediction, by the Rev. Mr. Ebbs.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

STEALING PLANK.—Two loads of old sidewalk planks were stolen from the Russell House corner last night. It was the intention of our economizing corporation to utilize them in the construction of sidewalks in some suburban locality. We would advise the person who has committed this serious larceny to return the old planks by 12 o'clock to-night. Thos. Kinsella is on the thief's track, even if he should take himself to the fastnesses of Gatineau.

DIED.

On Monday, the 19th inst., Marie Leslie Rachel, the infant daughter of Jos. E. Lemieux, of the Department of Agriculture.

FOUND,

On APRIL LAST, on Besserer street, a small sum of MONEY.

REV. MR. PALLIER,
St. Josephs' College.
Ottawa, June 21, 1871 1697c 1w

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

The Court of Directors hereby give notice that a half-yearly dividend, at the rate of six per cent per annum, on the Capital of the Bank, will be payable on the 5th day of JULY, 1871, to the Proprietors of Shares registered in the Colonies, and that a further sum of Fifteen Shillings Sterling per Share, taken from the profits of the year 1870, will be paid to the Proprietors at the same time.

Both payments will be made at the rate of exchange current on the 5th day of JULY, 1871, to be fixed by the Local Boards.

No Transfer can be made between the 24th inst., and the 5th prox., as the Books must be closed during that period.

By order of the Court.
R. W. BRADFORD,
Secretary.
No. 124 Bishopgate st., within,
London, 6th Jan., 1871. 1697d

OTTAWA MUSIC HALL.

FOR ONLY TWO NIGHTS!!!

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY,
JUNE 20 & 21.

THE GRAND
ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY,
C. D. HESS, Director.

Presenting complete in every detail two of the choicest gems of English Opera.

TUESDAY EVENING,
FLOTOW'S
Most Charming and Popular Opera
MARTHA,
With the Famous Caste following:

Lady Harriet........Mrs. Caroline Richings [Bernard.
Nancy..................Mrs. Zelda Seguin.
Lionel..................Mr. William Castle.
Plunkett...............Mr. S. C. Campbell.
Tristin.................Mr. Edward Seguin.

Other characters by the Company.

FULL CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA.

WEDNESDAY EVENING,
AUBER'S
Beautiful Romantic Opera,
FRA DIAVOLO,
All the principal Artistes in the Caste.

Admission $1

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Admission to Gallery..................50 cts
Ottawa, June 17, 1871 1693td

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

NIAGARA.

NIAGARA, June 20, 1871.

Sir G. . Cartier and party received an invitation from N. Cameron, Esq., M. P., Goderich, to accept the hospitality of that gentleman, should the party visit that camp now formed at that place, but the Hon. Minister of Militia was unable to avail himself of the invitation, being obliged to return immediately to Montreal. Sir George accompanied by the Adjutant General and staff, also Mrs. R. Ross and party left this morning by the steamer, *City of Toronto*, and is to be the guest of Mr. Gzowski. The Adjutant General of Militia and staff proceeded this evening to Goderich Camp. Sir George and party take the evening train eastward. The whole party expressed their acknowledgment for the admirable arrangements for their comfort at the Queen's Royal Hotel, Niagara.

L'ORIGNAL.

L'ORIGNAL, June 20.

The Prescott election trial was resumed this morning. Cleveland was put in the box to prove his non-alienage, and McKenzie to prove his property qualification. The latter being established, the objection to the other petitioner was withdrawn, and the case allowed to proceed. Strange admissions were made by both of the customary manufacture of voters by Cleveland as Assessor in West Hawkesbury. The bribery cases were then gone into. Thirteen witnesses were examined by the petitioners, including the respondent and the Hon. John Hamilton, the witnesses giving a positive denial to the alleged bribery, and in some cases stated that the offer to bribe them came from Mr. Boyd or his friends. Several other cases were called, but the names being incorrectly given, leave to amend the particulars was applied for. Mr. Malloy was under examination as to the receipt and application of moneys by him, when the court adjourned.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, June 20.

At Bagot, at the close of the first day, Mr. Gendron, Ministerialist, had 211 majority over Mr. Langelier, the Rouge candidate.

Mr. Chauveau's majority at the close of the poll on the second day in the county of Quebec exceeded one thousand votes over his Mr. Evanturel.

Mr. Blanchet, at Levis, at the close of the election had more than 500 votes majority over Mr. Frechette, annexationst.

Mr. Houde, Ministerialist, is elected in the county of Maskinonge.

THREE RIVERS.

THREE RIVERS, June 20.

In the county of Champlain election Robert Trudell has a majority of 50 in St. Anne de la Parade, and 30 in Batiscan.

Mr. T. Normand, anti-programmist, in St. Maurice, Champlain, and two other places has a majority of 359 for the first day's polling. His election is sure.

In Three Rivers Mr. Malhoit's majority at the close of the polls to-day was 91. Another anti-programmist elected.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 20.

The canvass in Montreal Centre proceeds vigorously. A large meeting of Mr. Holton's friends was held to-night, in which the free trade and Reform party was thoroughly represented.

Resolutions of vigorous support were carried in Mr. Carter's meetings, which were well attended to-night.

Several meetings were held in general opposition to Hon. Mr. Holton, founded on his late appearance in the field, his alleged anti-British antecedents, free trade, and stated desire to make *personnel* of Quebec Parliament secondary to mercantile and general political interests, and also that was a faithful servant hitherto, and true to home commerce.

The last of the Hennessy trade mark frauds was concluded yesterday. The Court acquitted Boyd, but committed his partner, Christopher Egan, to the Court of Queen's Bench for trial. Bail was accepted.

The Mayor to-day issued a proclamation against the use of fire crackers on Dominion day.

All the chief city press contain editorials on the Pope's jubilee.

Two of the Mount Royal Rifles were reprimanded for misbehaviour at drill last night.

The twelfth annual Episcopal Synod opened to-day for the Montreal diocese. The Metropolitan delivered the opening address, in which he spoke of the work of the Church during the past year. In the diocese there are 76 clergymen, 11 candidates and 9 lay readers. During the year two new churches have been built, and five probationers admitted to the priesthood. In concluding his address the Bishop spoke strongly against the prevalent custom of advertising on Saturday the name of the preacher in Church for next day, as calculated to create a shifting and migratory spirit among congregations. He hoped that the Synod would agree to fix a day of thanksgiving with their sister Protestant Churches.

Commerce firm; weather cool and raining heavily.

WATERTOWN.

WATERTOWN RACES.

WATERTOWN, June 20, 1871.

The Watertown races commenced to-day. The $255 purse was won by Selecta. Central New York, second best. Time 2:48.

The Woodruff House is crowded with visitors. All the purses are well filled for the remaining purses. A number of horses are here from Canada.

Midnight Despatches.

SCRANTON, June 20.—The miners have appointed a committee to investigate the recent disaster, and they have discovered proof of a collusion between the mine Inspector, Williams, and the owners of the shaft. The matter will be probed to the bottom, with the view of punishing the guilty parties. Pumps were started yesterday at West Pittston shaft, the scene of the latest mining horror, and a new breaker is nearly ready. All but two of the miners taken from the pit alive are able to work, and are employed at the shaft.

LONDON, June 20.—A *Times* special despatch say that the members of the International Society are distributing electoral manifest.

The journals state that the proceedings of the Society causes uneasiness to the Belgian Government, and that garrisons have been reinforced.

Baron Haussman and M. Lemoine have declined to seek the suffrages of the electors.

Gen. Cluseret has been arrested.

M. Millierer has been seen in Liverpool.

Presigny is still in London, and has not been absent from here since the *Dechance* of the Emperor was proclaimed.

PARIS, June 20.—The report that Pyat has been arrested is contradicted.

Rouher has gone to Bordeaux.

The *Siecle* approves of the plan for the Republican union.

The *Presse* says that Monarchial parties are all wanting in patriotism.

Prince Napoleon has accepted the candidature for the Assembly from Corsica, and his election is now certain.

Corpses are daily discovered in ruined houses of Paris.

The exploration of the sewers has been contemplated. Many bodies were found in them in a horribly mutilated condition, and were buried at night in the Cemetery at Montemartre.

PESTH, June 3.—Previously to the prorogation of the Hungarian diet, the naturalization convention between Austria, Hungary and the United States, was approved by both Houses, and signed by the Emperor.

PARIS, June 20.—The work of the restoration of Paris, especially Benis de Boulogne is being actively posted forward.

The war between eighteen Monarchist and five Republican journals, is bitter in the extreme. The latter repudiates the Commune. The general impression is that their leaders represent sentiments of more of the electors than those of their adversaries. They are also united while the Monarchist journals are divided.

VERSAILLES, June 20.—The Minister of Justice has issued a circular requesting all magistrates who are candidates for the Assembly to resign before the election.

The Government authorizes the re-establishment of private telegraphs in the departments of the Seine and Seine Et Aise.

The Bank of France has resumed the publication of its returns.

LONDON, June 19.—In the House of Commons to-day, Viscount Enfield, Under-Secretary of Foreign Affairs, promised that the Government would give immediate notice to British claimants under the Treaty of Washington to fyle their claims and proofs before the Commission created by that treaty, within six months.

BRUSSELS, June 20.—It is said that the Italian Minister to Brussels has received letters from his Government terminating his mission to Belgium.

MUNICH, June 20.—King Victor Emanuel has returned from Naples without visiting Rome.

The Chamber of Deputies is engaged in the discussion of the Bill for the re-organization of the Italian army.

NEW YORK, June 20.—J. L. Motley, with his son-in-law and daughter and Mr. and Mrs. Brindley Sheridan, will arrive in this city in September.

One hundred Drakes, each claiming to be the legal heir of Sir Francis Drake, met in this city to day, but transacted no business of importance. The property is valued at $125,000,000, but the Secretary reported that he has been unable to establish any connection between the American and English branches of the family.

PARIS, June 20.—The monarchial press fear the union of the Republican journals.

A Committee has been formed to procure the return to the Assembly of the former representatives of Alsace and Lorraine.

Gambetta has declined nomination for the Assembly.

The idea is forming of a second Chamber, to be elected by the general Council.

LONDON, June 20.—In the House of Lords to-night Earl Granville in reply to an enquiry concerning the Treaty of Washington said April 9th, 1865, the day of General Lee's surrender, had been accepted as the date of the termination of the American war, but he thought the claims of the losses occurring subsequently would be considered.

VERSAILLES, June 20.—In the Assembly to-day, during the debate on the loan, President Thiers made a statement of the financial condition of the country. He said the German war had cost France three milliards of francs. The deficit of the year, 1870, 1871, reached 1,601,000,000 francs, but of this amount the Bank of France had advanced to the Government 1,330,000,000 francs, so that the immediate deficiency for the year was reduced 301,000,000 francs. But to this must be added 436,000,000 francs for the expenses since incurred in the suppression of the insurrection in Paris.

This total deficit of 737,000,000 francs Thiers proposed to meet by imposing new taxes. The situation, he said, is difficult, but not disastrous.

Yesterday's Despatches.

LONDON, June 20.—The *Daily News* despatch says that instructions have been given from Berlin to stop the return of German troops from France, and to discontinue the surrender of French prisoners.

Sixty-eight persons have been arrested at Brussels for complicity in riotous proceedings on the occasion of the Pope's jubilee.

A letter from Duke de Broglie to the French residents in London says that regulated liberty, a firm government, and free institutions will re-establish the greatness of the domestic prosperity of France.

The *Morning Post* says the review at Long Champs has been postponed, because the regiments would have cried "Vive le Emperor."

HEART'S CONTENT, June 20.—The repairing ship *Scanderia* grappled and connected the ends of the cable broken in 1865, at 12:30 o'clock, local time, to-day.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET.

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JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
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Linens,
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Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

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At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
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Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

STRAWBERRIES.

G. LORENZ,

OYSTER

—AND—

FRUIT DEALER,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

58 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Is now receiving

400 QUARTS

CHOICE STRAWBERRIES

(DAILY),

And will supply

Hotels,

Private Families,

Steamboats, and

Confectioners,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

☞ Goods delivered to any part of the city.

G. LORENZ.

Ottawa, June 14, 1871

Great Bargains in Lace Shawls. Prices reduced one-third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks St.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

A large lot of New Carpets just received, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks Street.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

GREAT AUCTION SALE of City Lots, Village Lots in New Edinburg, and Villa Lots, on the Mackay Estate, within five to fifteen minutes walk of the Street Railway.

The MACKAY Estate will offer for Sale by Public Auction, at the Office New Edinburgh, on SATURDAY, the 24th day of JUNE, Instant, at Two o'clock in the afternoon.

Fifteen Villa Lots upon Rideau Terrace, and other roads near the residence of His Excellency the Governor General, and Twenty-two Lots, in the Village of New Edinburgh, some of which front upon the grounds of Rideau Hall Domain.

Also a neat Dwelling House, with seven rooms and good shed, near the Rideau River; and the following Lots in the City of Ottawa: East half Lot No. 10, south Cathcart street, with Dwelling—Ordnance; Lot No. 14, north Cathcart street; Lot No. 16, north Cathcart street; Lots Nos. 21 and 22, south Boteler street.

The Villa Lots and Dwelling House, are in Gloucester, a Township in which the Taxes are very moderate.

TERMS.—One third cash, balance on mortgage at 7 per cent, for a term of 3 to 5 years, at purchasers option. Conditions made known at day of sale. Plans and descriptions of the property can be seen at the office of the Estate, next the Post Office in New Edinburgh.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

New Edinburgh, June 12, 1871 1692 9

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, AN EXCELLENT MELODEON, CARPETS, CURTAINS, &c.

The subscriber has been favored with instructions from MRS. THOS. ISAAC to sell at her residence, Wellington-st, over Mr. Hardy's Grocery, on THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1871, all of her Household Goods, consisting of one very superior Melodeon, in good order, with all modern improvements; Parlor Set in Hair Cloth, b w Centre Table, b w Side Table, What Nots, b w Fancy Music Box, Tapestry Carpet, several Oil Paintings and a number of Steel Engravings, large b w Book Case, richly carved, about 50 vols. of Books, b w Sideboard, Dining Table, b w Cane Chairs, Couch, Oil Cloth and Curtains, Iron Bedsteads, several Wood Bedsteads, Chess Tables, Matrasses, Pillows, Carpets and Curtains, an excellent Cooking Stove and Pipes, a quantity of Crockery, China and Glassware, a quantity of Cutlery, an excellent Refrigerator and a quantity of other articles not necessary to enumerate.

Sale to commence at 10.30,

TERMS CASH.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 20, 1871 1696td

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE.

The subscriber has been instructed by MAJOR DOUGLAS, to offer for sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the UNION HOUSE, on the 1st day of JULY next, at 11 o'clock, a m.

THE HOMESTEAD OF RIVER VIEW.

The land comprises four and a half acres The House is very commodious, with suitable outbuildings of every description, and a well of good spring water in the back Kitchen.

River View is situated on the Richmond Road, two miles and three quarters from the City limits; the property running back from the Richmond Road, to the Canada Central Railway, on which a Station is about to be established immediately in the rear of the property.

The House and premises can be seen any day until the time of sale.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 19, 1871 1695td

To Charles Leduc,

Of the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa, Esquire.

SIR,—We, the undersigned Electors of the County of Ottawa, having confidence in your intelligence and integrity to represent this section of the County, in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec, hereby request you to become a candidate at the next election, and we pledge you our support and influence to obtain your election:—

Rev Père Reboul, Pierre Poulin,
Rev Père Beaudin, I H Richer, J P
Ruggles Wright, F X Bouvier. Maire,
P Wetherall Wright, Francois Laurin, J. P.
Dr C E Graham, Councillor, Alfred Coté, peintre,
Joseph Prudhomme,
Samuel Pink, Councillor, Anselme Bédard,
Basile Bédard,
Alex Prudhomme, NéréVachon, hôtellier
Moise Bisson, Councillor, Frs Robert,
Alexandre Laselle,
M Tétreau, P., Joseph Berurand,
Chas Marcil, Avocat, Aug Monette,
Charles Roussel, J Bte Hébert,
Hubert Blais, Francois Normand,
JosephPoliquin, Père, Joseph Nadon,
Félix Périard, P H Chabot,
James Chénier, Adolphe Chabot,
Guillaume Périard, Joseph Valade,
Joseph Campeau, Basile Bédard,
Joseph Poliquin, fils, Hyacinthe Madar,
Seraphin St Denis, Joseph Archambault,
Isaac Martin, Amable Patenaude,
J Bte Châtillon, Hypolite Legrand,
Alexis Latreille, Hilaire Joliccœur,
Alexis St Denis, Olivier Milliotte,
J Bte Dubrule, Joseph Rairard,
Bte Lalonde, Joseph Pepin,
Clément Jodouin, Thomas Sauvé,
Francois Bastien, Joseph Deschêne,
Nazeret Fauteux, Camille Augé,
Pierre Pichette, Chars Fhalerdan,
Luc Derragon, Louis Barrett,
Bazile Villeneuve, Hilaire Champagne,
Daniel Papillon, Amable Sauvé,
Jos Beaudin, M D, Joseph Montreuil,
Gilbert Leclerc, Olivier Pilon,
Théophile Turcotte, J Bte Gauthier,
Jérémie Boyer, François Groulx,
Moise Campeau, jr, Victor Corbeil,
Edouard Clermont, J Bte Chalifou,
Alphonse Grignon, Israël Terrien,
Edouard Joubert, Hypolite Legrand,
Narcisse Carpentier, Louis Désjardins,
Luc Lalonde, J Bte Lapensée,
FrancoisCharbonneau Alphonse Grignon,
Prospère Ducharme, Amable Lapierre,
Onésime Fréchette, Cyrille Chémèr.
Joseph Lemieux, jr, Narcisse Chartran,
Ambroise Sanctueur, Agustin Pepin, fils,
Cléophas Sabourin, Richard Nevill,
Pierre Proulx, Alexandre D'Aoust,
John Wright, Hubert Côté,
Charles Renaud, Edouard Renaud,
Alfred Filiatrault, Xavier Sarrasin,
Téophile Cabana, S B Cimon, Merchant,
Olivier Martin, Solomon Chartrand,
M W Noctor, Théophile Blondin,
M Laflamme, fils, J Bte Arbicque,
Charles Lafontaine, Marcel Ploof,
Amable Bertrand, Joseph B Leduc, Boucher,
J Bte Bertrand,
Edouard Dupins, J Bte Leduc, Hotellier,
Louis Laviolette,
Louis Bastien, Louis Gaumont, Peintre,
Louis Cadieux, Marchand, F X Elie Gauthier, Marchand
Eustache Guilbeau, Masson, Jean Bte Amiot,
A Rathier, Marchand, J Bte Audette,
Onésime Paquette, Marchand, Pierre Daoust,
Alfred Graton,
Joseph Charbonneau, Marchand, Eustache Libersar,
Joseph Lalonde,
Alphonse Thérien, André Riopelle,
Hector Lapointe, J Bte Villeneuve,
Félix Labelle, Isidore Dechêne,
Honoré Labelle, Marchand, Chs Beauvois,
Toussaint Deslaurier,
Hilaire Vieau, Timothé Lefort,
Robert Auclair, Marchand, Evariste Dechêne,
Joseph Carriere,
Edouard Truesdell, Avocat, Joseph Villancour,
Louis Peronce,
Gilbert Leclerc, Cyrille St Denis, Marchand,
M Silvère Dumontier,
I J, Antoine Parant, ouvrier,
Cuthbert Bordeleau, Cordonnier, Alphonse Pichette,
Onesime Groulx, Firmin Richard, Masson,
Joseph Grondin,
Joseph Vincent, Dolphice Jannary, cordonier,
J B Gauthier,
Capt Hypolite Fortin, Toussaint Dupuis,
J Bte Grenier, Hotellier, Olivier Caron,
J Bte Charbonneau,
Hormidas Bernèche, Masson, Isidore Jaudoin,
Joseph Jaudoin, marchand,
Joachim Lafrance,
Jules Pichette, Calixe Rouleau, charretier,
Gossien Blais,
Louis Groulx, Arsène Lasule,
Jules Doucet, F Xavier Rouleau,
Dolphin Fortier, Narcisse Carpentier,
Jean Reginbal, François Lalonde,
J Bte Brancho, Honoré Doré,
Pierre Champagne, fils, William Timmens, marchand,
Joseph Papin, Père, Marcelin Larose, merchand,
Joseph Groulx,
Charles Menard, François Vachon, boulanger,
Joseph Verbonocœur, Masson, Joseph Larose, boucher,
Louis Corbeil,
Chrs B F Piché, Augustin Papin, Père,
Etienne Prudhomme, Alfred Lane,
Barnabé D'Arpentigni, Octave Latour,
H Gravel, Conseiller, Gustave Chevrier,
Etienne Delorier, Louis Barrette,
Evangeliste Roy, Joseph Larose,
Etienne Béseth, J Bte Larose,
Alfred Derouin, Pierre Bonneville,
Godfroid Cayé, Louis Charette,
Louis Goulet, Antoine Charette,
Bélonie Alard, Joseph Derouin,
Magloire Dumontier, Adolphe Derouin,
Narcisse Dusault, André Plouff,
Isaie Dazé, Norbert Noir, fils,
Michel Dieaire, S R, Alfred St Louis,
Michel Dicaine, Sr, J Bte Derouin,
A L G Dumoutier, Jacques Goyette,
Edouard Duquet, Napoleon Moreau,
Bernabé Darpentigny, Désiré Bastarache,
Michel Navion, Martin Butler,
Ludger Navion, H Labelle, hotellier,
Joseph Duquette, Cyphrien Ouellette,
CharlesHynds, George Thomas,
Pierre Racine, ouvrier, Louis Dussault,
Timothe Roy
J Bte Sayen, Père, Joseph Roy,
J Bte Sayen, fils, A L Dumontier,
Alexandre Sayen, Eustache Simon, marchand,
Néré Rochon, ouvrier,
Telesphore Rochon, Hotellier, André Sabourin,
Grégoire Belanger,
François Ranger, George Duguay,
Nasaire Guilmette, Xavier Patenaude,
Jean Bte Dorion, Théophile Beaudin,
Emanuel Dorion, J B Bessete,
Jean Bte Chenier, Théophile Laure.
Edmond Bertrand, Gédéon Loyer,
Michel Hotte, E Richer Sr.,
François Counal, E Richer Jr,
Paschal Ouilette, Alphonse Roy,
Fabien Soulière, Joseph Roy,
Joseph Gosselin, Octave Dubuc,
Pierre Sauvé, Edouard Renaud,
François Galarneau, Narcisse Mirault,
François Chatelle, Narcisse Fréchette,
Pierre St Martin, Joseph Papin,
Thomas Proulx, John McDonald,
Bernabé Sabourin, Treffile Laliberté,
Ignace Renaud, Napoleon Therien,
Sévère Chatellad, Camille Chenevert,
G Bonbardin, Victor Levesque,
Honoré Labelle, Octave Levesque,
Amédée Sabourin, Alexander Taylor,
Hercule Verbonocœur, Moise Galipeau,
Magloire Carrière, John Thibert,
Thomas Lynard, Chs Auger,
Charles Fournelle, Joseph Buissiere,
Adélane Verbonocœur, Joseph Marion,
François Goulet, Candide Pilon,
Samuel Pelerin, Chas Goyette,
Telesp Sauvangeau, Francois Gendron,
Ambroise Roy, Noe Perrier,
I L Tycko, Severin Lachapelle,
Alexi ...té, Narcisse Brossard,
Alfred ...té, Joseph Mulerin,
Louis Jaumd, Eustache Rochon,
Corbert Plante, Magloire Landry sr
Nalixte Viau, Magloire Landry jr
François Brosseau, Jean Bte Castonguay
Elie Bourgeois, Frs Larose,
J Bte Lebris, Felix Dault,
Felix Cardinal, Maxime Hébert,
Ernest Duchesne, F E Fortin,
David Lamotte, Henri Guertin,
Pierre Durocher, O Messier,
Jean B Lacasse, John Broadhead,
Louis Roi, Wm Sayer,
Hyacinthe Madore, Moise Daigneau,
Mar Larose, Alphonse Richard,
Elie Labelle, Hilaire Mathias,
Joseph Carrière, Gustave Chevrier,
Augustin Larose, Godefroi Latreille,
Joseph Venance, Mathias Rousson,
Joseph Franche, Nap Lacasse,
François Sauriole, Wm Anderson,
Mizel Pariseau, Aimée Jodoum,
Jean Bte Séguin, T Raymond,
George Grenier, Aimée Monfils,
George Latrimouille, J Bte Lafontaine,
Victor Bourgeois, Louis Desmarais,
Joseph Riopelle, Basil St Louis,
Joseph Lefebvre, Wilfred Bissonnette,
Isaie Fleury, Chs Denommés,
Nérée Rochon, Jos Charbonneau,
Jean Bte Séguin jr, Alexandre Morin,
Joseph Séguin, Geo Ardi
Pierre Vallée, Capt John A Boult,
Joseph Pelchat, Jno Bte Dupuis,
Olivier Paré, Louis Fortin,
Joseph Lécuyer, Thos Mousseau
Joachin Lafontaine, Jeremie Bergeron,
Adolph Vilneuve, Pierre Matte,
Olivier Charette, Gabriel Lauzier,
Joseph Moreau, conseillers, Baptiste Lauzier
E. S. Boncheaul, J Bte Desjardin,
Joseph Daoust, Mag Charbonneau,
D. Derouin, Prosper Oliver,
Amable Beaudry, Jr. Maxime Chartier,
Amable Baudry, Sr. Xavier Peaudevins,
Louis Cyr. Alexandre Dupras,
Joseph Dion, Oliver Vilneuve,
J. Bte. Audette. Joseph Charboneau,
Jerimie Charon, Louis Bertrand,
Théophile Vieau, Joseph Beaubien,
Amable Martel, Jean Charette,
F. X. Laurin, Jr. Felix Tetu,
Pascal Cyr. Edouard St Germain,
Charles Cyr. Napoleon Bertrand,
Pierre Posée, Antoine Lafontaine,
Alfred Osburn, Octave Lamanche,
Felix Pepin, Jr. Francois Laclochès,
Jermie Hurtubise. Richard Kelly,
Thomas Homes, F X Girard, Maire,
Eustache Hebert, Jr. Conseilliers,
Eustache Hebert, Sr. John Prudhomme,
Arsene Hebert, Salem Charette,
France Lagasse, Buckingham,
Joseph Charon, Peter Barret,
Julien Decarie Jr. EustacheGradmaison,
Julien Decarie Sr. Buckingham,
Antoine Dore, Louis Lecuyer,
Julien Decarie, Oné Constantineau,
Grégoire Matte, Maxime Hamelin,
Francois Aubry, Joseph Laurin,
Francois Nadon, Eusebe Lafontaine,
Isid. Constantineau, Felix Charon,
J Bte Bresetts, Jr, Honoré Lafontaine,
J Bte Bresetts, Sr, Narcise Roy,
Joseph Pilon Jr. Louis Jolicoeur,
Joseph Campeau Jr, J Bte Brunette,
Eusebe Campeau, Narcise Roy, Père,
Augustin Campeau, J Bte Hout, Père,
J Bte Descarie, J Bte Hout, fils,
Louis Cousineau, Joseph Lafontaine,
J N Rousel, N P Père,
Salem Charette, Seraphin Belanger,
Moise Charon, François Belanger,
Napoleon Belanger, Michael Padden,
Elie Belanger, Louis Cousineau,
Gilbert Lachapelle, J Bte Benoit,
Joseph Hurtubise, Celestin Belanger,
Hypolite Jascon, J Bte Loucire,
Isaac Lepin, Moise Galipeau,
Joachim Lafontaine, Emanuel Dufresne,
Antoine Lafontaine, Alexandre Charon,
Octave Lamarche, Hyacinthe Amour,
Jules Belanger, Guillaume Nantel,
Julliare Marenger, Louis Lécuyer, Père,
Louis Lafontaine, Estor St François,
S Moreau Marchand, Narcise Roy, Père,
Joseph Lafontaine, Narcise Roy, fils,
J. P.
Pierre Charette, Antoine Gareau, Père,
Narcisse Matte, Antoine Gareau, fils,
D Derouin, François Brunette,
Joseph Galipeau, Damasse Charon,
Louis Paturin, Treffié Hornier,
Nap Constantineau, J.Bte Lequelt,
Maxime Bélan, Sr, Eusèbe St Jean,
Joseph Charon, Louis Bélanger,
Joseph St. Jacques, J Bte Legance, Père

REPLY.

To the Rev. Fathers Reboul, Beaudin, Messrs. Ruggles Wright, F. X. Bouvier, and others, and to all the Electors of the County of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—After reading the above requisition, signed, as it is, by such a large number of the most influential electors of the County, I deem it a duty to accede to your request, acknowledging, therefore, the high honor conferred upon me by your invitation, I beg leave to inform you that I will present myself at the coming elections as candidate for the representation of the rich and important County of Ottawa.

After a five years connection with the press, and a long and careful study of the politics of this country, I beg to tender to this County and the Province in general, the benefit of my experience and the result of my labors.

If elected, I pledge myself to give my cordial support to all measures, which, in my humble opinion, I will consider necessary or useful to this Province and to this County in particular—nevertheless I may state here that in politics my principles and views have always been liberal, and progressive, and are Conservative. Agriculture, commerce, and education, are three questions which will be objects of my most earnest and careful consideration, as I regard them as indispensable and essential, alike to the welfare, prosperity and growth of a nation.

I will endeavor to promote and protect the lumber trade, more especially in the interests of this county, as I consider that trade to be not only one of the greatest sources of wealth in this country, but also as a principal means of extending considerably the limits of colonization.

I will do all in my power to encourage colonization by giving my support to and adopting the most efficient and effectual means of encouraging emigration to these parts of the country which are yet unsettled—by obtaining from the Government for that object, liberal grants for the opening of roads and the construction of bridges, and especially by exercising scrupulous justice and fairness in the distribution of the different sums of money which may be voted for that purpose.

I will also endeavor to encourage the opening out and the working of the immense mineral resources of this country, by calling the attention of capitalists, and if I succeed in that object, the Government, the capitalist, the laborer will alike profit by it.

In the distribution of the public offices of this country I will endeavor to show more liberality, justice, and impartiality than has been heretofore manifested. I will recommend the appointment of men worthy in every respect to fill these offices to the satisfaction of all parties concerned. I will be careful not to leave indefinitely vacant any office which by its importance to the county ought to be filled up at once.

I shall endeavor on every occasion, to exhibit a liberal spirit towards all. I hold in contempt those who take a hole and corner view, or what is worse, regard with an eye of personal greed questions of grave importance to the country at large, as has been done in the past; yet I believe in the advantage to a county of great extent such as this of having as its representative a person residing in as central a place as possible. Such as Hull, for instance.

I well recognize the absurdity of raising national "cries" in political matters; nevertheless, without attempting anything of the kind, I must say that in the Quebec Parliament, composed almost exclusively of French Canadians, it is to the advantage of almost any county in the Province, to select a French Canadian as its representative, as he finds himself among those of his own race and language, and is enabled to address them with greater facility than one of another origin.

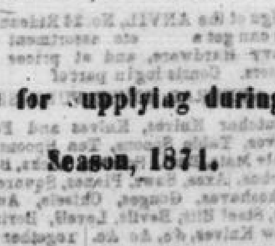
To conclude, gentlemen, if elected, I shall exert my best energies to promote the progress of the Province, and particularly of this county. I shall ever be happy and grateful to my fellow-citizens for their advice, and, I shall devote myself with all my heart to the duties of the responsible position you shall have conferred on me. Meanwhile,

I remain,
Gentlemen,
Your humble servant,
CHARLES LEDUC.

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!



Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY,

FOR SUNDAY USE.

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..			$5 00
20lbs	"	"	9 00
10lbs		month	1 50
20lbs	"	"	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance. ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice supplied by the ton for cwt.

Ottawa, April 1871

FRESH SALMON.

(From the Moisie River,)

RECEIVED DAILY BY EXPRESS, AT

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET, Ottawa.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street.

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE.

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,

Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon.

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 RIDEAU STREET.

☞ OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you

1634 3m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old Brands, Pure and Mild,

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—

J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

CHIPPAWA DISTILLERY.

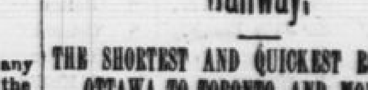
The produce of the above celebrated Distillery:

HIGHWINES,
ALCOHOL,
RYE,
PROOF,
MALT,

For sale in Bond or free, at lowest Distillery quotations.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Block,
Metcalfe-st

Ottawa, June 11, 1871



The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway,

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH:

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 6 40 A.M, every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2 40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10 00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa June 1st, 1871

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways!

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1,30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 4.30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2.00 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5.40 p.m., and at Sand Point, 6 30 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a.m arriving at Brockville at 1.34 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 2.30 p.m., and 6.30 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 3.50 p.m., 10.00 p.m., 6-15 p.m. 1.30 p.m.

Leave Sand Point

At 8.30 a.m., 11.30 a.m., 3.00 a.m., 2.00 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a m, after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk. Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, June 6, 1871

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 78259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1675tf

WANTED

A Girl about 16 years of age, as servant on a small family. Apply A B. TIMES Office

Ottawa, May 29, 1871 781

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

Iron Side-Wheel Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE, Manager.
HERRICK & CROMBIE, Agents, No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871 2670tf

ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING
—AND—
RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*......Captain Findlay.
" *Emerald*......" Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*......" Murphy.
" *Alliance*......" Blondin.
" *Oregon*......" Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*......
" *Jason Gould*......" Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*......" Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*......" Duggan.
" *Pontiac*......" D. Mulligan
" *Keppawa*......" B J Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Captaine.

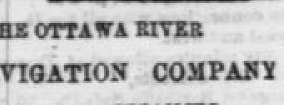
Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning —Leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 o'clock, p.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE,
PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

'FAIRY,'
CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.
R W SHEPHERD.
April 25, 1871.

JUST RECEIVED.
—AT—
HAUSER'S
RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,
That splendid new Magazine,
THE WEDDING BELLS.
—ALSO—
BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL
FOR MARCH AND APRIL.
Ottawa, April 19, 1871

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,
FINE ENGLISH HOSE,
LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to
JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st., Montreal, Q.
P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,
BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,
RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.
Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices.

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

NO MORE BUGS!

WROUGHT IRON BEDSTEADS,

Just Received Direct from ENGLAND.

Another lot of these celebrated BEDSTEADS handsomely painted and ornamented, and cheaper than any Bedstead sold in this city, there is no danger of breaking off the legs, as there always is with the ordinary ones sold, which are made of Cast Iron. Ask for the

ENGLISH WROUGHT IRON
BEDSTEADS.

Also to arrive this week,

CHILDRENS COT !!!

Same make as the above, at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA.
[illegible]H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, June 14, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,
WELLINGTON STREET,
OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,
CALLED
"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by
BEACH AND BARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.
May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,
METCALFE-ST.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and
Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy Ports,
Domecqs and GreekShe
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.

Bass', Guinness's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.

Liberal terms.
☞ Inspection invited.
K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.
Ottawa, May 16, 1871

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the
CANADA IRON MINING AND
MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull,	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

READING, ELOCUTION,
WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st., Ottawa.
N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,
—AND—
AGRICULTURAL WORKS.
ESTABLISHED, 1839.
Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD,
Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED
BUCKEYE MOWER
—AND—
SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871.

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading Improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.
FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls, Ontario.
June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

☞ All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Ocesla," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deif Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, August 10. 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Butts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c., &c. &c. together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.
Ottawa, No 18, 1870

SELLING
OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES
OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
WINE MERCHANT,
Elgin Street,

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

☞ A few good Fowls for sale.
J. HERBERT,
N[illegible]on-st., West
near Richmond Road, Ottawa.
April 26, 1871.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. P.M.
......	12.45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
......	12.45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	8.00	......	4.20
......		9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	......	6.00
......		9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	12.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	......	4.20
......	10.15	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	......	......	4.20
9.20	2.00	1.10	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	3.00
9.20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......	......	3.00
10.30 / 7.00	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage; Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	8.00	11.00	7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	......	......	7.00
10.00	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via [illegible] close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.
Post Office,
Ottawa, June 7, 1871

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S
NEWLY-DISCOVERED
VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be
Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866, besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal.

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

TESTIMONIAL
—TO THE—
HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,
K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa:—
The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz.: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P,
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq.,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,
(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Now last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Business.

Claims Paid for Assurances	£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid	2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of	6,670,000.00
Annual Income	1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection to Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions of Policies.*

The *Non-Forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

☞ Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW,
Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal
J. & W. T. Penneck,
Agents, Ottawa.
March 13, 1871 166[illegible]

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion.

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz.: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim.

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in its large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now, I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly, our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH.
Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

GARDEN
—AND—
FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,
CHEMIST, &c.,
SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.
Ottawa, May 1, 1871

1871. ICE! **1871.**
ICE! *ICE!*

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use.

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street
Ottawa, May 1649d

Medical.

MESS^RS GABRIEL'S
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE
BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESS^RS GABRIEL.
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s.

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

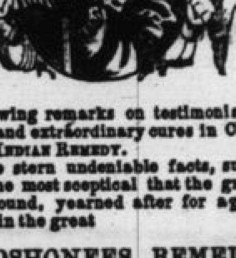
Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,
May 11871

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hosey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL
FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public —it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont,
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 3d June, 1871.

Authorised discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.
Ottawa, June 3, 1871

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 12* F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 388y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 65y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

MOSGROVE & TALLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street.
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as i[f] were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort!
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
A. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites of a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game, etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyers, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANE.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749y

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Reads Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND
U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES.
November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accounts accurately prepared. Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa Feb. 20 1871. 1595 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

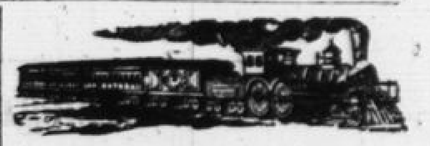
SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.

Montreal, Mar[illegible] [illegible]871 2 3m

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER
—IN—
☞ TEAS AND WINES, ☜
9 HOSPITAL STREET
MONTREAL



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed

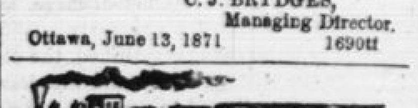
Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz.:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,
SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.
DEMPSY & CAMERON.
Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1689 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.
GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.
May 31, 1871. 1680tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory
and Wholesale Dealer
No. 67 Sussex-st.
OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m

F. WILLIAMS,
PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN
—AND—
☞ FLOWER SEEDS. ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel
Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON,
ELGIN STREET.

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel. Strict attention to business. Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.

J. A. GEMMILL,
Solicitor &c.
Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.
Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1871 159

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 35 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa
JAMES BAKER, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1698. OTTAWA, THURSDAY JUNE 22, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.
Possession given 20th May.
Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.
Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET.

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)
Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.
Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY
For particulars, apply to
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26 Rideau street.
Ottawa, Feb. 16, 1871

TO LET.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land attached, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road.
Also the Shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.
For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Ottawa, Feb. 16, 592tf

MONTREAL OCEAN
STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. SUMMER SERVICE. 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from
Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

SCANDINAVIAN	10th June.
PERUVIAN	13th "
CASPIAN	17th "
MORAVIAN	24th "

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

AUSTRIAN	1st July.
PRUSSIAN	8th "
NESTORIAN	15th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin....$77 25 to $87 00
Steerage.... $29 25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line are intended to be despatched from Quebec, on or about the following dates:

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN	8th June.
OTTAWA	15th "
ST. DAVID	22nd "
ST. ANDREW	29th "
ST. PATRICK	6th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin....$67 25
Intermediate....$47 or 44 00
Steerage....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.
For further particulars apply to
D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received
EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces.
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, M 10, 1871

TO CATTLE BREEDERS.

BULL—The "Marquis of Belmont" will stand for Cows at the Waterford Farm, Township of Gloucester, this season, at Four Dollars each.
WM. GRAHAM.

CANADA SHORT HORN STOCK REGISTER.

Certificate of Registered Pedigree of Two Years Old Bull,

No. 514 THE MARQUIS OF BELMONT,

Red and White, calved January 16, 1866, Bred by Mr. JOHN ASHWORTH, Belmont Ottawa, the property of WILLIAM GRAHAM, Esq., of Gloucester, got by Sweetmeat (868), (30924), dam, souvenir of Thordale by 2nd Grand Duke (12961), g. dam, Dalpine (imp.), by Harold (10299), gr. g. dam, Limpid, by Viceoyr (7678), &c., &c. See Herd Book.
HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec. Board of Ag.
Board of Agricultural Office,
Toronto, Jan'y 6, 1870 1692tf

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can recover it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.
ANN JANE HAMILTON.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871. 1633tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened.

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,
The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises
STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.
And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.
Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*
McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street,
Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OF BROCKVILLE,
Who will continue the Business in the same premises, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 Rideau Street.
OTTAWA, June 2, 1871.

In reference to the above, the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.
T. R. SHEFFIELD,
OTTAWA, June 2, 1871. 1681 2m

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,
NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE,

FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will suit those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.
The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.
From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves
Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:
Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

CLOTHING HALL!

New Store.

J. M. GOULDEN

Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at
No. 100 Sussex Street,
NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,
A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of
DRY GOODS
—AND—
READY MADE CLOTHING,
Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.
Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.
Do not Forget the Place
No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,
Next Door to F. McDougall & Co

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

With are can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colour Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,
To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.
There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.
The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.
COME ONE! COME ALL!!
—TO—
N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA, April 28, 1871 1652 3m

ALBION HOTEL,

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,
Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1685 3m

DRY GOODS
—AT—
RETAIL.

SUMMER FASHIONS
SHOWING THIS DAY,
—AT—

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,
Beautiful Bonnets
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets
Splendid Lace Shawls.
Also in immense Variety,
Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques,
Horrockses, Millar & Co., Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
King's best Window Hollands,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c.,
SPECIAL LINES.
Linen Percale's and Lawns, for Seaside Wear.
Walking Stick Parachutes: " " "
Carangen Frame Parasols and Umbrellas,—
Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makes.
Coventry Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and Mantle Trimmings, in great variety.
EXTRAORDINARY.
43 Patterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871

MESSRS.
SATCHELL BROS
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Take this opportunity of returning their, sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to
MEAT,
Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their
STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,
LOWER TOWN MARKET,
On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

HATS HATS!
HAT 3

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of
HATS AND CAPS
Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.
JAMES PEACOCK,
Remember the place.
33 Rideau Street.
OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND
Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1636y

DOMINION HOUSE,
CORNER OF
SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,
OTTAWA.
The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley
WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel.
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

FRESH! FRESH! FRESH!
SALMON.
The first of the Season just received, at
MOSES LAPOINTE'S,
Fish Dealer,
Lower Town Market.
N. B.—All kinds of Lake, River, and Sea Fish, always on hand.
Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1688d

McGill University, Montreal,

SESSION 1871-72.

THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—
FACULTY OF ARTS.....September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE....October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW.....October 3rd.
The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.
The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.
In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered
First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Second Year, 4 Exhibitions-3 of $125; 1 of $100
Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.
The Calendar containing details of all the above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.
W. C. BAYNES,
Secretary.
May 31, 1871 1689 2awk 2m

GOVERNMENT HOUSE
OTTAWA,
Tuesday, 13th June, 1871.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and for the reasons given in his Report of the 8th June instant, His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Red River, in the Province of Manitoba, from the point of its intersection with the Boundary Line between the United States and the said Province of Manitoba (Canada) to its junction with Lake Winnipeg, shall be and the same is hereby declared to be comprised within the limits of the Port of Winnipeg under the following conditions and restrictions, that is to say:—
All Steamers, Vessels and boats of any kind on entering the said Province of Manitoba, on the Red River, shall be, and they are hereby required to report at the Out Port of North Pembina, and to comply with all existing requirements of the law, but, on payment of duty at that out port on goods destined for any place between that out port and the Port of Winnipeg, they be permitted, on the warrant of the Sub-Collector, to land and discharge such goods, or the luggage of such passengers as may desire to disembark, before reaching the said Port of Winnipeg.
That in like manner, after payment of duties at the Port of Winnipeg, the same privilege be granted them as at the said Out Port—to land and discharge goods under the restrictions aforesaid at any place on the Red River above or below Winnipeg—and all steamers plying within the limits, and observing the conditions aforesaid, shall be considered and treated as trading within the limits of the said Port o Winnipeg.
W. H. LEE,
1695 3 Clerk Privy Council.

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL.

The most beautiful site in the neighbourhood of the Capital, and the most pleasant and convenient place about Ottawa, for Pic Nics, &c.
A large covered Platform, raised eight feet from the ground, and capable of accommodating 4,000 persons, is admirably suited for Dancing, for Dramatic Soirees, and such like entertainments.
The Refreshments and Liquors to be had on the grounds are of the best quality.
Pleasure parties could not find a more comfortable and pleasant place to enjoy themselves.
At night the Gardens are well illuminated. Once properly known they will be regarded as indispensable during the summer season. There will be a Dancing School in the Gardens every THURSDAY night, except when occupied by a Picnic.
Hull, June 7, 1871 1685 2m

G. A. SHELDON,
HATTER AND FURRIER,
Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive
HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT
In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to The Dominion House.
G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.
A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1665 2m

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,
—AND—
DRAIN PIPE DEPOT,
RIDEAU STREET,
ESTABLISHED 1866.
WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. M. FARLANE.
MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.
Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.
Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c
Macons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.
G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

THE METROPOLITAN
Building and Savings Society
MONEY TO LOAN.
The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.
Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Ottawa 13th December, 1870. 1540tJY1

DROWNED.

Drowned at the Chaudiere, on SATURDAY last, AUGUSTINE CHARON. Any information which may lead to the recovery of the body, will be thankfully received by his father, at Mr. BRONSON'S Office, Chaudiere. The Boy was 11 years of age, had on grey cloth pants, a grey vest, and a checquered white and red shirt.
Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

WANTED.

For a DAIRY FARM near the City, a MAN to drive a MILK WAGGON, and take general charge of Cows. Also a WOMAN, who understands the management of a DAIRY.
A married Man and Wife, without family, preferred. Liberal wages will be given to competent and reliable parties. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

FOR CHEAP READING,
GO TO
HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,
No. 38 Rideau Street.
The Latest Novels Always on Hand.
Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged.
Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

NEW CARPETS.

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Invite attention to the arrival of
NEW CARPETS.
to assort their STOCK, reduced by HEAVY SALES in this department.
The above have been selected with due regard to prevailing styles, permanency of color, and are GOOD VALUE, at prices marked.
They have on hand a large assortment of
DRESS GOODS,
In a great variety of fabrics, MUSLINS AND PRINTS in LATEST STYLES, and cheap.
Great Bargains in
LACE SHAWLS,
From $1.50 to $40 Each,
Prices *Reduced One-Third*,
A special line of SILK JACKETS selling at *greatly Reduced Prices.*
A full assortment of MOURNING GOODS always in Stock.
N. B.—Fancy Linen and Cotton Shirtings on hand for the Summer Trade, SHIRTS made to MEASURE and GUARANTEED TO FIT. GENTLEMEN will find it to their COMFORT and ADVANTAGE to bear this in mind.
ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN
SUCCESSORS TO
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.
No. 20 Sparks-St.
Ottawa, June 12, 871.

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34, SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of
STAPLE AND FANCY
DRY GOODS
In their Temporary Premises,
And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good election,
EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.
Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.
Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of
NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,
NEW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS
Departments.
THE SALVAGE GOODS,
Amounting to Over $7,500,
SAVED FROM THE LATE FIRE,
Will be cleared out at prices which will be sure to commands sale.
Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low prices goods are marked.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,
PORTER'S BLOCK,
34 SPARKS STREET
Ottawa, March 30, 1871 162

WANTED TO RENT.

A small COTTAGE, about £30 per annum. Centre Town or Sandy Hill preferred.
Apply to C. E. L, TIMES Office.

FOR SALE.

Twenty-five Cords of good HARDWOOD, and 15 Cords of Seasoned HEMLOCK, for sale at Low Prices, as the owner wants to go to his home in the country. Apply to JOHN BUTLER, at the Victoria Hotel, Paul street,
Ottawa, June 17, 1871 1694tf

TO
Horse Breeders.

AT the request of a number of gentlemen who have FINE MARES to Breed from,
Mr. Cotton
has placed
"YOUNG LAPIDIST"
AT THE
Veterinary
Stable of Mr. A. & F. Coleman,
RIDEAU STREET,
To Serve a Limited Number of Mares (say 30) for the Season.
"LAPIDIST" is 8 years old this spring, and is considered by judges, to be the most valuable horse to breed from, in this section of the country.
His Pedigree can be seen at Mr. COLEMAN'S Office, or with his Groom, DAVID WHYTE.
Ottawa, May 10, 1871:

MESSRS. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, CORNWALL P.O. County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:
MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.
This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great shoe Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoehorses Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a ori of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoehorses Remedy; I believe it will cure you.
MARY ANN DOUGHTY
Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869:
A F WOOD, J P, &c.
I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoehorses Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle
A F WOOD, J P,
Warden county of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Canada.

LANDS FOR THE LANDLESS
HOMES FOR THE HOMELESS
ONLY $1.25 PER ACRE
FOR ACTUAL SETTLERS,
Take the Cars of the
LEAVENWORTH,
LAWRENCE and
GALVESTON R. R. LINE
from LAWRENCE and KANSAS CITY
s it the celebrated Osage Country
The Garden Spot of Kansas

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that default having been made in payment of the Principal Money and Interest secured by a certain Mortgage, and bearing date the Eighteenth Day of AUGUST, A.D. 1869, and made between JOHN HARKNESS, of the Township of Gloucester, yeoman, of the first part, ANN JANE HARKNESS, his wife of the second part, and ROBERT MOSGROVE, of the City of Ottawa, Esquire, of the third part of all and, and singular that certain parcel or tract of lands and premises situate, lying and being in the township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of a part of West half of the rear or southerly part of lot number twenty-six; in the first concession, Ottawa front, of the said township of Gloucester, and may be described as sub lots fourteen and fifteen of the sub-division of the said part of said lot, number twenty-six, as shewn and laid down on a place drawn by H. O. WOOD, P.L.S., of said part of said lot, number twenty-six, and bearing date the Sixth Day of JULY, A.D., 1869, and Registered in the Registry Office for the County of Carleton, on THURSDAY, the 29th day of July, A.D. 1869, said sub lots containing by admeasurement six acres be the same more or less.
The said lands and premises will in pursuance of a power of sale contained as said Mortgage, be offered for sale at PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Law Office of Messrs. MOSGROVE & TAILLON, in the City of Ottawa, on MONDAY, the Nineteenth Day of JUNE next, (A.D. 1871), at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon.
Terms and conditions to be made known at the time of Sale.
Vendor will covenant against his own acts only. All conveyances, searches, abstracts, &c., to be had at the purchasers expense.
MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Vendor's Solicitors.
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"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
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Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 1st June, 1871.
GENERAL REGULATION
POST CARDS.

Under the authority of the Post Office Act 1867, Canada Post Cards bearing an impression stamp of one cent, and issued for sale to the public by this Department at one cent each, shall be, and shall be deemed to be, mailable matter within the meaning of the said Act, and shall pass as such throughout the Dominion without further charge for delivery from any post office or way office, subject to the following conditions:
1. The front or stamped side of the card is to be used for the address only, there must be nothing else either written or printed upon it.
2. On the other or reverse side, any communication, whether of the nature of a letter or otherwise, may be written or printed. Nothing whatever may be attached to the card, nor may it be folded, cut, or otherwise altered.
3. There must be no words, marks or designs, written, printed, or otherwise placed on the cards of an obscene, indecent, immoral, libellous or grossly offensive character.
No 4. Post Cards can be posted as second time.
A. CAMPBELL,
1695 3 Postmaster General.

UNSURVEYED LANDS OF MANITOBA.

Extract of an Order in Council, dated 26th May, 1871.

Whereas the Public Survey of Manitoba cannot be effected in time to facilitate settlement on the lands by the numerous parties, now in, and those about emigrating to that Province, and it is deemed expedient temporarily to countenance settlements being made in advance of such Survey.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
1. That parties found upon the lands at the time of Survey, having settled upon and improved the same in good faith as settlers under the land regulations, will be protected in the enjoyment thereof, whether the same be pre-emption or homestead right, provided they respectively enter for such right with the Land Officer, and otherwise carry out the provisions of the said regulations in that behalf, within three months after the Survey shall have been made.
2. That on settling on the lands parties will require to bear in mind the systems of Survey adopted, by which the lines run due East and West and North and South, and the 160 acres or quarter section is an exact square of half a mile each way, under which system alone pre-emption or homestead rights based upon settlement previous to survey will be recognised.
J. C. AIKINS,
Secretary of State.
Department of the Secretary of State of Canada.
Ottawa, May 31st, 1871 1695 2

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Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Masonic Meeting—G. Levin.
Requisition—E. B. Eddy.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1871.

Hon. Mr. Aikens has returned.

Mr. Chauveau's majority was over 1,200.

Mr. Gendon's majority in Bagot was 291, beating a strong Rouge.

Dr. Brigham is returned for Missisquoi by a majority of 390. Well done old Missisquoi! "Watch the front, watch weel!"

A despatch just received from Gaspe announces that the salmon fishing is far better than it was at this time last year and the fish are of immense size. The river is too high for fly fishing on account of the freshets.

A letter has been received by the Department of Public Works from Captain Dick, stating that the Indians in the vicinity of Fort St. Frances are quite peaceable, and that all stories to the contrary have no foundation in fact. He had a few tools destroyed by fire, but the fire was the result of an accident.

THE "INTERNATIONALS."

Our telegrams received yesterday announced that the late war with Prussia cost France three milliards of francs. The rising of the Communists cost about $87,000,000.

The burden which has thus been imposed upon France is undoubtedly a heavy one, but let peace be preserved for a few years and a settled government be established, and there is no reason why a nation possessed of such vast resources should not recover itself before any great length of time has elapsed. All depends upon the French themselves. They have just passed through a series of trials and misfortunes such as perhaps no other nation, at all events of modern times, has ever endured. It is easy enough to say with a self-complacent air, "Oh, they deserved it; they brought it on themselves by their own wickedness and folly." Perhaps if every nation received nothing but their deserts our condition to-day might not be so happy and prosperous a one as it is. At all events let us hope that the French may come out of their fiery trial purified and strengthened, and that the horrors which have been enacted in what was regarded as the very focus of civilization, may in the end be productive of results beneficial to the cause of civilization and human progress.

Whether such will be the case, whether France recovers speedily from her late terrible misfortunes depends very much upon whether Frenchmen, profiting by their late experience, eradicate all traces of Communism and Red Republicanism from among them. They have seen what the dogmas of socialists result in. They have seen some of the most distinguished men in France, men whose wounds received in defence of their country were yet green, murdered in cold blood for daring to dispute the authority of the Commune. They have seen crimes enacted in the name of popular liberty, the awful memory of which will never die, and if Frenchmen any longer tolerate the existence among them of those who advocate socialistic theories, they will display about as much wisdom as the man would do who allowed a fire to be lit inside a powder magazine.

Recent developments prove conclusively the existence of a Society called the "International," whose ramifications extend all over the civilized world, the primary object of its organization being the overthrow of all established government and the inauguration of a reign of terror and of class despotism such as that which has worked so much evil in France. This Society exists not only in Europe, but on this side of the Atlantic also. Among its members are the chief leaders of Fenianism, of the Italian Carbonari and other secret political societies of the same character. To sneer at religion and at every thing which we are accustomed to hold sacred, to set law and order at defiance, and to prate of human rights which they in no wise respect; these are the principal attributes which are required to constitute a member of the International Society. Everything which savours of a wise Conservatism, everything in the shape of moderate and gradual reform even, is denounced and opposed by them and in times of national crisis, similar to that which France has just endured, whether it be in England, Italy, Germany, or elsewhere, these gentry would, undoubtedly, make an effort to overthrow the foundations of society, and to make their baneful influence felt. It is true that here where liberty of the purest type exists and a healthy moral tone prevails, there is but little opportunity for these self-styled "Liberals" to work much mischief. But even here, where under the fostering care of Britain we are laying the foundations of a nationality, it seems to us, that it is the obvious duty of Press and Pulpit, of every one, in fact, who has it within his power to influence public opinion in the smallest degree, to denounce those who, actuated by a lust for power, seek to turn liberty into licentiousness, and to destroy all social and political order.

THE QUEBEC ELECTIONS.

The elections, so far, have gone overwhelmingly in favour of the Local Government. It would be surprising, indeed, if the contrary had been the case. Of course it is very easy for journals like the Quebec *Mercury* to prate about bribery and corruption, and to try and make people believe that the elections are won by the force of "Ministerial pressure." We should be sorry, however, to think so meanly of our fellow subjects in the Province of Quebec, as to believe half that the *Mercury* insinuates. As we said before, it would be strange if the Chauveau Government were not supported at the polls. If they were not, it would be an indication of obtuseness and lack of common sense on the part of the electors of the Province, which we should be, indeed, sorry to see. Mr. Chauveau and his colleagues have worked honestly and earnestly to promote the interests of the Province. They have encouraged the construction of railways and the promotion of all other enterprises likely to develop the resources of the country; and the people of Quebec, no doubt much to the disjust of the *Mercury* and the Rouges, have shown that they are capable of appreciating merit and faithful political services. So may it ever be in Canada. Let us learn to judge men by their actions, not by the political names which they may have borne in the old times. If we do this we shall prosper and progress, and our political tone will be elevated.

THE POPE'S JUBILEE.

The celebration in honour of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Pontificate of Pope Pius the Ninth, which was observed yesterday by our Roman Catholic fellow subjects, is an event in which we as Protestants may with propriety take some interest. Although we may not enter into all their feelings on the occasion, we can at all events understand how gratifying it must be to that venerable man who to-day occupies the Papal chair, to receive in the midst of his afflictions and adversities, such an unanimous expression of sympathy and affection from the many millions who regard him as their spiritual sovereign, and we can unite with them in wishing many years of life and happiness to one who by the amiability of his personal character has endeared himself to Protestants as well as to Roman Catholics. We are not among those who consider that in taking advantage of the downfall of France, and seizing upon the Papal Dominion, Victor Emmanuel and his people have done something of which they have any cause to be proud. It is always a dangerous thing to interfere with vested rights whether they belong to Church, State, or private individuals; nor had the Italian people any more right to take possession of the dominions of the Pope, than they have to seize upon the private property of Victor Emmanuel himself. In the name of our common Christianity and humanity, we trust that the sorrows which have lately gathered round the head of Pope Pius may speedily be dissipated.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL CONVENTION.

Not the least among the many signs of progress of which the valley of the Ottawa can boast, is the Sabbath School Convention, now meeting in this city, the daily proceedings of which will be found fully recorded in the TIMES. Abjuring everything which savours of sectarianism, the members of the Convention call upon all those who agree with them in those fundamental doctrines of Christianity which they profess, to co-operate with them in the work of leading young children in the paths of virtue and religion. Surely no work in which man can engage can be a nobler one than this, and whatever may be the peculiar views of any among us, there can be no difference of opinion as to the motives of those who thus devote their time and energies to training up the rising generation in the way in which they should go. Not only are they engaged in an eminently Christian work, but they are doing good service to the country, and should, therefore, be regarded with admiration and respect, and aided as far as possible by the public at large.

CARLETON ELECTION CASE.

We heard it rumored that the name of Wm. Corbett jr. of Bell's Corners, Nepean, had been struck off the votes recorded. We have much pleasure in contradicting the report: it should have been Wm. Corbett of Huntley.

PROTECT THE BIRDS.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—I observed with great satisfaction in the TIMES a few days since, an appeal to the public on behalf of the birds. On that occasion, however, the gun was the instrument of evil from which protection was sought. There are two other ways in which the feathered race suffer persecution equally disastrous to them and equally illegal. I allude to "birds-nesting" and "trapping." Day after day gangs of boys may be seen in the vicinity, (and, occasionally, within the limits) of the city, ransacking every bush and tree for birds nests, and planting their trap cages in retired places where birds resort. The result of this incessant persecution of the poor birds is that every gardener complains year after year that the grubs and caterpillars, the natural food of the small birds, destroy the fruit of his toil.

I observe that in Montreal quite recently a By-law has been passed to make it an especial duty of the police to see to the enforcement of the law for protecting birds, and I do hope Mr. Editor that you will continue to lend your valuable aid in securing protection to our pretty little songsters.

Yours truly,
NATURALIST.

Ottawa, June 20, 1871.

27 AND 28 VICT. CAP. 52.

Sec. 2. It shall not be lawful to take, capture, buy, sell, expose for sale or have in possession any kind whatever, save the kinds above excepted, eagles, falcons, hawks, and other birds of the eagle kind, wild pigeons, rice birds, kingfishers, crows and ravens, or to set either wholly or in part any net, trap, spring, snare, cage, or other machine or engine, by which any bird whatever, save the kinds above excepted, might be killed or captured between the 1st day of March, and 1st day of August, in any year.

Sec. 3. It shall not be lawful to take, injure, destroy, or have in possession any nest, young, or egg of any bird whatever, except of eagles, falcons, hawks, and other birds of the eagle kind, and kingfishers between the said first day of March, and the said first day of August, in any year.

6. Any person may seize on view any bird unlawfully possessed, and carry the same before any Justice of the Peace to be by him confiscated, and it shall be the duty of all market clerks and police officers on the spot to seize and confiscate, and if alive to liberate such birds, and every person is authorized to destroy all nets, traps, snares, cages, or other machines or engines, set wholly or in part, whereby any kind of birds whatsoever save the kinds above excepted in the first and fourth sections of this Act might be unlawfully killed or captured.

The death is announced, at an advanced age, of an old Peninsular hero, Mr. Donald Nicol. He enlisted in the 42nd Royal Highlanders in 1797, and went through the whole of the Peninsular campaign. His sister, who married a man of the 93rd Highlanders, was on three occasions so carried away by excitement that she put on the uniform of the regiment and took part in the fighting. The officers of the regiment made her a handsome present.

SABBATH SCHOOL CONVENTION.

SECOND DAY.

MORNING SESSION.

The Convention met this morning at 9.30,

Mr. MUTCHMOR, President, in the Chair. There was a large attendance of Delegates present, among whom we noticed the Rev. Dr. Burns, and Ralph Wells, Esq., of New York.

The meeting engaged in devotional exercises for about three-quarters of an hour, after which the Chairman proposed the following subject upon which to talk:—"What benefits so far as youare aware, have resulted from Sabbath School teaching in your quarter."

The Rev. Mr. WILSON was to have introduced this subject, but not being present, the Rev. Mr. MALLARD, of Toronto, was called upon to take his place. He had always looked upon it as a great privilege to be allowed to labor in the Sabbath School, and he was ever cheered in his work by the expectation of good fruits. He had taught several schools, and his pupils manifested their love towards him, in a very tangible manner. He felt a desire to return that love, and he could not do so more effectually than by seeking their happiness. He had frequently to drive as much as eighteen miles to some of his schools, and though the journey was wearisome, yet when he got in among his pupils, he forgot all about the journey, and felt happy and refreshed. In his experience he found that Sabbath Schools always had a beneficial influence on those generally among whom they were located. They might not have succeeded in converting every person about them, but the healthy effect of their teachings was unmistakeably evident in the whole neighborhood.

The Rev. Mr. McKILLICAN, agent of the Canada Central Sabbath School, mentioned some instances of the good fruits attending Sabbath School teaching in his quarter. He knew many persons who, when they were induced to attend Sabbath School, cared neither for father or mother, God or Religion. Their hearts were quickly touched by the instructions, and through time they became among the most punctual and regular attendants. He could mention the names of some who not only became converted from the path of sin, but were now zealous Ministers of the Christian Church.

Rev. Mr. McKENZIE, of Almonte, in relating his experience in connection with Sabbath Schools likened the teacher to a man sowing seed, who at first watched for the blade, and then in the course of time rejoiced as the fruit became visible. The teacher sowed the seed in the hearts of his pupils, and watched anxiously for the fruit that is to reward his labor.

The Rev. Mr. ABBS had read of a little incident. A young girl was on her death bed, and with about her last breath she cried to her mother, "lift me higher"—higher towards God. So it should be with the Sabbath School teacher; he should lift himself higher, and his constant endeavor should be to lift his pupils higher towards the Kingdom of Heaven.

Rev. Dr. BURNS said Montreal sent greetings to this convention. In Montreal they had an accomplished man at the head of their Union. He referred to Dr. Dawson, who took great interest in the Sabbath Schools. He thought that in the Ottawa Valley the teachers were scarcely sufficiently qualified for their self-imposed work. The Dr. then related the splendid success which attended the establishment of abbath schools in Montreal. Schools which at first consisted of only a few members had now attained to a magnitude and efficiency that entitled them to an appelation more compreshenive than Sabbath School. He related some instances which spoke volumes for the work of the Sabbath schools of Montreal.

Rev. Mr. McEWEN said that in his early life he used to be put at hoeing potatoes occasionally, and he remembered how he would grumble when he got the outside row, which all who had any experience in that work knew was the most difficult to hoe. He was in a similar position now; he was still working on the outside row. He considered his Sabbath School at Pembroke a difficult one to conduct. It was no easy task to instruct the scattered youth in that distant place. Nevertheless Sabbath schools were doing good work in that district and encouraging fruits were plentifully visible.

The Rev. Mr. EBBS related an instance in which an old man established a single Sabbath School among a scattered population, which in after years proved the foundation stone of 50 zealous congregations.

Rev. Mr. McLAREN hoped some of the practical Sabbath School teachers present would give some of their experience.

Mr. BAIN, an old Sabbath School laborer, then came forward, and gave some interesting facts with respect to the schools in his locality up the Ottawa. They had many difficulties to surmount, but perseverance and earnestness never failed to bring reward to their labors. He stated that in the school in his neighborhood there were five male and three female teachers.

The President stated that there was one very pleasing feature about Brother Bain's address, which was exceptional in all the Sabbath Schools from which he had ever heard, namely: that there was a preponderance of male over female teachers.

The meeting then joined in singing a hymn.

RALPH WELLS, Esq., then taught a class of five children, according to the system for which he is celebrated as a Sabbath School teacher. He used a blackboard on which he wrote some of the most essential words in the subject which he was about to explain by which means his words were made more readily comprehensible to the pupils who also had his teachings thereby strongly impressed on their minds. He also illustrated his explanations on the blackboard. At first the children were somewhat bashful, but Mr. Wells' kind words and winning and interesting manner quickly gained an influence over them, and in a few minutes they seemed perfectly at ease in his presence. Mr. Wells possesses the power of imparting sound instruction, and at the same time greatly amusing his pupils. He surrounds his subject at the outset with a deep interest which makes the pupils anxious for every word. They become completely absorbed in their teacher and his sayings, and manifest a deep eagerness to become more familiar with their lesson.

Mr. Wells occupied about seventy-five minutes in teaching his class.

The meeting was then dismissed with the benediction.

EVENING SESSION.

The evening session held in Bank street Church, was, like the meeting on the previous evening, very largely attended.

The meeting was opened as usual with devotional exercises, all present joining in singing the following two verses of the 18th hymn:—

I heard the voice of Jesus say,—
Come unto me and rest;
Lay down, thou weary one, lay down
Thy head upon My breast.
I came to Jesus as I was,
Weary, and worn, and sad;
I found in him a resting-place,
And he has made me glad.

I heard the voice of Jesus say,—
Behold, I freely give
The living water; thirsty one,
Stoop down, and drink, and live.
I came to Jesus, and I drank
Of that life-giving stream;
My thirst was quenched, my soul revived,
And now I live in Him.

The Chairman then called upon the Rev. Mr. ATKINSON to conduct the remaining portion of the exercise.

Topic No. 8, "Home training and its relation to the Sabbath School," was then introduced by the Rev. Mr. McEWEN, of Pembroke. The topic suggested many delicate and affectionate recollections. He asked the attention of Parents and Teachers, as it referred immediately to them. The Rev. gentleman then went very elaborately into the subject, and showed in a very able address the importance and effects of home training. He showed by references to history, and late events, what resulted from good and bad training at home. That the neglect of religious duties and the toleration of evil at home, is ever sure to result in disaster, and that on the contrary, where a family attends properly to its religious duties there is peace and happiness, and in the country where such a state of things is general prosperity reigns.

Dr. BURNS felt a deep interest in the subject. Nothing was more important than home government. The government now-a-days was too much on the part of the children. It was absolutely necessary that parents should rule in their homes. Like Abraham, parents should command in their household. If this vast Dominion was to become a great nation it would be by having within its borders a vast number of families who should be subject to the proper government of their parents. For parents to rule their children properly it was necessary that they should look closely after their every action. In the little band on the Alpine height, where the guide and three travellers were tied together, the leader fell, but not alone, for he in his descent took the others with him down the terrible declivity. So it was in a family; the parents and children are bound together by such ties that one could not fall without taking the others of the househould with him. Parents could materially assist the Sabbath school teacher by seeing that their children study their lesson, and also by seeing that they attend school punctually. It frequently happened that pupils did not attend school regularly; they wondered about perhaps in bad company on Sundays instead of attending the Sabbath school. This was done without the parents knowledge, and therefore it would be well if the mother or father conducted their children to school. Every one could help the school in some way, and all could help it by praying for its success

Rev. Mr. EBBS related a couple of cases which came within his knowledge, showing the great anxiety which some parents had for the spiritual welfare of their children.

Rev. Mr. BRAM once heard a man boast of how much he had done for the city of Toronto, and on being asked what it was answered that it he had brought seven respectable and educated sons into it. Every father should likewise be able to boast that he has brought his children up so that they would be useful members of the community walking before God an ornament of the Christian church.

The Rev. Mr. McKILLICAN said he knew a very remarkeable family who lived far up the Ottawa. They were remarkable for their number and sincere piety. In bygone years they attended church regularly. They filled two pews and every Sunday at service their voices could be heard above those of the rest of the Congregation. That family was early trained to follow the path of virtue, and to-day they are all ornaments of society, two of the men being zealous ministers of the Gospel.

Mr. JOHNSON, after speaking of the manner in which children should be corrected and punished when necessary, said that he had known Sunday schools to which he would not send his children. He had seen persons installed as teachers at Sabbath schools who were in no way qualified for that work. He did not believe in having a person attempting to teach the truth who did not feel at heart that of which he spoke. A teacher should, if he might be allowed so to speak, be annointed for the duty. He did not wish it to be supposed for a moment that he spoke lightly of Sabbath Schools. On the contrary, he believed they did immense good where ever established, but he thought their organization should be better guarded.

The meeting then joined in singing the 4th hymn.

Ralph Wells, Esq., then delivered one of his peculiar, beautiful and touching addresses, taking for subject, "Winning of Souls;" after which a collection was taken up. The 10th Hymn was then sung, and the meeting was dismissed with the Benediction by Dr. Burns.

MEETING IN THE MUSIC HALL.

The meeting of the Sabbath School Convention in the Music Hall yesterday afternoon, was very largely attended; in fact, we have never on any other occasion seen so immense an audience in the Hall. The children of the different Sabbath Schools of the city were there in full force, all being very neatly attired, and with the glow of youth, health, and innocence on their faces, presented truly a beautiful appearance. We also noticed that great numbers of ladies, gentlemen, and children had come a distance from the country for the sole purpose of being present at this important event in the Sabbath School history of this district. It was indeed an important event, and one we are sure, that will not soon be forgotten by those who took part in it. Every member of the corps of Sabbath School labourers in this district must on reflection be convinced that the meeting was a most auspicious one. It might with propriety be said to mark an era in the history of Sabbath School doings in our midst. Certainly few meetings no matter what they were called for have been attended with such splendid success. With regard to the number of persons present every one, even Mr. Wells, who is accustomed to see such immense meetings in New York, must have been perfectly satisfied. The speakers on the occasion have long been distinguished for their earnest and persevering labors in the wide field where the truth is cultivated, and of which the fruits are eternal happiness.

Mr. Mutchmor, President of the Sabbath School Convention, occupied the chair and Ralph Wells, Esq., Rev. Dr. Burns, Rev. Mr. McKenzie, of Almonte, and a few other gentlemen occupied seats on the platform. The meeting was opened with devotional exercises. Mr. Workman's corps of youthful vocalists filling the hall with the harmony of their sweet voices as they sang some Sabbath School hymn in praise of Him to work out whose will they had there assembled. The Rev. Dr. Burns, the Rev. Mr. McKenzie, and Ralph Wells, Esq., then addressed the meeting, a short hymn being sung before the delivery of each address. The addresses were able and effective, and were listened to with great attention, each speaker receiving loud applause on resuming his seat. At the conclusion of the addresses, a hymn was sung, after which the Rev. Mr. McEwen, of Pembroke, prayed the blessing of God on their labours and the meeting broke up.

COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

A meeting of the most influential commercial men of the County of Ottawa was held last evening in this city, at Temperance Hall, on Elgin street. The meeting was convened to settle on a candidate "fit and proper" to represent that extensive county in the Local Legislature of Quebec. The meeting was inaugurated by the appointment of F. Samuel Mackay, Esq., Warden of the County of Ottawa, as Chairman—and that of Mr. Kenny, of Aylmer, as Secretary.

The Chairman explained that the object of the meeting was to give expression to the good sense of the county in enabling it to be represented by a person of position and responsibility.

Moved by James McLaren, seconded by Camille Papineau, That E. B. Eddy is a fit and proper person to represent the County of Ottawa, in the Province of Quebec, in the Local Legislature, and that he be requested to allow himself to be put in nomination as a candidate for the ensuing term.

Moved by McPherson Lemoyne, seconded by Robert Kenny, That in the event of Mr. Eddy allowing himself to be put in nomination for the election—as he represents the best interests of the County of Ottawa, and is largely interested in all which contributes to its prosperity—this meeting will give him its cordial support and co-operation in order that the great interests of the said county may be properly represented, and this meeting pledges itself that the members thereof will take all legal means to secure his election.

Mr. Murray then spoke, withdrawing as a candidate, and saying that Mr. Eddy was a man whose interests were indentified with the county, and, therefore, a safe man. From his knowledge of the feeling in his part of the county, seven tenths of the electors would support him. He advised them all to put their shoulders to the wheel.

Mr. McPherson Lemoyne read a letter from Hon. John Hamilton, promising support to Mr. Eddy.

Mr. Alonzo Wright, M.P., said that they were surrounded by the representative men of the country from the Petite Nation, Buckingham, Templeton, Hull, the Gatineau townships and other parts of the county. Mr. Eddy came here 16 years ago. He rose step by step, inch by inch; we may reasonably expect that our interests will be safe in his hands. I have been told that an opposition may be raised against me. Let it come. I fear no opposition. I go from the word "go." I have known Mr. Eddy as a useful, liberal, and progressive man. Sixteen years ago I consulted him about bridging the Gatineau river. He immediately contributed to the work, and has ever been ready to contribute for public objects that he considers practicable. I look upon him as the coming man, and am confident that success will crown our efforts.

Mr. Kenny stated that Eardley will go to a man for Eddy, and advocated the returning an honest man.

Mr. Richard McConnell had always advocated the candidature of Mr. Eddy, and expressed his full confidence in his ability and honesty. The county, so far, had been placed in the hands of good responsible men, and he trusted that Mr. Eddy would accept the warm opposition extended to him. As far as Hull was concerned there would be no opposition to him.

Mr. J. A. Cameron would support Mr. Eddy, and was certain he would be supported in Lochaber.

Messrs. R. Mather, Mr. Ellard, P. Wright, Mayor Rochester, Seth Cotes, J. R. Fleming, P. Farrell, P. Aylen, John McLaren, W. McLean (Mayor of Aylmer), addressed the meeting, warmly supporting Mr. Eddy, and promising all the assistance in their power.

Mr. Eddy, who was received with loud applause, said he could not but feel proud at the invitation which had been extended to him. He was willing to accept the nomination if the electors felt they could place sufficient reliance in him to represent not only the lumber trade, but the agricultural and commercial interests. He accepted the nomination on condition that all would work, and work earnestly and hearty.

The following telegrams were read by the Chairman:

June 20th, 1871.
(By Telegraph from Pembroke.)

To E. B. Eddy:

I regret my unavoidable absence tonight. Rochester and Bangs will be there. They know my views, a united effort can carry the election.

R. W. SCOTT.

June 20th, 1871.
(By Telegraph from L'Orignal.)

To E. B. Eddy:

Cannot attend, detained here at court; Will be happy to support you as you accept meetings nomination. Have written to Lomoine.

JNO. HAMILTON.

The following is a list of those who were present at the meeting:—Messrs. Alonzo Wright, M.P.P., James McLaren, Papineau, Murray, Lemoine, F. S. McKay, McKay, R. Matthers, C. B. Wright, P. Wright, Cameron, G. J. Marston, Sen., S. Washburn, Peter Aylen, Esq., Kenny, Conroy, McLean, Alex. Powell, Stubbs, Fleming, P. Farrel, Seth Cates, Richard McConnell, Joshua Ellard, Deslisle, Devlin, Bangs, DeLude, Ambrose King, Trudell, Edward McGillivray, and John McLaren.

Committees were then formed and the meeting adjourned.

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

PRESCOTT.

Special to THE TIMES.

L'ORIGNAL, June 21.

Election declared void, without disqualification. Mr. Hamilton comes out with clean hands, and will run again and be elected by double the majority.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 21.

In the Episcopal Synod to-day the Treasurer's Annual Report was presented, from which it appears that at the beginning of the ecclesiastical year the balance on hand was $175; the total amount of subscriptions received had been $6,627; transferred from Synod Assessment Fund, $268; transferred from Clergy Trust Fund, $1,000; received for rent of Synod Hall, $531; grant to lay readers returned, $50—amounting in all to $10,228, which, with $1,500 borrowed from the Parochial Endowment Fund, makes a total of $10,728.

The expenditure: For sundry expenses, $1,718 22; for salaries, clergymen's grants, &c., $9,573 88—making a total of $11,292, which, deducted from the receipts, leaves a balance on hand of $436. In connection with these figures, $1,500 was still due to the Mission Fund; besides for interest and repairs on Synod building, $440; also an allowance amounting to $2,165 due to the clergy on the 1st of July next; the Widow and Orphan's Fund showed a balance of $2,827; the Clergy Trust Fund showed a balance of $574 on hand. The Treasurer also submitted a statement of the Superannuation Fund, for which he had received $47 56.

The debate on the Lennoxville College occupied the entire afternoon.

The polling for Centre Division will commence to-morrow, and creates great interest. The forces on both sides are fully up to the mark, and considerable money will change hands on the result. Religious feeling runs high.

Three hundred of the city volunteer Militia Force were ordered to hold themselves in readiness with ball cartridge for service to-morrow and Friday.

Reports from the country elections are continuely arriving. At 3 o'clock, p.m., the following came to hand:

Huntingdon County the state of the poll up to 2 p.m. Robertson, 86; Sanders, 48; McDonell, 42.

Missisiquoi—Dr. Brigham, the former member and Ministerialist, polled 920; Clayes, Opposition, 521; M. Thibault, Independent, 243.

County of Champlain gives the following: A. Trudel, 691; E. Trudel, 564; and E. Normand, 577.

No report from St. Flore.

The Caledonian Society commemorates Dominion Day, by their usual games, at Decker Park. A good programme is offered.

Late last night, Hubert Lefevre, Captain of the barge "Energy," fell into the canal at St. Gabriel Locks and was drowned.

The body of the boy Joseph Beaubien, drowned on the 15th inst., was found in the canal this morning.

The Merchant's Bank opened office at St. John, P.Q.

Mr. Gault who was shot on Sunday week by burglars, is able to sit up.

Divers are at present employed repairing the damage to the gate on the Lachine Canal.

Flour market steady.

The Harbour is crowded.

Midnight Despatches.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Notice has been served upon Jay Gould to the effect that in the United States' Circuit Court on Saturday next, before Judge Blatchford, a motion will be made calling upon Jay Gould, to show cause why he should not restore the stock inquired of before the master to the English shareholders or make good the loss.

LONDON, June 21.—A letter from the Archbishop of Cambria, demanding the resumption of the French protection of Rome, has been presented to that body.

A number arrests have been made at Marsailles for connection with the International Society. Among recent arrests are those of Janvier and De La Motte.

Order has been restored in Brussels.

The Emperor and Empress of Brazil, whose ship has been performing Quarantine at Lozarette, in the Tagus, landed at Lisbon, on Tuesday, and met an enthusiastic reception. They go to Madrid on Thursday, and will soon afterwards proceed to London.

The *Independence Belge* says that the Bonapartist Congress will soon be held at Brussels, to be presided over by Rosher

PARIS, June 21.—Numerous arrests have been made in La Villete.

A Letter from Thiers congratulates Alexander Dumas upon the article recently written by him for the press in favour of the continuance of the Republic.

The *Figaro* has been seized at St. Denis.

BERLIN, June 21.—The French loan is popular here, and arrangements have already been made for the taking of a large portion of it by German capitalists.

BOMBAY, June 20.—Steamers *Shanghae* and *Mars* from Hong Kong, bound to Amoy, have been wrecked. No loss of life.

LONDON, June 21.—The census of England, Wales, and Ireland is completed. The population of England and Wales is officially stated at about 22,700,C00, and that of Ireland at about 5,400,000.

The American Minister Robt. G. Schenck will present his credentials to the Queen on Friday.

FLORENCE, June 21.—The Italian Chamber of Deputies has approved of all the articles in the Bill for the re-organization of the army.

VERSAILLES, June 21.—The speech of M. Thiers has produced an excellent impression in consequence of the clearness of his financial statement, and the announcement that two hundred million of francs would be set apart, annually for the sinking funds.

It is anticipated that the French loan will be a complete success.

The Court Martials will not, it is believed, meet before the elections.

The French postal service has not yet been entirely re-established, while telegraphic service has not yet been restored.

Telegrams relative to the loan are accepted in part at the Treasury Office, and transferred to the Palais d'Industrie.

The *Gaulois* says that M. Pyat is in London, and that he made his escape from Paris by means of a passport of a Bavarian officer.

It is proposed to have boxes inscribed, for the deliverance of the country, placed in all the Mairies, churches, stations and theatres. The contributions thereto to be devoted to the payment of the war indemnity.

BUENOS AYRES, May 26.—The yellow fever is disappearing, and the city begins once more to wear an appearance of activity.

BERNE, June 21.—The Swiss Federal Council have asked the Assembly for an additional credit of 4,680,000 francs to enable the Government to complete the armament of the Republic.

BERLIN, June 21.—The Prussian *Cross Gazette* says the German Government complained to the Pope of the attitude of the Catholic party in the German Parliament, and Cardinal Antonelli in reply unequivocally disavowed all responsibility for or sympathy with the course pursued by that party in Parliament.

ATHENS, June 21.—The refusal by the sublime Porte to receive M. Tricoupis as Ambassador from Greece has caused great irritation against Turkey on the part of the journals and people of Athens.

The Porte requests that M. Rangabe be retained as Greek Ambassador to Constantinople.

LONDON, June 21.—It has transpired that previously to the appointment of Tricoupis as minister to Constantinople, the Greek Government enquired whether the selection would be agreeable to the Porte, and was answered in the negative.

The trial of Rochefort will commence on Monday next, and the trials of Rossel and Lullier will immediately follow. The court martial before which these cases come for trial, will sit in the Palace of Justice at Versailles.

A Strasbourg tobacco manufactory has been transferred to Dijon.

BERLIN, June 21.—General Von Gableng has returned to Vienna with an autograph letter from the Emperor William in reply to the congratulations of the Emperor of Austria. Before his departure the General received the Grand Cross of the Red Eagle set in brilliants.

VIENNA, June 21.—The Austrian delegation has voted to grant a fund $200,000 for the secret service. Count von Beust had asked for $60,000 more because of the spread of the International Society.

The Delegation approved of retaining the Austrian ambassadors at Rome and Paris after a lively debate.

VERSAILLES, June 21.—The Assembly has adopted a resolution in favor of granting lands in Algeria to refugees from Alsace and Lorraine.

BOMBAY, June 21.—A hurricane has destroyed the cotton crop of the country around the town of Band Dar, in the district of Sunat. The loss is estimated at half a million sterling, and it will take years for planters to recover it from below.

Yesterday's Despatches.

LONDON, June 21.—A speech delivered by Thiers in the French Assembly yesterday denounced the policy of Napoleon as the absurd and real cause of the disasters which have befallen France. The course pursued by Gambetta was excusable, though peace ought to have been made with Germany when success on the part of the army of the Louire became hopeless.

M. Thiers said it was necessary to pay the German indemnity quickly, still he was not in favor of the levying of the income tax, or the establishment of measures of a prohibitory character, but would simply re establish a few taxes which would provide the money necessary to meet the demands upon the country. France, concluded the President, should and will derive many advantages from her misfortunes.

The *Gazette* of to-day officially announces the elevation of Earl De Grey to be Marquis of Ripon.

The steamers *City of Washington* and *Scandinavian* have arrived at Liverpool, and the *Deutchland* at Southampton.

PARSONS, Kansas, June 21st.—A terrible tornado swept over south-western Kansas Friday evening last. The town of Eldora nearly destroyed. The storm did great damage to crops.

MADRID, 20.—The *Imparcial* says: The Ministers decided to resign only after the debate in Cortes on the address. Marshal Serrano interceded with Moret to withdraw his resignation, but the latter remained firm, and his resignation was accepted by the king. The Prefect of Madrid has resigned in consequence of the disturbance at the Pope's Jubilee.

LONDON, 20th.—A correspondence from Rome says: The Pope, on the 25th anniversary of his reign, received contributions from all countries, even from Poland. At least a thousand delegates and eight hundred ladies waited on him during the day. The Pope, in his replies to congratulations from foreign deputations, said he hoped soon to go through the streets of Rome without fear of outrage. To the French delegates he spoke feelingly of the situation of France, and congratulated them on victory over powers of darkness. He was gratified at receiving a telegram from the Queen of England, in which her wishes for his long life and happiness were expressed. During the day the Pope distributed fifteen thousand francs among the poor and received magnificent presents from the faithful throughout the world. Nothwithstanding the precaution taken by the police the visitors while on their way to the Vatican were frequently insulted by the crowds in the streets. Many soldiers who had served in the Pontifical army were arrested before the day of the festival to prevent disturbance.

VERSAILLES, June 20.—The Assembly has unanimously passed the Loan Bill.

NEW YORK, June 20.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: It has been long known that Secretary Fish had decided to retire from office, and that he has long begged in vain for acceptance of his resignation. The Secretary says he will on no account accept the Commissionership for the settlement of the *Alabama* and other claims, nor can he fill any office in the creation of which he bore any part. The President will appoint arbitrators as soon as the treaty is ratified by the English Government. It is essential that the arbitrator should be a perfect French scholar, a lawyer, and a man of large experience. Secretary Fish favors Charles Francis Adams for the position. The only doubts concerning Adams arise from the attitude which he has chosen to take politically, or rather from the attitude he has failed to take in that respect. The name of Caleb Cushing has also been considered, and that of Bancroft Davis has also been mentioned.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—It is stated that Sir Edward Thornton has been compelled to defer his visit to England on account of instructions from the Home Office not to leave Washington until further particulars are received concerning the Corean difficulty.

Similar instructions have also been received by Baron Gerolt.

DAYTON, O., June 21.—The funeral of C. L. Valondingham was one of the most imposing character. The procession was two miles long, and was composed of persons of all political parties and professions.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa. Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills.' Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London 61509 1y

After war pestilence and intemperance—colds lead to the greatest destruction of human life, mainly, because it considered by many to be of no consequence and hence systematically neglected untill a simple, curable disease, is converted into a fatal pulmonary one. Everyone troubled with what is called a slight cold or cough, should immediately use Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—they allay irritation at once, and exert a most beneficial influence on all the Bronchial and Pulmonary organs. Sold by all Druggists and Country dealers, Price 25 cts. per box.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

Centralization is one of the bugbears of American politics. Every business man desires it. The AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON, offers not only sumptuous and quiet suites of rooms to families, but the very centre of business to merchants and commercial travellers.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurse in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and succes by millions of mothers and children, rom the feble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World; in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuie unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the out side wrapper. Sold by all Medicine dealers. 25 cents a bottle. Office 215 Fulton street, New York; and 493 Oxford street, London.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the fac-simili of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper, All others are base imitions.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order Be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's bronchial Troches.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES:

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the desease and give almost instant relief.

The TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in low localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than any other articles.

OBTAIN only BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless Immitations that may be offered.

"TROCHES," SO-CALLED SOLD BY THE OUNCE, are a poor immitation and nothing like Brown's Bronchial Troches, which are sold only in boxes with fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

Outside wrapper of box, and private government stamp attached to each box.

Great Bargains in Lace Shawls. Prices reduced one-third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks St.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

PAIN KILLER

Husband:—I shall know then better hereafter, Draggists and Storekeepers are doing not only themselves a great deal of harm, but their customers also by inducing them to buy an article unknown and without merit. Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER has been before the public for over thirty years, it is known in every quarter of the earth, and is sold by every Druggists and most storekeepers and grocers. As a Cholera specific and Diarrhœa medicine, its reputation has no parallel. I am surprised that we have lived so many years without it.

Wife:—Charles, the reason is you you have been taking whatever the storekeeper would recommend, we have always had a bottle of Pain Cure or Reliever or Pain Remedy or som such trash in the house we have tried them over and over again.

Husband:—And that is just the reason I objected to try the PAIN-KILLER an my Rheumatism, thought it was like those other things a humbug

(To be continued.)

Be sure and get the genuine PAIN-KILLER, only 25 cts. per bottle. Beware of counterits.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE.

The subscriber has been instructed by MAJOR DOUGLAS, to offer for sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the UNION HOUSE, on the 1st day of JULY next, at 11 o'clock, a m.

THE HOMESTEAD OF RIVER VIEW.

The land comprises four and a half acres The House is very commodious, with suitable outbuildings of every description, and a well of good spring water in the back Kitchen.

River View is situated on the Richmond Road, two miles and three quarters from the City limits; the property running back from the Richmond Road, to the Canada Central Railway, on which a station is about to be established immediately in the rear of the property.

The House and premises can be seen any day until the time of sale.

J BERMINGHAM
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 19, 1871 1695d

THE BRETHREN OF ALL THE CITY LODGES are invited to attend a General Meeting to be held at the MASONIC HALL this (THURSDAY) Evening, at 8:30 o'clock for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Committee on reception of G. L. of A. F. & A. M.

By order of the Chairman,
G. LEVIN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, June 22, 1871 699 1

OTTAWA COUNTY ELECTION

To EZRA BUTLER EDDY, Esquire:

SIR,—We the undersigned Electors of the County of Ottawa hereby request you to allow yourself to be nominated as a fit and proper person to represent us in the Local Legislature of Quebec.

We hereby, upon your accepting such nomination, pledge ourselves to give you our hearty and earnest support at the coming election contest.

John Hamilton	Gilmour & Co
Alonzo Wright	F Major
F Samuel McKay, Warden	James MacLaren
	Wm McLean
John H Mackay	John A Cameron
J A Cameron, Jr	Geo J Marston
Joshua Ellard	R H Conroy
P Aylen	Joseph Day
W R Kenny	H Hillman
G C Courdard	A S C Papineau
J B Trudel	S Washburne
Charles Delude	J Mather
John McLaren	Richd McConnell
Ambrose King	John McLaurin
W McClymont	C B Wright
Albert Quesnel	B D'Arpentigny
P Wright	J W Campbell
John Delisle	Robt Kenny
Patrick Farrell	W W Kenny
A Holland	Dr. S Wright
W Marston	Seth Cates
James Dyke	J R Fleming
Augustus Papin, Jr	A Leamy
McPherson Lemoyne	Dr F McNab
Wm Abbott	Christopher Brigham.
Edmund W Murray	

REPLY.

To JOHN HAMILTON, ALONZO WRIGHT, GILMOUR & Co., F. S. MACKAY, and others:

GENTLEMEN,—I accept your invitation. You know my character, and I rely on your exertions.

Your obedient servant,
E. B. EDDY.

OTTAWA, June 21, 1871. 1698tf

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

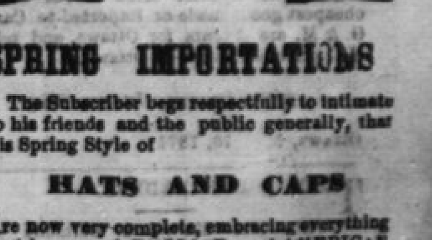
The Court of Directors hereby give notice that a half-yearly dividend, at the rate of six per cent per annum, on the Capital of the Bank, will be payable on the 5th day of JULY, 1871, to the Proprietors of Shares registered in the Colonies, and that a further sum of Fifteen Shillings Sterling per Share, taken from the profits of the year 1870, will be paid to the Proprietors at the same time.

Both payments will be made at the rate of exchange current on the 5th day of JULY, 1871, to be fixed by the Local Boards.

No Transfer can be made between the 24th inst., and the 5th prox, as the Books must be closed during that period.

By order of the Court,
R. W. BRADFORD,
Secretary.

No. 124 Bishopgate st., within,
London, 6th June, 1871. 1697d



SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 23, 1871 1626y

DOMINION HOUSE,

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House,
Late Grand River Hotel,

Ottawa, May 18, 1871. 1685 6m

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Hats that R iats.

Found, on Tuesday night in the Rink Music Hall, a lady's fan. The owner can have it by calling at the TIMES office.

A large lot of New Carpets just received, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks Street.

AUCTION SALE.—We refer our readers to the advertisement in another column of a sale by auction to day, at 10:30, of the household furniture of Mrs. T. Isaac, Wellington street. There are some valuable articles to be disposed of, which, no doubt, will sell cheap.

FRESH SALMON.—John Hill, the Tea Pot, Rideau street, receives daily supplies of Fresh Salmon from the Moisie River. Like everything else which Mr. Hill buys for his numerous customers, the salmon is of the very best quality. By all means go and get a piece.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

GENTLEMEN,—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

ENGLISH OPERA.—The attendance at the Music Hall last evening was, we are glad to say, better than on Tuesday. The opera of "Fra Diavolo" was presented in a very creditable manner, the leading characters being all well sustained. Mrs. Bernard as "Zerlina," Mrs. Campbell as "Beppo," and Mr. Seguin as "Lord Allcash," were especially good. Mr. Campbell's splendid rendition of the song "Let All Obey," elicited a unanimous and well deserved *encore*. From hence the *troupe* proceed to Montreal, where we sincerely trust that they will receive the support which they so richly deserve.

ILLUMINATIONS LAST NIGHT.

Yesterday was the 24th anniversary of the Pontificate of Pope Pius IX. No other Pope since St. Peter reigned so long on the Papal throne, and, therefore, the event was considered as one for rejoicing by Catholics throughout the world. Yesterday, no doubt, addresses of congratulation poured in from all sides to the Pope. The Catholics of Ottawa adopted an address some days ago which will also be sent to Rome if it has not already been forwarded. Our Catholic fellow citizens, however, showed by the splendid illuminations last evening how sincere is their attachment to the Head of their church, and how heartily they rejoiced at this remarkable event in his reign and singular instance in the history of the Holy See.

The illuminations might be said to be general throughout the city last evening, but the Catholic institutions were in particular beautifully illuminated. We have not space to particularize to any extent, but we would not be giving a faithful report without at least saying that the illumination of the convent building of the grey sisters on the corner of Sussex and Bolton streets was not only greatly superior to any other display, but was so truly beautiful and showed so much artistic discernment in its arrangement that we doubt if it could be surpassed if an emulative effort were made. The Convent on Wellington street was also splendidly illuminated, a brilliantly lighted cross surmounting the cupola of the lofty building being especially an object of admiration. The Convent on Rideau street, the Cathedral, St. Joseph's Church, St. Joseph's College, St. Patrick's Hall, Canadian Institute and the St. Vincent de Paul's Rooms were all magnificently illuminated. A grand *Te Deum* was sung at 7 o'clock at the French Cathedral.

The Christian Brother's School besides being brilliantly illuminated was made attractive by a special feature in the celebration of the evening; a very beautiful display of fire works entertained a large concourse of spectators for over an hour.

All the houses and stores owned by Catholic gentlemen on Sussex street were splendidly illuminated, and in conclusion we must say that the celebration of the important event in Ottawa was most brilliant and decidedly reflects high credit upon our Catholic fellow citizens who thus evinced the sincerity of their attachment to the Pope.

THE PRESCOTT ELECTION PETITION.

The trial of this Petition was entered on on Monday last at l'Orignal before Chief Justice Richards. The Court opened after the arrival of the Boat from Montreal and the building was densely crowded with persons from all parts of the County interested in the event. Mr. James Bethune and Mr. J. H. Kerr appeared as Counsel on behalf of the petitioners and Hon J Hilyard Cameron and Mr. Dartnell on behalf of the Respondent.

The petition of John Hamilton, Cleveland and James Stuart McKenzie, was then read by the Judge's Registrar. There were a number of counts charging the receipt of illegal votes and going to a scrutiny, which were abandoned and the petitioners counsel stated they meant to go only into the charges in the 9th and 10th paragraphs, viz: bribery and corrupt practices, and the votes of persons guilty of such. Also the 11th, 14th 15th and 16th charging irregularities against the returning officer.

Mr. Cameron contended that under the order of the Court in Toronto they could not go into anything in the 10th count which involved a scrutiny, the words of the order being the petitioners hereby disclaiming their right to any scrutiny to votes for the purpose of shewing the respondent to have a minority of legal votes, saving the right to prove any acts to avoid the election.

His Lordship took a note of the objection.

Formal proof of the Poll Books was then made, and the Sheriff sworn as to their identity. He was then briefly examined as to the proceedings of the nomination and otherwise, but nothing material was elicited.

Mr. Bethune asked for admission that the petitioners had voted at the election, which was made.

Mr. Cameron then said this was the time for him to attack the qualification of the petitioners, and with that view notice had been served on them of the intention. They did so on the grounds that one of the petitioners, Mr. Cleveland, is an alien, an American born, who had never become a naturalized British subject—and was thus disqualified. That he also became an Insolvent in the year 1867, and that under his assignments then executed, all the freehold estate, out of which he now voted, had passed to his assignee, and was no longer in him. The other petitioner, Mr. McKenzie, was also disqualified, he having parted with the freehold estate for which he was assessed and voted, having conveyed some to his son, and he contended that if he made out a *prima facie* case on these points, which the petitioners could not refute, the petition must fail.

Mr. Bethune contended that an objection of this kind could not be made at this stage of the proceedings, that it is a preliminary objection which the Court was not qualified to entertain, that it should have been by application to the Court before the order for particulars was obtained, and he contended that the application for the particulars was a waiver on the part of the respondent of the right to make this objection. In support of these views he cited the lease of the Youghal election, tried before Mr. Justice O'Brian, and reported 21 "Law times," p. 308, where the same objection was made, and the Judge was averse to entertaining it, but he was not aware of any other case. They were come here to try and sustain their petition—issue was now joined, and he contended it was too late to raise such an objection.

Mr. Cameron said it appeared from the report in the Youghal case that the Court in term and the Judge on the trial had each tried to avoid disposing of the objection. That the full Court left it to the trial, and Justice O'Brian was anxious to send it back to the Court, and the result was that the point was resumed, but the Youghal case did not at all turn on it. There are many cases reported, in which it is clearly laid down that if a petitioner is disqualified by bribery at the election, proved against him on the trial, the petition fails altogether. He has no *locus standi*, and referred to the Carleton case decided in Ottawa last week. Here on the trial evidence is given *viva voce*, and not by affidavit. On Election Committees such proof of disqualification of petitioners has always been received. They could be gone into at any stage of the proceedings, generally arising as they did out of facts disclosed on the viva voce examination of the witnesses. Our law never intended that petitions should be presented by unqualified persons to harass a candidate. On the contrary, the law lays it down distinctly that if the petitioners though they may have voted at the election had no right to vote, they had no interest in the election, and no interest to sustain their position as petitioners. Here there is no rule of court to guide us, but we have the old practice of the house, and this was clearly shown in the Legrue Regis case, where after the committee heard evidence for five days, the disqualification of the petitioner was disclosed and the objection taken.

Court—I cannot, I think, preclude you from going into the disqualifications of the petitioners, but I shall take a note of the objection of Mr. Bethune, and reserve it for consideration.

The case then proceeded and Mr. Cameron called

James Ogden Gates—Had known the petitioner Cleveland since 1835 or 1836 when he first came to L'Original; he had always believed him to be an American from his conversation, but Cleveland had never told him where he was born, but he heard from him that he came from Fort Covington, in United States, where he said he had lived before he came to Canada.

Cross-examined by Mr. Bethune—He told me that he came direct from Fort Covington to Canada, and that he had resided there; he was there from 25 to 30 years of age; never knew of his residing in Canada before that time.

Chauncey Johnson—Knows the petitioner Cleveland, who came from the United States, where his father and family also lived previous to 1836; he has often in conversation with me admitted he was an American; have heard it spoken of in his presence that he came from Fort Covington; my brother Thomas has so said it before him; it was he brought him to L'Original as a competent person to rent his store and tavern, and carry on the business; he always spoke of his being an American and coming from Fort Covington, and I never heard him contradict it; he was then under 30 years of age; heard he had lived in Canada a short time before he came to this place.

Hiram Johnson—Knew Cleaveland before he came here. His witnesses brother Thomas brought him from Fort Covington in 1836 for the purpose of keeping his store and tavern here, which he rented to him. Mr. J. P. Wells had recommended him to him as a good person for the purpose, and he went to Fort Covington after him, and brought him here; Cleveland and his wife and family then came to Canada; knew his father long before that living at Fort Covington.

Cross-examined by Mr. Bethune—The hotel Cleaveland rented from witnesses brother was burned in 1863, and then he rented another; he often spoke to witness as to his residence in the United States, and said he liked this place better, as a better place for business; often saw his father and mother at Fort Covington, where they had long kept a hotel; had often stopped there.

Thomas Murray—Reside in the township of Charlottesburgh; resided there in 1836; knew Cleveland there; he had resided at Fort Covington, from whence he came to Charlottesburgh in 1836 to keep a tavern, and resided there a short time.

E. T. Dartnell, Clerk of the Peace—Knew Cleveland; had searched among the records in the office of the Clerk of the Peace at Cornwall for any evidence of Cleveland having naturalized there from 1831 to 1836, but did not find any trace of it, but found that on 28th January, 1836, he obtained a license to keep a tavern in the township of Charlottesburgh. The recommendation signed by 8 householders and Cleveland's bond to the municipality was there; recognized his signature to it; searched also in the office of the Clerk of the Peace here from 1835 to the present time for any evidence of his naturalization here, but neither in the Record Book of the Court nor among the alien papers in witness' office is there any evidence of it; searched also in the Registry Office among the still older alien records prior to 1828 and his name does not appear there.

Mr. Cameron then put in the Assessment Roll for the township of West Hawkesbury for 1870, shewing the property in respect of which Cleveland was assessed as the freehold owner, petitioners admitting that Cleveland was himself the assessor; also, a notarial copy of his assignment in insolvency in July, 1867, executed before a Notary in Lower Canada, to which Mr. Bethune took exception as not admissible in evidence, contending that it should be from the prothonotary of the Superior Court.

Mr. Cameron replied that at the time of its execution the Insolvent Act of 1864, under which it was executed, required it to be taken before a Notary, and, according to Lower Canada practice, the original deed remained in his office, and certified copies were admissable for registration and evidence.

The court took a note of the objection, but received the document.

Mr. Higginson, Registrar of County of Prescott, then produced the registered sworn copy of the will of W. Cleveland, under which petitioner derived. Notice to produce the original being admitted, and this closed the evidence as to the disqualification of the petitioner Cleveland.

Mr. Bethune submitted that there was no evidence of Cleveland being an alien, and as to the question of property in the freehold, he thought there could be no question of it. The devise in the will was by "entreties" and being so, he concluded the estate did not by the insolvency rest in his assignee, but in any event his wife retained a moiety of the estate which was valued at $600, so that 300 remained.

Mr. Cameron contra contended that by the words of the will each was seized of the whole estate and neither of part, and, in consequence the husband's conveyance alone will not have any effect against his wife surviving but being seized of the whole estate during coverture, either in his own right or *jure uxoris*, he can, of course, depart with that interest—and that interest passed to his assignee.

The Court then adjourned to next morning.

SECOND DAY—TUESDAY.

The Court met this morning when His Lordship recapitulated the evidence given on Cleveland's case, and said as to the evidence of alien birth, he did not think the onus of proof was on the alleged alien, but as the other judges did not concur with him, he would reserve the point for the consideration of the Court, and if they were satisfied, the decision on it would be in favor of respondent, if otherwise, against him. On the question of property qualification he was not able to come to a conclusion, and would reserve it also.

The petitioner Cleveland then proceeded to give evidence.

A tramway from Islington to Moorgate has been opened, and others are building in different parts of London.

DE OMNIBUS REBUS.

A dog weighing four ounces was recently sold for £50—£12 10 s. per ounce. Diet for a Parisian during the siege, this!

It is stated that a portion of Buckingham palace is about to be set apart as a town residence for the Princess Louise and the Marquis of Lorne.

Mr. Tennyson will shortly, it is said, produce a new volume of poems.

The total population of Liverpool, without the townships, is 488,845, being an increase of 44,906.

There have been 215 petitions, with 93,844 signatures in favor of the Women's Disabilities Bill.

Messrs. Chapman & Hall are about to issue the works of the late Chas. Dickens in penny numbers.

The *Morning Post*, dating from 1772; the *Times*, from 1788; and the *Public Ledger*, are now the only daily papers in London whose career began before the present century.

The match between the All England Eleven and the Twenty-two of the Caledonian C. C. commenced on the 25th, and closed with the Caledonians the winners by two runs and five wickets.

The thirty-six English sparrows imported at Richmond, Virginia, in 1869, have multiplied so much that they now, with their progeny number over 500. In New York the English sparrows have not only established themselves, but they have driven all the other small birds out.

It has been ascertained that, out of 1500 salmon eggs, in the ordinary course of nature only one produces a mature salmon. If all the eggs laid were to produce salmon the ocean, in half a century, would be a moving mass of salmon.

Mr. P. J. Smyth, the Nationalist candidate for Westmeath, in his address to the electors declares that he will oppose any government, until home rule for Ireland is made a Cabinet question. Speaking as one who had served under O'Connell and had stood shoulder to shoulder with O'Brien, he hopes that the electors, by returning him, will make a protest against foreign misrule.

Workmen have been employed to demolish the fine old large red brick mansion on Brixton Rise which, according to repute, was once occupied by Oliver Cromwell. This is the last specimen in the locality. The property has been purchased by the London Tramway Company.

The new Pittsburgh (U. S.) Opera House cost £30,000, and seats 100 persons.

The Emperor of Russia has conferred a pension for life of 1000 roubles a year on the widow of the lately deceased Russian composer, A. Seroff.

A letter from Leipzig, in the *Neue Fremdenblaff*, of Vienna, describes an interview with Dawson, the celebrated Viennese actor, whose performance of Shakespearian characters gained him a European reputation some years ago The writer found him in a state of idiocy, brought on, it is said, by overwork during a professional tour in America.

In the Anglo-American Ambulance Corps, in France, chloroform was invariably employed for amputations. Bleeding was controlled by digital pressure, the tourniquet being never used, and the arteries being twisted not tied.

The Delaware peninsula will, it is reported, ship this year 3,500,000 baskets of peaches, or 500,000 more than in 1869.

An inventor has discovered a method of manufacturing the fibre of the Canada thistle into cordage, textile fabrics, and paper.

The following paragraph contains in brief a history of the entire railway interests in our sphere: The whole length of all the railways in the world is 120,000 miles. The cost of the same was, in round numbers, ten billions of dollars. Those of Great Britain are the most costly, and those of the United States the least so. The railway system of the world is supposed to give employment to over one million persons.

They are fond of titles in the East. Among his other high-sounding titles, the King of Ava has that of "Lord of Twenty-four Umbrellas" This looks as though he had prepared for a long reign.

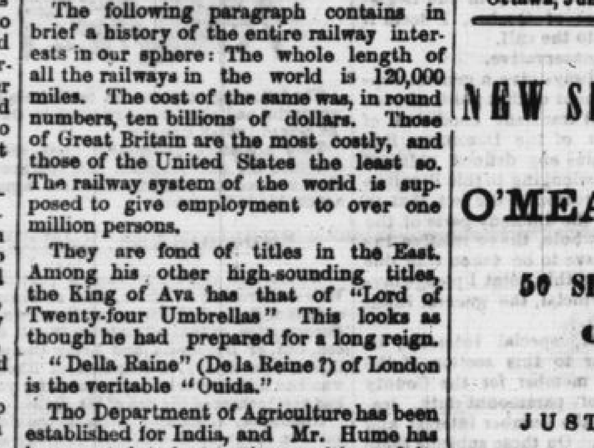
"Della Raine" (De la Reine ?) of London is the veritable "Ouida."

The Department of Agriculture has been established for India, and Mr. Hume has been appointed to the position of its Secretary.

ONE OF THE MOST NOTABLE PROPERTIES OF DR. WHEELER'S ELIXIR OF PHOSPHATES AND CALISAYA is its sustaining power during active mental and physical exertion. Business men, Editors, Clergymen, Lawyers, Physicians, and all classes engaged in any occupation requiring great application and consequent fatigue, will find this remedy invaluable, as it will enable them to accomplish their work with comparative ease. Any one trying a bottle will find this statement fully sustained. Phosphate of Lime is an active agent of nutrition, constituting more than fifty per cent. of the system; Phosphoric Acid, a powerful Nerve Tonic; Phosphate of Iron, a blood maker; and Calisaya, an agreeable supporting stimulant. The combination of these remedies forms a Nutritive Tonic or Chemical Food, and nourishes and vitalizes the constitution in the same manner as an article of diet. Sold by all druggists.

EVANS MERCER & CO.,
Wholesale Agent.

A QUESTION.—Why will people keep five or six ill-looking sickly horses to do the work that one good horse might preform? If the horse has the heaves, his broken winded, has a cough or could, or his wind in any way uffected; if his appetite is bad, or his digestive organs deranged, as a rough skin or is hide bound, we could in all cases recommende the use of Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Renedy it never fails to benefit and almost always removes the disease; it is free from anything that can injure, and may be used at all times with safety. Try it and you will be satisfied. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co., is on each package. Forthrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canadas. Sold by all Medicine dealers.



WM. ABBOTT

Offers to the Public all kinds of

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

Of which the following form a part:—Reapers and Mowers, Sawing Machines, Threshing Machines, Cultivators, Horse Rakes and Forks, Plows and Harrows, Pea Harvesters, Corn Planters, Horse Hoes, Rollers, Potatoe Diggers, &c.; all warranted.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 20 6

TENDERS FOR LIGHT HOUSES.

TENDERS will be received at this Department, at Ottawa, up to Noon of WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of JUNE, Instant, for the construction of TWO LIGHT HOUSES on the River Ottawa, one to be erected near Point A, L'Orignal, in the County of Prescott, and the other on the opposite Bank, about Eight miles further up the River, in the Township of Grenville, County of Argenteuil.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the Department, at Ottawa, where forms of Tender can also be obtained by intending Contractors.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 7th June, 1871 1688 3

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

GREAT AUCTION SALE of City Lots, Village Lots in New Edinburg, and Villa Lots, on the Mackay Estate, within five to fifteen minutes walk of the Street Railway.

The MACKAY Estate will offer for Sale by Public Auction, at the Office New Edinburgh, on SATURDAY, the 24th day of JUNE, Instant, at Two o'clock in the afternoon.

Fifteen Villa Lots upon Rideau Terrace, and other roads near the residence of His Excellency the Governor General, and Twenty-two Lots, in the Village of New Edinburgh, some of which front upon the grounds of Rideau Hall Domain.

Also a neat Dwelling House, with seven rooms and good shed, near the Rideau River; and the following Lots in the City of Ottawa: East half Lot No. 10, south Cathcart street, with Dwelling—Ordnance; Lot No. 14, north Cathcart street; Lot No. 16, north Cathcart street; Lots Nos. 21 and 22, south Boteler street.

The Villa Lots and Dwelling House, are in Gloucester, a Township in which the Taxes are very moderate.

TERMS.—One third cash, balance on mortgage at 7 per cent, for a term of 3 to 5 years, at purchasers option. Conditions made known at day of sale. Plans and descriptions of the property can be seen at the office of the Estate, next the Post Office in New Edinburgh.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer,
New Edinburgh, June 12, 1871 1692 9

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE
—OF—
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, AN EXCELLENT MELODEON, CARPETS, CURTAINS, &c.

The subscriber has been favored with instructions from MRS. THOS. ISAAC to sell at her residence, Wellington-st, over Mr. Hardy's Grocery, on THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1871, all of her Household Goods, consisting of one very superior Melodeon, in good order, with all modern improvements; Parlor Set in Hair Cloth, b w Centre Table, b w Side Table, What Nots, b w Fancy Music Box, Tapestry Carpet, several Oil Paintings and a number of Steel Engravings, large b w Book Case, richly carved, about 50 vols. of Books, b w Sideboard, Dining Table, b w Cane Chairs, Couch, Oil Cloth and Curtains, Iron Bedsteads, several Wood Bedsteads, Chess Tables, Matrasses, Pillows, Carpets and Curtains, an excellent Cooking Stove and Pipes, a quantity of Crockery, China and Glassware a quantity of Cutlery, an excellent Refrigerator and a quantity of other articles not necessary to enumerate.

Sale to commence at 10.30,

TERMS CASH.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, June 20, 1871 1696td

12th JULY, 1871.

ORANGE CELEBRATION.

An EXCURSION TRAIN will run from CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION, Ottawa, to Brockville, calling at all Way Stations on 12th prox, returning same day.

Fare from Ottawa, 75cts.

Due notice of time of departure and arrival will be published.

H. ABBOTT
Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,
—AT—
O'MEARA & CO.,
50 SPARKS STREET,
OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An Immense Stock of
Black and Blue Cloths, Doeskins, Casimeres, English and Canadian Tweeds, Linens, Prints, Cottons, Dress Goods, &c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of
Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts, Drawers, Under shirts, &c., &c.,
At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of
Hosiery, Neckties, Scarfs, Handkerchiefs, Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA
Ottawa, April 11, 1871

LIGHT HOUSE SERVICE

TENDERS will be received at this Department, at Ottawa, up to Noon of WEDNESDAY, the 21st JUNE next, for the construction of LIGHT HOUSES at the undermentioned places, in the Province of Ontario.

Salmon Point, P. E. County, Lake Ontario.
Middle Island. Essex County, Lake Erie.
Porphyry Point, Lake Superior.
Michipicoten Island. do.
Small Island, near Michipicoten Island Harbour.

Plans and specifications of all the required Works may be seen on and after the 1st June next, at the Department at Ottawa, and at the Office of S. RISLEY, Esq., Inspector of Steamboats, Toronto, at which places also Forms of Tender can be procured by intending Contractors.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

P. MITCHELL,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Department Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa, 20th May, 1871. 1681 3

NOTICE.

CUSTOM'S DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 19th May, 1871.

Referring to the notice of 5th inst., of articles transferred by Order in Council, to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, it is decided that the term "Annatto" therein mentioned means "Annatto" in either a liquid or a solid condition.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs
Ottawa, May 27, 1871 16783

STRAWBERRIES.

G. LORENZ,

OYSTER
—AND—
FRUIT DEALER,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.
—AND—
58 SPARKS STREET,
Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Is now receiving
400 QUARTS
CHOICE STRAWBERRIES
(DAILY),
And will supply
Hotels,
Private Families,
[illegible] ,and
Confectioners,
AT LOWEST PRICES.

Goods delivered to any part of the city.

G. LORENZ.
Ottawa, June 14, 1871

ICE!
ICE!!
ICE!!!

Terms for applying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY, FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..		$5 00
20lbs " " ..		9 00
10lbs	month	1 50
20lbs	"	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

Terms strictly Cash in advance.

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorens, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 22, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N B.—Ice supplied per ton or cwt.
Ottawa April 27.

LISGAR.

[L.S.] CANADA.

Victoria by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same in anywise concern.—Greeting

A PROCLAMATION.

A. CAMPBELL, for the Attorney General, Canada.

Whereas in and by an Act passed by the Parliament of Canada, in the Thirty-second and Thirty-Third years of Our Reign, being Chapter Twenty-four, and intituled: "An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," it is amongst other things in effect enacted that our Governor in Council may, as often as occasion requires, declare by Proclamation that upon and after a day therein named the said Act shall be in force in any place or places in Canada therein designated within the limits or in the vicinity whereof any Railway, Canal or other Public Work is in progress of construction, or such places as are in the vicinity of any such Canal, or Railway, or other work as aforesaid within which he deems it necessary that the said Act should be in force; and the said Act shall upon and after the day to be named in any such Proclamation, take effect within the places designated in such Proclamation; and further, that Our Governor in Council may, in like manner from time to time declare the said Act to be no longer in force in any of such place or places, and may again from time to time declare the same to be in force therein.

And whereas, it is expedient that the hereinbefore in part recited Act should be in force, in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described

Now therefore know ye, that we, by and with the advice and consent of our Privy Council for Canada, do hereby declare that upon and after the First day of June next hereafter, "An Act for the better preservation of the Peace in the vicinity of Public Works," hereinbefore in part recited, shall be in force in the places and within the limits hereinafter mentioned and described, that is to say: Commencing at the point where the route now being opened to the Red River crosses the height of land which separates the waters tributary to Lake Winnepeg, from those flowing into Lake Superior, and running from thence westwardly along the said route to the Eastern boundary line of the Province of Manitoba, to extend to a depth of ten miles on either side of the said route from the height of land to the United States' Boundary Line at Nequaquon Lake, and from thence westward to the Lake of the Woods, to embrace a depth of ten miles on the British side of the Boundary line aforesaid, to cover the whole area of the Lake of the Woods and the Islands therein in so far as they are within British Territory and a depth of ten miles around such portion of its shores as may be within British Territory, and from the North West angle of the Lake of the Woods, to extend ten miles on either side of the line of route until it meets the aforesaid eastern boundary line of the said Province of Manitoba.

Of all of which our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

In testimony whereof, we have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the great Seal of Canada, to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Our Right Trusty and Well Beloved, the Right Honorable John Baron Lisgar, of Lisgar and Bailieborough, in the County of Cavan, Ireland, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and a Baronet, one of our most Honourable Privy Council, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada, and Governor and Commander in Chief of the Island of Prince Edward. At our Government House, in Our CITY OF OTTAWA, this Fifth day of MAY, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and in the Thirty-fourth year of Our Reign.

By Command,
J C AIKINS,
Secretary of State.
Ottawa, May 12, 1871 1671 3

FRESH SALMON.

(From the Moisie River,)

RECEIVED DAILY BY EXPRESS, AT

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET, Ottawa.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street,

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE,
CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,
Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 RIDEAU STREET.

OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you. 1634 3m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—
J. DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes' bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At THOS. PATTERSON'S.
Ottawa, May 2, 1871

CHIPPAWA DISTILLERY.

The produce of the above celebrated Distillery:

HIGHWINES,
ALCOHOL,
RYE,
PROOF,
MALT,

For sale in Bond or free, at lowest Distillery quotations.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Block,
Metcalfe-st
Ottawa, June 11, 1871

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL.

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.49 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

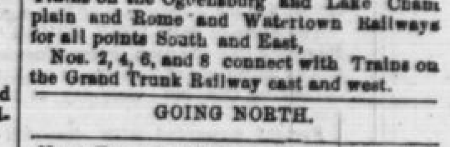
Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.
R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.
Ottawa June 1st, 1871



CANADA CENTRAL
—AND—
Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1.20 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 4.30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2.00 p.m. connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5.40 p.m., and at Sand Point, 6.20 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a.m. arriving at Brockville at 1.35 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 2.50 p.m., and 6.20 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 3.50 p.m., 10.00 p.m., 6.15 p.m. 1.30 p.m.

Leave Sand Point

At 6.30 a.m., 11.30 a.m., 3.00 a.m., 2.00 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a.m., after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk. Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.
Brockville, June 6, 1871

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 73259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.
Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1675tf

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

Iron Side-Wheel Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. McKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE, Manager.
HERRICK & CROMBIE, Agents, No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871 2670tf

ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING
—AND—
RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*.....Captain Findlay.
" *Emerald*........ " Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*... " Murphy.
" *Alliance*......... " Blondin.
" *Oregon*.......... " Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*....... "
" *Jason Gould*..... " Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*.. " Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*........ " Duggan.
" *Pontiac*......... " D. Mulligan
" *Keppawe*......... " B J Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Captaine.

Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau, every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning—Leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 o'clock, p.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2 30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers
QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE,
PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer
"FAIRY,"
CAPT. NICHOL,
leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.
R W SHEPHERD.
April 25, 1871.

JUST RECEIVED.
—AT—
HAUSER'S
RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,
That splendid new Magazine,
THE WEDDING BELLS.
—ALSO—
BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL
FOR MARCH AND APRIL.
Ottawa, April 19, 1871

ENGLISH OAK TANNED
LEATHER BELTING,
FINE ENGLISH HOSE,
LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,
Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.
Price Lists, with references, on application to
JOHN C McLAREN, 247 St. James-st., Montreal, Q.
P.O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,
BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,
RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.
Manufacturer and Dealer in
STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.
Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

NO MORE BUGS!

WROUGHT IRON BEDSTEADS,

Just Received Direct from ENGLAND.

Another lot of these celebrated BEDSTEADS handsomely painted and ornamented, and cheaper than any Bedstead sold in this city, there is no danger of breaking off the legs, as there always is with the ordinary ones sold, which are made of Cast Iron. Ask for the

ENGLISH WROUGHT IRON
BEDSTEADS.

Also to arrive this week,
CHILDRENS COTS!!!

Same make as the above, at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA.
CH MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, June 14, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,
HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,
WELLINGTON STREET,
OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,
as well as in his
Perfumery and Toilet Department,
having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.
Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S
CELEBRATED OINTMENT,
CALLED
"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d, 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by
BEACH AND BARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.
May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,
METCALFE-ST.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy'
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy Ports,
Domecqs and GreekShe,
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.
Bass', Guinness's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.
Liberal terms.
☞ Inspection invited.
K. ARNOLDI, Telegraph Building. 11 Metcalfe street.
Ottawa, May 16, 1871

WILD LANDS
FOR SALE,
On advantageous terms, by the
CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

In Templeton	100	acres.
In Eardley	9,500	"
In Hull,	1,500	"
Total,	11,100	

Apply to
P. S. ROSS, 10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE, Ironsides, near Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

READING, ELOCUTION,
WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.
Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART, Wilbrod-st., Ottawa.
N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY
—AND—
AGRICULTURAL WORKS.
ESTABLISHED, 1839.
Smith's Falls, Ontario.
FROST & WOOD,
Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our
CELEBRATED
BUCKEYE MOWER
—AND—
SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871.

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.
HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.
TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.
Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.
FROST & WOOD, Smith's Falls, Ontario.
June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

☞ All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

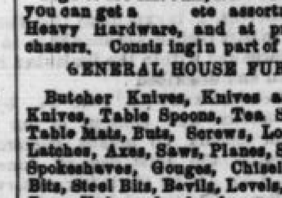
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Ocoola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deli Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!



Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c, &c &c. together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street, Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.
Ottawa, No 18, 1870

SELLING
OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES
OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin Street,

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

☞ A few good Fowls for sale.
J. HERBERT, N on-st., West near Richmond Road, Ottawa.
April 26, 1871.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M	P.M.	P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
....	12 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8,00	....	4.20
....	12.45	9·00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	....	4.20
....	....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U. S.	8,00	....	6.00
....	....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.06	....	6.00
10 15	12.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	....	4.20
10·15	12.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St L. & O.R.	8,00	....	4.20
....	10.15	....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	....	4.20
10.15	....	....	Osgoode, Russell, &c.			4.20
9.20	2,00	1.10	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	....	8.00
9.20	....	....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......	....	3 00
10:30 7 00	....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	8.00	11.00	...... 7.00
6.15	....	....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c		....	700
10.00	....	....	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	....	......
6.00	....	....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays		....	6.00
11.50	....	....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	....	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.
G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.
Post Office, Ottawa, June 7, 1871

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S
NEWLY-DISCOVERED
VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be
Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,
May 22, 1871 1671 1y

TESTIMONIAL
—TO THE—
HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,
K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa
The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq.
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz.: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq.,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,
(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Now last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Business.

Claims Paid for Assurances....	£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid.	2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of....	6,570,000.00
Annual Income...............	1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions of Policies.*

The *Non-Forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

☞ Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.
P WARDLAW, Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal
J. & W. T. Pennock, Agents, Ottawa.
March 13, 1871 168a

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion.

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz.: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim.

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in its large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now, I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH.
Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

GARDEN
—AND—
FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,
CHEMIST, &c.,
SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.
Ottawa, May 1, 1871

1871. ICE! **1871.**
ICE! *ICE!*

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, of $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER, Rideau Street
Ottawa, May 1649d

Medical

MESS^RS GABRIEL'S
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE
ARE BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESS^RS GABRIEL
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

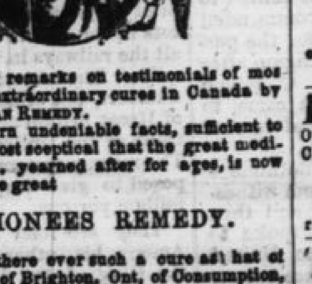
Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Agents for Ottawa,
May 1 1871

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoocy, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL
FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Willows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Drggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont. Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.
November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.
November 30, 1870 1527y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 3.d June, 1871.

Authorized discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.
Ottawa, June 3, 1871

Legal.

J. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT L.L.B. F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 4sutt JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor. Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton s Drug Store Residence, St. Paul s

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street.
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort;
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game &c. daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANE.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND
U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.
T. G. COURSOLLES,
November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accounts accurately prepared. Complicated accounts uninvestigated and corrected.
OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1595 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists Montreal, proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.
Montreal, March 1871 2 3m

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER
—IN—
☞ TEAS AND WINES, ☜
8 HOSPITAL STREET
MONTREAL.

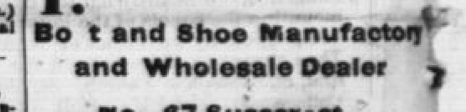
GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,
SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.
Great Acceleration of Speed
Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at.......	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at.....	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at.....	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at.....................	8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at..........	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston..........	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,
AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,
SUSSEX-ST, OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.
DEMPSY & CAMERON.
Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.
GEORGE DU BERGER, Proprietor.
May 31, 1871. 1680tf

T. BELLEMARE.
Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer
No. 67 Sussex-st.
OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.
Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m

F. WILLIAMS,
PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET, Near Division Court Office.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN
—AND—
☞ FLOWER SEEDS. ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO., (Late Alex. Christie.) Druggists, 40, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel, Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON,
ELGIN STREET.

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel.
Strict attention to business.
Good Wines and Liquors warranted.
Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1599

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.
J. A. GEMMILL, Solicitor &c.
Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.
Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1871 1597

THE TIMES is printed and published by The OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 25 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BARRON, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL VI. NO. 1699. OTTAWA, FRIDAY JUNE 23, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

RAILWAY. ...CE OF TRAINS. ...ion of Speed ...now Running on al ...nt Trains. ...Y Next, 5th JUNE, ...Montreal as under: ...and Inter- ...6.00 a.m ...at......9.00 a.m ...to, at....9.00 p.m ...lle, at.....11.00 a.m ...for Brock- ...5.00 p.m ...for Island ...Stations, at ... ...Riviere du ...8 30 a.m ...Pond, Port- ...2.00 p.m ...sland Pond, ...10.30 p.m ...be attached to the ...Montreal and Riviere ...:—From Montreal ...and Saturdays re- ...Loup on Mondays, ...BRYDGES, Managing Director. 1690tf

RAILWAY. ...DAY next, the 1st of ...to run the Pullmar ...between Montreal and ...magnificent coaches will ...Express train leaving ...nd be run through to ...Room and Sleeping ...be one attached to each ...onto to Montreal: ...ng arrangements will ...bout the 1st of June, of ...be given. BRYDGES, Managing Director. 1871. 1657tf

...EL, BOWLING ALLEY, ...OTTAWA. ...& CAMERON have ...establishment from ...now prepared to re- ...erate rates. Their table ...th the best of Eatables ...of the best quality. ...on the premises. ...MPSY & CAMERON. 1683 3m

...AY BAY. ...s now celebrated water- ...onable summer retreat ...le home at DU BER- ...e Hotel has been en- ...repaired, and is now the ...y Bay. Every attend- ...visitors, and no pains ...them comfortable. ...erate. ...E DU BERGER, Proprietor. 1680tf

...e Manufactory ...esale Dealer ...ussex-st. ...TAWA. ...sive alterations in my ...now prepared to take ...ng Spring Trade. For ...styles in Gentlemen's ...Children's BOOTS and ...yle, durability and ele- ...defy competition. ...velling agent, I would ...dealers in my line of ...call and examine my ...y call your attention to ...r the large stock I have ...purchasing of me will ...d with promptness and ...1871 1605 3m

...TAILOR, &c., ...thanks to the public ...l patronage bestowed ...ncement in business. ...workmanship and ...sure a continuance of the ...U STREET, ...Division Court Office. ...71 1668tf

...EDS! ...received a full Stock ...GARDEN ...AND ...R SEEDS. ...RISTIE & CO., ...Late Alex. Christie.) Druggists, 40, Sparks-... 71

...MISSION AGENT, ...xt to the City Hotel ...ttawa. ...of the Lumber Merchan... ...From his long exper... ...ers his services in engagin... ...their rafts while passin... ...ability. ...Walter Smith, Esq.

..." SALOON, ...STREET, ...hands, and been fitted up ...UEON BAR and SALOON, ...ERCIAL HOUSE ...the management of F. ...of the St. James Hotel. ...iness. ...uors warranted. ...4, 1871 1599

...TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at ...GEMMILL, Solicitor &c. ...Block, corner Elgin ... 159

...nted and published by ...S PRINTING AND PUB- ...Y, at the office, 38 ...Centre Town, Ottawa ...Managing Director.

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET. (2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street. Possession given 20th May. Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to T. M. CLARK, Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET.

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)

Apply for terms, &c., to C W BANGS.
Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY

For particulars, apply to THOS. PATTERSON, No. 26 Rideau street.
Ottawa, Feb 16, 1871

TO LET.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of garden, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road.

Also the shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.

For particulars apply to WILLIAM MOSGROVE.
Ottawa, Feb. 16. 592tf

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

SCANDINAVIAN	10th	June.
PERUVIAN	13th	"
CASPIAN	17th	"
MORAVIAN	24th	"

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

AUSTRIAN	1st	July.
PRUSSIAN	8th	"
NESTORIAN	15th	"

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.........$77 25 to $87 00
Steerage.........$29 25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line are intended to be despatched from Quebec, on or about the following dates:

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN	8th	June,
OTTAWA	15th	"
ST. DAVID	22nd	"
ST. ANDREW	29th	"
ST. PATRICK	6th	"

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.........$67 25
Intermediate.........$47 or 44 00
Steerage.........28 00

☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to D W COWARD & CO., Agents, 17 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

TO CATTLE BREEDERS.

BULL—The "Marquis of Belmont" will stand for Cows at the Waterford Farm, Township of Gloucester, this season, at Four Dollars each.

WM. GRAHAM.

CANADA SHORT HORN STOCK REGISTER.

Certificate of Registered Pedigree of Two Years Old Bull,

No. 514 THE MARQUIS OF BELMONT,

Red and White, calved January 16, 1866, Bred by Mr. JOHN ASHWORTH, Belmont Ottawa, the property of WILLIAM GRAHAM, Esq., of Gloucester, got by Sweetmeat [863], (20924), dam, souvenir of Thordale by 2nd Grand Duke (12961), g. dam, Dalpine (imp.), by Harold (10299), gr. g. dam, Limpid, by Viceroy (...678), &c., &c. See Herd Book.

HUGH C. THOMSON, Sec. Board of Ag.
Board of Agricultural Office, Toronto, Jany 6, 1870 1692tf

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can recover it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.

ANN JANE HAMILTON.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871. 1638tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.

The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises

STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.

And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.

Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1865 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street,

Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OF BROCKVILLE,

Who will continue the Business in the same premises, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 Rideau Street.
OTTAWA, June 2, 1871.

☞ In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.

T. R. SHEFFIELD.
OTTAWA, June 2, 1871. 1681 2m.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will suit those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.

The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.

From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves

Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:

Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobacco, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

CLOTHING HALL!

New Store.

J. M. GOULDEN

Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at

No. 100 Sussex Street,

NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,

A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.

Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.

☞ Do not Forget the Place ☜

No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,

Next Door to F. McDougall & Co

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colour Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,

To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.

☞ *There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.* ☜

The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

—TO—

N. FAULKNER, SUSSEX STREET
OTTAWA, April 28. 1871 1652 3m

ALBION HOTEL,

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 3m

DRY GOODS

—AT—

RETAIL.

SUMMER FASHIONS

SHOWING THIS DAY,

—AT—

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S,

Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,

Beautiful Bonnets
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets
Splendid Lace Shawls.

Also in immense Variety,

Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques,
Horrockses, Millar & Co., Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
King's best Window Hollands,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c.,

SPECIAL LINES.

Linen Percale's and Lawns, for Seaside Wear.
Walking Stick Parachutes " " "
Paragon Frame Parasol and Umbrellas, —
Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makers.
Coventry Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and Mantle Trimmings, in great variety.

EXTRAORDINARY.

☞ 43 Patterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle,
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst,
Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

FRESH! FRESH! FRESH!

SALMON.

The first of the Season just received, at MOSES LAPOINTE'S, Fish Dealer, Lower Town Market.

N. B.—All kinds of Lake, River, and Sea Fish, always on hand.
Ottawa, June 7, 1871 16851

HATS HATS! HATS!

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞ Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

☞ OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

DOMINION HOUSE,

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel]
Ottawa, May 12, 1871. 1665 6m

McGill University, Montreal,

SESSION 1871-72.

THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—

FACULTY OF ARTS......September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE....October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW.....October 3rd.

The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.

The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.

In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100 Second Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100 Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.

The Calendar containing details of all the above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES, Secretary.
May 31, 1871 1689 2awk 2m

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 13th June, 1871.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and for the reasons given in his Report of the 8th June instant, His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Red River, in the Province of Manitoba, from the point of its intersection with the Boundary Line between the United States and the said Province of Manitoba (Canada) to its junction with Lake Winnipeg, shall be and the same is hereby declared to be comprised within the limits of the Port of Winnipeg under the following conditions and restrictions, that is to say:—

All Steamers, Vessels and boats of any kind on entering the said Province of Manitoba, on the Red River, shall be, and they are hereby required to report at the Out Port of North Pembina, and to comply with all existing requirements of the law, but, on payment of duty at that out port on goods destined for any place between that out port and the Port of Winnipeg, they be permitted, on the warrant of the Sub-Collector, to land and discharge such goods, or the luggage of such passengers as may desire to disembark, before reaching the said Port of Winnipeg.

That in like manner, after payment of duties at the Port of Winnipeg, the same privilege be granted them as at the said Out Port—to land and discharge goods under the restrictions aforesaid at any place on the Red River above or below Winnipeg—and all steamers plying within the limits, and observing the conditions aforesaid, shall be considered and treated as trading within the limits of the said Port of Winnipeg.

W. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council.
1695 3

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL.

The most beautiful site in the neighbourhood of the Capital, and the most pleasant and convenient place about Ottawa, for Pic Nics, &c.

A large covered Platform, raised eight feet from the ground, and capable of accommodating 4,000 persons, is admirably suited for Dancing, for Dramatic Soirees, and such like entertainments.

The Refreshments and Liquors to be had on the grounds are of the best quality.

Pleasure parties could not find a more comfortable and pleasant place to enjoy themselves.

At night the Gardens are well illuminated. Once properly known they will be regarded as indispensable during the summer season. There will be a Dancing School in the Gardens every THURSDAY night, except when occupied by a Picnic.

Hull, June 7, 1871 1685 2m

G. A. SHELDON,

HATTER AND FURRIER,

Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive

HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT

In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.

G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.

A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1665 2m

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone, Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c, &c Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE, Travelling Agent.

THE METROPOLITAN

Building and Savings Society

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to JAMES COX, Secretary-Treasurer.
Ottawa 13th December, 1870. 1540tlJ71

DROWNED.

Drowned at the Chaudiere, on SATURDAY last, AUGUSTINE CHARON. Any information which may lead to the recovery of the body, will be thankfully received by his father, at Mr. BRONSON'S Office, Chaudiere. The Boy was 11 years of age, had on grey etoffe pants, a grey vest, and a chequered white and red shirt.

Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

WANTED.

For a DAIRY FARM near the City, a MAN to drive a MILK WAGGON, and take general charge of Cows. Also a WOMAN, who understands the management of a DAIRY.

A married Man and Wife, without family, preferred. Liberal wages will be given to competent and reliable parties. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

☞ Terms, 40cts. per month. Books bought, sold and exchanged.
Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

NEW CARPETS.

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Invite attention to the arrival of

NEW CARPETS.

to assort their STOCK, reduced by HEAVY SALES in this department.

The above have been selected with due regard to prevailing styles, permanency of color, and are GOOD VALUE, at prices marked.

They have on hand a large assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

In a great variety of fabrics, MUSLINS AND PRINTS in LATEST STYLES, and cheap.

Great Bargains in

LACE SHAWLS,

From $1.50 to $40 Each,

Prices *Reduced One-Third,*

A special line of SILK JACKETS selling at *greatly Reduced Prices.*

A full assortment of MOURNING GOODS always in Stock.

N. B.—Fancy Linen and Cotton Shirtings on hand for the Summer Trade, SHIRTS made to MEASURE and GUARANTEED TO FIT. GENTLEMEN will find it to their COMFORT and ADVANTAGE to bear this in mind.

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN.

SUCCESSORS TO

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 12, 871.

PORTER'S BLOCK.

34, SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

In their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good election,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

☞ Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,
NEW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS
Departments

THE SALVAGE GOODS,

Amounting to over $7,500,

SAVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared out at prices which will be sure to command a sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low price goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34 SPARKS STREET

Ottawa, March 30, 1871 162

WANTED TO RENT.

A small COTTAGE, about £30 per annum. Centre Town or Sandy Hill preferred.

Apply to C. E. L, TIMES Office,

FOR SALE.

Twenty-five Cords of good HARDWOOD, and 15 Cords of Seasoned HEMLOCK, for sale at Low Prices, as the owner wants to go to his home in the country. Apply to JOHN TYLER, at the Victoria Hotel, Paul street, Ottawa, June 17, 1871. 1694tf

CITY COUNCIL.

CITY HALL, Ottawa, June 19, 1871.

Present—Aldermen Baldwin, Woodburn, Rowe, Mosgrove, Featherston, Cunningham, McDougall, Kehoe, Martineau, and Lapierre.

1. Moved by Ald. Woodburn, seconded by Ald. Rowe, that Ald Martineau do take the chair—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham presented the application of the Captain of the Ottawa Fire Company, in behalf of said company, for leave to take the Ottawa Fire Engine to Prescott on the first day of July next, to compete there at the trial of Engines.

2. Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Rowe, that the Captain of the Ottawa Fire Company be allowed to take the Ottawa Engine to Prescott, as asked for in the application—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham presented the petition of Duncan Graham, Sandford Fleming and others, for a drain in Chapel street. Referred to the Board of Works.

Ald. Martineau presented the petition of the Sisters of Mercy, for exemption from taxes. Referred to the Assessment Committee. Also the petition of Peter Rogers in reference to assessment. Referred to the Assessment Committee.

Ald. McDougal presented the petition of Jane Mills, respecting taxes. Referred to the Assessment Committee.

His Worship the Chairman presented the notice of the award of the arbitrators in the matter of the Corporation of Ottawa and Mr. Perkins.

4. Moved by Ald Woodburn, seconded by Ald. Rowe, that the Mayor be authorized to take up the award now lying at the office of Messrs. Scott, Ross and Stuart, in the case of Perkins and this Corporation, and that he report at the next meeting of this Council, His Worship being authorized to sign a cheque for $520, covering the amount of the arbitrator's fees; and that he act in the matter under the advice of the Solicitor in the case—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham presented the communication of J. B. Lewis, Esq., City Solicitor, in reference to the arbitration matter between the Corporation and Dr. VanCortlandt.

5. Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Rowe, that the communication of J. B. Lewis, Esq, just read, be received, and that the Chairman of the Board of Works be requested to wait upon the City Solicitor, and give him the necessary information, as requested—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham presented the letter of the City Chamberlain, enclosing a circular from the Auditor of the Province of Ontario in reference to the Consolidated Municipal Loan Fund.

6. Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. McDougal, that the communication of W. Cayley, Esq., and that of the City Chamberlain, be referred to the Finance Committee, to take the necessary action thereon—Carried.

Ald. Mosgrove presented the petition of the Rev. T. B. Jones, respecting taxes. Referred to the Assessment Committee.

Ald. Featherston presented Report No. 12 of the Board of Works.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

The Board of Works respectfully present their twelfth report.

In reference to a new Registry Office for the city of Ottawa, your Board beg to report that they have ascertained that a site for said office can be obtained in the immediate vicinity of the County Registry office. This site is a certain parcel of land belonging to Mrs. Wright, and is situated at the junction of Nicholas Street and the continuation of Albert Street, on the east side of the Canal; it has a frontage on Nicholas Street of ninety-six feet, and on said continuation of Albert Street, of ninety-nine feet. The price asked by the owner is at the rate of fifteen hundred dollars for a lot sixty-six feet by ninety-nine feet, one-fifth to be paid in cash, the balance in four annual instalments, with interest at seven per cent.

In the opinion of your Board this site is eligible, being near all the public law offices, and well isolated from all buildings that might be a source of damage from fire; and the price asked is not more than the value of other similar property in the same locality.

Your Board would, therefore, recommend that the said parcel of land be purchased for said purpose; and that his Worship, the Mayor be authorized to sign, on behalf of your honorable Body, such documents as may be prepared or approved of by the city Solicitor to carry out said recommendation; and that the Finance Committee be requested in their next report to recommend the payment of the first instalment as aforesaid.

All respectfully submitted,
JOHN P. FEATHERSTON, Chairman.
A. BALDWIN.
WM. KEHOE.
Ottawa, June 19th, 1871.

7. Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Baldwin, that the twelfth Report of the Board of Works be received and adopted.—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham presented Report No. 4 of the City Collector, as follows:

April 3rd. Paid City Chamberlain as per Report No. 3	$ 50,104 60
" 24th. " " "	6,266 14
May 15th. " " "	9,736 94
June 12th. " " "	11,802 02
	$ 77,802 02
Cash in hand, say	4,197 98
Collected	$ 80,000 00

To collect yet, say $3,000. 00
Amount not Collected $4,000. 00

THOS. H. KIRBY, City Collector.
Ottawa June 19th 1871.

8. Moved by Ald Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Baldwin, that the Board of Works be instructed to report at next meeting of this Council, on the necessity of building a new Bridge over the Rideau River, near New Edinburgh, in conjunction with the County Council; or, in the event of their refusing to do their part, to report on what steps it would be proper to take to compel them.—Carried.

9. Moved by Ald. Mosgrove, seconded by Ald. Baldwin that whereas this Corporation cannot obtain the services of Mr. McAlpine to report upon the subject of Water Works for this City, the Chairman of the Water Works Committee is hereby authorized and empowered to retain the services of D. M. Green of Troy, in the State of New York, Civil Engineer, to report upon the same in the place and stead of Mr. McAlpine aforesaid.—Carried.

10. Moved by Ald. Rowe, seconded by Ald. Woodburn that the City Clerk be requested to write to Mr. Perry of Montreal, asking whether the cheque covering the expenses of the Montreal firemen to this city in August last, has been received. Carried.

A number of Tenders, for works to be done under the Ward appropriations for 1871, were then opened and read.

11. Moved by Ald. Mosgrove, seconded by Ald. Baldwin, that the tender of Philip Stapleton be accepted for platforms in St. George's and By Wards, and that of Thomas Kehoe for three and four feet platforms in Ottawa Ward. Lost.

12. Moved in amendment by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Mosgrove, that the tender of R. Quinn, for a drain in Wilbrod Street, at 44 cents per foot be accepted, provided he and his securities do sign a contract within three days. Lost.

YEAS.—Baldwin, Rowe, Mosgrove, Featherston.

NAYS.—Woodburn, Cunningham, McDougal, Kehoe, Lapierre, Heney.

The original motion was then put and lost on the following division:

YEAS.—Baldwin, Rowe, Mosgrove.

NAYS.—Woodburn, Featherston, Cunningham, McDougall. Kehoe, Lapierre, Heney.

13. Moved by Ald. Lapierre, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the several tenders just read be received and referred to the Board of Works, with instructions to report thereon at an early date. Carried.

The Council then adjourned.

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XI.

THOLING HIS ASSIZE.

(Continued.)

"Can you tell me where Mrs. Challerson is?"

"I cannot," was the reply; and then the advocate-depute and witness looked at one other defiantly.

At this juncture it occurred to the advocate-depute that perhaps this man might be able to swear to the button and piece of tweed, which were produced accordingly.

"They are like," said Anthony Hardell, "but I trust you do not expect me to identify a bit of horn and a piece of rag;" and he gave the articles back to the person appointed to receive them with an air of contempt.

"Could you swear to anything?" asked the advocate-depute.

"Yes, I could—to the fact that you have been examining me to-day," was the reply.

"Aye, and swear at it too, if he dared." whispered Lord Craigie to Lord Glanlorn, who thereupon fixed his spectacles more rigidly upon his nose, and looked down severely at the witness.

"You have no objection to my examining you, I suppose?" suggested the advocate-depute.

"I have no objection exactly, but the process is not pleasant."

"Would you mind telling me why you will not swear positively to any fact, or answer any question directly?"

"I have answered to the best of my ability, and if by not swearing positively you mean my inability to identify the button which has been just shown me, I again repeat that I cannot and will not swear to anything of the kind."

"Could you swear to the coat if you saw it?"

"I could not. I could swear to a man, but not to his covering—at all events, the covering would require to be a great deal more remarkable than a suit of tweed which I could identify."

There is a game called "magic music," that perhaps some of my readers can recollect having seen and joined in "once upon a time."

The trick of it consists in hiding an article while one of the company is out of the room, and then indicating its whereabouts to him by means of music.

Thus when he is far from the object of his search the player strikes the notes softly and more softly still. As he approaches it she apprises him of the fact in a gradual *crescendo*, rising finally to *forte*, and this is sustained while he hovers around the prize, till, when he detects the place of concealment, she breaks forth into the loudest strains of which the instrument is capable.

It was a somewhat similar game that the advocate-depute and Anthony Hardell played out that day in Dumfries.

Over and over again the barrister came close up to the article hidden away.

He felt confident something lay concealed—he felt sure Anthony knew all about it; he almost laid his hand on it time after time, and yet it eluded his search eventually.

Around and round the secret he manœuvred; he tried to surprise, he tried to force it, he watched it, he barked about it as an eager terrier will at a rat-hole, out of which the animal declines to put its head. He harked back to it—he watched the subterfuges and artifices of his opponent; he tried to increase his knowledge by quick, sharp glances at the prisoner; he puzzled his head—and it was a shrewd one—to find some key to the mystery, and yet he had to let it go, after all; though through the whole of the ordeal Anthony Hardell's face and Anthony Hardell's manner played magic music to his search.

"I am close to it now," thought the advocate-depute, and behold next moment the witness's voice was calm, and his brow clearer—and the strain grew softer and softer, lower and lower.

"I wish I were in your shoes for a minute," sighed Mr. Dunbar, to whose professional sagacity such a failure in scent seemed deplorable. "If he go on this way much longer he will stumble upon the secret, as he stumbled over it about a dozen times already—oh! there—thank God he is tired—and the witness I was not to cross-examine has got down—now we shall see."

And he girded up his loins and listened while the advocate-depute spoke to the evidence, recounted with the precision which made him so admirable an investigator of cases that should be heard, every part telling against the prisoner.

With the most commendable clearness he put the case into form for the jury. He condensed the whole thing into about the length of a short leader in "The Times." He spoke to evidence, and every one in the court felt that the evidence had not been in favor of the accused.

There was sufficient in the case to authorize its being brought before a jury, and that, under the Scotch system, where the Crown, disliking to lose, seldom, ventures risking a trial of any importance, was in itself a significent fact.

"How will it be?" asked one acquaintance of another in the vestibule.

"Puir laddie, I'm afeer'd he'll hae to stretch a rope—Gud sake, sir, what ails ye?" added the speaker, as a man staggering past him leaned up against the wall; "are ye no weel? Luck till him—he's swounded."

Which was true—in as dead a faint as any woman could fall into, Anthony Hardell lay prone. They carried him out into the air, they threw water on him, and they would have taken him to the hotel, but that he negatived their friendly purpose.

"Let me stay," he said feebly, "till I know the best or the worst;" and they gave him a seat by the door, from whence he could see the sun setting, while eager messengers reported from time to time how the case was proceeding.

"Dunbar at it now," said one at length; and speedily the hall was emptied. Every man crept back to hear the great lawyer's speech, of which I would it were in my power to give an exact report.

Even in the vestibule Anthony Hardell heard the tones of his ponderous voice, although the words he spoke were inaudible to his ear. Never till then had the prisoner pitied himself utterly; never till then had he quite felt all the shame and the sorrow and the terror of his position.

Great is the power of eloquence—great was the power of this man's eloquence, which could sway the bench as though it were a reed, and bring tears to women's eyes, and make masculine hearts throb faster than was their wont. He had a bad

case, and he knew it, but his speech like the plot of a novel, no portion of which is foundered and fettered by fact, was perhaps all the better for this. He could give the rein to his imagination freely; he had a clear road for his gallop, and he struck spurs into his steed, and spared not the whip.

He was one of the finest speakers of the day. He possessed that peculiar Scotch humor, which is unlike the humor of any other nation on the face of God's earth. He had special power of fitness in language, that ability of combining opposing words, of resolving discords into harmony, which likewise is specially Scotch. He had a deliberate delivery, which increased in volume as it rolled along, till, like a mighty river, it uprooted all old landmarks, all previously formed opinions in its progress. He had a power of action as beyond description as it was beyond imitation, a power which spared neither king nor kaiser, neither judge nor advocate depute, neither witness nor prisoner.

According to him, the whole case was but a storm in a tea-kettle; the man had been murdered very probably; for his part he (Mr. Dunbar) would not dispute that fact, although it certainly had seemed to be a doubtful point at one portion of the trial; the man had been murdered, and somebody must have murdered him. It was for the jury to say whether, on the very slight evidence with which the crown had favored them, the prisoner was guilty or not guilty; whether he should go free without a stain on his character, or fall another victim to circumstantial evidence, and that of the flimsiest and most impossible nature. To the jury he left the case in the fullest confidence. The jury was composed of Scotchmen, and the prisoner, unhappily for himself was an Englishman.

For once, however, the fact of his nationality might stand him in good stead, for though the Scotch were proverbially hospitable, it was most unlikely they would show their hospitality by trying to keep him with them forever. To Scottish justice, Scottish sense, (Mr. Dunbar) was quite content to leave the question, and he felt it (so he said), confident of an acquittal.

To be Continued.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Carriage Horses for Sale by Auction—J. Bermingham.
Cheese for Sale by Auction—J. Bermingham.
Grand Allied Attractions and Colossal Combination—G. T. Bailey & Co.
Union Bank—D. S. Eastwood.
St. Jean Baptiste Anniversary.
Money Found—O. Latremouille.
County of Ottawa Election.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, JUNE 23, 1871.

The Governor General is expected here in a few days.

The County of Carleton, we understand, will have an opportunity of following other constituencies by returning the same person for the Dominion and Local Houses. It is asserted that John Holmes, Esqr., intends being a candidate for the Local House at the next election, which will probably take place about the end of this year.

His Worship the Mayor, with other members of the Corporation, had an interview with the Minister of Public Works yesterday. They explained that they had adopted Mr. Keefer's plan, for a bridge opposite Wellington street. The bridge is to be 50 feet wide; 30 feet for the carriage way, and 10 feet on each side for the sidewalks. It will be supported by stone abutments and iron pillars. They also represented that they had determined to widen the Sapper's Bridge on the south side in order to give it the same dimensions as the new bridge. The Minister said that he would lay the matter before the Governor in Council, and had no doubt that the right of way, and permission to bridge the canal, would be accorded.

Our Opposition contemporaries never trouble their heads to verify the authenticity of any rumour that may come to them which seems likely to afford the slightest opportunity for making a little capital against the Ministry. The last story is a reported conversation between Governor Archibald and a journeyman printer employed in the office of the *News Letter*. This little fiction was first published in the columns of the *News Letter*, and was at once copied as a matter of fact by the Opposition papers in the West. We have not the slightest doubt, however, that, like other rumors of a similar character which have preceded it, this story will turn out to be untrue. We do not believe that Mr. Archibald would converse with any one in the manner described, in fact, we are sure he would not, nor do we suppose that he would trouble himself to interfere with the management of the *News Letter* during Dr. Schultz's absence, though, from what we have seen and read in that sheet lately, it would have been a friendly act to the Doctor if his Honour had done so.

The position of Mr. Gladstone's Government is evidently becoming very precarious. During the present session they have been compelled to withdraw a number of measures which they had announced as forming part of their settled policy, so that it has already come to be a proverb in London, that Government Bills are like very many conundrums, because they have to be "given up." It is not impossible that out of the present rather anomalous condition of political affairs in England a third great party will arise. It is certain to-day that there is far more sympathy between moderate Conservatives and moderate Liberals than there is between the latter and the red hot Radicals, who sit on the same side of the House. Many men who became followers of Mr. Gladstone from motives of conviction are beginning to find out that they have made a mistake; that they have allied themselves with men who are not so much set upon improving and reforming as they are upon pulling down and destroying old time-honoured institutions. These men and the moderate Conservatives and there are few immoderate Conservatives now-a-days, will find a common basis for their action, and thus we may look for increasing disorganization among Mr. Gladstone's followers, and the formation of a third party strong enough to carry on the Government. This is a consummation devoutly to be hoped for.

THE TRAVELLING COMBINATION.

In spite of the attractions presented, the fact can no longer be disguised, that the Travelling Combination troupe, in which Messrs. McKenzie and Blake are the star performers, and Mr. Rymal, of South Wentworth, the remarkably "low-comedian," has proved an unmitigated failure. The public must have variety now-a-days; they do not care to hear the same old stories repeated which they have heard and read so many times before. Even the eloquence of Mr. McKenzie fails to awaken interest, and Mr. Rymal's broad jokes fall flat and pointless upon the ears of the bored and disappointed crowd.

Abuse of Sir John Macdonald, of the "Patent Combination," the Intercolonial and Grand Trunk Railways, was all very well at first, but the people of Ontario want to hear something beside abuse. When men who profess to be politicians and even aspire to be ranked as statesmen, announce that they will address the public, they are supposed to be prepared to do something besides abuse their political adversaries. They are expected to be able to originate some new thought or idea, to define some line of policy calculated to promote the interests of the country, but the members of the Travelling Combination do not attempt anything of this kind. All they do is to find fault with those whose only crime is, that they hold office to the exclusion of Messrs. Mackenzie and Blake. The "Treaty of Washington" was seized upon with avidity as forming the subject material for a new farce, as the murder of poor Scott did last season, but they bungled it so badly that it resulted in complete failure. In spite all the efforts which have been made to advertise and "puff" them, in spite of "bands of music" and pic-nics, and other attractions, there has been a marked falling off in the attendance, while the reception given to the stars has grown colder and colder.

In fact, the public are beginning to understand that these Grit exhibitions are gross impositions. Instead of discussing the great questions of the day upon their merits, as they pretend that they intend to do, the travelling Combination do little besides rant and vituperate. Following up the same line of comparison which really seems admirably adapted to their case, they stand in very much the same position, so far as the public are concerned, as a band of strolling players would do, who, having promised to perform a good old English drama, favoured the audience in lieu thereof with a negro "break down." At Woodstock, Peterborough, and Tilsonburg, they have induced people to come and listen to the old stereotyped abuse of Sir John Macdonald and his colleagues, under the pretense that they were going to offer some calm sensible remarks relative to those questions which are intimately connected with the present and the future interests of Canada. The public were badly sold. Instead of hearing broad statesmanlike ideas advanced, they heard nothing but the one-sided utterances of a partisan, and under these circumstances, we shall not be surprised to hear that the Travelling Combination have concluded their tour of "star engagements."

THE "INTERNATIONAL."

Yesterday we made some reference to the political society called the "International." From late English papers we obtain a farther insight into its nature, and some particulars respecting its wide-spread influence and ramifications. It is stated that the International Society counts nearly three millions of members, the central committee being in London, with branch committees in New York, Paris, Berlin and other large cities. The Secretary General and fifteen members in London constitute the board of directors. Each branch of the society is divided into sections and sub-sections, and each branch furnishes to the central office in London, weekly, or as frequently as possible,—1, a detailed report on the political and commercial events of the neighbourhood; 2, a statement of additional members; 3, a financial statement; 4, a statement by name of the principal merchants and tradesmen; 5, statement by name of principal proprietors and capitalists; 6, copies of minutes of meetings held.

Many, and indeed most of the trades' unions in England and America, are in fact ramifications of this society. The motives which lead men to join it are as varied as are the inducements it offers to persons of different natures and positions. To the poor half-starved mechanic it holds out the hope of higher wages and greater political and social advantages. In it the politician sees a means to the attainment of certain selfish ends of his own, and straightway bows down and panders to this Hydra headed tyranny, which in his heart he abhors and despises. Mistaken philanthrophists and experimental philosophers hope that by its means they may succeed in elevating mankind, and only discovers their mistake when it is too late, and, as in the case of the Paris Commune, all the leaders of which were members of the International, the progress of the human race has been seriously retarded by the madness of infatuated theorists. Thus good weak men and clever, unscrupulous men are alike attracted by this society, and its numerical strength, therefore, is not to be wondered at. It may be that through its influence more blood may be spilt and more human misery caused; let us, hope, however, now that its dangerous tendencies have been exposed, men will shrink from having any connection with such an organization, and that thus its power for evil may be checked.

THE TRIUMPH IN LEVIS.

The election of Dr. Blanchette in the County of Levis, is something more than a mere party triumph; it is a matter attended with more than ordinary significance. His opponent Mr. Frechette came from Chicago, filled with American ideas—whenever he had an opportunity of addressing the electors, he did not fail to extol the beauties of Republican institutions, and to preach the doctrine of "manifest destiny" with all the energy and unction of the illustrious *Pogram* himself. He had become so thoroughly imbued with American notions, and was so utterly ignorant of the character and opinions of those whom he had the presumption to aspire to represent, that he fell into the error of supposing that these ideas would be acceptable to the electors of Levis. He has found out his mistake, however, and has discovered that a man who avows himself an "Annexationist," or is even suspected of being a lukewarm supporter of British connection, has little chance of winning the confidence of our French Canadian fellow subjects in that part of the Dominion. Mr. Frechette has been fairly and squarely beaten by a majority of 346. The best thing he can do now is to pack up his effects and return to Chicago. There, securely sheltered beneath the wide spread pinions of the American Eagle, he can bewail his defeat at his leisure, and abuse Canada and Canadian institutions to his heart's content. Meanwhile, we congratulate the electors of Levis on the judicious selection they have made, and upon their refusal to have anything to do with one who has certainly no right to a seat in a Canadian legislative assembly.

Mr. Ezra Butler Eddy's address to the electors of the County of Ottawa will appear to-morrow. We give to-day some of the names of the gentlemen composing his committee

IMPORTANT RAILWAY MEETING AT PEMBROKE.

The Canada Central Railway Company have, for some time past, had under consideration the extension of their line westward to Renfrew, Pembroke, and the Upper Ottawa; and a Committee of the Board of Directors, consisting of the President of the Road, the Hon. J. J. C. Abbott, the Hon. A. T. Foster, and Mr. Redhead, was appointed to give that important subject their special attention. Those gentlemen warmly approved of the extension of the line westward, and recommended its construction so soon as the localities intended gave the proposed subsidies to the road. The village of Renfrew and the adjoining Municipalities have agreed to their share of the bonus, and there is every reason to hope that the construction of the line to that point will be undertaken immediately. As the County Council of the County of Renfrew were engaged this week at their June sitings, the Directors of the Canada Central availed themselves of the opportunity to proceed to Pembroke, and discuss the subject of the extension with the Council. They were accompanied by the Mayor of Ottawa, John Rochester, Esq.; C. W. Bangs, and J. O'Connor, Esqs, Aldermen of the city.

On arrival at Pembroke they found the Council were being waited on by a large deputation from Kingston consisting of the members for Frontenac and Kingston, the Warden of the county of Frontenac, Jas. O'Reilly, Esq., and a large number of the leading and influential merchants of Kingston. The object of those gentlemen was to offer the people of Pembroke and the Upper Ottawa, an outlet for their important trade at Kingston. It was urged by them that the lumber traffic could then go south of Kingston and then *via* Cape Vincent or Oswego to Albany and New York, and they were prepared to offer large bonuses in aid of the enterprise. The trade of the Upper Ottawa would thus be diverted from its natural outlet at Ottawa and Montreal, to Kingston, Toronto and New York. The Directors of the C. C. R. on the other hand pressed the Council to join with them in building the line eastward, and connect with the Northern Colonization Road *via* the C. C., and seek the natural outled at Ottawa and Montreal. From the apathy of our friends in Montreal in contructing the Northern Colonization Road, we fear they are allowing the most valuable trade in Canada, to be diverted from their city. The Toronto and Nipissing Road is rapidly penetrating the interior, and now Kingston, that has so long slumbered, is making an earnest effort to tap the trade at Pembroke, now the centre of the great lumber operations of the Ottawa River.

Toronto is fast becoming a great railway centre. Not only the city itself is contributing large subsidies to aid the various lines converging there, but merchants are subscribing their tens of thousands in support of railway enterprises. If Montreal and Ottawa can afford to remain inactive, we fear they will discover when too late that they have lost the Upper Ottawa trade. In our next issue we will give a full report of the meeting and its results.

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

A large lot of New Carpets just received at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks Street.

CHEESE BY AUCTION.—Mr. Bermingham will at his Auction Rooms, York street, on Saturday, at 10 o'clock, twenty fine cheese. Sale without reserve.

Mr. Bermingham will sell outside the Russell House, on Saturday next, at 12 o'clock sharp, a pair of very fine carriage horses and harness. The horses are well bred, in good condition, gentle, and sound in every respect.

Judging from the drawings in Mr. D. O'Connor's office, the new building which that gentleman is about erecting for the Union Bank on the corner of Sussex and Rideau streets will be an ornament to the city. We congratulate Lower Town on having a Bank within its limits.

Remember the auction sale of villa and village lots on the Mackay Estate at two o'clock to-morrow afternoon (Saturday). The villa lots are unsurpassed for beauty of situation, proximity to the city, low taxation, with favourable conditions for building and drainage on a porous and fertile soil suitable for garden and orchard purposes with a sheltered and southern enclosure.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

GENTLEMEN,—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

Great Bargains in Lace Shawls. Prices reduced one-third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks St.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of his preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa. Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills.' Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinlined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London d1509 1y

SABBATH SCHOOL CONVENTION.

THIRD DAY.

MORNING SESSION.

The Convention met at 9.30, the President, Mr. Mutchmor, in the Chair.

The meeting was opened with devotional exercises, after which the Rev. Mr. McKenzie, of Almonte, introduced the subject "how we may secure a deeper religious interest in our Sabbath Schools." The Reverend gentleman went deeply into the subject, and demonstrated by argument and illustration, that general co-operation of parents, pastors and teachers was necessary to secure a deep religious interest in Sabbath Schools, and that it was necessary that all should be imbued with a sincere feeling of love for the Redeemer.

Mr. BRADEN had reason to believe that clergymen did not wish to monopolize all the speaking during the Convention, but so far they had all the talking to themselves. He thought the laity should exert themselves, and enter into a spirit of holy rivalry with the clergymen. He had not been very long connected with Sabbath Schools, but his short experience led him to conclude that to be a properly qualified teacher, it was absolutely necessary that he should himself feel at heart what he uttered from the lips. The heart of the teachers should be filled with an ardent love of God. To secure a deeper religious interest in their Sabbath Schools, it was also necessary that more than ordinary attention be paid to children under the parental roof. The parents should impress their children with the vital importance of a due and requisite attention to religious matters. The Speaker also thought clergymen should assume a more active connection with Sabbath Schools, and not commit the religious training of the youth so exclusively to those who were not educated to so thorough or complete a knowledge of the truth. They should make frequent visits to the families within their respective parishes. If the parents and clergymen were to work earnestly together, the religious interest in Sabbath Schools would be materially enhanced.

Mr. Yule said: Mr. Chairman—In answer to the question "How are we to secure a deeper religious feeling in our schools?"—in the first place, I would say that we teachers should look well to ourselves to see if our hearts are right in the sight of a holy God; to know whether we have known God, or rather, are known of God; to know whether we have dedicated ourselves to God; whether we have indeed been consecrated to our work by the spirit of the living God; to see whether we are like Aaron, who had his flesh washed in water ere he put on his holy garm[illegible] and had written on his forehead HOLINESS TO THE LORD. All of which things [illegible] of spiritual blessings. The blood of Christ to cleanse the inward man; the righteous of Christ to adorn the soul; and the spirit of God which makes holy the heart and the life; and then, like Aaron, who had on his breastplate the names of the twelve tribes of the children of Israel when he went in before the Lord—so ought we to bear on our hearts the children and the grown up persons in our classes when we go to plead in prayer with God for a blessing upon our efforts for their salvation or edification. Looking unto Jesus for the fulfilment of his promise "I will gather the lambs with my arm, carry them in by bosom, and gently lead those that are with young." Having such a promise from Jesus, should we not look for its fulfilment. Hath he not said that out of the mouths of babes and sucklings praise is perfected. And was it not Jesus who, on the day of Penticost, shed forth that which they then saw and heard. Now, if we, like the Apostle Paul, are traveling in birth till Christ be formed in their hearts the hope of glory. May we not hope, should we not believe, that Christ will gently lead in bringing these children to him to be saved by him. And in the second place, we should endeavor to ascertain as far as possible the state of each child's heart in the sight of God. And if it is still unchanged in heart, its regeneration by the spirit of God is what we should pray for and aim at in all our efforts with it. But if we believe that they have been renewed in the spirit of their minds, that they have, indeed, become lambs of Christ's flock, then it will be our duty, as well as our delight, to feed them with the sincere will of the word that they may grow thereby. Let our aim be the regeneration of our scholars by the spirit of the living God. And then let us endeavour, by that wisdom which cometh from above, to feed them with food convenient for them. And let us enforce all our teaching by a holy life and godly conversation, so that we may "secure a deeper religious feeling in our Schools."

Mr. RUSSELL thought that those who undertake to teach Sabbath Schools should be endowed with heavenly grace for the duty. When the blind lead the blind both fall into the ditch. The teacher should be a person translated from the gulf of darkness into the light of God. He had learned a great deal since he came to the Convention, and he had no doubt that its good results would be seen throughout the District.

Mr. RALPH WELLS then delivered an address on the "Teacher's Teaching." He spoke at considerable length, treating the subject in his peculiar style, and illustrating his positions with appropriate selections from his inexhaustible store of touching annecdotes. He rivited the attention of clergy and laity, young and old upon himself, and was listened to throughout with great attention. No doubt the Sabbath School teachers will profit by his address.

Devotional exercises were then engaged in, after which the meeting was dismissed with the benediction by the Rev. Mr. Burns of Perth.

The Chairman had announced in the morning that any person having any difficulty in connection with his or her school might ask a question with respect to the same, which should be written on a piece of paper and put in the "Question Box," and that all the questions would be answered at 4 o'clock. The contents of the Question Box was now produced, and the Rev. Mr. McLaren read the questions one after the other from the slips of paper and answered them in a manner very satisfactory to the audience, and, no doubt, showing how the difficulties might be overcome.

The Rev. Mr. MALLARD was then called upon to open discussion on the subject, "Permanent Organization." The rev. gentleman said that at the first session the meeting decided to call itself a "Convention. If he was correct in the interpretation of the meaning of that word it signified the meeting of a number of people together for some purpose, to be dissolved when the object for which it had been called together was accomplished. After that evening the Convention would be at an end, and, therefore, he failed to see the use of a constitution or of office-bearers. Association would be the proper name. He had had a good deal of experience in Sabbath School work, and he always found that where there was a good sound organization, where everything was systematically performed, the schools were conducted with less labor and with better fruits. He would not include Leeds and Grenville in the Ottawa Valley District, but would go as far north as Pontiac.

The Rev. Mr. McEwen said the question as to the name had been settled. The Secretary's report was adopted at the opening meeting, and it was then decided that the name "Convention" should be inserted in the Constitution. He thought the word Association suggested the idea of too local an organization.

After some further discussion Rev. Mr. Ebbs moved that the question as to the name under which they should be known be reconsidered.—Carried.

It was then moved by the Rev. Mr. Ebbs, and seconded, that the word "Association" be inserted into the Constitution instead of "Convention."—Carried.

The meeting then adjourned until 7:30 p.m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention met at 2:30, the President in the Chair.

The meeting joined in singing the 24th hymn, and the Rev. Mr. Ebbs conducted the remaining devotional exercises.

Topic number seven—"Destitute and Neglected Children, their claims upon us and their ingathering," was then introduced by Rev. D. Bain, who said they had reason for thankfulness that destitute children were not very numerous in Ottawa; but that class of children was multiplying, and, in reality, there was an immense number in this city, because all destitute of religious influences, should be considered as belonging to that class. He would that the class was confined to those children who were wretched in temporal wants, but such, unhappily, was not the case, for the children of the rich were as destitute of religion as those of the poor, therefore, all children alike needed the attention of the Sabbath School teacher, and the benefits of his instructions, and it was the duty of the teachers to do all in their power to bring them to a knowledge of the truth. All children, therefore, had a claim upon them. The life of every individnal belonged to God, and that life should be returned to him. Sabbath Schools tended towards this end by instructing children how to walk in the path indicated by God's will. Some people might pass the poor by, feeling a sympathy for them, but that sympathising spirit was not sufficient. Everything should be done to regenerate them in the fullest sense of the word. He thought that to secure the attendance of children at Sabbath School, the latter should be made atttactive to the youthful mind. Like many mothers who forbid their children admission to the parlour, and confined them to the kitchen or dining-room, people in selecting a place for a Sabbath School paid very little attention to the comfort of the pupils. The Sabbath Schools throughout the country were principally in the basements of churches, or in worse places, which were very gloomy apartments for so ennobling a work. Poor children who attend Sabbath Schools generally come from dark damp cellars, and, therefore, the Sabbath School could very easily be made attractive to them by having it in a cheering and handsome building and locality. That morning he had heard a Brother say that the hymns used in Sabbath Schools were not appropriate, he considered them nonsensical. The hymns got up for Sabbath Schools were generally poetic porridge. The hymns should be interesting and instructive. Every thing used at the schools should be made intensely interesting. The scholars could be very successfully employed he thought, in bringing new pupils to the school. Children will not come to the School of their own accordance, therefore, Teachers and Pastors should employ every means within their reach to induce children to attend school. He would conclude by saying, let us make our schools attractive and do missionary work ourselves, and then our schools will flourish.

The Rev. Mr. Mallard, of Toronto, then exemplified his system of object teaching. The rev. gentlemen had first employed this system in a school of his in England. It occurred to him that he could succeed better in impressing his teachings upon the minds of the pupils by employing appropriate illustrations. He found by experience that the experiment proved a considerable improvement in Sabbath School teaching, and, therefore, he introduced it into his Canadian Sabbath School.

The rev. gentlemen then explained his system. He used a blackboard and a number of paintings. On the blackboard he roughly sketched some object which readily suggested to the mind of the pupil some scriptural passage or truth, and also aided the memory, and made the religious instructions appear less formidable to the children. The rough paintings on paper represented places in the Holy Land and numerous other places mentioned in the Scripture and Ancient Testament.

Addresses on "Destitute and neglected children, their claims upon us, and their ingathering" were resumed.

Rev. Mr. CONNOLLY had listened with pleasure to a former speaker, whose sentiments he thoroughly endorsed. He could not oppose a single point put forth by him. His sympathies were identified with all Sabbath School enterprises, and he would not sever his connection with them for any purpose. With respect to the ingathering of the destitute and neglected he believed that much good had been done by employing scholars to induce children to attend Sabbath Schools. Adults could not understand children as well as children could understand each other. Nevertheless, parents, teachers and clergymen all alike should be indefatigable in their endeavours to secure their regular attendance at the school. They should stoop to the lowest depths to raise souls to the crown of God.

Mr. YULE, of Almonte, said that at a school in that village it was the custom to give tickets, to which considerable importance was attached by the pupils, to all who would bring in new scholars, a certain number of tickets procuring a book. He used to give those tickets to the young, but thought the older pupils should have a higher motive in view in working in that line

The Rev. Mr. McKILLICAN spoke upon the subject, and dwelt upon the wonderful effect upon children of kindness.

Dr. BURNS said that in Montreal they had soveral mission schools which were getting destitute children from haunts of wretchedness and infamy. He then gave several instances of the rewards which attended the work of those missionaries. The fruits of such enterprises were sufficient to encourage them in the work, and every one should make persistent efforts to bring the destitute to school. A lady in New York lost a valuable diamond. Men searched the gutters of the city for it, and when men went to so much unpleasant trouble to recover that jewel, how earnestly and persistently should people not labour to recover a soul from the guttors of sin to form a jewel in the crown of God.

It was then suggested by a gentleman, whose name we did not learn, that some generally observed system should be adapted in the district. There should be a regular organization of missionary labourers to go in search of those destitute children. The missionaries might almost be styled census-takers. Each one should have certain streets or localities appointed, which he should visit as often as possible, and by kind words induce children to attend the Sabbath School, where the needy should be clothed and fed.

Mr. TOPLEY thought the system would work well, but the deserted and neglected children who slept under platforms and sheds should be treated by themselves, for if they were brought into a class amongst a well organized lot of respectable children in a Sabbath School they would be sure to corrupt the good ones. He had had some experience in connection with this kind of work with the news boys of Ottawa, and he had to confess that although they had some success it resulted badly. Neglected schools were another matter required looking after. Some children through sickness or neglect absent themselves from schools, and if vigilance were used by the teachers a more regular attendance could be secured. He did not believe in the system of giving rewards for attendance as in most cases the attendance was secured rather by the reward than the higher motive of a missionary spirit. He would instead of giving clothes procure them means of earning them. There were many children whose spirit of pride would not allow them to accept of such presents. They would not be seen at school with clothes thus obtained on them. These same children would not attend school on account of their inability to dress as well as other pupils im more fortunate circumstances.

SUBSTANCE OF REV. DR BURNS ADDRESS TO THE CHILDREN IN THE MUSIC HALL.

Text—Ps. 119—110, "Thy Word is a Lamp to my Feet."
This Text is in the largest of the Psalms, which lies next but one to the shortest. The one has 176 verses, the other has only 2.
It is about the Bible.
I. What it is!
1. *The Word.*

Byblus was the thin white skin that was wrapped round and round the papyrus which grew on the banks of the river where the bulrush ark was laid. Pressed and smoothed it was used for writing. Hence our *Bible, the Book.* Sir Walter Scott when dying, whispered "Bring me the Book." "What book?" asked Lockhart. "Oh! there's *but one*!" said the great man. Wonderful in the parts composing it—the persons writing it—the periods at which it was written, and the places in which—66 Tracks, bound together, 39 in the Old, 27 in the New, written, some parts in Europe, some in Asia, some in splendid cities liks Babylon, some in lonely islands like Patmus. Written during an interval of over 1,500 years—between Moses and Malachi, 1,000 years; between Malachi and John 405; between Mathew and John, 60. Two Kings, a King's cup-bearer, a Law Giver, a Lawyer, a Judge, a Prime Minister, a Farmer's man, Fishermen, Taxgatherers, Tentmakers had to do with the writing of it.

2. It is *God's*—"Thy Word"

"How wondrous is the Book Divine,
"By *Inspiration* given."

This was illustrated and explained

3. This Word of God is here called a *Lamp*. You have heard of Aladdir and his wonderful lamp. This is far more wonderful. It has been shining a *long long time* It was lit nearly 6,000 years ago. The first promise was the first thread of the wondrous wick, and as each was added, it shone more and more. It shines a *long way* our lamps shine but a few yards; a lighthouse lamp but a few miles, but this Lamp shines all the way from Heaven, and it shines along the whole road that leads to that Happy Land, far, far away! It shows you the "path of life, the path leading to God's presence where there's fullness of joy." This lamp shines in all *sorts of places*. Some lamps go out in certain kinds of air. This lamp can shine in cellars deep and garrets high—amid the sands of Africa and the snows of Labrador, in the wigwam of the Indian, the traal of the Caffre, and the wretched cabins of the Hottentot and Hindoo. This Lamp *never goes out*. I once saw a strange picture in Dr. Guthrie's house at Edinburgh—a lamp on a table—curious looking people under the table puffing and blowing to get the lamp out, and the noble looking men (the Reformers) around the table guarding the sacred flame. It has been exposed to many a gush, but it holds on to burn. "The Word of the Lord endureth for ever."

II. What the *Lamp does*!

1. It *guides*.

I once heard a missionary from India tell of being on a high mountain, Then, when night came on, his feet slipped. He drew himself up and shouted for a light. One hurried from a missionary house on the height with a Lamp. Mr. Heron found himself on the edge of a fearful precipice. But for this Lamp of God "our feet would stumble on the dark mountains."

2. It *guards*.

Reference was made to the Davy Lamp of the miner. This world is a mammoth mine. There's bad air around, and the fire of passion within. How many explosions are the result? The principles, the precepts, the examples, the spirit of this Word protect. "By what means will a young man cleanse his way." *By taking heed thereto* according to thy Word." A verse coming up to the mind will often kill a temptation and send the tempter away.

3. *It comforts in Life*—Scenes of the lions' den, of the Philippi prison, and the wretched hovel of an old disciple were depicted. Why happy thus? The Lamp shone there.

To comfort *in death*—The deaths of a Heathen and a Christian Hindoo were contrasted.

What is your hope? said one to a sufferer who seemed the very picture of human wretchedness. "There," pointing to the Bible under his pillow; "here," pointing to his heart; "yonder!" directing his skeleton finger to the sky.

III. What should *you do with it*?

1. *Have* it in the hands—the *head*—the *heart*. 2. *Hold* it—hold it *fast*.

"Oh, you cannot burn the fifteen chapters I have got in my heart," cried a young girl to a priest who had burned her Bible. Many try to get it away. Take fast hold of instruction; let her not go; keep her, for she is thy life. "We won't give up the Bible."

Hold it *forth*—"Holding forth the Word of Life"—Be lamp buyers. It once cost $5,000. "The Word of the Lord was precious in those days." It now can be got for a few cents. Remember, oh multitude, who set in darkness.

"Shall we whose souls are lighted
By wisdom from on high,
Shall we to men benighted
The Lamp of Life deny.

County of Ottawa Election.

General Election Committee to sit at Hull Village, daily, with power to organize sub-committees in the several different municipalities.

ALONZO WRIGHT, M. P., Chairman
A S WASHBURN, Secretary
J M Currier, M P
Hon John Hamilton
T S McKay, Warden County of Ottawa
Wm McLean, Mayor Aylmer
George Duntin, Mayor Eardly
James Wilson, Mayor Village of Buckingham
William Bonsell, Portland
A Campbell, Locharbour
Thomas Lavell, St Malachi
William Netherden, Derry & Mulgrave
Charles Major, Bonsacour
Barabie Whissell, St Andre Avelin
P G Obrey, Ripon
Hercule Chene, Hardwell
Seth Cates, Wakefield
A Hamilton, Masham
Wm McCumbier, Wright
Philemore Wright, Northfield
Hiram Dunning, Bouchette
T Moore, Hensington and Egan
Allan Gilmore
James McLaren
Andrew Pritchard
McPherson Lemoyne
B Fraser
Kilice Laframbroise
Joshua Ellard
Patrick Farrell
Emile Quesnell
J A Cameron
Thomas Cole
R W Scott
Dr H H Sauvier
J O Archibald, N P, Thurso
Nicholas Chene
Joseph McGoey
James McGoey
John McLaren, Wakefield
James O'Hagan
John McLaren, Templeton
Pierre Andrew, Quesnell
J A Levis
John St Julion
James Wright
Henrie Hillman
M H Palmer
T B Prentiss
J R Flemming
P Aylen
W R Kenney
E W Murray
J H McKay
Camile Papineau
Francois Major
G L Taillefer
C B Wright
P H Church
L R Church
John Foran
Alonzo Wright, M P P
Dr Wright
John Higginson
Edward Tromp
Godfrey Gorreau
Godfrey Vaillon
Theophile Vallion
James McAlister
John Clawson
John Brooks
Capt R Proulx
A Bourgeau
J R Woods
William Patterson
Louis Fournier
James Nault
Richard Mulligan
Joseph Bartrand
Oliver Leferrier
Norman Ried
George Link
Joseph Proulx
W D Leslie
George Johnston
Sexton Washburn
Baptiste Forcier
Barnabie Larpentigner
D C Simon
Dr St Jean
Moise Bison
Ambrose King
Agustus Papin
Moise Trudelle
Henri Demontier
John Matther
Hiram Robinson
Dr McNab
Wm Feely
G Millan
R Chamberlane
Robt Ritchie
Robt Kenney
Richard McConnell
Felice Cuschene
A Quesnell, Ripon
John Collins
R H Clock
James Clock
G Newill
Wm Holgate
T Cooke
R H Haycock
Webb
H McCormack
David Moore
J A B Hannum

Ottawa, June 23, 1871, 1699tf

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurse in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and succes by millions of mothers and children, from the feble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World; in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuie unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine dealers. 25 cents a bottle. Office 215 Fulton street, New York; and 493 Oxford street, London.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the fac-simili of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order. Be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's bronchial Troches.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

MARRIED.

On June 21, 1871, by the Rev. William Freeland, L.L.D., Minister of the Presbyterians of Hull, Aylmer and Eardly, Mr. Richard Kidder to Miss Mary Ernow, of the Township of Eardly, district of Ottawa.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF A—

PAIR OF HANDSOME CARRIAGE HORSES.

The subscriber will sell outside the RUSSELL HOUSE on SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at 12 o'clock, one pair of very fine CARRIAGE HORSES, three-quarters bred and in excellent condition. They stand 16½ hands high, good travellers in saddle or harness, and can be handled by lady or gentleman.

Also a set of very fine DOUBLE HARNESS.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer

Ottawa, June 23, 1871. 1699td

CHEESE BY AUCTION!

20, 20, 20,

Another lot of Twenty Cheeses will be sold by Auction at the City Auction Mart, York street, on SATURDAY, the 24th inst, at 10 o'clock a m

J BERMINGHAM.
Auctioneer

Ottawa, June 23, 1871 1699td

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE.

The subscriber has been instructed by MAJOR DOUGLAS, to offer for sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the UNION HOUSE, on the 1st day of JULY next, at 11 o'clock, a.m.

THE HOMESTEAD OF RIVER VIEW.

The land comprises four and a half acres The House is very commodious, with suitable outbuildings of every description, and a well of good spring water in the back Kitchen. River View is situated on the Richmond Road, two miles and three quarters from the City limits; the property running back from the Richmond Road, to the Canada Central Railway, on which a station is about to be established immediately in the rear of the property.

The House and premises can be seen any day until the time of sale.

J BERMINGHAM
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 19, 1871 1695td

FOUND

A Pocket Book containing a small sum of money. The loser can have it by proving property and paying for advertisements.

O LATREMOUILLE
Dry Goods Merchant,
Sussex Street

Ottawa, June 23, 1871 1699-3

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager.

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

COMING.

G. F. BAILEY & Co's

Great Allied Attractions,

—AND—

COLOSSAL COMBINATION EXHIBITIONS!

Will exhibit in OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, JUN 28 & 29.

The Largest and most Comprehensive

MENAGERIE

On Earth.

A CLASSIC

ITALIAN HIPPODROME,

An Extensive

AVIARY,

And a

First-Class Circus,

All for the SINGLE ADMISSION FEE of FIFTY CENTS.

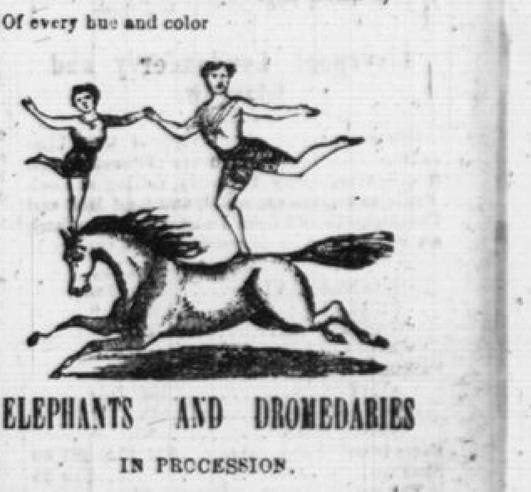
Under Stupendous Pavilions,

Separate and distinct from each other, and each one larger than any Circus Tent ever used.

Extraordinary Collection of

BEAUTIFUL TROPICAL BIRDS,

Of every hue and color



ELEPHANTS AND DROMEDARIES

IN PROCESSION.

Enormous Black Rhinoceros,

Weighing over 4,000 lbs.; the largest and most perfect specimen ever imported.

A TRIO OF

BABY LIONS

With their Royal Dam.

The Imperial Lion

"CHARLEMAYNE,"

Celebrated throughout the continent as the largest and most magnificent specimen of the "King of the Forest" ever exhibited in the Old World, or the New.

Immense WHITE, or POLAR BEAR.

SOUTH AFRICAN BLES-BOC.

A very rare animal, and entirely new to this country.

A large Colony of APES, MONKEYS and BABOONS.

20 GREAT DENS

Well filled with the wonders of the forest, wilderness and jungle For a full description of which see small bills.

QUAGLIANIE,

ITALIAN HIPPODROME AND CIRCUS,

Led by

THE GREAT SEBASTIAN,
THE GREAT SEBASTIAN,
THE GREAT SEBASTIAN,

Whose standing challenge of 10,000 DOLLARS to produce his equal as a Bareback and Hurdle Rider, is open to the world, and has never been accepted.

Mlle. MARIE,

Premiere Equestrienne in her classic and daring specialities.

TEESE & KING,

The challenge Gymnasts and Athletes.

GEO. M. CLARK,

The universal favorite Clown, wit and jester

SIGNOR FARRANTA,

The Boneless Man or Anatomical Paradox.

GEO. DERIOUS,

The great Man Monkey, in his comical act entitled the GORILLA on HORSEBACK.

21 acts in the Ring—All novel and original GORGEOUS and MAGNIFICENT HOLIDAY PAGEANT in the public streets. The most imposing and attractive procession of the period.

All the Exhibitions above Advertised for the Single Admission Fee of FIFTY CENTS.

One Ticket admits to either or all

EXTRA AMUSEMENT

The management have succeeded in effecting a brief engagement with the beautiful Young Funambulist, Mlle. JOSEPHINE DeVERRIER, who will each day, at half-past 12 o'clock, p.m., make an Outside Ascension on a SINGLE WIRE, from the ground to the extreme summit of the Centre Pole. This difficult and daring feat has never been successfully accomplished by any other Lady, and is given as a GRATUITY to the PEOPLE and is FREE TO EVERYBODY.

Ottawa, June 23, 1871 1699 6

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 22.

2 p. m.—Centre Division: Carter, 413; Holton, 384.

MONTREAL, 22nd, 5 p. m.—At the close of the poll Carter, 519; Holton, 518. The day passed off orderly, although the feeling of the friends of the respective Candidates is intense. The Holton party are accused of bribery.

The Eastern division creates no interest. At 4 o'clock voting, with 8,000 voters, was David, 418; Lanctot, 52.

In Hochelaga District the polling is very close.

All as yet has passed off quietly; the Government police are on duty in this district.

There are two thousand available voters in the Centre Division, and about two thirds were polled to-day.

The troops under Colonel Osborne Smith were on duty all day.

The proceedings in the Anglican Synod to-day were of purely local interest. There was a lengthy discussion this afternoon on the disposition and means of augmenting the widows and orphans fund. The synod is drawing to a close.

Councillor McGouvran's saw mills, St. Gabriel's Locks were burned last midnight. The destruction was total, including 100,000 feet of lumber. The loss is about $25,000.

The detectives arrived to day from Quebec with three men suspected of the Gault outrage. Mr. Gault failed to identify them, and they were released.

Retail trade firm.

Weather cool.

WATERTOWN RACES.

WATERTOWN, June 20, 1871.

At the races on Wednesday, Selecta won the $250 purse; Fanny Waite, second; the $223 purse being won by the Spotton colts. At Thursday's races, Draco Chief won the $238 purse; Selecta, second. The Cunning race was won by Raven; Whalebone second; Julia, Dean, third.

The ridi of Williams, of Cobourg, on Raven, was the general theme of admiration.

Midnight Despatches.

PARIS, June 22.—The *Debats* of to-day proposes the election of the Second Chamber by *Conseils Generaux* similar to the late Senate.

The Assembly will continue its sessions during the elections.

The Gambetta left Paris yesterday for the mouth of the Seine.

Mortality is increasing in Paris in consequence of the arrival of large numbers of emigrants from the ceded Provinces. Neither cholera nor typhus fever, however, is prevalent.

The review of 100,000 troops at Long Champs has now been fixed for next Sunday.

It is said that Gambetta refuses to acknowledge the mandate of the Assembly, accompanying his refusal with the declaration that the Assembly ceased to exist when it voted to ratify the treaty of peace.

Subscriptions for the new French loan will be opened on Monday next.

BERLIN, June 22.—A terrible accident to day on the Leipsic line of railway to a train conveying Pomeranian troops from France. Four carriages were thrown from the track, and 2 officers and 20 privates were killed, and one officer and 40 privates injured.

MADRID, June 22.—In the Cortes this evening the Minister of Colonies declared Spain would preserve the integrity of Cuba so long as men and arms were forthcoming. He admitted that there was a ministerial crisis, and added that the Cabinet would resign after the approval by the Cortes of the address to the Crown. All amendments to the address were withdrawn and the discussion proceeded.

FLORENCE, June 22.—The Chambers will be adjourned before the end of the present week.

The idea of holding a short session in Rome has been abandoned.

The Minister of Interior has ordered the dissolution of all the charters of the International Society in Italy.

King Victor Emanuel leaves here on the 29th on a visit.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—Late advices from San Domingo state that Baez is making great military preparations. He has received an invoice of Enfield rifles.

Cabral is also said to be making extensive military arrangements.

The country is much agitated.

The newspapers of Hayti are full of protests, sent to President Saget by different departments of the country, against annexation to the United States, and are determined to maintain the independence of the Republic.

NEW YORK, June 22—The steamship *City of Baltimore*, from Liverpool, has arrived.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., June 22.—A collision occurred yesterday between the freight and passenger train. B. M. Vass, passenger, who was standing on the platform, was killed, his head being cut off, and the body mangled in a horrible manner. The baggage master and brakesman were badly injured.

PARIS, June 22.—The Duke d'Aumale has landed in Calais, and is expected in Paris to-night.

M. Moyne, formerly Minister of Finance under the Empire, stands as a candidate for the Assembly, from the Department of Dordogne.

M. Lissazary, a member of the Commune, who was reported dead, has been arrested.

It is said that Marshal MacMahon has relinquished his intention to resign the command of the army.

The Minister of Finance is returning to Paris, and will take up quarters at Louvre.

The candidates for the Assembly from the department of the north are, Gen. Faidherbe and M. Lister, Republicans; and M. Denfer-Rouchel and Duport, Legitimatists.

The rumour that M. LaFrance has gone to England is false.

LONDON, June 22.—In the House of Commons to-night, the Bill authorizing the construction of the horse railroad in London, was rejected.

Several Government measures were withdrawn in consequence of the approaching Prorogation of Parliament.

Mr. Lowe, Chancellor of the Exchequer, stated that it was impossible to discontinue the pension of £4000, granted to the descendants of William Penn, in consequence of the American Revolution.

The present recipient of the pension is one William Stewart.

Mr. Lowe added in reply to the question that he would cause an investigation as to the possibility of commuting the pension into government three per cent. annuities.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 22.—The natives of Alsace and Lorraine resident in California unite in a protest against the cession proposed to Germany, and are determined to remain French.

The Steamer *Moses Taylor*, Webb's line, from Honolulu, arrived this morning with 106 passengers, mostly from Australia and New Zealand, bound East. The detention of the steamer was caused by the bursting of a flue when 80 miles off San Francisco on May 24th, outward bound, by which accident Thomas Harrison, engineer, Nicholas Pendergast, A Mooney, fireman, Paul Nicholson, and William Young, coal passers, Oliver Hayes, watch tender, was killed. A survey was had when it was decided to keep the vessel on her course, and she made the remainder of the trip using only one boiler. The dead were buried at sea.

The New Zealand mining news is favorable.

Volunteering is active throughout the colonies.

Thomas' Merchants Exchange will send to the San Francisco Mechanics' Fair a pyramid made from the gold of the various mines of New Zealand.

CHICAGO, June 22.—A special despatch from South Bend to-day says that Vice President Colfax is rapidly recovering his health, with the prospect of soon being as well as ever.

WILKESBORO, PA., June 22.—Some forty miners were temporarily imprisoned in the earth yesterday by the caving in of the slope of the Empire mine several miles from that place. All were rescued, and are expected to recover from the effects of the foul air inhaled during their confinement.

Yesterday's Despatches.

LONDON, June 22.—The *Post* says there is an understanding between the Governments of Germany, Austria and Prussia for the preservation of peace in Europe.

The Count of Paris will leave England land for Paris on Friday, and will subsequently, in company with the Duke D'Aumale and Prince de Joinville, pay a visit to the Count de Chambord.

COLUMBUS, O., June 21.—The Republican State Convention to-day nominated Gen. Edward F. Noyes, of Cincinnati, for Governor, and Hon. Jacob Mueller, of Cayuga, for Lieut.-Governor.

NEW YORK, June 21.—The steamships *Atlantic*, from Liverpool, and *Anglia*, from Glasgow, have arrived.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 21.—A sharp earthquake shock occurred here this morning.

A negro named Graham, on examination at Portland, Frego, to-day, charged by one Ward with seducing his daughter, while standing on the witness stand giving his testimony, was shot dead by Ward.

A man named Walters, who had been sentenced to be hanged on the 10th inst., and the Sheriff not executing the sentence, was taken out of jail by the mob and hanged.

DESMOINES, IOWA, June 21.—At the Republican State Convention to-day C. C. Carpenter was nominated for Governor.

CHICAGO, June 21.—During the tornado in Scranton, Iowa, on Sunday, the residence of Samuel Huntington was blown ten rods and demolished. Huntington was instantly killed, and his son and daughter severely injured.

NEW YORK, June 22.—A special despatch from Dayton says Mrs. Vallandingham is still unconscious. The physicians, who are in constant attendance, are reticent as to her recovery.

COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

SECOND DAY—TUESDAY.

At the opening of the Court this morning the Chief Justice stated that on the evidence impeaching the qualification of the petitioner, Cleveland, he would reserve it for the judgment of the Court, on the point of alien birth. As to the question of property he had not made up his mind upon it, and would reserve this also, but at present was disposed to think he had an Estate in the wifes moiety.

Mr. Cameron submitted that if the Estate of the wife in the moiety valued at $300, remained after the assessment, would he not take that estate as to a moiety in his own right, and be left in the same position?

The petitioners then proceeded to call witnesses to prove the birth place of Cleveland.

C. I. Lightall knew the petitioner and his father, William Cleveland, the latter died a few years ago; has heard William Cleveland state at the time of McCann's election, when petitioner's vote was objected to as an alien, that he was born at Slab City, in the eastern townships.

John H. Cleveland, one of the petitioners, sworn.—Has recollection of where he was residing in the year 1812; he was then about four years old; he then resided at Slab City, or Colwells' Manor, near Frelighsburgh, in the County of Missisquoi; with his fallen went thence to Malone where he resided until 1814, and was a clerk in Canada at Dundee afterwards for over two years and returned to the States, married in 1833 and then soon after moved into Canada, resided there three or four years and went back to the States, where he resided for 8 or 9 years, and then came back to Canada where he has resided the last 24 years. My parents said I was born at Colwell's manor, in the house of a man named Cook, and remember the house and ashery my father kept there. I made an assignment in Insolvency in 1867 and got my discharge in 1868. Have resided on the property for which I am assessed ten years this June and never accounted for the rents and profits to the assignee.

Cross examined by Mr. Cameron.

Never gave in the property to the assignee, and had a recollection of residing at Colwell Manor.

Mr. Cameron said he would now waive the objection of alienage reserving the other objection.

Court. Then go on with the other case.

Mr. Cameron then called Cleveland the petitioner, who was sworn I was assessor of the Township of West Hakesbury for 1870. The assessment roll for that year was produced and proved by him and his attention was called to the entry of the name of James McKenzie the other petitioner and the alteration made to his assessment and asked why and when that alteration was made. He answered he at the first assessed Mr. McKenzie for the whole of the property as sole owner, but Mr. McKenzie came to him and said he wished to have his son's name inserted in it with him to give him a vote and accordingly he inserted the name of the son, Duncan McKenzie. Could not now say how long after he had made out the assessment Roll this was done, but of course after I had made it out as it originally stood and think it was before the revision. I dont recollect the exact time. *There are others entered in the Roll in the same way.* Mr. McKenzie said nothing to me of his son having an interest in the property. I never heard that his son had any interest in the property until now.

Did not know it was my duty not to put any one down on the assessment Roll who had no interest in the land to entitle them to be put there, and though I knew he had no interest, I put him there as his father asked me. I put his name down to give him a vote. The father and son live together on the property. The alteration so made was not by authority of the Court of Revision or by any other authority.

James Stewart McKenzie called and sworn—Is the other petitioner; am in possession of the lot for which I appear in the Assessment Roll as joint owner in freehold with my son; I have made no arrangement to sell it to my son, but I have said to my son that if he continued to live with me he might have it at a future time; he knew of my putting him on the Assessment Roll after I had done so; I did it because it was *customary* with other parties there to do so; he is now working the place along with me; I made no agreement or arrangement to sell the property to him.

Mr. Cameron said as this evidence established the right of one of the petitioners he would withdraw his objection to their qualification, and there would be no necessity for any reservation by the Court on the other points, and after some discussion as to the mode of proceeding it was agreed to take up the charges in regular order.

The Court then called on the petitioners to go on, but they were not ready with their witnesses. The petitioners and their counsel then withdrew for consultation, and after a delay of some time came into Court, and said they would take up No. 9 on the list. This was the case of Hilaire Quesnel, alleged to have been bribed by the respondents, William Allison and Hon. John Hamilton. All these parties were ordered out of Court.

William Allison was called and sworn—Is Reeve of East Hawkesbury; know Quesnel, of St. Eugene; he is a tavern keeper; he voted for Hamilton; was at his house during the election several times, in consequence of successions of voters from the voter's list, the Township Clerk living at St. Eugene, and I put up my horse at Quesnel's; was there half a dozen times about it, and, on one occasion, with Mr. George W. Hamilton, that was about the day after the nomination, in the afternoon, about two p. m.; saw Quesnel on that day, did not introduce Mr. Hamilton to him, but Mr. William Higginson, who was there, did; heard no particular conversation about the election; was not with them all the time, and can't say that Mr. Hamilton and Quesnel were at any time alone together; the room was full of people; saw Mr. Sicotte, Mr. N. Burwash, Mr. McKay, Mr. J. P. Wells, Mr. Frechette and others there; was absent about an hour, and then returned, and staid till they left, and left with them about sundown; never gave any money to Quesnel, nor to any other person, in connection with the election, nor am I aware of any being given, except what I paid Quesnel for my meals and for my horse, nor since the election; did not promise any and I know of no arrangement for him to get money; never heard Mr. Hamilton say he had given Quesnel money; dont know of any being sent to Quesnel, either before or since the election; Mr. Hamilton had a local Committee in East Hawkesbury, was one of them; S. Labrosse, Dr. Mongenais, M. Kirley, and Thomas Ross were on it, Quesnel was not to my knowledge; there was no meeting of the Committee on that occasion at Quesnel's; Labrosse and Mongenais were present, but they both reside in the village and are merchants; saw no money paid to Quesnel there or any other occasion in relation to the election, nor any check or note of hand given to Quesnel or his wife, or any one for him.

Cross-examined by Mr. Cameron; when I spoke of Mr. Hamilton having an election Committee in East Hawkesbury, I mean none was appointed by Mr. Hamilton himself, but a number of his supporters met at l'Orignal before the nomination, and appointed a Committee to further his election; Mr. Hamilton was not there; they signed a requisition to him, and after he accepted it, the local Committees were named from among themselves; signed the requisition myself, so did others; but can't say that all at first meeting signed it; Mr. Hamilton was not, that I am aware of, present at any meeting either of the local or general Committee; nor was I after they named their chairman.

Geo. W. Hamilton, Esq., called—Was one of the candidates nominated at the last election, and was elected for this County. Became a candidate about a week before the nomination. After that I was at Quesnels once only; never met him on business connected with the election more than that once; think it was three or four days before or after the nomination; I was there on my canvassing tour; several persons were there on that day, varying at times from a dozen to thirty or forty; should think most of them were electors of the locality; Mr. Allison was there I other members of the committee may have been there, but don't know who were on the committee for that Township; don't think Quesnel was on it; have seen a printed list of the committee; Mr. Dartnell was the chairman of it; I addressed the electors on that occasion, and so did Mr. Snotte, my brother-in-law; he and Mr. Allison went with me to the meeting; the Hon. John Hamilton was not there; the meeting lasted about three quarters of an hour, and I left immediately after, I think for Hawkesbury Village; it was then probably four o'clock; don't think we held any meeting on that evening, or that any arrangement was made for one; received no formal reports from any committee, nor gave any instructions to them; I only heard from casual voters what was going on; I did not pay one halfpenny to Quesnal on that day; I went into the place and spoke; there was no arrangement with me to be there, but got there on my canvass calling at houses on the way; I called at Mr. Allison's for one to get him to come with me, and introduce me to the electors; we went to Quesnel's house; no idea who paid Quesnel nor how much on that or any occasion; gave no money to Mr. Allison for him; I never paid any money directly or indirectly to any one for the purposes of this election; say positively, no; never gave any check with the idea of money being paid to Quesnel or to any one for him; heard W. Higginson conducted financial matters, but can't say who told me; he is in employ of of Hamilton Brothers; I never paid him any money in relation to the election, either before it, during or since; I know of no moneys being ever paid to any one for it, nor any charged to me; I have paid no one a penny in relation to it; and I know of no money paid by any one in relation to the election; never heard that Quesnel received any money or security for money on my account from any one, or any promise of it.

[*To be continued.*]

☞ After war pestilence and intemperance—colds lead to the greatest destruction of human life, mainly, because it considered by many to be of no consequence and hence systematically neglected untill a simple, curable disease, is converted into a fatal pulmonary one. Everyone troubled with what is called a slight cold or cough, should immediately use Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—they allay irritation at once, and exert a most beneficial influence on all the Bronchial and Pulmonary organs Sold by all Druggists and Country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box.

THE ST. JEAN BAPTISTE ANNIVERSARY.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC SOIREE

— AT THE —

FRENCH CANADIAN INSTITUTE

MONDAY, 26th JUNE, 1871.

1. The College Band, under the direction of Rev. Brother Ballard.
2. "Les Charpentiers" Choir, under the Direction of Rev. Father Chabotel...Adam
3. "Le lever de l'Aurore, Duet.....Nelson

MADAME GELINAS AND MISS L. DRAPEAU.

MONSIEUR SANS-GENE.

VAUDEVILLE IN ONE ACT

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

Mr. Sans-Gene..... A. Olivier
" Dumon, Sans-Gene's friend..H. Archambault
" Pindhomme, Dumon's friend..L. Barcelo
Croquet, Dumon's faithful servant...L. Olivier
Latreille, Dumon's servant.....A. Philion
Guests—Messrs. Alp. Philion, P. Boulet and E. Asselin.

4. Air from "La Muette de Portici"....Auber
MISS PLACIDIE GRISON.
5. Romance from "Martha"..... Flotow
MR. ED. KIMBER.
6. The College Band.

SPEECHES.

7. Air from "La Favoritì"..... Donizetti
MISS J. AUMOND.
8. "Michel et Christine" A lay....L. Puget
MR. E. BLAIN DE ST. AUBIN.
9. "Richard en Palestine," Duet.....Adam
MISS R. LEPROHON and MR. ED. KIMBER
10. The College Band.

LES DEUX AVEUGLES.

MUSICAL EXTRAVAGANSA, by OFFENBACH.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

Patachon..... J. Lefebvre
Giraffier..... A. Friem

11. Romance from "La Muette de Portici" [Auber
MISS R. LEPROHON.
12 The song of "Bijou," from Fansh. Gouvod
MADAME GELINAS.
13. Trio de "Don Sebastien".....Donizetti
MISS R. LEPROHON, MISS J. AUMOND and MR. E. KIMBER.
14. Choir and Solo from "Cholet".....Adam
Under the Direction of Rev. Father Chabotel.
15 God Save the Queen.
Solo and Choir.

N.B.—No Pieces will be repeated.

Admission—Reserved Seats.....40 cents
Unreserved Seats.....25 "

Doors open at half-past seven; the Soiree to commence at 8 precisely.

The Directors.
AUG. LAPERRIERE,
LE CHEV. G. SMITH,

Ottawa, June 22, 1871 1699 2

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

GREAT AUCTION SALE of City Lots, Village Lots in New Edinburg, and Villa Lots, on the Mackay Estate, within five to fifteen minutes walk of the Street Railway.

The MACKAY Estate will offer for Sale by Public Auction, at the office New Edinburgh, on SATURDAY, the 24th day of JUNE, Instant, at Two o'clock in the afternoon,

Fifteen Villa Lots upon Rideau Terrace, and other roads near the residence of His Excellency the Governor General, and Twenty-two Lots, in the Village of New Edinburgh, some of which front upon the grounds of Rideau Hall Domain.

Also a neat Dwelling House, with seven rooms and good shed, near the Rideau River; and the following Lots in the City of Ottawa: East half Lot No. 10, south Cathcart street, with Dwelling—Ordnance; Lot No. 14, north Cathcart street; Lot No. 16, north Cathcart street; Lots Nos. 21 and 22, south Boteler street.

The Villa Lots and Dwelling House, are in Gloucester, a Township in which the Taxes are very moderate.

TERMS.—One third cash, balance on mortgage at 7 per cent, for a term of 3 to 5 years, at purchasers option. Conditions made known at day of sale. Plans and descriptions of the property can be seen at the office of the Estate, next the Post Office in New Edinburgh.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

New Edinburgh, June 12, 1871 1692 9

OTTAWA COUNTY ELECTION

To EZRA [illegible], Esquire:

SIR,—We the Undersigned Electors of the County of Ottawa hereby request you to allow yourself to be nominated as a fit and proper person to represent us in the Local Legislature of Quebec.

We hereby, upon your accepting such nomination, pledge ourselves to give you our hearty and earnest support at the coming election contest.

John Hamilton	Gilmour & Co
Alonzo Wright	F Major
F Samuel McKay, Warden	James MacLaren
	Wm McLean
John H Mackay	John A Cameron
J A Cameron, Jr	Geo J Marston
Joshua Ellard	R H Conroy
P Aylen	Joseph Day
W R Kenny	H Hillman
G C Courdard	A S C Papineau
J B Trudel	S Washburne
Charles Delude	J Mather
John McLaren	Richd McConnell
Ambrose King	John McLaurin
W McClymont	C B Wright
Albert Quesnel	B D'Arpentigny
P Wright	J W Campbell
John Delisle	Robt Kenny
Patrick Farrell	W W Kenny
A Holland	Dr. S Wright
W Marston	Seth Cates
James Dyke	J R Fleming
Augustus Papin, Jr	A Leamy
McPherson Lemoyne	Dr F McNab
Wm Abbott	Christopher Brigham.
Edmund W Murray	

REPLY.

To JOHN HAMILTON, ALONZO WRIGHT, GILMOUR & Co., F. S. MACKAY, and others:

GENTLEMEN,—I accept your invitation. You know my character, and I rely on your exertions.

Your obedient servant,
E. B. EDDY.

OTTAWA, June 21, 1871. 1698tf

12th JULY, 1871.

ORANGE CELEBRATION.

An EXCURSION TRAIN will run from CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION, Ottawa, to Brockville, calling at all Way Stations on 12th prox, returning same day.

Fare from Ottawa, 75cts.

Due notice of time of departure and arrival will be published.

H. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

— AT —

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Shirts,
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

The Court of Directors hereby give notice that a half-yearly dividend, at the rate of six per cent per annum, on the Capital of the Bank, will be payable on the 5th day of JULY, 1871, to the Proprietors of Shares registered in the Colonies, and that a further sum of Fifteen Shillings Sterling per Share, taken from the profits of the year 1870, will be paid to the Proprietors at the same time.

Both payments will be made at the rate of exchange current on the 5th day of JULY, 1871, to be fixed by the Local Boards.

No Transfer can be made between the 24th inst., and the 5th prox., as the Books must be closed during that period.

By order of the Court,

R. W. BRADFORD,
Secretary.

No. 124 Bishopgate st., within,
London, 6th June, 1871. 1697d

STRAWBERRIES.

G. LORENZ,

OYSTER

—AND—

FRUIT DEALER,

No. 27 [illegible] STREET.

58 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Is now receiving

400 QUARTS

CHOICE STRAWBERRIES

(DAILY),

And will supply

Hotels,

Private Families,

Confectioners,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

☞ Goods delivered to any part of the city.

G. LORENZ.

Ottawa, June 14, 1871

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY,

FOR SUNDAY USE.

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

16lbs per day for the season..		$5 00
20lbs " "	..	9 00
10lbs "	month	1 50
20lbs " "	"	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N. B.—Ice supplied [illegible] ton or cwt.

Ottawa April [illegible] 1871

TO

Horse Breeders.

AT the request of a number of gentlemen who have FINE MARES to Breed from,

Mr. Cotton

has placed

"YOUNG LAPIDIST"

AT THE

Veterinary

Stable of Mr. A. O. F. Coleman,

RIDEAU STREET,

To Serve a Limited Number of Mares (say 30) for the Season.

"LAPIDIST" is 8 years old this spring, and is considered by judges, to be the most valuable horse to breed from, in this section of the country.

His Pedigree can be seen at Mr. COLEMAN'S Office, or with his Groom, DAVID WHYTE.

Ottawa, May 10, 1871.

RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1604

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the desease and give almost instant relief.

The TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy, by a test of many years, each year finds them in low localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than any other articles.

OBTAIN only BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, and do not take any of the Worthless Imitations that may be offered.

"TROCHES," SO-CALLED SOLD BY THE OUNCE, are a poor immitation and nothing like Brown's Bronchial Troches, which are sold only in boxes with fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

Outside wrapper of box, and private government stamp attached to each box.

FRESH SALMON.

(From the Moisie River,)

RECEIVED DAILY BY EXPRESS, AT

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET, Ottawa.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE.

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green;
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,

Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 RIDEAU STREET.

☞ OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you. 1634 3m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—
J. DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Port Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

CHIPPAWA DISTILLERY.

The produce of the above celebrated Distillery:

HIGHWINES,
ALCOHOL,
RYE,
PROOF,
MALT,

For sale in Bond or free, at lowest Distillery quotations.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Block,
Montreal.

Ottawa, June 11, 1871

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway,

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH:

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3.45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.43 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6 40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa June 1st, 1871

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, 1871 trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1.30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 4.30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2.00 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5.40 p.m., and at Sand Point, 6.20 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1.34 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 8.30 p.m., and 6.20 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 8.10 p.m., 10.00 p.m., 6.15 p.m. 1.30 p.m.

Leave Sand Point

At 8.35 a.m., 11.30 a.m., 3.00 a.m., 2.00 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a.m., after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk. Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, June 6, 1871

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 78259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1675tf

WANTED

A Girl about 16 years of age, as servant on a small family. Apply at THE TIMES Office

Ottawa, May 29, 18 781

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

Iron Side-Wheel Steamship 'Secret,' CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P.E.I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE, Manager.
HERRICK & CROMBIE, Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871 2670tf

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

UNION FORWARDING —AND— RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*	.....Captain	Findlay.
" *Emerald*	"	Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*	"	Murphy.
" *Alliance*	"	Blondin.
" *Oregon*	"	Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*	"	
" *Jason Gould*	"	Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*	"	Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*	"	Duggan.
" *Pontiac*	"	D. Mulligan
" *Keppawa*	"	B J Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Captaine.

Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning —Leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 o'clock, p.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2 30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA, CAPT. BOWIE,

PRINCE OF WALES, CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY," CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.
April 25, 1871.

JUST RECEIVED. —AT—

HAUSER'S

RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,

That splendid new Magazine,

THE WEDDING BELLS.
—ALSO—
BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL
FOR MARCH AND APRIL.
Ottawa, April 19, 1871

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.
P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

NO MORE BUGS!

WROUGHT IRON BEDSTEADS,

Just Received Direct from ENGLAND.

Another lot of these celebrated BEDSTEADS handsomely painted and ornamented, and cheaper than any Bedstead sold in this city, there is no danger of breaking off the legs, as there always is with the ordinary ones sold, which are made of Cast Iron. Ask for the

ENGLISH WROUGHT IRON

BEDSTEADS.

Also to arrive this week,

CHILDRENS COTS!!!

Same make as the above, at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA.

TH MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, June 14, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,

OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR.

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOOING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy'
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy Ports,
Domecqs and GreekShe,
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.

Bass', Guinnes's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.

Liberal terms.

Inspection invited.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.
Ottawa, May 16, 1871

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

In Templeton	100	acres.
In Eardley	9,500	"
In Hull,	1,500	"
Total,	11,100	

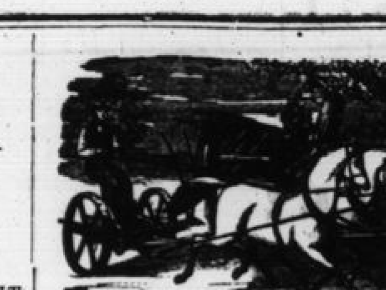
Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa.
N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf



SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD,

Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER

—AND—

SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871.

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT, TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined,

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.
June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanised Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deal Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c., &c. &c. Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Sinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, No 18, 1870

SELLING

OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES

OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
WINE MERCHANT,
Elgin Street,

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

A few good Fowls for sale.

J. HERBERT,
N on-st., West
near Richmond Road, Ottawa.
April 26, 1871

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M	CLOSE. P.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. P.M.
... ...	12 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	....	4.20
. ...	12.45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	....	4.20
....	....	9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	....	6.00
....	....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	....	6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	....	4.20
10.15	12.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	....	4.20
....	10.15	....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	....	4.20
10.15	....	....	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	....	....	4.20
9.20	2.00	1.10	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	....	3.00
9 20	....	....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	....	....	3 00
10.30	....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	......
7 00	....	....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by stage	....	....	7.00
6.15	....	....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	....	....	7 00
10.00	....	.....	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	....	....
6.00	....	....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	....	....	6.00
11.50	....	....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	....	....

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via close every Monday at 8 P.M.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.

A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 7, 1871

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot. Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa

The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,

The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Now last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Business.

Claims Paid for Assurances	£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid.	2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of	6,570,000.00
Annual Income	1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions* of *Policies.*

The *Non-Forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW, Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal
J. & W. T. Penneck, Agents, Ottawa.
March 13, 1871 168a

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion.

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz.; the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim.

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in its large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now, I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH.
Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1663tf

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

1871. ICE! — 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, of $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G, Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street;
Ottawa, May 1649d

Medical

MESS GABRIELS CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD PREPARED ONLY BY MESS GABRIEL DENTISTS LUDGATE HILL, LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	"SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.
MESSRS GABRIEL'S	ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

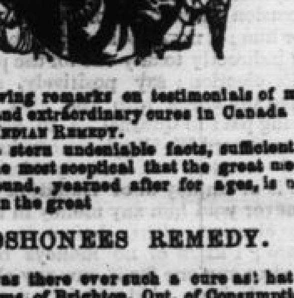
Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,
May 11871

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hosey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY:

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public —it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it. Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 3rd June, 1871.

Authorised discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.
Ottawa, June 3, 1871

Legal

J. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law, Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c., for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.

W McKAY WRIGHT. 12 F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 4sutf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARGALL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 566tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fetherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into is practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA.

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,

Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

HOUGHTON, Proprietor,

(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

H. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 140t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,
November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD M. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts A nts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accurately prepared, Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1595 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.

Montreal, March 871 2 3m

W. POSTA & COMPANY

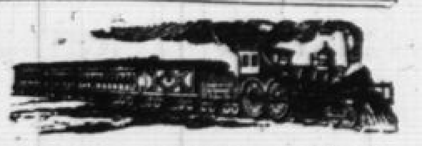
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed

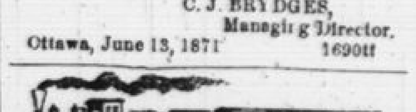
Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at	11.00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8 30 a m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz.:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST, OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.
Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.
May 31, 1871. 1680tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer

No. 67 Sussex-st.

OTTAWA

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1068tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,

(Late Alex. Christie.)

Druggists,

40, Sparks-st

Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET.

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel.

Strict attention to business.

Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.

J. A. GEMMILL,
Solicitor &c.
Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.
Ottawa, Feb. 21, '87 159

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 35 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1700. OTTAWA, SATURDAY JUNE 24, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.
Possession given 20th May.
Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.
Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET.

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block)
Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.
Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY
For particulars, apply to
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 16 Rideau street.
Ottawa, Feb, 16, 1871

TO LET.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land attached, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road.
Also the Shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.
For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Ottawa, Feb. 592tf

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. SUMMER SERVICE. 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.	
SCANDINAVIAN	10th June.
PERUVIAN	13th "
CASPIAN	17th "
MORAVIAN	24th "

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

AUSTRIAN	1st July.
PRUSSIAN	8th "
NESTORIAN	15th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin....$77 25 to $87 00
Steerage.... $29 25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line are intended to be despatched from Quebec, on or about the following dates:

Glasgow Line.	
CORINTHIAN	8th June.
OTTAWA	15th "
ST. DAVID	22nd "
ST. ANDREW	29th "
ST. PATRICK	6th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin....$67 25
Intermediate....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.... 28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.
For further particulars apply to
D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,

Have Received
EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M ROSE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871.

TO CATTLE BREEDERS.

BULL—The "Marquis of Belmont" will stand for Cows at the Waterford Farm, Township of Gloucester, this season, at Four Dollars each.
WM. GRAHAM.

CANADA SHORT HORN STOCK REGISTER.

Certificate of Registered Pedigree of Two Years Old Bull,

No. 514 THE MARQUIS OF BELMONT,

Red and White, calved January 16, 1866, Bred by Mr. JOHN ASHWORTH, Belmont, Ottawa, the property of WILLIAM GRAHAM, Esq., of Gloucester, got by Sweetmeat (868), (20024), dam, souvenir of Thordale by 3rd Grand Duke (12961), g. dam, Dalpine (imp.), by Harold (10299), gr. g. dam, Limpid, by Viceoyr (7678), &c., &c. See Herd Book.
HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec. Board of Ag.
Board of Agricultural Office,
Toronto, Jan'y 6, 1870 1692tf

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can recover it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.
ANN JANE HAMILTON.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871. 1633tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,

The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises

STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.

And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.
Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*
McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1865 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street,

Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OF BROCKVILLE,

Who will continue the Business in the same premises and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, June 2, 1871.

In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.
T. R. SHEFFIELD,
Ottawa, June 2, 1871. 1631 2m.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will suit those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.
The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.
From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves
Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:
Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

CLOTHING HALL!

New Store.

J. M. COULDEN

Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at

No. 100 Sussex Street,

NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,

A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.
Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.
Do not Forget the Place
No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.
Ottawa, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,

Next Door to F. McDougall & Co

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colour Ticks, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,
To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from any other firm in the city.
There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.
The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.
COME ONE! COME ALL!!
—TO—
N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.
Ottawa, April 28, 1871 1652 3m

ALBION HOTEL,

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal
1685 3m

DRY GOODS

—AT—

RETAIL.

SUMMER FASHIONS

SHOWING THIS DAY,

—AT—

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,
Beautiful Bonnets
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets
Splendid Lace Shawls.

Also in immense Variety,

Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques,
Horrockses, Millar & Co, Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
King's best Window Holands,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c.,

SPECIAL LINES.

Linen Percale's and Lawns, for Seaside Wear.
Walking Stick Parachutes
" " " "
Paragon Frame Parasols and Umbrellas,
Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makes.
Coventry Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and Mantle Trimmings, in great variety.

EXTRAORDINARY.

43 Patterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their, sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst,
Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

FRESH! FRESH! FRESH!

SALMON.

The first of the Season just received, at
MOSES LAPOINTE'S,
Fish Dealer,
Lower Town Market.
N. B.—All kinds of Lake, River, and Sea Fish, always on hand.
Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685 1

HATS HATS, HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

DOMINION HOUSE,

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House,
Late Grand River Hotel.
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1685 6m

McGill University, Montreal,

SESSION 1871-72.

THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—
FACULTY OF ARTS.....September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE....October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW.....October 3rd.
The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.
The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.
In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered
First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Second Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.
The Calendar containing details of all the above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.
W. C. BAYNES,
Secretary.
May 31, 1871 1689 1awk 2m

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

OTTAWA,

Tuesday, 13th June, 1871.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and for the reasons given in his Report of the 8th June instant, His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Red River, in the Province of Manitoba, from the point of its intersection with the Boundary Line between the United States and the said Province of Manitoba (Canada) to its junction with Lake Winnipeg, shall be and the same is hereby declared to be comprised within the limits of the Port of Winnipeg under the following conditions and restrictions, that is to say:—
All Steamers, Vessels and boats of any kind on entering the said Province of Manitoba, on the Red River, shall be, and they are hereby required to report at the Out Port of North Pembina, and to comply with all existing requirements of the law, but, on payment of duty at that out port on goods destined for any place between that out port and the Port of Winnipeg, they be permitted, on the warrant of the Sub-Collector, to land and discharge such goods, or the luggage of such passengers as may desire to disembark, before reaching the said Port of Winnipeg.
That in like manner, after payment of duties at the Port of Winnipeg, the same privilege be granted them as at the said Out Port—to land and discharge goods under the restrictions aforesaid at any place on the Red River above or below Winnipeg—and all steamers plying within the limits and observing the conditions aforesaid, shall be considered and treated as trading within the limits of the said Port of Winnipeg.
W. H. LEE,
1695 3 Clerk Privy Council.

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL.

The most beautiful site in the neighbourhood of the Capital, and the most pleasant and convenient place about Ottawa, for Picnics, &c.
A large covered Platform, raised eight feet from the ground, and capable of accommodating 4,000 persons, is admirably suited for Dancing, for Dramatic Soirees, and such like entertainments.
The Refreshments and Liquors to be had on the grounds are of the best quality.
Pleasure parties could not find a more comfortable and pleasant place to enjoy themselves.
At night the Gardens are well illuminated. Once properly known they will be regarded as indispensable during the summer season. There will be a Dancing School in the Gardens every THURSDAY night, except when occupied by a Picnic.
Hull, June 7, 1871 1685 2m

G. A. SHELDON,

HATTER AND FURRIER,

Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive

HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT

In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.
G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.
A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1665 3m

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.
Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Root Oresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweepholes Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.
Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c, &c
Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.
G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

THE METROPOLITAN

Building and Savings Society

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.
Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Ottawa 13th December, 1870. 1540t1J71

DROWNED.

Drowned at the Chaudiere, on SATURDAY last, AUGUSTINE CHARON. Any information which may lead to the recovery of the body, will be thankfully received by his father, at Mr. BRONSON'S Office, Chaudiere. The Boy was 11 years of age, had on grey stoffe pants, a grey vest, and a chequered white and red shirt.
Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

WANTED.

For a DAIRY FARM near the City, a MAN to drive a MILK WAGGON, and take general charge of Cows. Also a WOMAM, who understands the management of a DAIRY.
A married Man and Wife, without family, preferred. Liberal wages will be given to competent and reliable parties. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged.
Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

NEW CARPETS.

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Invite attention to the arrival of

NEW CARPETS.

to assort their STOCK, reduced by HEAVY SALES in this department.

The above have been selected with due regard to prevailing styles, permanency of color, and are GOOD VALUE, at prices marked.

They have onhand a large assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

In a great variety of fabrics, MUSLINS AND PRINTS in LATEST STYLES, and cheap

Great Bargains in

LACE SHAWLS.

From $1.50 to $40 Each,

Prices *Reduced One-Third*,

A special line of SILK JACKETS selling at *greatly Reduced Prices.*

A full assortment of MOURNING GOODS always in Stock.

N. B.—Fancy Linen and Cotton Shirtings on hand for the Summer Trade, SHIRTS made to MEASURE and GUARANTEED to FIT. GENTLEMEN will find it to their COMFORT and ADVANTAGE to bear this in mind.

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN

SUCCESSORS TO

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,

No. 20 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 12, 871.

PORTER'S BLOCK.

34, SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

In their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good election,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,
NEW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS
Departments.

THE SALVAGE GOODS,

Amounting to Over $7,500,

SAVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared out at prices which will be sure to command sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low prices goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34 SPARKS STREET

Ottawa, March 30, 1871 162

WANTED TO RENT.

A small COTTAGE, about £30 per annum. Centre Town or Sandy Hill preferred.
Apply to C. E. L, TIMES Office,

FOR SALE.

Twenty-five Cords of good HARDWOOD, and 15 Cords of Seasoned HEMLOCK, for Sale at Low Prices, as the owner wants to move his home in the country. Apply to JOHN TIER, at the Victoria Hotel, Paul street, Ottawa, June 11, 1871 1694tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS,

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewe energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause, Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 21s. and 40s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantil, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Zaphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Barrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,

Ottawa, 1st June, 1871.

GENERAL REGULATION

POST CARDS.

Under the authority of the Post Office Act 1867, Canada Post Cards bearing an impression stamp of one cent, and issued for sale to the public by this Department at one cent each, shall be, and shall be deemed to be, mailable matter within the meaning of the said Act, and shall pass as such throughout the Dominion without further charge for delivery from any post office or way office, subject to the following conditions:

1. The front or stamped side of the card is to be used for the address only, there must be nothing else either written or printed upon it.

2. On the other or reverse side, any communication, whether of the nature of a letter or otherwise, may be written or printed. Nothing whatever may be attached to the card, nor may it be folded, cut, or otherwise altered.

3. There must be no words, marks or designs, written, printed, or otherwise placed on the cards of an obscene, indecent, immoral, libellous or grossly offensive character.

No 4, Post Cards can be posted as second time.

A. CAMPBELL,
1695 3 Postmaster General.

UNSURVEYED LANDS OF MANITOBA.

Extract of an Order in Counsil, dated 26th May, 1871.

Whereas the Public Survey of Manitoba cannot be effected in time to facilitate settlement on the lands by the numerous parties, now in, and those about emigrating to that Province, and it is deemed expedient temporarily to countenance settlements being made in advance of such Survey.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

1. That parties found upon the lands at the time of Survey, having settled upon and improved the same in good faith as settlers under the land regulations, will be protected in the enjoyment thereof, whether the same be pre-emption or homestead right, provided they respectively enter for such right with the Land Officer, and otherwise carry out the provisions of the said regulations in that behalf, within three months after the Survey shall have been made.

2. That on settling on the lands parties will require to bear in mind the systems of Survey adopted, by which the lines run due East and West and North and South, and the 160 acres or quarter section is an exact square of half a mile each way, under which system alone pre-emption or homestead rights based upon settlement previous to survey will be recognized.

J. C. AIKINS,
Secretary of State.
Department of the Secretary of State of Canada.
Ottawa, May 31st, 1871

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XI.

THOLING HIS ASSIZE.

(Continued.)

After him came the judge.

Every point in the prisoner's favor was rehearsed; every sentence repeated which could bear on his innocence; "but," added Lord Glanlorn—

"Confound him!" thought Mr. Dunbar; "there he goes again!" while the advocate-depute adjusted his wig and pulled up his gown, and smiled to himself at the sound of that ominous conjunction.

Word upon word, line upon line, the judge piled up against the prisoner. He showed how every presumption in the case went to support the idea of his guilt. They had the evidence of two witnesses to the fact of a button being missing from the prisoner's coat. There was no reason to doubt the truthfulness of Euphemia Stewart's testimony, and she distinctly swore that not merely a button was gone, but also that a piece of cloth had gone with it. The jury would bear in mind that no such rent had been discovered in any coat worn by the prisoner, but he would not have them place too much importance on this circumstance, since the question involved really was, had the prisoner three suits of tweed or only two? He had ample time and opportunity for disposing of one suit between the hour of his leaving New Abbey and that of his arrival at Kirkcudbright. He had a lonely shore; the darkness of night; the absence of any company all in his favor. One circumstance, however, that looked like innocence, must not be overlooked, namely, that he had not changed his original route but went straight forward to Kirkcudbright as though no murder had been committed. On the other hand, the jury would bear in mind they had not in this case to deal with a criminal of the ordinary type, but with a highly educated and clever man, possessed evidently of a mind capable of weighing consequences and calculating possibilities; and this consideration, also, should have considerable weight with them in deciding the exact amount of credence which they ought to attach to the evidence of the witness Anthony Hardell.

He (the judge) did not consider that witness had given his evidence in a satisfactory manner. He was evidently biased by his friendship for the accused. He was laboring under considerable excitement and had fenced off important questions with more cleverness than straightforwardness.

If the jury believed the bulk of the evidence which had been that day given, they could scarcely fail to arrive at the conclusion that the prisoner had first betrayed the confidence of a man who trusted too much to his honor, and then murdered that man. Whether the blow was dealt in passion, or in cold blood; whether it terminated a quarrel or were given treacherously, was not the matter for them to consider. The real question for them to decide was whether Kenneth Challerson was murdered, and, if so, whether the panel were his murderer. And Lord Glanlorn looked as though he thought the jury ought to deliver their verdict without leaving the box.

The jury, however, apparently arrived at a different conclusion, for after a while whispering among themselves, and putting together of heads, they retired to consult.

Then came a time, when, like Agag, the prisoner said to himself, "Surely the bitterness of death is past." He knew it had all gone against him; already he seemed to be like one clean forgotten, one for whom the world's pleasures and prizes were but as the memory of a dream.

What he might have done—O God! what he might have done, but for this awful misfortune. He saw himself a successful preacher, a happy husband, the father of children, a respected and useful member of society; that was the might-have-been of his life; and this was the reality.

A felon's dock in a far country, with the evening shadows stealing down—not a friendly face near him, and fifteen men in an adjoining room deciding whether or not he should hang by the neck till he was dead.

He sat in the dock, with his hands clasped and his head bowed—his eyes were so misty with tears that he could not see the scene distinctly, but he had a confused memory afterwards of observing the judges leave the bench, and perceiving the counsel break up into knots and talking with the sheriffs and such of the spectators as had seats assigned to them in the boxes near the bench.

He knew they were speaking about him. Well—well, let the future bring what it might, he thought vaguely, it could never bring an hour of such intense misery—such utter loneliness at that. He was an interesting speculation to those people, nothing more. He felt very bitter against them—all—unjustly bitter, for there were many there who, even believing him guilty, pitied him exceedingly.

After a minute or two his own advocate came over to speak to him—told him not to despair yet—to keep for a little while longer. Then he too went away, and the darkness deepened. Candles were brought into court—dips that guttered down and made long wicks—and soon after the judges returned and resumed their seats, and the jury trooped back into their places, and there was a great silence for a moment.

Instinctively the prisoner rose to meet his doom. The faces of the jury looked, in the fitful light, pale, and stern, and just—inexorably just. You might have heard a pin drop in court when, in answer to the judge's question, the foreman said:

"We find a verdict of NOT PROVEN."

Of what happened after that, Andrew Hardell had no clear recollection. He remembered that the judge said something to him, but of what nature he never could tell. He knew that one of the men who had sat guarding him, allowed him to pass out on the side farthest from the trap-door through which he had ascended from the subterranean passage. He felt the cold air blowing on his forehead, and he saw a way cleared for him by the people, who closed up again and followed him into the street.

There was only one man to wish him joy.

"Thank the Lord!" said a voice in his ear; and turning he saw the face of the waiter from the 'King's Arm's.'

"Take me to some place where I can be quiet," Andrew petitioned; "where nobody will know me; and thus entreated the man, under cover of the darkness, led him hurriedly along Buccleugh Street and down the steps into the lane below where not a soul was stirring.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

GENTLEMEN,—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

Great Bargains in Lace Shawls. Prices reduced one-third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks St.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks,—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinlined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London.
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PAPER HANGINGS.

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Farm for Sale—Jas. Severight.
To Contractors—John Carling.
Ottawa Rifles' Amateur Dramatic Club.
Sealed Tenders—F. Braun.
Auction Sale of Household Furniture, a Fine Toned Piano, &c.—A. Rowe.
Horses for Sale by Auction—J. Bermingham.
Sealed Tenders—F. Braun.
To the Independent Electors of the County of Ottawa—Ezra Butler Eddy.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1871.

Tenders were opened yesterday for works at Portage du Fort, the Mountain, and the Chats.

We take pleasure in announcing that the enterprising proprieter of the *Canadian Illustrated News* has secured the right to publish Miss Braddon's new story, entitled "Hugh Damer's Last Leger."

We have received a synopsis of the award in the Perkins arbitration case, which we shall publish on Monday. There are several points connected therewith which will be read with the utmost surprise by our fellow citizens.

Mr. Eddy's address to the electors of the county of Ottawa will be found in another column. It is the straightforward business-like address of a practical business man, who understands what the interests of the county require.

The correspondent of the N. Y. *World* says: "The camp at Niagara has been a successful affair; the men have acquitted themselves admirably, and the officers—genial, whole-souled fellows—have performed their duties remarkably well. The camp breaks up next week, and the five thousand men gathered here will return to their homes all the better in every way for their two weeks' drill.

THE PARTY OF PROGRESS.

We notice that some of our Opposition contemporaries are troubling themselves very unnecessarily, in order to determine what name is most applicable to those who, instead of uniting themselves with a factious Opposition, are determined to support the present Government so long as their policy appears to promote the welfare of the country. In treating of this subject these journals attempt to be facetious, they suggest that we should call ourselves the "No Partyites," and other names equally absurd and inappropriate. As the old party lines certainly appear to have lost all their significance, as the terms "Conservative" and "Reformer" no longer possess the meaning which they once did, more especially since the Grits have, with characteristic impudence, appropriated the latter name to themselves, it is, perhaps, necessary that those who do not believe in opposition for the sake of opposition or in the maintenance of old party lines when the questions which created them are forever dead, should decide upon some name by which to distinguish themselves from the *olla podrida* of Grits, Brownites, Rouges, Independents, Annexationists and political nondescripts, who are united together, not by any great principle, but by their common hatred of the Government and a desire for office and power. And inasmuch as the Grits and their allies have not attempted to define what ought to be the nature of our policy in the future, as they have not, so far as we can judge, even tried to rise above mere party and personal questions, as they have persisted in constantly recurring to the politics of the past instead of manifesting any interest in those of the present day, as their chief weapon is Misrepresentation, and Ignorance the talisman by which they hope to mislead the public, let them be known as the Retrogressionists; while those, on the other hand, who take an interest in live questions, who are not bound down by narrow personal and party jealousies, and who are disposed to judge the Government by their acts and by the results of their policy, may with propriety be banded together under the name of the "PARTY OF PROGRESS."

We agree with a Toronto contemporary in thinking that the days of no partyism are ended. During the four years which has elapsed since Confederation was inaugurated, although no great questions have arisen upon which statesmen could differ, there has been time and opportunity enough to determine what is the nature of the political position which certain men are likely to occupy in the future. The Dominion and Local Governments entered upon their career fully impressed with the importance of ignoring the old sectional cries, and forgetting the old party fights which had been fought with so much violence and energy. They saw that there was work enough to be done in the Future without troubling about the affairs of the Past. No one can deny that they have adhered to this wise resolution; and the fact that the people of Canada approve of such a course, that they have more faith in those who devote their time and energies to developing the resources and promoting the interests of the country than they have in men whose political faith consists in hating their political opponents, is just now being strikingly exemplified in the Province of Quebec. There we find Mr. Chauveau's Government sustained by an increased majority, for the simple reason that they have been faithful to the trust confided to their charge, have displayed commendable energy, and have done their work as Ministers in a straight forward business-like way.

We have no doubt, in spite of all the *rhodomontade* of the Opposition press, that although Mr. Sandfield Macdonald's majority may not be as large as that which Mr. Chauveau has the good fortune to have at his command, if he only persists in the course which he has thus far followed, he will find himself sustained at the next session of the Ontario Legislature, in spite of all the efforts which the Retrogressionists may make. There will be more than one or two men of independent thought, who, like the member elect for South Norfolk will be "ready to support good measures," no matter by whom they are introduced. Let the Ontario Government only pursue a sound progressive policy, and they will command the support of a majority. For it fortunately happens that the people of this country are an educated and thoughtful set, and few among them will long be content to be the political bondsmen of Mr. MacKenzie, Mr. Blake, and the Toronto *Globe*. If this were not the case, if the attempt to renew the old partylines had been successful and the old strife of section and of sect had been revived, the future of Canada would have been gloomy and dark indeed. Fortunately, however, the intelligence of the people has proved more than a match for the retrogressionists, and is likely to prove so in the future.

Let the minds of our Opposition contemporaries then be set at rest at once. Let them know the name of the party with whom they have made up their minds to fight. Let them know that our watchword is "Progress," and that whatever tends to the advancement of Canada will have our support. Our creed is "measures not men;" the issue to be decided is not as to the respective personal merits of Sir John Macdonald and the Hon. George Brown, but of the policy of which they are the exponents. Under the guidance of the former, Confederation has been made a success, and has been pressed on with greater rapidity than we dared to hope for, while the country at large has attained to a pitch of prosperity such as has never been attained in Canada before. To him, therefore, we may with confidence look as the leader of the Progressive party. Mr. Brown, on the other hand, who proved himself a Governmental impossibility, and who, by his resignation in December, 1865, and his subsequent course, proved that he was ready to risk the success of Confederation and the future welfare of the country in order to gratify his own imperious temper, is eminently qualified to stand at the head of the Retrogressionists.

THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

The Opposition organ intimates that it would have been better to have had the question of the Canadian Fisheries submitted to the consideration of an International Commission hereafter to be appointed in consultation with the Government of the Dominion, than to allow the Parliament and people of Canada to decide whether or not American fishermen shall be permitted to fish in our waters for ten years on the terms proposed. Would the people of Canada have been disposed to have allowed an International Commission to decide as to what disposition should be made of their fisheries without being allowed a voice in the matter? We imagine not, and cannot, therefore, see how the High Commission can be blamed for not adopting such a course. It is the merest nonsense to be constantly talking about the "surrender of our fisheries and of our sovereign rights," as the Opposition papers are doing. To them it appears to be a perfect treat to try and impress the country with the belief that Canada has been sacrificed, and Great Britain humiliated. How can the admission of American fishermen to our waters for a term of years, on certain terms, be called a surrender of the fisheries? No one has proposed that they should be surrendered to the Americans. It is simply a question of terms. A bargain is proposed, to which we are at liberty to agree or not, as we think proper, and the attempt for party purposes to create a different impression is disgraceful to those by whom it is made. Instead of considering the subject in a fair and impartial manner, instead of approaching it like patriots, nothing but partizanship of the most narrow-minded description is displayed, and *exparte* statements are made with the full intention and sole purpose of preventing the public from forming an intelligent opinion.

The leading organ of the Opposition, according to its wont, is threatening Sir John Macdonald with all kinds of terrible things if he does not explain this or that or do this thing or the other. We have no doubt that when the Premier thinks proper to make any explanations, whether on the floor of the House or wherever it may be, they will prove thoroughly satisfactory to the public, and anything but agreeable to the Opposition. The *Globe* need not trouble itself about Sir John or his position. As that journal knows to its sorrow, he has generally managed to take care of himself and to enjoy a larger share of popular confidence than any other public man. What the press and people of Canada have to discuss just now are the terms proposed by the Treaty of Washington. As it stands at present the Government have declared their disapproval of them, and most of the Opposition organs have done the same, though one or two of the most prominent ones have declared that "it is a very rational and honourable settlement of all differences." Nothing has been "sacrificed," no trust has been "betrayed," and Opposition journals that assert the contrary are wilfully misleading their readers.

ELECTION NOTES.

In Chambly Dr. Larocque is elected, defeating Mr. Benoit.

In Yamaska, Dr. Gill is elected, which is a Ministerial gain.

Mr. Le Cavallier (Min.) had a majority of 80 in Jacques Cartier on the first day.

FASHION NOTES.

Gas de Gambrai, a very diaphanous fabric, is extensively sold for summer evening dress. It is to be worn over *glace* silk.

The ladies have introduced a new way of carrying a parasol or sun umbrella when not in use, and that is to fasten it to the side like a sword—which, if they wear a high hat and feather and high-heeled boots, gives them a decidedly military appearance.

The 'Warrior' scarf is the latest thing in neck gear adapted for the use of young men who wear diamond pins in their shirt front.

Lillies of the valley are much worn now for boutonnieres. We wonder who on earth originates all these little changes in gentlemen's fashions?

'Frigettes' is, we believe the proper word for the ridiculous little locks of hair that ladies will persist in brushing over their foreheads.

Carpets are scarcely used at all now in country cottages. Inlaid wood floors are the rage, their lack of bright color being compensated by a superfluity of gorgeous rugs.

A gorgeous garment which will be popular on watering place piazzas is the Oriental jacket, scarlet, and black velvet, sleeveless, and embroidered in gold and silver.

THE LATE PANIC IN WALL STREET.

From our New York exchanges we obtain particulars of the late tremendous panic in Wall Street, caused by the doings of a certain well known banker named Woodward.

It appears that on Monday last Rock Island ranged from 113 to 115. On Monday evening about twenty brokers received their orders from Mr. Woodward to buy up Rock Island Stock for him. On Tuesday they commenced operations. They rushed around the room like maniacs. Every one of them had a piece of telegraph paper crumpled up in his left hand, and swung a book and pencil wildly about in his right. The consequences of the move were soon apparent. By two and three, and five and ten, the indicator for Rock Island rose amid the tumult until the quotation stood 130½. It was a perfect pandemonium. If all the wild animals in the country had been turned into the Stock Exchange they could not have raised a more demoniacal uproar. Mr. William Fanshawe, one of the firm of Fanshawe & McDougall, a young man well liked on the street, burst a blood vessel and is now dying. But what did that matter amid the excitement? The uproar went on, and when darkness fell over the street the first act in Mr. Woodward's play was enacted to the satisfaction of the author, and the brokers he had employed had purchased for him 220,000 shares of Rock Island stock, or actually 50,000 more shares than there were in existence. Mr. Woodward then, it is said, sold $50,000 in "puts," and went away satisfied.

THE COLLAPSE.

Yesterday morning came the tug of war. Woodward was not around. He was not in the street, and the brokers whom he had employed were frantic. Why wasn't he there? Because, it is said, he struggled to obtain the money wherewith to take the shares purchased for him, but could not get the requisite funds. No one would advance the money to him. How fared it with his brokers? Those who had sold them the stock came for the money, and did not get it. The brokers said they bought for Woodward, and he had not seen them in regard to paying them for the stock. But then the Stock Exchange and its rules stepped in and said to the brokers: "Gentlemen, you were all buying for one man. You need not shift the blame on him, for we don't recognize a third party. You alone are responsible to the seller, and if you don't pay up we will sell out the stock under the rule." There was a nice situation. The brokers did some tall rushing around to scrape up money to pay for the stock they had purchased on Woodward's account, but they could not get any. But in the meantime the stock was falling fearfully. From 130 it went to 110, and so at the middle of the day the brokers collapsed and suspended.

SELECTED TO DIE.

A Paris correspondent says:

A column of prisoners halted in the avenue Uhrich, and was drawn up four or five deep on the footway facing the road. General the Marquis de Gallifet and his staff, who had preceeded us there, dismounted, and commenced an inspection from the left of the line, and near where I was. Having seen my Belgian friend speak to the General, I was quite free from the alarm which subsequent proceedings might have otherwise justly occasioned. Walking down slowly, and eyeing the ranks as if at an inspection, the General stopped here and there, tapping a man on the shoulder, or beckoning him out of the ranks. In most cases, without further parley, the individual thus selected was marched to the centre of the road, where a supplementary column was thus soon formed. Could there have been any doubt in the mind of a looker-on of the object of this selection, it must have been dispelled by the conduct and countenance of the selected. They evidently knew too well that their last hour was come, and it was fearfully interesting to see their different demeanors. One already wounded, his shirt soaked with blood, sat down in the road and howled with anguish, calling on God and his mother alternately in the most pitiable terms; others wept in silence; two soldiers, presumed deserters, pale but collected, appealed to all the other prisoners as to whether they had ever seen them among their ranks; some smiled defiantly, and others staggered out with a filmy glaze on their eyes and a leaden colored countenance, as if death had already seized them. It was an awful thing to see one man thus picking out a batch of his fellow creatures to be put to a violent death in a few minutes without further trial. No doubt most of them had richly deserved their fate, but it was equally evident that there was considerable room for error. Over 100 being thus chosen, a firing party told off, and the column resumed its march, leaving them behind. In a few minutes afterwards a dropping fire in our rear commenced, and continued for over a quarter of an hour. It was the execution of these summarily convicted wretches, and before we reached La Muette the firing party had rejoined us.

ONE OF THE MOST NOTABLE PROPERTIES OF DR. WHEELER'S ELIXIR OF PHOSPHATES AND CALISAYA is its sustaining power during active mental and physical exertion. Business men, Editors, Clergymen, Lawyers, Physicians, and all classes engaged in any occupation requiring great application and consequent fatigue, will find this remedy invaluable, as it will enable them to accomplish their work with comparative ease. Any one trying a bottle will find this statement fully sustained. Phosphate of Lime is an active agent of nutrition, constituting more than fifty per cent. of the system; Phosphoric Acid, a powerful Nerve Tonic; Phosphate of Iron, a blood maker; and Calisaya, an agreeable supporting stimulant. The combination of these remedies forms a Nutritive Tonic or Chemical Food, and nourishes and vitalizes the constitution in the same manner as an article of diet. Sold by all druggists,

EVANS MERCER & CO.,
Wholesale Agent.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

The TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than any other articles.

OBTAIN only BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless Immitations that may be offered.

"TROCHES," SO-CALLED SOLD BY THE OUNCE, are a poor immitation and nothing like Brown's Bronchial Troches, which are sold only in boxes with fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

Outside wrapper of box, and private government stamp attached to each box.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurse in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World; in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuie unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine dealers. 25 cents a bottle. Office 215 Fulton street, New York; and 493 Oxford street, London.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the fac-simili of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order Be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's bronchial Troches.

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, 4 p.m., June 23.

Carter, 764; Holton, 762.

This close run causes great excitement. All orderly. The Holton men are straining every nerve.

5 p.m.

At the close of the poll it is thought Holton's majority will be about 7.

5 p.m.

Close of the poll. Centre Division—Centre Ward, Carter 253, Holton, 184; St. John Ward, Carter 164, Holton 176; St. Paul Ward, Carter 188, Holton 170; East Ward, Carter 184, Holton, 266. Majority for Holton 7.

Mr. Carter received the announcement of the poll in a graceful speech to his friends.

A contested election seat is likely to result on the ground of alleged bribery by Holton's friends.

LATER.

Sir George Cartier was received on his arrival to-day with military honours by the brigade on duty during the elections at the door of the military school. Sir George, after inspecting the brigade in company with the Deputy Adjutant General and Col. Osborne Smith, congratulated Captain Muir, Major Dawker, and Captain Crawford upon the efficient and soldierly appearance of their respective commands. The Minister of Militia shortly afterwards left the Military School.

The session of the Anglican Synod just closed is deemed as a whole an unimportant one.

A telegram at 6 p.m. says that Bellingham has been returned for Argenteuil by a large majority, and that Bernard only retired this afternoon.

In Yamaska Gill, Ministerialist, had a majority on the first day's polling of 175.

In Champlain F. X. Trudel is elected by a majority of 33.

In Hochelaga Beaubien is elected over Dorion by a substantial majority. Four hundred votes in this county are alleged to have been omitted from the voters' list.

To-morrow is the Canadian festival of St. Jean Baptiste. There will be no celebration in consequence of troubles in France and in the Roman Catholic Church.

Local news is unimportant.

There was never so orderly an election before in Montreal.

The flour market is without any change although a fair amount of business is doing.

Weather cool.

There are many tourists in the city.

CHAMBLY.

CHAMBLY, 4 p.m., June 23.

The first day of the votation for Chambly County gives 154 of a majority for Dr. Laroque.

Mr. Benoit has resigned.

ARGENTEUIL.

ARGENTEUIL, 4 p.m., June 23.

The majority returned last night for Mr. Bellingham, 128.

Mr. Bernard resigned this morning.

WATERTOWN RACES.

WATERTOWN, June 23.

The "Raven," ridden by Mr. Williams, won the hurdle race; "Citadel," second; "Notary Public," third. It was a splendid race, and immense excitement. The track was crowded with spectators. The open trotting purse was won by "Myron Perry." This closes the meeting.

Midnight Despatches.

PARIS, June 23.—Fifteen thousand troops have been sent to Fontainbleau, where two court martials are to be convened.

The corps of General Douay will be sent to Lyons soon.

The *Verite* says the Courts will commence their sittings on Wednesday next.

Pietrie, formerly Prefect of Police and Secretary to the Emperor Napoleon, is expected to return to Paris.

Thiers has presented to each of the regiments of the army a copy of his history of the revolution and of the Empire.

The *Gaulois* announces that the election for the Counsels Generaux will be held on the 16th of July.

A Free Trade League has been established at Versailles with Leon Say as President and M. Flatand Secretary. The League objects to the modification of any of the commercial treaties with other powers without the assent of the assembly.

The French loan will be issued at 82f 50c payable in seventeen installments. Subscriptions to it will be received on and after the 26th inst.

MADRID, June 23.—The Cortes will finally vote an address to the Crown to-morrow, after which the Ministry will be arranged.

PARIS, June 23.—The report that Count de Paris has arrived at Versailles is unfounded.

There is great apathy in Paris in regard to the elections.

The Marquis de Gabria, French Charge d'Affairs at Berlin, has arrived at the German capital.

The *Officiel Journal* publishes a decree recalling to their posts all furloughed treasurers and collectors to receive subscriptions to the loan.

The official journal also publishes immense lists of the amounts received by the French Consuls and Ambassadors in foreign countries in aid of the victims of the war.

Marshal MacMahon has issued an order abrogating the former regulations permitting the sale of inflammables. By the new order, retailers are forbidden to keep on hand, at a time, over 200 litres of such material. All persons who disobey this mandate will be tried by Court Martial. Manufacturers and dealers are also required to submit to the restrictions upon the fabrications and sale of those articles.

The French mail service for India and China will be re-established in July, leaving Marseilles once a fortnight on Sunday.

FLORENCE, June 23.—The Chamber of Deputies has approved of the bill for the reorganization of the army, and is now engaged in the discussion of the measure of the public safety.

BRUSSELS, June 23.—A letter from the Burgo master of Brussels congratulates the civic guards on the patience and energy which they have exhibited, and their readiness to act during the recent disturbances.

LONDON, June 23—In the House of Commons to-day, two fruitless attacks were made on the royal privileges. One was a proposition to build a much needed public road through the grounds, and by way of Buckingham Palace. The other was a proposal to sell unoccupied palaces, such as the St. James' and Hampton Courts, and apply the proceeds to the reduction of the public debts. Both were rejected.

Mr. Gladstone and the Whig members were conspicuous in their devotion to the Crown and their antagonism to the measures proposed.

It is rumoured that Prince Arthur is to be made Duke of Ulster, and that the Government intends before the Prorogation of Parliament to introduce a bill for the purchase of the royal seat in Ireland.

The cable between Hong Kong and Shanghai is repaired and communication is again established.

KINGSTON, JAM., June 23.—The laying of the cable is progressing favourably and already it has reached Guadalope and Dominica Islands.

BRUSSELS, June 23.—Baron d'Authen informed the Chamber to-day, that as far as is known of the Communists under arrest in Paris, 165 are subjects of Belgium, he said the Belgian Government had not asked for their release, or did it intend it, but it expected and would see that they had impartial trials.

VERSAILLES, June 22.—In the Assembly to-day the Minister of Interior stated that it would be inopportune to raise the state of siege of Paris at present, but the Government would allow the citizens every liberty in the coming elections not inconsistent with the public safety

The public utterance of insurrectionary doctrines and inflammatory appeals could not be permitted.

The Assembly appointed the Committee previously agreed to to revise the decrees of the Government of Tours and Bordeaux.

PARIS, June 23.—A letter from Louis Blanc is published, declaring that the Republican party hitherto a farce must be come a power.

The *Liberty* reports that a violent quarrel took place yesterday on the Boulevards between the promenaders and a party of Prussian officers. In consequence of the affair Marshal MacMahon has requested the Prussian commander to prevent his officers from entering the city.

The stringency of the passport system has been increased.

Arrests continue to be made. Among the prisoners sent to Versailles within the present week are a considerable number of well dressed and respectably appearing men and women.

CHICAGO, June 23.—At Stone Lake, India, yesterday, Addie Dwight was shot and instantly killed by Chauncey Barnes, for refusing to marry him. Barnes subsequently shot himself. He is not expected to survive.

New white wheat was sold at the Board of Trade here to-day which was harvested at Dezoto, Illinois.

Yesterday's Despatches.

LONDON, June 23—Lord Augustus Loftus will probably succeed Lord Bloomfield as British Ambassador at Vienna, and Sir Augustus Paget, now Envoy of Florence, will become Ambassador in Berlin in place of Lord Loftus.

Lord Belper, now Vice-President of the University of London, has been appointed to succeed the late George Grote as President of that Institution.

It is said that Napoleon is about to take up his residence in the parish of Mainhead, in Devon.

BERLIN, June 23.—Bismarck has written a letter to certain members of the Reichstag, in which he says that while Catholic delegates in that body oppose the German Unity, he has received assurances from Cardinal Antonelli that the Pope disapproves of their course.

PARIS, June 22.—Prince Napoleon has declined a nomination to the Assembly from the Department of Charentz, in favor of M. Rouher.

A letter from Guizot on the state of France is published. It counsels the maintenance of President Thiers in power, approves of his policy, and desires a speedy solution of the monarchial question.

Gambetta is in Malta.

Many Communist refugees from Paris have arrived in Malta, among them members of the central committee of the international society.

NEW YORK, June 23.—A despatch from Dayton says Mrs. Vallandingham was considered much worse yesterday.

A movement is on foot to erect a monument in the city park to the memory of Vallandigham. It is also designed to erect a statue of himself on his grave.

NEW YORK, June 23.—The Arctic steamer *Polais* will be ready to leave for the North Pole on Tuesday next. Mr. Hall has succeeded in getting a scientific staff and crew to suit him.

Woodward was alleged yesterday to have deliberately plundered Street of from four hundred thousand to a million of dollars, and in doing so to have remorselessly broken down a dozen or so smaller firms dependent upon him.

THE PRESCOTT ELECTION PETITION.

Honble. John Hamilton sworn.

I am uncle to respondent. I took a part in proposing the election of respondent. Know Quesnal, I met him within the last hour, for the first time in my life after he was ordered to leave the Court. Never paid him any money at any time, am not aware of any money being paid to Quesnal in reference to the election nor did I hear of its being done by any one in my employment. Mr. Higginson is in the employ of Hamilton Bros. of which firm I am a member. Have no knowledge of there being any entries of any election expenses in the books of that firm, nor have I heard that there is, nor do I know it directly or indirectly. I never paid any money or cheque in relation to election expenses at the last election with the exception of $40 which I gave to Mr. Malley, the Reeve of South Plantaganet, who told me that some money was wanted to supply the place of some men away at shanty, with other hands to do their work whilst they came down from shanty to vote. That was the only payment of money by me on election matters. Mr Higginson had no right to draw cheques on my account and I have no knowledge that he did so during the election. In fact I am certain he did not, no person but myself or my brother could do so, and there was no special authority during the election to do so, nor any deviation from our usual practice; except the $40, I did not give any money for election expenses to any one: I don't know who paid the election expenses or who had charge of them for Mr. George W. Hamilton; he consulted me as to his nomination, and I advised him to accept the nomination; He was not at all desirous to accept the nomination, but finally did so; don't know why; was unwilling, it was his own affair; did dot promise to pay the election expenses or state I would do so; he may have been told I would do so; he may have been told I would bear a share, but don't recollect saying anything to induce him to think so; knew opposition might give us some trouble, but thought the expense might possibly be from $2,000 to $3,000, of which I might bear a proportion, say a third; my partner perhaps would bear a share also; I gave no directions to Higginson or any one else as to expenditure of money, nor tell him of this conversation to the best of my recollection; I may have mentioned it to Mr. Urquhart some time after, but can't say the time; he is my managing man; can't say that he has since told me he spent any money in the election; he may have done so, but if he did it was on his own responsibility; he has the control of the necessary funds for the business purposes of the establishment, but not of large sums at a time; Mr. Brock is cashier, and I gave him no instructions as to spending money; have not examined the books since the election to ascertain if any money was so paid, and I gave no authority to any one to do so; I inspect the books occasionally as convenient; it is sometimes not once in three months; have not paid money to any one since the election for election expenses, nor directed any to be paid; don't know what those expenses have been, nor have I heard it either from Mr. George Hamilton or from Mr. Dartnell or Mr. Urquhart; the latter may have spoken of it in a general way.

Mr. Bethune—What did Mr. Urquhart say?

Mr. Cameron—Must object to this mode of examination; he had allowed it to go further than he ought; Mr. Urquhart's statements cannot be received as evidence in the present stage of the proceedings, there being no bribery shown and no agency established.

Mr. Bethune resumed—There has been no application made to me by Mr. Urquhart or by any person to contribute to the election expenses, and none made to any one on my behalf to my knowledge, and I have given no authority to Mr. Hiram Robinson or any one else on my behalf to spend money during the election, and have no reason to think he spent money so.

Hilaire Quesnal—Reside in St. Eugene; keep a hotel there; saw Mr. George Hamilton there after the nomination; he was at my hotel only once; he addressed a meeting there and so did Mr. Sicotte; saw no money pass from hand to hand that day except for liquor; Mr. Allison paid for some; there was a general treat, and I was paid $2 for it by one Secord, from Lower Canada (after most of them were gone), who was present; witness treated himself; Mr. Hamilton paid me no money that day or at any other time; did not receive any money from Mr. Hamilton or from his committee except in the same way as I received it from all parties; what they got they paid for; don't remember receiving any large sum of money from any person on any account whatever about the time of the election; I paid Mr. Higgins, of Montreal, about that time $80 or $100 for liquor bought from him, but not to any other person as I best recollect; I buy my liquor from Mr. Higgins; I did not change a hundred dollar bill about that time that I recollect; I got the money I paid Mr. Higgins with by letter and a little in the course of my business, and received no large sums from any one or from Ottawa about that time, nor any cheque for money; know Mr. St. Julien, but he did not remit any money or send me any money then; he was at my house stopping for 3 or 4 days, and he paid his own bill, $4 or $5; Mr. Abbott Johnson was there also, and paid his own bill, a $1 or so; the $2 was the only money received that day beyond the ordinary receipts.

Bethune—I ask you were you offered or promised money by any one for your vote at that election?

Witness—I got an offer for money.

Mr. Berthune—From whom?

Witness—I was promised money by a man from Mr. Boyd, that if I would support him he would put me in a good way after, but I was not promised any by any one from Mr. Hamilton; I have no claim against him or them, if I had they would pay it; had no buying or selling with them; never met the Hon. John Hamilton until to-day, after witness was sent out of Court.

Mr. Cameron, on cross-examination, called on witness to state the promise made as to Mr. Boyd.

Mr. Kerr objected.

Mr. Cameron—Wouldn't you like to have this tried? You have failed to show us up; wouldn't you like to have your own side shown up?

Mr. Kerr—I object to this My Lord.

Mr. Cameron—Oh, then, as my learned friend does not like it, I will wait awhile and do it by and by. (Laughter.)

The charge of bribery in Quesnel's case (No. 9) was then abandoned, and No. 7 was taken up; the case of Edward Winters, alleged to have been bribed by the Hon. John Hamilton by an agreement to adjust a disputed account. Mr. Bethune called.

Edward Winters sworn—Voted at the last election for Mr. Hamilton; know the Hon. John Hamilton; saw him before the time of voting at my own house; respondent was not with him; he asked me to support his nephew, and I agreed not to leave him after voting so long for them; never had any dispute with Mr. Hamilton; had one with Mr. Urquhart; this was an unsettled account and a little balance due from me to Mr. Hamilton of about $4; there was no dispute as to the correct amount; we had no conversation about that account, either then or on any other time; I have not paid the account; there was no agreement made that I was not to pay it; there was nothing said about it; I never thought of it; did not tell Mr. Boyd before the election of anything of the kind; was at Mr. Boyd's house on one occasion; Stevenson was present; did not tell Boyd that there were matters in dispute; Mr. Boyd said "won't you come with us"; I told him I could not; I may have spoken of a difference with Mr. Urquhart; I had the butchering for Hamilton Brothers, and in cutting and delivering it Mr. Urquhart thought there was something not right, and he put me off; this was more than a year before the election; there is nothing due to me; I spoke to Mr. Hamilton and told him all about it when he was at my house, and he said he would speak to Mr. Urquhart and see if the facts were so; he did not promise to give me back the butchering, nor did I ask it; did not since go to buy a horse to Mr. Hamilton, but did to Mr. Urquhart to try and purchase a culled horse, but there was no conversation about getting horse for my services at election; before the election I had partly bargained with Mr. Urquhart for a horse at $30; he thought it worth $20; did not get the horse, nor dol- expect to get him.

[*To be continued.*]

MARRIED.

On Sunday evening, the 18th inst., at the (R. C.) Bishops Palace, by the Rev. Father O'Connor, Mr. Robert Smith, to Miss Susan Henry, both of this city.

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 24th instant, the wife of Dan. J. O'Donoghue, printer, of a son.

In the Town of Perth, on the 20th inst., the wife of W. J. Binks, printer, of a son.

On the 22nd instant, Mrs. James Baine, of a daughter.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

HORSES FOR SALE

BY AUCTION.

Mr. BERMINGHAM will offer for sale TODAY, at 12 o'clock, outside the RUSSELL HOUSE, Six very fine and well bred BAY and BLACK HORSES, two (2) sets Double Harness, and some Buggies. The Horses can be well recommended, are young, perfectly sound, and good travellers.

Ottawa, June 24, 1871 1700 1

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF A—

PAIR OF HANDSOME CARRIAGE HORSES.

The subscriber will sell outside the RUSSELL HOUSE on SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at 12 o'clock, one pair of very fine CARRIAGE HORSES, three-quarters bred and in excellent condition. They stand 15½ hands high, good travellers in saddle or harness, and can be handled by lady or gentleman.

Also a set of very fine DOUBLE HARNESS.

J. BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer

Ottawa, June 23, 1871. 1699td

CHEESE BY AUCTION!

20, 20, 20,

Another lot of Twenty Cheeses will be sold by Auction at the City Auction Mart, York street, on SATURDAY, the 24th inst, at 10 o'clock a m

J BERMINGHAM.
Auctioneer

Ottawa, June 23, 1871 1699td

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE.

The subscriber has been instructed by MAJOR DOUGLAS, to offer for sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the UNION HOUSE, on the 1st day of JULY next, at 11 o'clock, a.m.

THE HOMESTEAD OF RIVER VIEW.

The land comprises four and a half acres The House is very commodious, with suitable outbuildings of every description, and a well of good spring water in the back Kitchen.

River View is situated on the Richmond Road, two miles and three quarters from the City limits; the property running back from the Richmond Road, to the Canada Central Railway, on which a station is about to be established immediately in the rear of the property.

The House and premises can be seen any day until the time of sale.

J BERMINGHAM
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 19, 1871 1695td

PAIN-KILLER

Husband:—I shall know then better hereafter, Druggists and Storekeepers are doing not only themselves a great deal of harm, but their customers also by inducing them to buy an article unknown and without merit. Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER has been before the public for over thirty years, it is known in every quarter of the earth, and is sold by every Druggists and most storekeepers and grocers. As a Cholera specific and Diarrhœa medicine, its reputation has no parallel. I am surprized that we have lived so many years without it.

Wife:—Charles, the reason is you you have been taking whatever the storekeeper would recommend, we have always had a bottle o Pain Cure or Reliever or Pain Remedy or som such trash in the house we have tried them over and over again.

Husband:—And that is just the reason I objected to try the PAIN-KILLER on my Rheumatism, thought it was like those other things a humbug

(*To be continued.*)

Be sure and get the genuine PAIN-KILLER, only 25 cts. per bottle. Beware of counter-

To The Independent Electors

—OF THE—

COUNTY OF OTTAWA

GENTLEMEN,—

At the solicitation of a great number of the Electors of the County, consisting of men of standing from all parts of the County, representing all creeds and nationalities, I have determined to come forward as a candidate for the representation of this County in the Legislative Assembly in the Province of Quebec.

In politics I am a Liberal Conservative, and will give the present Government a hearty support in all measures which I consider conducive to the welfare of the country at large, and this County in particular.

It is almost needless to say that I shall be in the future as I have ever been in the past, an earnest promoter of every improvement calculated to develop the material resources of the County, and although I am more particularly interested in the lumber trade, I am well aware that the prosperity of that trade, the progress of agriculture and of any other industry in the County, are intimately connected, and all deserve, and will receive my fostering care.

If, Gentlemen, you honor me with your confidence by electing me as your representative, I promise to devote my whole energies to the interest of this County, and more particularly to the promotion of Railroads and Canals, intended to open up great routes of travel and commerce. At the same time I shall not forget that assistance is due to the settlers in making roads in the back Townships, thus opening up for settlement the large area of waste, but fertile Lands, still lying unoccupied.

In fine, although I am of American origin, my business career commenced in this country, and I look upon all its inhabitants, of whatever Race or Creed, as my Countrymen.

Dated at the Village of Hull, this 22nd of June, A.D. 1871.

I have the honor to subscribe myself,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
EZRA BUTLER EDDY.

DOMINION DAY.

AT HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

—ON THE—

EVENING OF JULY THE 1st,

(By Special Request),

The Ottawa Rifles' Amateur DRAMATIC CLUB.

Will again render the popular Drama, entitled,

THE CROSS OF ST. JOHN'S
OR THE GAMBLER'S FATE.

To conclude with the laughable farce,

The Irishman's Adventures,
OR THE REVIEW.

Music by the O. B. G. A. Band.

Proceeds to aid in forming a Fife and Drum Band for the Rifle Corps.

Admittance—Parquette, 50c.; Gallery, 25c

Doors open at 7.30 p m.; Curtain rises at 8.

Ottawa, June 24, 1871 1700a

FARM FOR SALE.

For Sale, the south half of Lot No. 7, in the 4th Concession R. F., about 160 acres, of which 70 acres are cleared—new House and Barn—constant supply of soft and hard water on the premises. Terms easy.

For particulars apply to LEWIS & PINHEY, Ottawa, or to the undersigned,

JAS. SEVERIGHT,
Gloucester.

Gloucester, June 24, 1871 1700 3

FOUND

A Pocket Book containing a small sum of money. The loser can have it by proving property and paying for advertisements

O LATREMOUILLE
Dry Goods Merchant,
Sussex Street

Ottawa, June 23, 1871 1699-3

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager.

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, at this Department, will be received until noon, on

SATURDAY, THE EIGHTH DAY OF JULY NEXT,

For the following Works:—

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF RYERSON, IN THE MUSKOKA DISTRICT.

Opening out about 13 miles of new Roads for which Tenders will be received for Mile Sections, or for the whole, in accordance with the forms for that purpose.

Chopping and clearing from three to five acres on each lot on which a house is to be erected, the number of lots being from fifty to one hundred. Tenders to state the price per acre for the work.

Erecting from fifty to one hundred Log Houses. Tenders will be received for any number not less than five, or for the whole.

Plans and Specifications can be seen at this Department; at the Post Office at Gravenhurst; at the Office of the Registrar, at Bracebridge; at Irwin's Hotel, at the head of Lake Rosseau; and at the Post Office at Severn Bridge.

Printed forms of Tender can be had on application at this Department, or at the above mentioned places respectively.

Each Tender must contain the *bona fide* signatures of two persons as sureties for the due fulfilment of the Contract. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.

Department of Public Works,
Toronto, June, 1871. 1700 3

COMING.

G. F. BAILEY & Co's

Great Allied Attractions,

—AND—

COLOSSAL COMBINATION EXHIBITIONS!

Will exhibit in OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

JUNE 28 & 29.

The Largest and most Comprehensive

MENAGERIE

On Earth.

A CLASSIC

ITALIAN HIPPODROME,

An Extensive

AVIARY.

And a

First-Class Circus,

All for the SINGLE ADMISSION FEE of FIFTY CENTS.

Under Stupendous Pavilions,

Separate and distinct from each other, and each one larger than any Circus Tent ever used.

Extraordinary Collection of

BEAUTIFUL TROPICAL BIRDS,

Of every hue and color

ELEPHANTS AND DROMEDARIES

IN PROCESSION.

Enormous Black Rhinoceros,

Weighing over 4,000 lbs.; the largest and most perfect specimen ever imported.

A TRIO OF

BABY LIONS,

With their Royal Dam.

The Imperial Lion

"CHARLEMAGNE,"

Celebrated throughout the continent as the largest and most magnificent specimen of the "King of the Forest" ever exhibited in the Old World, or the New.

Immense WHITE, or POLAR BEAR.

SOUTH AFRICAN BLES-BOC.

A very rare animal, and entirely new to this country.

A large Colony of APES, MONKEYS and BABOONS.

20 GREAT DENS.

Well filled with the wonders of the forest, wilderness and jungle. For a full description of which see small bills.

QUAGLIANIS,

ITALIAN HIPPODROME AND CIRCUS,

Led by

THE GREAT SEBASTIAN,
THE GREAT SEBASTIAN,
THE GREAT SEBASTIAN

Whose standing challenge of 10,000 DOLLARS to produce his equal as a Bareback and Hurdle Rider, is open to the world, and has never been accepted.

Mlle. MARIE,

Premiere Equestrienne in her classic and daring specialities.

TEESE & KING,

The challenge Gymnasts and Athletes.

GEO. M. CLARK,

The universal favorite Clown, wit and jester

SIGNOR FARRANTA,

The Boneless Man or Anatomical Paradox.

GEO. DERIOUS,

The great Man Monkey, in his comical act entitled the GORILLA on HORSEBACK.

21 acts in the Ring—All novel and original. GORGEOUS and MAGNIFICENT HOLIDAY PAGEANT in the public streets. The most imposing and attractive procession of the period.

All the Exhibitions above Advertised for the Single Admission Fee of FIFTY CENTS.

One Ticket admits to either or all

EXTRA AMUSEMENT

The management have succeeded in effecting a brief engagement with the beautiful Young Tunambulist, Mlle. JOSEPHINE DeVERRIER, who will each day, at half-past 12 o'clock, p.m., make an Outside Ascension on a SINGLE WIRE, from the ground to the extreme summit of the Centre Pole. This difficult and daring feat has never been successfully accomplished by any other Lady, and is given as a GRATUITY to the PEOPLE and is FREE TO EVERYBODY.

Ottawa, June 23, 1871 1699 6

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

A large lot of New Carpets just received at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20 Sparks Street.

The weather yesterday was pleasantly temperate.

Business in all its branches is brisk in Ottawa at present.

The police made a descent on a house of ill fame yesterday, and arrested the inmates.

PRESENTATION.—Captain Walker was presented with a handsome sword and belt by his men yesterday as a mark of their esteem for him.

Mr. Bermingham will sell at his auction rooms, York Street, at 10 o'clock to-day, a quantity of very fine cheese. Sale unreserved.

HULL—Late events have given a new impetus to election speculation in Hull. Frenchmen are staking their *Quinze Sous* very lavishly.

Wm. McKay Wright, Esq., has gone up the Gatineau to enlighten the people of that locality as to election matters, and it is said he is being followed by Peter Aylen, Esq.

CRICKET MATCH—A match will be played at 1:30 to-day on Rideau Hall grounds, between the married and unmarried members of the Ottawa Cricket Club. The Ottawa Cricket Club will play the Arnprior Club at the latter place on Dominion Day.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

SWIMMING BATH.—Mr. Wm. C. Foster expects to have his Swimming Bath ready for use by the 1st of July. It has been under construction for over two weeks, and will be completed with all possible despatch. It will be 66 feet long by 18 feet wide, and will be provided with compartments in which to dress and undress. Of course the bath will be a great luxury, and, no doubt it will be extensively patronized.

ARRIVAL.—According to a contemporary the Colorado potato bug arrived in this city on Wednesday morning. It is lazy in its actions, but travels with great despatch and possesses so eminently destructive a faculty, that the potato withers at its approach. Professor Herman's Bug Destroyer might exterminate the Colorado fellows.

SUMMARY TRIAL.—Richard Doolan and a boy named Jones, both charged with larceny, and who were committed for trial at the Assizes by the Police Magistrate, were tried under the Summary Trial Act yesterday by Judge Armstrong. Sentence was deferred in both cases.

TEMPERANCE NEWS.—Two celebrated temperance orators, from distant parts of the Dominion, will address the Temperance Meeting, to-morrow (Sabbath) afternoon, from four to five o'clock. Edward McGillivray, Esq., will act as chairman. All are cordially invited.

MONEY TO LOAN. Apply to R.A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

POLICE COURT—Friday.—Mary Dupins, charged with keeping a house of ill-fame was fined $20 and sent to gaol for two weeks.

Philomene Denis, charged with being an inmate of the same house, was fined $20 and sent to gaol for one month.

A couple of cases of the cow By-law infraction were disposed of, and a case of selling liquor without license was dismissed.

EXCURSION TO PRESCOTT.—A Grand Excursion will take place on the 4th of July from Ottawa to Ogdensburgh, the proceeds to go in aid of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum. All institutions that are a benefit to the city, should receive the liberal support of the public, and, therefore, we hope, the excursion will be a financial success. It is the third annual excursion of the kind for the above purpose.

We would remind our readers that the auction sale of villa and village lots near Rideau Hall takes place this afternoon at 2 o'clock, at the office of the Mackay Estate, New Edinburgh. The villa lots are situated on Rideau Terrace, a beautiful slope with southern exposure, commanding a magnificent view of the Parliament Buildings, Hull Mountains, and Rideau and Ottawa Vallies.

THE MARKET—FRIDAY.—There was a large attendance on the market yesterday, and some changes in prices were noticeable.

Oats sold at from 55 to 65 cents per bushel.

Potatoes at 58 cents per bushel.

Butter (in prints) 18 to 20 cents per pound; in tub 15 to 18 cents.

Eggs, 17 cents per dozen.

Gooseberries, 15 cents per quart.

Strawberries, 15 to 20 cents per quart.

Green peas, 20 cents per gallon.

CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE.—G. F. Bailey & Co's. Colossal Combination of Exhibitions will be in this city on Wednesday and Thursday next. The combination is one of the largest and best that has ever come to Canada, employing, as it does, over 200 horses and 150 men. Of course every person in the city and neighborhood will go and see it.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—F Wilson, Montreal; John Starr, Halifax, N. S.; Evan Spicer, England; Charles Allen, Toronto; Henry J. Clarke, Manitoba; Geo. Blackburn, do.; Sidney Smith, Cobourg; G. Codson, England; L. Barnes, Burlington; S E. Merrin, jr., New Haven, Conn.; J. W. Thompson, Belleville; Mr. and Mrs. H. Abbott and Nurse, Brockville; Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Supple, Pembroke; E. Merrin, Three Rivers; Geo. W Wearer, Montreal; Miss Wearer, do.; E W. Getman, do; W. Mohr, Fitzroy.

FREE FIGHT IN HULL.—Among the amusements in Hull last evening, was a free fight on an extensive scale. It appears that an individual who is addicted to chronic indulgence in the "cup that inebriates," related to a second party that his clergyman had advised him to sign the pledge and become a sober man. He said he did not think clergymen had any right to interfere with him in that manner, and, that, therefore, he told his adviser to go to h——. Individual No. 2, who held the clergyman referred to in high esteem, became enraged at the above expression, and saying, "you're a liar," gave the braggart a mild box that stretched him out in a manner very unsatisfactory to some bystanders who immediately stepped into the circle and were as quickly followed by several of No. 2's friends. There was no room for talk; action was the order of the moment. They pitched into one another striking habnab as best they could, tearing each other's shirts and clothes generally, but effecting very little serious damage. This pugilistic entertainment lasted about five minutes, and the combatants sneaked off at the end without its having been decided by the ordeal whether the originator of the affair was or was not a liar.

BOARD OF PUBLIC SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

A special meeting of the above Corporation was held in the City Hall last night Present—Messrs. Robinson (Chairman) Kirby, Bronson, Alexander, Barber, Wills and Preston.

Moved by Mr. Kirby, seconded by Mr. Wills, that James Joynt, jr., do act as Secretary of this meeting.—Carried.

The Chairman of the School Management Committee presented a report in regard to the alleged ill-treatment of a daughter of Mrs. McGowan.

They found no ground for her complaint, and, therefore, recommended that it be dismissed.

Moved by Mr. Alexander, seconded by Mr. Kirby, that the report of the School Management Committee, just read be adopted. Carried.

Mr. Kirby hoped in justice to the teachers falsely maligned that the reporters of the *Citizen* and *Free Press* would give the same publicity to the refutation that they did to the charge, as he believed that persons reporting matters imputing libel upon the character and reputation of public men were amenable to indictment. He therefore, hoped that they would as publicly declare the refutation as they did the charge.

The Finance Committee submitted the estimates for the approval of the Board, which were as follows:

Official Salaries	$10,000 00
Two School Sites for St. Georges and Victoria Wards	2,000 00
Two Buildings for the same	4,000 00
Furniture, &c.	400 00
General repairs	500 00
Insurance	250 00
Rent	120 00
Printing, Stationery, &c.	200 00
Fuel	650 00
Debentures and Interest thereon	5,076 74
Miscellaneous	1,500 00
Total	$24,696 74
Less Government Grant	700 00
Cash on hand	2,250 00
	$2,950 00
Required Assessment	$21,746 74

Moved by Mr. Barber, seconded by Mr. Kirby, that the Board resolve itself into Committee of the Whole to consider the estimates,—Mr. Bronson in the chair.

The Committe reported the estimates, and by resolution they were adopted, and ordered to be presented to the City Council at its next meeting.

Moved by Mr. Barber, seconded by Mr. Bronson, that the City Council be asked to give the Board power to issue Debentures to the amount of $6,000, for the purpose of building the two schools above referred to.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Kirby, seconded by Mr. Preston, that the salary of the Rev. Mr. Borthwick, City Inspector of Public Schools, be $500 for the current year.—Carried.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Wills, seconded by Mr. Barber, that the salary of the Inspector be $600.—Lost.

Moved by Mr. Barber, seconded by Mr. Bronson, that the chairman be authorized to sign cheques for the official salaries amounting to $2,382.50, on the 30th June.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Bronson, seconded by Mr. Alexander, that the Building Committee be authorized to make the necessary repairs to the Duke street School and the Central School, east, during the vacation.

Moved by Mr. Kirby, seconded by Mr. Wills, that the Board resolved itself into Committee of the Whole, to consider the first report of the Inspector of the Public Schools of this city, the chairman in the chair.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Kirby, seconded by Mr. Wills, That the time of the meeting be extended one hour—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Kirby, seconded by Mr. Wills, That on and after the opening of the schools on the 16th of August, no pupil be permitted to go from one school to the other, but to remain in the school district to which such pupil belongs—the district on the west side of the canal to be the Western District, and that on the eastern side to be known as the Eastern District—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Kirby, seconded by Mr. Bronson, That the Chairman of the School Management Committee, and the Inspector, be a committee to procure the object, lessons and maps, and apparatus referred to in the Inspector's report; and that they are hereby empowered to procure the same, suspending any rules to the contrary.

The Committee rose, reported progress, and the report, as passed in committee, was received and adopted.

A resolution was passed tendering a vote of thanks to the Local Superintendent of the City Schools, Wm. Cousens, Esq.

The meeting then adjourned.

CURRENT TOPICS.

It is stated that no less a sum than $200,000 was subscribed for the defence of the woman personators, Boulton and Park, in London, and that a young millionaire marquis gave $25,000.

Among the extraordinary plethora of exceptional criminal cases which have recently cropped up in England is that of Arthur Kendall, charged by his father, a gentleman of wealth and respectability, with burglary and extensive theft. It is stated that this "thankless child," with fangs "sharper than a serpant's tooth," is a deserter from the American navy.

There is nothing sacred in this age of slang verses. Think of a Baltimore poet daring to write of the Death of Cleopatra after this fashion:

"She got a little pison snake,
And hid it in her gown;
It gave its little tail a shake,
And did her job up brown!
She tumbled down upon her bed,
Where she was wont to be—
Removed her chignon from her head,
And followed Antony."

Upon reading this nonsence, we began to feel savage and critical, and to ask ourselves if such things should be permitted by law. Suddenly, there burst upon us a sense of the absurdity of useless wrath. The time may come when the value of things serious and lovely and of good report will be restored; and until then the parodists and burlesquers must have their own way. But still what is called "American Humor" has a great deal to answer for.

☞ After war pestilence and intemperance—colds lead to the greatest destruction of human life, mainly, because it considered by many to be of no consequence and hence systematically neglected untill a simple, curable disease, is converted into a fatal pulmonary one. Everyone troubled with what is called a slight cold or cough, should immediately use Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—they allay irritation at once, and exert a most beneficial influence on all the Bronchial and Pulmonary organs Sold by all Druggists and Country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box.

What is the difference between a soldier and a fashionable young lady? One faces the powder, and the other powders the face.

OTTAWA COUNTY ELECTION

To EZRA BUTLER EDDY, Esquire:

SIR,—We the undersigned Electors of the County of Ottawa hereby request you to allow yourself to be nominated as a fit and proper person to represent us in the Local Legislature of Quebec.

We hereby, upon your accepting such nomination, pledge ourselves to give you our hearty and earnest support at the coming election contest.

John Hamilton	Gilmour & Co
Alonzo Wright	F Major
F Samuel McKay, Warden	James MacLaren
	Wm McLean
John H Mackay	John A Cameron
J A Cameron, Jr	Geo J Marsson
Joshua Ellard	R H Conroy
P Aylen	Joseph Day
W R Kenny	H Hillman
G C Courdard	A S C Papineau
J B Trudel	S Washburne
Charles Delude	J Mather
John McLaren	Richd McConnell
Ambrose King	John McLaurin
W McClymont	C B Wright
Albert Quesnel	B D'Arpentigny
P Wright	J W Campbell
John Deliale	Robt Kenny
Patrick Farrell	W W Kenny
A Holland	Dr. S Wright
W Marston	Seth Cates
James Dyke	J R Fleming
Augustus Papin, Jr	A Leamy
McPherson Lemoyne	Dr F McNab
Wm Abbott	Christopher Brigham.
Edmund W Murray	

REPLY.

To JOHN HAMILTON, ALONZO WRIGHT, GILMOUR & Co., F. S. MACKAY, and others:

GENTLEMEN,—I accept your invitation. You know my character, and I rely on your exertions.

Your obedient servant,
E. B. EDDY.

OTTAWA, June 21, 1871. 1698tf

County of Ottawa Election

General Election Committee to sit at Hull Village, daily, with power to organize sub-committees in the several different municipalities.

ALONZO WRIGHT, M. P., Chairman
A S WASHBURN, Secretary

J M Currier, M P
Hon John Hamilton
T S McKay, Warden County of Ottawa
Wm McLean, Mayor Aylmer
George Duntin, Mayor Eardly
James Wilson, Mayor Village of Buckingham
William Bonsell, Portland
A Campbell, Locharbour
Thomas Lavell, St Malachi
William Netherden, Derry & Mulgrave
Charles Major, Bonsecour
Barabie Whisell, St Andre Avelin
P G Obrey, Ripon
Hercule Chene, Hardwell
Seth Cates, Wakefield
A Hamilton, Masham
Wm McCumbier, Wright
Philemore Wright, Northfield
Hiram Dunning, Bouchette
T Moore, Hensington and Egan
Allan Gilmore
James McLaren
Andrew Pritchard
McPherson Lemoyne
B Fraser
Kilice Lafrombroise
Joshua Ellard
Patrick Farrell
Emile Quesnell
J A Cameron
Thomas Cole
R W Scott
Dr H H Sauvier
J O Archibald, N P, Thurso
Nicholas Chene
Joseph McGoey
James McGoey
John McLaren, Wakefield
James O'Hagan
John McLaren, Templeton
Pierre Andrew, Quesnell
J A Levis
John St Julion
James Wright
Henrie Hillman
M H Palmer
T B rentiss
J R Flemming
P Aylen
W R Kenney
E W Murray
J H McKay
Camile Papineau
Francois Major
G L Taillefer
C B Wright
P H Church
L R Church
John Foran
Alonzo Wright, M P P
Dr Wright
John Higginson
Edward Tromp
Godfrey Gorreau
Godfrey Vaillion
Theophile Valhon
James McAlister
John Clawson
John Brooks
Capt R Proulx
A Bourgeau
J R Woods
William Patterson
Louis Fournier
James Nault
Richard Mulligan
Joseph Bartrand
Oliver Leferrier
Norman Ried
George Link
Joseph Proulx
W D Leslie
George Johnston
Sexton Washburn
Baptiste Forcier
Barnabie Larpentigner
D C Simon
Dr St Jean
Moise Bison
Ambrose King
Agustus Papin
Moise Trudelle
Henri Demontier
John Matther
Hiram Robinson
Dr McNab
Wm Feely
G Millan
R Chamberlane
Robt Ritchie
Robt Kenney
Richard McConnell
Felice Cuschene
A Quesnell, Ripon
John Collins
R H Clock
James Clock
G Newill
Wm Holgate
T Cooke
R H Haycock
Webb
H McCormack
David Moore
J A B Hannum

Ottawa, June 23, 1871, 1699tf

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

The Court of Directors hereby give notice that a half-yearly dividend, at the rate of six per cent per annum, on the Capital of the Bank, will be payable on the 5th day of JULY, 1871, to the Proprietors of Shares registered in the Colonies, and that a further sum of Fifteen Shillings Sterling per Share, taken from the profits of the year 1870, will be paid to the Proprietors at the same time.

Both payments will be made at the rate of exchange current on the 5th day of JULY, 1871, to be fixed by the Local Boards.

No Transfer can be made between the 24th inst., and the 5th prox., as the Books must be closed during that period.

By order of the Court,
R. W. BRADFORD,
Secretary.

No. 124 Bishopgate st., within,
London, 6th June, 1871. 1697d

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, A FINE TONED PIANO, &c.

The subscriber is authorised to sell the whole of Mr. A. BEGG'S Household Furniture, without reserve, as he is leaving for Scotland. The sale will take place on THURSDAY, the 29th inst., in the Cottage occupied by him, on Ottawa street, Sandy Hill, at 10.30 a.m. Also, to be sold on the premises, several cords of Hard Wood, cut ready for the stove.

AMOS ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 24, 1871. 1700tf

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

GREAT AUCTION SALE of City Lots, Village Lots in New Edinburg, and Villa Lots, on the Mackay Estate, within five to fifteen minutes walk of the Street Railway.

The MACKAY Estate will offer for Sale by Public Auction, at the Office New Edinburgh, on SATURDAY, the 24th day of JUNE, Instant, at Two o'clock in the afternoon.

Fifteen Villa Lots upon Rideau Terrace, and other roads near the residence of His Excellency the Governor General, and Twenty-two Lots, in the Village of New Edinburgh, some of which front upon the grounds of Rideau Hall Domain.

Also a neat Dwelling House, with seven rooms and good shed, near the Rideau River; and the following Lots in the City of Ottawa: East half Lot No. 10, south Cathcart street, with Dwelling—Ordnance; Lot No. 14, north Cathcart street; Lot No. 16, north Cathcart street; Lots Nos. 21 and 22, south Boteler street.

The Villa Lots and Dwelling House, are in Gloucester, a Township in which the Taxes are very moderate.

TERMS.—One third cash, balance on mortgage at 7 per cent, for a term of 3 to 5 years, at purchasers option. Conditions made known at day of sale. Plans and descriptions of the property can be seen at the office of the Estate, next the Post Office in New Edinburgh.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

New Edinburgh, June 12, 1871 1692

THE ST. JEAN BAPTISTE ANNIVERSARY.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC SOIREE

— AT THE—

FRENCH CANADIAN INSTITUTE

MONDAY, 26th JUNE, 1871.

1. The College Band, under the direction of Rev. Brother Balland.
2. "Les Charpentiers" Choir, under the Direction of Rev. Father Chabotel....Adam
3. "Le lever de l'Aurore, Duet.....Nelson

MADAME GELINAS AND MISS L. DRAPEAU.

MONSIEUR SANS-GENE.

VAUDEVILLE IN ONE ACT

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

Mr. Sans-Gene.....A. Olivier
" Damon, Sans-Gene's friend..H. Archambault
" Prudhomme, Dumon's friend..L. Barcelo
Croquet, Dumon's faithful servant...L. Olivier
Latreille, Dumon's servant.....A. Philion
Guests—Messrs. Alp. Philion, P. Boulet and E. Asselin.

4. Air from "La Muette de Portici"....Auber
MISS PLACIDIE GRISON.
5. Romance from "Martha".....Flotow
MR. ED. KIMBER.
6. The College Band.

SPEECHES.

7. Air from "La Favorite".....Donizetti
MISS J. AUMOND.
8. "Michel et Christine" A lay.....L. Puget
MR. E. BLAIN DE ST. AUBIN.
9. "Richard en Palestine," Duet.....Adam
MISS R. LEPROHON and MR. ED. KIMBER
10. The College Band.

LES DEUX AVEUGLES.

MUSICAL EXTRAVAGANSA, by OFFENBACH.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

Patachon.....J. Lefebvre
Giraffier.....A. Prieur

11. Romance from "La Muette de Portici" [Auber
MISS R. LEPROHON.
12. The song of "Bijou," from Faust.Gounod
MADAME GELINAS.
13. Trio de "Dom Sebastien".....Donizetti
MISS R. LEPROHON, MISS J. AUMOND and MR. E. KIMBER.
14. Choir and Solo from "Chalet".....Adam
Under the Direction of Rev. Father Chabotel.
15. God Save the Queen.
Solo and Choir.

N.B.—No Pieces will be repeated.

Admission—Reserved Seats.....40 cents
Unreserved Seats.....25 "

Doors open at half-past seven; the Soiree to commence at 8 precisely.

The Directors,
AUG. LAPERRIERE,
LE CHEV. G. SMITH

Ottawa, June 22, 1871 1699 2

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Shirts,
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

STRAWBERRIES.

G. LORENZ,

OYSTER

—AND—

FRUIT DEALER,

No. 7 DOWN STREET.

58 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Is now receiving

400 QUARTS

CHOICE STRAWBERRIES

(DAILY),

And will supply

Hotels,

Private Families,

Steamboats and

Confectioners,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

☞ Goods delivered to any part of the city.

G. LORENZ.

Ottawa, June 14, 1871

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY,

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season	$5 00
20lbs " " "	9 00
10lbs per month	1 50
20lbs " " "	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER,

N. B.—Ice supplied for ton or cwt.

Ottawa April 8 1871

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $300 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1604

SEALED TENDERS

Will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY, the 26th day of JULY next, at noon, for the supply of 200 tons of Grate Coal, (2,000 lbs. per ton) to be delivered at Ottawa.

For particulars apply to the undersigned.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 22nd June, 1871. 1700 3

SEALED TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Firewood," will be received at this office until Wednesday, the 12th day of July next, at noon, for the supply of Firewood for the use of the Public Buildings, Ottawa, to be supplied according to the specification, which can be seen at this office, where also forms of tender can be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 22nd June, 1871. 1700 3

12th JULY, 1871.

ORANGE CELEBRATION.

An EXCURSION TRAIN will run from CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION, Ottawa, to Brockville, calling at all Way Stations on 12th prox, returning same day.

Fare from Ottawa, 75cts.

Due notice of time of departure and arrival will be published.

H. ABBOTT

Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686tf

FRESH SALMON.

(From the Moisie River,)

RECEIVED DAILY BY EXPRESS, AT

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET, Ottawa.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF,"

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE,

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,

Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 RIDEAU STREET.

☞ OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you. 1634 3m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 36 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—
J. DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's, and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Cross & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

CHIPPAWA DISTILLERY.

The produce of the above celebrated Distillery:

HIGHWINES,
ALCOHOL,
RYE,
PROOF,
MALT,

For sale in Bond or free, at lowest Distillery quotations.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Block,
Metcalfe-st

Ottawa, June 11, 1871

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1.35 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 6.30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2.00 p.m. connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5.40 p.m., and at Sand Point, 6.30 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a.m. arriving at Brockville at 1.34 p.m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 2.50 p.m., and 6.30 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 8.50 p.m., 10.00 p.m., 6-15 p.m. 1.30 p.m.

Leave Sand Point

At 6.30 a.m., 11.30 a.m., 3.00 a.m., 2.00 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on R. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a.m, after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded—with despatch, as the R. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk. Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

E ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, June 6, 1871

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway,

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL.

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express	will leave Ottawa	at 7	A.M.
" 4 Express	" "	11	do.
" 6 Mail	" "	1:30	P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars	"	10:30	do.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 2.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 6.40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa,

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa June 1st, 1871

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 12259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

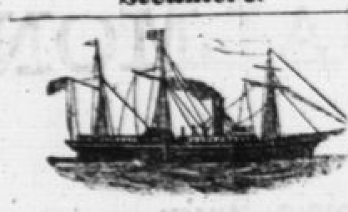
Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1675tf

WANTED.

A Girl about 16 years of age, as servant in a small family. Apply A R Times Office

Ottawa, May 9, 1871 181

Steamers.



THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

Iron Side-Wheel Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE.
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf

ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*	Captain Findlay.
" *Emerald*	" Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*	" Murphy.
" *Alliance*	" Blondin.
" *Oregon*	" Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*	"
" *Jason Gould*	" Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*	" Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*	" Duggan.
" *Pontiac*	" D. Mulligan
" *Keppawe*	" B J Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Capitaine.

Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau, every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning —Leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 o'clock, p.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL

STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,

CAPT. BOWIE,

PRINCE OF WALES,

CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

JUST RECEIVED.

—AT—

HAUSER'S

RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,

That splendid new Magazine,

THE WEDDING BELLS.

—ALSO—

BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL

FOR MARCH AND APRIL.

Ottawa, April 19, 1871

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

NO MORE BUGS!

WROUGHT IRON BEDSTEADS,

Just Received Direct from ENGLAND.

Another lot of these celebrated BEDSTEADS handsomely painted and ornamented, and cheaper than any Bedstead sold in this city, there is no danger of breaking off the legs, as there always is with the ordinary ones sold, which are made of Cast Iron. Ask for the

ENGLISH WROUGHT IRON

BEDSTEADS.

Also to arrive this week,

CHILDRENS COTS!!!

Same make as the above, at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA.

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, June 14, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,

OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c, &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and
Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy Ports,
Domecqs and GreekShe
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.

Bass', Guinness's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.

Liberal terms.

☞ Inspection invited.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND

MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull,	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa.

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY.

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD,

Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE "MOWER"

—AND—

SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871.

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.

June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

☞ All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Delf Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

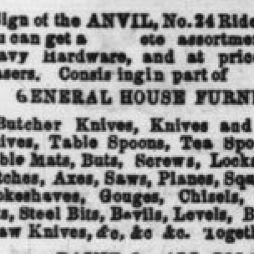
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, August 10. 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!



Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c, &c &c. Together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, No 18, 1870

SELLING

OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES

OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
WINE MERCHANT,
Elgin Street,

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

☞ A few good Fowls for sale.

J. HERBERT,
N on-st., West
near Richmond Road, Ottawa.

April 26, 1871.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE.			MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY.		
A.M.	P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
......	12.45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
......	12.45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	......	4.20
......	......	9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	......	6.00
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.06	......	6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	12.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	......	4.20
......	10.15	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	......	......	4.20
9.20	2.00	1.10	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	3.00
9.20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......	......	3.00
10.30	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	......
7.00	......	......	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	......	......	7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	......	......	7.00
10.00	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via close every Monday at 8 P.M.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.

A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

Post Office, Ottawa, June 7, 1871

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa

The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,

The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago,)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Now last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Business.

Claims Paid for Assurances	£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid.	2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of	6,570,000.00
Annual Income	1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions* of *Policies.*

The *Non-Forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

☞ Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW,
Secretary,
Place de Armes, Montreal

J. & W. T. Penneck,
Agents, Ottawa.

March 13, 1871 168a

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co-relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion.

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz.: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim.

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in its large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH.

Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street;

Ottawa, May 1649d

Medical

MESS^RS GABRIEL'S

CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE

TEETH & GUMS

AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL

PARTS OF THE WORLD

PREPARED ONLY BY

MESS^RS GABRIEL.

DENTISTS

LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	"SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.
MESSRS GABRIEL'S	ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

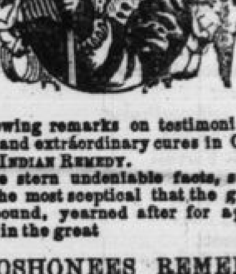
MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,

May 11871

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public —it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Drggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 3 d June, 1871.

Authorized discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa June 3, 1871

Legal

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.

W McKAY WRIGHT 1as F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 4outf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fotherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort!

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

J. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' Books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accurately prepared. Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1595 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.

Montreal, March 1871 2 3m

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY

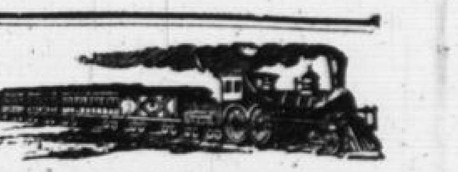
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

9 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

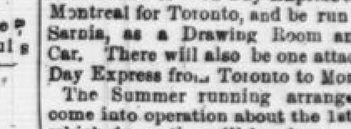
On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8.30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz.:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1680 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer

No. 67 Sussex-st.

OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks-st

Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET.

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel.

Strict attention to business.

Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.

J. A. GEMMILL,
Solicitor &c.

Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.

Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1871

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 35 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES [illegible], Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1701. OTTAWA, MONDAY, JUNE 26, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

RAILWAY,
OF TRAINS.
n of Speed
Running on al
Trains.
Next, 5th JUNE,
treal as under:
Inter-
..... 6.00 a.m
..... 9.00 a.m
..... 9.00 p.m
..... 11.00 a.m
Brock-
..... 5.00 p.m
Island
tions, at 7.00 a.m
riere du
..... 8.30 a.m
t, Port-
..... 2.00 p.m
d Pond,
..... 10.30 p.m
attached to the
ntreal and Riviere
—From Montreal
d Saturdays ro-
up on Mondays,
YDGES,
nging Director.
1690tf

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
CHANGE OF SAILING.
1871. SUMMER SERVICE. 1871.
PASSENGERS Booked to and from
Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.
The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:
Liverpool Line.
SCANDINAVIAN.....10th June.
PERUVIAN.....13th "
CASPIAN.....17th "
MORAVIAN.....24th "
Calling at St. John's, N. F.
AUSTRIAN.....1st July.
PRUSSIAN.....8th "
NESTORIAN.....15th "
Fares from Ottawa, cabin....$77 25 to $87 00
Steerage.....$29 25
The steamers of the Glasgow Line are intended to be despatched from Quebec, on or about the following dates:
Glasgow Line.
CORINTHIAN.....8th June.
OTTAWA.....15th "
ST. DAVID.....22nd "
ST. ANDREW.....29th "
ST. PATRICK.....6th "
Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.
For further particulars apply to
D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.
Have Received
EX LATE STEAMERS,
1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,
CANADIAN GOODS:
1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
30 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,
The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.
INSPECTION INVITED
Ottawa, May 10, 1871

TO CATTLE BREEDERS.
BULL.—The "Marquis of Belmont" will stand for Cows at the Waterford Farm, Township of Gloucester, this season, at Four Dollars each.
WM. GRAHAM.
CANADA SHORT HORN STOCK REGISTER.
Certificate of Registered Pedigree of Two Years Old Bull,
No. 514 THE MARQUIS OF BELMONT,
Red and White, calved January 16, 1866, Bred by Mr. JOHN ASHWORTH, Belmont, Ottawa, the property of WILLIAM GRAHAM, Esq., of Gloucester, got by Sweetmeat (968), (30924), dam, souvenir of Thordale by 2nd Grand Duke (12961), g. dam, Dalpine (imp.), by Harold (10299), gr. g. dam, Limpid, by Viceoyr (7618), &c., &c. See Herd Book.
HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec. Board of Ag.
Board of Agricultural Office,
Toronto, Jan'y 6, 1870 1692tf

FOUND
By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can have over it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.
ANN JANE HAMILTON.
Ottawa, June 71. 1623tf

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.
(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.
Possession given 20th May.
Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.
Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET.
A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)
Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.
Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.
ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY
For particulars, apply to
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 36 Rideau street.
Ottawa, Feb, 16, 1871

TO LET.
A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land attached, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road.
Also the Shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.
For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Ottawa, Feb, 16, 592tf

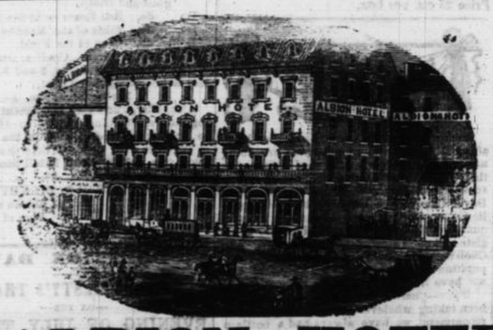
McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.
The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened
A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,
ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,
The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises
STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.
And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.
Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*
McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1865 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 Rideau Street,
Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to
T. R. SHEFFIELD,
OF BROCKVILLE,
Who will continue the Business in the same premises and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, June 2, 1871
In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.
T. R. SHEFFIELD,
Ottawa, June 2, 1871. 1681 2m

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,
NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE
FURTHER REDUCTIONS!
We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will suit those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.
The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.
From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves
Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:
Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

CLOTHING HALL!
New Store.
J. M. GOULDEN
Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at
No. 100 Sussex Street,
NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,
A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of
DRY GOODS
—AND—
READY MADE CLOTHING.
Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.
Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.
Do not Forget the Place
No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.
Ottawa, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.
NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.
JUST OPENED BY
N. FAULKNER,
ON SUSSEX STREET,
Next Door to F. McDougall & Co
The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened
NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,
With are can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colour Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,
To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.
There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.
The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.
COME ONE! COME ALL!!
—TO—
N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.
Ottawa, April 28, 1871 1652 3m



ALBION HOTEL,
McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,
Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal.
WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Late Grand River Hotel.
Ottawa, May 15, 1871. 1665 6m

DRY GOODS
—AT—
RETAIL.
SUMMER FASHIONS
SHOWING THIS DAY,
—AT—
MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.
Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,
Beautiful Bonnets
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets
Splendid Lace Shawls.
Also in Immense Variety,
Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques,
Horrockses, Millar & Co, Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
King's best Window Hollands,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c.,
SPECIAL LINES.
Linen Percale's and Lawns, for Seaside Wear.
Walking Stick Parachutes
Large en Frame Parasols and Umbrellas,
Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makes.
Ovenity Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and Mantle Trimmings, in great variety.
EXTRAORDINARY.
43 Patterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871

MESSRS.
SATCHELL BROS
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Take this opportunity of returning their, sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to
MEAT,
Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their
STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,
LOWER TOWN MARKET,
On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

FRESH! FRESH! FRESH!
SALMON.
The first of the Season just received, at
MOSES LAPOINTE'S,
Fish Dealer,
Lower Town Market.
N. B.—All kinds of Lake, River, and Sea Fish, always on hand
Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685 1

HATS HATS!
HATS
SPRING IMPORTATIONS
The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of
HATS AND CAPS
Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.
JAMES PEACOCK,
Remember the place.
33 Rideau Street
OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND
Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

DOMINION HOUSE,
CORNER OF
SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,
OTTAWA.
The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley
WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House.
Late Grand River Hotel.
Ottawa, May 15, 1871. 1665 6m

McGill University, Montreal,
SION 1871-72.
THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—
FACULTY OF ARTS.....September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE....October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW.....October 3rd.
The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.
The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.
In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered
First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Second Year, 4 Exhibitions 3 of $125; 1 of $100
Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.
The Calendar containing details of all the above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.
W. C. BAKER,
Secretary.
May 31, 1871 1689 2aw 3m

GOVERNMENT HOUSE
OTTAWA,
Tuesday, 13th June, 1871.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and for the reasons given in his Report of the 8th June instant, His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Red River, in the Province of Manitoba, from the point of its intersection with the Boundary Line between the United States and the said Province of Manitoba (Canada) to its junction with Lake Winnipeg, shall be and the same is hereby declared to be comprised within the limits of the Port of Winnipeg under the following conditions and restrictions, that is to say:—
All Steamers, Vessels and boats of any kind on entering the said Province of Manitoba, on the Red River, shall be, and they are hereby required to report at the Out Port of North Pembina, and to comply with all existing requirements of the law, but, on payment of duty at that out port on goods destined for any place between that out port and the Port of Winnipeg, they be permitted, on the warrant of the Sub-Collector, to land and discharge such goods, or the luggage of such passengers as may desire to disembark, before reaching the said Port of Winnipeg.
That in like manner, after payment of duties at the Port of Winnipeg, the same privilege be granted them as at the said Out Port—to land and discharge goods under the restrictions aforesaid at any place on the Red River above or below Winnipeg—and all steamers plying within the limits, and observing the conditions aforesaid, shall be considered and treated as trading within the limits of the said Port of Winnipeg.
W. H. LEE,
1695 3 Clerk Privy Council.

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL.
The most beautiful site in the neighbourhood of the Capital, and the most pleasant and convenient place about Ottawa, for Pic Nics, &c.
A large covered Platform, raised eight feet from the ground, and capable of accommodating 4,000 persons, is admirably suited for Dancing, for Dramatic Soirees, and such like entertainments.
The Refreshments and Liquors to be had on the grounds are of the best quality.
Pleasure parties could not find a more comfortable and pleasant place to enjoy themselves.
At night the Gardens are well illuminated. Once properly known they will be regarded as indispensable during the summer season. There will be a Dancing School in the Gardens every THURSDAY night, except when occupied by a Picnic.
Hull, June 7, 1871 1685 2m

G. A. SHELDON,
HATTER AND FURRIER,
Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive
HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT
In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.
G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.
A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1665 3m

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,
—AND—
DRAIN PIPE DEPOT,
RIDEAU STREET.
ESTABLISHED 1846.
WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.
MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.
Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone, Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweetwater Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.
Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.
G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

THE METROPOLITAN
Building and Savings Society
MONEY TO LOAN.
The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.
Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Ottawa 13th December, 1870. 1540tf1371

DROWNED.
Drowned at the Chaudiere, on SATURDAY last, AUGUSTINE CHABON. Any information which may lead to the recovery of the body, will be thankfully received by his father, at Mr. BRONSON'S Office, Chaudiere. The Boy was 11 years of age, had on grey stoffe pants, a grey vest, and a chequered white and red shirt.
Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

WANTED.
For a DAIRY FARM near the City, a MAN to drive a MILK WAGGON, and take general charge of Cows. Also a WOMAN, who understands the management of a DAIRY.
A married Man and Wife, without family, preferred. Liberal wages will be given to competent and reliable parties. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

FOR CHEAP READING,
GO TO
HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,
No. 38 Rideau Street.
The Latest Novels Always on Hand.
Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged.
Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

NEW CARPETS.
Allan, McKinnons & McMorran
Invite attention to the arrival of
NEW CARPETS.
to assort their STOCK, reduced by HEAVY SALES in this department.
The above have been selected with due regard to prevailing styles, permanency of color, and are GOOD VALUE, at prices marked.
They have on hand a large assortment of
DRESS GOODS,
In a great variety of fabrics, MUSLINS AND PRINTS in LATEST STYLES, and cheap
Great Bargains in
LACE SHAWLS,
From $1.50 to $40 Each,
Prices *Reduced One-Third*,
A special line of SILK JACKETS selling at *greatly Reduced Prices*.
A full assortment of MOURNING GOODS always in Stock.
N. B.—Fancy Linen and Cotton Shirtings on hand for the Summer Trade, SHIRTS made to MEASURE and GUARANTEED to FIT. GENTLEMEN will find it to their COMFORT and ADVANTAGE to bear this in mind.
ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN
SUCCESSORS TO
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,
No. 20 Sparks-St.
Ottawa, June 12, 871.

PORTER'S BLOCK,
34, SPARKS-ST. 34.
T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co
Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of
STAPLE AND FANCY
DRY GOODS
In their Temporary Premises,
And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good election,
EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.
Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.
Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of
NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,
NEW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS
Departments.
THE SALVAGE GOODS,
Amounting to Over $7,500,
SAVED FROM THE LATE FIRE
Will be cleared out at prices which will be sure to command sale.
Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low prices goods are marked.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,
PORTER'S BLOCK,
34 SPARKS STREET
Ottawa, March 30, 1871 163

WANTED TO RENT.
A small COTTAGE, about £30 per annum. Centre Town or Sandy Hill preferred.
Apply to C. E. L, TIMES Office.

FOR SALE.
Twenty-five Cords of good HARDWOOD, and 15 Cords of Seasoned HEMLOCK, for sale Low Prices, as the owner wants to go his home in the country. Apply to JOHN TIERS, at the Victoria Hotel, Paul street.
Ottawa, June 17, 1871 1694tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE
PULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS,
BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES
These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewe energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause, Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.
N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received
"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.
"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
"ALD. J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."
PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).
These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a lifetime of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.
PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.
PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.
B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 60s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Castel, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vitalenergy, £5 to £7.
The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Hapney, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.
No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.
A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.
J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W
Ottawa, september 6, 1870 1455 1awly

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 1st June, 1871.
GENERAL REGULATION
POST CARDS.
Under the authority of the Post Office Act 1867, Canada Post Cards bearing an impression stamp of one cent, and issued for sale to the public by this Department at one cent each, shall be, and shall be deemed to be, mailable matter within the meaning of the said Act, and shall pass as such throughout the Dominion without further charge for delivery from any post office or way office, subject to the following conditions:
1. The front or stamped side of the card is to be used for the address only, there must be nothing else either written or printed upon it.
2. On the other or reverse side, any communication, whether of the nature of a letter or otherwise, may be written or printed. Nothing whatever may be attached to the card, nor may it be folded, cut, or otherwise altered.
3. There must be no words, marks or designs, written, printed, or other wise placed on the cards of an obscene, indecent, immoral, libellous or grossly offensive character.
No 4. Post Cards can be posted a second time.
A. CAMPBELL,
1695 3 Postmaster General.

UNSURVEYED LANDS OF MANITOBA.
Extract of an Order in Counsil, dated 26th May, 1871.
Whereas the Public Survey of Manitoba cannot be effected in time to facilitate settlement on the lands by the numerous parties, now in, and those about emigrating to that Province, and it is deemed expedient temporarily to countenance settlements being made in advance of such Survey.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
1. That parties found upon the lands at the time of Survey, having settled upon and improved the same in good faith as settlers under the land regulations, will be protected in the enjoyment thereof, whether the same be pre-emption or homestead right, provided they respectively enter for such right with the Land Officer, and otherwise carry out the provisions of the said regulations in that behalf, within three months after the Survey shall have been made.
2. That on settling on the lands parties will require to bear in mind the systems of Survey adopted, by which the lines run due East and West and North and South, and the 160 acres or quarter section is an exact square of half a mile each way, under which system alone pre-emption or homestead rights based upon settlement previous to survey will be recognized.
J. C. AIKINS,
Secretary of State.
Department of the Secretary of State of Canada.
Ottawa, May 31st, 1871

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.
BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.
CHAPTER XII.
FACING THE FUTURE.
When a man is thrown from his horse, or falls from a scaffolding, or recovers his senses after a railway accident, he does not all at once realize the serious nature of the injuries which have been inflicted. He only knows that life is still in him, and thanks God for that mercy. Afterwards comes the knowledge—the suffering—the repining.
At the moment succeeding a great deliverance, the first instinct is gratitude; subsequently, when knowledge follows ignorance, when re-action ensues after excitement, when the danger is behind and the vista of years before—a cry ascends through the darkness: "Would that I had died!—why was I spared for this?
To Andrew Hardell "afterwards" had not yet arrived. But a few minutes previously, peril was present with him, and that peril could scarcely become all at once a memory of the past.
There was only a single feeling uppermost in his mind as he hurried along guided by David Johnstoun, and that was a wondering thankfulness at his deliverance.
As to the future, he was too bewildered to think of it. He was free—the trial was over—the danger past. As to the actual meaning of the verdict, he had not yet quite grasped it. He was spent, and he wanted rest. He was confused, and he needed time to collect his thoughts. He was faint, and he required food. He never could accurately remember what he felt like, while he walked through the twilight up the narrow streets, except that he was very glad.
He had not yet realized the nature of his hurt; it was not mortal he knew, and that was then enough for him to comprehend.
Out of the darkness they turned into an inn of the commoner description, where, around a blazing fire, a number of men were gathered drinking and smoking.
A comely, middle-aged woman was in the act of supplying one of her customers with another "noggin" of whiskey, when David beckoned and spoke to her in a low tone.
Instantly she bent her eyes on his companion with a look of curious inquiry, then, without a word, led the way up a narrow staircase, and into a bedroom on the first floor.
"Ye'll be quiet enough here," she said, setting the candlestick she carried down on small round table, and again favoring Andrew Hardell with the same look of irrepressible curiosity she had honored him with below. "And ye wad like something till eat—what will ye please to have?"
"I will come down wi' ye and see to that," David Johnstoun hurriedly interposed. "Will ye sit Mr. Hardell, and rest yourself a bit? and the pair departed from the room, leaving Andrew alone.
Then all at once there fell upon him such a sense of desolation as I might never hope to put into words; the comprehension of his position dropped down into his heart as a stone drops into a well, troubling the waters at the bottom.
He was not innocent—he knew that; and the sentence pronounced declared as much.
Not proven—aye, not proven in law—but there was not a creature in court—not an inhabitant of Dumfries—not even the waiter from the "King's Arms," the only friend who had stopped to congratulate him—that believed he was other than guilty.
They had hurried him through the kitchen that he might not be recognised. They had brought him up to his room, not that he might physically be more comfortable, but that mentally he should escape annoyance.
He looked round the appartment, in which no fire blazed cheerfully, which was only lighted by a solitary dip, and contrasted its cold dreariness with the warmth and coziness of the kitchen below.
He glanced at the bed placed in one corner, at the chest of drawers near the door, at the small round three-legged table where the candle was guttering down and making for itself a long wick with a cross of blackness at the top of the flame; he surveyed the empty grate and the strip of matting, and then his eye, still wandered round the room, fell on the looking glass.
Moved by a sudden impulse, he took up the light, and holding it closer to the mirror, beheld his own reflection.
He looked at himself with a bitter smile. He had been if not handsome, at least well-favored. His had been that sort of face which mothers bless as "bonnie," and women admire for its frank, fearless, honest comeliness. He had never boasted chiselled features, nor dreams poetic, speaking eyes. He had not been beautiful as a dream. In his best days no person could have said of him that he looked as though he had stepped down from the canvas of one of the old masters to walk among men—but yet he had been something more than passable, and he had been young.
Now he seemed young no longer; since he stood before a free man, another sculptor than nature had taken chisel and mallet in hand to alter work. His face was worn, his cheek hollow. There was a drawn expression about his mouth; his eyes were sunk; he had lines across his forehead; his hair was thin, and streaks of grey appeared amidst the brown; his clothes hung upon him, and the hand which held the candlestic looked, reflected in the glass, like the hand of a skeleton.
The beauty of his youth was gone, and the hope of his youth with it.
Life was as unlike the life he had previously stood on the heights of manhood and gazed over, as he himself was unlike the man who had mentally done great things and built many a pleasant habitation for himself in the bright days departed.
He replaced the candle on the table, and sat down waiting in patience for some one to come to him.
It seemed a long time that he remained alone, but at last the door was flung open, and David Johnstoun reappeared carrying a tray, on which were a dish of fried bacon and eggs, bread and the materials for whiskey punch.
In his best manner the waiter whipped the cover off the ham and eggs, presented the bread to Mr. Hardell, and would, seeing how white and ill he looked, have "mixed" for him, but that Andrew, pointing to the whiskey, said:
"I cannot take that; get me a cup of tea if you can—if not, water."
"The spirit will do ye more good," suggested the other; but Andrew shook his head.
"Take it away, I hate the smell of it," he said. "No disrespect to your national drink, Johnstoun, however," he added, seeing the man looked vexed and disappointed, "only I am not well, and the smell upsets me."

AMUSING.
There is a story of a Paris lady who was so overcome by her appetite as to eat her beloved lap-dog. After a hearty meal she looked down at the little heap of bones; tears fell from her eyes. "Poor Bijou!" she exclaimed, "how he would have enjoyed them!"
"It is a pleasant thing to reflect upon," says Dickens, "and furnishes a complete answer to those who contend for the gradual degeneration of the human species, that every baby born in the world is a finer one than the last."
During a fine starlight evening lately a juvenile astronomer, after a silent and profound scrutiny of the heavens, asked abruptly where the stars came from. Mama replied, "I don't know, Willie." Yes you do too." "No, Willie, I dont know

where the stars come from." "Well, you bet I do. The moon laid 'em."

Little Annie's parents had the minister an esteemed friend, stopping with them to tea. Annie watched him very closely, and finally sat down beside him and began to draw on her slate. "What are you doing Annie?" asked the clergyman. 'I'se making your picture.' So the gentleman sat very still, and she worked away earnestly for a while. Then she stopped and compared her work with the original, and shook her little head. "'Taint a great deal like you. I dess I'll put a tail on it and call it a dorg." Fancy his feelings! What a likeness there must have been!

PAPER HANGINGS.

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The Ottawa Times.

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MONDAY, JUNE 26, 1871.

Dr. H. Lawrie and Mr. E. W. Murray addressed a meeting at the church door, Buckingham, yesterday, in favour of Mr. Eddy will great success.

It must be admitted that our fellow-subjects at home are enjoying their full share of sensation trials just now. They have the Tichborne case, certainly the most extraordinary trial known for many years, the Eltham murder mystery, and now the alleged murder of young Mr. Moon by his mistress in Bayswater.

JUDGING BY THEIR ACTS.

"We do not want to see the present Government of Canada weakened" says a British Columbia contemporary. We should think not. The present Government of Canada risked everything in order to bring about the admission of British Columbia to the Dominion, upon terms which they believed, and which are now generally believed to be fair to the people of both countries. The members of the Opposition on the other hand did all they possibly could to prevent the Union. They not only underrated the value of the resources of the Pacific Colonies, but they sneered at the British Columbian people speaking of them as "a handful of whites and thousands of Choctaws," or words to that effect. Yet now that in spite of them the Union has been effected and the Pacific Railway scheme put under weigh, we should not be at all surprised to find these same men striving to curry favour with the British Columbians, and trying to persuade them that they are the best friends they have in the world. It would only be of a piece with the marvellous impudence which the Opposition have displayed before. We have seen them abusing Nova Scotians, and denouncing the Dominion Government for having granted them better terms. Yet in the face of this, and after all this abuse and denunciation, we have seen them cringing to Nova Scotia Anti-Unionists, and not only joining hands with them in opposition to the Government, but actually offering them better terms still, if by means of their alliance the present Government could be overthrown. In fact there is no amount of political trickery of this kind of which an Ontario Grit is not capable. "To be forewarned is to be forearmed." Our friends in the West have seen the leading Opposition journals which had been speaking of union with British Columbia, and the construction of the Pacific Railway as "urgent necessities of our position," suddenly turn round and work with the most determined energy to prevent either of these important political schemes from being carried into effect. From this they may judge what confidence can be placed in them, and how much real patriotism inspires them. The fact is that at the present moment the Grits of Ontario are ready to coalesce with any one who will consent to oppose the Government and help Messrs. Mackenzie and Blake to obtain office. We are not making a mere idle assertion when we say this. Their acts prove it to be the case. Let any unprejudiced man trace the career of the Grits since Confederation. Let him note well how they have sought to "hold with the hare and run with the hounds;" to please and cajole one sect or political clique one day, and coalesce with their opponents the next; how Annexationists, Independents, and every other type of political "riff raff," have had the Opposition organs making a bid for their support; and we will venture to affirm that he will come to the conclusion that a thorough going Grit is a man whose political views are about as corrupt and contemptible as those of the "Vicar of Bray" himself.

THE PREMIER AND THE TREATY.

It seems that people at a distance are able to form a clearer and more sensible opinion respecting the treaty of Washington and the position which the Commissioners occupied than many persons in Canada can do. The British Columbia journals, for instance, appear to understand that there was no "Canadian Commissioner," and that all the English Commissioners had to receive their instructions from the Imperial Government. The Victoria *Colonist* has some very sensible remarks on the subject, which, if not in all respects entirely correct, serve to show how much nearer to the truth a journalist can come who has only his own common sense to guide him, than one whose only aim in considering the treaty is to try and make a point against Sir John Macdonald. The *Colonist* says:—

"Sir John A. Macdonald was only one of the five Commissioners appointed by Great Britain to settle matters. Suppose he had adopted the extreme course suggested, would not the protocol have been killed and the labors of the Commission thrown away? Sir John, feeling the responsibility which devolved upon him as one of five Commissioners appointed to adjust disputes which might not impossibly otherwise seek the arbitrament of war, might be supposed rather to say, "I will join you in signing a protocol which proposes the adjustment of two Imperial disputes in a manner which meets with my hearty concurrence; but I must sign it with a reservation in so far as the disposition it proposes to make of the Fishery question is concerned; for, as a representative of Canada, I entirely disapprove of the mode by which it proposed to settle that question, and I desire to hold myself free to oppose it elsewhere and in another capacity. We can readily conceive that it was under such circumstances as these that Sir John A. Macdonald joined the other Commissioners in the protocol which has been so ill received in Canada."

Here is a journal which is certainly far beyond the reach of Ministerial influence able to understand Sir John Macdonald's position far better than the Grit journals of Canada profess to be able to do. But then the latter are only intent on deceiving their readers, while the *Colonist* is probably desirous of giving a fair and impartial statement of affairs, which, of course, makes all the difference possible.

HELIGOLAND.

A day or two since we made some reference to the island of Heligoland, and to the desire evinced by the Germans to become possessors of that island. If we may believe the telegrams, Bismarck has already proposed to purchase it from the Imperial Government, and Earl Granville has refused to entertain any propositions of the kind. We sincerely trust that if any demand has been made it has been stoutly resisted. Not only should we regret to see Great Britain give up one foot of her possessions, however worthless or insignificant, but there is no doubt that if Germany were to obtain possession of Heligoland the position of Great Britain as a European power would be much weakened. Situated as Heligoland is near the German coast and not far from the ship canal already in course of construction by means of which the Baltic and North seas will be brought into closer connection, and connected as it is with Great Britain by means of a sub-marine telegraph, Heligoland is a sort of outpost by means of which the movements of either the Russian or German fleets could be watched in the event of war. As long as England holds possession of Heligoland, the terrible national tragedy described in *Blackwood's Magazine* under the title of the "Battle of Dorking" can never be realised, because it would be utterly impossible for an immense naval force to be collected in North sea ports without the fact becoming known, and all its movements telegraphed from this look-out post. It is highly probable that the story as related in the telegram is from first to last a fiction, but if it is not, we are quite sure that throughout the Empire the only anxiety will be as to whether Mr. Gladstone's Government have a sufficient amount of nerve and courage to resist this iniquitous and unjustifiable demand.

THE WIZARD OF THE NORTH.

We have hitherto had little opportunity to refer to the proposed celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of one of the greatest writers of comparatively modern days, Sir Walter Scott. None the less, however, do we approve of the effort now being made in all English speaking communities, to do honour to the great novelist, who, both as an author and as a man, was richly entitled to our respect and esteem.

Compared with DICKENS, whose death occurred just one year ago, SCOTT failed in reproducing characters such as we meet with in every day life; his heroes and heroines were for the most part rather the creations of his own brilliant fancy than pictures from life. Dickens was a word painter who drew from life; Scott an artist who, to a large extent, depended upon his imagination for his characters. Still none the less is he entitled to rank among the greatest writers of the century, while the people of Scotland more especially owe him a great debt of gratitude for the fidelity with which he has pourtrayed the lovely scenery "of the land of the pibroch, the plaid and the heather," together with many of those events of interest which have served to make their land historic. Not only as a poet and novelist was he great and worthy to be remembered; the purity and honesty of his character also entitle him to be held in honour. At the age of fifty-five, it will be recollected, he found himself involved, through the failure of his publishing investments, to the extent of £150,000. Scarcely one man in an age would undertake at his time of life to pay a debt so enormous, but the great author set resolutely to work to remove this prodigious burden with his pen, and, to a great extent, succeeded in doing so.

We trust that in Canada, as well as elsewhere, his centennial birthday on the 15th of August next, will be duly commemorated, and that Ottawa will not be behind other cities in doing honour to the memory of the "WIZARD OF THE NORTH."

THE PERKINS AWARD.

The following is the award of the arbitrators in the dispute as to certain property in Queen street:

"We find and award that there is of right a street, or public highway in continuation of Queen street, and of the same width, straight from the terminus of Queen street aforesaid, near the Bay until it intersects said George street, near Pooley's bridge, as shown by the plan of part of lot No. 40, in concession A, in the township of Nepean, now within the limits of the City of Ottawa, drawn by Donald Kennedy for one John LeBreton, the former proprietor of said land, and deposited originally in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, and at present lying and being in the Registry office of the said City of Ottawa.

And we further find and award, that the said Lyman Perkins hath, as alleged and charged by the said the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, as aforesaid, placed, erected and built upon part of said Queen street, certain buildings and encroachments, and that he, the said Lyman Perkins still continues to hold the same.

And we further find and award, that the legal title to the premises in dispute between the said parties, and referred to us as aforesaid was, at the time the said Lyman Perkins placed, erected and built certain buildings and encroachments on the same, as aforesaid, and still is vested in the said Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

And we further find and award, that the said Lyman Perkins, by so placing, erecting and building upon the said premises in dispute as aforesaid, the said buildings and encroachments, and by so continuing the same as aforesaid, was, and still is a trespasser on the property of the said Corporation of the City of Ottawa. And with respect to so much of the matter referred to us as aforesaid, as empowers us to order what shall be done respecting the removal of the obstructions charged: we do hereby order, determine and direct, that the said Lyman Perkins shall within one month from the time of service upon him of notice of having made our reward of and concerning the matter referred to us, at his own expense, remove all and every building and obstruction so placed, erected and built by him upon the premises in dispute as aforesaid, and other, the obstructions charged; and we do further order, determine and direct, that the Corporation shall pay to the said Lyman Perkins, on demand, after he shall have removed as we have hereinbefore ordered and directed, all and every the said buildings and encroachments so placed, erected and built by him on the said premises in dispute as aforesaid, the sum of $250, which sum we award to him as equal to one moiety of the expense of the removal of said buildings and encroachments, and do hereby award, order, determine and direct, that each of the said parties shall bear and pay each his or their costs by him or them incurred in or about or incidental to the said reference, and that the cost of this our award shall be borne and paid by the said Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and said Lyman Perkins in equal moieties, and that if either of said parties shall pay the whole thereof for the purpose of taking up this our award, then, and in that case, order, determine and direct that the other party of them shall repay one moiety of the said costs of this our award to the party so taking up this our award.

(Signed)
E. McGILLIVRAY,
F. CLEMOW,
J. DURIE.

17th June, 1871.

Now it certainly seems, to say the least of it, an exceedingly strange proceeding, after having declared that Mr. Perkins has been a trespasser *ab initio*, and therefore altogether in the wrong, that he should, after having for several years enjoyed the use of this property, be paid $250 for removing the obstructions which he illegally erected upon land to which he had no claim, and that not content with this the arbitrators should saddle the city with the payment of all the cost incurred by the Corporation in obtaining possession of that portion of Queen street of which Mr. Perkins had wrongfully taken possession. We do not pretend to say what motives actuated the arbitrators in making such an award. We simply allude to the subject in the public interest as a matter that requires explanation. The question is why, if Mr. Perkins has illegally created an obstruction upon a public highway, are the citizens of Ottawa to pay him for the same? It is one that ought to be answered at once.

THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA ELECTION

At a meeting held at Chelsea on Saturday evening at 4½ p. m., Mr. G. Church, Sen. was elected Chairman, and Mr. Robt. A. Mather was requested to act as Secretary.

The Chairman explained that the object of the meeting was to give expression to the views of the candidates now in the field for the representation of the County in the Local Legislature.

It was moved by Mr. Wm. Patterson, and seconded by Mr. John Cameron, and resolved:—That this meeting, comprising a large number of the property holders and voters of this section hail with much satisfaction the candidature of E. B. Eddy, Esq., a man of liberal and progressive views, great energy of character, and an employer of a very large number of our people in his extensive mills and manufactories;

Moved by Mr. Norman Reid and seconded by Mr. John Blackburn, and resolved:—That the other candidates, Messrs. Walsh and Leduc, are comparative strangers in this county, that their claims upon our suffrages are based upon sectional and essentially unworthy considerations, and that the small interest they possess in the County, tends of itself, towards a want of confidence in them as representatives.

Moved by Mr. H. B. Prentiss, and seconded by Mr. Thomas Moore, and resolved, "*nem. con.*"—That this meeting having entire confidence in the ability, integrity and knowledge of the wants of the country in general, possessed by E. B. Eddy, Esq., hereby pledges itself to give him its unanimous support.

After a vote of thanks to the Chairman and Secretary, and three cheers for the Queen and E. B. Eddy, the meeting dispersed.

MEETING AT WAKEFIELD.

At a public meeting of the inhabitants of Wakefield, held at Wakefield Village, on the 24th of June, 1871, the Mayor presiding,

It was moved by James Robertson, Esq., seconded by Robert Earl, Esq., that this meeting has heard with pleasure, that E. B. Eddy, Esq., will allow himself to be nominated as a candidate for the representation of the county of Ottawa, at the ensuing election, and are resolved to take all legal means to cause his return to Parliament. They would also assure him of the cordial sympathy and support of the people of this township.

FAIR PLAY A JEWEL.

(From the London Herald.)

"We notice that Mr. Mackenzie's appointment to a position in an insurance company has been made the basis for a personal attack upon that gentleman. This is not right. However much the Grits may indulge in a low personal warfare, do not let us have anything of that kind on our side. Tet us fight with fair weapons or not fight at all."—*Ottawa Times.*

Our contemporary is right; we should deal gently with the erring. Obnoxious as Mr. Mackenzie may be, as one of the most factious of the Grit Communists, there are worse men than he in the country. Pitch into him politically when necessary, but avoid all attacks on private character.

PERSONAL.

Last Tuesday closed the 24th year of the reign of Queen Victoria.

Rocheforte has inherited the title of Marquis by the death of his father.

Giovanni Maria Mastai Ferretti was the Pope's name before he became Pius.

The estate of Vallandigham, clear of incumbrance, is valued at upwards of $40,000.

Louisa Muhlbach's last novel, just published, is entitled "The Victims of Religious Fanaticism."

The value of the bronzes, statues, and pictures destroyed by the Communists in Adolphe Thiers' private residence in Paris is estimated at $500,000.

Disraeli and Lord Bute have taken dinner together, a circumstance which indicates that Lothair is not greatly offended at the liberties taken with his career by the novelist.

Baron Meyer Rothschild, who won the Derby and the Oaks, is stated to be quite a pauper member of the family, and has only about $2,000,000 a year. Poor fellow!

Bismarck, in a recent private letter to a friend in Berlin, said that all the stories of his health were pure inventions; and that he has never been better than he has been in the last five years, and that all accounts to the contrary are pure inventions.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks. —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills.' Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London d1509 1y

Great Bargains in Lace Shawls. Prices reduced one-third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks St.

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

BARRIE.

FEARFUL CONFLAGRATION.

Special to The TIMES.

TORONTO, June 24.

A fearful conflagration broke out in the flourishing town of Barrie, about 1 p.m., and is still raging, and about 60 buildings are already consumed. A steam fire engine has been despatched from Toronto to the scene of the conflagration.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 24, 1871.

Mr. Bellingham this evening publishes a long letter to the electors of Argenteuil, stating his motives for coming out, and thanking them for his return.

Hon. Mr. Dorion, defeated in Hochelaga yesterday, stands for Chateauguay, Laberge consenting to retire in his favour.

Mr. Carter, defeated in Montreal Centre yesterday, decides to contest the county with Dorion, and left this afternoon to prosecute the canvass. The nomination takes place on the 30th instant.

The Volunteer Camp at Laprarie will be formally opened on Tuesday. Tents, stores and ammunition are being sent over, in readiness for the arrival of the volunteers by Monday evening.

The ferry steamer *Laprarie* has been disabled and the Government steamer at Sorel which was yesterday ordered here to replace the *Laprarie* to carry over militia stores, also got disabled on her way, and returned to Sorel.

The Quarter Masters and advance guards are ordered to-day to proceed by St. Lamberts, and the staff are all going over into camp early on Monday morning. A detachment of Victorias and Hochelaga Rifles left to-day as fatigue and guard party for the stores, &c., already at the camp.

A special wire and tent telegraph office will be established at the camp, and every facility be offered to accredited representatives of the press.

To day at the festival of St Jean Baptiste High Mass was said in the Parish Church. There was no procession.

Weather cool and pleasant.

Midnight Despatches.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—At the time Admiral Rogers started on the Corean expedition, only a portion of his fleet was available for that purpose. His orders from the department, however, contemplates the employment of all the force at his disposal for the purpose of expedition.

Orders were transmitted to Captain T. H. Stevens, commanding the United States' ship, *Guerrere*, for that ship to join the Asiatic fleet without delay. It is understood that orders have been issued to other vessels to proceed eastward and report to Admiral Rogers.

The Corean question assumes additional importance from the fact that both the English and Prussian Governments have ordered their ministers to remain in this country until fuller advices are received regarding the action of Admiral Rogers.

A letter was received at the Executive mansion yesterday for the President from Mayor Hall of New York in which the Mayor submits to the President the question whether in the case he inclines favourably to C. C. Bowen's petition for pardon, Bowen ought not to disclose the means by which he procured the false and fraudulent decree of the alleged divorce through the Deputy Clerk from the office of the County Clerk in New York and without the knowledge of the latter. The official County Clerk desires information so as to punish the guilty parties. The letter will be sent to the President at Long Branch.

PARIS, June 24.—The Court of Cassation will henceforth sit in Paris.

The *Patrie* states that the second postponement of the trial of Rochefort, Assy, Rossel and Courbet is in consequence of the elections. Albert Jolly defends Rochefort.

Forty-seven ships of the French navy have been disarmed and 12,000 sailors dismissed from service.

The Directors of the Bank of France have not yet commenced the publication of their weekly returns as they are waiting for the detailed reports of the Branches of the Bank.

LONDON, June 25.—The *Observer* of to-day says, the programme of the Orleanists in case the elections should show a monarchial majority in the assembly is to move the establishment of a constitution of a monarchy and when it is adopted to to offer the throne to Count de Chambord. Should he find the proposition inconsistent with his dignity, the crown is to be tendered to Count de Paris.

Duke d'Chartres and Prince de Joinville returned to England yesterday.

PARIS, June 25.—The review at Long Champs has been again adjourned.

The *Constitutionel* protests against the absence of the Assembly which deprives Paris of its metropolitan character, and justifies the German view, that order in the capital is still disturbed.

The official journal publishes an address received from thirty-six of the Departments of France expressing confidence in the Assembly and in the Executive.

The Bank of France will to-morrow recommence the receipt of deposits, and will pay arrears of pensions, etc. on the 1st of July.

M. Cochin, Prefect of the Seine, appeals to the inhabitants to rally in support of the republic, their only means of safety.

Duke d'Aumale is in Paris.

Prince Joachim Murat has returned to England.

Gambetta offers his services to the Republic.

The story which has obtained currency that Prussia has made representations against the review to be held at Long Champs is false.

LONDON, June 24.—The annual banquet of the Cobden Club came off last evening. The prominent speech of the occasion was made by Earl Granville. In the course of his remarks he said that if the definitive proposals in reference to the French Treaty of Commerce were made to Her Majesty's Government they would be received with most friendly consideration. Passing to the Treaty of Washington Earl Granville said Cobden always desired that America and England should be connected by ties of the warmest character. The speaker then praised the labours of Ripon and Prof. Montagu Bernard in the High Commission, and spoke of the settlement of the Alabama question as a great and good work, both in its relations to past and future, showing how dissensions which were perhaps the commencement of quarrels should be settled, leaving behind only friendship and good will. Granville in continuation of his remarks alluded to the United States as holding striking protectionist opinions, but declared his belief that the people of that country are fast coming to the conclusion that it is unprofitable to continue the collection of the enormous tariffs. The Earl also spoke in high praise of the efforts of the United States to pay off its debt, and in conclusion expressed the hope that the two countries would always be friends.

The Marquis of Ripon made a brief speech in which he maintained that the Treaty of Washington was an equal contract between free neighbours.

MADRID, June 25.—Marshal Serrano has been entrusted with the formation of a new ministry, and is expected to succeed in his task.

LISBON, June 25.—The Emperor of Brazil will leave Lisbon to-morrow for France.

The Emperor and Empress of Brazil will make visits to Bayonne, Paris, Germany, England, and Italy, and return to Brazil in February next.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 25.—The Porte has accepted the resignation of Gregory, patriarch of the Greeks and the Synod Assembly of Greek Church has elected a provisional Patriarch.

QUEENSTOWN, June 25.—*SS. Malta*, from Boston, has arrived.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Chas. E Beamen, Jr., of New York has recently been employed by the Department of State to arrange voluminous papers now on file in relation to the Alabama claims for their presentation to the tribunal of arbitration under the treaty of Washington.

A petition addressed to the President is in circulation, asking the pardon of C.C. Bowen, recently convicted of bigamy. It has been signed by persons irrespective of politics.

In the Erie reference case before Judge Blatchford a motion was made by the counsel for Heath and Raphael, defendants, to compel Gould to return to the defendants the thirty thousand shares stock now at litigation. Judge Beach contended that Jay Gould was not a party to the suit, and was wholly unacquainted with the contents of the immense bundle of papers served upon him with the notice of motion. The counsel read an affidavit by Jay Gould wherein he stated that he knew nothing of the case, and was not ready with his answer. A similar affidavit asking for delay was made by Jas. Fisk, jr. and Mr. Stoughton. Further hearing of the case takes place on Thursday night.

BRUSSELS, June 25.—All is quiet at Verviers, and no demonstration has been made by the workingmen.

Saturday's Midnight.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—President Grant will be in the city on Friday of next week, and it is understood a Cabinet meeting will be held on that day.

In reply to an enquiry whether tonnage can be legally collected on canal boats trading with Canada by inland routes in case the boats are unprovided with sails or with steam power, the Secretary of the Treasury decides that such boats are subjected to the same regulations in regard to the payment of a tonnage tax as other vessels of the United States.

NEW YORK, June 24.—The *Herald's* despatch from Berlin on the 23rd says, An imperative demand has been made for the immediate payment of the first instalment of the indemnity which it was agreed should be paid in thirty days after the re-establishment of the Versaillist authority.

NEW YORK, 24.—An effort is being made by ex-Judge Stewart to procure the stay of the execution of judgment in the case of William Foster Putnam, the murderer. The decision is expected on Monday

LONDON, June 24.—The American consul and suite have arrived at Tangier from Fez.

PARIS, June 24.—The *Echo of Commerce* to-day announces its adherence to the Republican Union.

The present effective artillery force of France consists of four hundred batteries or 4,043 guns.

Gen. Bourbaki has completely recovered from his wounds, and has been appointed to the command at Lyons.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 23.—Hostilities have broken out among the rival clans in the Feejee Islands, and cannibalism is being indulged in to an unlimited extent by the Levoni faction, who recently professed Christianity.

King Thakamba is getting his forces ready to attack the revolting Cannibals.

VERSAILLES, June 24.—An official journal of to-day says, General Sallemand has raised the blockade of Fort National, in Algeria, after a spirited fight with a loss of only 8 killed and 30 wounded.

SIOUX CITY, IOWA, June 24.—The steamer *Ida Rees*, No. 2, struck a sand bar and sunk, near the mouth of White River, on the night of the 20th. The boat and cargo, valued at $20,000 is a total loss. All passengers saved.

PARIS, June 24.—There is great distress in Paris, and a large number of people are constantly applying to the parish authorities for relief. It is calculated that there are two hundred and forty thousand creatures of charity in the city. Labour is scarce and there is uneasiness relative to the payment of over due rent.

Returning prisoners unanimously say the German people are friendly, but that the authorities treated them harshly.

The *Verite* expresses a belief that the Polytechnic School will soon be suppressed and that St. Cyr will become the Infantry, Cavalry and Artillery School, from which all foreigners are to be excluded.

A funeral service will be held on Monday, in honor of the members of the Republican Guard who were assasinated while in the hands of the Communists as hostages.

Mr. Pascal Duprot publishes a letter to Thiers, declaring his adherence to the Government and demanding that a state of siege be raised.

It is stated that Mr. Vermoral died in the following manner: Mounting a barricade, he flourished his cane and exclaimed: "I came to die and not to fight." A dozen bullets pierced his body and he fell dead.

Mr. Renan will, it is announced, take up his residence in Venice.

CHICAGO, June 24.—A new disease has recently attacked hogs in Fulton County, Illinois. It is different in its symptoms from hog cholera, and seems more like congestive chills as manifested in human beings. When hogs are attacked they huddle up together for warmth, and chill is followed by fever, when they soon die. Percentage of deaths is large.

BRUSSELS, June 24.—The Burgo master of Verviers fearing that the Internationals will attempt to create disturbances to-morrow, has issued a proclamation reciting law against disorderly gatherings and calling the Generals d'Armes and civic guard under arms.

MADRID, June 24.—The King has summoned the Presidents of the Senate and Chamber of Deputies to consultation. His majesty has up to the present time refused to accept resignations of ministers.

BOMBAY, June 24.—Yakoob Kham since the capture of Heret, has met with further success and is marching on Candatar.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

NEW YORK, June 23.—The steamer *Maine* from Bremen has arrived.

A *Herald* despatch from Berlin says a serious complication has arisen between Germany and England, and severe despatches are passing between Bismarck and Granville. The Government observes impenetrable silence on the subject of the present difficulty, but I am informed that Bismarck has addressed a note to the German representative in London, informing him that the Imperial Government desired to acquire the island of Heligoland, and empowering him to make propositions to the British Government for the purchase of the island. Earl Granville replied in the same manner, saying the British Government could entertain no propositions looking to the cession of that island, upon which Bismarck again addressed the British Government through Count Bernstorffe, declaring that the acquisition of Heligoland was necessary to the protection of the German coast, reciting as an instance the facilities for coaling and the immunity from attack which the French fleet enjoyed at Heligoland, by which it was enabled to blockade Hamburg and paralize the commerce of the German coast. He looked upon Heligoland, on account of its close proximity, as German territory, and its possession by any foreign power as a standing menace to Germany. Earl Granville again replied, that England was only bound to consider her own interests, and that the wish of the German Government to acquire Heligoland did not constitute her right to it, as the island had never been under German rule.

ST. LOUIS, June 23.—The hemp and bagging factory of J. S. Little & Co. was destroyed by fire last evening. Loss—between $40,000 and $50,000. The foundry and machine shop of Collins & Halliday opposite was somewhat damaged by the water insured.

NEW YORK, June 23.—A terrible tragedy occured on Tuesday on Barren Island, which is situated between Coney Island and Farrackaway on Long Island. A fisherman named Daniel Ridder, of Belleport, while fishing near this island landed for water. Upon gaining the beach Ridder was first attacked by three savage bloodhounds who lacerated his limbs in a terrible manner, but Ridder nearly succeeded in regaining his sloop when five more ferocious dogs pounced upon him, throwing him upon his back, and gnawing his back and breast fearfully, Captain Petty, of Belleport, and a friend who were in a yatch about a mile distant saw the whole affair and hastened to the rescue. Ridder was found nearly dead from the loss of blood, with his clothes entirely stripped from his body. There are no hopes for his recovery.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 23.—Joseph Messner, the wife murderer, was this forenoon sentenced to be hung on the 11th of August next. This is the second time he has been sentenced.

PARIS, June 24.—The Orleans Princes will not return to their estates at Chautilly until the Prussians have evacuated the Department of Oiz.

It is reported that the trial of Assy, Rossel and Rochefort has been postponed in consequence of the discovery of papers containing additional evidence.

Gambetta declines to run for the Assembly, because, he says, the present Chamber is an illegal body.

A letter is published from Baron Haussman, in which he promises to accept the decision of the country as to the future form of Government.

A HEATHEN HOLOCAUST.

An account has already been given in THE TIMES of the burning of the ship Don Juan at sea with 650 coolies on board, most of whom perished in the flames. The following statement of one of the survivors is found in *The Overland China Mail* of May 12.

When I came on deck the boat was a *cheung* (about thirteen feet) from the ship. A great many Chinese wanted to swim to the boat. A mast was floating on the water, and a great many were clinging to it. The boat was close to the mast and I was standing at the side of the burning ship, intending to jump into the water to get hold of the spar. The Europeans in the boats warned us not to go near with swords, and one of them, a short man had a pistol in his hand. He fired at me and shot me on the leg. The bullet is not extracted yet; it is a small bullet. I fell down and became insensible. My friend, Ashea, let me down to the mast by a rope fastened around my body. The men clung to the mast, and we all called out for help.

THE RESCUE.

I was picked up by a fishing junk that passed in the evening of the same day the fire occurred. The junkmen wanted us to give them money before they would pick us up. I had some money with me, $5, the balance of my advance of $8 at the barracoon. I paid them $5, and the junkmen picked me up. The junkmen refused to take in my companions, four in number, because they had no money to pay them. These four men wanted to get into this junk, but the junkmen pushed them back, and they had to remain on the spar. I do not know the number of the junk. When I was picked up I could see that there were over ten others floating on a spar a long way off. The junk took me to Hong-Kong. My treatment on board the fishing junk was very good, but I could not eat, as my pain is very great. I could not tell how the fire originated. On our way here in that fishing junk we saw many persons on the water, but the junk people would not receive them as they had no money. Before I left the burning wreck *I saw blood ooze out from the sides of the vessel, from the hold where the coolies were lodged.*

STATEMENT OF THE SEAMEN.

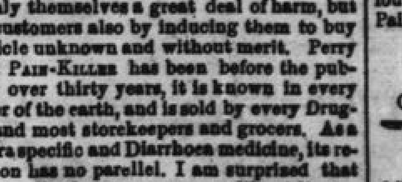
About 9 A. M. on Saturday—so runs the seamen's story—the Chinese mutinied, revolted, showed signs of taking possession. They tore up their berths and woodwork about their bunks, and using the planks as a battering-ram they broke down the bulkhead and got into the lazarette, which was directly aft. This was when about a hundred miles from land, steering east. Having got through the bulkhead and into the lazarette the coolies piled up the lumber thus torn up and set fire to the ship by its means. When those on deck saw what the "passengers" had done, a hose was got down into the hold; but the coolies deliberately threw it over board through one of the side-lights. The fire was apparently lighted aft, with the purpose of forcing all those living overhead to go forward and thus simplify the capture of the vessel. It is even said that, on being asked through the grating what they wanted, the coolies declared their intention of taking the ship. However improbable this may appear, it is alleged the the coolies openly stated their purpose. It is presumed that they expected the fire would be easily extinguished, and that they never anticipated the horrible death in store for them.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurse in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and succes by millions of mothers and children, from the feble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World; in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuie unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine dealers. 25 cents a bottle. Office 215 Fulton street, New York; and 493 Oxford street, London.

Be sure and call for
"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"
Having the fac-simili of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitions.

☞ After war pestilence and intemperance—colds lead to the greatest destruction of human life, mainly, because it considered by many to be of no consequence and hence systematically neglected untill a simple, curable disease, is converted into a fatal pulmonary one. Everyone troubled with what is called a slight cold or cough, should immediately use Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—they allay irritation at once, and exert a most beneficial influence on all the Bronchial and Pulmonary organs Sold by all Druggists and Country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box.



Husband:—I shall know then better hereafter, Druggists and Storekeepers are doing not only themselves a great deal of harm, but their customers also by inducing them to buy an article unknown and without merit. Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER has been before the public for over thirty years, it is known in every quarter of the earth, and is sold by every Druggists and most storekeepers and grocers. As a Cholera specific and Diarrhoea medicine, its reputation has no parellel. I am surprised that we have lived so many years without it.

Wife:—Charles, the reason is you you have been taking whatever the storekeeper would recommend, we have always had a bottle of Pain Cure or Reliever or Pain Remedy or some such trash in the house, we have tried them over and over again.

Husband:—And that is just the reason I objected to try the PAIN-KILLER on my Rheumatism, thought it was like those other things a humbug

(To be continued.)

Be sure and get the genuine PAIN-KILLER, only 5 cts. per bottle. Beware of counter-

FOUND

A Pocket Book containing a small sum of money. The loser can have it by proving property and paying for advertisements.

O LATREMOUILLE
Dry Goods Merchant
Sussex Street

Ottawa, June 23, 1871 1699-3

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co, OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.

Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.
C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE.

The subscriber has been instructed by MAJOR DOUGLAS, to offer for sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the UNION HOUSE, on the 1st day of JULY next, at 11 o'clock, a m.

THE HOMESTEAD OF RIVER VIEW.

The land comprises four and a half acres The House is very commodious, with suitable outbuildings of every description, and a well of good spring water in the back Kitchen.

River View is situated on the Richmond Road, two miles and three quarters from the City limits; the property running back from the Richmond Road, to the Canada Central Railway, on which a station is about to be established immediately in the rear of the property.

The House and premises can be seen any day until the time of sale.

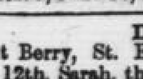
J BERMINGHAM
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 19, 1871 1695td

LOST.

A Slate colored BIRD, with a black stripe on the top of the head, and without tail, of the catbird species. The bird flew away from the residence of L. F. DUFRESNE, corner of Nelson and Theodore-sts. It is believed to be in one of the neighboring houses. Any one returning it to the owner, will be suitably rewarded.

L. F. DUFRESNE,
Receiver General's Department.
Ottawa, June 24, 1871 1701 3



TO RENT.—A large STONE BUILDING, on the north side of Sparks street, in rear of the Bank of British North America, formerly occupied by Mrs. DUIGNAN. The House is in good condition, having been thoroughly renovated.

Terms can be known by applying to JAS. SLATER, or at the office of Sparks Estate.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 1701a

DIED.

At Berry, St. Edmund's, England, on the 12th, Sarah, the wife of Edwin Gould, Esq., cashier at Oak's Bevans Bank, and sister of John Kidd, of the Governor General's office.

On the 18th, suddenly, the day of his mother's funeral, the wife of Alfred Gould, Esq., of Barclay's Bank, London.

FARM FOR SALE.

For Sale, the south half of Lot No. 7, in the 4th Concession R. F., about 100 acres, of which 70 acres are cleared—new House and Barn—constant supply of soft and hard water on the premises. Terms easy.

For particulars apply to LEWIS & PINHEY, Ottawa, or to the undersigned,

JAS. SEVERIGHT,
Gloucester.

Gloucester, June 24, 1871 1700 3

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager.
Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

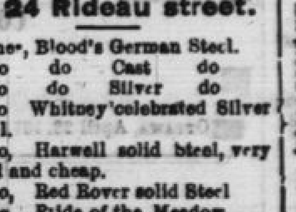
HARDWARE! HARDWARE!!

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES,

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



No. 24 Rideau street.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid bteel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.

All ground ready for use.

Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs. Hay Rakes, straight and bent, Scythe Stones, &c. &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarrie; Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

DOMINION DAY.

AT HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

—ON THE—

EVENING OF JULY THE 1st,

(By Special Request),

The Ottawa Rifles' Amateur DRAMATIC CLUB,

Will again render the popular Drama, entitled,

THE CROSS OF ST. JOHN'S
OR THE GAMBLER'S FATE.

To conclude with the laughable farce,

The Irishman's Adventures, OR THE REVIEW.

Music by the O. B. G. A. Band,

Proceeds to aid in forming a Fife and Drum Band for the Rifle Corps.

Admittance—Parquette, 50c.; Gallery, 25c. Doors open at 7.30 p.m.; Curtain rises at 8

Ottawa, June 24, 1871 1700e

COMING.

G. F. BAILEY & Co's

Great Allied Attractions,

—AND—

COLOSSAL COMBINATION EXHIBITIONS!

Will exhibit in OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, JUNE 28 & 29.

The Largest and most Comprehensive

MENAGERIE

On Earth.

A CLASSIC

ITALIAN HIPPODROME,

An Extensive

AVIARY,

And a

First-Class Circus,

All for the SINGLE ADMISSION FEE of FIFTY CENTS.

Under Stupendous Pavilions,

Separate and distinct from each other, and each one larger than any Circus Tent ever used.

Extraordinary Collection of

BEAUTIFUL TROPICAL BIRDS,

Of every hue and color

ELEPHANTS AND DROMEDARIES

IN PROCESSION.

Enormous Black Rhinoceros,

Weighing over 4,000 lbs.; the largest and most perfect specimen ever imported.

A TRIO OF

BABY LIONS,

With their Royal Dam.

The Imperial Lion

"CHARLEMAGNE,"

Celebrated throughout the continent as the largest and most magnificent specimen of the "King of the Forest" ever exhibited in the Old World, or the New.

Immense WHITE, or POLAR BEAR.

SOUTH AFRICAN BLES-BOC.

A very rare animal, and entirely new to this country.

A large Colony of APES, MONKEYS and BABOONS.

20 GREAT DENS

Well filled with the wonders of the forest, wilderness and jungle For a full description of which see small bills.

QUAGLIANI'S,

ITALIAN HIPPODROME AND CIRCUS,

Led by

THE GREAT SEBASTIAN,
THE GREAT SEBASTIAN,
THE GREAT SEBASTIAN

Whose standing challenge of 10,000 DOLLARS to produce his equal as a Bareback and Hurdle Rider, is open to the world, and has never been accepted.

Mlle. MARIE,

Premiere Equestrienne in her classic and daring specialities.

TEESE & KING,

The challenge Gymnasts and Athletes.

GEO. M. CLARK,

The universal favorite Clown, wit and jester

SIGNOR FARRANTA,

The Boneless Man or Anatomical Paradox.

GEO. DERIOUS,

The great Man Monkey, in his comical act entitled the GORILLA on HORSEBACK.

21 acts in the Ring—All novel and original.

GORGEOUS and MAGNIFICENT HOLIDAY PAGEANT in the public streets. The most imposing and attractive procession of the period.

All the Exhibitions above Advertised for the Single Admission Fee of FIFTY CENTS.

One Ticket admits to either or all

☞ EXTRA AMUSEMENT ☜

The management have succeeded in effecting a brief engagement with the beautiful Young Funambulist, Mlle. JOSEPHINE DeVERRIER, who will each day, at half-past 12 o'clock, p.m., make an Outside Ascension on a SINGLE WIRE, from the ground to the extreme summit of the Centre Pole. This difficult and daring feat has never been successfully accomplished by any other Lady, and is given as a GRATUITY to the PEOPLE and is FREE TO EVERYBODY.

Ottawa, June 23, 1871 1699 6

PIANOS FOR SALE
AND TO RENT.

Mr. A. Peterson, Agent for A. & S. Nordheimer, Toronto, begs to announce that he has a very fine assortment of Pianos and Organs on Exhibition, at Cowan's Store, and will be happy to show them to any Lady or Gentleman who may favour him with a call. Second-hand Pianos and Organs taken in Exchange, and new Pianos rented on reasonable terms.

Ottawa, June 30, 1871 1701tf

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

A large lot of New Carpets just received at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks Street.

PERSONAL.—Mr. A. Peterson, agent for A. & S. Nordheimer, Toronto, is in town, and may be seen at Mr. Gowans' music store, Sparks street, where he has some fine pianos for sale and to rent.

FALSE ALARM.—An alarm of fire on Saturday evening created much excitement in the city. A brush heap in Rochesterville was burned and hence the alarm.

BASE BALL MATCH.—The Ottawa Base Ball Club have challenged the Kemptville Club to play a match in Ottawa, on the 28th ult. The challenge has been excepted, and the match will be played on Parliament square, at 1 p.m. The Ottawa Club will also play 12 members of the Ottawa Cricket Club, a base ball match on Parliament square, to-morrow.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

MONEY TO LEND. Apply to R.A. Bradley Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—G Robertson, Kingston; A Peterson, Toronto; Gastin F Hubbard and Wife, Connecticut, U S; W T Burrow and Wife, do; Alex Manning, Toronto; H Stone, Rochester, N. Y.; Mr and Mrs Walker and Nurse, Pembroke; D Bell, do; John Poupore, Chichester; Hon G Bryson, Mansfield; D. McInnis, do; John Bryson, do; M Wheatley, Anderson, Quebec; Jas Cropper, England; Charles J Cropper, do; Willis Coates, Toronto; John F Boswell, Prescott; John Mather, Gatineau Mills; Wm. Mohr, Fitzroy.

CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE.—G. F. Bailey & Co's. Colossal Combination of Exhibitions will be in this city on Wednesday and Thursday next. The combination is one of the largest and best that has ever come to Canada, employing, as it does, over 200 horses and 150 men. Of course every person in the city and neighborhood will go and see it.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

RUN OVER.—During the general rush at the alarm of fire on Saturday night a little boy was run over by a horse and carriage opposite Gowan's Hall, Sparks street. He was first knocked down by the horse and the wheels of the carriage ran over his body and strange to say, the little fellow was but very slightly injured. He walked away after a few moments.

The extensive sale of property belonging to the McKay estate, by Mr. Rowe, auctioneer, on Saturday, was, we understand, a great success, and a large number of lots were sold. The prices realized for the Village Lots were very fair. The villa property, that especially in the immediate vicinity of Rideau Hall brought excellent prices, and were bought principally by parties intending to build for private residences.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

GENTLEMEN,—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

ST. JEAN BAPTISTE CELEBRATION IN HULL.

Hull, that thriving and ambitious village across the river, showed off in holiday attire in honor of St. Jean Baptiste on Saturday last. Early in the morning the principal streets were tastefully bordered with trees, and the houses hung with drapery, devices, &c., &c. Flags innumerable fluttered lazily in the breeze, and every Frenchman did his utmost to make things look as gay as possible, and the celebration passed off with much *eclat*.

Mass was attended in the morning, the Rev. Father Pallier delivering an excellent sermon, after which the procession headed by the Hull band walked through the principal streets. The Victoria Fire Company dressed in their new uniform took part in the procession and looked reallywell. The procession being over and it being understood that speeches would be delivered in Leduc's Gardens, thither every one bents his steps. Of course Mr. Leduc had his grounds in splendid order as they always are with abundant accommodation and refreshments. The population of Hull being by this time collected in the Gardens, speech making was commenced and continued for over an hour, several gentlemen taking advantage of the occasion to speak politics or patriotism, or both. Among others who spoke were the Rev. Father Gladu, M. Marcil, advocate and M. Lachapelle, who made a stirring political speech. People then considered it time to replenish their stomachs and they accordingly left the gardens with that end in view. The day was rapidly wearing away however and much time was not to be wasted, for the gayest hours were yet before them. By 3 o'clock the Gardens were again thronged with lads and ladies, and Marier's Band striking up a stirring air, dancing commenced to continue until "early in the morning."

There were no disturbances during the day and in conclusion we must say that the celebration was highly creditable to the Hullites.

AN ABUNDANT HARVEST.

INFORMATION FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS.

There is every prospect now that the Ottawa Valley will be blessed with a most abundant harvest this year. Farmers rejoice at the prospect, and well they may. We most heartily intermingle our rejoicings with theirs, and send them our friendly congratulations. But simple expressions never show a person's sincerity, for congratulatory words now-a-days are known to have their source more generally in the mind than the heart; therefore, to demonstrate how unaffectedly we are the farmer's friend, we will on this, as on all other occasions, afford him a tangible benefit, and this we cannot more effectually do than by informing him where the best and cheapest hardware is to be had—at the sign of the Anvil, 24, Rideau street, Ottawa. Farmers may rely on us that it is the best and cheapest hardware store in the city, and it would afford us much pleasure if they would give the "Sign of the Anvil" a call, and satisfy themselves as to the truth of our statement. We don't believe there is a farmer about Ottawa who has not tried Mr. Birkett's scythes, and declared them superior to anything ever used by him. There are the Silver steel Scythe, the Red Rover, the Pride of the Meadow, the King of the Field, &c., &c, all splendid articles. Also, see his scythe stones hay forks, rakes and hoes—for though the Colorado bug is already attending to the potatoes, he will probably leave some work for the farmer. Everything that can be had in a first class store can be had at Mr. Birkitt's. To builders and other inhabitants of the city we need say nothing, as their extensive patronage extended to Mr. Berkett shows that they have learned by experience where to buy their hardware. This piece of advice is especially for our country friends, for whom our constant wish is that they may prosper.

CRICKET.

The match played on Saturday last between the married and single members of the Ottawa Cricket Club resulted in favor of the bachelors, one innings each only being played.

Ford for the single men and Scott for the married did some good batting as will be seen from the following score:

SINGLE.

H A Ford b Scott	29
J S Smith b Scott	3
W Vennor b Scott	3
H V Meredith, hit wicket, b Carter	3
J D Patterson c Phillips b Carter	0
W Chesterton, not out	3
W F Egan b Scott	4
F Cotton b Peden	0
E Parlow b Peden	0
J Cavanagh b Scott	0
E N Benjamin b Scott	2
Byes	3
Leg byes	8
Wides	22
	80

MARRIED.

Rev T D Phillips b Meredith	0
G P Baker run out	5
C S Scott c & b Meredith	12
W Carter b Benjamin	3
Laumann b Meredith	2
R Lyon c Barlow b Benjamin	1
E B Crombie b Benjamin	5
C Hoy not out	1
A G Peden c & b Meredith	1
C Grayburn run out	0
S A McMurtry c Benjamin b Meredith	0
Byes	2
Leg byes	1
Wides	4
	37

AN END TO SABBATH WORK.—Slater, Esq., Superintendent of the Rideau Canal, has issued a stringent order prohibiting work of any description on the canal on Sundays. This is a timely step and proper one.

WATER WORKS.—ANOTHER STEP.—Mr Mosgrove, chairman of the Water Works Committee, has received a telegram from D. M. Green, Esq., C. E., of Troy, N. Y., signifying his acceptance of the offer of the Corporation of Ottawa, and stating that he will be here in a few days to report on the best system of Water Works for this city. The committee seem to be in earnest and we hope that the capital will be supplied with plenty of water within a reasonable time. As we have done heretofore we shall watch closely the action of the committee and engineer, and report progress in the matter to the public. There is, we are happy to state, a general conviction in the city now that Water Works are a necessity in Ottawa, and we hope to have them with due despatch.

THE MARKET—Saturday.—The attendance on the market this morning was small, as is generally the case on Saturdays.

The Colorado Potato Bug has commenced his depredations about Ottawa.

The sidewalks are undergoing general repairs.

St. Jean Baptiste's day will be grandly celebrated in Ottawa on Monday.

POLICE COURT—Saturday.—A case of selling liquor without license was dismissed.

A young man was charged with refusing to fulfill an agreement to hire made with a farmer. Case dismissed.

Mrs. Malo was charged with keeping a disorderly house. Case adjourned.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the desease and give almost instant relief.

The TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in low localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than any other articles.

OBTAIN only BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless Immitations that may be offered.

"TROCHES," SO-CALLED SOLD BY THE OUNCE, are a poor immitation and nothing like Brown's Bronchial Troches, which are sold only in boxes with fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

Outside wrapper of box, and private government stamp attached to each box.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

OTTAWA.

Monday, 19th June, 1871.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Public Works, and under the authority given by the 58th section of the Act 31st Vic., Cap. 12, intituled: "An Act respecting the Public Works of Canada." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following Tolls shall be and they are hereby imposed and authorized to be levied and collected on Vessels Passing through the St. Peter's Canal, in the Island of Cape Breton, Province of Nova Scotia, viz.:—

On each and every Vessel in ballast passing through the said Canal, two cents per ton each way.

On each and every Vessel loaded passing through the said Canal, five cents per ton each way.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

1699 6

To The Independent Electors —OF THE— COUNTY OF OTTAWA

GENTLEMEN,—

At the solicitation of a great number of the Electors of the County, consisting of men of standing from all parts of the County, representing all creeds and nationalities, I have determined to come forward as a candidate for the representation of this County in the Legislative Assembly in the Province of Quebec.

In politics I am a Liberal Conservative, and will give the present Government a hearty support in all measures which I consider conducive to the welfare of the country at large, and this County in particular.

It is almost needless to say that I shall be in the future as I have ever been in the past, an earnest promoter of every improvement calculated to develop the material resources of the County, and although I am more particularly interested in the lumber trade, I am well aware that the prosperity of that trade, the progress of agriculture and of any other industry in the County, are intimately connected, and all deserve, and will receive my fostering care.

If, Gentlemen, you honor me with your confidence by electing me as your representative, I promise to devote my whole energies to the interest of this County, and more particularly to the promotion of Railroads and Canals, intended to open up great routes of travel and commerce. At the same time I shall not forget that assistance is due to the settlers in making roads in the back Townships, thus opening up for settlement the large area of waste, but fertile Lands, still lying unoccupied.

In fine, although I am of American origin, my business career commenced in this country, and I look upon all its inhabitants, of whatever Race or Creed, as my Countrymen.

Dated at the Village of Hull, this 22nd of June, A.D. 1871.

I have the honor to subscribe myself,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
EZRA BUTLER EDDY.

County of Ottawa Election

General Election Committee to sit at Hull Village, daily, with power to organize sub-committees in the several different municipalities.

ALONZO WRIGHT, M. P., Chairman
A S WASHBURN, Secretary
J M Currier, M P
Hon John Hamilton
T S McKay, Warden County of Ottawa
Wm McLean, Mayor Aylmer
George Duntin, Mayor Eardly
James Wilson, Mayor Village of Buckingham
William Bonsell, Portland
A Campbell, Locharbour
Thomas Lavell, St Malachi
William Netherden, Derry & Mulgrave
Charles Major, Bonsacour
Barabie Whissell, St Andre Avelin
P G Obrey, Ripon
Hercule Chene, Hardwell
Seth Cates, Wakefield
A Hamilton, Masham
Wm McCumbier, Wright
Philemore Wright, Northfield
Hiram Dunning, Bouchette
T Moore, Hensington and Egan
Allan Gilmore
James McLaren
Andrew Pritchard
McPherson Lemoyne
B Fraser
Kilice Lafrombroise
Joshua Ellard
Patrick Farrell
Emile Quesnell
J A Cameron
Thomas Cole
R W Scott
Dr H H Sauvier
J O Archibald, N P, Thurso
Nicholas Chene
Joseph McGoey
James McGoey
John McLaren, Wakefield
James O'Hagan
John McLaren, Templeton
Pierre Andrew, Quesnell
J A Levis
John St Julion
James Wright
Henrie Hillman
M H Palmer
T B rentiss
J R Flemming
P Aylen
W R Kenney
E W Murray
J H McKay
Camile Papineau
Francois Major
G L Taillefer
C B Wright
P H Church
L R Church
John Foran
Alonzo Wright, M P P
Dr Wright
John Higginson
Edward Tromp
Godfrey Gorreau
Godfrey Vaillhon
Theophile Vallhon
James McAlister
John Clawson
John Brooks
Capt R Proulx
A Bourgeau
J R Woods
William Patterson
Louis Fournier
James Nault
Richard Mulligan
Joseph Bartrand
Oliver Leferrier
Norman Ried
George Link
Joseph Proulx
W D Leslie
George Johnston
Sexton Washburn
Baptiste Forcier
Barnabie Larpentigner
D C Simon
Dr St Jean
Moise Bison
Ambrose King
Agustus Papin
Moise Trudelle
Henri Demontier
John Matther
Hiram Robinson
Dr McNab
Wm Feely
G Millan
R Chamberlane
Robt Ritchie
Robt Kenney
Richard McConnell
Felice Cuschene
A Quesnell, Ripon
John Collins
R H Clock
James Clock
G Newill
Wm Holgate
T Cooke
R H Haycock
Webb
H McCormack
David Moore
J A B Hannum

Ottawa, June 23, 1871. 1699tf

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

The Court of Directors hereby give notice that a half-yearly dividend, at the rate of six per cent per annum, on the Capital of the Bank, will be payable on the 5th day of JULY, 1871, to the Proprietors of Shares registered in the Colonies, and that a further sum of Fifteen Shillings Sterling per Share, taken from the profits of the year 1870, will be paid to the Proprietors at the same time.

Both payments will be made at the rate of exchange current on the 5th day of JULY, 1871, to be fixed by the Local Boards.

No Transfer can be made between the 24th inst., and the 5th prox., as the Books must be closed during that period.

By order of the Court.
R. W. BRADFORD,
Secretary.

No. 124 Bishopgate st., within, London, 6th June, 1871. 1697d

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, A FINE TONED PIANO, &c.

The subscriber is authorised to sell the whole of Mr. A BEGG'S Household Furniture, without reserve, as he is leaving for Scotland. The sale will take place on THURSDAY, the 29th inst., in the Cottage occupied by him, on Ottawa street, Sandy Hill, at 10.30 a.m. Also, to be sold on the premises, several cords of Hard Wood, cut ready for the stove.

AMOS ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 24, 1871. 1700td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

GREAT AUCTION SALE of City Lots, Village Lots in New Edinburg, and Villa Lots, on the Mackay Estate, within five to fifteen minutes walk of the Street Railway.

The MACKAY Estate will offer for Sale by Public Auction, at the office New Edinburgh, on SATURDAY, the 24th day of JUNE, Instant, at Two o'clock in the afternoon.

Fifteen Villa Lots upon Ridaau Terrace, and other roads near the residence of His Excellency the Governor General, and Twenty-two Lots, in the Village of New Edinburgh, some of which front upon the grounds of Rideau Hall Domain.

Also a neat Dwelling House, with seven rooms and good shed, near the Rideau River; and the following Lots in the City of Ottawa: East half Lot No. 10, south Catbcart street, with Dwelling—Ordnance; Lot No. 14, north Catbcart street; Lot No 16, north Cathcart street; Lots Nos. 21 and 22, south Boteler street.

The Villa Lots and Dwelling House, are in Gloucester, a Township in which the Taxes are very moderate.

TERMS.—One third cash, balance on mortgage at 7 per cent, for a term of 3 to 5 years, at purchasers option. Conditions made known at day of sale. Plans and descriptions of the property can be seen at the office of the Estate, next the Post Office in New Edinburgh.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

New Edinburgh, June 12, 1871 1692

THE ST. JEAN BAPTISTE ANNIVERSARY.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC SOIREE
—AT THE—
FRENCH CANADIAN INSTITUTE
MONDAY, 26th JUNE, 1871.

1. The College Band, under the direction of Rev. Brother Balland.
2. "Les Charpentiers" Choir, under the Direction of Rev. Father Chaborel...Adam
3. "Le lever de l'Aurore, Duet.......Nelson
MADAME GELINAS AND MISS L. DRAPEAU.

MONSIEUR SANS-GENE.

VAUDEVILLE IN ONE ACT

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

Mr. Sans-Gene..........A. Olivier
" Dumon, Sans-Gene's friend..H. Archambault
" Prudhomme, Dumon's friend..L. Barcelo
Croquet, Dumon's faithful servant...L. Olivier
Latreille, Dumon's servant.........A. Philion
Guests—Messrs. Alp. Philion, P. Boulet and E. Asselin.

4. Air from "La Muette de Portici"....Auber
MISS PLACIDIE GRISON.
5. Romance from "Martha"..........Flotow
MR. ED. KIMBER.
6. The College Band.

SPEECHES.

7. Air from "La Favorite"..........Donizetti
MISS J. AUMOND.
8. "Michel et Christine" A 'lay.....L. Puget
MR. E. BLAIN DE ST. AUBIN.
9. "Richard en Palestine," Duet.......Adam
MISS R. LEPROHON and MR. ED. KIMBER
10. The College Band.

LES DEUX AVEUGLES.

MUSICAL EXTRAVAGANSA, by OFFENBACH.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

Patachon..........J. Lefebvre
Giraffier..........A. Prieur

11. Romance from "La Muette de Portici" [Auber
MISS R. LEPROHON.
12. The song of "Bijou," from Faust. Gounod
MADAME GELINAS.
13. Trio de "Dom Sebastien".........Donizetti
MISS R. LEPROHON, MISS J. AUMOND and MR. E. KIMBER.
14. Choir and Solo from "Chalet"........Adam
Under the Direction of Rev. Father Chaborel.
15. God Save the Queen.
Solo and Choir.

N.B.—No Pieces will be repeated.

Admission—Reserved Seats.........40 cents
Unreserved Seats.........25 "

Doors open at half-past seven; the Soiree to commence at 8 precisely.

The Directors.
AUG. LAPERRIERE,
LE CHEV. G. SMITH

Ottawa, June 22, 1871 1699 2

NEW SPRING GOODS,
—AT—
O'MEARA & CO.,
50 SPARKS STREET,
OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An Immense Stock of
Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of Ready-Made CLOTHING, consisting of
Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawes,
Under Shirts,
&c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of
Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

STRAWBERRIES.

G. LORENZ,

OYSTER

—AND—

FRUIT DEALER,

No. 37 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

58 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Is now receiving

400 QUARTS

CHOICE STRAWBERRIES

(DAILY),

And will supply

Hotels,

Private Families,

teams and

Confectioners,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

Goods delivered to any part of the city.

G. LORENZ.

Ottawa, June 14, 1871

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for Supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY,

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..		$5 00
20lbs " "	..	9 00
10lbs	month	1 50
20lbs "	"	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

Terms strictly Cash in advance.

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER.

N B.—Ice sup r ton or cwt.

Ottawa April 871

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1604

OTTAWA COUNTY ELECTION

To EZRA BUTLER EDDY, Esquire:

SIR,—We the undersigned Electors of the County of Ottawa hereby request you to allow yourself to be nominated as a fit and proper person to represent us in the Local Legislature of Quebec.

We hereby, upon your accepting such nomination, pledge ourselves to give you our hearty and earnest support at the coming election contest.

John Hamilton	Gilmour & Co
Alonzo Wright	F Major
F Samuel McKay, Warden	James MacLaren
	Wm McLean
John H Mackay	John A Cameron
J A Cameron, Jr	Geo J Marston
Joshua Ellard	R H Conroy
P Aylen	Joseph Day
W R Kenny	H Hillman
G C Courdard	A S C Papineau
J B Trudel	S Washburne
Charles Delude	J Mather
John McLaren	Richd McConnell
Ambrose King	John McLaurin
W McClymont	C B Wright
Albert Quesnel	B D'Arpentigny
P Wright	J W Campbell
John Delisle	Robt Kenny
Patrick Farrell	W W Kenny
A Holland	Dr. S Wright
W Marston	Seth Cates
James Dyke	J R Fleming
Augustus Papin, Jr	A Leamy
McPherson Lemoyne	Dr F McNab
Wm Abbott	Christopher Brigham.
Edmund W Murray	

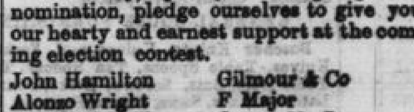
REPLY.

TO *JOHN HAMILTON, ALONZO WRIGHT, GILMOUR & Co., F. S. MACKAY, and others:*

GENTLEMEN,—I accept your invitation. You know my character, and I rely on your exertions.

Your obedient servant,
E. B. EDDY.

OTTAWA, June 21, 1871. 1698tf



12th JULY, 1871.

ORANGE CELEBRATION.

An EXCURSION TRAIN will run from CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION, Ottawa, to Brockville, calling at all Way Stations on 12th prox., returning same day.

Fare from Ottawa, 75cts.

Due notice of time of departure and arrival will be published.

H. ABBOTT

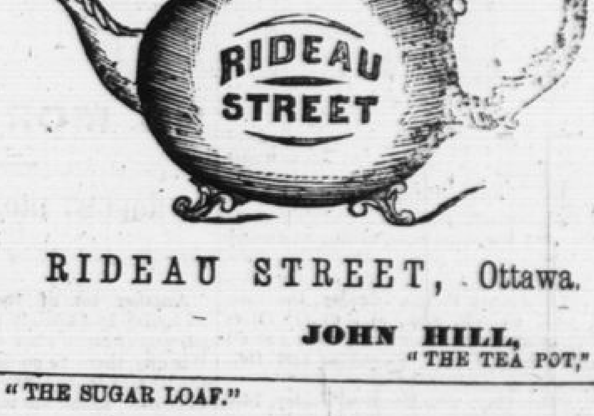
Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686tf

FRESH SALMON.

(From the Moisie River,)

RECEIVED DAILY BY EXPRESS, AT

THE TEA POT,



RIDEAU STREET, Ottawa.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE,

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,
Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Mermalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 RIDEAU STREET.

OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you.

1634 3m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild,

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—
J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Pest Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

CHIPPAWA DISTILLERY.

The produce of the above celebrated Distillery:

HIGHWINES,
ALCOHOL,
RYE,
PROOF,
MALT,

For sale in Bond or free, at lowest Distillery quotations.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Block,
Metcalfe-st

Ottawa, June 11, 1871

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1.30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 4 30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2.00 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5.40 p. m., and at Sand Point, 6.30 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a.m arriving at Brockville at 1.34 p.m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 2.50 p.m., and 6.20 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 3.50 p.m., 10.00 p.m., 6.15 p.m. 1.30 p.m.

Leave Sand Point

At 8.30 a.m., 11.30 a.m., 3.00 a.m., 2.00 p.m.,

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

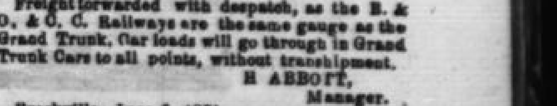
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a.m., after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk. Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, June 6, 1871



The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway,

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL!

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " 11 do
" 6 Mail " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with ots Cars " 10:30 do.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa,

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa June 1st, 1871

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 73259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1675tf

WANTED.

A Girl about 16 years of age, as servant on a small family. Apply A P TIMES Office

Ottawa, May 9,18" 781

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Maill Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

Iron Side-Wheel Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. McKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S. :—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," rom Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf

ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING —AND— RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*.....Captain Findlay.
" *Emerald*..... " Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*... " Murphy.
" *Alliance*..... " Blondin.
" *Oregon*..... " Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*..... "
Jason Gould..... " Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*. " Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*..... " Duggan.
Pontiac..... " D. Mulligan
Keppawe..... " BJ Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Captaine.

Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau, every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning —Leaving Chapeau same day, at 1 o'clock, p.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA, CAPT. BOWIE,
PRINCE OF WALES, CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"
CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

JUST RECEIVED.
—AT—
HAUSER.'S
RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,
That splendid new Magazine,
THE WEDDING BELLS.
—ALSO—
BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL
FOR MARCH AND APRIL.
Ottawa, April 19. 1871

ENGLISH OAK TANNED
LEATHER BELTING,
FINE ENGLISH HOSE,
LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to
JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,
THEODORE FRIEDRICK,
BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,
RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.
Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

NO MORE BUGS!

WROUGHT IRON BEDSTEADS,

just Received Direct from ENGLAND.

Another lot of these celebrated BEDSTEADS handsomely painted and ornamented, and cheaper than any Bedstead sold in this city, there is no danger of breaking off the legs, as there always is with the ordinary ones sold, which are made of Cast Iron. Ask for the

ENGLISH WROUGHT IRON
BEDSTEADS.

Also to arrive this week,

CHILDRENS COTS!!!

Same make as the above, at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA.

R H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, June 14, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,
WELLINGTON STREET,
OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S
CELEBRATED OINTMENT,
CALLED
"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by
BEACH AND BARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,
METCALFE-ST.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy Ports,
Domecqs and Greek She Claretz,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.

Bass', Guinness's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.

Liberal terms.

Inspection invited.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

WILD LANDS
FOR SALE,
On advantageous terms, by the
CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

In Templeton 100 acres.
In Eardley 9,500 "
In Hull, 1,500 "
Total, 11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

READING, ELOCUTION,
WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa.

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 19, 1871. 1669tf

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY
—AND—
AGRICULTURAL WORKS.
ESTABLISHED, 1839.
Smith's Falls, Ontario.
FROST & WOOD,
Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED
BUCKEYE MOWER
—AND—
SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871.

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain*.

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.

June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deif Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Meta Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, August 10. 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Nuts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. Together with

PAINT OIL, ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BURKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P.S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, No 18, 1870

SELLING
OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES

OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
WINE MERCHANT,
Elgin Street,

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

A few good Fowls for sale.

J. HERBERT,
N on-st., West
near Richmond Road, Ottawa.

April 26, 1871.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAILS.

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M	P.M.	P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
.....	12 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	.....	4.20
.....	12 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	.....	4.20
.....	.....	9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	.....	6.00
.....	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	.....	6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	.....	4.20
10.15	12.45	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	.....	4.20
.....	10.15	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	.....	4.20
10.15	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	.....	.....	4.20
9.30	2.00	1.10	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	A.M.	3.00
9.20	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	.....	.....	3 00
10.00	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	.....
7.00	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	.....	.....	7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal Grenville, &c.	.....	.....	700
10.00	.....	....	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	.....	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6.00
11.50	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.

A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 7, 1871

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S
NEWLY-DISCOVERED
VERMIN DESTROYER,
Which is known to be
Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur-, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

TESTIMONIAL
—TO THE—
HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,
K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa

The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq.
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq.
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
R McILLIRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz.: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq.

The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H BUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq.,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq.

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Nov last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Business.

Claims Paid for Assurances	£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid.	2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of	6,570,000.00
Annual Income	1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions* of *Policies.*

The *Non-Forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW,
Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal

J. & W. T. Pennock,
Agents, Ottawa.

March 13, 1871 1660

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co-relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion.

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz.: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim.

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of a million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in its large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly, our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH.

Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

GARDEN
—AND—
FLOWER SEEDS.
R. HIGMAN,
CHEMIST, &c.,
SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

1871. ICE! 1871.
ICE! *ICE!*

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street.

Ottawa, May 1649d

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 3rd June, 1871.

Authorized discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa June 8, 1871

Medical

MESSRS. GABRIELS
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING
TEETH & GUMS
AND
PREVENTING ACHES AND TOOTHACHE
BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESSRS. GABRIEL,
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUITA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily undd. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,

May 1187 1

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont., of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont., of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont., of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Henry, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonee Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S
ARABIAN OIL
FOR HORSES AND CATTLE
A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties horoughly tested, and it is conceded to be he cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1523tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER.

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each test testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1537y

Legal

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law & Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c., for the Province of Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.

W McKAY WRIGHT. 1 ly F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAFIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 4outf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 48y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 566tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fetherston's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street,
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

DR. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

ows, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, S

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1702. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, JUNE 27, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.
Possession given 20th May.
Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET.

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)
Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.
Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY
For particulars, apply to
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26 Rideau street.
Ottawa, Feb 16, 1871

TO LET,

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road.
Also the shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.
For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Ottawa, Feb. 16. 492tf

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

SCANDINAVIAN	10th June.
PERUVIAN	13th "
CASPIAN	17th "
MORAVIAN	24th "

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

AUSTRIAN	1st July.
PRUSSIAN	8th "
NESTORIAN	15th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$77 25 to $87 00
Steerage.....$29 25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line are intended to be despatched from Quebec, on or about the following dates:

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN	8th June,
OTTAWA	15th "
ST. DAVID	22nd "
ST. ANDREW	29th "
ST. PATRICK	6th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.
For further particulars apply to
D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received
EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces.
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills,

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

TO CATTLE BREEDERS.

BULL—The "Marquis of Belmont" will stand for Cows at the Waterford Farm, Township of Gloucester, this season, at Four Dollars each.

WM. GRAHAM.

CANADA SHORT HORN STOCK REGISTER.

Certificate of Registered Pedigree of Two Years Old Bull,
No. 514 THE MARQUIS OF BELMONT,
Red and White, calved January 16, 1866, Bred by Mr. JOHN ASHWORTH, Belmont, Ottawa, the property of WILLIAM GRAHAM, Esq., of Gloucester, got by Sweetmeat [868], (20524), dam, souvenir of Thordale by 2nd Grand Duke (12961), g. dam, Dalpine (imp.), by Harold (10293), gr. g. dam, Limpid, by Viceoyr (7678), &c., &c. See Herd Book.
HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec. Board of Ag.
Board of Agricultural Office,
Toronto, Jan'y 6, 1870 1692tf

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can recover it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.
ANN JANE HAMILTON,
Ottawa, June 1871. 1633tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,
The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises
STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.

And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.
Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1865 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street,

Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OF BROCKVILLE,

Who will continue the Business in the same premises and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 Rideau Street.
OTTAWA, June 2, 1871.

In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.

T. R. SHEFFIELD,
OTTAWA, June 2, 1871. 1681 2m.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will suit those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.
The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.
From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves
Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:
Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

CLOTHING HALL!

New Store.

J. M. GOULDEN

Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at

No. 100 Sussex Street,

NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,

A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.
Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.

Do not Forget the Place
No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,
Next Door to F. McDougall & Co

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colour Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c.

To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.

There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.

The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!
—TO—
N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA, April 28, 1871 1652 3m

ALBION HOTEL,

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 3m

DRY GOODS

—AT—

RETAIL.

SUMMER FASHIONS

SHOWING THIS DAY,

—AT—

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,
Beautiful Bonnets
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets
Splendid Lace Shawls.
Also in immense Variety,

Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques, Horrockses, Millar & Co, Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
King's best Window Hollands,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c.,

SPECIAL LINES.

Linen Percale's and Lawns, for Seaside Wear.
Walking Stick Parachutes " " "
Paragon Frame-Parasols and Umbrellas,—
Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makes.
Coventry Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and Mantle Trimmings, in great variety.

EXTRAORDINARY.

43 Patterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their, sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,
LOWER TOWN MARKET,
On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

FRESH! FRESH! FRESH!

SALMON.

The first of the Season just received, at
MOSES LAPOINTE'S,
Fish Dealer,
Lower Town Market.
N-B.—All kinds of Lake, River, and Sea Fish, always on hand
Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685d

HATS HATS! HATS

SPRING! IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,
Remember the place.
33 Rideau Street.
OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND
Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

DOMINION HOUSE,

CORNER OF
SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,
OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel
Ottawa, May 28, 1871. 1666 6m

McGill University, Montreal,

SESSION 1871-72.

THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—
FACULTY OF ARTS......September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE....October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW.......October 3rd.
The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.
The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.
In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered
First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Second Year, 4 Exhibitions 3 of $125; 1 of $100
Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.
The Calendar containing details of all the above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.
W. C. BAYNES,
Secretary.
May 31, 1871 1689 2aw 3m

SEALED TENDERS

Will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY, the 26th day of JULY next, at noon, for the supply of 200 tons of Grate Coal, (2,000 lbs. per ton) to be delivered at Ottawa.
For particulars apply to the undersigned.
By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 22nd June, 1871. 1700 3

SEALED TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Firewood," will be received at this office until Wednesday, the 12th day of July next, at noon, for the supply of Firewood for the use of the Public Buildings, Ottawa, to be supplied according to the specification, which can be seen at this office, where also forms of tender can be obtained.
The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.
By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 22nd June, 1871. 1700 3

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL.

The most beautiful site in the neighbourhood of the Capital, and the most pleasant and convenient place about Ottawa, for Pic Nics, &c.
A large covered Platform, raised eight feet from the ground, and capable of accommodating 4,000 persons, is admirably suited for Dancing, for Dramatic Soirees, and such like entertainments.
The Refreshments and Liquors to be had on the grounds are of the best quality.
Pleasure parties could not find a more comfortable and pleasant place to enjoy themselves.
At night the Gardens are well illuminated. Once properly known they will be regarded as indispensable during the summer season. There will be a Dancing school in the Gardens every THURSDAY night, except when occupied by a Pic-nic.
Hull, June 7, 1871 1685 2m

G. A. SHELDON,
HATTER AND FURRIER,
Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive
HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT
In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.
G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.
A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1665 3m

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,
—AND—
DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,
RIDEAU STREET,
ESTABLISHED 1860.
WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.
Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone, Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Root Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.
Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c, &c Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.
G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

THE METROPOLITAN
Building and Savings Society
MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.
Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Ottawa 13th December, 1870. 1540t1J71

DROWNED.

Drowned at the Chaudiere, on SATURDAY last, AUGUSTINE CHARON. Any information which may lead to the recovery of the body, will be thankfully received by his father, at Mr. BRONSON'S Office, Chaudiere. The Boy was 11 years of age, had on grey etoffe pants, a grey vest, and a chequered white and red shirt.
Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

WANTED.

For a DAIRY FARM near the City, a MAN to drive a MILK WAGGON, and take general charge of Cows. Also a WOMAN, who understands the management of a DAIRY.
A married Man and Wife, without family, preferred. Liberal wages will be given to competent and reliable parties. Apply at the TIMES Office.
Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

FOR CHEAP READING,
GO TO
HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,
No. 38 Rideau Street.
The Latest Novels Always on Hand.
Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged.
Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

FOUND

A Pocket Book containing a small sum of money. The loser can have it by proving property and paying for advertisements
O LATREMOUILLE
Dry Goods Merchant
Sussex Street
Ottawa, June 23, 1871 1699-3

NEW CARPETS.

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Invite attention to the arrival of

NEW CARPETS.

to assort their STOCK, reduced by HEAVY SALES in this department.

The above have been selected with due regard to prevailing styles, permanency of color, and are GOOD VALUE, at prices marked.

They have on hand a large assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

In a great variety of fabrics, MUSLINS AND PRINTS in LATEST STYLES, and cheap.

Great Bargains in

LACE SHAWLS,

From $1.50 to $40 Each,
Prices *Reduced One-Third*,

A special line of SILK JACKETS selling at *greatly Reduced Prices.*

A full assortment of MOURNING GOODS always in Stock.

N. B.—Fancy Linen and Cotton Shirtings on hand for the Summer Trade, SHIRTS made to MEASURE and GUARANTEED TO FIT. GENTLEMEN will find it to their COMFORT and ADVANTAGE to bear this in mind.

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN
SUCCESSORS TO
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.
No. 20 Sparks-St.
Ottawa, June 12, 1871

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34, SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY
DRY GOODS
In their Temporary Premises,

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A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XII.

FACING THE FUTURE.

"Try a thimbleful raw," suggested David but Mr. Hardell was obstinate. He had never tasted whiskey since *that* night, and the sight and the smell of it was to him as the sight and the smell of death. Another such room as the one in which he was sitting, small and close, and illumined only by a solitary candle, the rain pouring in torrents, himself emptying his flask, and then falling asleep only to waken in the darkness to a memory of what is lying on the New Abbey road. All this rose before him as he motioned Johnstoun to remove the whiskey, which no doubt would have done him good, could he only have swallowed it.

Then he took an egg, and a morsel of ham, and a bite of bread—"just the name of eating," David Johnstoun afterwards affirmed—and drank a cup of very bad tea which the landlady brought him.

When the meal was finished, it suddenly occurred to him that he had no money.

Instinctively he put his fingers into his waistcoat pocket, but there was nothing there save emptiness.

It'll be all right," said his companion, noticing the action and the look which succeeded it.

"I'm acquient wi' Mrs. Pattison."

"Settle with her, then, will you," answered Andrew, "and afterwards will you go for me to my—to Mr. Anthony Hardell, if you know where he is to be found, and ask him to meet me on that path down by the river under the houses—where the trees are, you know? I shall feel better out in the air—and—and—if I don't see you again, Johnstoun, thank you and good-bye, and God bless you."

"Eh, sir!" exclaimed the man, surprised out of his former reticence, "but my heart has been sair for ye. I knew rightly ye had no hand in Mistress Challerson's making off, whatever may have happened when you and him met—"

"Hush for the love of God?" said Andrew in a whisper, looking round as though he thought the very walls had ears.

"Ye needn't be feared o' me," was the reply, "though I was feared the depute might ask me. I was aye hoping—hoping ye would have plead to culpable homicide. I didna think he could have missed it both wi' Mr. Anthony and myself."

"Missed what?" asked Andrew Hardell. He never could make out afterwards what induced him to put such a question, for he knew the answer which was sure to come.

"The suit of tweed Mr. Anthony left behind him. I minded all about that suit, afterwards."

With a shudder Andrew Hardell turned away from the speaker, and stood for a moment, his head averted, and his fingers weaving and intertwining one with another.

An Englishman of the same class might have misunderstood this gesture, but not so David Johnstoun. If the system of education in Scotland have no other advantage, it has at least this, that it—together with the natural thoughtfulness of the people—enables one man to form some faint conception of the inner feelings of his fellow.

"It was ill-judged of me," began the man, and there was a quiet pathos in that soft, mournful tone, which is the distinguishing feature of that part of Scotland. "I ought to have known better. I hope ye're no' angry."

"Angry!" Andrew repeated; "angry!" and he showed his companion a white, troubled face, while he repeated the word —"but that was an awful oath, Johnstoun, for you, was it not—*knowing what you did?*"

"Knowing what I did, Mister Hardell, I'll jest settle that aith with my Maker. He'll be fairer dealing nor any of us, and I am sure and positive there is no' a minister in Scotland would say that aith bound a man to go out of his way to pit the rope round anither's neck. My mind is no sort o' way distressed about the matter, and so yours need na be. And now I'll go and do what you want."

"Good-bye." Andrew Hardell said, and stretched out his hand without a feeling of there being blood upon it.

"Good-bye, sir, and I wish you well, wherever you may be."

"And wherever I may be, if I forget your kindness, may God forget me."

"It is na for a gentleman like you to be thinking so much of what one like me has been able to do, by jest saying nothing," answered David Johnstoun and he was gone, leaving Mr. Hardell's fingers tingling with the force of the farewell grip he had given them.

A few moments after, Andrew Hardell—having blown out the candle—groped his way down stairs, nodded good-night to the landlady, and passed out into the Vennel, from whence he proceeded along Back and Irish Streets, to that walk under the houses, beneath the trees within sight of the Nith, where he had appointed to meet his friend.

For at least an hour he paced slowly up and down—up and down, now leaning against some garden wall for the sound of approaching footsteps then renewing his march along the path.

While he wandered thus, there came from one of the houses overlooking the Nith a sound of music floating through the night.

There was no great power, nor very much purpose in the singer's voice, but there were the tones of a sweet old melody that sole down to the spot where Andrew Hardell stood; and as he listened—as he looked up towards the open windows—as he noticed the blazing fire, leaping and throwing strange effects of light into the darkness—there returned upon him the old sense of desolation I have mentioned, and the man, leaning up against a tree—wept.

They are pleasant houses, those in Dumfries, the windows of which command a view of the river, but it was not of the comfort of pleasantness of their interiors Andrew Hardell thought, as the unbidden tears blinded his eyes, and made the light more dim and the darkness denser before him.

It was just this—he felt that he stood out there in a night typical of his own future.

Light shone in the windows for others, but from no casement might any light ever again gleam cheerfully for him.

For others the warmth, and the love, and the music, and the dear voices of home; for him—the night and the coldness, and the discords and the solitude of life. Ah! well, he would go away and make a new existence for himself in a strange land; he would change his name and start afresh upon a different career.

The Church was closed to him. "Not proven" had placed a padlock upon that once open door. He could not and he would not stay in England, to see once friendly faces change—to hear once kindly voices grow cold and unfamiliar.

Madge—yes, Madge; it was his duty to leave her. She would marry someone else and be happy. She would become the mother of children, who could not in the future curse their father for having bequeathed to them an inheritance of shame.

Through the night their arose a thanksgiving that he was not married; that he was free to carry himself and his sorrows far away, and still the music came floating down from open window, and a man's voice took up the refrain

"For Lochaber no more, for Lochaber no more,
We'll maybe return to Lochaber no more."

For "maybe" read "never" thought Andrew Hardell; and his soul was exceeding sad and bitter within him. Thus it always is; when once the passing trouble is overgot, there comes time for self-pity.

(*To be continued.*)

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

PRESCOTT ELECTION PETITION.

(*Continued*)

This case was now abandoned, and the next taken up was No. 20.

Magloire Parent, charged with being bribed by Mr. Sicotte, the brother-in-law of Mr. Hamilton and Mr. Higginson to vote for Respondent.

Magloire Parent, sworn—Lives in South Plantagenet; voted at the last election for Mr. Hamilton; saw Mr. Sicotte and Mr. G. Hamilton on the road, and they came to him; they gave me nothing to vote for Mr. Hamilton, nor offered me anything; he slept at my hotel that night, and I told them next day I should vote for Mr. Hamilton; they paid their bill, something about $5 for four persons and their horses; they did not pay or promise any other money before, at, or after the election: various people got refreshments at my house; Boyd's men and others no money was left for me by Mr. Hamilton or others, nor the promise of any; nor was I paid for my day going to vote; nor for any treating at the election.

This charge was abandoned and the next case entered on was No. 21, Peter Sicotte, bribery, charged against the same parties.

Peter Sicotte—sworn—lives next to Parent, and voted for Hamilton; Mr. Sicotte took breakfast at my house; he did not pay one penny for it; he asked me to vote for Mr. Hamilton, and I did not promise, but I did so; that was all he said about the election; he did not promise to pay me for the time lost, nor did I get paid for it; I lost partly two days, but I got nothing and am able to bear the loss; I was promised nothing and no money was left at my house, nor any order, nor any goods; on the day of polling I got my dinner at home.

This charge was abandoned and it was proposed to take up No. 4, alleged bribery of Francis Valmen, by the same parties.

Mr. Cameron objected that there was no voter of this name on the poll.

A man was now called forward who said his name was Francis Villeneuve and that he voted for Mr. Boyd.

Mr Camron, Oh, if you wish to prove that he was bribed by Mr. Boyd, go on, (great laughter.)

This charge was abandoned. The next case taken up was No. 23, alleged bribery of George Vishnou, by the same parties, a like objection made, and the man being called said his name was George Vezina, and he voted for Mr. Boyd. Great laughter, amid which he also was withdrawn.

The next case was No. 22, Mr. Lagregea, also said to be bribed by the same parties. The like difficulty arose, and he also was withdrawn.

No. 24 was then taken, Fabian Burgo, like charge of bribery by same parties.

Fabian Burgo—sworn—voted for Mr. Hamilton; was not paid for voting, nor promised anything for doing so by any one; saw Mr. Hamilton at Parent's; neither Mr. Sicotte nor Mr. Higginson ever spoke to me about voting; got nothing for voting; was promised nothing; wife got nothing as he had no wife, (laughter).

This case was also abandoned. The case of Donald Beaton, No. 13, alleged bribery by an offer of money by Donald McMaster.

Donald Beaton—sworn—did not vote at last election; was not asked to vote; was not at home, but came home from shanty that day; met Ronald McMaster on my way down, and he asked me who I would vote for? I answered not for either, as I could not reach the poll in time; and he then asked me if I got $20 and a fast team to take me down who would I vote for? I said for Mr. Boyd; I was then 23 or 24 miles from home, and it was between two and three o'clock in the afternoon; he showed me no money, offered me none, and did not say for whom he wanted me to vote.

Ronald McMaster—sworn—lives near Caledonia Springs; voted for Mr. Hamilton; asked no one to vote for him; never interfered in the canvass, nor offered money to any one; met Beaton at Laragues on polling the day, on his way back from Shanty; did not use the language he has attributed to me, nor did I say who I had voted for; I had no team, and went to the place which was 3 miles from my home; got no money to spend at election; I never saw a six-pence of election money.

This case was also abandoned. No 2 in schedule 4, was then taken up, Daniel Harrigan, said to be paid by Walter Shayne, hire of horses and vehicles.

Daniel Harrigan—sworn—was paid by Walter Shayne 600 dollars; lives in south Plantagenet; did not vote the day before the polling; I was asked by Walter Shayne to lend a canoe to take some old men, voters, across the Nation river as the ice was breaking up, and it was not safe crossing, and to drive them to the polls; Shane said he could not promise me anything, or give me anything for doing so; I drew some for both sides; I got $2 from Shane afterwards, but he did not say what 'twas for. This was about May.

Walter Shane—Lives in Plantagenet; voted for Hamilton; was not on his Committee; never saw him until the nomination when he spoke to me, but had no conversation on election matters; went to Harrigan's to borrow a canoe to take voters across the Nation; I got my own team to bring them to it, and for his team from the other side to draw them to the poll; he said he would do it for pay, and I said I could not give or promise any, as it was unlawful; that he must risk pay if he drew them, and he did so; Mr. Mulloy spoke to me on Nomination Day about this; he gave me no names of the persons to be brought across; I gave him (Harrigan) aforesaid $2 for the use of his team; I got $40 from McMollay on the Nomination Day; he did not say for what, but had before that spoken to him about voters who were away at shanty on the Indian river in the county of Russell, and we had some talk about paying their expenses and placing hands at the shanty work in their stead; besides the $2 to Harrigan I paid $3 to John Franklin for teaming also on same day; this was part of the $40; I paid my brother, Michael Shaw, $15 three or four days before the election when he went to shanty after the men with my father's team; he was two days away; my father voted for Hamilton, but he got no part of the money; laid out the rest in several ways, knocking about; gave Moses Shaw $3; gave no account of the money; was not asked for it and have some of it still; got some money also from Mr. Higginson; Mr. O'Brien was with him; it was not to buy votes, but for canvassing expenses; was not on Mr. Hamilton's committee, but canvassed for him; did not attend any committee meeting.

Cross-examined—Promised no part of the money to any one to vote for Mr. Hamilton, and made no promise of payment to any one to induce them to vote.

John Franklin—Proved that he got $3 from Shane for coming; my father voted for Boyd; gave none of the money to him.

James H. Mulloy—Saw the Honourable John Hamilton on the day of nomination, and got $40 from him as stated; was named one of the committee, but did not attend any meetings of it; never saw Mr. George Hamilton until he was called out as a candidate; on the day of the nomination got $40 from Hon. J. Hamilton to bring the voters spoken of from shanties and to send men in their place to enable them to come down; I gave it to Walter Shane for this purpose, though he may have used it for other purposes; I got other money for election purposes at different times, in all between four and five hundred dollars; he did not say what I was to do with it; I gave it to different parties for election expenses, but gave them no instructions as to what they Should do with it; I know Mr. Boyd came down also.

It was now half-past six o'clock, and the continuation of this witnesses examination was postponed to next morning, and the Court adjourned.

See second page.

THIRD DAY—WEDNESDAY.

The Court opened at the usual hour this morning.

Mr. Cameron stated that after hearing the evidence of Mr. Shane and Mr. Mulloy, last evening, and advising with his client, he considered that there was sufficient evidence now before the court to void the election. He had no desire to increase the expense of the contest unnecessarily. So far, however, there was no evidence of any kind to convict Mr. Hamilton with this so as to disqualify him from being again elected, but if the opposite party had any desire to examine him now as to his general conduct in relation to the late election, he now tendered him for examination, either by the petitioners or by the court.

Mr. Bethune said, he had no desire to go further: they had obtained the desired result and voided the election. He did not desire to raise the question of Mr. Hamilton's personal disqualification, and to the present time there was no evidence to disqualify either of the candidates as guilty of corrupt practices.

Mr. Cameron—The only question then is as to costs, and we agree that the master shall apportion the costs in the usual way. We are entitled to costs on some of the charges to be deducted from the petitioner's general costs.

His Lordship then said, he had no desire to carry the examination further as to who were the parties guilty of corrupt practices, and as the new law is a very stringent one, parties may have so acted ignorantly. I shall make my report declaring the election void, by reason of corrupt practices having generally prevailed at the election by parties who had not been called on under the statute to answer them, and I shall make the order for the costs as agreed on.

The court then rose.

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The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

TUESDAY, JUNE 27, 1871.

Sir George E. Cartier is expected here to-day.

Mr. White, Editor of the Montreal *Gazette*, was in town yesterday.

Honble. Mr. Clarke, of Manitoba, intends leaving for Montreal to-night.

In answer to many enquiries, we may state that Dominion Day is a legal holiday.

We understand that Mr. Monk has definitely expressed his intention of running for Carleton county when the Speaker's writ for the new election is issued.

The Quebec *Chronicle* expresses the opinion that if the Fenian claims were adjusted, the Treaty of Washington would be quite acceptable to a majority of the people of Canada.

We understand that Gilbert McMicken, Esq., Commissioner of Police, will on the 1st July, assume the duties of Secretary to the Intercolonial Railway Commissioners, in place of C. S. Ross, Esq., resigned, and that in saving of some $2,000 per annum in salaries will result from this arrangement.

The Toronto organ of the Opposition says, that Earl Granville asserted that the reason why the Canadian claims arising out of the Fenian raids were not discussed was because the Canadian Government neglected to send in a detailed account of the same. Earl Granville never said anything of the sort.

We are likely to have a great harvest in Canada, and the prospects in the United States are also said to be encouraging. In Europe, however, the exact contrary is the case. Both in Great Britain and in the northern portion of the continent the weather has been exceedingly unfavourable, while in France and Germany the inhabitants have been too much engaged in fighting to have any time to attend to peaceful pursuits.

The Opposition papers in the West continue to express surprise because Sir John Macdonald does not go to Toronto and explain matters in connection with the Treaty of Washington. They know perfectly well that it would be highly improper for him to make any public statement at present, for, until the matter is finally disposed of by the Imperial House of Commons, Sir John Macdonald is in fact a member of the Commission. The Premier will explain his position when the proper time comes, and we have no doubt that those who are now so loudly calling upon him to speak, will then be inclined to wish that he had remained silent. Meanwhile "let them enjoy their little day."

THE ADJUTANT-GENERAL.

We notice that an attempt is being made by the Opposition press to belittle the success of the recent Militia gathering at Niagara, and to create the impression that Sir George E Cartier and the Adjutant General are trying to make political capital out of the excellent results which have attended their efforts to organize an efficient military force for the defence of Canada. Holding the opinion, as we do, that militia matters ought to be kept altogether free from politics, we would be among the first to denounce an effort of this kind. But we are quite sure that no such effort has been made by the Minister of Militia, and, in fact, we are not going too far when we state of our own personal knowledge that he is, on the contrary, desirous that the subject of militia organization should be kept clear of all party and political considerations. When, however, we see that the Opposition are inclined to take a different line, to denounce the administration of militia affairs, and to criticise the conduct of the Adjutant General in a very unfair manner, we feel constrained to express our decided objection to such a course. An anonymous attack is made upon the Adjutant General in the *Globe*, which is based, first upon the fact that he personally performed duties which ought to have been performed by others, and secondly, because he is alleged to be unversed in military tactics. Now, when we bear in mind that one of the principal objects of these annual trainings is to teach militia officers how to discharge their duties in a soldiery manner, we do not see how Adjutant General Ross can be blamed for affording them a few practical illustrations as to how those duties ought to be performed, and this is all that he is charged with doing. This is "the head and front of his offending." As to Colonel Ross' ability and experience as a soldier, a record of the services which he has performed as an officer of the Imperial army affords the best and most unanswerable proof. An officer cannot go through two or three campaigns in the British army without obtaining a tolerable insight into military science, especially after having previously been grounded in a theoretical knowledge of the same. Therefore, in spite of the criticisms of the *Globe's* censor, we fancy that the public may continue to rely upon the Adjutant General's efficiency as a soldier, and to believe that his ability is equal to the zeal and industry which he has displayed.

THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

We have hitherto abstained from any allusion to the contest in the County of Ottawa, because no candidate had come forward who, in our opinion, was fitted to represent so important a constituency in the Quebec Legislature. But now the position of affairs has changed. A man who is possessed of a thorough knowledge of the views and requirements of the electors, who has a large interest in the welfare of the County, and has contributed in an unusual degree to its prosperity, has, in compliance with the wishes of a majority of the electors, consented to be a candidate. Of course we allude to Mr. Eddy.

It is not necessary that we should make any lengthly allusion to the many claims which this gentleman has upon the confidence of the public. For sixteen years he has lived in Ottawa County, and during that time, by honesty, industry, and business energy, has attained a position of which he may well feel proud. He has established manufactories second to none of their kind upon this continent, and it is mainly owing to his enterprise and business ability, that Hull has been transferred from a little straggling village of 400 or 500 inhabitants, into a large manufacturing centre with a population of 8,000 or 10,000 persons. Of course the enterprise which Mr. Eddy has displayed has brought its own reward to him personally; but the result of it has been also to give him a large stake in the welfare of the county, and to render it certain that he cannot fail to take a deep interest in its prosperity. Let him only display anything like the same amount of ability and energy as a member of the Legislature that he has done as a business man, and the electors of Ottawa county will have a representative of whom they may well be proud, and to whose keeping their interests may safely be entrusted.

Of Mr. Eddy's success we entertain no doubt. From all parts of the county come promises of support from men of every class and of every nationality. French and English speaking electors are united in the opinion that he is in all respects a fit and proper person to act as their representative. An attempt have been made to appeal to national prejudice, but like all similar attempts which has been made in Ottawa county, it has failed to produce any effect. We believe we are not going too far when we say that every intelligent Frenchman supports Mr. Eddy's candidature. His social position, the deep interest that he has ever displayed in everything likely to promote the welfare of the county, and the liberality of his sentiments, all entitle him to support, and, as we before remarked, we regard his success as certain. Mr. Eddy, if elected, will go to Quebec prepared to support any measures calculated to promote the welfare of the Province in general and of his county in particular. The North Shore Railway and every other enterprise of a like nature, the object of which is to develop resources which now lie dormant, will be certain to receive the warm support of a practical business-like man, and by returning him as their representative the electors may, we feel assured, rely upon it that every section of the county will be fairly and fully represented.

THE CANADIAN MILITIA SYSTEM.

We are quite sure that the article from the London *Saturday Review*, which we reproduce in another column, will be read with pleasure and pride by all Canadians. We know how thoroughly public attention has been absorbed in England of late by discussions on military organization, and it certainly is a great compliment to a young country like Canada to find that the militia system which has been organized and carried into effect by our Government, is deemed worthy, not only of praise, but of imitation, by a leading English journal. A short time since we published a letter received in this city from a prominent member of the Imperial House of Commons, who is also a great army reformer, in which it was stated that our militia laws had been read with much interest in England, and would probably serve as a model upon which to base the new military organization of the Mother Country. The *Saturday Review* confirms this opinion. These expressions of approval from the highest source should encourage us to do all that lies in our power to carry on the great work so well begun, to elevate so far as lies in our power the tone and standing of the Queen's Canadian Militia, and to render it a valuable and efficient defensive force and a source of strength to the Empire. We may rely upon it, that money expended upon the Militia is not by any means thrown away. Not only is our commercial prosperity increased by the feeling of security which springs from the knowledge that we are not at the mercy of any fillibusting band, but English capitalists are far more likely to invest their money among a people who show that they are able and willing to do all that can be expected from them in defence of their homes and property.

We publish elsewhere an article from the *Courier*, with which we cordially agree. Mr. Eddy's candidature is endorsed by a majority of the electors of Ottawa County without distinction of race or creed. His well known character and integrity, his business energy and ability, and his liberality of sentiment, all commend him to public support. Of his return there can be no doubt. We are only anxious to see him returned by as large a majority over his opponents as he deserves to have. With this end in view let all the friends of Progress vote for Mr. EDDY, and work for him with all their might.

THE CANADIAN SOLUTION OF THE QUESTION.

(From the Saturday Review.)

Public attention has been during the last year so much absorbed by discussions as to the best military organization for the mother country, that scarcely a thought has been bestowed upon the defences of our numerous colonies. In fact, the latter question has been dismissed in a very summary manner, the colonies having been in effect told that they must look after themselves. Now a settlement of the relation of the colonies to the mother country is, in our opinion, one of the most important political problems of the day, the solution of which cannot much longer be deferred, and in that solution it will be, above all things, necessary to determine definitely and on a general plan how those colonies are to be defended. It seems to be admitted on all sides that in future only a very small body of Imperial troops will be stationed in the colonies, but that in case of hostilities Imperial succour will be afforded to the utmost of our ability. That Imperial succour must, however, under any circumstances, be very small and comparatidely tardy. It is necessary, therefore, that each colony should be able both to withstand both the first onset of the enemy, and also to supplement the Imperial reinforcements by a substantial colonial force. We may hope in time that the colonies, instead of being, as at present, a source of military weakness to the mother country, may furnish powerful contigents for Federal service beyond their own limits, and thus add largely to the military strength of the Empire. Before this desirable result can be attained, the political relations of colonies and mother country will have to be determined, and it will probably be some years before these can be settled. In the meantime it is a matter of absolute necessity tnat each colony should adopt such a military organization for defensive purposes as will enable it, at all events, to resist not only filibustering raids, but also the first brunt of an invasion by a regular hostile force. To the credit of the Confederation of British North America be it spoken, that portion of Her Majesty's Dominions has thoroughly recognized both its duty and its interest, and has already set on foot a military organization which has on several occasions frustrated Fenian raids, and would enable it to hold its own against even a regular American invasion until the arrival of succour from England. It is true that the Canadian army consists merely of militia, but if it be remembered that the American regular forces are few in number, and scattered all over a vast territory, that the bulk of any invading force would be composed of men even less highly trained than the Canadian levies, and that the country is eminently favourable to irregular warfare, it will, we think, be admitted that the force in question is equal to its task, which is defence, not offence.

While we in England have been employed in noisily discussing the best defensive organization, the Canadians appear to have quietly, and with a minimum both of cost to the country and of hardship to individuals, solved the question. Indeed, we should say that, with the exception of Prussia and Switzerland, Canada is far in advance, as regards defensive organization, of every country in the world. After calm consideration and successive elaborations, the following results have been attained. The foundation of the system is the axiom that every man owes it to his country to serve in its defence against its enemies. All British subjects between the ages of eighteen and sixty—with a few necessary exceptions—are liable to military service. The exceptions referred to are judges, ministers of religion, professors in colleges or Universities, the officials in penitentiaries and public lunatic asylums, persons disabled by infirmity, and the only son of a widow, being her sole support. Half-pay and retired officers of the regular army and navy, sailors and pilots when employed in their calling, and masters of public schools are enrolled, but are only liable to actual service in case of war, invasion, or insurrection. All others are both enrolled and liable to serve when called upon, and are divided into four classes, which are to be called out successively as may be necessary. The above four classes, comprising the whole—with mere nominal exceptions—of the adult population of the colony, constitute the regular or reserve Militia. The total population of the North American Confederation is estimated at about 4,000,000, and the number liable to service at 675,000 men. For purposes of organization, the whole country is divided into nine military districts, which are further subdivided into twenty-two brigade and one hundred and eighty-six regimental divisions, which latter are again divided into company divisions. The Minister of Militia and Defence is at the head of the whole organization, and is assisted by a chief executive officer styled the Adjutant General, who has under him at headquarters a deputy. The Militia of each district is under the command of a Deputy Adjutant General, and in each brigade division there is a brigade major, who seems, however, to be simply a staff officer, and to exercise no actual command. To each regimental division are assigned a lieutenant colonel and two majors, and to each company division a captain and two subalterns. The regimental and company divisions correspond as closely as possible to electoral and municipal divisions. The regimental officers attached to the Reserve Militia reside in their respective districts, and are appointed principally for purposes of enrolment and ballot; consequently, the recruiting and organizing staff would not be, as would be the case with us, dislocated in the event of an invasion, but a continual flow of recruits to the active army could be kept up. The organization we have described, except as regards deputy adjutant-generals and, to a certain extent, brigade majors, is essentially of a reserve character, and simply provides for the immediate carrying out of any measures deemed necessary without imposing any actual duty in time of peace. England, on the contrary, the organization for the ballot is not to be commenced until the emergency arises.

We now come to the actual army of Canada, or, as it is termed, the Active Militia. At present this consists entirely of corps raised by voluntary enlistment, and numbers on paper 44,519 men or 1 in 15 of all men liable to serve, and 1 in 100 of the population. The different arms of the service are thus represented:—Cavalry, 1666, chiefly organized in insolated squadrons and troops; 10 field batteries with 42 guns 441 horses, and 750 men; garrison artillery, 4,108 men; 4 companies of engineers; 232 men; 3 marine companies, 174 men; and 73 battalions of infantry numbering 36,729 men, and 2 battalions for Service in the Red River District, 862 men. In addition to the above, twenty-five new corps are in process of formation. When organized, they will raise the strength of the Active Militia to 45,040 men. According to the Militia law of the Dominion, it is only required that the Active Militia should amount to 40,000 men, furnished in due proportion by the different districts, and to be raised by ballot if necessary. Hitherto there has been no necessity to have recourse to the ballot; there is, however, a growing feeling in the Dominion that voluntary enlistment involves undue hardship on individuals, and it seems probable that the ballot will ere long be brought into operation. At present, volunteers enlist for three years, but according to the law men obtained by ballot would serve only two years. At the end of their service in the Active Militia the men who compose it re-enter the Reserve, and are not liable to be called out until all other men in the same company division have volunteered or been balloted to serve. The number of men called out for training each year is 40,000, and the number of days' drill is sixteen, during which time the men receive pay. A system of assembling the troops in each brigade in camps for the purpose of annual training has also been introduced with the best possible results, and the practice is likely to be extended. During the time that the militia is embodied it is subject to the Queen's regulations and the Articles of War, and, as a matter of fact, discipline appears to be thoroughly maintained. Rifle practice by companies is sedulously practised, and skill in the use of the rifle is encouraged by the bestowal of prizes at the annual training. The great assimulation to the customs and practices of regular troops is remarkable even in social and ornamental details. Many battalions are provided with colours and bands, and during the annual training the officers generally mess together. A very sensible arrangement, tending both to increase a military feeling and to create an impression on the enemy is the supplying the infantry with uniforms similar to that worn by the Imperial army. It may here be remarked that the men of the Canadian Active Militia are far taller and larger than the soldiers of our regular regiments. As regards both combatant and non-combatant staff, no efforts have been spared to render the local army efficient, and a still greater improvement is to be looked for shortly. It is proposed that the Adjutant-General of the Militia should be styled in future Major-General Commanding the Militia; that his staff officer—the present Deputy Adjutant-General at Headquarters—should be termed Adjutant General, and receive the rank of Colonel; that the Deputy Adjutant Generals who command districts should receive the title of Colonel on the staff, and that all staff officers should in future, before appointment, pass a special examination, and only hold their offices for five years, and not be eligible for reappointment in the same office. With a view to obtaining properly qualified officers for the staff, it is recommended that a Canadian Staff College should be established; and in order to obtain competent instructors for it, the suggestion is made that the Imperial Government be asked to allow a certain number of Canadian officers to join the Staff College at Sandhurst. But the Canadian authorities have already taken practical steps to secure a good professional training for their officers, by the institution of schools of instruction, in which measure they were far in advance of Mr. Cardwell. These schools of instruction were first established in 1864, and already nearly 6,000 young men have passed through them. Some of the graduates now hold commissions in the Active Militia, while others will be provided for as vacancies occur, and on an increase to the Active Militia, being required, would furnish an ample supply of well-qualified officers. Moreover the boys in most large schools undergo elementary drill. Thus it will be seen that a large proportion of males of all ages from ten to sixty receive a certain amount— in some cases a very considerable amount—of military training, and that, if the ballot is enforced, there will in course of time be probably about half a million of men more or less trained to arms. We have shown that the combatant and recruiting staff is completely organized, and considerable attention is now being paid to the administrative staff or store department, and arrangements have been made for a due supply of all the arms, camp equipage, and other stores required for field service or camps of instruction.

We might describe the details of Canadian military organization at much greater length, but we have approached the limits of our space. We cannot, however, refrain from citing one instance in which the system was tested, and which showed that the Dominion possessed something more than a mere paper organization. On one occasion, within twenty-four hours, 14,000 men were assembled at corps head-quarters, and ready to take the field. This occurred in 1866, when at 4 p.m., on the 7th March, the Adjutant General, then on his way by railway from Ottawa to Montreal, received a telegram ordering him to assemble 10,000 men to resist a Fenian raid. By 4 p.m., on the 18th, it was notified to the Adjutant General that not 10,000 but 14,000 men were assembled at their respective head-quarters awaiting further orders. These orders were sent, and by the afternoon of the 10th this force had been duly distributed and posted. On each subsequent occasion on which the Militia have been called out the same alacrity has been displayed. Some of the men had to travel not less than twenty miles to obey the summons to proceed to battalion head-quarters, and frequently large numbers of Canadians in the United States have volunteered to join the Militia on emergency. It is calculated that within a few days 30,000 men could be assembled on the American frontier. Nor can the Canadian army—for army it is, and not a mere aggregate of unorganized and unconnected tactical units like our Volunteers and Militia—boast merely of the loyalty and alacrity of the men and the excellence of the officers; but most of the corps exhibit, according to the reports of the experienced inspecting officers, a remarkable degree of military proficiency. The annual inspections are by no means perfunctory or mere complimentary ceremonies; no time is wasted in parade manœuvres, but every minute inspection is devoted to ascertain the real condition of the corps, all shortcomings being fearlessly reported on. With such numbers, such physique, such officers, such training, and such organization, Canada counts for much as an element of the military strength of the Empire, and must, we should think, definitively put an end to all fear of a sudden annexation to the United States. Mr. Cardwell may learn many valuable lessons regarding military organization if he can spare a single evening to read the last few Militia reports of the gallant young Dominion, and no political economist can now pretend that Canada is a source of weakness to the British Empire.

DOMINION NOTES.

Newfoundland approves of the treaty of Washington.

The work along the line of the Canada Southern Railway is being pushed forward with earnestness!

By the death of Mr. William Smith, registrar af Perth, one of the best offices in the gift of the Ontario Government is vacant. The fees average about $4,000 per annum, and it is no wonder there is a host of claimants for the prize.

The Mount Forest *Examiner* says: During the past week or two a considerable number of sheep have been destroyed by wolves in Egremont.

The Collingwood *Enterprise* says Collingwood has been usually alive the past week. The surveying party has been awaiting the arrival of the gunboat *Rescue* and the *Algoma* to convey them to Fort William. The party, which consists of more than 300 eqplorers are well organized and the arrangements for the conduct of the survey, are the most perfect and complete character.

The Chicora brought down on her last trip from Silver Islet, 136 barrels of silver ore, of a very rich quality, valued and insured for $116,000, and a little over eight hundred and fifty dollars per barrel.

[illegible] BRONCHIAL TROCHES

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the desease and give almost instant relief.

The TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in low localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than any other articles.

OBTAIN only BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless Immitations that may be offered.

"TROCHES," SO-CALLED SOLD BY THE OUNCE, are a poor immitation and nothing like Brown's Bronchial Troches, which are sold only in boxes with fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

Outside wrapper of box, and private government stamp attached to each box.

BREAKFAST - EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa. Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills.' Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinline packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London. d1509 1y

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 26, 1871.

La Minerve and *Witness*, the journals who first promulgated Mr. Leeberg's retirement, now assert that Carter will contest the county. Your correspondent has good private authority to-day, for saying the latter part, at least, is the truth.

The fact is that some parties in the Military Schools during the visit of the Minister of Militia, on Friday, hissed and otherwise grossly misconducted themselves gives great scandal, and it is hinted that Sir Geo. Cartier may not visit the Laprarie camp, in consequence of what he deems a gratuitous insult.

The legality of calling out the volunteers during the elections is disputed, and the corporation threaten to withhold the payment of the men.

The Midsummer Model School examinations commenced to-day.

John Clarke, aged 22 years, working in Redpath's Sugar Refinery, has been missing since Monday last, and is supposed to be drowned.

Flour market firm at quotations of Saturday.

Thermometer 72° at 4 p.m.

Midnight Despatches.

BALTIMORE, MD., June 26.—A woman aged about 20 years was murdered on Saturday morning near Chasses Station, on the Philadelphia Railroad, by a party of men who claim to have mistaken her for a man, dressed in woman's clothes, who had been prowling about the neighborhood for some time, stealing poultry, &c. She was first seen on Friday night acting suspiciously, and early on Saturday morning a party of four, and two colored men, went in search of her. They found her sitting on the bank beside the railroad track, and Joseph League, who was armed with a shot gun, fired, killing her instantly. The woman was of a lady like appearance, and it is supposed that she was insane, and escaped from custody. The murderer has been arrested, and the authorities are investigating the affair.

PARIS, June 26.—The *Figaro* says that the Orleans Princes will proceed to Frohodorff, where they will await the decisions of the country in silence.

The *Constitutionel* urges to ratify the policy of Thiers without conditions or amendment.

M. Ventil, a late member of the Communist Central Committee, has been arrested.

MADRID, June 25.—A majority of the Cortes will hold a meeting on Monday, for the purpose of considering the Kings refusal to accept the resignation of the Cabinet.

LONDON, June 26.—One thousand workmen have been thrown out of employment by the burning of the Manchester Cotton Mill.

There was quite a snow storm in Shields this morning.

Hugh McCulloch, ex-Secretary and Treasurer of the United States, responded to the toast in honor of America, at the Cobden Club banquet.

QUEENSTOWN, June 26.—The steamships *City of Antwerp* and *Idaho*, have arrived from New York.

GLASGOW, June 26.—The steamship *Alexandria* has arrived from New York.

VERSAILLES, June 26.—The *Verite* says that fearing detection the Communists and workmen appear to have decided to refrain from voting.

The *Official Journal* to-day contains several official decrees relative to the loan and war indemnity.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 26.—The steamship *Montana* has arrived from Panama. Among the passengers are 76 men sent from New York to Magdeline Bay by the Lower California Co., who walked to La Paz, where they were humanely treated by the Mexican authorities, who issued rations to keep them from starvation. They say they were compelled to sign an agreement to release the Company from the liability for damages before they were permitted to leave. Some are sick and some barefoot and all ragged, and utterly destitute. They are now in front of the City Hall seeking relief from the Mayor, and the indignation of the men against the Lower California Company, is unbounded.

MADRID, June 26.—The Cabinet, which was in Council until four o'clock this morning, decided to persist in its resignation in consequence of the attitude of the majority in the Cortes. It is believed, however, that only Monet and Scorralla will ultimately retire.

PARIS, June 26.—Gambetta has arrived in Paris, but leaves to-morrow. He has accepted the candidature to the Assembly from one of the districts of Paris.

Charles Floquet has been discharged from confinement.

Richard Wallace has received the cross of the Legion of Honor.

Despatches from Leme, Peru, dated 14th June, say excellent coal mines have been discovered on the Bolivia frontier.

Efforts to suppress the revolution in Bolivia have proved unsuccessful.

The insurrection in Gautemala is spreading and the indications are that the revolutionists have possession of the entire country.

General Colonzes routed the Government troops at Chici and captured Retulatind.

A guerrilla warfare is now carried on.

Peace prevails in San Salvador, but the ministry is unpopular.

Duenas and Martinez have been liberated.

Telegraph lines are being coostructed.

The insurrection in Honduras has been quelled, and Xatruct has left the country.

Yesterday's Despatches.

VERSAILLES, June 26.—Thiers is slighly indisposed.

M. Persigny declines to stand for the Assembly for the Department of the Loire.

The Government has received favorable accounts as to the prospects of its supporters in the elections.

The Communists of Paris are quiet, but their organization is still kept up.

LONDON, June 26.—The *Primas*, from Havana, bound to Greenwich, has been wrecked. Every person on board has perished.

FATHER POINT, June 16.—The steamship *Prussian* arrived at 1:40 a.m.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Official relations between Secretary Bothwell and Commissioner Pleasanton, seem to be approaching a crisis. The trouble chiefly arises from a misunderstanding as to the limit of power of the latter in managing the affairs of his Bureau.

NEW YORK, June 26.—Accounts from trustworthy sources represent the state of affairs in Venesuela as deplorable. Society is disorganized. In most parts of the country commerce is destroyed, and business of all kinds is exceedingly dull.

The political state of the country is anything but quiet.

There is no communication between the seaports and the interior.

Private correspondence is often violated, and the interests of the United States are said to suffer from the absence of their representative.

The Kingston *News* says, that the interests of the St. Lawrence route will be favourably affected by the operation of the Treaty of Washington is conceded by all who do not regard the same from an intensely partizan stand point. The conviction is gaining ground that apart from the Fishery question, the interests of Ontario and Quebec, and particularly the interests of the lake and river ports, will be much advanced by the clauses respecting reciprocal navigation.

MARRIED.

At the Catholic Apostolic Church, Ottawa, on the 26th instant, C. E. Roberts, P. L., Surveyor, to Mary, youngest daughter of the Rev. W. H. Cuthbert.

BIRTH.

In this city, on Thursday, the 22nd June, the wife of Aime Naulters, of a son.

DIED.

At 3, Cavandish Square, Manchester, England, Marie, wife of Stephen Pilcher, Esq and sister of Mrs. F. Lewis, of this city.

At Berry, St. Edmund's, England, on the 12th, Sarah, the wife of Edwin Gould, Esq., cashier at Oak's Bevans Bank, and sister of John Kidd, of the Governor General's office.

On the 18th, suddenly, the day of his mother's funeral, the wife of Alfred Gould, Esq., of Barclay's Bank, London.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

RIVER VIEW

Parties who may be desirous of seeing this property previous to the day of Sale, on the 1st of July next, can do so, free of expense, as a Carriage will leave the Post Office at three o'clock, p.m., on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, the 27th, 28th, 29th, and 30th inst.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 1703 d

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, A FINE TONED PIANO, &c.

The subscriber is authorised to sell the whole of Mr. A BEGG'S Household Furniture, without reserve, as he is leaving for Scotland. The sale will take place on THURSDAY, the 29th inst., in the Cottage occupied by him, on Ottawa street, Sandy Hill, at 10.30 a.m. Also, to be sold on the premises, several cords of Hard Wood, cut ready for the stove.

AMOS ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 24, 1871. 1700td

FOUND,

Between Sappers Bridge and Russell House, a sum of MONEY. Apply to JAS. SMITH, Driver at BATE & Co., Sparks street.

Ottawa, June 27, 1871 1702tf

PUBLIC SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS.

The examination of the Public Schools of this city, will be held as follows:

Duke street School, (Miss Butterworth's) Wednesday forenoon, 28th inst.

Ottawa Ward School, (Miss Murray's), do afternoon.

Central School East, Thursday, 29th inst.

Central School West, Friday, 30th do.

N. B—Exercises will be held during the usual school hours. Attendance at these examinations is respectfully urged upon all interested in education.

H. J. BORTHWICK, A.M., City Inspector of Schools.

Citizen, Free Press and *Daily News*, please copy.

Ottawa, June 27, 1871. 1702 2

NOTICE.

The gentlemen appointed as "Examiners" under the new School Act, at the late meeting of the Board of Public School Trustees, of this city, are requested to meet at the High School, at 4 o'clock, p.m., on Wednesday, 28th inst.

H. J. BORTHWICK, A.M., Inspector

Citizen, Free Press, Daily News copy.

Ottawa, June 27, 1871 1702 1

LOST.

A Slate colored BIRD, with a black stripe on the top of the head, and without tail, of the catbird species. The bird flew away from the residence of L. F. DUFRESNE, corner of Nelson and Theodore-sts. It is believed to be in one of the neighboring houses. Any one returning it to the owner, will be suitably rewarded.

L. F. DUFRESNE, Receiver General's Department.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 1701 3

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD, Manager.

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

To The Independent Electors

—OF THE—

COUNTY OF OTTAWA

GENTLEMEN,—

At the solicitation of a great number of the Electors of the County, consisting of men of standing from all parts of the County, representing all creeds and nationalities, I have determined to come forward as a candidate for the representation of this County in the Legislative Assembly in the Province of Quebec.

In politics I am a Liberal Conservative, and will give the present Government a hearty support in all measures which I consider conducive to the welfare of the country at large, and this County in particular.

It is almost needless to say that I shall be in the future as I have ever been in the past, an earnest promoter of every improvement calculated to develop the material resources of the County, and although I am more particularly interested in the lumber trade, I am well aware that the prosperity of that trade, the progress of agriculture and of any other industry in the County, are intimately connected, and all deserve, and will receive my fostering care.

If, Gentlemen, you honor me with your confidence by electing me as your representative, I promise to devote my whole energies to the interest of this County, and more particularly to the promotion of Railroads and Canals, intended to open up great routes of travel and commerce. At the same time I shall not forget that assistance is due to the settlers in making roads in the back Townships, thus opening up for settlement the large area of waste, but fertile Lands, still lying unoccupied.

In fine, although I am of American origin, my business career commenced in this country, and I look upon all its inhabitants, of whatever Race or Creed, as my Countrymen.

Dated at the Village of Hull, this 22nd of June, A.D. 1871.

I have the honor to subscribe myself, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
EZRA BUTLER EDDY.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

The Court of Directors hereby give notice that a half-yearly dividend, at the rate of six per cent per annum, on the Capital of the Bank, will be payable on the 5th day of JULY, 1871, to the Proprietors of Shares registered in the Colonies, and that a further sum of Fifteen Shillings Sterling per Share, taken from the profits of the year 1870, will be paid to the Proprietors at the same time.

Both payments will be made at the rate of exchange current on the 5th day of JULY, 1871, to be fixed by the Local Boards.

No Transfer can be made between the 24th inst., and the 5th prox., as the Books must be closed during that period.

By order of the Court.
R. W. BRADFORD, Secretary.

No. 124 Bishopgate st., within, London, 6th June, 1871. 1697d

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer,

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOFORTE, CARPETS, &c., &c.

The subscriber has received instructions from Mr. MOBERRY to sell at his residence, Albert street, west of Richmond road, on FRIDAY, JUNE 30th, 1871, the following Goods Parlor Furniture, in b w Hair Cloth Sofa and Chairs, Centre Table, Whatnot, Rosewood Piano in excellent order, large Mirror, gilt frame, Marble Mantlepiece, Parlor Ornaments, Carpets Curtains, Cornices, &c, Dining Room Furniture, b w Dining Table, Side Table, Side Board, Cane Dining Chairs, Book Case, Couch, Carpet, Crockery, China and Glassware, Hall Oil Cloth, Table and Chairs, Stair Carpet and Rods, the contents of a number of well furnished Bedrooms, consisting of Bedsteads in Iron and Wood, b w Bureaus, Washstands, Dressing Tables, Dressing Glasses, Cane Chairs, Matrasses, Pillows, Beds and Beddings, Carpets, Curtains, Bedroom Crockery, &c.; Kitchen Furniture, Tables, Chairs, Cooking Stove and utensils, Hall and Parlor Stoves, Pipes, Refrigerator, Tubs, Barrels, &c.

Sale without reserve.

Sale to take place at 2 o'clock.

N. B—A lease of the House from the 1st of July; hard and soft water on the premises.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 27, 1871 1702td

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE

—OF—

CITY PROPERTY.

The subscriber will sell at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1871.

The House and Lot situated on Albert-st., being lot No. 41, south, and immediately off O'Connor-st. The property is beautifully situated, and in the best part of the City, and is rapidly increasing in value. The House is of wood 24 x 36, two stories, containing seven rooms and halls, with kitchen and servants' rooms over head, wood shed and barn, with an excellent well of water in the yard. The Lot is 66 x 99, the House is detached and quite new and in good repair, having been built but two years. There are Blinds and Outside Windows for the House. The title is freehold, and terms of payments will be one-third down, the balance in two annual payments at 7 per cent. interest, secured by mortgage.

Parts of Lots Nos. 14 and 15, Alass-st., 80 feet square, Brick House 26 x 32, seven rooms with closets and kitchens, well finished.

ALSO,

A part of Lot No. 3, in Block 6, Rideau-st., north.

Lot No. 20, south Rideau-st.,

And Lot No. 10, east Gloucester-st., 66 x 198.

ORDNANCE.

Lot No. 14, on the east side of Dalhousie-st. Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer

Ottawa, June 26 1702td

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or better than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church, Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

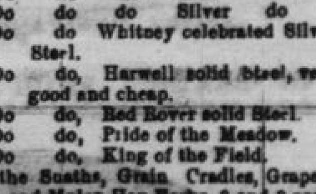
HARDWARE! HARDWARE!!

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES,

And other Harvesting Implements,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



No. 24 Rideau street.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid Steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.

All ground ready for use.

Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.

Hay Rakes, straight and bent.

Scythe Stones, &c. &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarrie.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

DOMINION DAY.

AT HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

—ON THE—

EVENING OF JULY THE 1st,

(By Special Request,)

The Ottawa Rifles' Amateur DRAMATIC CLUB.

Will again render the popular Drama, entitled,

THE CROSS OF ST. JOHN'S OR THE GAMBLER'S FATE.

To conclude with the laughable farce,

The Irishman's Adventures, OR THE REVIEW.

Music by the O. B. G. A. Band.

Proceeds to aid in forming a Fife and Drum Band for the Rifle Corps.

Admittance—Parquette, 50c.; Gallery, 25c.

Doors open at 7.30 p.m.; Curtain rises at 8

Ottawa, June 24, 1871 1700a

COMING.

G. F. BAILEY & Co's

Great Allied Attractions,

—AND—

COLOSSAL COMBINATION EXHIBITIONS!

Will exhibit in OTTAWA

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

JUNE 28 & 29.

The Largest and most Comprehensive

MENAGERIE

On Earth.

A CLASSIC

ITALIAN HIPPODROME,

An Extensive

AVIARY,

And a

First-Class Circus,

All for the SINGLE ADMISSION FEE of FIFTY CENTS.

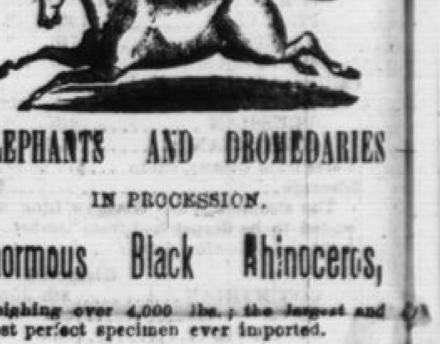
Under Stupendous Pavilions,

Separate and distinct from each other, and each one larger than any Circus Tent ever used.

Extraordinary Collection of

BEAUTIFUL TROPICAL BIRDS,

Of every hue and color



ELEPHANTS AND DROMEDARIES

IN PROCESSION.

Enormous Black Rhinoceros,

Weighing over 4,000 lbs.; the largest and most perfect specimen ever imported.

A TRIO OF

BABY LIONS

With their Royal Dam.

The Imperial Lion

"CHARLEMAGNE,"

Celebrated throughout the continent as the largest and most magnificent specimen of the "King of the Forest," ever exhibited in the Old World, or the New.

Immense WHITE, or POLAR BEAR.

SOUTH AFRICAN BLES-BOC.

A very rare animal, and entirely new to this country.

A large Colony of APES, MONKEYS and BABOONS.

20 GREAT DENS

Well filled with the wonders of the forest, wilderness and jungle. For a full description of which see small bills.

QUAGLIANI'S,

ITALIAN HIPPODROME AND CIRCUS,

Led by

THE GREAT SEBASTIAN,
THE GREAT SEBASTIAN,
THE GREAT SEBASTIAN

Whose standing challenge of 10,000 DOLLARS to produce his equal as a Bareback and Hurdle Rider, is open to the world, and has never been accepted.

Mlle. MARIE,

Premiere Equestrienne in her classic and daring specialities.

TEESE & KING,

The challenge Gymnasts and Athletes.

GEO. M. CLARK,

The universal favorite Clown, wit and jester

SIGNOR FARRANTA,

The Boneless Man or Anatomical Paradox.

GEO. DERIOUS,

The great Man Monkey, in his comical act entitled the GORILLA on HORSEBACK.

21 acts in the Ring—All novel and original.

GORGEOUS and MAGNIFICENT HOLIDAY PAGEANT in the public streets. The most imposing and attractive procession of the period.

All the Exhibitions above Advertised for the Single Admission Fee of FIFTY CENTS.

One Ticket admits to either or all

EXTRA AMUSEMENT

The management have succeeded in effecting a brief engagement with the beautiful Young Tunambulist, Mlle. JOSEPHINE DeVERRIER, who will each day, at half-past 12 o'clock, p.m., make an Outside Ascension on a SINGLE WIRE, from the ground to the extreme summit of the Centre Pole. This difficult and daring feat has never been successfully accomplished by any other Lady, and is given as a GRATUITY to the PEOPLE and is FREE to EVERYBODY.

Ottawa, June 22, 1871 1699 6

PIANOS FOR SALE
AND TO RENT.

Mr. A. Peterson, Agent for A. & S. Nordheimer, Toronto, begs to announce that he has a very fine assortment of **Pianos** and **Organs** on Exhibition, at **Gowan's Store,** and will be happy to show them to any Lady or Gentleman who may favour him with a call. **Second-hand Pianos and Organs taken in Exchange, and new Pianos rented on reasonable terms.**

Ottawa, June 30, 1871 1701tf

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats

A large lot of New Carpets just received at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks Street.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

MONEY TO LEND. Apply to R.A. Bradley Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.

The steamer *Alexandria* will make several excursion trips on Dominion Day.

TEMPERANCE PIC-NIC.—The Sons of Temperance at Hopper's Corners hold a pic nic yesterday, to which they cordially invite friends from the city. The Rev. Mr. Fletcher, from Chicago, with other gentlemen, are expected to address the gathering.

RIFLE MATCH.—Members of the old Civil Service Rifle Company, under command of Capt. Anderson, are hereby notified that the annual competition for the silver cup, which was won in Quebec, will take place at the Rideau Range on Saturday next, the 1st of July, at 9 a.m., punctually—Five rounds at 200 yards.

Great Bargains in Lace Shawls. Price reduced one-third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks St.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

The Religious Temperance Society held a meeting on Sabbath afternoon, Edward McGillivray, Esq., in the Chair. Dr. Beattie of Cobourg, James Johnson, Esq., and other Gentlemen from a distant part of the Dominion ably addressed the meeting. The Temperance Hall, Elgin Street was crowded.

GENTLEMEN.—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE.—Bailey's celebrated combination of exhibitions will arrive in this city to morrow. The circus is said to be an excellent organization, and the menagrie is beyond all doubt the most extensive that has ever been to this city. Everything connected with the combination is on a grand scale, and the person who fails to attend its exhibitions loses a treat that will not be afforded the people of Ottawa for some time.

ST. JEAN BAPTISTE CELEBRATION IN OTTAWA.

GRAND AFFAIR.

Frenchmen are Frenchmen the world over, and jolly good fellows they are wherever you meet them; whether in the sunny land of corn and wine or in this the capital of the Dominion, one of the prosperous and favoured centres of Upper Canada commerce and traffic. Their characteristic disposition pervades them wherever you find them, and though their Great grandfather may have been born on Canadian soil, they are still French in spirit, action and sentiment, a spirit which goes to show how strong is their attachment when once welded by the ties of consanguinity or bond of friendship. Let us not be misunderstood, for while our respected fellow citizens are thoroughly French in sentiment and sympathy, yet as Canadians they are as patriotic and loyal to their native country as is the Prussian to his father land. They are Canadians, and they rejoice in being called "Canadians," for to that name, we are proud to say, there is not as yet a sorrowful recollection attached. So fond are they of the name that they wish to monopolize it altogether, and, no doubt, they have a great right to this assumption, for in early days and days not long passed away Frenchmen showed, to the honor of the whole Country, what they would and could do for Canada. Frenchmen can never forget, and, no doubt, never will forget, Duchesney and De Sallebery, the heroes of Chateaugay. These two soldiers we mention simply as an example of what brave Frenchmen have done for Canada and as an assurance of what they are prepared to do for her.

Yes, Frenchmen visit in ecstatic flights of memory the dear sunny vales of old France, where their fathers and grandfathers lived years ago, centuries ago, and where their ashes now rest; and who will blame them for this sweet and sentimental indulgence. It is but natural and human, and, in fact, it but shows the lasting affection of the people. Where is the Englishman, Scotchman, or Irishman, who does not gaze back with feelings of affection and looks of longing to the dear old shores which circumstances obliged him to leave in years gone by? There is not one, or he is not worthy of the name he bears. Old associations cannot be obliterated; the country may sink beneath the waves of the ocean, but there yet remains the fond recollections of olden days, whether learned from experience or read of in history.

Yes, Frenchmen may well admire the memories of old France, the historic record of her greatness, her triumphs, and her glory, and, perhaps, though under a British Government, shed a passing tear for her afflictions and reverses. It is still but human and whatever may be the nature of circumstances—a word of condolence, or a tear of sympathy is allowable, and, no doubt, acceptable. There is not a man under the sun who could turn an iron heart towards his native country, or the country of the glory of his ancestors. But it is not commonly in the nature of Frenchmen to "cry over spilt milk," they seldom turn a moist eye or a heavy heart to the past; lie down to die amid present ruins or allow the most portentous future to interfere with their daily programme of business or pleasure, or to ruffle their equanimity in the slightest degree. No, Frenchmen have never been daunted by past, present, or prospective danger, and though terrible clouds may be darkening their sunny horizon, they are still gay and festive.

But in our enthusiasm over the splendid and admirable principles and characteristics of Frenchmen we have, perhaps, wandered a little too far from the immediate subject of our notice—the celebration of St. Jean Baptiste Day, and a grand affair it was, "which nobody can deny." Then let us commence at the beginning, and relate what our respected French fellow-citizens have done on the Anniversary of their Patron Saint, St. John the Baptist.

When Frenchmen undertake anything they carry it out thoroughly. They did not wait until eight or nine o'clock in the morning to open proceedings, but a minute after midnight on Sunday, the booming of cannon roused us generally to a consciousness that the return of the Birthday of St. John the Baptist had commenced. Boom after boom resounded throughout the city, and though the body likes rest, yet it was a pleasure to listen and realize in calm thought how great was the enthusiasm of those who were thus initiating the celebration.

Early in the morning the residents along the streets, through which the procession was to march, decorated the front of their house, with verdant maple trees, with their abundant shady foliage. Flags floated from nearly every house in the principal streets as well as from the Parliamentary and Departmental Buildings. It is, perhaps, needless to state that the principal streets which were to be visited by the procession were also draped with beautiful colours, and ornamented in every way that could add to the *eclat* of the celebration. At about 8:30 those present formed in procession and marched down Bolton street and up St. Patrick's street, more for the purpose of mustering the people than anything else. The procession returned to the church, where the cavalry corps, consisting of forty mounted men, formed a guard of honor as the officers of the St. Jean Baptiste Society entered the Cathedral.

As the demonstrations previous to High Mass were not very extensive, we may as well here go into the Church and revel amid the beautiful music and grand pageantry until the after proceedings. The Cathedral was magnificently decorated with green maples, flags of different nationalities hanging from the lofty dome, and other ornamental devices which contributed to the general beauty of the scene. We were kindly favored with a card of admission to the choir by Chevalier Smith, from whence an excellent view could be obtained of the surroundings and general proceedings.

In the absence of His Lordship, the Bishop, Father Dandurand, V.C., officiated and the Rev. Father Gladu delivered an impressive and touching sermon, which was listened to with great attention. But what rivetted every one in the church was the rendition of Von Weber's magnificent Grand Mass in G. Chevalier Gustave Smith, of course, presided at the organ, and we need not say how well he performed his task. The following are the names of the ladies and gentlemen who rendered the solos so splendidly: Madame Gelinas, Mrs. Ryan, Mrs. Bourget, Miss Grison; Messers. Gauthier, Ryan, Vermet, Marier and Leveille, the whole being conducted by the Rev. Father Chaborel. We do not know the names of all the ladies and gentlemen who composed the choir; if we did we should be most happy to publish them, for assuredly they afforded us an incalculable amount of ecstatic delight. We have not time or space to dilate on the beauties of that sacred music whose elevating tones still linger in our memory, but had we every facility we could not do those who sang it adequate justice, or convey them the praise their merits deserve.

During the mass the following ladies and gentlemen, who afterwards took up the collection, occupied seats within the Sanctuary: Miss E. Dorion, daughter of the President of the Society, took up collection with Mr. E. Tetu; Miss Leprohon with Mr. Kimber; Miss Drapeau, daughter of the President of the Canadian Institute with Mr. E. Langevin, Clerk of the Crown in Chancery; Miss Germain with Mr. Laporte; Madame Chabot with Mr. Groulx and Mrs. and Mr. Durocher. The collection was opened by the President of the Society with Mrs. St. Jean, who walked up to the Sanctuary and put their offering on the collection plate.

The following gentlemen occupied seats directly in front of the Sanctuary:—

E. P. Dorion, Esq., President of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, S. Drapeau, President of the Canadian Institute, Col. J. Aumond, Dr. Beaubien, N. Germain, Esq., Alderman Martineau, — Leprohon, Esq., Capt. Grison and Mr. Traversy. After mass the Procession was again formed and marched up to the Parliament square in the following order: Paul Favreau's corps of cavalry first; Brothers' school children, with a magnificent banner; then came the waggon containing a press from this office, on which programmes of the proceedings of the day were being struck off; the Chaudiere band followed by the Sappeurs Hook and Ladder Co.; Marriers's band; Queen Fire Company, Capt. Roy; Rideau Company, Capt. Grison. Then the carriage containing the allegorical children with the lamb; vehicles in which men were at work at different trades; and finally a waggon in which men were working on a crib of timber; after which followed the St. Jean Baptiste Society and others. The procession entered Parliament Square at the Main entrance, and marching around the grounds, halted in front of the eastern block, where the President was to present the respects of the French Canadians of Ottawa, to the Governor General. Among the gentlemen present were Sir John A. Macdonald, Sir Francis Hincks, Hon. Mr. Howe, Hon. Mr. Langevin, Hon. Dr. Tupper, Hon. Mr. Dunkin, and Hon. Mr. Aikins.

E. P. Dorion, Esq., President of the Society, then came forward and said, he came to express the devotedness and attachment of the French Canadians of Ottawa to the Government of the Dominion and the Queen of the Empire.

Sir John A. Macdonald regretted the absence of His Excellency the Governor-General, but he would take the earliest opportunity to convey to His Excellency a knowledge of their loyal sentiments. He would have much pleasure in recounting to His Excellency the splendid procession which so many had witnessed in Ottawa that day. His Excellency was enjoying a pleasant relaxation after the labors of the year; he was enjoying the beauties of nature amid the loyal inhabitants of Lower Canada, whose magnificent scenery was so abundant. He was glad their useful Society was so prosperous; its object was to do good, and he was satisfied it afforded much comfort to the widow and relief to the needy, and it also encouraged and fostered that spirit of patriotism and loyalty which has ever characterized the career of Frenchmen in Canada. The Society was effecting much good without countenancing evil. On behalf of His Excellency and his colleagues, he would return his sincere thanks for their kind and loyal sentiments, and as he could not address them in French he would call upon Mr. Langevin to do so. Sir John was cheered repeatedly during the few remarks which he made.

The Hon. Mr. Langevin said the Premier has just thanked you for your kind expressions, and I now extend to you sincere thanks on behalf of my colleagues. It was a great day for the French Canadians, not only throughout the Dominion but the world. The object of the Society was to do good, and its existence and actions were a menace to no person or community. The object of its formation is to relieve the needy, and to foster those principles of fraternity and general good will, which is the mainstay of a nations greatness. Whenever there was a call for aid or succor the St. Jean Baptiste Society, showed themselves in the front ranks of those who went to the rescue. They were always prepared as they had repeatedly demonstrated to fight for the flag that floated over the Buildings and to defend their native country. After a few further remarks Mr. Langevin concluded amid much applause, and called for three cheers for the Queen, which were heartily given.

Cheers were then given for Her Majesty's Ministers and for the President of the Society. After which the Procession reformed and marched to the Church where a few short addresses were delivered by Mr. Dorion, Dr. Beaubien and Mr. Drapeau.

People then dispersed generally to their homes feeling disposed no doubt to indulge their stomachs with a hearty meal after the pleasant but also appetizing proceedings of the day. Mr. E. P. Dorion, President of the Society, with his characteristic urbanity, invited the members of the Press present together with several other gentlemen to his residence where a happy hour was spent chatting over the day's doings and making conversational speeches—and, of course, in attending to other little matters which put us again in good trim to enjoy the succeeding proceedings of the day. Here we cannot refrain from paying a slight compliment to the esteemed President of the St. Jean Baptiste Society. We know that gentleman is averse to praise in any shape but it is our duty to recognize worth and give "honor to whom honor is due." Mr. Dorion is a gentleman of high cultivation possessing much talent and ability. His indefatigable exertions which resulted in so magnificent a celebration yesterday, evince his untiring perseverance and energy. The Society have reason to feel proud of him and we hope he may long remain at their head and take part in many future celebrations of their national anniversary.

GRAND CONCERT.

We may well call the entertainment in the Canadian Institute in the evening "grand." But after all it was simply characterized by the *eclat* by which the whole proceedings of the day were marked. The performance of the programme commenced at 8:30, but the hall was crowded to its utmost capacity with ladies and gentlemen for an hour previous. The audience was composed of the *elite*, not alone of persons of the French persuasion, for there were numerous representatives of the other nationalities. Among those present were E. R. Dorion, Esq., President of the St. Jean Baptiste Society; Dr. Sweetland, President of the St. George's Society; E. McGillivray, Esq., President of the St. Andrew's Society; the Hon. Joseph Howe, Hon. Mr. Dunkin, Hon. Mr. Clarke, Attorney General of Manitoba, and the Rev. Father Pallier and Rev. Father Gladu. The College Band was present under the able directions of Brother Belland, and opened the programme by playing "Vive la Canadienne." We regret that want of space will not permit of our giving an extended account of the concert. We can no more than say the vocal and instrumental music throughout was splendid, every person who took part executing his or her portion of the programme with perfect enthusiasm and remarkable excellence. A few of the many who sung were Mrs. Gelinas, Mddle. Aumond, Mddle. Drapeau, Mddle. Grison, Mdlle. Leprohon, Mr. Blain de St. Aubin, and Mr. Kimber. Two amusing dramatic pieces entitled "Monsieur Sans-Gene," and "Les Deux Aveugles." M. Adolphe Olivier displayed his comic talent in the former play to the great amusement of the audience, and in the latter Mdlle. Leprohon and Mr. Kimber were greatly applauded. Mr. Smith presided at the piano and Rev. Father Chaborel had the choir of singers under his directions.

SPEECHES.

After the first play the President rose and delivered an able address.

Mr. Dorion said they had all witnessed the *eclat* with which the day had been celebrated; and, there was no doubt, the anniversary had been similiarly celebrated throughout the Dominion from the Acadian shores to the distant Plains of the Northwest. He would ask them what invisible power could stimulate them to such magnificent demonstrations? It was the same enduring spirit that actuated and strengthened the hero of Chateauguay—a love of country and attachment to their Faith. They in Ottawa had honored the day and every one could say how well. They had seen the Press, the lever of the world, pass before them in triumph. The Press was the mightiest power on earth, and could be wielded with wonderful results for good or evil. Thrones might fall to the ground and kingdoms decay before Time, but amid all the vicissitudes of the world the Press remained triumphant and mighty as ever. They remembered and observed the traditions and customs of their forefathers. Let the Canadian history be turned over from beginning to end, and it would be seen that on no occasion did they back down from the good old principles or suffer the slightest deterioration of their reputation. They had on all occasions shown their patriotism and loyalty to the British Flag, the safe-guard of their liberty and Institutions, and the Flag which they would ever watch with a vigilant, jealous eye.

Mr. Dorion made an able, eloquent speech, of which we have only room to give a few words here, and set down amid much applause.

The President then introduced the Hon. Joseph Howe, who said he had refrained from speaking at Parliament Square in the morning for fear of detaining them in the heat of the sun too long, but he would far prefer he had got off with a rough speech to them then, than to have to address the refined audience before him. He thought the best time to speak was immediately after having listened to music. Old Demosthenes used to go down to the ocean shore and address the turbulent waves, but he thought that were he once to listen as he had done to-night to a French lady singing a good French song he would never think of speaking again to the waves (laughter). He had been a long time in this country and mixed constantly among Frenchmen, but never had a rough word been said to him by one of them (cheers.) He considered it as much the duty of public men to mix with the people in their pleasures as to make their laws. This reminded him of a little occurrence—when they were standing waiting on the steps of the Building at noon, Sir John looking at the Procession as it filed down towards them remarked: "I wonder what can John A. have to do with John B.!" (laughter.) He (speaker) had no objections to have something to do with John B. and a similar spirit animated every one about him. French-Canadians had repeatedly given proof of their loyalty, patriotism and valour. After some further highly complimentary remarks, Mr. Howe referred to France. The tide of war had rolled over that beautiful country and he mourned with them over its misfortunes. But every nation and country had had its trials and humiliations; England had hers and so had the Prussians. He hoped that Divine Providence which may have brought about that humiliation for a good purpose would soon raise France out of her misery, and he had no doubt they would before a great number of years see her again take the lead among the Powers of Europe. The eloquent President of the Society had touched on a few salient points the prosperity of the Dominion, and they should all thank God for the general happiness and welfare which the country enjoyed—a country which now extended from ocean to ocean (cheers). He did not intend to bring politics before them that night, but would simply ask the people to dispel all fears and apprehensions about Fisheries, &c., and to trust the public men who had the interests of Canada at heart, and showed on all occasions that they were equal to any emergency (Cheers).

The Hon. Mr. Dunkin then delivered a short address in French.

Hon. Mr. Clarke, Attorney General of Manitoba was then called on, and said he did not expect to be called upon to speak. He was a stranger there but a compliment had been paid to the North-West and he was as a matter of duty and of priviledge bound to thank them for it. Away in that almost unknown country the remembrance of old nationality was as fresh and as green as in older countries, and referring to what the Hon. Mr. Howe had said in relation to the action of the French in 1841, he said that the French on the occasion had discovered that they had got the worst of the bargain but instead of sulking and hanging back they had gone in manfully and accepted the position. He (Mr. Clarke) was proud to call himself an Irishman but he was educated at a French College and was brought up among Frenchmen, and naturally had a fellow feeling towards them. When he went to the North-West he had gone "on his own hook," without even a letter of introduction there, and after making himself known, the first to take him by the hand were the French. (Cheers.) Whilst he would labour for all impartially so long as he had anything to say in the Province, the interests of the French would not be forgotten. He assured the Assembly that the rumours that had been circulated as to ill-feeling between the French and Scotch Metis was not true. The French people had enough to do in advancing their own interests without interfering with the thrifty Scotchmen, who, there as elsewhere, were working honestly to enrich themselves. The ill-feeling engendered there was entirely sustained by a few evil spirits lately imported into the country, and a very short time would serve to calm their excitement, and so soon as they engaged in agricultural pursuits and left politics alone, all would come right again. Referring to what had been said by the Hon. Mr. Howe, as to the lamentable state of affairs in France, he said that whilst that unfortunate country was almost submerged in the blood of her own sons, her misfortunes would serve as an example to the people of Canada; for had the French people been united and had they fought as well against the Prussian invaders as Frenchmen had fought against Frenchmen France would not now be lying enchained at the foot of her conquerors, and the world would not have to grieve over the destruction of Paris, nor would the great centre of civilization in Europe be a pile of smouldering ruins. He concluded by recommending the union of people of all classes, creeds, and nationalities to work out the future of the Dominion, and advocated emigration to Manitoba.

Immediately after the Concert which lasted until about midnight, a splendid display of fireworks, at the Institute, terminated the celebration. The fireworks formed a magnificent spectacle, and were witnessed throughout by a concourse of ladies and gentlemen.

It was one o'clock in the morning when the last rocket shot up through the darkness, and scattered its stars of blue, purple, green, and red in the air. In another part of this account we say that Frenchmen never do things by halves—they commenced the celebration of the anniversary of their Patron Saint at midnight, Monday morning, and terminated at one o'clock this morning. It was a grand success.

After war pestilence and intemperance—colds lead to the greatest destruction of human life, mainly, because it considered by many to be of no consequence and hence systematically neglected untill a simple, curable disease, is converted into a fatal pulmonary one. Everyone troubled with what is called a slight cold or cough, should immediately use Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—they allay irritation at once, and exert a most beneficial influence on all the Bronchial and Pulmonary organs. Sold by all Druggists and Country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box.

County of Ottawa Election

General Election Committee to sit at Hull Village, daily, with power to organise sub-committees in the several different municipalities.

ALONZO WRIGHT, M. P., Chairman
A S WASHBURN, Secretary
J M Currier, M P
Hon John Hamilton
T S McKay, Warden County of Ottawa
Wm McLean, Mayor Aylmer
George Duntin, Mayor Eardly
James Wilson, Mayor Village of Buckingham
William Bonsell, Portland
A Campbell, Locharbour
Thomas Lavell, St Malachi
William Netherden, Derry & Mulgrave
Charles Major, Bonsacour
Barabie Whissell, St Andre Avelia
P G Obrey, Ripon
Hercule Chene, Hardwell
Seth Cates, Wakefield
A Hamilton, Masham
Wm McCumbier, Wright
Philemore Wright, Northfield
Hiram Dunning, Bouchette
T Moore, Hensington and Egan
Allan Gilmore
James McLaren
Andrew Pritchard
McPherson Lemoyne
B Fraser
Kilice Lafrombroise
Joshua Ellard
Patrick Farrell
Emile Quesnell
J A Cameron
Thomas Cole
R W Scott
Dr H H Sauvier
J O Archibald, N P, Thurso
Nicholas Chene
Joseph McGoey
James McGoey
John McLaren, Wakefield
James O'Hagan
John McLaren, Templeton
Pierre Andrew, Quesnell
J A Levis
John St Julion
James Wright
Henrie Hillman
M H Palmer
T B rentiss
J R Flemming
P Aylen
W R Kenney
E W Murray
J H McKay
Camile Papineau
Francois Major
G L Taillefer
C B Wright
P H Church
L R Church
John Foran
Alonzo Wright, M P P
Dr Wright
John Higginson
Edward Tromp
Godfrey Gorreau
Godfrey Vaillion
Theophile Vallion
James McAlister
John Clawson
John Brooks
Capt R Proulx
A Bourgeau
J R Woods
William Patterson
Louis Fournier
James Nault
Richard Mulligan
Joseph Bartrand
Oliver Leferrier
Norman Ried
George Link
Joseph Proulx
W D Leslie
George Johnston
Sexton Washburn
Baptiste Forcier
Barnabie Larpentigner
D C Simon
Dr St Jean
Moise Bison
Ambrose King
Agustus Papin
Moise Trudelle
Henri Demontier
John Matther
Hiram Robinson
Dr McNab
Wm Feely
G Millan
R Chamberlane
Robt Ritchie
Robt Kenney
Richard McConnell
Felice Cuschene
A Quesnell, Ripon
John Collins
R H Clock
James Clock
G Newill
Wm Holgate
T Cooke
R H Haycock
Webb
H McCormack
David Moore
J A B Hannum

Ottawa, June 23, 1871. 1699tf

FARM FOR SALE.

For Sale, the south half of Lot No. 7, in the 4th Concession R. F., about 100 acres, of which 70 acres are cleared—new House and Barn—constant supply of soft and hard water on the premises. Terms easy.

For particulars apply to LEWIS & PINHEY, Ottawa, or to the undersigned,

JAS. SEVERIGHT, Gloucester.

Gloucester, June 24, 1871 1700 6

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G. LORENZ,

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No. 47 SUSSEX STREET

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88 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Is now receiving

400 QUARTS

CHOICE STRAWBERRIES

(DAILY),

And will supply

Hotels,

Private Families,

Steamboats and

Confectioners,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

Goods delivered to any part of the city.

G. LORENZ.

Ottawa, June 24, 1871

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

—

Terms for Supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY, FOR SUNDAY USE.

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts [illegible] until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season	..	$5 00
20lbs " "	..	9 00
10lbs month	..	1 50
20lbs "		2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

Terms strictly Cash in advance.

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention

H. PALMER

N B.—Ice sup[illegible] [illegible] ton or cwt.

Ottawa April 87[illegible]

OTTAWA COUNTY ELECTION

To EZRA BUTLER EDDY, Esquire:

SIR,—We the undersigned Electors of the County of Ottawa hereby request you to allow yourself to be nominated as a fit and proper person to represent us in the Local Legislature of Quebec.

We hereby, upon your accepting such nomination, pledge ourselves to give you our hearty and earnest support at the coming election contest.

John Hamilton	Gilmour & Co
Alonzo Wright	F Major
F Samuel McKay, Warden	James MacLaren
	Wm McLean
John H Mackay	John A Cameron
J A Cameron, Jr	Geo J Marston
Joshua Ellard	R H Conroy
P Aylen	Joseph Day
W R Kenny	H Hillman
G C Courdard	A S C Papineau
J B Trudel	S Washburne
Charles Delude	J Mather
John McLaren	Richd McConnell
Ambrose King	John McLaurin
W McClymont	C B Wright
Albert Quesnel	B D'Arpentigny
P Wright	J W Campbell
John Delisle	Robt Kenny
Patrick Farrell	W W Kenny
A Holland	Dr. S Wright
W Marston	Seth Cates
James Dyke	J R Fleming
Augustus Papin, Jr	A Leamy
McPherson Lemoyne	Dr F McNab
Wm Abbott	Christopher Brigham.
Edmund W Murray	

REPLY.

To JOHN HAMILTON, ALONZO WRIGHT, GILMOUR & Co., F. S. MACKAY, and others:

GENTLEMEN,—I accept your invitation. You know my character, and I rely on your exertions.

Your obedient servant,
E. B. EDDY.

OTTAWA, June 21, 1871. 1698tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET.

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods, &c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of
Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under shirts &c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of
Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA

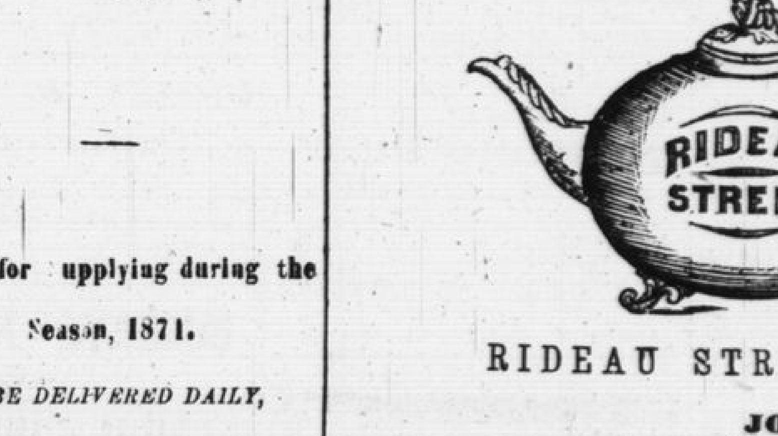
Ottawa, April 11, 1871

FRESH SALMON.

(From the Moisie River,)

RECEIVED DAILY BY EXPRESS, AT

THE TEA POT,



RIDEAU STREET, Ottawa.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE.

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (grounddaily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,
Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon.

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 RIDEAU STREET.

OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you.

1634 3m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

GIN—
J DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

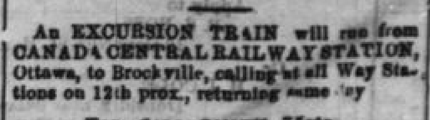
The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871



12th JULY, 1871.

ORANGE CELEBRATION.

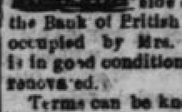
An EXCURSION TRAIN will run from CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION, Ottawa, to Brockville, calling at all Way Stations on 12th prox., returning same day

Fare from Ottawa 75cts.

Due notice of time of departure and arrival will be published.

H. ABBOTT

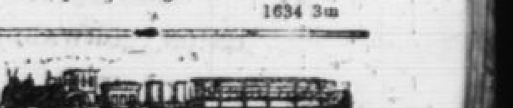
Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686tf



TO RENT.—A large STONE BUILDING, on the north side of Sparks street, in rear of the Bank of British North America, formerly occupied by Mrs. DUIGNAN. The House is in good condition, having been thoroughly renovated.

Terms can be known by applying to JAS. SLATER or at the office of Sparks Estate.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 1701a



The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL.

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.45 A.M., and 4.05 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 6 40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.49 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10:00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

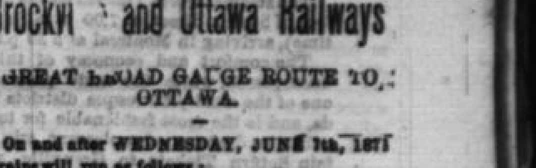
Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa June 1st, 1871



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1 00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1 30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 4.30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2.00 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5 40 p.m., and at Sand Point, 6 30 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a.m. arriving at Brockville at 1.34 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 2.50 p.m., and 6.20 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 2.30 p.m., 10.00 p.m., 6 15 p.m. 1.30 p.m.

Leave Sand Point

At 8.30 a.m., 11.30 a.m., 3.00 a.m., 3.00 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a.m., after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, June 6, 1871

$20 REWARD

Will be given by the subscriber on the recovery of the SILVER CYLINDER WATCH, No. 73259, also a GOLD WATCH, open face, with Gold Dial, with owners name engraved on inside case, stolen from my premises on the night of the 19th April. The reward will be given either on the return of the above, or on information being given which will lead to the recovery of the same.

GEORGE SHOULDICE.

Ottawa, May 26, 1871 1675tf

WANTED.

A Girl about 16 years of age, as servant in a small family. Apply A B, TIMES Office.

Ottawa, May 9, 1871 [illegible]

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

Iron Side-Wheel Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*.....	Captain Findlay.
" *Emerald*.........	" Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*.......	" Murphy.
" *Alliance*.........	" Blondin.
" *Oregon*.........	" Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*.........	"
" *Jason Gould*.........	" Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*.........	" Ostrout.
" *Pembroke*.........	" Duggan.
Pontiac.........	" D. Mulligan
Keppawe.........	" B J Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Captaine.

Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau, every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning—Leaving Chapeau same day at 1 o'clock, p.m.

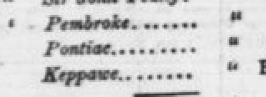
Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL

STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,

CAPT. BOWIE,

PRINCE OF WALES,

CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

JUST RECEIVED.

—AT—

HAUSER'S

RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,

That splendid new Magazine,

THE WEDDING BELLS.

—ALSO—

BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL

FOR MARCH AND APRIL.

Ottawa, April 19, 1871

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gassfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

NO MORE BUGS!

WROUGHT IRON BEDSTEADS,

Just Received Direct from ENGLAND.

Another lot of these celebrated BEDSTEADS handsomely painted and ornamented, and cheaper than any Bedstead sold in this city, there is no danger of breaking off the legs, as there always is with the ordinary ones sold, which are made of Cast Iron. Ask for the

ENGLISH WROUGHT IRON

BEDSTEADS.

Also to arrive this week,

CHILDRENS COTS!!!

Same make as the above, at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA.

CH MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, June 14, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,

OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and
Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy,
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy Ports,
Domecqs and Cochrhe,
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.

Bass', Guinness's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.

Liberal terms.

☞ Inspection invited.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND

MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull,	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon

Or

H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

READING, ELOCUTION,

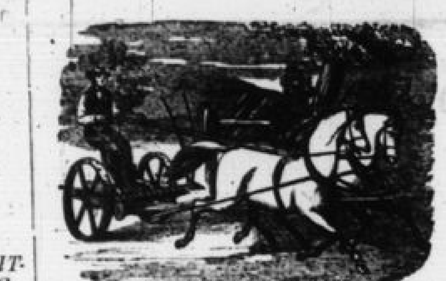
WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa.

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871. 1669tf



SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD,

Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER

—AND—

SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871.

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain*.

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.

June 13, 1871 2m-d&w

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

☞ All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanised Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deal Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, August 10. 1870 1432 1y

CHIPPAWA DISTILLERY.

The produce of the above celebrated Distillery:

HIGHWINES,
ALCOHOL,
RYE,
PROOF,
MALT,

For sale in Bond or free, at lowest Distillery quotations.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Block,
Metcalfe-st

Ottawa, June 11, 1871

SELLING

OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES

OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
WINE MERCHANT,
Elgin Street,

EGGS FOR HATCHING

From First-class Fowls of the following varieties, warranted fresh:

Dark Brahma, Light Brahma, Buff Cochin and Black Spanish.

Part of the Stock was imported direct from England last season.

Eggs carefully packed and delivered at Express Office.

☞ A few good Fowls for sale.

J. HERBERT,
Nepean-st., West
near Richmond Road, Ottawa.

April 26, 1871.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
.....	12.45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
.....	12.45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	......	4.20
.....	.....	9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	......	6.00
.....	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, *via* Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	12.45	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	......	4.20
.....	10.15	.....	North Gower, *Kars*, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	......	......	4.20
9.20	2.00	1.10	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	3.00
9.20	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......	......	3.00
10.30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	......
7.00	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.			7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	......	......	7.00
10.00	.....	.....	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
11.50	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 7, 1871

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur-, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866, besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa

The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz.: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,

The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Now last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Business.

Claims Paid for Assurances....	£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid.	2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of....	6,570,000.00
Annual Income..............	1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions* of *Policies.*

The *Non-Forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

☞ Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW,
Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal

J.& W. T. Pennock,
Agents, Ottawa.

March 13, 1871 166a

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion.

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz.: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim.

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in its large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH.

Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

1871. ICE! **1871.**

ICE! *ICE!*

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street;

Ottawa, May 1640d

Medical.

MESSRS. GABRIELS'

CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE

TEETH & GUMS

AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL

PARTS OF THE WORLD

PREPARED ONLY BY

MESSRS. GABRIEL.

DENTISTS

LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,

May 1 1871

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecoy, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Drggists and Country Merchant sthroughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 3rd June, 1871.

Authorised discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner o Customs.

Ottawa June 8, 1871

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces · Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.

W McKAY WRIGHT 1&s F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 4utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tl GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fetherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,

Corner James and King-sts.,

Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,

(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANE.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740;

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accounts accurately prepared. Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1595 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.

Montreal, Mar h 1871 2 3m

WM. FOSTER & COMPANY

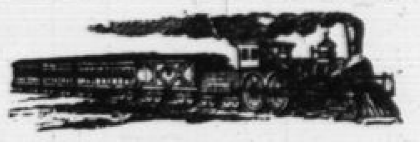
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

☞ TEAS AND WINES, ☜

8 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at.......	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at.....	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at.....	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at..................	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at................	8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at........	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston.........	10.30 p.m.

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz.:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657d

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer

No. 67 Sussex-st.

OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

☞ FLOWER SEEDS. ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,

(Late Alex. Christie.)

Druggists,

40, Sparks-st

Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET.

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel. Strict attention to business. Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.

J. A. GEMMILL,
Solicitor &c.

Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.

Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1871 159

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 38 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa

JAMES [illegible], Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1703. OTTAWA WEDNESDAY. JUNE 28, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.

Possession given 20th May.

Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to

T. M. CLARK,

Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET.

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)

Apply for terms, &c., to

C W BANGS.

Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY

For particulars, apply to

THOS. PATTERSON,

Ottawa, Feb, 16, 1871 No. 26 Rideau street.

TO LET,

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land attached, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road.

Also the Shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.

For particulars apply to

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,

Ottawa, Feb, 16, 1592tf

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. SUMMER SERVICE. 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, and intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

SCANDINAVIAN	10th June.
PERUVIAN	13th "
CASPIAN	17th "
MORAVIAN	24th "

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

AUSTRIAN	1st July.
PRUSSIAN	8th "
NESTORIAN	15th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$77 25 to $87 00

Steerage.....$29 25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line are intended to be despatched from Quebec, on or about the following dates:

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN	8th June.
OTTAWA	15th "
ST. DAVID	22nd "
ST. ANDREW	29th "
ST. PATRICK	6th "

Fares from Ottawa, Cabin.....$67 25

Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00

Steerage.....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,

Agents, 17 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
3 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
3 " Cotton Hosiery,
3 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
3 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Hancock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings,
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

TO CATTLE BREEDERS.

BULL—The "Marquis of Belmont" will stand for Cows at the Waterford Farm, Township of Gloucester, this season, at Four Dollars each.

WM. GRAHAM.

CANADA SHORT HORN STOCK REGISTER.

Certificate of Registered Pedigree of Two Years Old Bull,

No. 514 THE MARQUIS OF BELMONT,

Red and White, calved January 16, 1866, Bred by Mr. JOHN ASHWORTH, Belmont, Ottawa, the property of WILLIAM GRAHAM, Esq., of Gloucester, got by Sweetmeat (568), (30924), dam, souvenir of Thordale by 2nd Grand Duke (12961), g. dam, Dalpine (imp.), by Harold (10293), gr. g. dam, Limpid, by Vicooyr (7678), &c., &c. See Herd Book.

HUGH C. THOMSON,

Sec. Board of Ag.

Board of Agricultural Office, Toronto, Jan'y 6, 1870 1692tf

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can recover it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.

ANN JANE HAMILTON.

Ottawa, June 5 71. 1632tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,

The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises

STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.

And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.

Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street,

Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OF BROCKVILLE,

Who will continue the Business in the same premises and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871

In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871. 1681 2m.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will suit those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.

The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.

From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves

Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:

Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

CLOTHING HALL!

New Store.

J. M. GOULDEN

Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at

No. 100 Sussex Street,

NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,

A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.

Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.

Do not Forget the Place

No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,

Next Door to F. McDougall & Co

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colour Kloths, Black Cobourgs, Alpacas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,

To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.

There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.

The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

—TO—

N. FAULKNER,

SUSSEX STREET.

Ottawa, April 28, 1871 1652 2m

ALBION HOTEL,

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 400 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community willconsult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal

1685 3m

DRY GOODS

—AT—

RETAIL.

SUMMER FASHIONS

SHOWING THIS DAY,

—AT—

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,
Beautiful Bonnets
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets
Splendid Lace Shawls.

Also in immense Variety,

Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques,
Horrockses, Millar & Co, Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
Mag's best Window Hollands,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c.,

SPECIAL LINES.

Linen Percale's and Lawns, for Seaside Wear.
Walking Stick Parachutes " " "
Paragon Frame-Parasols and Umbrellas,—
Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makes.
Coventry Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and Mantle Trimmings, in great variety.

EXTRAORDINARY.

43 Patterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their, sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

FRESH! FRESH! FRESH!

SALMON.

The first of the Season just received, at

MOSES LAPOINTE'S,

Fish Dealer,

Lower Town Market.

N. B.—All kinds of Lake, River, and Sea Fish, always on hand

Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685d

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1636y

DOMINION HOUSE,

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,

Dominion House

Late Grand River Hotel

Ottawa, May 22, 1871. 1685 6m

McGill University, Montreal,

SESSION 1871-72.

THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—

FACULTY OF ARTS.....September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE.....October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW.....October 3rd.

The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.

The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.

In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered

First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100

Second Year, 4 Exhibitions 3 of $125; 1 of $100

Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.

The Calendar containing details of all the above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES,

Secretary.

May 31, 1871 1689 2awk 2m

SEALED TENDERS

Will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY, the 26th day of JULY next, at noon, for the supply of 200 tons of Grate Coal, (2,000 lbs. per ton) to be delivered at Ottawa.

For particulars apply to the undersigned.

By order,

F. BRAUN,

Secretary.

Department of Public Works,

Ottawa, 22nd June, 1871. 1700 3

SEALED TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Firewood," will be received at this office until Wednesday, the 12th day of July next, at noon, for the supply of Firewood for the use of the Public Buildings, Ottawa, to be supplied according to the specification, which can be seen at this office, where also forms of tender can be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F. BRAUN,

Secretary.

Department of Public Works,

Ottawa, 22nd June, 1871. 1700 3

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL.

The most beautiful site in the neighbourhood of the Capital, and the most pleasant and convenient place about Ottawa, for Picnics, &c.

A large covered Platform, raised eight feet from the ground, and capable of accommodating 4,000 persons, is admirably suited for Dancing, for Dramatic Soirees, and such like entertainments.

The Refreshments and Liquors to be had on the grounds are of the best quality.

Pleasure parties could not find a more comfortable and pleasant place to enjoy themselves.

At night the Gardens are well illuminated. Once properly known they will be regarded as indispensable during the summer season. There will be a Dancing School in the Gardens every THURSDAY night, except when occupied by a Picnic.

Hull, June 7, 1871 1685 2m

G. A. SHELDON,

HATTER AND FURRIER,

Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive

HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT

In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.

G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.

A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1685 3m

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1866.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. M. FARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c, &c. Masons Mallets, Agents of Patent Needle Lubricator.

G SOMERVILLE,

Travelling Agent.

THE METROPOLITAN

Building and Savings Society

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to

JAMES COX,

Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa 13th December, 1870. 1540tf171

DROWNED.

Drowned at the Chaudiere, on SATURDAY last, AUGUSTINE CHARON. Any information which may lead to the recovery of the body, will be thankfully received by his father, at Mr. BRONSON'S Office, Chaudiere. The Boy was 11 years of age, had on grey cloth pants, a grey vest, and a chequered white and red shirt.

Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

WANTED.

For a DAIRY FARM near the City, a MAN to drive a MILK WAGGON, and take general charge of Cows. Also a WOMAN, who understands the management of a DAIRY.

A married Man and Wife, without family, preferred. Liberal wages will be given to competent and reliable parties. Apply at the Times Office.

Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month

Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

FOUND

A Pocket Book containing a small sum of money. The loser can have it by proving property and paying for advertisement

O LATREMOUILLE

Dry Goods Merchant

Ottawa, June 23, 1871. Sussex Stre'et 1699-2

NEW CARPETS.

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Invite attention to the arrival of

NEW CARPETS.

to assort their STOCK, reduced by HEAVY SALES in this department.

The above have been selected with due regard to prevailing styles, permanency of color, and are GOOD VALUE, at prices marked.

They have on hand a large assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

In a great variety of fabrics, MUSLINS AND PRINTS in LATEST STYLES, and cheap.

Great Bargains in

LACE SHAWLS,

From $1.50 to $40 Each,

Prices *Reduced One-Third*,

A special line of SILK JACKETS selling at *greatly Reduced Prices.*

A full assortment of MOURNING GOODS always in Stock.

N. B.—Fancy Linen and Cotton Shirtings on hand for the Summer Trade, SHIRTS made to MEASURE and GUARANTEED to FIT. GENTLEMEN will find it to their COMFORT and ADVANTAGE to bear this in mind.

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN

SUCCESSORS TO

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,

No. 20 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 12, 871.

PORTER'S BLOCK.

34, SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

In their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good selection,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,
NEW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS
Departments.

THE SAVAGE GOODS,

Amounting to over $7,500,

SAVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared out at prices which will be sure to command sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low prices goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34 SPARKS STREET

Ottawa, March 30, 1871 162

WANTED TO RENT.

A small COTTAGE, about $30 per annum. Centre Town or Sandy Hill preferred.

Apply to C. E. I., TIMES Office.

FOR SALE.

Twenty-five Cords of good HARDWOOD, and 15 Cords of Seasoned HEMLOCK, for sale at Low Prices, as the owner wants to go to his home in the country. Apply to JOHN BUTLER, at the Victoria Hotel, Paul street

Ottawa, June 17, 1871 1694tf

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XII.

FACING THE FUTURE.

"I have been exceeding jealous for the Lord God of Hosts," complained Elijah; but he said this not when he was fleeing for his life from the wrath of Jezebel, but when he stood in safety on Mount Horeb.

Six hours previously, had any one assured Andrew Hardell he should that night be a free man, free to go where he listed, he would have thought the news almost too good for belief; and yet now he stood out in the darkness—not unthankful, indeed, but still miserable and forlorn beyond description.

He might not, perhaps, have felt so desolate, but for that gleaming light—but for that voice stealing down through the darkness. As it was, the song and the bright room brought home to him the fact that he knew not that night where to lay his head—that the world certainly was before him, but not to choose—that the verdict pronounced left but one course open for him to pursue, viz, to leave England with all convenient speed, and put the ocean between him and his hopes and fears, his sin and his sorrow—forever.

"Ye'll be tried wi' watin'," said a familiar voice in his ear, at this juncture. "Master Hardell wasna fit to come out himsel', and so he sent me. He bid me give you this letter and parcel. I told him ye would not have light to read the letter, so I was to repeat to ye most of what is in it. He wants to meet ye at a place in London, and for ye to do nothing till ye have seen him, and there's twenty pounds in this parcel, which ye will please to count."

"I must read what he says," answered Andrew Hardell; "there's a public-house up the Sands; come along with me;" and the pair strode on till they reached the inn, from the open doors of which streamed light enough to enable Andrew to decipher his friend's note. Thus it ran:

"I am ill, and unequal to the interview you desire. I know what you want, but must see and speak to you concerning your future plans. I send you twenty pounds, which will no doubt suffice to carry you to London; when you arrive there, let me know where I can see you. Direct to me as Mr. Jones, at 'The Salisbury Arms, Hertford,' where I shall be almost as soon as you can reach London. I will get your things from the procurator-fiscal, and bring them to town with me. I have suffered *tortures* to-day, but am so thankful it is all right. Ever yours,

"ANTHONY."

To hear the oath with which Andrew Hardell crushed up this letter, was—so the witness of that ebulition afterwards said—"awsome."

Out of the same mouth we know can proceed blessing and cursing, and the appreciation that followed the perusal of Anthony Hardell's letter was not less hearty than the greatful benediction which had escaped Andrew's lips when he and his companion stood together in the mean inn where he ate his frugal supper.

In a moment the execrable selfishness, the criminal weakness of this man, by whose act, and through whose means, he stood that night an outcast on the face of the earth, were made evident to him, and, like Job, he cursed his day, while, like David, he implored the Lord's vengeance on the enemies of his peace.

"Whist—whist, it's no' weel to talk that like," said his companion, and at the rebuke Andrew laughed aloud.

"You have not had your future destroyed; you have not had the whole of your life clouded by a weak cowardly insensate fool. But there, let him go, and my money with him. David my friend," he continued, "the wisest of men warns us not to go surety—not to put our trust in princes, but if to that advice you add mine—not to lend money to any one, and not to believe in the friend of your bosom, you will make a better thing of this world than I am likely to do."

"Ye're young," began the other, after a moment's silence.

"Aye, and I have therefore the more time for trouble before me—but we wont speak about that any more," added Andrew Hardell, abruptly.

"Tell me something I want to know: why did they talk so much concerning my light coat on the trial?—what were they driving at?"

"There was a person seen often about the Heron's Nest, wearing a light coat. Mrs. Blair could have sworn to it, but she is ill and no' expectit to get better."

"And they thought that coat belonged to me?"

"Maybe they werena far wrang," was the reply.

"But I never had it on in Dumfries."

"Somebody else might, though."

"Do you mean to say, Johnstoun that—"

"I mean to say I believe Mr. Anthony Hardell went out wi' that coat over his arm many a time, and that if he had been man enough to say so on the trial, and to say where he went, the jury would have brought in a verdict of 'Not guilty.' It was Mrs. Challerson that done the harm. If ye had been cleared of that, they would have cleared ye of the other. I heard them all talking about it up at the hawiel."

"And why did not you—" began Andrew.

"I couldna swear to a belief, and I didna even believe it quite till I was talking to hm a while ago. He has a sorer heart than yours to-night, let yours be as sore as it will. And now I must be goin' back, if I can do no more for ye, for I'll be wanted. If I may make so bold, where are ye going to stay till the morn?"

"Not in Dumfries, at any rate," Andrew Hardell answered. "Tell Mr. Anthony I will see him in London; and here, pay Mrs. Pattison what I owe her."

"Now Lord forgive ye, Mister Hardell, for the thought that I wanted or would take money from ye," and David Johnstoun with an aggrieved air returned ten pounds which the other had thrust into his hand. "I'll take the woman's trifle, if you wish; ye have silver, for I brought some, case ye may need it on your road.

"I hoped you would buy something to remember me by," Andrew explained.

"I'm no' likely ever to forget ye," was the reply, uttered somewhat ungraciously.

"Nor I you," returned the other, sadly and slowly, "nor I you; if I have vexed you, Johnstoun, forgive me," he added, stretching out his hand. "I did not mean the money as payment of what never—God knows—can be paid. I did not indeed."

"I am no' vexed, and I have naithing to forgive, only English folk are apt to think money is every thing, and that it can buy ony body."

"I don't think it could buy you," answered Andrew, heartily; and once again the two men shook hands and parted, Andrew perhaps in his heart feeling a little sorry to know from experience there are obligations money can not recompense, and Johnstoun thinking to himself,

"It's well the moon's up now, for the poir fellow would find it lonely travelling in the dark."

"Possibly it was the very fact of the moon having sailed up from the east that made Andrew Hardell, after a moment's irresolution, leave the sands and walk to the centre of Dervorgilla's Bridge, where with his arms resting upon the parapet, he took that last look of Dumfries which was mentioned in the first chapter of this story.

And so with this farewell, we leave, in his company, the Queen of the South: leave the flowing river and the soft green hills, and the corn-fields glowing, stretching down even to the water's edge.

A portion of the man's life is over: the scene shifts; fresh actors are entering themselves to appear on the boards.

Fades away the road to New Abbey, the eight beyond Colvend; fades the purple of Criffel—the Broad Solway—the winding Nith; fade likewise those weeks spent in Kirkcudbright Jail—the old prison in Buccleugh Street, the old court-house, the judges, the counsel, the spectators, the jury.

All these people, all these accessories, all these circumstances, are already matters of the past.

To-day has merged into yesterday. To-morrow of the man's life is at hand, and, turning his face southward, he faces his Future.

THE OTTAWA COUNTY ELECTION.

(From the Courrier, D'Outaouais.)

The engagements contracted with Mr. Leduc, candidate for the county of Ottawa, having been broken by the latter, our relations with him will cease from this date. Strong in our determination to act thus, we pronounce ourselves openly in favor of the new candidate, Mr. Eddy,

Mr. Eddy has our support;

Because he is one of the most renowned manufacturers in the country.

Because he has done an enormous amount of good to the country where he resided for a number of years.

Because he has in Ottawa county such very large interests that he cannot do otherwise than work for the prosperity of the country.

Because he is intimately connected with all those great enterprises which contribute to the progress of the country.

Because in Hull and its neighbourhood, more especially, he has contributed by his industry to find employment for an immense French Canadian population, who, without his establishment, would never have taken up their residence there.

In a word, we know that the candidature of Mr. Eddy is supported by citizens of all nationalities, of every religious belief, who all without distinction would wish to see him elected for the good County of Ottawa.

Such is, therefore, and such will be our line of conduct during the election for the County. The offer of candidature made to Mr. Eddy has brought about a new situation of affairs which we could not foresee. In any case the proprietors of this journal could not be accused of not being in favor of Mr. Eddy, when it is generally known that we should have supported him from the commencement if he had presented himself.

London has a new 'society' paper, the drawing-room *Gazette.*

Mr. J. Ross Robertson, of the Toronto *Telegraph*, was married last week.

The Metropolitan Bank has just been organized in Montreal.

Steamers have been placed on the route from Quebec to Saguenay.

It is stated that John Dougall has gone to New York to start a religious daily in that city.

It is proposed to distribute $8,000 worth of prizes at the Guelph central fair. Good for Guelph.

The new race course, three miles from Amherstburg will be opened on Dominion Day.

Mr. Boyd is not respected in his own village. On Wednesday night bon-fires were lit to express the satisfaction of the villagers of Hawkesbury at his failure to disqualify Mr. Hamilton, who was elected for Prescott.

Acton was visited by a serious fire last week, which consumed Moore Bros.' stave and shingle works and other buildings.

It is said that Dr. Tony Moilin, who played an important part in the recent events in Paris, was permitted before being shot by sentence of a court-martial to marry a young lady with whom he had been living, and who was near her confinement. The marriage took place at three o'clock, and by five in the afternoon the doctor was dead. Whether this occurrence really took place or not there can be no doubt it is a very touching story, and will not be forgotten by novelists in after days. The marriage was hardly more singular in its attendant circumstances, says an English journal, than one recorded in the "Annual Register" for 1808, in the chronicle for the month of March in that year. "A striking display," it is said, "of the omnipotence of love occurred at the High Church, Hull, a few days ago. A young woman having given her heart to a sailor, who was impressed and carried on board the tender by the interference of her friends, resolved, nevertheless, to marry the object of her choice. He was accordingly brought on shore, and escorted by the press-gang to the church, from whence, after the marriage ceremony, he was again conveyed to the tender."

After war pestilence and intemperance—colds lead to the greatest destruction of human life, mainly, because it is considered by many to be of no consequence and hence systematically neglected until a simple, curable disease, is converted into a fatal pulmonary one. Everyone troubled with what is called a slight cold or cough, should immediately use Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers—they allay irritation at once, and exert a most beneficial influence on all the Bronchial and Pulmonary organs Sold by all Druggists and Country dealers. Price 25 cts. per box.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tin tins p kets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, Lon don. d1509 1y

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine dealers. 25 cents a bottle. Office 215 Fulton street, New York; and 433 Oxford street, London.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the fac-simile of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

THE TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved itself efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than any other articles.

OBTAIN ONLY BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," as do not take any of the Worthless Imnitations that may be offered.

"TROCHES," SO-CALLED SOLD BY THE OUNCE, are a poor imnitation and nothing like Brown's Bronchial Troches, which are sold only in boxes with fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

Outside wrapper of box, and private government stamp attached to each box.

PAPER HANGINGS.

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Briton Medical & General Life Association—Jas. B. M. Chipman.
Grand Excursion on the Steamer Alexandra.
Wanted—C. Barsalow.
The Third Annual Grand Excursion to Ogdensburg—Martin Battle.

The Ottawa Times.
Office—38 Sparks Street.
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 28, 1871.

Hon. Mr. Dunkin went East yesterday.

Hon. Mr. Clarke of Manitoba left for Montreal last night.

Sir G. E. Cartier arrived home yesterday.

Hon. Dr. Tupper will leave to-day for Nova Scotia.

Hon. Mr. Trutch, of British Columbia, has returned from England and will be here to-day.

Mr. Bergevin has withdrawn from the contest in Beauharnais, leaving Sir George Cartier to "walk over the course."

Mr. Dorion, Conservative and Ministerialist, had a large majority last evening in Richelieu over his two opponents.

Mr. Sandford Flemming leaves to-day for the purpose of inspecting the International Railway works now in progress, previous to his departure for British Columbia.

Our Montreal correspondent was altogether in error, when he stated in his telegram published in yesterday's TIMES, that in consequence of certain volunteers having disgraced themselves by hissing Sir George Cartier, the honourable baronet did not intend to visit the camp at Laprairie. We have authority for stating that the reception which Sir George has had from the officers and men of the Militia has been on the whole exceedingly gratifying to him, and that he fully intends to visit the Laprairie camp, as originally announced.

THE LAST CRIME OF MR. BRYDGES.

Moralists generally seem to consider that no degree of excellence rises to absolute perfection, and that to every depth of infamy there is yet a lower point of degredation. There is possibly something consoling to the every day sinner in this doctrine, and the world is doubtless benefitted if the axiom be periodically repeated, so that we be all spared the pain of surprise and horror. But for our part we had believed that the catalogue of the railway iniquities committed by Mr. Brydges had been exhausted by the writers of the *Globe* newspaper. We will plead to being great admirers of that wonderful journal. There is always about it such a fund of cheerful charity, given in such good taste, and in such noble English, that we think that the next *brief* issued by the Catholic prelates, should enact, a daily perusal of the high toned morality in its columns, as of primary necessity in forming the mind of the young and unsophisticated of both sexes! What we find to be so charming and so pleasing is the utter absence of personalities which marks it. This regard to the higher decency of life is the more worthy of gratitude by us poor folk on account of the personal beauty and charm of bearing, and high unblemished lineage of its registered proprietor. A model of grace, with a figure so fair in outline that sculptors might vie in chiselling it. This perfect Adonis, we say, shews how free he is from every shade of petty vanity, by never mentioning the name of an opponent, even the most obnoxious, without respect. At the same time this perfect personage could, if he so desired, in the best of taste sneer at the personal characteristics of others, being so free himself from every blemish to furnish an opening to the shaft of illnature. Hence we can only admire the wonderful magnanimity which never condescends to the simplest indecency of style or manner.

Perhaps such of our readers who may want a few minutes diversion will cast their eye over the last effort of genius of the Toronto scribe. We there find another monstrous crime charged against Mr. Brydges. Can another be forthcoming to equal it in infamy? He actually directed one evening last week, either through the Local Superintendent or by his own hand, that the evening Toronto train should wait a short time for Sir George Cartier. The Minister of Militia was returning from an official tour in the West, having visited the camp at Niagara. It was somewhat important that Sir George should be the next day in Montreal. To use the words of the reporter, "Hardly had the journey been begun when the train despatcher signalled to stop," for the train had moved away from the station. At that moment Sir George came up to the platform. Necessarily there was a short delay for the special car to be attached to the train, when it went away as usual. We have in this simple fact an opportunity for a display of that "wit" which we suppose is somewhat in fashion in the West, and which passes by that name there. A great *coup* is held to be made in applying to Sir George Cartier the title of "the Canadian King Canute." As in our early youth Pinnock's history of England formed a portion of our daily studies, we have ever retained a lively recollection of the wonderful wood cut of the dignified king who left his courtiers standing by his chair while the rising tide covered the ground on which they stood. We have puzzled our mind to see the analogy of this historical incident, with the Minister of Militia finding the train just started, he being somewhat late in arriving. The likeness between them possibly may be seen in the fact that, whereas Canute reproved his courtiers silently for damaging their hose by water, Sir George, who now and then is not without his share of pepper, may have let fly some stray objurgations rather suggestive of the opposite element to that which Canute used as an instrument of correction without a moment's desire of its personal application. Certainly the subserviency of the Anglo-Saxon parasites has not its parallel in the Canadian train starter. Neither can we trace analogy between Canute sitting calmly in a chair in water and Sir George jumping with fiery haste from a carriage. Canute, besides, failed to arrest the tide—and the train did stop for Sir George, a proceeding ordered by the great criminal Brydges regardless of decency and duty.

Now, these lame jokes of these acolytes of the *Globe* would be contemptible enough if they did not injure great interests. We commend this view of the case to the store keepers of the West who are subscribers to that journal and use it as the medium to advertise their wares. So far as Canada is concerned, the *Globe* and the Grand Trunk simply represent the viper and the file. Its fang is sharp and poisonous, and in its day it has left its trace behind in many a quarter more vulnerable and less able to resist it. But for the last few months we have had one daily theme—the Grand Trunk, served up in every form, in some one corner or the other, the account of its doing, or so-called misdoing, being graphically attempted in detail in a leader, or briefly alluded to in an immensely powerful paragraph. In every case, however, surcharged with that branch of literature, these writers have made peculiarly their own—abuse. There is one particular point on which we should like much to be enlightened. It is what has Mr. Brydges' parentage to do with the condition of the railway. We cannot but think that it is just as well on all sides to let the question of family stand, and to leave the consideration of the Grand Trunk to the present generation. The *Globe* has its admirers among the living. Its writers ought to be thankful for that blessing. The ingenuous gentleman of last week, to wit, who, travelling on the Grand Trunk, saw the points of the iron rails all turned up, to the danger of everybody concerned. But in his hurry to impart this information, he forgot the petty, insignificant geographical detail, where it happened! And this thought of geography brings us back to the consideration that in Canada nobody pays the least attention to this almost daily flourish of trumpets, of misrule, mismanagement, misapplication of power, and a bad track. The assertion goes for what it is worth in the Dominion, and the points assailed are estimated on the grounds of fairness and justice. But as in the United States the reiterated assertion of a foreign newspaper must more or less remain uncontradicted, only one side of the question is seen, and we fear, therefore, that American travellers often end in believing what is said, and hence they hesitate to make use of a line which they are led to believe is teeming with danger, and which it is a matter of hazard to pass over. If the receipts of the railway be affected by this sentiment so much the better. The result is gained which the decrying policy aimed at. The income having decreased, as a matter of course the fact can be cited as another proof of mismanagement. There is, however, this view. The steamboats still carry travellers, and the American holiday seeker, even if he be "bluffed off" from the railway, at last turns to the boat, and by these means he finds his way to Montreal and Quebec, each a mart of those *souvenirs* and of those manufactured articles which the American loves to carry away with him. Accordingly it is Toronto which suffers by the systematic depreciation of the Railway by which so much good has been effected for the Dominion. The stranger who otherwise would be tempted to pass a day or two in the Western Metropolis—and well worthy is it of a visit—is deterred by all this abuse of the means of getting there. Accordingly, Toronto and the other cities of the West are defrauded of the profits the enterprising storekeepers of that rich country may fairly lay claim to. We ask them to look upon this question in a purely commercial spirit. Honest and fair criticism is one matter, it is the life blood of a community. Without it the fairest form and the most perfect system must wither. But there is a wide interval between a reasonable canvass of an irregularity, and mere malignant impudence. We commend this last thunder of the *Globe* to the American traveller. From its tone he can judge its justness. The offence reproved is a type of the extent of the field in which the maligner can labor. But it had this advantage. It had the appearance of being "smart," and the writer doubtless believes that he has dwelt a withering blow in coining for a political opponent an epithet, the only point in which is its singular unsuitableness, and of pouring a small vial of wrath on his *bete noire* Mr. Brydges. And a wonderful charge it is that of having detained a train for a short time for a popular Minister of the Crown. A detention not simply justified by the circumstances, but which it would have been a singular mark of bad manners and of a want of ordinary prudence to have refused. When complaints drop to this mean and contemptible catalogue of wrong, it is very plain indeed that this last crime of Mr. Brydges is about his worst.

THE NOMINATION.

The nomination for Ottawa county takes place in Aylmer to-day. We do not know whether Messrs. Walsh and Leduc intend to continue the contest, but whether they do so or not the result will be the same. Mr. Eddy will be the next representative of Ottawa county in the Quebec Legislature. From all parts of the county the accounts which we receive indicate that such will be the case, and prove that a majority of the electors are pledged to support that gentleman's claims.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—In common with the great public concerned, I am glad to learn, and, in a measure, personally see, that unexampled energy has been displayed by our Government, by its efficient staff, to prosecute this great work to completion as soon as possible. Although over 800 miles of the proposed line is through a comparatively unknown region—unknown to authentic record—Mr. Sandford Fleming, the Chief Engineer, has, in a manner difficult to conceive in its special difficulties, organized, *instructed*, provided depôts, and indicated "bench" marks for working, and systematised all detail for effective work, throughout the whole or most of the length of line proposed, from the Ottawa to the Pacific Ocean, with the exception, for the present, of the prairie regions, which, as a *tabula rasa*, requires no exploration, and admits of an air line of one thousand miles, with a grade average, and almost unvaried, of only two and a half feet to the mile. In British Columbia, between the Fraser and the Leather Pass, and the Edmonton House Pass, is a "sea of mountains," a vast volcanic region of ancient working, and densely covered in parts with the heaviest of Northern forests. Parts of this region, to be surveyed, are literally, to human foot, an untrodden wild. The Cascade range, between the Fraser and the ocean, has also to be thoroughly surveyed in order to find some practicable gorge for the railway to ocean at some point suitable for a sea port, for, as Governor Musgrave says, the "gorges of the Cascades have a great deal more to say on that point than any one else." (See page 22 of Parliamentary Return—Dominion—of last session, on this subject.)

No less than eighteen surveying parties, viz., eleven for this side of the Rocky Mountains and seven for British Columbia, have been despatched, and some on the Montreal river and elsewhere are now at work. The selection of engineers and surveyors (transit men") seems to have been made with great care and from a wide area, and seem to be "picked men" for the special service.

The question is asked of me sometimes, "When will or can the work be done?" I answer, of course, I don't know, but I think in far less time, comparatively, than any great work has been done in the world, for British gold and the "navvies" of Europe and Asia (Chinese and Japanese) will be the instruments of Britain's hurrying commerce.

The great work is fairly under weigh. By next winter we will have reports as to the feasibility and relative merits of routes proposed.

Yours,
BRITANNICUS.

June, 1871.

DOMINION DAY.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR,—You have stated that Dominion Day (July 1st) is a "legal" holiday, perhaps you are right. But it is not a "BANK" holiday. Please then, inform your readers that to enable the Banks to observe it, bills due 1st prox. must be paid on the 30th inst.

Most truly yours,
A BANK CLERK.

Ottawa, June 27, 1871.

MR. EDDY'S MANUFACTORIES.

To afford some idea of the extent of Mr. Eddy's business, and of the number of persons for whom he provides employment, we give the following extract from a work lately published on "The Lumber Trade of the Ottawa Valley:"

Mr. Eddy carries on the largest business in the manufacture of the products from our forests, on this continent, converting the timber of his enormous estates into every description of useful articles from saw logs and lumber to wooden ware and lucifer matches.

The business was first established 1854, when Mr. Eddy commenced his operations in this section of the country, by manufacturing matches; and such are the resources of the Valley of the Ottawa, and the immense advantages of the water power of the Chaudiere, that he, with the characteristic energy of his race, has been enabled to build up a business on a gigantic scale, the productions of which are of vast utility to the people of this continent.

We give here the annual productions of these mills and will speak more fully of the processes of manufacture hereafter.

Eddy's Mills and pilling grounds cover a large tract of land on the north shore of the Ottawa, at the Chaudiere Falls, and extend from above the falls to the island opposite the Parliament Buildings. They consist of one large Pail Factory, built solidly of stone; a Match Factory, also of stone; four saw mills of great extent, built principally of wood, and numerous other buildings, offices, &c., necessary to such extensive operations, including a sash, door, and blind factory, and a general store.

In addition to these mills Mr. Eddy has built a double track railway of over a mile in length which runs from his mills to the further extremity of his piling grounds, and enables him to distribute and pile the enormous amount of lumber produced, most expeditiously.

These mills manufacture annually about forty million feet of pine lumber, of which there are always from 8 to 10 million feet on the piling grounds. They also manufacture annually 600,000 pails, 45,000 wash tubs, 72,000 zinc wash boards and 270,000 gross of matches, besides the productions of the sash, door and blind factory.

The saw Mills are fitted with gang and circular saws of all kinds and sizes, and the whole establishment gives employment to from seventeen to eighteen hundred persons, many of whom are girls employed in the manufacture of matches. In addition to these there are about four or five hunmen employed in the woods, where Mr. Eddy owns "limits"—a tract of land of about 500 square miles in extent, the greater part of which is forest, but where there are also some cultivated lands, and a growing village called Fort Eddy.

The force employed in driving the mills is derived from the unlimited water power of the Ottawa, assisted by mechanical agencies of modern invention, and is equal to about 600 horse power.

THE MATCH FACTORY

consists of a range of buildings containing two machine rooms, two dipping rooms, two large packing rooms, a warehouse and shipping office, besides engine house, drying rooms, &c.

In the machine rooms, the wood is cut up by two different machines. The one, which is employed in making the best matches of seasoned wood, cuts up the blocks, already prepared, by means of fifteen small knives, which divide the wood into pieces the exact size of the match, and then pass them through grooves into the separate divisions in the racks placed ready for their reception, at the rate of 4,000 per minute from each machine.

These racks are pressed so as to place the small pieces of wood firmly in their position, and are taken to the dipping room. Each machine employs one man and one boy.

The dipping room for this class of match is divided into two compartments. In the first is a chaldron of molten sulphur, into which the racks are passed, each piece of wood receiving a certain quantity of sulphur. The racks are then taken to the other room, and dipped into the final preparation of phosphorous, &c., and then placed in iron safes built into the walls all around the room to dry, which takes about two hours, when they are ready for packing.

In the other machine room wood is cut up on another principal by a machine which contains 9 knives, and cuts the match into double the required length, at the rate of 340 strokes a minute making 9 at each stroke, or 18 matches, equal to over six thousand a minute.

These sticks being of green wood are then placed in open boxes, and taken to a drying room heated by steam pipes. When dried they are rolled up in circular form between bands of wadding by machines which distribute each separate piece of wood into equidistant parts. The rolls are then taken to the dipping room, where they are dipped on each end in the preparations of sulphur and phosphorous and hung up on racks to dry.

They are then cut in two by another machine, and are ready for packing.

The packing rooms are divided into several compartments, and occupied entirely by girls, who are employed in packing the matches first in the small paper wrappers, (which they prepare from material supplied them, in their homes) and then into boxes of ½ gross each which are taken to the warehouse and shipping room.

This factory gives employment to about 50 men and boys and about 90 girls.

THE PAIL FACTORY

is a large stone building of three stories high near the principal saw-mill, where pails are manufactured at the rate of 2,000 pails and 150 wash tubs per diem. Every part is made by beautiful machinery. In one room the staves are sawn into regular sizes, in another the bottoms and hoops are manufactured, in another the handles are turned, and in another the various parts are joined together, planed and finished.

The pails are then taken to the painting room, where they are painted and grained by patent Indian rubber rollers. They are then finished off and fitted with handles after which they are packed in hay and made ready for shipment.

THE SAW MILLS,

Which are four in number and of great extent, contain every description of gang and circular saws, numbering in all 243 saws. The capacity of the mills is equal to the sawing of 200,000 logs per annum.

THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA ELECTION.

AYLMER.

At a public meeting of the electors of the township of Aylmer, held at the village of Aylmer, on the 26th June, 1871, Mr. Benjamin Reid being called to the chair, and Mr. Chas. Chitty nominated as Secretary, Mr. Leduc and Mr. W. Wright being present and having addressed the meeting,

It was moved by Mr. John Draper, seconded by Robert McAfee, and carried unanimously, That it is the opinion of this meeting and of this township, that E. B. Eddy, Esq., is the most fit and proper person to represent this county in the Local Parliament, and we pledge to him, in the ensuing election, our most hearty support and co-operation, and recognize in him a true friend of the county in all its interests, without distinction of class, creed, or religion.

B. A. N. REID,
Chairman.

CHAS. CHITTY,
Secretary.

Aylmer, June 26, 1871.

RIPON.

At a meeting of the Electors of the County of Ripon, held on the 26th instant, for the purpose of forming a Committee to canvass on behalf of E. B. Eddy, Esq. It was proposed by Mr. Evariste Quesnel and seconded by Mr. Louis Louisseize that Mr. P. C. Chrysologue Grondin be appointed President of the Committee and preside at the meeting—Carried unanimously.

It was afterwards proposed by Mr. Louis Louisseize and seconded by Mr. Prudent Blais that Mr. Evariste Quesnel be appointed Secretary.—Carried.

After an appeal to those willing to form part of the Active Committee, the following persons gave their names: For the 2nd Range, Joseph Juteau: 3rd Range, Felix Lafontaine, Amable Perillard, Magloire Duchaine and Basile Perillard.

4th Range, Emery Sabourin, Andre Sabourin, Damase Seguin, Apolinaire Seguin, Francis Brazeau, Benjamin Quesnel, Louis Louisseize, Jacques Neveu, Joseph Prieur, Michel Landriau, Auguste Tailleur, Joseph Tailleur, François Dechablais, Snr., Alph. Quesnel and Joseph Legault, Esqs.

5th Range, J. Bte. Paquet, Prudent, Blais, Maxime Hebert, Amede Sabourin and Jos. Jeanrie, Esqs.

6th Range, Leon Lavigne.

7th Range, Napoleon Seguin, Telesphore Sabourin Francis Beauchamy, and John Hughes, Esqs.

P. C. GRONDIN, President.

WAKEFIELD AND MASHAM.

At a meeting of the electors of Wakefield and Masham, called by Leduc by public advertisement, held at the Exchange Hotel, on the 26th inst., and Leduc not filing his appearance, it was called to order, and the following resolution moved and carried;

1st. Moved by Mr. P. Farrell, seconded by Mr. George Johnston, that Andrew Pritchard, Esq., do preside at this meeting.

2nd. Moved by Mr. Andrew Hamilton, seconded by Mr. George Fairburn, that the electors of Wakefield and Masham, present, cordially endorse the candidature of E. B. Eddy, Esq., and this meeting pledges to him their hearty support and co-operation, and, in this, express the sentiment of the whole Gatineau Valley.

A. PRITCHARD.

North Wakefield, June 26th, 1871.

NORTHFIELD.

At a meeting of the inhabitants of the township of Northfield held at Northfield on the 25th day of June, 1871, the Mayor in the chair, P. H. Wright; Nesant Bresson, Louis E. McNally, H. Dunning being present, it was moved by William Phelem, seconded by James G. Wright, and unanimously carried that the people of this section of the Gatineau have heard with pleasure that E. B. Eddy, Esq., will allow himself to be put in nomination for election as representative of the county of Ottawa in the Local Parliament for the ensuing term, and pledge themselves to give him their cordial support and co-operation in order to secure his return—as a fair representative of all classes of our population.

P. H. WRIGHT.

Northfield, June 25, 1871.

THE ENTENTE CORDIALE.

In connection with the absurd rumour of an alliance between H. R. H. Princess Beatrice, and young Mr. Grant, an American paper has the following amusing burlesque:

COURT OF ST. JAMES,
June 5, 1871.

We herewith send for your Excellency's acceptance 10,000 cigars of rarest quality and, also a greyhound pup sired by the peerless "Master McGrath," *freight and charges paid.* Accept these as sincere but feeble tributes of our esteem. The proposed tender alliance between our families has been brought before our Privy Council, and we are happy to say has been most favourably considered. Gladstone, with much candour and spirit, declared that a Grant was in no respect inferor to a Campbell; Bright, who admires your Quaker policy towards the Indians and Sheridan's execution thereof, affirmed that the marriage would greatly conduced to the pacification of the hostile tribes in the border states of Pittsburgh and Chicago. Your excellency will therefore see that everything thus far is in pleasing harmony with our cherished expectations. Your Excellency will rejoice to hear that the Princess Beatrice clapped her tiny hands in childish glee when she heard that H. R. R. Frederick was "senior wrangler" at the recent examination at Point West. This superiority on the part of one whose future lies so near our royal heart, betokens in no doubtful manner the glories that await him. We pursue this delicate subject no further; our royal feelings are too much engaged to dwell on the momentous interests that will spring from that alliance, which we trust will unite in ties of the closest and most lasting amity the two great branches of the Anglo-Saxon family. *Vivat Praeses civitatium conjunctarum, et idem, dum carissimus.* VICTORIA R.

AS THE RESULTS OF FAST LIVING AND THE free use of stimulants, fatty degeneration of the Heart, Liver and Kidneys frequently occurs; the heart becomes feeble and irregular in action, the liver torpid, the kidneys fail to perform their function properly, and the complexion gradually assumes a pasty hue, the appetite is capricious, digestion feeble, bowels more or less inactive, and a general feeling of lassitude and indisposition to exertion pervades the system. From this deplorable state of health relief may be speedily obtained, by the use of Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya, which is a Chemical Food and Nutritive Tonic. The appetite will be improved, digestion invigorated, assimilation perfected, the constitution energised and vitalised, and the functions of the diseased organs restored to a normal condition. It tones up the body in a radical and permanent manner. Sold by all druggists.—EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Agents.

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 27, 1871.

The morning for the Laprairie Camp opened auspiciously for all concerned, save the heat, which ranged all day at 70° in the shade The men marched through the street on their way to the camp in good military step. The headquarters of Col. Smith, Commandant, is at the old stone house of long known military fame. The first instalment of Volunteers left the city for Laprairie, per steamer, at 11 o'clock. The division, consisting of No. 1 troop of Cavalry, under Capt. Muir, and a part of the Hochelaga's and Prince of Wales, left at four in the afternoon, and the Victoria's this evening. The Three River's Volunteer Battalion arrived by a steamer of that name at 11 o'clock, and was immediately debarked and drawn up on the wharf. This is judged the largest battalion in camp, numbering 600 officers and men, under command of Major Anson. They are fine looking stalwarth men belonging to the 6th Military District, under command of Lieut Col. Harwood, D.A.G., when they arrived at Laprarie, they found on the ground: Cookshire Cavalry, St. Andrew's Cavalry, Sherbrooke Cavalry, Sherbrooke Artillery, Montreal Engineers, Argenteuil Rangers, 21st Battalion; St. John's, 5th do.; 51st do.; 52nd do.; 53rd do; and 54th do. The Joliette Provisional Battalion, St. Hyacinthe, Becancour, do.; St. Gertrude, do.; and an independent company from St. Eustache, Besides these a number of others were expected, who were delayed by the obstruction on the railway.

Certain of the city press are asserting that Customs Collector Delisle voted at the precent election, and that yesterday legal proceedings were innitiated against him. Much speculation as to the truth of the charge and its consequences is rife.

The Normal School diplomas were awarded in the Hall of the institution this afternoon in presence of a large number of visitors. The examinations were sevsrer than usual and the competition was numerous and sharp.

Michael Foley, a sailor on the ship *Glencorse*, fell dead by sunstroke yesterday.

The *SS. European* which laft port about noon to-day for Liverpool is aground on the south side of the channel below Longueuil.

Midnight Despatches.

BREST, June 27.—The S S. *Ville de Paris*, from New York, has arrived.

VERSAILLES, June 27—The Pope, in his reply to the address of sympathy from the French Catholics, praises the zeal they exhibit in the cause of the Church, and of himself, and denounces liberal Catholicism as an evil as formidable as the Revolution or the Commune.

Thiers has issued a decree providing for the establishment of a legion of mobilized Gens D'Armes to maintain order in Versailles. The Legion is to be composed of a squadron of Cavalry and eight companies of Infantry.

PARIS, June 27.—The Central Republican Committee has prepared its list of candidates to be supported at the election on the 26th July. The list is known to be headed, by permission, with the name of Gambetta.

LONDON, June 27.—The Fenian convict Burke has been released from imprisonment upon condition that he reports yearly to the Magistrates.

The steamer *Abyssinia*, from New York, touched at Queenstown last evening.

The steamship *City af Brooklyn* from New York, has arrived at Liverpool.

The steamship *Caspian* from Baltimore, arrived at Liverpool last evening.

PATESVILLE, PA., June 27.—The workmen at Le High colliery, near Shenandoah, have suspended operations, because three of the men employed are not members of the Miner's Benevolent Association.

VIENNA, June 27.—At the Session of the Austrian Delegation yesterday, the Minister of Finance announces that all the financial requirements of the Government for next year would be met by the estimates already laid before Parliament, and that a small anticipated deficit in the revenues of the present year would possibly be covered

The discussion of the army budget will begin to-day.

The Upper House has adopted the budget of 1871.

The *World's* special from Florence, dated 27th, says: The King will not go to Rome on the 1st of July, nor will the transfer of the Capital occur on that date, October 1st is now named as the earliest date of the transfer.

In diplomatic circles it is believed the transfer will never be made.

BERLIN, June 27.—The Emperor William has decreed the dissolution of the present army combinations in France, and the formation of all the Germen troops in that country into one combination—"The Army of Occupation of France," of which Gen. Manteuffel is to be appointed commander.

FLORENCE, June 27.—King Victor Emanuel leaves here to-morrow for Naples, thence he will proceed to Rome, and will enter the Holy City on July 2nd. While in Rome he is to join Prince Humbert in the inauguration of a rifle practice meeting.

LONDON, June 27.—The miners on strike in South Wales now number 9,000, and there seems to be no present prospect of a settlement of their difficulties with the companies.

Subterranean fire is known to be raging at Sheffield, and fears are entertained that it is in an old colliery which extends to the very centre of the town.

PESTH, June 27.—In the Hungarian Delegation to-day one of the Ministers in replying to some criticism upon Count Beust's foreign policy said there was no such reconciliation between Russia and Turkey as should occasion any disquietude on the part of Austria.

HAVANA, June 27.—Charles Westrop, an American insurgent Colonel, has been killed.

Captain General Valmzada in a proclamation offers to pardon the Spanish deserters and grant them better terms of service if they deliver up their present chiefs dead or alive. He gives large rewards to those conducting the loyal troops to places where they can surprise the insurgent camps, and also to those contributing to capture the principal bodies of the insurrection.

The execution of Marmol is confirmed.

The insurgent Gen. Fernando Espinosa and Jose Mendoza surrendered to-day with sixty-two armed Cubans and ninety other persons at Laz Pannas.

BERLIN, June 27.—The Czar of Russia has addressed a communication to the committee of the American Evangelical Alliance, officially requesting the Committee to meet and confer with him at Stuttgart on the 10th of July next.

LONDON, June 27.—Minister Schenck has received and accepted an invitation to be present at the celebration of the anniversary of Sir Walter Scott at Edinburgh, in the month of August next.

NEW-YORK, June 27—Steamship *Germania* has arrived from Hamburg and *China* from Liverpool.

LOUISVILLE, June 27.—Circumstances indicate that the outrage on the Moody family near Orleans, Indiana, on Sunday night, was the result of family feud and that the assassination of the whole family was cooly planned Vigorous efforts are made to procure evidence to confirm these suspicions.

GENTLEMEN,—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans.

Yesterday's Despatches.

PARIS, June 27.—The Prussian army corps system has been adopted by France.

The Long Champs review is fixed for Thursday next.

A great effort is being made in Belgium to obtain subscriptions to the French loan.

The Republican committee will publish to-morrow their list of candidates for the Assembly.

Gambetta arrived at Bordeaux on Sunday, and will shortly deliver a speech on the re-organization of France. He adheres to the views of Louis Blanc.

NEW YORK, June 26.—Nineteen singing societies, composing the north-eastern Sangerbund, contended at the prize concert at Steinway Hall to day for three magnificent prizes. The names of the successful contesting societies will not be known for some days, but the societies which, according to the general opinion, did best in the first class, are the Junger Manner choir, Philadelphia, and Serdenkeanz, of Baltimore.

In the second class the Choral Society of Washington and the Quartette Club of Philadelphia.

In the third class the Harmonie of Baltimore, Sangerbund of Buffalo and Germania of Poughkeepsie.

BRUNSWICK, ME., June 26.—The Pullman express train for Boston was thrown from the track near Freeport this afternoon, by the breaking of the axle of the tender. Two baggage and four passenger cars were badly smashed. Geo. Chase, baggage master, and Albert Carron, brakesman, were killed. No passenger injured.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—It has been ascertained from official sources that there is no basis or evidence to sbstain the statement of the detectives that there are ten millions of dollars in counterfeit notes of national banks in circulation.

TRIFLES.

What is the characteristic of a watch? Modesty, as it keeps its hands before its face, and runs down its own works!

A railroad conductor being asked why they locked the stove, replied that it was "to prevent the fire from going out."

Tempus Fugit—Fly time.

Sporting sailors—Epsom salts.

Real mourning—Invisible black.

The land of nod—The auction mart.

Mrs. Fair will lecture—If she gets out.

Advice to unsuccessful anglers—Hook it.

A suit warranted not to shrink—A Chancery suit.

When is a soldier not half a soldier?—When he is in quarters.

An Irishman calls his sweetheart honey because she is bee-loved.

The largest thing about ladies' bonnets at the present time is their price.

How to strike a balance—Do a *few* good actions to balance the bad ones.

What trade do dancing masters follow, unless it is that of "hop" merchants?

Morrissey's new gambling house at Saratoga has been called "a gilt edged hell."

How many apples did our first parents eat in the Garden of Eden? Eve 8 and Adam 2.

Our cordial advice to tradesmen who oppose the Early Closing movement—Shut up.

Extremes meet—People who come to high words frequently indulge in low expressions.

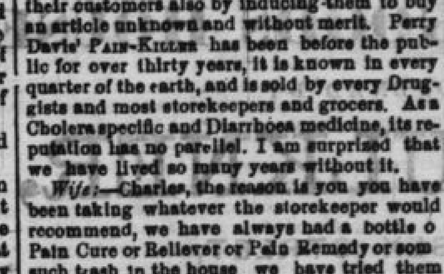
A woman in advertising her runaway husband, says: "David has a scar on his nose where I scratched it."

How do you define "black as your hat?" said a schoolmaster to one of his pupils, "Darkness that may be felt," replied the youthful wit.

A helpless New York infant is loaded down with the names of "Washington-Unser-Fritz Wilhelm-Carl Bismarck Moltke Manteuffel-Grant-Sherman Tomkins."

Horace Greeley wrote a letter to the Iowa Press Association, and the association, at a late gathering, undertook to decipher it. No one could do much with it, but finally one of the brightest members got hold of it, and was translating it to the satisfaction of his colleagues, when, after he had nearly completed it, they discovered that they had been reading it bottom side up, and had to try it all over again.

There has been a raid of burglars in Guelph. Four stores were entered, safes were exploded and money stolen.



Husband:—I shall know then better hereafter, Druggists and Storekeepers are doing not only themselves a great deal of harm, but their customers also by inducing them to buy an article unknown and without merit. Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER has been before the public for over thirty years, it is known in every quarter of the earth, and is sold by every Druggists and most storekeepers and grocers. As a Cholera specific and Diarrhoea medicine, its reputation has no parallel. I am surprised that we have lived so many years without it.

Wife:—Charles, the reason is you you have been taking whatever the storekeeper would recommend, we have always had a bottle o Pain Cure or Reliever or Pain Remedy or som such trash in the house we have tried them over and over again.

Husband:—And that is just the reason I objected to try the PAIN-KILLER an my Rheumatism, thought it was like those other things a humbug

(*To be continued.*)

Be sure and get the genuine PAIN-KILLER, only 5 cts per bottle. Beware of counter-

To The Independent Electors —OF THE— COUNTY OF OTTAWA

GENTLEMEN,—

At the solicitation of a great number of the Electors of the County, consisting of men of standing from all parts of the County, representing all creeds and nationalities, I have determined to come forward as a candidate for the representation of this County in the Legislative Assembly in the Province of Quebec.

In politics I am a Liberal Conservative, and will give the present Government a hearty support in all measures which I consider conducive to the welfare of the country at large, and this County in particular.

It is almost needless to say that I shall be in the future as I have ever been in the past, an earnest promoter of every improvement calculated to develop the material resources of the County, and although I am more particularly interested in the lumber trade, I am well aware that the prosperity of that trade, the progress of agriculture and of any other industry in the County, are intimately connected, and all deserve, and will receive my fostering care.

If, Gentlemen, you honor me with your confidence by electing me as your representative, I promise to devote my whole energies to the interest of this County, and more particularly to the promotion of Railroads and Canals, intended to open up great routes of travel and commerce. At the same time I shall not forget that assistance is due to the settlers in making roads in the back Townships, thus opening up for settlement the large area of waste, but fertile Lands, still lying unoccupied.

In fine, although I am of American origin, my business career commenced in this country, and I look upon all its inhabitants, of whatever Race or Creed, as my Countrymen.

Dated at the Village of Hull, this 22nd of June, A.D. 1871.

I have the honor to subscribe myself,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
EZRA BUTLER EDDY

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
RIVER VIEW

Parties who may be desirous of seeing this property previous to the day of Sale, on the 1st of July next, can do so, free of expense, as a Carriage will leave the Post Office at three o'clock, p.m., on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, the 27th, 28th, 29th, and 30th inst.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 1702d

GRAND EXCURSION,
DOMINION DAY, 1871.
The Ottawa River Navigation Company.

STEAMER "ALEXANDRA"

Will ply between Ottawa and Templeton every hour during the day, leaving the "Queen's" Wharf at 10 a.m.

Mr. FLEMING has kindly granted the use of his magnificent Grove for Pic-Nic parties.

Gowan's Full Quadrille Band
Will provide Music.
Platform will be erected for dancing.
Fare.......... 1s.

MOONLIGHT EXCURSION.

The Steamer will leave the "Queen's Wharf at 8 p.m., on a trip down the Ottawa, GOWAN'S QUADRILLE BAND on board.
Fare.......... 50cts.
Ottawa, June 28, 1871 1703td

THE THIRD ANNUAL
GRAND EXCURSION
TO OGDENSBURG,
On the St. L. & O. R.R. in aid of the funds of the
ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM
—AND—
ST. VINCENT DE PAUL SOCIETY,
Will take place on
TUESDAY, 4TH JULY NEXT.

The Train will start at 7 o'clock, a.m., allowing the Excursionists the full day for enjoyment, and leave Prescott on the return trip at a convenient hour in the evening

☞ Programmes of days amusements at Ogdensburg, to be seen in the Bars of the principal Hotels in this city.

Tickets to Prescott and back.......... $1
Children under 12 years.......... 50c.

To be had from the Committee and others, and at the Cars the morning of the Excursion.

MARTIN BATTLE,
Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, June 28, 1871 1703td

WANTED,

For an Elementary School, Calumet Island, a Roman Catholic MALE TEACHER, capable of teaching English and some French. Liberal salary given.

Apply to
C. BARSALOW,
Sec-Treas. of the School Commissioners,
Calumet Island,
Co. Pontiac

June 28, 1871 1703 3

BRITON MEDICAL & GENERAL
LIFE ASSOCIATION,
With which is Incorporated,
THE BRITANNIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Upwards of $100,000 deposited with the Government for the protection of Canadian Policy holders.

1867 Proposals were completed in 1870, and Policies covering £516,631.13.8 Stg. were issued, producing in annual Premiums, £17,478 1 11 Stg.

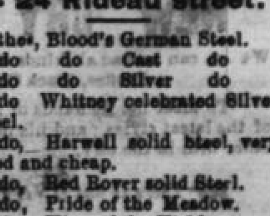
Total Income.......... £246,477.2.1 Stg.

JAS. B. M. CHIPMAN,
Manager for Canada,
12 Place d'Armes, Montreal.

JAMES H. THOMPSON,
Sussex street, Ottawa.

June 28, 1871 1703 1m

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!!
HARDWARE!!!
SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES,
And other Harvesting Implements,
AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



No. 24 Rideau street.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.

All ground ready for use.

Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarrie:

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

12th JULY, 1871.
ORANGE CELEBRATION.

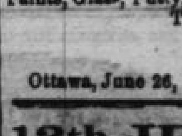
An EXCURSION TRAIN will run from CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION, Ottawa, to Brockville, calling at all Way Stations on 12th prox., returning same day.

Fare from Ottawa, 75cts.

Due notice of time of departure and arrival will be published.

H. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1686tf



TO RENT.—A large STONE BUILDING, on the north side of Sparks street, in rear of the Bank of British North America, formerly occupied by Mrs. DUIGNAN. The House is in good condition, having been thoroughly renovated.

Terms can be known by applying to JAS. SLATER, or at the office of Sparks Estate.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 1701a

FARM FOR SALE.

For Sale, the south half of Lot No. 7, in the 4th Concession R. F., about 100 acres, of which 70 acres are cleared—new House and Barn—constant supply of soft and hard water on the premises. Terms easy.

For particulars apply to LEWIS & PINHEY, Ottawa, or to the undersigned,

JAS. SEVERIGHT,
Gloucester;

Gloucester, June 24, 1871 1700 3

COMING.

G. F. BAILEY & Co's
Great Allied Attractions,
—AND—
COLOSSAL COMBINATION.
EXHIBITIONS!

Will exhibit in OTTAWA
WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,
JUNE 28 & 29.

The Largest and most Comprehensive
MENAGERIE
On Earth.

A CLASSIC
ITALIAN HIPPODROME,
An Extensive
AVIARY,
And a
First-Class Circus,
All for the SINGLE ADMISSION FEE of FIFTY CENTS.

Under Stupendous Pavilions,
Separate and distinct from each other, and each one larger than any Circus Tent ever used.

Extraordinary Collection of
BEAUTIFUL TROPICAL BIRDS,
Of every hue and color

ELEPHANTS AND DROMEDARIES
IN PROCESSION.

Enormous Black Rhinoceros,
Weighing over 4,000 lbs.; the largest and most perfect specimen ever imported.

A TRIO OF
BABY LIONS,
With their Royal Dam.

The Imperial Lion
"CHARLEMAGNE,"

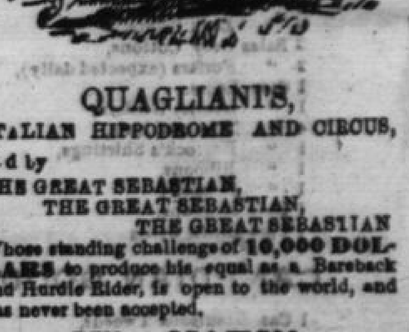
Celebrated throughout the continent as the largest and most magnificent specimen of the "King of the Forest," ever exhibited in the Old World, or the New.

Immense WHITE, or POLAR BEAR.

SOUTH AFRICAN BLESBOC.
A very rare animal, and entirely new to this country.

A large Colony of APES, MONKEYS and BABOONS.

20 GREAT DENS
Well filled with the wonders of the forest, wilderness and jungle For a full description of which see small bills.



QUAGLIANI'S,
ITALIAN HIPPODROME AND CIRCUS,
Led by
THE GREAT SEBASTIAN,
THE GREAT SEBASTIAN,
THE GREAT SEBASTIAN

Whose standing challenge of 10,000 DOLLARS to produce his equal as a Bareback and Hurdle Rider, is open to the world, and has never been accepted.

Mlle. MARIE,
Premiere Equestrienne in her classic and daring specialities.

TEESE & KING,
The challenge Gymnasts and Athletes.

GEO. M. CLARK,
The universal favorite Clown, wit and jester

SIGNOR FARRANTA,
The Boneless Man or Anatomical Paradox.

GEO. DERIOUS,
The great Man Monkey, in his comical act entitled the GORILLA on HORSEBACK.

21 acts in the Ring—All novel and original.

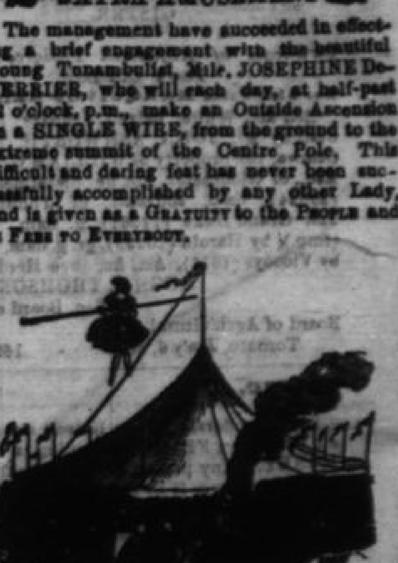
GORGEOUS and MAGNIFICENT HOLIDAY PAGEANT in the public streets. The most imposing and attractive procession of the period.

All the Exhibitions above Advertised for the Single Admission Fee of FIFTY CENTS.

One Ticket admits to either or all

☞ EXTRA AMUSEMENT ☜

The management have succeeded in effecting a brief engagement with the beautiful Young Funambulist, Mlle. JOSEPHINE DeVERRIER, who will each day, at half-past 12 o'clock, p.m., make an Outside Ascension on a SINGLE WIRE, from the ground to the extreme summit of the Centre Pole. This difficult and daring feat has never been successfully accomplished by any other Lady, and is given as a GRATUITY to the PEOPLE and is FREE TO EVERYBODY.



Ottawa June [illegible] 1871 1699 6

PIANOS FOR SALE

AND TO RENT.

Mr. A. Peterson, Agent for A. & S. Nordheimer, Toronto, begs to announce that he has a very fine assortment of **Pianos** and **Organs** on Exhibition, at **Gowan's Store**, and will be happy to show them to any Lady or Gentleman who may favour him with a call. **Second-hand Pianos** and **Organs taken in Exchange,** and **new Pianos rented on reasonable terms.**

Ottawa, June 23, 1871 1701tf

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

A large lot of New Carpets just received at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks Street.

Dominion Day is not a Bank holiday.

Bailey's Circus makes its grand *entree* into town to-day.

Private pic-nics will be the order on Dominion Day.

COUNTY OF OTTAWA.—The nominations for the County of Ottawa will take place to-day at Aylmer.

RAIN WANTED.—Farmers call for rain wanting which the crops are beginning to suffer. In fact in some places vegetation has been seriously retarded by the drought.

Boating is a favorite recreation with ladies and gentlemen in the evening at present—a healthy one too, we may say.

CHAPEL OF EASE.—Men are at work preparing stone for the erection of the addition to the Chapel of Ease, Sussex Street.

Great Bargains in Lace Shawls. Price reduced one-third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks St.

A few much needed showers of rain fell last evening. It laid the dust and cooled the atmosphere.

BASE BALL.—The base ball match between the Ottawa and Kemptville Clubs takes place in this city at 1 o'clock p. m., to-day on Parliament square.

The boys Doolan and Jones who were tried a few days ago for larceny were sentenced to-day—the former to two months imprisonment in the Reformatory and the latter to three months in the county gaol.

WOULDN'T GO.—A street car horse baulked on Sparks street to-day, and obstinately refused to stir for over half an hour. The Company lost a good many "six cents" by the occurrence.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

DUST.—The dust yesterday was perfectly intolerable. About 1 o'clock a strong wind commenced to blow which raised the dust in dense clouds off the streets. When will the principal streets at least receive the daily benefit of the water cart.

LIFE ASSURANCE.—We ask the attention of our readers to advertisement in another column of the Briton, Medical and General Life Association, with which is incorporated the Britannia Life Assurance Company, Mr. James H. Thompson, Sussex Street, Agent for Ottawa.

DOMINION DAY.—There is no programme for the celebration of Dominion Day in Ottawa. It would appear as if our citizens and Aldermen, in particular, had exhausted their energy and loyalty on the 24th ult.

FOR THE LAPRAIRIE CAMP.—The Eardley Light Infantry Company (Captain Lawlor) arrived in town this morning, and left, per steamer *Queen Victoria*, for the Laprarie Camp. The Wakefield Light Infantry Company (Captain Cates) arrived in town last evening, and left on the same steamer, for the same destination.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

POLICE COURT.—Ellen McKay, charged with vagrancy, was fined $2 and costs.

Martin Bowles was charged with assaulting a young woman. Case adjourned.

John Reaves, charged with drunkenness, was fined $3 and costs.

Mr. Trembly was charged with assaulting James Finch, and was fined $1 and $1 costs.

ARNPRIOR CRICKET MATCH.—The Ottawa Cricket Club leave by C. C. R. R. train at 6 o'clock p. m. on Friday, for Arnprior to play the Club of that place on the following day. Persons desirous of accompanying the Club should send their name into the Secretary of the Ottawa Club, Mr. Benjamin, without delay. By doing so they will get up at half price.

EXCURSIONS ON DOMINION DAY.—Those who may wish to enjoy a few pleasant hours away from the city on Dominion Day, will have an excellent opportunity afforded them to do so. The Ottawa River Navigation Company's steamer, *Alexandra*, will make hourly trips from the Queen's Wharf to Templeton, where Mr. Fleming has kindly offered to throw his splendid grove open to pic-nic parties. A platform for dancing will also be erected, and Gowan's Quadrille Band will be in attendance. Fare only 25 cents.

A grand moonlight excursion will take place in the evening, the boat leaving the Queen's Wharf at 8 o'clock. Gowan's Band on board. Fare only 50 cents.

THE MARKET—TUESDAY.—There was a very large attendance on the market to-day. Purchasers were numerous, and purchasing was active. Prices were as follows:

Pork (live) $7.50 to 8 per 100 pound.
Sheep $3.50 to 4.50 each.
Calves, $4 to 5 each.
Lambs, $2 to 2.50.
Veal, 5 to 8 cents per pound.
Lamb, 10 cents per pound.
Butter (in prints), 15 to 18 cents per pound; in tub, 13 to 15 cents per pound.
Eggs, 18 cents per dozen.
Green peas, 18 cents per gallon.
Strawberries, 16 cents per quart.
Gooseberries, 12 cents per quart.
Potatoes, 58 cents per bushel.
Oats, 75 cents per bushel.
Hay, $14 per ton.

MONEY TO LEND. Apply to R.A. Bradley Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.

1699 6

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—A Macdonald, St Andrew; R Gerin, Montreal; J B Gunn, New York; J P Currie, Montreal; E O Bickford, Toronto; James Bain, Toronto; W H Stephenson, Rimouski; Thomas Burdie, Oshawa; Wm Mohr and wife, Fitzroy; Charles Holland, Montreal; H T McLachlin, Arnprior; John Mathers, Gatineau Mills; F A Wise, Prescott; McPherson LeMoyne, Buckingham; W C Edwards, Rockland; C W Wright, Detroit; H S Davis, Cleveland, Ohio; David Rice, Fort Ann; R C Copeland, do.

THE GREAT SHOW TO-DAY.

The great Combination Exhibitions of Messrs. G. T. Bailey & Co., are so well and favorably known, and have been so extensively advertised, that it is almost useless to remind our readers that they make their *entree* this morning, and will give afternoon and evening entertainments to-day and to-morrow, on the Nicholas street lot, above the gaol. Wherever these vast exhibitions have been both press and public have testified to their general excellence. It is the oldest as well as largest Combination on this continent, and is always a welcome visitor from the fact that the public, from experience, have confidence in the representations of its directors, and know everything will be exhibited as advertised. The circus and hippodrome are alike celebrated for containing the very greatest attractions of their kind, including the great Sebastian, who is, without doubt, the most daring and skillful bare-back and hurdle rider in the world. Among the many novel and peculiarly acceptable features is that of giving the exhibitions under separate pavilions. In one department are the rare animals and beautiful birds, and in another are the circus and hippodrome complete in all their appointments, and having for members the leading gymnasts, equestrians, and athletes of the day. These pavilions furnish a joint seating capacity for seven thousand people, and are much larger than any used in the world. The single admission fee of fifty cents passes to all.

THE POTATO BUG.

The Colorado Potato Bug seems to be an awful bugbear to farmers just now.

The alarming depredations of this insect is a subject of great solicitude to them, and newspapers throughout the country, probably making things appear worse than reality, teem with bug items.—But let our Canadian farmers read the following and be thankful.

A Western journal says:

With the exception of potato bugs, chints bugs, cut worms, and a few other innocent little creatures, such as curculio, plum and apple weevil, borers and locusts, there are hardly any insects, worms, and "sich" that may be expected to raise "hob" with the growing crops of Illinois this year.

The Colorado bug is said to be an intelligent creature It is said that in the West there is an Irish flying squadron forming to carry on a war of extermination against the invaders. The last story that has come to our notice is to the effect that an army of bugs in searching for new fields of conquest, came across a deserted farm, and that they actually stole some cuttings from a neighboring domain, planted them and then camped on the place that they might be on the spot when the fruit sprouted, and have the pleasure of destroying the tender plants which they themselves had been the means of bringing out!

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

THE GOLDEN ROSE.

The *Court Journal* says:

A charming anecdote, worthy of the ancient days of chivalry, is being whispered about among the higher circles in London. It seems that one of our young Catholic heroes of high life, always a great admirer of the Empress Eugenie, paid a visit to Chiselhurst, last week, previous to his departure for Paris. "What can I bring your Majesty from Babylon?"—the name by which the doomed city is always designated by the Ultramontane party—said the young nobleman, as he bent low over Her Majesty's fair hand. "Nothing," replied the Empress, sadly; then suddenly correcting her speech, said, quietly, "Yes, there is one thing I should love. Bring me a rose from the garden of the Tuileries!" The young man promised to execute this apparently easy commission, and departed in sadness. On Friday he reappeared at Chiselhurst, with a case of purple morocco in his hand, which he reverently presented on bended knee to the Empress. It was the Golden Rose, gift of the Pope to Her Majesty, that he had brought "from the Tuileries." How he had obtained it, or through what long course of adventure he had traced it to the party willing to part with it, will never be known, nor yet at what sacrifice it was obtained. But great was the joy of the illustrious lady on beholding it, and pardonable the feeling which induced her to hope that it will bring a blessing to last to her house and stay the wrath of heaven. It had always formed part of the altar decorations of the chapel at the Tuileries.

OUR PARIS LETTER.

PARIS, June 8th, 1871.

Crowds of persons, some engaged in business pursuits, and others bent on sight seeing only, are now coming into our half ruined city, and are finding employment for the army of guides, who point out to them where during the late troubles the strife was hottest, and where the darkest scenes in the tragedy were enacted. The general route is to pass along the interior boulevards to the Bastile, returning by the rue Rivoli, taking the Hotel de Ville, the Palais Royal, and the Tuilleries on the way—passing up the Champs Elysees to Porte Maillot, along the fortifications and ruins to Auteuil, and round by the Champ de Mars, following the quays to the melancholy rue de Bac, up to the Pantheon, and finishing at the Gobelins and Granary of Abundance. Pere la Chaise is well worthy of a visit, and one can push on to Belleville and Montmartre, as circumstances will permit. The famous cemetery is not severely damaged, and the owners of tombs are rapidly repairing them and covering them with new wreaths. It is behind the Israelitish portion of the cemetery that the 200 National Guards, executed on the spot, are buried, rather in lime than earth; near it was the temporary grave of Archbishop Darboy, after being shot. Among the monuments untouched are those of Moliere, Lafontaine, Scribe, Rachel, and, not least, the pretty Gothic mausoleum of Abellard and Heloise. The family vault of M. Thiers has suffered, and a few shells have left their trace on Grini's tomb.

The Omnibus Company has notified its inability to issue "corresponding" tickets. It has suffered much during both sieges. It was in its principal workshop all the swords and bayonets were sharpened. It lent 120 horses to the Commune, and demanding their return, was informed they had been eaten; 40 of their vehicles were seized to make barricades. Pending the first siege, their gray horses were most in request for th table. Sometimes a company of Guards would requisition a buss to conduct them to fraternize at the Hotel de Ville; the drivers were shot if they refused, and dismissed if they complied. Only on days of real fighting, the busses continued more or less running, representing a principle of impassibility amidst enthusiasm and griefs. Sixty officials of the Company have been made prisoners by the Versaillists, (two of whom are crack whips, drivers, and with handles to their their names, as it is well known many broken down "aristocrats," unfrocked priests, and lame ducks generally find a refuge in the Company's employment.

Among the prisoners recently arrested was a lieutenant colonel, and a coachman once in the ex-Emperor's employment. He has been shot.

Grousset was arrested while paying a visit to his mistress, dressed as a milliner; since his troubles commenced it is said he has openly appeared in the streets in woman's clothes, and dined with his mother and sisters. He was nearly torn to pieces by the mob—that demands "your bust to-day and your head to-morrow." He shows the white feather.

Rochefort passes his time in dejection, lives only on eggs and radishes, writes his memoirs, and enjoys the "Travels of Captain Cook." Pyat is still missing. The Swiss are said to hold him tight. The courts-martial are now more eclectic in their proceedings, and more humane in their sentences. Acquittals take place, but those not ordered to be shot will undoubtedly be transported. Paris does not wish to be further disturbed by the Reds. It is questionable if the crushing-out policy will succeed. Train after train of prisoners pass from Versailles to Brest and Cherbourg, in cattle trucks, in which there is placed a bucket of water. On arrival, all are again searched, classified, washed, and caged in hulks. Here they will be finally examined and sentenced. Many denunciations of Communists occur, through their mistresses—indeed, woman plays a leading part both in the getting up and suppression of French revolutions. Since all are free to leave and enter Paris there is quite a sad procession of distressed mothers, wives and sisters to Versailles, to ascertain news of their male and female relatives. The Communist leaders are said to have led a free and easy life to the close—had "suppers of adieu." Theology engaged their attention occasionally, as Madame General Eudes "covered herself with applause" by asserting that "if a God existed, it would be necessary to shoot him." Father Hyacinthe world do better work to come and attack the atheism and scepticism of Paris, in Paris, than writing from Rome about its existence.

The deaths in the hospitals are very numerous, and the majority of the patients expire in a state of insanity. The health of the city continues excellent, and the hasty inhumations have been removed to safer and more suitable places, where no danger need be apprehended.

There were 670 marrigaes celebrated during the existence of the Commune, and the "happy couples" are not yet certain if their unions will be legalized. In the registration of births and deaths, these must be accepted "nem. con." The police during the last sighs of the Commune, have found 82 children who have strayed from their homes. No one has yet come forward to claim them.

The journals are picking up a few advertisements—evidence that business is not altogether dead; but these are of that class where shops are enabled to sell philanthropically at fifty per cent. below first cost, owing to the Communist having set fire to establishments some miles away from theirs.

Bolton and Park have withdrawn the plea of Not Guilty with respect to the remaining indictment, charging them with an offence against public morality by appearing in women's clothes. As they have entered into recognisances to be of good behaviour for two years, it is probable that the last has now been heard of this case.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer,

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANO-FORTE, CARPETS, &c., &c.

The subscriber has received instructions from Mr. MOWBRAY to sell at his residence, Albert street, west of Richmond road, on FRIDAY, JUNE 30th, 1871, the following Goods Parlor Furniture, in b w hair Cloth Sofa and Chairs, Centre Table, Whatnot, Rosewood Piano in excellent order, large Mirror, gilt frame, Marble Mantlepiece, Parlor Ornaments, Carpets, Curtains, Cornices, &c., Dining Room Furniture, b w Dining Table, Side Table, Side Board, Cane Dining Chairs, Book Case, Couch, Carpet, Crockery, China and Glassware, Hall Oil Cloth, Table and Chairs, Stair Carpet and Rods, the contents of a number of well furnished Bedrooms, consisting of Bedsteads in Iron and Wood, b w Bureaus, Washstands, Dressing Tables, Dressing Glasses, Cane Chairs, Matrasses, Pillows, Beds and Beddings, Carpets, Curtains, Bedroom Crockery, &c.; Kitchen Furniture, Tables, Chairs, Cooking Stove and utensils, Hall and Parlor Stoves, Pipes, Refrigerator, Tubs, Barrels, &c.

Sale without reserve.

Sale to take place at 2 o'clock.

N. B.—A trans of the House from the 1st of July; hard and soft water on the premises.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 27, 1871 1702id

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE

—OF—

CITY PROPERTY:

The subscriber will sell at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1871.

The House and Lot situated on Albert-st., being lot No. 41, south, and immediately off O'Connor-st. The property is beautifully situated, and in the best part of the City, and is rapidly increasing in value. The House is of wood 24 x 36, two stories, containing seven rooms and halls, with kitchen and servants' rooms over head, wood shed and barn, with an excellent well of water in the yard. The Lot is 66 x 99, the House is detached and quite new and in good repair, having been built but two years. There are Blinds and Outside Windows for the House. The title is freehold, and terms of payments will be one-third down, the balance in two annual payments at 7 per cent. interest, secured by mortgage.

Parts of Lots Nos. 14 and 15, Alexr-st., 80 feet square, Brick House 36 x 32, seven rooms with closets and kitchens, well finished.

ALSO,

A part of Lot No. 3, in Block 6, Rideau-st., north.

Lot No. 26, south Rideau-st.,

And Lot No. 10, east Gloucester-st., 66 x 198.

ORDNANCE.

Lot No. 14, on the east side of Dalhousie-st. Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer

Ottawa, June 26 1702td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, A FINE TONED PIANO, &c.

The subscriber is authorized to sell the whole of Mr. A BEGG'S Household Furniture, without reserve, as he is leaving the city. The sale will take place on THURSDAY, the 29th inst., in the Cottage occupied by him, on Ottawa street, Sandy Hill, at 10.30 a.m. Also, to be sold on the premises, several cords of Hard Wood, cut ready for the stove.

AMOS ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 24, 1871. 1700td

PUBLIC SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS.

The examination of the Public Schools of this city, will be held as follows:

Duke street School, (Miss Batterworth's) Wednesday forenoon, 28th inst.

Ottawa Ward School, (Miss Murray's), do. afternoon.

Central School East, Thursday, 29th inst.

Central School West, Friday, 30th do.

N. B.—Exercises will be held during the usual school hours. Attendance at these examinations is respectfully urged upon all interested in education.

H. J. BOATHWICK, A.M.,
City Inspector of Schools.

Citizen, Free Press and *Daily News*, please copy.

Ottawa, June 27, 1871. 1702 2

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,

Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOOKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who would further enquire.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

DOMINION DAY.

AT HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

—ON THE—

EVENING OF JULY THE 1st,

(By Special Request),

The Ottawa Rifles' Amateur DRAMATIC CLUB,

Will again render the popular Drama, entitled,

THE CROSS OF ST. JOHN'S OR THE GAMBLER'S FATE.

To conclude with the laughable farce,

The Irishman's Adventures, OR THE REVIEW.

Music by the O. B. G. A. Band.

Proceeds to aid in forming a Fife and Drum Band for the Rifle Corps.

Admittance—Parquette, 50c.; Gallery, 25c.

Doors open at 7.30 p.m.; Curtain rises at 8

Ottawa, June 24, 1871 1700a

County of Ottawa Election

General Election Committee to sit at Hull Village, daily, with power to organise sub-committees in the several different municipalities.

ALONZO WRIGHT, M. P., Chairman
A S WASHBURN, Secretary
J M Currier, M P
Hon John Hamilton
T S McKay, Warden County of Ottawa
Wm McLean, Mayor Aylmer
George Duntin, Mayor Eardly
James Wilson, Mayor Village of Buckingham
William Bonsell, Portland
A Campbell, Locharbour
Thomas Lavell, St Malachi
William Netherden, Derry & Mulgrave
Charles Major, Bonsaccur
Barabie Whissell, St Andre Avelin
P G Obrey, Ripon
Hercule Chene, Hardwell
Seth Cates, Wakefield
A Hamilton, Masham
Wm McCumbler, Wright
Philemore Wright, Northfield
Hiram Dunning, Bouchette
T Moore, Hensington and Egan
Allan Gilmore
James McLaren
Andrew Pritchard
McPherson Lemoyne
B Fraser
Kilice Lafrombroise
Joshua Ellard
Patrick Farrell
Emile Quesnell
J A Cameron
Thomas Cole
R W Scott
Dr H H Sauvier
J O Archibald, N P, Thurso
Nicholas Chene
Joseph McGoey
James McGoey
John McLaren, Wakefield
James O'Hagan
John McLaren, Templeton
Pierre Andrew, Quesnell
J A Levis
John St Julion
James Wright
Henrie Hillman
M H Palmer
T B Prentiss
J R Flemmung
P Aylen
W H Kenney
E W Murray
J H McKay
Camile Papineau
Francois Major
G L Taillefer
C B Wright
P H Church
L R Church
Alonzo Wright, M P P
De Wright
John Higginson
Edward Troup
Godfrey Gorreau
Godfrey Villiton
Theophile Vallon
James McAlister
John Clawson
John Brooks
Capt R Proulx
A Bourgeau
J R Woods
William Patterson
Louis Fournier
James Nault
Richard Mulligan
Joseph Bartrand
Oliver Leferrier
Norman Ried
George Link
Joseph Proulx
W D Leslie
George Johnston
Sexton Washburn
Baptiste Forcier
Barnabie Larpentigner
D C Simon
Dr St Jean
Moise Bison
Ambrose King
Agustus Papin
Moise Trudelle
Henri Demontier
John Matther
Hiram Robinson
Dr McNab
Wm Feely
G Millan
R Chamberlane
Robt Ritchie
Robt Kenney
Richard McConnell
Felice Cuschene
A Quesnell, Ripon
John Collins
R H Clock
James Clock
G Newill
Wm Holgate
T Cooke
R H Haycock
Webb
H McCormack
David Moore
J A B Hannum

Ottawa, June 23, 1871, 1699tf

STRAWBERRIES.

G. LORENZ,

OYSTER

—AND—

FRUIT DEALER,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

58 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

In now receiving

400 QUARTS

CHOICE STRAWBERRIES

(DAILY),

And will supply

Hotels,

Private Families,

Confectioners,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

Orders delivered to any part of the city.

G. LORENZ.

Ottawa, June 14, 1871.

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for Supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY, FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed, until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season	..	$5 00
20lbs " "	..	9 00
10lbs month	.	1 50
20lbs " "	.	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

Terms strictly Cash in advance.

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 39, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N B.—Ice supplied for ton or cwt.

Ottawa April 87

OTTAWA COUNTY ELECTION

To EZRA BUTLER EDDY, Esquire:

SIR,—We the undersigned Electors of the County of Ottawa hereby request you to allow yourself to be nominated as a fit and proper person to represent us in the Local Legislature of Quebec.

We hereby, upon your accepting such nomination, pledge ourselves to give you our hearty and earnest support at the coming election contest.

John Hamilton	Gilmour & Co
Alonzo Wright	F Major
F Samuel MacKay, Warden	James MacLaren
	Wm McLean
John H Mackay	John A Cameron
J A Cameron, Jr	Geo J Marston
Joshua Ellard	B H Conroy
P Aylen	Joseph Day
W H Kenny	H Hillman
G C Courtlard	A S C Papineau
J B Trudel	S Washburne
Charles Delude	J Mather
John McLaren	Richd McConnell
Ambrose King	John McLaurin
W McClymont	C B Wright
Albert Quesnel	B D'Arpentigny
P Wright	J W Campbell
John Delisle	Robt Kenny
Patrick Farrell	W W Kenny
A Holland	Dr. S Wright
W Marston	Seth Cates
James Dyke	J R Fleming
Augustus Papin, Jr	A Lesmy
McPherson Lemoyne	Dr F McNab
Wm Abbott	Christopher Brigham.
Edmund W Murray	

REPLY.

To JOHN HAMILTON, ALONZO WRIGHT, GILMOUR & Co., F. S. MACKAY, and others:

GENTLEMEN,—I accept your invitation. You know my character, and I rely on your exertions.

Your obedient servant,
E. B. EDDY.

OTTAWA, June 21, 1871. 1698tf

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Jrts
&c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

FRESH SALMON.

(From the Moisie River,)

RECEIVED DAILY BY EXPRESS, AT

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET, Ottawa.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Rideau Street

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE,

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,
Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 RIDEAU STREET.

OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you. 1634 3m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—

The best old Brands, Pure and Mild,

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—

J. DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

East Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

ALES—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, Mar 2, 1871

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIASELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $300 per month.

Montreal, March 9, 1871. 1694

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL!

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 6 40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa June 1st, 1871

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, 1871, Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1.35 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 11.00 a.m., and 4.30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2.00 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 5.40 p.m., and at Sand Point, 6.30 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a.m. arriving at Brockville at 1.35 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 7.30 p.m., and 6.30 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 8.50 p.m., 10.00 p.m., 6-15 p.m. 1.30 p.m

Leave Sand Point

At 6.30 a.m., 11.30 a.m., 3.00 a.m., 2.00 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on R. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a.m, after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the R. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

E ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, June 6, 1871

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager.

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

WANTED

A Girl about 16 years of age, as servant on a small family. Apply A F. TIMES Office

Ottawa, May 9, 18 78

THE OTTAWA TIMES.

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

In S. S. de-W hee, Steamship "Secret," Capt. Davison.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," Capt. Connell.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," Capt. Baquet.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," Capt. McKenzie.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S. :—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE, Manager.
HERRICK & CROMBIE, Agents, No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871 2670tf

ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING
—AND—
RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer		Captain
Jessie Cassels	.....	Captain Findlay.
Emerald	"	Smith.
Prince Arthur	"	Murphy.
Alliance	"	Blondin.
Oregon	"	Beattie.
Snow Bird		
Jason Gould	"	Bolton.
Sir John Young	"	Ostrout.
Pembroke	"	Duggan.
Pontiac	"	D. Mulligan
Keppawe	"	BJ Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Capitaine.

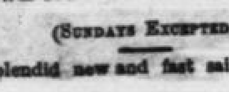
Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau, every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning —Leaving Chapeau same day at 1 o'clock, p.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA, CAPT. BOWIE,

PRINCE OF WALES, CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY," CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.
R W SHEPHERD.
April 25, 1871.

JUST RECEIVED.
—AT—
HAUSER'S
RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,
That splendid new Magazine,
THE WEDDING BELLS.
—ALSO—
BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL
FOR MARCH AND APRIL.
Ottawa, April 19, 1871

ENGLISH OAK TANNED
LEATHER BELTING,
FINE ENGLISH HOSE,
LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to
JOHN C McLAREN, 247 St, James-st., Montreal, Q.
P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 1612y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

NO MORE BUGS!

WROUGHT IRON BEDSTEADS,

ust Received Direct from ENGLAND.

Another lot of these celebrated BEDSTEADS handsomely painted and ornamented, and cheaper than any Bedstead sell in this city, there is no danger of breaking off the legs, as there always is with the ordinary ones sold, which are made of Cast Iron. Ask for the

ENGLISH WROUGHT IRON
BEDSTEADS.

Also to arrive this week,

CHILDRENS COTS!!!

Same make as the above, at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA.
CH MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, June 14, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,
OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR.

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England, and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy,
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy Ports,
Domecqs and Gree She[rries],
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.

Bass', Guinness's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.

Liberal terms.

Inspection invited.

K. ARNOLDI, Telegraph Building. 11 Metcalfe street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE.

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

In Templeton	100	acres.
In Eardley	9,500	"
In Hull,	1,500	"
Total,	11,100	

Apply to
P. S. ROSS, 10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE, Ironsides, near Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3.n

READING, ELOCUTION, WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to MRS. R. STEWART, Wilbrod-st., Ottawa.

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,
—AND—
AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD, Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER
—AND—
SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871.

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

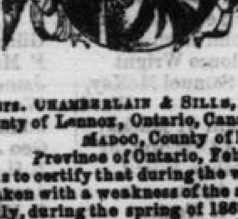
HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD, Smith's Falls, Ontario.
June 13, 1871 2m-d&w



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P. County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869:
A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hope-less; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

CHIPPAWA DISTILLERY.

The produce of the above celebrated Distillery:

HIGHWINES,
ALCOHOL,
RYE,
PROOF,
MALT,

For sale in Bond or free, at lowest Distillery quotations.

K. ARNOLDI, Telegraph Block, Metcalfe-st
Ottawa, June 11, 1871

SELLING

OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES

OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON, WINE MERCHANT, Elgin Street,

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY P.M.
......	12 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8,00	......	4.20
......	12 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8,00	......	4.20
......	......	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8,00	......	6,00
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, *via* Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	12.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8,00	......	4.20
......	10.15	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	......	......	4.20
9.20	2.00	1.10	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	3.00
9 20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......	......	3.00
10.30	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11,00	......
7.00	......	......	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.			7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	......	......	7 00
10.00	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
11.30	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, June 7, 1871

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S
NEWLY-DISCOVERED
VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866, besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot. Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa
The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E MacGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq.

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Nov last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Business.

Claims Paid for Assurances....	£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid.	3,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of....	6,570,000,00
Annual Income..............	1,255,600,00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions* of *Policies.*

The *Non-forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay;* or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW, Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal

J.& W. T. Pennock, Agents, Ottawa.
March 19, 1871 166a

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion.

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz.: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim.

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in its large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH
Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

GARDEN
—AND—
FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN.

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

1871. ICE! **1871.**

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER, Rideau Street;
Ottawa, May 1640d

Medical.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE ARE SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. DENTISTS LUDGATE HILL, LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S COBALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

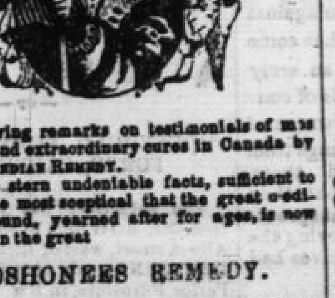
Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Agents for Ottawa,
May 1 1871

SHOSONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecoy, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public —it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont. Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 3rd June, 1871.

Authorised discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

Ottawa June 3, 1871

Legal.

J. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT 12y F C CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 4outt JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tt GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University,] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as if he were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
F. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANE.

J. D. SILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. S. COURSOLLES,
November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accurately prepared. Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1595 3m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE CREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.

Montreal, March 1871 2 3m

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY

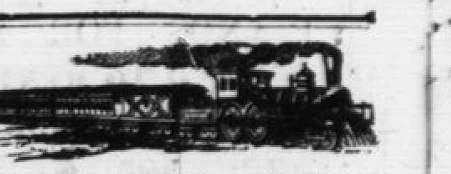
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

8 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed

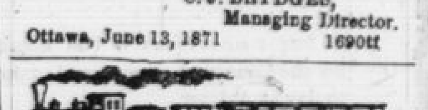
Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE. Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at.......	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at.....	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at.....	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at......	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at....	8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at.........	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston........	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz.:—From Montreal, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657m

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST., OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.
Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER, Proprietor.
May 31, 1871. 1680tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer

No. 67 Sussex-st.

OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemens Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET, Near Division Court Office.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

A. CHRISTIE & CO., (Late Alex. Christie.) Druggists, 46, Sparks
Ottawa, April 26, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, Clarence Street, next to the City Hall Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their wants while pas... hereto the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel. Strict attention to business. Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.

J. A. GEMMILL, Solicitor &c.
Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.
Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1871

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BARRETT, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1704. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.
Posse-sion given 20th May.
Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET.

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)
Apply for terms, &c., to
C W BANGS.
Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY
For particulars, apply to
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26 Rideau street.
Ottawa, Feb 16, 1871

TO LET.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land, and, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road.
Also the shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.
For particulars apply to
WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
Ottawa, Feb. 16. 592tf

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.
SCANDINAVIAN.......10th June.
PERUVIAN.......13th "
CASPIAN.......17th "
MORAVIAN.......24th "
Calling at St. John's, N. F.
AUSTRIAN.......1st July.
PRUSSIAN.......8th "
NESTORIAN.......15th "
Fares from Ottawa, cabin....$77 25 to $87 00
Steerage.......$29 25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line are intended to be despatched from Quebec, on or about the following dates:

Glasgow Line.
CORINTHIAN.......8th June.
OTTAWA.......15th "
ST. DAVID.......22nd "
ST. ANDREW.......29th "
ST. PATRICK.......6th "
Fares from Ottawa, cabin.......$67 25
Intermediate.......$47 or 44 00
Steerage.......28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.
Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.
Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.
For further particulars apply to
D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received
EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

TO CATTLE BREEDERS.

BULL—The "Marquis of Belmont" will stand for Cows at the Waterford Farm, Township of Gloucester, this season, at Four Dollars each.
WM. GRAHAM.

CANADA SHORT HORN STOCK REGISTER.

Certificate of Registered Pedigree of Two Years Old Bull,

No. 514 THE MARQUIS OF BELMONT,
Red and White, calved January 16, 1869, Bred by Mr. JOHN ASHWORTH, Belmont, Ottawa, the property of WILLIAM GRAHAM, Esq., of Gloucester, got by Sweetmeat [868], (20924), dam, souvenir of Thorndale by 2nd Grand Duke (12961), g. dam, Dalpine (imp.), by Harold (10299), gr. g. dam, Limpid, by Viceroy (7678), &c., &c. See Herd Book.
HUGH C. THOMSON,
Sec. Board of Ag.
Board of Agricultural Office,
Toronto, Jan'y 6, 1870 1692tf

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can recover it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street.
ANN JANE HAMILTON.
Ottawa, June 5 71. 1633tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,
The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises
STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.

And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.
Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1865 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street,

Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OF BROCKVILLE,

Who will continue the Business in the same premises, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 Rideau Street.
OTTAWA, June 2, 1871.

In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.

T. R. SHEFFIELD.
OTTAWA, June 2, 1871. 1681 2m.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will suit those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.
The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.
From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves
Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:
Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

CLOTHING HALL!

New Store.

J. M. GOULDEN

Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at

No. 100 Sussex Street,

NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,

A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.
Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.

Do not Forget the Place

No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.

OTTAWA, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,

Next Door to F. McDougall & Co

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa and neighbourhood that he has opened

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colored) Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,

To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.

There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.

The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!
—TO—
N. FAULKNER,
SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA, April 28, 1871 1652 3m

ALBION HOTEL,

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1685 3m

DRY GOODS

—AT—

RETAIL.

SUMMER FASHIONS

SHOWING THIS DAY,

—AT—

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,
Beautiful Bonnets
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets
Splendid Lace Shawls.
Also in immense Variety,

Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques,
Horrockses, Millar & Co, Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
King's best Window Hollands,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c.,

SPECIAL LINES.

Linen Percale's and Lawns, for Seaside Wear.
Walking Stick Parachutes " " "
Paragon Frame-Parasols and Umbrellas,—
Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makes.
Seventy Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and Mantle Trimmings, in great variety.

EXTRAORDINARY.

43 Patterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, June 5, 1871

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

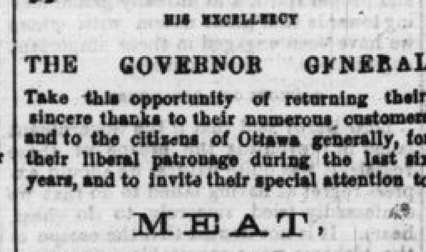
Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,
LOWER TOWN MARKET,
On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

FRESH! FRESH! FRESH!

SALMON.

The first of the Season just received, at
MOSES LAPOINTE'S,
Fish Dealer,
Lower Town Market.
N. B.—All kinds of Lake, River, and Sea Fish, always on hand
Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685tf



SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,
Remember the place.
33 Rideau Street.
OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND
Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

DOMINION HOUSE,

CORNER OF
SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,
OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumberers of the Ottawa Valley

WILLIAM McCAFFRY,
Dominion House
Late Grand River Hotel
Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 6m

McGill University, Montreal,

SESSION 1871-72.

THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—
FACULTY OF ARTS......September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE....October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW.......October 3rd.
The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.
The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.
In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered
First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Second Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.
The Calendar containing details of all the above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.
W. C. BAYNES,
Secretary.
May 31, 1871 1689 2awk 2m

SEALED TENDERS

Will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY, the 26th day of JULY next, at noon, for the supply of 200 tons of Grate Coal, (2,000 lbs. per ton) to be delivered at Ottawa.
For particulars apply to the undersigned.
By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 22nd June, 1871. 1700 3

SEALED TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Firewood," will be received at this office until Wednesday, the 12th day of July next, at noon, for the supply of Firewood for the use of the Public Buildings, Ottawa, to be supplied according to the specification, which can be seen at this office, where also forms of tender can be obtained.
The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.
By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 22nd June, 1871. 1700 3

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL.

The most beautiful site in the neighbourhood of the Capital, and the most pleasant and convenient place about Ottawa, for Pic Nics, &c.
A large covered Platform, raised eight feet from the ground, and capable of accommodating 4 000 persons, is admirably suited for Dancing, for Dramatic Soirees, and such like entertainments.
The Refreshments and Liquors to be had on the grounds are of the best quality.
Pleasure parties could not find a more comfortable and pleasant place to enjoy themselves.
At night the Gardens are well illuminated. Once properly known they will be regarded as indispensable during the summer season. There will be a Dancing School in the Gardens every THURSDAY night, except when occupied by a Pic-nic.
Hull, June 7, 1871 1685 2m

G. A. SHELDON,

HATTER AND FURRIER,

Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive

HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT

In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.
G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.
A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1665 3m

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.
Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.
Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.
I G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

THE METROPOLITAN

Building and Savings Society

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.
Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Ottawa 13th December, 1870. 1540tlJ71

DROWNED.

Drowned at the Chaudiere, on SATURDAY last, AUGUSTINE CHARON. Any information which may lead to the recovery of the body, will be thankfully received by his father, at Mr. BRONSON'S Office, Chaudiere. The Boy was 11 years of age, had on grey etoffe pants, a grey vest, and a chequered white and red shirt.
Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

WANTED.

For a DAIRY FARM near the City, a MAN to drive a MILK WAGGON, and take general charge of Cows. Also a WOMAN, who understands the management of a DAIRY.
A married Man and Wife, without family, preferred. Liberal wages will be given to competent and reliable parties. Apply at the Times Office.
Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged.
Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

FOUND

A Pocket Book containing a small sum of money. The loser can have it by proving property and paying for advertisements
O LATREMOUILLE
Dry Goods Merchant
Sussex Street
Ottawa, June 23, 1871 1699-3

NEW CARPETS.

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Invite attention to the arrival of

NEW CARPETS.

to assort their STOCK, reduced by HEAVY SALES in this department.

The above have been selected with due regard to prevailing styles, permanency of color, and are GOOD VALUE, at prices marked.

They have on hand a large assortment of

Dress Goods,

In a great variety of fabrics, MUSLINS AND PRINTS in LATEST STYLES, and cheap.

Great Bargains in

LACE SHAWLS,

From $1.50 to $40 Each,

Prices Reduced One-Third,

A special line of SILK JACKETS selling at *greatly Reduced Prices.*

A full assortment of MOURNING GOODS always in Stock.

N. B.—Fancy Linen and Cotton Shirtings on hand for the Summer Trade, SHIRTS made to MEASURE and GUARANTEED TO FIT. GENTLEMEN will find it to their COMFORT and ADVANTAGE to bear this in mind.

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN

SUCCESSORS TO
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,
No. 20 Sparks-St.
Ottawa, June 12, 871.

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34, SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

In their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good election,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,
NEW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS
Departments.

THE SALVAGE GOODS,

Amounting to Over $7,500,

SAVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared out at prices which will be sure to command a sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low price goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,

PORTER'S BLOCK,
34 SPARKS STREET
Ottawa, March 30, 1871 16

WANTED TO RENT.

A small COTTAGE, about £30 per annum. Centre Town or Sandy Hill preferred.
Apply to C. E. L, TIMES Office,

FOR SALE.

Twenty-five Cords of good HARDWOOD, and 15 Cords of Seasoned HEMLOCK, for sale at Low Prices, as the owner wants to go to his home in the country. Apply to JOHN BUTLER, at the Victoria Hotel, Paul street
Ottawa, June 17, 1871 1694tf

Hardware.

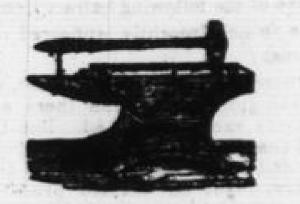
HARDWARE! HARDWARE!!

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES,

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



No. 24 Rideau street.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid Steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
All ground ready for use.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c., &c.
Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.
Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.
Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.
Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.
We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.
The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.
I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.
Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,
I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.
P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.
C. H. M.
Estimates and all other information given, apply to
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of
Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and
Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of
Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Shirts,
&c., &c.
At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of
Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.
Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA
Ottawa, April 11, 1871

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A
TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL.

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address
GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,
N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.
Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1604

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.
D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager.
Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

IN JUNE.

So sweet, so sweet the roses in their blowing,
So sweet the daffodils, so fair to see;
So blithe and gay the humming-bird a-going
From flower to flower, a-hunting with the bee.

So sweet, so sweet the calling of the thrushes,
The calling, cooing, wooing, everywhere;
So sweet the water's song through reeds and rushes,
The plover's piping note, now here, now there.

So sweet, so sweet from off the fields of clover,
The west wind blowing, blowing up the hill;
So sweet, so sweet with news of some one's lover;
Fleet footsteps, ringing nearer, nearer still.

So near, so near, now listen, listen thrushes,
Now plover, blackbird, cease, and let me hear;
And water, hush your song through reeds and rushes,
That I may know whose lover cometh near.

So loud, so loud, the thrushes kept their calling,
Plover or blackbird never heeding me,
So loud the mill-stream too kept fretting, falling,
O'er bar and bank, in brawling, boisterous glee.

So loud, so loud; yet blackbird, thrush, nor plover,
Nor noisy mill-stream, in its fret and fall,
Could drown the voice, the low voice of my lover,
My lover calling through the thrushes' call.

"Come down, come down!" he called, and straight the thrushes
From mate to mate sang all at once, "come down!"
And while the water laughed through reeds and rushes,
The blackbird chirped, the plover piped, "come down!"
Then down and off, and through the fields of clover,
I followed, followed, at my lover's call;
Listening no more to blackbird, thrush or plover,
The water's laugh, the mill-stream's fret and fall.

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XIII.

AT THE "SALISBURY ARMS."

WEEKS had passed by when, one gusty and ungenial afternoon towards the end of October the Rev. Andrew Hardell entered Hertford, and having inquired for, and been directed to, the 'Salisbury Arms,' walked into that hotel and asked to see a gentleman who was staying there—Mr. Jones.

"What name sir?" inquired the waiter.

"Smith," answered the visitor; and the pair ascended the stairs together, and crossed one of the broad lobbies with which that old-fashioned inn abounds.

The man opened a door at the end of this corridor, and motioning Mr. Hardell to stay where he was, entered the apartment.

"Smith, did you say?" exclaimed some one in an irritable tone; "what the deuce can he want? I know no one of that name. You mustn't show him in here at any rate. Put him in the next room, and say I shall be with him directly."

"Will ye walk this way, sir," said the man to Andrew Hardell, ushering him at the same time into that long apartment with many windows, which looks so particularly cheerless without a fire, and with a dreary expanse of bare mahogany down the centre.

Beside the chimney-piece, as the most convenient vantage-ground—a vantage-ground which had the additional benefit of being near the door—the visitor waited for his host, who came in presently, expecting to meet a stranger, but who at sight of his former friend, started back in surprise.

"You here!" he said. "The fellow told me it was some Smith. I didn't think to see you."

"You didn't want to see me, I know," the other answered bitterly, "and so I sent in a name which would, I believed, serve my turn. It was come to this, that I must settle my future with you; and as you would not come to me, I have come to you."

"I am very glad you have come," said Anthony, holding out his hand for the second time; but for the second time Andrew refused to take it.

"Are we not to be friends, then?" asked Anthony and Andrew answered,

"No."

"We are not to be enemies, I hope," said the other, "for I stand in sore need of your help just now."

"Standing in need of help or amusement could be about the only reason why Anthony Hardell should ever honor any man with his friendship," observed Andrew bitterly.

"Heaven knows you wrong me," was the reply.

"Then why have you never come to see me? Why have you never yet kept one off the appointments you made?"

"Because I was afraid," he answered. "Because I dreaded what you might say; because, knowing what I have brought upon you, I did not dare face my work. You were always stronger and better than I, Andrew. Don't be hard upon me now."

"I do not want to be hard," said the other in a softer voice; "but I want my own. Give back the money you got from me under false pretence of desiring to flee from temptation, and I will never trouble you with the sight of me or my ruined fortunes again. Give it to me—or at least as much of it as you have left, and let us part in peace. I owe you no ill-will. Looking in your face, Anthony, which is changed almost as much as my own, I can say, 'God forgive you!'"

"Aye but I can not forgive myself," Anthony replied, and there ensued a pause.

"I can well understand," began Andrew at length, "That you must have spent a considerable portion of that thousand pounds, and I ask nothing from you except the balance which may remain. I want to get away from England. I want to begin my life anew. What is the matter with you?" he suddenly added, turning sharply round upon Anthony. "Whatever else you may say, don't tell me that money is *all* spent. If you have wasted my poor inheritance on *her*—if you have been playing with my only chance for the future, I can not forgive you, and I won't—so now let us understand one another."

And he drew himself up erect and defiant, while Anthony only murmured,

"Oh, why did you come here? I cannot say what I want to say to you now. I can not tell you everything—you do not know how I am situated."

"Is *she* here?" Andrew Hardell inquired.

"Yes was the reply.

"I thought as much," the younger man said bitterly.

"You would not have me to desert her *now*?" asked Anthony.

"Pshaw!" exclaimed his former friend impatiently; and he walked to one of the windows, where Anthony followed him.

"Andrew dear old fellow!" he began, laying a hand on his shoulder, "for the sake of the times gone by, listen patiently

to me now. I have not been so bad as I seem I have not been a deliberate sinner; I did not mean to harm him, or you, or her, or any-body—only I could not help myself. I have commenced believing in fate—it was to be—I could not help it. The meeting with them—our unfortunate journey north—on!" he added, passionately, you have never known what it is to be tossed to and fro, as within sight of land, yet unable to touch it—you have never known what it is to love——"

[*To be continued.*]

PAPER HANGINGS.

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS OAK & GAS[illegible]

The subscriber [illegible] inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the c[illegible].

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

High School Examination—J. McMillan.
Buggies, Horses, and Harness for Sale by Auction—J. Bermingham.
Auction Sale of Household Furniture, &c. —A. Rowe.
Proclamation—John Rochester.
Auction Sale of Household Furniture, &c. —A. Rowe.
Lost, a Pocket Book.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1871.

Electors of Ottawa who support the Quebec Government must support Mr. Eddy.

Electors of Ottawa who want to see the North Shore Railway built support Mr. Eddy.

Electors of Ottawa who are opposed to sectional and sectarian prejudices and believe in men of fair and liberal sentiment support Mr. Eddy.

Hon. Mr. Trutch of British Columbia accompanied by his wife and neice arrived yesterday afternoon at the Russell House from England *en route* for home.

A telegram received from Havelock, County of Pontiac, says that at the nomination to-day, John Poupore, Esq., and Mr. Hodgins were put in nomination. The majority was in favour of Mr. Poupore. Mr. Hodgins demanded a Poll. There is no doubt of Mr. Poupore's election.

The letter of our special correspondent will be read with interest. It shows what dishonourable means were used to defeat Mr. Carter. We are glad that the names of those men who after having promised to support that gentleman turned against him are to be published.

THE DEBATE ON THE TREATY.

In other columns we give a carefully prepared synopsis of the late debate on the Treaty of Washington which occurred in the House of Lords on the 12th inst. We feel sure that it will be read with interest. While Earl Russell and several other noble lords found much fault with the Treaty, a majority seemed to be of opinion that the advantages to be derived from it greatly overbalanced its deficiencies.

There is one point worthy of special notice, to which we desire to direct the attention of our readers. The Opposition press have been trying to make the public believe that it was in consequence of the neglect of the Canadian Government that the Fenian claims were not admitted. There has been a vast amount of this sort of talk lately, and a strong effort has been made to make political capital out of this story. Lord Granville, while regretting that a recognition of these claims could not be obtained, said "*Her Majesty's Government take upon themselves the responsibility of this.*" Here is another proof of the amount of reliance which can be placed upon any statement made by one of the Opposition organs.

On the whole, there is nothing in the tone of the debate to which Canadians can object. There is not, indeed, as much regard apparent for colonial interests as we might have liked to have seen displayed; still members on both sides of the House fully acknowledged the necessity of considering the interests of Canada, while Lord Carnarvon expressed his faith in the prudence and political wisdom of the people of this country.

Whatever may be our views with regard to the Fishery clauses, we cannot help acknowledging the enormous advantages which it is to England and to every portion of the Empire, more especially to this country, to have all those questions adjusted which prevented the existence of friendly relations between the two great nations. We have never been among those who believed that it was a wise policy for us to concede everything to the United States, or that the honour of the British Empire ought to be sacrificed for the sake of peace. But the fact is that by the Treaty of Washington Great Britain has conceded very little; the terms as regards the Alabama Claims are in effect synonymous, with those proposed by her two years ago and objected to by the United States Government. To say in a friendly and informal manner that she regrets that her Custom House officers were neglectful of their duty and allowed the vessel to escape, is certainly not a very humiliating thing to do. So long as these claims remained unsettled, the foreign policy of Great Britain must perforce have been weak and unworthy of herself. Inasmuch as we all knew, and English statesmen knew as well as anyone, that in the event of the Mother Country being involved in a great European contest, the United States would take the opportunity of pressing the *Alabama* claims, and possibly of attacking Canada, Great Britain was in the position of a strong man, who has to fight with his right arm tied behind his back. So long as any possible *casus belli* existed between her and America, if she interfered in a European contest Canada was liable to be invaded and possibly conquered. Now, however, the Americans themselves admit that they have nothing of which to complain, the most important questions which threatened to cause hostility having been definitely settled; the old scores have been wiped off, and Great Britain is free to assert her position as a leading power without the dread of being taken at a disadvantage The Fishery clauses Earl Russell said he would not discuss, inasmuch as their ratification rested with the Imperial Parliament. We trust it is not too much to hope that in spite of the efforts made by a few factious journalists and a few selfish politicians of the Mackenzie stripe, the Parliament and people of Canada will enter upon the consideration of these great questions in a calm deliberative spirit, not with a view either of supporting or defeating any one man or party, but with the sole idea of doing that which shall be most beneficial to the Dominion. We do not often find much in the *Hamilton Times* with which we concur, but we heartily approve of the following extract from an article which recently appeared in that journal:

There are some good provisions in the Washington treaty, while there are some that are exceedingly bad. But the bad and the good must be put in opposite scales, and if the good outweighs the bad, then it might be deemed prudent to accept the treaty; but, on the other hand, if the bad outweigh the good, then the Dominion Parliament should, as in duty bound, so far as it has that power, give these clauses referring to Canada a prompt and decided rejection.

This is the true spirit to inculcate, and the journalist who on the other hand tries to make a party question of this, and by means of it to kindle party and personal animosities, is no true friend to Canada and fails to realize the responsabilities of a journalist's position.

THE OTTAWA COUNTY ELECTION.

The crowd of persons that attended at the nomination in Aylmer to-day was the largest that ever assembled there. The procession of Mr. Eddy's supporters was an immense one, and the feeling unmistakeably in favour of that gentleman's candidature.

Dr. Church made a speech reviewing his four years of service, and explaining what he had done to advance the interests of Ottawa county. Mr. Mackay, Warden of Ottawa county, then nominated Mr. Eddy in a French speech of some length, strongly recommending him to the support of all those who take an interest in the county and its welfare. Mr. R. W. Scott seconded the nomination of Mr. Eddy, making a very effective appeal to the electors, and showing in clear and concise language, the great advantage of having a man to represent them whose interests are so closely connected with their own, and who so well understands their position and wants. Both speeches were exceeding well received by the assembly.

Mr. Walsh has withdrawn from the contest, feeling convinced that he had no chance of success.

The contest now, therefore, is between Mr. Eddy and Mr. Leduc, and we should imagine that there can be but little difficulty in making a selection and deciding in favour of the former gentleman. The only claim which Mr. Leduc appears to have advanced, consists in the fact that he is a French Canadian. We do not think, however, that this argument will have much weight with the bulk of the French Canadian electors, who are possessed of a sufficient amount of intelligence and perception to understand the danger of raising these sectional issues, and are fully aware that what they in common with the rest of the electors require is, a man to represent them in the Quebec Legislature who has a personal interest in the welfare of the county, and who will work with energy and determination to promote those enterprises which are likely to conduce to its prosperity, and to obtain from the Government that amount of aid in developing the resources of the county to which the electors are fairly entitled. No one doubts that Mr. Eddy will do all that man can do in this direction, while the fact that his candidature is approved by Mr. Chauveau and the Quebec Government renders it certain that any claims put forward by him will receive a favourable hearing.

We have never been accused of American sympathies, but we must say that the attempt to awaken hostility to him on the ground that he is a native of the United States is exceedingly unfair. Mr. Eddy has lived in Canada for upwards of seventeen years, and has made money here. All his property is here, and all his interests are identified with Canada. We believe that he is as loyal and true a Canadian as any man can be, nor has any attempt been made to prove the contrary. Therefore, it is manifestly unjust to seek to awaken national prejudice against him. The charge that he is only the candidate of the lumbering interest is simply untrue, because from all parts of the county, from men who have no connexion whatever with that important interest, have come promises of support. We trust, and indeed feel sure that the lumbering community would have their views properly represented by Mr. Eddy,—it would be a misfortune to the electors at large if such were not to be the case. But there is no reason to believe that he would be forgetful of other interests, and, in fact, from all we know of him, and from all we have heard him say, we are quite confident that in him every class would be adequately represented.

Mr. Eddy is not a politician in the usual acceptation of the term. He cares little about party combinations, except so far as they foster the development of the country and promote industrial enterprises. But he is a man of moderate Conservative views, and inasmuch as he believes that the present Government of Quebec are desirous of doing all that lies in their power to open up the country and to develope its resources, he will support them. The only claim, as we said before, which his opponent advances, is the fact that he is a French Canadian. Mr. Eddy's candidature recommends itself to the support of all intelligent electors on the ground first that he is a supporter of the Government, and is not suspected of any sympathy with the Rouges. He is a man who has given indubitable proof of intelligence and energy he is personally interested in the progress and prosperity of the county, and has on more than one occasion afforded evidence of the liberality of his sentiments. With these facts before us we appeal to the electors of Ottawa county, and to none with greater confidence than the French Canadian electors, to rally in support of a man who, no matter where he was born, is in feeling and sentiment a true Canadian, and, who having done so much for the county, and being so largely interested in its welfare, is a fit and proper person to represent them in the Quebec Legislature.

FLORENCE, June 28.—King Victor Emanuel set out to day on his journey to Naples and Rome.

HAVRE, June 28.—Gambetta has accepted a nomination to the Assembly in the Department of the Lower Seine.

MADRID, June 28.—The King, in his reply to the communication of the Ministers, said he could not recognize a Ministerial crisis unless it originated in the Chambers, and he requested the Ministers to again appear before the Cortes.

THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

THE DEBATE IN THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

In the British House of Lords, on the 12th inst., before a very full house, Earl Russell rose to move an address to the Queen praying that she would not sanction or ratify any convention for the settlement of the Alabama claims which approved of any conditions by which the arbitrators be otherwise bound than by the laws of nations and the laws of the United Kingdom existing at the time the alleged depredations took place. "I take no objections whatever," he said, "to the choice of the Commissioners sent out to the United States, or to the appointment of arbiters, with a view of coming to an amicable decision on the important question at issue. I think the choice of the Commissioners sent from this country was a very judicious one, and I have no objection whatever to the Sovereigns and the President of the Swiss Confederation who have been chosen as arbiters. On these points, therefore, I will not trouble your lordships with any observations. On the other hand, I entertain the strongest objection to the measure proposed in the course of the negotiations, and afterward confirmed by the Treaty, viz: that certain rules, partly founded on the authority of the law of nations, and partly devising very much from it, should be adopted, and should not only be hereafter recommended as improvements in the law of nations, which, of course, it was perfectly competent for the Commissioners to do, but should have a retrospective effect, this country being thus liable for any deviations committed in 1861 from rules made in 1871. (Hear, hear.) I conceive this to be a gross departure from all the rules upon which negotiations have hitherto been conducted, and from any rule that you apply to domestic affairs What would be said if a bill of indictment were sent up to the Grand Jury at Liverpool, charging a workman with intimidation committed in 1869, under an act passed in 1871? This being one of my main objections to the Treaty, I find the greatest fault with the manner in which this agreement has been stated in it. It is stated in the Treaty that Her Majesty's Government refuse to recognize these rules as contrary to the law of nations. They saw very clearly that they were not part of that law. What a humiliation it is, then, that we should now submit to pay compensation for acts which by their own showing were not against the law of nations at the time of their commission! A further error, I think, has been committed in stating that this is done with a view of "strengthening the friendly relations between the two countries." I beg your Lordships to consider to what an extent an admission of this kind will carry us in any future negotiations."

WHOLESALE DENUNCIATION.

Earl Russell went on to show how Germany might press such an admission, saying: "If there is any Power in the world with which I conceive it is the interest of this country to be on terms of friendly alliance, it is Germany. (Hear.) My noble friend (Earl Granville) would have some difficulty in telling Count Bernstorff: 'It is quite time that in order to strengthen the bonds of friendship with the United States was agreed to after the terms of international law, and to agree to make compensation for certain depredations, but with Germany we have no wish to strengthen the bonds of friendship; your friendship is indifferent to us, and therefore that which was applicable to the United States is not applicable to you.' Another objection I feel to the reason assigned in the Treaty is that it looks like paying a sort of tribute in order to buy peace. Now, there is nothing more objectionable than for a nation to resort to such a policy as that. (Cheers.) It was the course taken by the Greek Emperor in order to conciliate the Turkish Sultan, but Mr. Gibbon has pointed out the error of that policy, and how the hostility of Turkey was only inflamed by that annual tribute. I also think that it was very unwise to throw aside our obligations towards Canada and the Maritime Provinces of British North America (cheers) and to declare that, although citizens of the United States are to be compensated for depredations committed by the so-called Confederate States, your own provinces and subjects shall in no way be compensated, merely because the United States Government refuse to pay any compensation. On the fisheries question, that being a point subject to the ratification of the Canadian Parliament, I need not dwell; but all this shows in what a one-sided spirit this treaty has been drawn, how everything has been concession on our side, and assertion, I may say without argument, on the part of the United States. (Cheers.) Our Commissioners did not trouble the American Commissioners to go into any argument; they merely, as I read the proctocols, accepted their assertion that they could not entertain the question of compensating the Canadians for the Fenian outrages, on which an order was sent from London that they should not be insisted upon. So, too, with regard to the fisheries. My noble friend will find in the Foreign Office many representations by Chambers of Commerce and other parties interested in the prosperity of the United States, conclusively showing that great benefit was derived by the United States from the introduction of coal and other articles from New Brunswick. Now, one would have thought that when the Government were considering the renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty they would have asserted some clause on this subject in this Treaty; but, because the United States Commissioners urged the animosity which prevailed during the late war, all those advantages were thrown away, and nothing was done to secure the advantages of the Reciprocity Treaty. On almost every point there was yielding on the part of Great Britain, while there was no yielding whatever by the United States in respect to the fair and just claims which might be preferred by England."

ENGLAND AND THE REBEL NAVY.

Earl Russell cites American authority to show that no nation was called upon to prevent the departure of any vessel, except under circumstances which made it probable that it was employed against a friendly power. The same statement of the day had been made by Chief Baron Pollock in charging the jury in the case of the Alexandra. And in the face of this it was certainly most extraordinary that we should assent to a rule declaratory of international law which left out all reference to the probability, that a vessel was to be employed against a friendly power. It was impossible to say how far our liability might be extended under such a rule. Let him illustrate this by another case. There was another Confederate cruiser, the Sea King, which sailed from the Thames without any one knowing or suspecting aught of her real character. She sailed nominally for Bombay, but really for the Azores, where she obtained her armament. Some five weeks after she had left England, both he and the United States Minister, Mr. Adams, received information showing the nature of the service on which she was to be employed. Before that time, however, no one had suspected her destination, and yet the Government had now, ten years afterwards, made a treaty by which this country would be made liable for the depredations committed by her, because subsequent events have shown that she was meant to cruise against the United States. He concluded as follows: "I have seen a letter to day stating that this treaty has lowered the reputation of England more than anything that has been done this century. I am very much of the same opinion. [Hear, hear.] It remains to be seen what course Parliament will take upon the matter. In the reign of Queen Anne a message was sent to both Houses to declare that Her Majesty would communicate to both Houses of Parliament the articles of the treaty of Utrecht, where the Plenipotentiaries were then assembled, before any treaty was concluded. I have, therefore, to propose that your lordships at this time should make an address to the crown with a view to procure such an alteration in the Treaty as will make the arbitrators liable only in cases where violations of international law or of the municipal law of the United Kingdom can be shown to have occurred. I believe that if we do this we shall show that, though we are willing to give compensation for all just claims we shall at the same time make it evident that we are not contented to sacrifice the honour, character and reputation of this country. In the beginning of this century there was a correspondence carried on between Lord Hawkesbury and the French Government in reference to a request made by the latter that certain aliens should be sent out of the country. Lord Hawkesbury on the part of His Majesty's Government, said that these people must be regarded as our guests, and could not be driven out of the country without violation of the laws of hospalitiy. The French Minister said: "You have an Alien Act which will enable you to send them away. Upon which Lord Hawkesbury replied, it was true we had an Alien Act, but it was not enacted for that purpose, its object being to secure the peace of England. It was enacted for our own domestic purposes and we did not make laws merely to oblige a foreign power. Lord Hawkesbury went on to say that we should be parting with the laws and liberties of England if we were to act at the dictation of a foreign power in such matters."

THE TREATY DEFENDED.

Lord Granville, after a brief resume of the policy pursued by his predecessors, said: When I had the honour of unworthily succeeding Lord Clarendon I endeavored to follow the course he had pointed out and adopted. I did this notwithstanding the fact that I was on very friendly terms with the distinguished man of letters (Mr. Motley) who represented the United States in this country. But latter in the autumn circumstances occurred which made it desirable to inquire how our relations stood in every country in the world, and when we came to the case of the United States it was impossible to say that our relations were on a perfectly satisfactory footing. I endeavoured to obtain by means of conversations with and letters from great merchants (whom the noble Earl seems to think utterly unfit to pronounce opinions with regard to the interest or the national honor of the country), members of Parliament, men of letters, and travellers, all speaking with some authority, either from recent visits to the United States or from their relations with that country, what they believed to be the feeling of the American people with regard to the relations between their country and our own. There was an almost concurrent opinion upon this point. They said there was a great deal of that sort of feeling which the French call *chauvinisme*, coupled with a feeling of very bitter resentment at the almost total destruction of their mercantile marine during the rebellion, and which they generally attributed to us. There was also a singular degree of feeling, because in all the discussions on this question there had not been one word of friendly regret expressed in regard to a calamity, great in itself, which, however it happened, was disastrous to the United States, and was even very disastrous to ourselves in several indirect ways. Earl Russell was understood to say that such regrets were over and over again expressed to Mr. Adams when he was in this country.

THE COMPLAINTS.

The Commission went out and was received in a very friendly manner. I am not aware that my noble friend (Earl de Grey and Ripon) and Mr. Fish swore eternal friendship at the very outset of their proceedings, as has been stated historically by my noble friend, but I know that they met in the way that two great gentlemen representing two great States ought to meet, mainly with feelings of a conciliatory character, and an honest and sincere desire to reconcile, if possible, the interests of the two countries. Now comes the question of how far, under the circumstances, the Commission has met our expectations. The first question relates to Canada, and upon that branch of the subject the noble Earl has passed a very strong censure. I feel that the Dominion has an equal interest with ourselves in the maintenance of friendly relations between England and the United States, and that, therefore, we ought not to continue lightly to excite bad feelings between the two, and so diminish the possibility of good relations being maintained. What, under all the circumstances, could be fairer and more reasonable than to refer to impartial arbitration the question of the real value of the fisheries in order that a pecuniary compensation might be given for them? I am aware that there are complaints all over Canada, but are there no complaints of a similar character from America? Have no complaints been made by Gen. Butler? (A laugh.) Well, I do not say that Gen. Butler is right, but there is a certain appearance of plausibility in the arguments he adduces. There is one question connected with Canada in regard to which I must express my regret. I regret that we were not able to obtain a recognition of the Fenian claims. (Hear.) Her Majesty's Government, however, take upon themselves the whole responsibility of this. We did not press those claims because, having arrived at a satisfactory arrangement on all the numerous and complicated questions at issue between us and the United States, and knowing that the opinion of the High Commissioners, including that of Sir John Macdonald, was that, in the present state of parties, it would be impossible to obtain from the United States a recognition of these claims, we had to consider whether we ought to destroy all the fruits of the High Commission, and allow a third failure to be the result of the negotiation. At their very first meeting the American and British Commissioners came to an agreement that they would keep secret their discussions, and that, though accounts of them would be communicated to their respective Governments, yet they were to be considered as confidential and not to be published. I may add that I have not the slightest doubt of the wisdom of the course pursued by the British and American Commissioners. They had 37 long sittings, and I will venture to say that every one of the ten Commissioners, not to mention the two able Secretaries, and thought it incumbent upon them to show their patriotism and power of debate for the administration of the two hemispheres, the 37 sitttings would have been multiplied at least 10 times, while the result of the deliberations would have been absolutely *nil*. (Hear. hear.) The representatives of both countries displayed great zeal, ability, patience, temper, and an honest desire to come to some compromise even though the difficulties appeared at first sight to be irreconcilable. The noble earl thinks that whenever the Americans proposed anything it was immediately accepted. This, however, was by no means the case. The Americans, in perfect good faith, laid down a great many conditions which the British Commissioners at once declined to accede to, and even refused to refer for consideration to the Government at home. Many other propositions that were made were referred back to Her Majesty's Government, the Commissioners thinking it their duty to inform Her Majesty's Government that upon their answer the continuance of the negotiations might depend. In considering several of these questions, Her Majesty's Government felt that there would be a great responsibility in breaking off the negotiations, and that in such an event ridicule, almost, would be brought upon the Commissioners and ourselves. Nevertheless, we at once declined to yield in every case where we deemed it our duty not to yield. With regard, however, to other points, such as those relating to forms of expression, and which did not conflict with the real objects of the Treaty, we willingly either acquiesced in the proposals or else made counter proposals, which were met in the same spirit of fairness by the American Commissioners, whose feelings, I am bound to say, were most admirably described in the brief though eloquent address recently delivered by Gen. Schenck on coming to this country as the representative of the great States beyond the Atlantic in order to cement, under very favourable circumstances, the friendly relations between the two countries.

A EULOGY OF THE COMMISSIONERS.

In reply to Earl Russell's taunts, Earl Granville went on to say: We are all aware that there are great objections to retrospective legislation, and it is not the habit of this House or of the English Parliament to resort to it; but there is a difference between applying it to those who approve it and applying it to those who remonstrate against it. There are exceptions to the rule in even its most limited sense. The noble Lord likened us to the Greeks and the Turks and spoke of buying peace; but if he meant to suggest that for any sordid advantage we had sacrificed the honor and independence of this country, I utterly and entirely repudiate the idea. I assert, however, that it was right we should, by honorable, just and fair concession on our part, arrive at a satisfactory solution of difficulties. After comparing the terms of the Treaty with those agreed to by the Earl of Derby and the Earl of Clarendon, in order to show that the former had the effect of laying down principles for the future guidance of nations, which was not the case with the latter, he pointed out that these principles were eminently favorable to England, and he said that within the last few days he had received from the United States a proposition to communicate these rules to other Powers with a view to obtain their assent. He maintained that the adoption of these rules would not place England in a worse position than at present with regard to the past, while it would materially improve her position in the future. He concluded as follows: "My Lords, having said so much, I have little more to add. I must, however, say a very few words, and I prefer doing so in the absence of my noble friend (Earl de Grey and Ripon) at this moment. I do wish to tender very emphatically the thanks of Her Majesty's Government to my noble friend and to his colleagues, and to their secretary, for the part they have taken in this great national occasion. [Cheers.] I do not thank them much for the trouble they have had of two transatlantic voyages, for I can conceive nothing more interesting than the opportunity they have had of seeing men and things in the United States; but I do thank them for the ability, the industry, the knowledge they have shown in dealing with this subject [hear, hear]; and, above all, I thank them for having exhibited in their demeanor those characteristics which I believe we have some right to claim for our public men of all parties—namely, the desire to be perfectly straightforward, and to be perfectly honest and conciliatory where the honor and dignity of the country are not compromised. My lords, I believe this demeanor was felt and appreciated by the American Commissioners. I know it was perfectly reciprocated by them [hear, hear], and I consider it as a very great advantage on the conclusion of this Treaty that we have had the assistance of so distinguished a member of the Conservative party as Sir Stafford Northcote to help us in this national work, and that in the United States that Treaty was ratified. Whatever the convenience or inconvenience of referring treaties to the Senate by a majority which comprised both parties in the United States, I cannot help thinking that your lordships will give a really national character to an act which I cannot doubt will be productive of really good feeling between this country and those with whom we are so intimately connected [hear, hear]. And if I may add one word in the hearing of one who may possibly be now present within these walls—of one who acted a distinguished part, and who, by his own influence and the influence of his countrymen, contributed largely to the happy conclusion of the labours of the Commission—one who has lately arrived among us eminently on a mission of peace, I should like to be able to say, on the part of Her Majesty's Government, and I may add, of the country at large, that we do feel grateful to him and to the American Government for the disposition they have shown in this matter (hear, hear). I trust, as the debate goes on, and as he hears men of eminence speaking on both sides, he will observe that in this House we can take large, comprehensive, and non-party views of questions where great national and colonial interests are involved, and that it is not the desire of parties, unless supported by a very general feeling, to interpose embarrassment and difficulty when these can be avoided. I am sure he will see that your lordships are not behind any class of your countrymen in the honest and sincere desire to have these great questions settled in a fair and proper spirit, and in really genial feeling towards that great nation with whom we have been engaged in these important negotiations." (Loud cheers).

OPINIONS OF LORD DERBY.

Lord Derby said that if the Government failed in preventing the escape of these vessels, it was quite natural we should express regret at having failed to do that we confessedly tried sincerely to do (hear, hear). It is not denied that the escape of the Alabama was a regretable proceeding; but I think quite enough was done to show our willingness to repair any real or supposed wrong when we agreed to refer the whole question to the judgment of a third party, without making use of any further apologetic expression, which, to say the least, was certainly in my opinion unnecessary. It is one thing to propose in reference, and another thing to propose a reference in the terms contained in this Treaty. With respect to the retrospective rules, he said: I object on principle to proceedings of this kind as being opposed to sound and just principles, because when you yield in one case it is not easy to resist in another. (hear, hear). I can only find one explanation why the present mode of arbitration was adopted. Two years ago the American Senate refused the free and unfettered arbitration then offered to them, and they were not wrong in one point of view in doing so: because, undoubtedly, leaving all matters, as I had done, in the hands of a competent arbitrator, the result of these claims would have been as far as America was concerned, exceedingly uncertain; and it was hard to conceive anything more ludicrous than the position in which the claimants and their friends would have been, if, after an outcry of four or five years, their own arbitrators found the case against them. They declined to accept it until it was made tolerably sure beforehand that they would win—to have, if I might use the expression, a loaded dice, in which there would be no possibility of its falling in our favor—and Her Majesty's Government considered it was not an unreasonable demand on the part of America. With regard to the prospective issue words have been omitted which might point to awkward results. You have omitted the words "reasonable grounds for believing" that the vessel was fitted for warlike purposes, and left it in issue whether the vessel was intended for warlike purposes, which might be absolutely out of the power of any Government to know anything about. [Hear, hear.] I have carefully avoided saying anything that can give offence to the American Government, and I think they are very unlike what I have always taken them to be, if they feel particularly aggrieved on this occasion in being told they have got the best of the bargain. [Hear, hear.] They have acted in this matter as thorough men of business, but at the same time perfectly aware of what they wanted, and perfectly determined to get it. [Hear, hear.] But I am unable to congratulate our Commissioners for the display of that lamb-like meekness which has caused them to make greater concessions than in former years. I am rather disposed to think there is not much ground for stating, as the noble Lord has done, that great irritation prevails against this country in America with regard to these claims. The other reason for trying to settle this matter now, the noble Earl stated, was, that the state of our foreign relations made it eminently desirable to replace ourselves on good terms with the United States. If that means that it is necessary to be on good terms with America in order to have our hands free to fight some one else, I do not think it throws any satisfactory light on the state of our foreign relations, nor do I think such a state satisfactory to which the noble Earl ascribes so much importance. The only concession I can see given up on the side of America is the preposterous demand that we should be held responsible for the premature recognition of the South, so as to make us liable for the constructive damage that could arise from the prolongation of the war; but I must be excused if I do not attach much importance to it. I rejoice with every one that at last, after so many years, this misunderstanding is at an end. I should have been glad to have allowed the treaty to pass in peace, but I cannot say the terms of the settlement are perfectly satisfactory, or that they will conduce to the development of the reputation of the Government. (Hear, hear.)

After Earl de Grey had defended the Treaty, Lord Carnarvon said: This question as has been already pointed out, resolves itself into two parts, the imperial and the colonial. With regard to the first, I should be prepared to endorse the opinion which has been generally expressed on this side of the House—namely, that the terms agreed upon make a bad bargain for this country. The only justification for it that I know of is that this is to be looked upon as an exceptional transaction, in which, to secure the friendship of the United States we have conceded more than we would to any other people in the world. I wish I could think, in reference to the second part of the question, that the bargain was a good one for Canada; but if I put the gains and losses against each other, the product is not satisfactory. But, although I do not admire the treaty nor the terms in which it was carried, I do trust that Canada will exercise a wise and judicious course. I believe that she has the opportunity of showing a great dignity, and also a great political wisdom. I, for one, have no apprehensions for the future when the existing questions have been settled."

The Marquis of Salisbury said the question was what we had got by the treaty, and what we had given up for it? We had got nothing beyond the advantage of calming the sensibilities of the American people—a quiet and magnanimous people, as he believed—but whom Her Majesty's Government would persist in treating as the spoiled child in the nursery of nations. To gain this we had sacrificed the rights of neutral nations. [Cheers.] The motion was then put to the House and denied without a division.

THE ELECTORAL CONTEST IN MONTREAL CENTRE.

DISGRACEFUL DESERTION OF MR. CARTER BY A NUMBER OF HIS REQUISITIONISTS.

HOW THE IMMACULATE LUTHER CARRIES HIS ELECTIONS!!

From Our Special Correspondent.

The election of a member to represent the Central Division of Montreal in the Local Legislature has terminated in the nominal return of the Hon. Luther H. Holton. I say nominal return, because there cannot be a doubt that the means used to carry the day in his favor will result in driving him ignominously from a position in which, if he has one spark of manliness or honor left, he will hardly venture to show his face.

The history of this almost famous contest is deserving of special notice, showing as it does the shamelessness and utter want of honor or principle of the Rouge leaders. That men should be found in the very centre of the great commercial capital of this Dominion to proclaim and act upon the doctrine that solemn pledges, made over one's own signature, may be broken to serve the purposes of a party, causes honorable men to look at each other with astonishment, and to ask, "*Whither are we drifting?*"

The history of this contest may be briefly stated:—

Mr. Edward Carter, the late member, a lawyer of high standing, unblemished character, and untiring industry, was elected by acclamation to represent the Centre Division of Montreal at the last general election. His attention to the interests of his constituents has been the subject of universal commendation. Nearly fifty Acts of Parliament of more or less importance have been carried by him, many of them having been drawn up under his supervision, in all cases without fee or reward, and in some cases, when the Bills were to promote a good work, the expenses incurred in passing them were shown to have been paid by him out of his own pocket. Of the many deputations that waited upon him to solicit his advice or assistance all speak of him in terms of praise.

It was scarcely thought that so popular and valuable a member would meet with any opposition, and when a feeble attempt was made to oppose Mr. Carter by the now somewhat famous Dr. Bernard, a requisition asking him (Mr. Carter) to stand for re-election was presented to him, signed by over nine hundred of the principal electors, of all classes and all shades of political opinion. The number of votes polled at the election being under sixteen hundred, Mr. Carter would, under ordinary circumstances, have clearly been elected by an overwhelming majority.

Things remained in this position till a few days before the nomination, when a gentleman who was largely instrumental in stirring up the ill-feeling among Irishmen which led to the murder of D'Arcy McGee, and a few others, including the ambitious vender of strawberries, and the Canadian Guy Fawkes of 1848, met together to plan the removal of Mr. Carter from his seat in Parliament. At the same time a somewhat higher game was being played among the leaders of the Rouge party. The Hon. George Brown was opportunely on hand, and although Messrs. Holton and Dorion have hitherto opposed dual representation, it seems to have been determined upon, that these two worthies should follow in the wake of Blake and Mackenzie.

The "attraction of cohesion" soon brought the respective parties together, and Holton would oppose Mr. Carter in Montreal Centre. It was asked, "How can Mr. Holton succeed against a man who has already a large majority of the voters pledged in his favor, and who are now in honour bound to him and he to them?" Mr. Holton's organ replied, that as Mr. H. was not then in the field their pledges were not binding as against him. This disgraceful doctrine found no seconders in the Montreal press, and it was not deemed possible that any man having one spark of self respect would act upon the dishonourable suggestion of the *Herald*.

A few days, however, revealed the fact that a few "backsliders" had gone over to the enemy, and Mr. Carter's principal supporters deemed it prudent to organize a committee to ascertain the extent of the defection among those who generally sympathized with Mr. Holton's political platform. It was found that men of high commercial standing and social position, such as David Torrance, James Court, Charles Alexander, and Henry Thomas, would vote as they had pledged themselves. About one hundred of the ordinary rank and fyle of Mr. Carter's requisitionists, being political friends of Mr. Holton, declared they would not vote against him, but being pledged to Mr. Carter would not vote at all, while *ten or twelve of Mr. Carter's signers went openly over and canvassed for his opponent.*

In these circumstances Mr. Carter's friends secured about one hundred more names to his requisition, and having done so felt confident of success.

The Centre Division comprises three Wards of the city, the West and Centre Wards being the most purely commercial, and containing about three-fourths of the voters in the Division. In the East Ward the French element predominates, the voters being principally retail traders, artizans, and labourers. In this Ward lay Mr. Holton's only hope, for although aspiring to represent the merchants, he well knew that without the "Rouge" element in the East, added to the votes which money will always secure in a poor part of the constituency, his success was utterly impossible.

The polling commenced at 9 o'clock on the morning of the 22nd inst., and before noon Mr. Carter's majority had reached thirty-three. The polling in the East Ward soon became more active, the Holton vote preponderating by over two to one. It soon became known that Mr. Holton's friends were spending money pretty freely, and with good effect, for, at the close of the poll on the first day, Mr. Carter's majority was reduced to *one*, the East Ward giving Mr. Holton a majority of 68, while the principal wards gave Mr. Carter a majority of 69.

On the second day Mr. Carter again took the lead, his majority reaching nineteen at noon, with every prospect of its being doubled, as Mr. Holton's votes were known to have been exhausted, *unless those who had signed Mr. Carter's Requisition, and who promised to remain neutral*, should violate their word as well as their written promise and vote for Mr. Holton.

About 2 p. m. it was whispered on the streets that a number of Mr. H's friends who had signed Mr. Carter's Requisition were also pledged to give their votes to Mr. Holton if needed to secure his return. *They were needed and given accordingly and at 5 p.m, when the poll closed, Mr. Holton had eleven of a majority*, obtained by more than double that number of hitherto respectable citizens having rendered themselves infamous so long as their names shall be remembered in this community.

Thus terminated this disgraceful struggle, Mr. Holton being in a minority of *seventy* in the two principal Wards which it was his ambition to represent and who thus thrusts himself upon them through the cupidity of one class of electors and the duplicity of another.

The electors have now to consider what has been gained by the change. The citizens of Montreal have a large number of private bills to pass through the Quebec Legislature. Will Mr. Holton be able to assist as efficiently in their passage as was his predecessor? He can "speak French in the country," (so he said on the hustings) will he be able to explain his views in that language at the seat of Government? Time will tell.

A. B.

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, June 28, 1871.

The second day of the Lapraire camp sees all in full operation. Nearly all the rural companies have arrived. Those from Ottawa arrived on the ground last night. There are now about 3,000 men in the field. Many battalions are expected tomorrow. The ground is well selected and fraught with much historical reminiscences. To-day little was done beyond preparation and routine. Saturday is grand field day, and half the city is expected to be present. Four troops of cavalry arrived to-day from Sherbrooke. The Compton and St. Andrew's with the Richmond battalion—total about 500 men. The following is the correct order of the camp: Rests on the river bank, and near by are the head-quarters, which comprise the following officers: Commandant Colonel W. Osborne Smith, C. M. G., Deputy Adjutant General 5th Military District and staff; Lieut.-Col. McKay, M. G. A.; Lieut.-Col. Fletcher, C. M. G.; Lieutenant-Colonel Becking Lieut.-Col Bacon, Musketry Instructor; Brigade Majors, Lieut.-Col. Moore, Camp Quarter Master; Major Dowsker, M. G., a Supply Officer; Captain Wicksteed, M. G. A. D. C., and Orderly Officer 6th Military District; Lieut.-Col. Harwood, D. A. G., Commanding; Lieut.-Col. Dorsonnes Hansom and DeBellefuille, Brigade Majors; Major Labranche, Supply Officer; Lieut. D Battersby, Camp Quarter Master, and Captain Larue, A. D. C. and Orderly Officer. The best feeling prevails on all sides, and the behaviour of the men everywhere is remarkably good, but the heat of the camp is intense.

The SS. *European* is still aground opposite the City.

The annual examination of the High School and the presentation of prizes took place to-day, Rev. Dr. Jenkins presiding.

No preparations are making for the observance of Domin ion Day.

An Italian named Stravinski fell under sunstroke yesterday.

Thermometer 68 degrees at 4 p. m.

Midnight Despatches.

PARIS, June 28th.—It is hoped that in the elections on Saturday next as many as 80 out of 112 deputies to be chosen to the Assembly will be supporters of the Government.

The Bonapartists are very active in the distribution of pamphlets intended for effect upon the elections.

A coalition of the principal Electoral Committees of Paris is considered probable.

The Khedive of Egypt has sent 100,000f to the orphans of the French civil war.

Moderate Republicans object to the election of Gambetta to the Assembly as anti patriotic.

The arrondisements of Paris, St. Denis and Sceaux, have been divided into 350 election divisions.

In the Assembly yesterday Audiffet presented a report respecting the contracts made during the war which accuses several persons of enormous malversations. The late French consul at New York, Victor Place, is especially charged with corruption in office.

The new loan has been covered, and the subscription lists have been closed. The amount desired has been subscribed four times over. Even peasants and servants have invested their savings in the loan.

The Republican Committee, after a long discussion, has rejected by a majority of 2 the name of Gambetta as a candidate for the Assembly.

MADRID, June 27.— Senor Moret has made explanations to the Cortes through other members of the Ministry, and will remain in office.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The following despatch was received at the Navy Department this evening:

CORFAN, June 23.

To the Secretary of the Navy:

The Coreans, not apologizing for their treacherous attack, we landed at Kangnoe, took and destroyed the lower fort and the munitions. On the 11th we took another fort and then stormed and captured the stronghold.

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

A large lot of New Carpets just received at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20 Sparks Street.

HOLIDAY—This being St. Peter and St. Paul's Day—a statutory holiday,—the public offices will be closed.

Mr. Bermingham will sell on Saturday, 1st July, at the Union House, at 11.30 a.m., immediately after the sale of River View, several very fine buggies, some horses and harness.

AUCTION SALE—Great bargains may be expected this forenoon at Mr. Begg's sale of household furniture, in his cottage, on Ottawa street, near the circus tent. All the numerous articles required in housekeeping. See advertisement.

ELECTION FIGHT.—Last evening two men from Papineauville, supporters of Mr. Eddy, were attacked in Leduc's Garden by five of Mr. Leduc's men, one of the former receiving a severe blow with a stone. He had to be carried from the Garden down to the wharf, when he was put aboard the boat.

CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE.—Bailie's Circus and Menagerie are worth going to see. The exhibition last evening was witnessed by a crowded audience. Fifteen minutes after the people commenced to enter there was not an available foot of sitting room to be found, and over a thousand persons were refused admission. No person should fail to see them to-day.

Great Bargains in Lace Shawls. Prices reduced one-third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks St.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

POLICE COURT—Wednesday—Louis Gravelle was fined $5 and costs for being drunk and disorderly.

Phillip Ryan was fined $3 and costs for being drunk.

E. C. Proctor was fined $3 and costs for being drunk.

Two other drunks were discharged.

A case of taking Chobot's gingerbeer bottles was adjourned.

SCHOOL EXAMINATION—The examination of the pupils of the public schools commenced yesterday. About fifty children were examined in the Duke Street School yesterday morning. The pupils showed considerable proficiency, but the parents showed little interest in the welfare of their children by not being present. The pupils were examined by the Rev. Mr. Borthwick, Inspector of Public Schools, and Messrs. Barber, Bronson and Alexander were present. The examination of the pupils of Central School East commences at 9 o'clock this morning.

LAST DAY OF THE CIRCUS.—We believe we are only giving voice to public sentiment in saying that the great combination exhibition of Messrs. Bailey & Co. more than fulfill every promise made in the advertisements, and, although the comfort of the audience was materially marred by the severe storm in the afternoon, the thousands who attended at night had the satisfaction of seeing the best and most varied performances ever given in Ottawa. Every member of the hippodrome and circus is an artiste, and it is difficult to particularise where all are so meritorious. We can, however, but express our admiration in brief terms, of the wonderful trapeze and bar acts of Sandford and Brown; the extraordinary vaulting and tumbling of Clifford; the posturing of Faranta; the classic equestrianism of Mdlle. Marie; the comicalities of Clarke and De Haven; and, above all, the peerless and inimitable riding of Sebastian. The menagerie and aviary contain the largest and best selection of beasts and birds we have ever seen in one exhibition. As to-day is the last day, the pavilions will, of course, be crowded day and evening.

MONEY TO LEND. Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—Chas M Furguson, Kingston; W H Headlam, Bowmanville; Paul M Robins, Toronto; D M Elmore, New York; Alonzo Rose, Morrisburg; J T Watson, Belleville; R Philps, Bowmanville; James Cross, Ripon, England; Wm Regans, Montreal; C E Lewis, do; Hon Mr & Mrs Trutch, Victoria, B C; Miss Prider, do; C H Baldwin, Montreal; T P French, Prescott; J Waters, Cincinnatti, Ohio; G Lowe, jr., Brockville; James MacLaren, Buckingham; Reg H France, London, England; Charles H France, do; Allen Woodroffe, do; C Haight, Pictou; W Lusten, Montreal; E A Blochford, Montreal; Francis Shepperd, Scotland; J A Cameron, Thurso.

A CROWD AT THE UNION HOUSE.—A large crowd of citizens are particularly requested to attend at that favorite hotel, the Union House, on Thursday the 6th of July next with money in their pockets. Young men who are thinking of committing matrimony, thrifty fathers of families, lawyers, doctors, merchants, Government clerks, speculators, old and young, English, Irish and Scotch, are all earnestly and respectfully requested to be present at 12 o'clock noon of the day above mentioned, to take their share in the proceedings then and there to be inaugurated. A splendid lot of property in the most flourishing and "go-ahead" portion of the city (Centre Town) is to be offered for sale by Mr. Rowe. Amongst other valuable lots he intends to sell his own residence on very reasonable terms. The house, a neat frame cottage, on Albert street, is within five minutes walk of the Parliament buildings and the postoffice. The street is fast being built up with beautiful private residences; healthy young shade trees have been planted on both sides of the road, and the locality is fast becoming the most fashionable one in the city. Mr. Rowe's property is small and within the reach of any man of moderate means as the terms of payment are made easy. See advertisement for particulars. Bring your pocket-books, go in, win, and be happy.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

A bottling operator in a soda factory at Hamilton wants a match for the championship.

The frost in Glamis on Friday night severely injured the growing grain and potatoes.

Bad boys in Usborne broke up a Sunday School pic-nic lately, and tore up a harmless flag.

A clerk in Fairweather's, Peterborough, has been committed for trial on a charge of robbing the firm. His room was found full of goods.

County of Ottawa.

NOMINATION AT AYLMER.

The nominations of Candidates for the County of Ottawa took place yesterday in the Village of Aylmer.

At noon Mr, Deegan, Returning Officer read the Election Writs.

Cries then resounded on every side for Mr. Eddy.

Dr. Church addressed the assembly explaining and vindicating his conduct during his parliamentary career. In the course of his remarks he referred to the appointment of the Coroner, stating that the Quebec Government would insist upon the appointment of his brother, and no one else. It was also their desire that the county town should not be removed from Aylmer. The audience appearing somewhat wearied with Dr. Church's long justification, the honourable gentleman concluded.

Mr. McKay (Warden) came forward to move Mr. Eddy's nomination. He had great pleasure in presenting a man so able, and so well qualified to represent them as was Mr. Eddy whose interest in the county was identical with their own. They were all sensible of the gentleman's enterprize, energy and ability. He had come to Hull a number of years back a comparatively poor man; but was now the proprietor of the most extensive manufactories in the country. When he came to Hull it was composed of a few houses, and business was at a stand still, but his enterprise soon brought people and plenty into it. How could they ignore the abilities and claims of a man who had done so much, not alone for the village of Hull, but for the whole county of Ottawa. Frenchmen above all others should recognize his merits, for he gave employment to hundreds of them, and therewas not a family but could bear testimony to his liberality and generosity. Under such circumstances, they could not do otherwise than come forward cheerfully and give a unaminous support to the man who was doing so much for the electors, and to advance whose interests he had now consented to become their candidate, at a great sacrifice. He hoped they would duly appreciate his conduct, and return him by a large majority, (cheers.)

R. W. Scott, Esq., seconded Mr. Eddy's nomination, and would make a few observations on the occasion. It was with deep and sincere pleasure he seconded Mr. Eddy's nomination for the representation of the large County of Ottawa, in the Assembly of Quebec. He deeply regretted the retirement of Dr. Church, for he admired that gentleman's Parliamentary career. He had left behind records which few men could boast of, and he had no doubt that had he kept the field, he would again have been elected. But Dr. Church having retired it now became their duty to look around and select a man who is thoroughly qualified to represent them, and in this respect he had great pleasure in seconding Mr. Eddy to the post at the request of the electors. Men who had been successful in their private business, were generally possessed of qualities, which when properly exerted, also made them successful in battling for the interests and rights of the people. The most influential men of the county had realized the necessity that existed for them to choose a good man to represent the county, and their unanimous verdict was that Mr. Eddy was the proper person. The county was a vast one, the largest in the Province, and it had many interests to be looked after and advanced, and who would be more likely to do that than Mr. Eddy, whose own private stake in the county was so immense? Very naturally he would exert every nerve to promote everything that would be to the benefit of the county, and would tend to enhance its welfare and prosperity A man who had no stake of any kind in the County could not be a proper person to act as their representative in the Legislature of the Province and therefore he hoped the selection that had been made by the principal men of the County would be approved of and confirmed by them and that at the Poll if a Poll should at all be demanded they would turn out to a man to carry his election triumphantly. (Cheers.)

They all knew what he had done for the County and its inhabitants and they must also be sensible of what he could and would do for them if put in a position which would enable him to work for their general interests. He came to Hull years ago with but small means, but great spirit and energy in his little body, and they all knew how he succeeded. It had been asserted that Mr. Eddy was an American subject, but, on the contrary, he was a British subject, and proud to avow the fact. They were all strangers in this great country, and they invited to it people from every clime and country, no matter what their creed or nationality—all were welcome. They lived under a free flag, and enjoyed the blessings of free institutions and what they wanted was a population, and the American was as welcome to settle in their midst as a person of any other nationality. Mr. Eddy had come from the United States, and he had since his advent built up the County of Ottawa. Americans came to Canada because it was a freer country, and there were greater fields for enterprise. They were noted for their enterprise, and it would be well for the County if they had forty or fifty more Eddy's in it (Cheers.) National and local prejudices had been appealed to, but he did not believe that the free and liberal spirit which breathed in every man throughout the County would heed those who thus tried to unearth old prejudices. He was satisfied that in the election that spirit would not influence them from their honest conviction. He pointed to Mr. Lewis Joseph Papineau, a veteran, who had done more for the French than any other man in Canada; he supported Mr. Eddy, and why then should not every Frenchman in the county come out in his favour. All people were equal in Canada, and all gloried in living under a great and free constitution. He would conclude by hoping everyman would turn out to support Mr. Eddy, and in doing so they would be discharging a duty for themselves and not for Mr. Eddy, for by electing him they would do themselves and the country a great good. (Cheers.)

Mr. Eddy then came forward amid vociferous cheering. He said he appeared before them to be nominated to represent the county of Ottawa in the Local Assembly. He thanked them sincerely for the great honor they had done him in selecting him for the position, and also for the confidence which they placed in him. He consented to come forward, however, only after Mr. Church had retired. People had come from every part of the country pressing him to allow himself to be put in nomination. He finally agreed to come out, and he was now before the electors, who would elect or reject him, as they might think fit. But he would ask them which was the best man to represent them, —the one who had private interests at stake in the county, or the one who had no interests whatever (cheers.) The man who had truth and right on his side, and who would stand by right under all circumstances, or the man who went about the County circulating falsehoods? (Cheers.) He had come forward at a great sacrifice, but the people of the County had called upon him and put their trust in him, and it was under those circumstances a pleasure to him to work for them, and they might rely that every exertion he could make would be made to advance their interests. In politics he was a Conservative, and would give a cordial and hearty support to the existing Government (cheers.) He was a Progressive Conservative. The development of the County would have his constant and earnest attention. Railroads should be opened up through the county, and he would do his utmost to to have those avenues of communication constructed. Colonization roads were absolutely necessary, and to have them opened up, he would save neither pains nor trouble. They were necessary to the settlement, cultivation and development of the county, and they should be had. Settlers would not go back into the county unless there be avenues of communication, by which they can come to market with their produce. He would not inveigle them with specious promises, but would make one general promise, and that was that he would do every thing in his power to promote every interest, agricultural and otherwise of the county. He would encourage Capitalists, no matter from whence they might come, for capital was necessary to the development of their resources. What was the Chaudiere twelve years ago? They now all witnessed what Capital had done there. He hoped the day was not far distant when they would hear the iron horse plowing along the north shore of the Ottawa. (Cheers.) The County was possessed of vast resources and of a water power second to none in the world, and they needed capital to afford the means of improving all that natural wealth. They had mines of iron ore and plumbago which lay undeveloped for want of capital, and capitalists would not invest their money in those mines simply on account of the absence of railroads. It had been heralded about the County that he was an American. He did not deny his American origin, but was there a man among them, French, Irish or English, who would sneak away and disown his nationality He could assert that since he had come to Hull he had raised the rate of wages from 50 cents to $1.20 per day. Some dwelt upon education and the place of education, some boasted that they had graduated in such or such a College, he had graduated in a school 7 x 9. He came forward to represent them, and considered it a duty to the people, and now asked them for their suffrages. (You'll get them—a general cry.) Mr. Eddy thanked them for their attention, and retired amid loud and prolonged cheering.

Mr. Foran nominated, and Mr. Devlin seconded Mr. Walsh, who, after a few remarks, withdrew from the contest.

Dr. Graham proposed, and Mr. Francois Laurin seconded, the nomination of Mr. Leduc, who, in coming forward, said that he asked for the suffrages of the electors in obedience to the popular desire. He was glad to see so many persons there. He then proceeded to draw a comparison between himself and Mr. Eddy whom he said he respected as a man of energy and business ability. But he did not think that because he was a successful mill owner he was therefore a clever politician. He objected to Mr. Eddy because he was born in the United States and because he was closely identified with the lumber interest. He thought that he himself was none too young, as some people had intimated, to represent the county. If he had not a sufficient amount of good sense and judgment now, he never would have. He would fight to the end.

Dr. Church again addressed a few remarks to the assembly.

Alonzo Wright, Esq., M. P. was then called upon and made a very able speech impressing upon the electors Mr. Eddy's claims upon them and his qualification to act as their representative in the Local Assembly.

Mr McKay Wright followed in a lengthy and eloquent speech, appealing to the electors for their support in favor of Mr. Leduc.

A show of hands was then taken the result being favorable to Mr. Eddy.

A heavy shower of rain then commenced to pour down and the meeting dispersed.

GRAND EXCURSION,

DOMINION DAY, 1871.

The Ottawa River Navigation Company.

STEAMER "ALEXANDRA"

Will ply between Ottawa and Templeton every hour during the day, leaving the "Queen's" Wharf at 10 a.m.

Mr. FLEMING has kindly granted the use of his magnificent Grove for Pic-Nic parties.

Gowan's Full Quadrille Band

Will provide Music.

Platform will be erected for dancing.

Fare..... 25cts.

MOONLIGHT EXCURSION.

The Steamer will leave the "Queen's," Wharf at 8 p.m., on a trip down the Ottawa, GOWAN'S QUADRILLE BAND on board.

Fare..... 50cts.

Ottawa, June 28, 1871 1703d

DOMINION DAY.

AT HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

—ON THE—

EVENING OF JULY THE 1st,

(By Special Request),

The Ottawa Rifles' Amateur DRAMATIC CLUB,

Will again render the popular Drama, entitled,

THE CROSS OF ST. JOHN'S

OR THE GAMBLER'S FATE.

To conclude with the laughable farce,

The Irishman's Adventures, OR THE REVIEW.

Music by the O. B. G. A. Band.

Proceeds to aid in forming a Fife and Drum Band for the Rifle Corps.

Admittance—Parquette, 50c.; Gallery, 25c. Doors open at 7.30 p.m.; Curtain rises at 8

Ottawa, June 24, 1871 1700a

THE THIRD ANNUAL

GRAND EXCURSION TO OGDENSBURG.

On the St. L. & O. R.R., in aid of the funds of the

ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM

—AND—

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL SOCIETY,

Will take place on

TUESDAY, 4TH JULY NEXT.

The Train will start at 7 o'clock, a.m., allowing the Excursionists the full day for enjoyment, and leave Prescott on the return trip at a convenient hour in the evening

☞ Programmes of days amusements at Ogdensburg, to be seen in the Bars of the principal Hotels in this city.

Tickets to Prescott and back..... $1

Children under 12 years..... 50c.

To be had from the Committee and others, and at the Cars the morning of the Excursion.

MARTI BATTLE, Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, June 28, 1871 1703d

WANTED,

For an Elementary School, Calumet Island, a Roman Catholic MALE TEACHER, capable of teaching English and some French. Liberal salary given.

Apply to C. BARSALOW, Sec.-Treas. of the School Commissioners, Calumet Island, Co. Pontiac

June 28, 1871 1703 3

FARM FOR SALE.

For Sale, the south half of Lot No. 7, in the 4th Concession R. F., about 100 acres, of which 70 acres are cleared—new House and Barn—constant supply of soft and hard water on the premises. Terms easy.

For particulars apply to LEWIS & PINHEY, Ottawa, or to the undersigned,

JAS. SEVERIGHT, Gloucester.

Gloucester, June 24, 1871 1700 3

COMING.

G. F. BAILEY & Co's

Great Allied Attractions,

—AND—

COLOSSAL COMBINATION.

EXHIBITIONS!

Will exhibit in OTTAWA,

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,

JUNE 28 & 29.

The Largest and most Comprehensive

MENAGERIE

On Earth.

A CLASSIC

ITALIAN HIPPODROME,

An Extensive

AVIARY,

And a

First-Class Circus,

All for the SINGLE ADMISSION FEE of FIFTY CENTS.

Under Stupendous Pavilions,

Separate and distinct from each other, and each one larger than any Circus Tent ever used.

Extraordinary Collection of

BEAUTIFUL TROPICAL BIRDS,

Of every hue and color

ELEPHANTS AND DROMEDARIES

IN PROCESSION.

Enormous Black Rhinoceros,

Weighing over 4,000 lbs.; the largest and most perfect specimen ever imported.

A TRIO OF

BABY LIONS,

With their Royal Dam,

The Imperial Lion

"CHARLEMAGNE,"

Celebrated throughout the continent as the largest and most magnificent specimen of the "King of the Forest," ever exhibited in the Old World, or the New.

Immense WHITE, or POLAR BEAR.

SOUTH AFRICAN BLESS-BOC,

A very rare animal, and entirely new to this country.

A large Colony of APES, MONKEYS and BABOONS.

20 GREAT DENS

Well filled with the wonders of the forest, wilderness and jungle. For a full description of which see small bills.

QUAGLIANI'S,

ITALIAN HIPPODROME AND CIRCUS

Led by

THE GREAT SEBASTIAN,

THE GREAT SEBASTIAN,

THE GREAT SEBASTIAN

Whose standing challenge of 10,000 DOLLARS to produce his equal as a Bareback and Hurdle Rider, is open to the world, and has never been accepted.

Mlle. MARIE,

Premiere Equestrienne in her classic and daring specialities.

TEESE & KING,

The challenge Gymnasts and Athletes.

GEO. M. CLARK,

The universal favorite Clown, wit and jester

SIGNOR FARRANTA,

The Boneless Man or Anatomical Paradox.

GEO. DERIOUS,

The great Man Monkey, in his comical act entitled the GORILLA on HORSEBACK.

21 acts in the Ring—All novel and original.

GORGEOUS and MAGNIFICENT HOLIDAY PAGEANT in the public streets. The most imposing and attractive procession of the period.

All the Exhibitions above Advertised for the Single Admission Fee of FIFTY CENTS.

One Ticket admits to either or all

☞ EXTRA AMUSEMENT ☜

The management have succeeded in effecting a brief engagement with the beautiful Young Tunambulist, Mlle. JOSEPHINE DeVERRIER, who will each day, at half-past 12 o'clock, p.m., make an Outside Ascension on a SINGLE WIRE, from the ground to the extreme summit of the Centre Pole. This difficult and daring feat has never been successfully accomplished by any other Lady, and is given as a GRATUITY to the PEOPLE and is FREE TO EVERYBODY.

Ottawa, June 23, 1871 1699 6

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

BUGGIES, HORSES AND HARNESS

—FOR—

SALE BY AUCTION.

Immediately after the sale of River View at the Union House, on SATURDAY, the 1st July, at the hour of 11:30 a.m., the subscriber will sell by Public Auction one handsome Covered Buggy, with seat for children and nearly new; two very fine new Buggies, built by COGHILL, of Toronto; one very good Grey Horse, Buggy and Harness; as well as several other Buggies. Sale at 11:30 sharp.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 29, 1871 1704 3

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

RIVER VIEW

Parties who may be desirous of seeing this property previous to the day of Sale, on the 1st of July next, can do so, free of expense, as a Carriage will leave the Post Office at three o'clock, p.m., on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, the 27th, 28th, 29th, and 30th inst.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 1704d

LOST.

At the Circus last evening, a POCKET BOOK, containing a sum of MONEY, the property of a working man. The finder will be handsomely rewarded, by leaving it at the TIMES OFFICE.

Ottawa, June 29, 1871 1704 2

HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION.

The examination of Pupils attending the High School, will take place on FRIDAY next, 30th inst, commencing at 9 o'clock, a.m., and continuing until 3 o'clock, p.m.

Prizes will be distributed at the close of the examination.

J. McMILLAN, B.A., Acting Principal.

Ottawa, June 29, 1871 1704 2

PROCLAMATION!

The Citizens of Ottawa are hereby requested to observe SATURDAY next, the First Day of JULY, the anniversary of the inauguration of the Dominion of Canada, as a PUBLIC HOLIDAY, by closing all places of business, the display of Flags and such other demonstrations of festivity and rejoicing, as may most conduce towards the appropriate observance of the occasion.

JOHN ROCHESTER, Jr., Mayor.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!!!

Ottawa, June 29, 1871 1704d

STRAWBERRIES.

G. LORENZ,

OYSTER

—AND—

FRUIT DEALER,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

58 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Is now receiving

400 QUARTS

CHOICE STRAWBERRIES

PER EXPRESS.

(DAILY),

And will supply

Hotels,

Private Families,

Tea Hot and

Confectioners,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

☞ Goods delivered to any part of the city.

G. LORENZ

Ottawa, June 14, 1871

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY,

FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..	$5 00
20lbs " " ..	9 00
10lbs " month	1 50
20lbs " "	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance ☜

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N B—Ice supplied per ton or cwt.

Ottawa April 87.

OTTAWA COUNTY ELECTION

To EZRA BUTLER EDDY, Esquire:

SIR,—We the undersigned Electors of the County of Ottawa hereby request you to allow yourself to be nominated as a fit and proper person to represent us in the Local Legislature of Quebec.

We hereby, upon your accepting such nomination, pledge ourselves to give you our hearty and earnest support at the coming election contest.

John Hamilton	Gilmour & Co
Alonzo Wright	F Major
F Samuel McKay, Warden	James MacLaren
	Wm McLean
John H Mackay	John A Cameron
J A Cameron, Jr	Geo J Marston
Joshua Ellard	R H Conroy
P Aylen	Joseph Day
W R Kenny	H Hillman
G C Courdard	A S C Papineau
J B Trudel	S Washburne
Charles Delude	J Mather
John McLaren	Richd McConnell
Ambrose King	John McLaurin
W McClymont	C B Wright
Albert Quesnel	B D'Arpentigny
P Wright	J W Campbell
John Delisle	Robt Kenny
Patrick Farrell	W W Kenny
A Holland	Dr. S Wright
W Marston	Seth Cates
James Dyke	J R Fleming
Augustus Papin, Jr	A Leamy
McPherson Lemoyne	Dr F McNab
Wm Abbott	Christopher Brigham.
Edmund W Murray	

REPLY.

To JOHN HAMILTON, ALONZO WRIGHT, GILMOUR & Co., F. S. MACKAY, and others:

GENTLEMEN,—I accept your invitation. You know my character, and I rely on your exertions.

Your obedient servant, E. B. EDDY.

OTTAWA, June 21, 1871. 1698tf

To The Independent Electors

—OF THE—

COUNTY OF OTTAWA

GENTLEMEN,—

At the solicitation of a great number of the Electors of the County, consisting of men of standing from all parts of the County, representing all creeds and nationalities, I have determined to come forward as a candidate for the representation of this County in the Legislative Assembly in the Province of Quebec.

In politics I am a Liberal Conservative, and will give the present Government a hearty support in all measures which I consider conducive to the welfare of the country at large, and this County in particular.

It is almost needless to say that I shall be in the future as I have ever been in the past, an earnest promoter of every improvement calculated to develop the material resources of the County, and although I am more particularly interested in the lumber trade, I am well aware that the prosperity of that trade, the progress of agriculture and of any other industry in the County, are intimately connected, and all deserve, and will receive my fostering care.

If, Gentlemen, you honor me with your confidence by electing me as your representative, I promise to devote my whole energies to the interest of this County, and more particularly to the promotion of Railroads and Canals, intended to open up great routes of travel and commerce. At the same time I shall not forget that assistance is due to the settlers in making roads in the back Townships, thus opening up for settlement the large area of waste, but fertile Lands, still lying unoccupied.

In fine, although I am of American origin, my business career commenced in this country, and I look upon all its inhabitants, of whatever Race or Creed, as my Countrymen.

Dated at the Village of Hull, this 22nd of June, A.D. 1871.

I have the honor to subscribe myself, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant, EZRA BUTLER EDDY.

FRESH SALMON.

(From the Moisie River,)

RECEIVED DAILY BY EXPRESS, AT

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET, Ottawa.

JOHN HILL, "THE TEA POT," Rideau Street

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE.

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS.

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

COMPRISING

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,

Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS, 122 RIDEAU STREET.

☞ OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you. 1634 3m

County of Ottawa Election

General Election Committee to sit at Hull Village, daily, with power to organize sub-committees in the several different municipalities.

ALONZO WRIGHT, M. P., Chairman
A S WASHBURN, Secretary

J M Currier, M P
Hon John Hamilton
T S McKay, Warden County of Ottawa
Wm McLean, Mayor Aylmer
George Duntin, Mayor Eardly
James Wilson, Mayor Village of Buckingham
William Bonsell, Portland
A Campbell, Locharbour
Thomas Lavell, St Malachi
William Netherden, Derry & Mulgrave
Charles Major, Bonsecour
Barable Whissell, St Andre Avelin
P G Obrey, Ripon
Hercule Chene, Hardwell
Seth Cates, Wakefield
A Hamilton, Masham
Wm McCumbber, Wright
Philemore Wright, Northfield
Hiram Dunning, Bouchette
T Moore, Hensington and Egan
Allan Gilmore
James McLaren
Andrew Pritchard
McPherson Lemoyne
B Fraser
Kilice Lafrombroise
Joshua Ellard
Patrick Farrell
Emile Quesnell
J A Cameron
Thomas Cole
R W Scott
Dr H H Sauvier
J O Archibald, N P, Thurso
Nicholas Chene
Joseph McGoey
James McGoey
John McLaren, Wakefield
James O'Hagan
John McLaren, Templeton
Pierre Andrew, Quesnell
J A Levis
John St Julion
James Wright
Henrie Hillman
M H Palmer
T B Prentiss
J R Flemming
P Aylen
W R Kenney
E W Murray
J H McKay
Camile Papineau
Francois Major
G L Taillefer
C B Wright
P H Church
L R Church
Alonzo Wright, M P P
Dr Wright
John Higginson
Edward Tromp
Godfrey Gorreau
Godfrey Vaillion
Theophile Vallion
James McAlister
John Clawson
John Brooks
Capt R Proulx
A Bourgeau
J R Woods
William Patterson
Louis Fournier
James Nault
Richard Mulligan
Joseph Bartrand
Oliver Leferrier
Norman Ried
George Link
Joseph Proulx
W D Leslie
George Johnston
Sexton Washburn
Baptiste Forcier
Barnabie Larpentigner
D C Simon
Dr St Jean
Moise Bison
Ambrose King
Agustus Papin
Moise Trudelle
Henri Demontier
John Matther
Hiram Robinson
Dr McNab
Wm Feely
G Millan
R Chamberlane
Robt Ritchie
Robt Kenney
Richard McConnell
Felice Cuschene
A Quesnell, Ripon
John Collins
R H Clock
James Clock
G Newill
Wm Holgate
T Cooke
R H Haycock
Webb
H McCormack
David Moore
J A B Hannum

Ottawa, June 23, 1871. 1699tf

WANTED

A Girl about 16 years of age, as servant on a small family. Apply A E TIMES Office

Ottawa, May 9, 18 781

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS at 7.50 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1.20 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 4.30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 3.00 p.m. connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8.40 p.m., and at Sand Point, 6.30 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a.m. arriving at Brockville at 1.35 p.m. and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 7.30 p.m., and 6.35 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 7.50 p.m., 10.00 p.m., 8.15 p.m. 7.30 p.m.

Leave Sand Point

At 6.30 a.m., 11.35 a.m., 3.00 a.m., 9.00 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a.m. after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk. Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H ABBOTT, Manager.

Brockville, June 6, 1871

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway,

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL.

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3.40 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.40 A.M., and 4.05 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 2.40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa.

B. LUTTRELL, Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa June 1st, 1871

TO RENT.—A large STONE BUILDING, on the north side of Sparks street, in rear of the Bank of British North America, formerly occupied by Mrs. DUIGNAN. The House is in good condition, having been thoroughly renovated.

Terms can be known by applying to JAS. SLATER, or at the office of Sparks Estate.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871. 1701a

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

The Court of Directors hereby give notice that a half-yearly dividend, at the rate of six per cent per annum, on the Capital of the Bank, will be payable on the 5th day of JULY, 1871, to the Proprietors of Shares registered in the Colonies, and that a further sum of Fifteen Shillings Sterling per Share, taken from the profits of the year 1870, will be paid to the Proprietors at the same time.

Both payments will be made at the rate of exchange current on the 5th day of JULY, 1871, to be fixed by the Local Boards.

No Transfer can be made between the 24th inst., and the 5th prox., as the Books must be closed during that period.

By order of the Court,

R. W. BRADFORD, Secretary.

No. 124 Bishopgate st., within, London, 6th June, 1871. 1697 1

THE OTTAWA TIMES.

Steamers.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

Iro . Steamship " Secret,"
Capt. Davison.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
Capt. Connell.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
Capt. Baquet.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
Capt. McKenzie.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Picton, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," rom Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Picton, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Picton with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Picton, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE.
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf

ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING

—AND—

RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*	Captain Findlay.
" *Emerald*	" Smith.
" *Prince Arthur*	" Murphy.
" *Alliance*	" Blondin.
" *Oregon*	" Beattie.
" *Snow Bird*	"
Jason Gould	" Bolton.
" *Sir John Young*	" Ostrout.
Pembroke	" Duggan.
Pontiac	" D. Mulligan
Keppawe	" B J Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Captaine.

Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning —Leaving Chapeau same day at 1 o'clock, p.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL

STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(Sundays Excepted.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
Capt. Bowie,

PRINCE OF WALES,
Capt. R. W. Shepherd.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"

CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.

R W SHEPHERD.

April 25, 1871.

JUST RECEIVED.

—AT—

HAUSER'S

RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,

That splendid new Magazine,

THE WEDDING BELLS.

—ALSO—

BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL
For March and April.

Ottawa, April 19, 1871

ENGLISH OAK TANNED

LEATHER BELTING,

FINE ENGLISH HOSE,

LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.,

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to

JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.

P. O. Box 725.

Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GASFITTER, &c.,

Rideau-St., Ottawa.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

NO MORE BUGS!

WROUGHT IRON BEDSTEADS,

Just Received Direct from ENGLAND.

Another lot of these celebrated BEDSTEADS handsomely painted and ornamented, and cheaper than any Bedstead sold in this city, there is no danger of breaking off the legs, as there always is with the ordinary ones sold, which are made of Cast Iron. Ask for the

ENGLISH WROUGHT IRON

BEDSTEADS.

Also to arrive this week,

CHILDRENS COTS!!!

Same make as the above, at the

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.

35 SUSSEX STREET.

Ottawa.

KEITH MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, June 14, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,

Opposite the Montreal Bank.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.

Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

called

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c, &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and
Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy
Ports,
Domecqs and Gree She
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.
Bass', Guinnes's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.
Liberal terms.
☞ Inspection Invited.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE.

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND

MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull,	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon

Or

H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

READING, ELOCUTION,

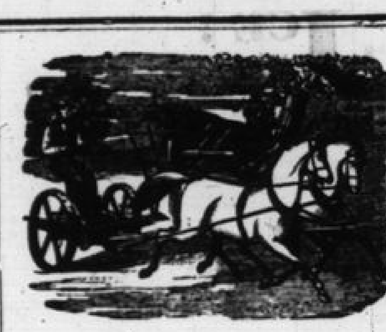
WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa.

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf



SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD,

Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER

—AND—

SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871.

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters

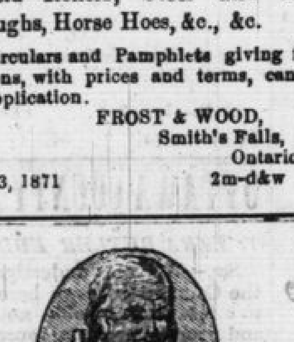
TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined,

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.

FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.

June 13, 1871 2m-d&w



Messrs. Chamberlain & Sills, Conway P County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada;

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a ort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869;

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden county of Hastings Province of Ontario, D 1 Canada.

CHIPPAWA DISTILLERY.

The produce of the above celebrated Distillery:

HIGHWINES,

ALCOHOL,

RYE,

PROOF,

MALT,

For sale in Bond or free, at lowest Distillery quotations.

K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Block,
Metcalfe-st

Ottawa, June 11, 1871

SELLING

OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove t more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES

OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street,

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
—	12 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00		4.20
	12.45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00		4.20
		9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00		6.00
		9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00		6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, *via* Ogdensburg	8.00		4.20
10.15	12.45		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00		4.20
	10.15		North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00		4.20
10.15			Osgoode, Russell, &c			4.20
9.20	2.00	1.10	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00		3.00
9 20			The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c			3 00
10.30		4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	
7.00			Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c			7.00
6.15			Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c			700
10.00			Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00		
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays			6.00
11.50			Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30		

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

Post Office, Ottawa, June 7, 1871

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be
Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866, besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa
The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz.: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq.
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq.,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq.

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the Times Newspaper of 2nd Nov last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, Sixty-Five out of Sixty-Nine British Offices transacting Less Business.

Claims Paid for Assurances	£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid.	2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of	6,570,000.00
Annual come	1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions* of *Policies.*

The *Non-Forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

☞ Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.

P WARDLAW,
Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal

J.& W. T. Pennock,
Agents, Ottawa.

March 13, 1871 168a

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

Gentlemen,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co-relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion.

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz.: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim.

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in its large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now. I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH.

Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

F. R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

Sparks St.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

1871. ICE! 1871.

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.

THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street.

Ottawa, May 1649d

Medical.

MESSrs GABRIELS'
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING
THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND
PREVENTING TOOTHACHE
ARE SOLD
BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS
IN ALL
PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESSrs GABRIEL
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL. LONDON E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	"SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.
MESSRS. GABRIEL'S	OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily usdd. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.
MESSRS GABRIEL'S	ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,

May 11871

SHOSONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the Great Indian Remedy.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Conseeon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Wit-lows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

Ottawa, 3.d June, 1871.

Authorised discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner o Customs.

Ottawa June 3, 1871

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.

W McKay Wright 1y F S Clemow

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

Robert Lees. 4outt John J. Gemmell.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

William Mosgrove. 386tf George Taillon.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton's Drug Store Residence, St. Paul's

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into is practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as i were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,

Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. Thistle. R. Lang.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

References.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 746

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accounts accurately prepared, Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1595 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.

Montreal, Mar h 871 2 3m

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY

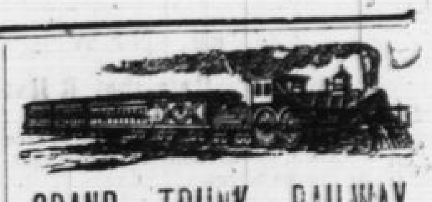
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

☞ TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

Great Acceleration of Speed

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on al Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at	6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at	9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at	9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at	11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at	5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at	7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at	8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at	2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston	10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given,

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657w

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

Sussex-St, Ottawa.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.

DEMPSY & CAMERON.

Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.

GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.

May 31, 1871. 1680tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer

No. 67 Sussex-st.

OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch

Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

☞ FLOWER SEEDS. ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,

(Late Alex. Christie.)

Druggists,

40, Sparks-st

Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

References.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first-class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel. Strict attention to business.

Good Wines and Liquors warranted.

Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.

J. A. GEMMILL,
Solicitor &c.

Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.

Ottawa. Feb. 21, '87 159

THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the office, 35 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa JAMES BAILEY, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1705. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, JUNE 30, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

For Sale or to Let.

TO LET.

(2) TWO OFFICES, at a moderate Rent, at 60 Sparks street.

Possession given 20th May. Enquire at 60 Sparks Street. 1666tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to T. M. CLARK, Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1657tf

TO LET.

A portion of the ROOM at present occupied by the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION corner of Sparks and Elgin streets. (BANG'S Block.)

Apply for terms, &c., to C W BANGS.

Ottawa, April 7, 1871 1635tf

TO LET OR SELL.

ONE FIRST CLASS BRICK HOUSE, on Daly street. Possession, 1st MAY

For particulars, apply to THOS. PATTERSON, No. 36 Rideau street.

Ottawa, Feb 16, 1871

TO LET.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing Thirteen apartments with five acres of land, or more if required, situated one mile from the City, on the Montreal Macadamized Road. Also the shop at present occupied by WILLIAM McKAY, Rideau street.

For particulars apply to WILLIAM MOSGROVE, 592tf

Ottawa, Feb. 16.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

SCANDINAVIAN......10th June.
PERUVIAN......13th "
CASPIAN......17th "
MORAVIAN......24th "

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

AUSTRIAN......1st July.
PRUSSIAN......8th "
NESTORIAN......15th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin......$77 25 to $87 00
Steerage......$29 25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line are intended to be despatched from Quebec, on or about the following dates:

Glasgow Line.

CORINTHIAN......8th June.
OTTAWA......15th "
ST. DAVID......22nd "
ST. ANDREW......29th "
ST. PATRICK......6th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin......$67 25
Intermediate......$47 or 44 00
Steerage......28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to D W COWARD & CO., Agents, 17 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,

Have Received EX. LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected daily),
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills.

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks.

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

TO CATTLE BREEDERS.

BULL—The "Marquis of Belmont" will stand for Cows at the Waterford Farm, Township of Gloucester, this season, at Four Dollars each. WM. GRAHAM.

CANADA SHORT HORN STOCK REGISTER.

Certificate of Registered Pedigree of Two Years Old Bull,

No. 514 THE MARQUIS OF BELMONT,

Red and White, calved January 16, 1866, bred by Mr. JOHN ASHWORTH, Belmont, Ottawa, the property of WILLIAM GRAHAM, Esq., of Gloucester, got by Sweetmeat [868], (30924), dam, souvenir of Thordale by 2nd Grand Duke (12961), g. dam, Dalpine (imp.), by Harold (10299), gr. g. dam, Limpid, by Viceroy (7678), &c., &c. See Herd Book.

HUGH C. THOMSON, Sec. Board of Ag.

Board of Agricultural Office, Toronto, Jan'y 6, 1870 1692tf

FOUND,

By the undersigned, on Rideau street, after six o'clock on FRIDAY Evening, a SUM of MONEY. Any person giving the particulars of it can recover it by calling at Mr. HAMILTON'S, Bailiff, Rideau street. ANN JANE HAMILTON.

Ottawa, June 5 71. 1638tf

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

The public is respectfully informed that the subscribers have just opened

A Wholesale & Retail Grocery,

ON SUSSEX, OPPOSITE YORK-ST.,

The Stock on hand is of the best quality, and comprises

STAPLE GROCERIES, BREAKFAST RELISHES, &c.

And new importations will be added daily from the different markets.

Strict attention will be given to delivery of all goods purchased from them at customers' residences. The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect their Stock before purchasing elsewhere. *Plain Straightforward Dealing at this Establishment.*

McDONNELL & MONGENAIS.

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1665 3m

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 Rideau Street,

Beg to announce that they have disposed of their STOCK in TRADE to

T. R. SHEFFIELD,

OF BROCKVILLE,

Who will continue the Business in the same premises, and they have much pleasure in recommending him to their friends and the public in general.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY, 14 Rideau Street.

Ottawa, June 2, 1871.

In reference to the above the undersigned will carry on the Business for a time in the same place. A large quantity of NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS received daily. During the next few days great Bargains will be given. As the Stock must be cleared out Goods will be sold UNDER COST PRICE. Now is the Time to Save Money.

T. R. SHEFFIELD, 1681 2m.

Ottawa, June 2, 1871.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

FURTHER REDUCTIONS!

We are now Selling the undermentioned Goods at prices which no doubt will suit those who heretofore and still think that such profits cannot insure success in business.

The liberal patronage we have received since we commenced business induced us further to offer to the public advantages that cannot be competed with.

From our experience in business and having the advantage of buying in the best and cheapest markets large Stocks, enables us to do so with a fair recompense for ourselves

Price the following Goods, and see the quality, all of which will be guaranteed:

Sugars, Japan and Green Teas, Coffees, Spices, and a general assortment of Groceries Gin, Rum, Brandies, Port and Sherry Wines, H. Wines, Old Rye and Proof, the best quality also, Tobaccos, Syrups, in Wood and Bottles, Cosgraves celebrated Ales, constantly on hand Pork, Flour, Cheese, Hams and Bacon. Those buying largely for retail or otherwise, a liberal discount allowed.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS. 1668tf

Ottawa, May 17, 1871

CLOTHING HALL!

New Store.

J. M. GOULDEN

Would respectfully call the attention of the Public to the fact that he has just opened at

No. 100 Sussex Street,

NEARLY OPPOSITE CLARENCE STREET,

A Beautiful and well assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS

—AND—

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Which he proposes to sell at remarkably LOW FIGURES.

Customers desiring to deal in any of the above lines of Goods, would do well to give call, as the STOCK is entirely NEW, FASHIONABLE, and unexcelled in price or quality.

Do not Forget the Place

No. 100 SUSSEX STREET.

Ottawa, June 3, 1871. 1682 3m

DOMINION HOUSE.

NEW DRY GOODS HOUSE.

JUST OPENED BY

N. FAULKNER,

ON SUSSEX STREET,

Next Door to F. McDougall & Co

The undersigned informs the people of Ottawa, and neighbourhood that he has opened a

NEW DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,

Where can be had all kinds of Superior Cloths, Tweeds, Linens Cottons (White and Colour Etoffes, Black Cobourgs, Alpaccas, Tickings, Shirtings, &c., &c,

To meet the demands of his customers, he will receive frequent consignments of Good of the latest styles; and his prices will be so moderate that he challenges competition from an other firm in the city.

There is but ONE PRICE, and his Goods are marked in Plain Figures.

The Ladies of Ottawa, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to pay this Establishment a visit, that they may examine the goods and satisfy themselves as to their quality and cheapness.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

—TO—

N. FAULKNER, SUSSEX STREET. 1652 3m

Ottawa, April 28, 1871

ALBION HOTEL,

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1635 3m

DRY GOODS

—AT—

RETAIL.

SUMMER FASHIONS

SHOWING THIS DAY,

—AT—

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S

Stylish Dresses,
Fashionable Grenadines,
Gorgeous Silks,
Rich Satins,

Beautiful Bonnets,
Handsome Hats,
Elegant Jackets
Splendid Lace Shawls.

Also in immense Variety,

Prints, Muslins, Marseilles, Piques,
Horrockses, Millar & Co, Long Cloth Shirtings,
Finlayson's Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,
King's best Window Hollands,
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets,
Nairn's Hall Oil Cloths,
Nottingham Lace Curtains, &c.,

SPECIAL LINES.

Linen Percale's and Lawns, for Seaside Wear.
Walking Stick Parachutes " " "
Paragon Frame-Parasols and Umbrellas,—
Cotton Hosiery, Celebrated makes.
Coventry Ribbons, in Plain and Terry,
New Style Lace and Muslin Sets,
Dress and Mantle Trimmings, in great variety.

EXTRAORDINARY.

43 Patterns Shot, Striped, and Brocade Silks, at half price.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, June 5, 1871

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT.

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4, 1871. 1633y

FRESH! FRESH! FRESH!

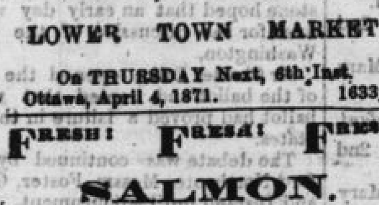
SALMON.

The first of the Season just received, at MOSES LAPOINTE'S, Fish Dealer, Lower Town Market.

N. B.—All kinds of Lake, River, and Sea Fish, always on hand

Ottawa, June 7, 1871 1685t

HATS! HATS! HATS!



SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new of ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1636y

DOMINION HOUSE,

CORNER OF

SUSSEX AND CLARENCE-STS.,

OTTAWA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Ottawa and the travelling public generally, that he has opened the above House as an Hotel, and in doing so has spared no cost in fitting up the same, and hopes by always keeping a clean, well ordered establishment, a good Table supplied with the best the market can afford, and the Bar with the best brands of Liquors imported, that combined with courteous attendance would lead him to hope for a share of public patronage. He specially solicits a call from the lumbermen of the Ottawa Valley.

WILLIAM McCAFFRY, Dominion House, Late Grand River Hotel.

Ottawa, March, 1871.

McGill University, Montreal,

SESSION 1871-72.

THE CLASSES in the several Faculties will open as follows:—

FACULTY OF ARTS......September 15th.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE......October 3rd.
FACULTY OF LAW......October 3rd.

The Department of Practical Science, in the Faculty of Arts, including courses in Engineering, Mining, Practical Chemistry and Assaying, will be opened on the 15th September.

The Classes in the McGill Normal School will be opened on the 1st September.

In the Examinations in the Faculty of Arts, commencing September 15th, the following Scholarships and Exhibitions will be offered

First Year, 4 Exhibitions—3 of $125; 1 of $100
Second Year, 4 Exhibitions-3 of $125; 1 of $100
Third Year, 4 Scholarships, (tenable for two years), of $125 yearly.

The Calendar containing details of all the above courses of Study may be had on application, post paid to the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES, Secretary.

May 31, 1871 1689 2awk 2m

SEALED TENDERS

Will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY, the 26th day of JULY next, at noon, for the supply of 200 tons of Grate Coal, (2,000 lbs. per ton) to be delivered at Ottawa.

For particulars apply to the undersigned.

By order, F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 22nd June, 1871. 1700 3

SEALED TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Firewood," will be received at this office until Wednesday, the 12th day of July next, at noon, for the supply of Firewood for the use of the Public Buildings, Ottawa, to be supplied according to the specification, which can be seen at this office, where also forms of tender can be obtained.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order, F. BRAUN, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 22nd June, 1871. 1700 3

LEDUC'S GARDENS, HULL.

The most beautiful site in the neighbourhood of the Capital, and the most pleasant and convenient place about Ottawa, for Pic Nics, &c.

A large covered Platform, raised eight feet from the ground, and capable of accommodating 4,000 persons, is admirably suited for Dancing, for Dramatic Soirees, and such like entertainments.

The Refreshments and Liquors to be had on the grounds are of the best quality.

Pleasure parties could not find a more comfortable and pleasant place to enjoy themselves.

At night the Gardens are well illuminated. Once properly known they will be regarded as indispensable during the summer season. There will be a Dancing School in the Gardens every THURSDAY night, except when occupied by a Picnic.

Hull, June 7, 1871 1685 2m

G. A. SHELDON,

HATTER AND FURRIER,

Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has opened an extensive

HAT & FUR ESTABLISHMENT

In Mansfield's Block, Sussex Street, next to the Dominion House.

G. A. SHELDON respectfully solicits the continued patronage of his old friends who had supported him when in Sparks Street, (before the fire) and he trusts that they will now renew their acquaintance.

A large assortment of Gentlemen's STRAW and LINEN HATS for sale at a very low figure. The High and Low Crown Shantymen's Hats made to order. 1665 3m

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelised Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE, Travelling Agent.

THE METROPOLITAN

Building and Savings Society

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Baug's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to JAMES COX, Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa 13th December, 1870. 1540tlJ71

DROWNED.

Drowned at the Chaudiere, on SATURDAY last, AUGUSTINE CHARON. Any information which may lead to the recovery of the body, will be thankfully received by his father, at Mr. BRONSON'S Office, Chaudiere. The Boy was 11 years of age, had on grey etoffe pants, a grey vest, and a chequered white and red shirt.

Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

WANTED.

For a DAIRY FARM near the City, a MAN to drive a MILK WAGGON, and take general charge of Cows. Also a WOMAN, who understands the management of a DAIRY.

A married Man and Wife, without family, preferred. Liberal wages will be given to competent and reliable parties. Apply at the Times Office.

Ottawa, June 15, 1871 1692tf

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month. Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

FOUND

A Pocket Book containing a small sum of money. The loser can have it by proving property and paying for advertisements

O LATREMOUILLE, Dry Goods Merchant, Sussex Street

Ottawa, June 23, 1871 1699-3

NEW CARPETS.

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran

Invite attention to the arrival of

NEW CARPETS.

to assort their STOCK, reduced by HEAVY SALES in this department.

The above have been selected with due regard to prevailing styles, permanency of color, and are GOOD VALUE, at prices marked.

They have on hand a large assortment of

Dress Goods,

In a great variety of fabrics, MUSLINS AND PRINTS in LATEST STYLES, and cheap.

Great Bargains in

LACE SHAWLS,

From $1.50 to $40 Each,

Prices *Reduced One-Third*,

A special line of SILK JACKETS selling at *greatly Reduced Prices.*

A full assortment of MOURNING GOODS always in Stock.

N. B.—Fancy Linen and Cotton Shirtings on hand for the Summer Trade, SHIRTS made to MEASURE and GUARANTEED TO FIT. GENTLEMEN will find it to their COMFORT and ADVANTAGE to bear this in mind.

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORRAN

SUCCESSORS TO

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,

No. 20 Sparks-St.

Ottawa, June 12, 871.

PORTER'S BLOCK.

34. SPARKS-ST. 34.

T Hunton, Shoolbred & Co

Are opening all their Spring and Summer Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

In their Temporary Premises,

And are now showing a full assortment (selected by Mr. T. HUNTON) that will compare with any in the Dominion for good election,

EXTENT AND CHEAPNESS.

Fresh Invoices marked off almost daily.

Amongst our SPECIALITIES we would invite special attention to our Stock of

NEW SPRING PRINTS,
NEW DRESS MATERIALS,
NEW MILLINERY,
NEW JACKETS
and MANTLES,
NEW LACE, and
LACE GOODS,
NEW CARPETS,
NEW CURTAINS
and MATERIALS,
NEW CLOTHS
and NEW GOODS

Departments.

THE SALVAGE GOODS,

Amounting to over $7,500,

SAVED FROM THE LATE FIRE

Will be cleared out at prices which will be sure to command a sale.

Ladies visiting our premises cannot fail to be pleased with our stock, and with the low price goods are marked.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.,

PORTER'S BLOCK,

34 SPARKS STREET

Ottawa, March 30, 1871 16

WANTED TO RENT.

A small COTTAGE, about £30 per annum. Centre Town or Sandy Hill preferred.

Apply to C. E. L, Times Office.

FOR SALE.

Twenty-five Cords of good HARDWOOD, and 15 Cords of Seasoned HEMLOCK, for sale at Low Prices, as the owner wants to go to his home in the country. Apply to JOHN BUTLER, at the Victoria Hotel, Paul street

Ottawa, June 17, 1871 1694tf

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,

Most sincerely yours,

CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE, Incumbent of St. Johns Church, Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information. C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 Sussex-st, Ottawa, H. MEADOWS & Co.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Shirts
&c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

O'MEARA

A. DUFF.

Ottawa, April 11, 1871

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1664

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD, Manager.

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned, at this Department, will be received until noon, on

SATURDAY, THE EIGHTH DAY OF JULY NEXT,

For the following Works:—

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF RYERSON, IN THE MUSKOKA DISTRICT.

Opening out about 13 miles of new Roads for which Tenders will be received for Mile Sections, or for the whole, in accordance with the forms for that purpose.

Chopping and clearing from three to five acres on each lot on which a house is to be erected, the number of lots being from fifty to one hundred. Tenders to state the price per acre for the work.

Erecting from fifty to one hundred Log Houses. Tenders will be received for any number not less than five, or for the whole.

Plans and Specifications can be seen at this Department; at the Post Office at Gravenhurst; at the Office of the Registrar, at Bracebridge; at Irwin's Hotel, at the head of Lake Rosseau; and at the Post Office at Severn Bridge.

Printed forms of Tender can be had on application at this Department, or at the above mentioned places respectively.

Each Tender must contain the *bona fide* signatures of two persons as sureties for the due fulfilment of the Contract. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING, Commissioner.

Department of Public Works, Toronto, June, 1871. 1700 3

A LIFE'S ASSIZE.

BY MRS. J. H. RIDDELL.

CHAPTER XIII.

AT THE "SALISBURY ARMS."

"*Love!*" interrupted Andrew scornfully.

"Yes, love," repeated the other; "such love as may be written in the domestic annals, but which is strong as death, for all that. I tried to leave her, and I could not; if I could leave her I would not. She has no one in the world but me. Consider how desolate a woman is who has given up everything on earth for the sake of a man. You would not have me be so base, so cruel?"

"What I would have you do, Anthony is neither here nor there," answered the other, shortly, "for unless you are marvellously changed, the road you wish to travel is that you will pursue. I may have my thoughts about you as I have my opinions concerning her, but I would rather keep both to myself. What I want to know is this—Do you intend to give me back that thousand pounds, or any portion of it? In one word: 'Yes'—or—'No.'"

"*Yes* and no," was the rapid reply. "I can not pay back your money, but I can return an equivalent for it. I have something to propose for your good and my own, only it is impossible to speak of it here, in this cold dreary room, where we are liable to interruption at any minute. I will meet you in London—I promise faithfully I will—at any place you may appoint, and I will then explain myself fully and tell you all my difficulties."

"Now look here," said Andrew Hardell, and he faced about swiftly and sternly, "I won't be deceived any more by you. I have had trouble enough in obtaining this interview, and we do not part until I understand very clearly indeed what you mean to do in the future. You have been living in sin with my money. With your sin you have brought more wrong and suffering upon me than you can ever mend."

"Yes," interrupted the other; "but remember also that I held my tongue when a word from me would have proved fatal—that I went into court determined to perjure myself rather than utter that word."

"There spake Delilah," exclaimed Andrew after a second's silence, during the continuance of which he fought with his rage and subdued it. "Never a man would have imagined such a sentence, unless a woman had inspired him. Go on Anthony—you do credit to your instructress. And so it was generous of you not to hang the man to whom you owed money. What a convenient way that would have been of paying old debts, and yet you refrained from taking advantage of it. I did not quite understand the extent of my danger and my obligation till now—"

"How you will misunderstand me!" exclaimed Anthony.

"Do I?" was the reply; "and yet your meaning seemed intelligible enough; however, let us drop the past, and talk only of the future. Am I to have any portion of the money back, or is it all gone?"

"It is not gone, but I can not return it to you," said the other. "Oh Andrew!" he added, "have you never thought about me in all this matter—never considered how it might be with us—never wondered how it would be with me, burdened as I am; tied to a woman I might not marry openly in England, and yet whom I could not cast off?"

"To be perfectly candid," said Andrew Hardell, "I never have. I felt quite satisfied you or she would find a way out of the difficulty somehow; and the fact is, I imagined, after what had occurred, she would go back to her friends, and you settle down to your work."

"How little you know of her!" exclaimed Anthony.

"My opportunities for observation have been more limited than yours," was the reply.

"I wish you would not sneer—it does not suit you. In the old days you never sneered."

"These are not the old days, and I am not the man you knew then," was the reply.

"Yes you are; only you will not believe in me now," said the other. "I am sorry I did not go to see you when you wanted me. Many a time I have passed the end of the street where you are stopping, and thought, 'Yes, I will call and see him,' but my courage failed. I am living at a place close by Cannon Street. It is strange, is it not, how very near together two people may be in London without knowing it."

"And what on earth are you living off Cannon Street for?" asked Andrew. Then suddenly light dawned upon his mind. "You are going to marry her," he said.

"When you have married her, what do you mean to do?" he inquired.

"Go abroad" was the reply.

"Where abroad?"

"Australia."

"And you have taken your passage?"

"Yes; and the vessel sails this day week."

"And what about your curacy?"

"You can take that."

"I?—are you mad? There is not a rector in England would have me! There is not a bishop would license me!"

"True but you might take my curacy, for all that."

"With your name?"

"Yes; the whole thing as it stands. It would suit you—it never could have suited me. You like the poor—I detest them. After all, it is only changing your Christian name. Nobody knows me there. The whole was arranged by correspondence, and very little of that; besides, our handwriting is sufficiently similar. You take my papers, and my name, and my curacy, and there is an end of the matter."

"So this was your notable scheme—this was the way in which you meant to give me back value for my money," said Andrew Hardell, after a pause.

"Yes; it is the best plan I can think of for both," answered the other.

"Then I will go, lest you think of something better still," retorted Andrew, and he took his hat and went down the stairs and out of the house without a word of farewell—perfectly regardless of Anthony's entreaties for him to stop.

"I will call upon you to-morrow," his former friend shouted over the banisters, but Andrew went on unheeding.

"A notable scheme," he repeated to himself, "and worthy of its author." And yet there must have been something in the scheme that riveted his attention, for he thought of it, and of little else, all the way back to London; and when he arrived at Shoreditch, instead of at once proceeding straight to his hotel, he inquired the way to Essex Marsh, and amused himself for a considerable period in walking about that agreeable parish, during the course of which tour he saw as much misery, dirt, and ignorance, as the heart of the most zealous believer in the rottenness of all existing institutions could desire to behold.

MADRID, June 28th.—Later consultations between the King and the President of the Senate and Congress and the Members of the Ministry have resulted in the announcement that Morel remains in the Cabinet upon the condition that the Cortes shall agree to his plan, only a partial modification of which is probable.

ERIE, Pa., June 28th.—This morning while boring for gas at Denning's Well, near the Union Depot there was a hearing that lubricating oil had been struck at a depth of 453 feet. There is great excitement in consequence of the discovery.

GENTLEMEN,—Have your Shirts made to fit and as you want them at Allan, McKinnons & McMorran.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

PAPER HANGINGS.

A large assortment of newest patterns received by last steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Mortgage Sale—Lewis & Pinhey.
Ottawa College Dramatic Soiree and Distribution of Prizes.
Brignoli Concert Company.
Cheap Trip on Steamer Queen Victoria.
Auction Sale of Sailing and Row Boats—J. Bermingham.

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, JUNE 30, 1871.

Sir George Cartier left last evening for Montreal.

F. W. Cumberland, M.P.P., left last night for England.

Hon. Mr. Dunkin is expected home this morning.

In Charlevoix, a telegram says that Mr. Adolphe Gagnon has a majority of 350 over Mr. Clement. Both are ministerialists.

The Ottawa *Times* declares that the Premier is anxious to skulk out of the Treaty of Washington.—*Halifax Chronicle.*

The Ottawa Times never declared anything of the sort, nor did it ever make a statement which by any possible amount of torturing could be thus interpreted. The views of the Premier and his colleagues in regard to the treaty have undergone no change. People who protest against a thing from the first, cannot fairly be accused of a desire to "skulk out of it."

The entire of the Medical force in connection with the Niagara Camp waited upon the Adjutant General of Militia to express their opinion, in connection with the necessity which exists for promotion in their department. It seems from all we learn that they desire a Staff Surgeon Major for each military Division and one Superior Officer to be resident at Head Quarters. Can we possibly find any one in Ottawa who is more efficient or who has rendered more important service to the Government in the hour of danger than Dr. Van Cortland, who has been called on on two occasions to take principal Medical command at the front and who in addition is the oldest surgeon of the active force?

On Tuesday last, as the Grand Trunk express was passing through Trenton station, a cow suddenly ran across the track in front of the engine, and, in consequence of the collision, the engine was thrown off the line and a brief delay occurred. Of this delay, the leading organ of the Opposition and of the American railway companies, as a matter of course, loudly complains. Of course, if Mr. Brydges had been a Grit instead of a supporter of the present Ministry, and if he had not been a member of the Intercolonial Commission, that cow would never have crossed the track. Inspired with a patriotism that is worthy of all praise, she died in order to expose the sad results of "political influence." The body ought to be sent to the *Globe* office and there carefully and reverently preserved, for the death of that martyred cow formed the subject for an editorial, in which Mr. Brydges and the Grand Trunk Railway were abused in the usual manner.

THE ORGAN AND THE TREATY.

"Some of the organs, the Ottawa *Times* and Hamilton *Spectator* for instance, are meantime trying to raise the spirits of their clique by applauding the fact that the Government protested energetically against the treaty and at the right moment. —*Toronto Globe.*

The Opposition organ goes on to quote from one or two editorials which have appeared in these columns, with the intention of showing that, like Bob Acres, we "whistled to keep our courage up."

Of course our facetious contemporary will have his joke, and, with that end in view, is not at all particular how far he draws upon his imagination, or how little real foundation there is for his statements. We certainly think, and we believe that the public generally will agree with us in thinking, that the Government deserve credit for having "protested energetically against the treaty at the right moment." When we expressed this opinion, we did so, not for the purpose of raising the spirits of "our clique," but because we really considered that the Government did well in having so unhesitatingly given expression to what has since turned out to be the feeling of a majority of the community. But it is rather a good joke for the *Globe* to intimate, that after having thus protested, the Government ought to have resigned! What in the name of common sense should they resign for? Save with a view of obliging Mr. Brown and his lieutenants we see no possible reason for their doing so.

Our contemporary wants to see the protests that went from Ottawa and a copy of the instructions sent to the Commissioners from Downing Street. He knows perfectly well that he is asking an impossibility. It would be a most unheard of thing for the Government to publish in the newspapers a copy of their correspondence with the Imperial Government although all such correspondence will doubtless be laid before Parliament. As for the text of the correspondence between the Imperial Government and their Commissioners at Washington, it is not within the power of the Canadian Government to make any disposition of it.

But all these demands to produce correspondence and for Sir John Macdonald to "lay the whole truth before the country" are simply made for party purposes. All that the public need know in order to enable them to form an intelligent opinion as to the Treaty of Washington has already been made known. What difference can the exact wording of the protest, or of the Imperial instructions to the Commissioners make as to the influence which the treaty may have upon our interests. Our contemporary seeks to divert the public mind from the true issue, viz: the treaty itself, in order that he may endeavour to influence popular opinion against the Premier and his colleagues. The reason why he does so is plain enough. It is because if Sir John Macdonald could only be placed in a false position, the organ of the Opposition would care nothing though the Canadian fisheries were given up *in toto* and the interests of the country sacrificed altogether. Every day this becomes more evident. Every day we see more plainly how entirely subservient to partisan feelings the Opposition organs are.

THE TICHBORNE CASE.

The more we read of this case the more we are bewildered, and the more difficult it seems to arrive at a correct decision as to the truth or falsehood of the plaintiff's claims. The cross-examination of the claimant has been attended with some singular revelations and some extraordinary surprises. It certainly seems strange, if he is the real "Simon Pure," that a man who was brought up in Paris and educated at a first class English school, should not be able to read or speak a word of French, and should, when Virgil is placed in his hands, and he is asked in what language it is written, declare that it is written in Greek! At the same time one can hardly understand how an impostor could have become possessed of so many facts connected with private family history, or with so much detailed information concerning the personal adventures of Sir Roger Tichborne in early life. The Solicitor General, who is the leading counsel for the defence, says that in a very short time after he commences his case he will so clearly prove that the claimant's evidence is altogether false, that he will have him arrested for perjury. It is not known however what the theory of the defence will be. Some say that the real Sir Roger Tichborne will be produced, that he is now in London and remains in a secret hiding place until the proper time comes for him to make his appearance. One of the stories is that they will put upon the stand the mother and the sister of Arthur Orton, who will swear that the claimant is not Sir Roger Tichborne, but Arthur Orton; while to rebuff this, it is also said that the claimant's counsel will also put on the stand another sister of Arthur Orton who will swear that the claimant is not her brother. Another story is that the defence will show that the claimant is indeed the son of his reputed mother—Lady Tichborne—but not the son of her husband; that is, he is the illegitimate son of Lady Tichborne.

The prevailing opinion seems to be that the claimant is an imposter; others again believe that the terrible disease from which he is now suffering and the agony arising therefrom, affects his mental strength, and accounts for his so frequently contradicting himself, and for his entire forgetfulness of certain events of his early life.

MR. EDDY AND THE FRENCH CANADIANS.

While some of the French Canadians of Ottawa county are laying a vast amount of stress upon national sympathy and predelictions, it would be well for them to bear in mind, who it is that of late years has done more than anyone else to provide employment for them and promote the prosperity of their fellow countrymen and co-religionists. We mean Mr. Eddy. In his mode of dealing with his *employees* Mr. Eddy has ever proved himself a fair minded and honourable man, and the French Canadians of Hull, and all those who rejoice in their prosperity, have far more reason to trust in and support him, than they have to try and elect a man like Mr. Leduc, who has done literally nothing to commend himself to public confidence. Where all interests are identical, as the interests of the electors of Ottawa county are, where every man, whether he bears a French or an English name, is equally concerned in the prosperity of the county, and is, therefore, equally concerned in the election of the man who best understands its wants and may best be trusted to serve the electors faithfully, it would, indeed, be a grievous misfortune, if on account of the narrow minded and senseless prejudices of a few, a man of no standing or character like Mr. Leduc should be elected instead of one who has given such abundant proof of his claim to public support as Mr. Eddy has done.

A SPECIMEN BRICK.

"Sir F. Hincks left to-night for Toronto, in order to sound public opinion as to whether it will be safe for Sir John A. Macdonald to show himself to a Toronto audience in regard to the Washington Treaty. He will return in a few days and report. It is thought Sir John will decline to face a Toronto meeting."—*Ottawa Correspondence of Toronto Globe.*

Sir Francis Hincks left Ottawa on Tuesday evening on public business. He did not go for the purpose of sounding public opinion; if he had gone there for that purpose he probably might have spent "a few days." Whenever Sir John Macdonald goes to Toronto we have not the least doubt that he will meet with a cordial reception in spite of all the *Globe* can do to prevent it. We publish the above telegram merely for the purpose of showing how utterly unreliable anything which appears in the Toronto *Globe* concerning the movements of Ministers is sure to be. If a Minister goes to Montreal, Toronto, or elsewhere, on business connected with his Department, according to the *Globe* he is gone "on a pleasure trip," "to sound public opinion," or something altogether different to the real object of his journey. Of course it has now become of comparitively small importance what the *Globe* or its correspondents say; still, so long as it continues to be guilty of wilful and persistent misrepresentation, we shall not refrain from exposing it.

THE BATTLE OF DORKING.

Messrs. Adam, Stevenson & Co., of Toronto, have reprinted from "Blackwood's Magazine," the "Battle of Dorking, or the Reminiscences of a Volunteer,"—the remarkable satire which has attracted so much attention in England and this country. To use the words of the London "Spectator:"

"Everybody is talking about it, and everybody is quite right. We do not know that we ever saw anything better in any magazine, or any better example of the *vraisemblance* which a skilled artist can produce by a variety of minute touches. If the writer is, as reported, Colonel Hamley, then Colonel Hamley, when he wrote the charming story of "Lady Lee's Widowhood," misconceived as a novelist the nature of his own powers. He should rival Defoe, not Anthony Trollope. The writer of this paper, living about 1925, gives his son an account of his adventures as a Volunteer during the invasion of England fifty years before, and so powerful is the narrative, so intensely real the impression it produces, that the coolest disbeliever in panics cannot read it without a flush of annoyance, or close it without the thought that after all, as the world now stands, some such day of humiliation for England is at least possible. The suggested condition precedent on invasion, the destruction of the fleet by torpedoes, attached by a new invention to our ships, has attracted many minds; and with the destruction of our regulars, the helplessness of the brave but half organized Volunteers, and the absence of arrangement, makes up a picture which fanciful as it is, we seem, as we read it, almost to have seen. For sale by Messrs. Durie & Son.

THE OTTAWA COUNTY ELECTION.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

The lesson of the nomination on Wednesday and the patriotic appeal made thereat have had the effect of calling the electors of this township to a sense of duty and convincing them of the necessity of ignoring any prejudices into which they may have been deceived. Twenty-four hours of cool consideration have sufficed to recall the people to a view of the real interests of the county, and of this locality, and throughout here it is the conviction that if any show of opposition be made to Mr. Eddy, it will be a very insignificant one. The staid and industrious farmer whose mind may have been somewhat affected by a supposed conflict between his interests and those of the traders in our staple article—lumber, has discovered that his best policy is to rely on a gentleman who, like himself, began a successful business career with very small means, and who is fastened to the county by ties of interest and gratitude, rather than on an idle adventurer whose position is as insignificant as his character, if he has any, provocative of suspicion. This healthy condition of feeling is fast spreading, and we are confident that Mr. Eddy's majority will be so sweeping that this county will not soon again be insulted by the advances of an irresponsible charlatan.

OTTAWA.

BUCKINGHAM, June 29, 1871.

CENTRAL SCHOOL EAST.

The usual semi-Annual Examination of the above institution was held yesterday, in the rooms of the school, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. There was a very large gathering of parents and guardians, as well as of others interested in the cause of education. Amongst those having seats on the platform, we noticed Hiram Robinson, Esq., Chairman of the Board; Rev. H. J. Borthwick, Inspector of the City Public Schools; George Kennedy, Esq., B. A.; and Professor Kingston, M.A. of the City Board of Examiners; and Messrs. T. Kirby, W. J. Wills, H. Alexander, E. H. Bronson, Public School Trustees of the city, besides the following gentlemen, who evinced considerable interest in the proceedings: W. A. Ross, Esq., and Dr. Sweetland; Alds. Cunningham and Mosgrove; Messrs. Cousens, Heney, Ryan, and others whose names we did not learn.

The different divisions were put through rigid examinations by their respective teachers, and cross-examined by the Inspector and Messrs. Ross, Heney, of New Brunswick, and some others, all of whom spoke highly of the promptitude and thoroughness with which answers were given to the various questions propounded in arithmetic, algebra, grammar, geography, reading, spelling, dictation, history, &c. The penmanship was very good, and some fine specimen copies were exhibited. Perhaps the most pleasing feature of the whole day's proceedings were the musical exercises under the direction of Mr. Workman.

We have much pleasure in giving the subjoined prize list showing in detail the varied attainments of the scholars, and exemplifying pretty clearly the classification of the school. The school is in very good working order, and the compliments passed on the different teachers as to their efficiency for their several positions were, no doubt, deservingly bestowed.

PRIZE LIST.

FIRST DIVISION.

Senior Form—Mr. A. Smirl, Principal.

Reading—1st Miss F Cuming; 2nd Miss M Shaw; 3rd Master F Jarvis.

Writing—1st Master W Shaw; 2nd Miss R McMartin; 3rd Master W Mathews.

English Grammar—1st Miss M Shaw; 2nd Miss F Cuming; 3rd Master F Jarvis.

Geography (including map sketching and use of globes)—1st Miss F Cuming; 2nd Miss K Armstrong; 3rd Miss M Shaw.

Canadian History—1st Miss M Shaw; 2nd Miss E Heron; 3rd Miss F Cuming.

British History—1st Miss K Armstrong; 2nd Master F Jarvis; 3rd Miss F Cuming.

Spelling and Derivation—1st Miss F Cuming; 2nd Miss M Shaw; 3rd Master F Jarvis.

Arithmetic, Senior—1st Miss M Shaw; 2nd Master F Jarvis; 3rd Miss A Abbs.

Arithmetic, Junior—1st Miss E Heron; 2nd Miss A McMartin; 3rd Master R Gilpin.

Algebra—1st Miss A Abbs; 2nd Miss M Shaw; 3rd Master W Odell.

Geometry—1st Master F Jarvis; 2nd Master W Odell; 3rd Master G Sterling.

Mensuration—1st Miss M E Turnbull; 2nd Master M O'Dell; 3rd Master E Walsh.

Vocal Music—1st Master F Jarvis; 2nd Miss K Armstrong; 3rd Miss F Cuming.

Junior Form—Samuel Rathwell, Teacher.

Reading—1st Miss Carrie Abbs; 2nd Master Joseph Lockwood; 3rd Miss Margeory Ross.

Writing—1st Master Charles Masson; 2nd Master W Hodgson; 3rd Miss Carrie Abbs.

English Grammar (Intermediate)—1st Miss Martha Hely; 2nd Master John Taylor; 3rd Miss Eliza McEwen.

English Grammar (Junior)—1st Miss Carrie Abbs; 2nd Miss Hattie Wills; 3rd Miss Emma Farrer.

Geography—1st Miss Martha Hely; 2nd Miss Carrie Abbs; 3rd Master John Taylor.

Spelling—1st Miss Annie McMartin; 2nd Miss Carrie Abbs; 3rd Miss Martha Hely.

Dictation—1st Miss Carrie Abbs; 2nd Miss M J Gilpin; 3rd Eliza McEwen.

Arithmetic (Intermediate)—1st Master Charles Masson; 2nd Master W Matthews; 3rd Master W Hodgson.

Arithmetic (Junior)—1st Miss Martha Hely; 2nd Miss Hattie Wills; 3rd Miss Mary J Gilpin.

SECOND DIVISION.

Senior Form—Mr. J. C. Stewart, Teacher.

Reading—1st Henry Botteril; 2nd Robert Mathews; 3rd S Walters Dyde.

Grammar—1st Robert Mathews; 2nd Henry Botteril; 3rd Fanny McIver.

Arithmetic—1st Robert Mathews; 2nd Miles Shaver; 3rd Victor Grant.

Mental Arithmetic—1st Miles Shaver; 2nd Robt Dixon; 3rd Charles Welsh.

Geography—1st Robt Mathews; 2nd Henry Botteril; 3rd Walter Dyde.

Map Drawing—1st Arthur Thornton; 2nd R Wheatley; 3rd James Slocombe.

History—1st Henry Botteril; 2nd Robt Mathews; 3rd Mary Shaw.

Spelling—1st Robert Mathews; 2nd Henry Botteril; 2rd Victor Grant.

Writing—1st James Jackson; 2nd Rosie Cawest; 3rd Letitia Young.

General Proficiency—1st Robt Mathews; 2nd Jas Jackson; 3rd S Walters Dyde.

Good Conduct—1st James Jackson; 2nd Fanny McIver; 3rd S Walters Dyde.

Junior Form—Miss I. H. Johnston, Asst. Teacher.

Reading—1st Arthur Hudson; 2nd Alex Sloane; 3rd Annie Simpson.

Grammar—1st Arthur Hudson; 2nd Annie Simpson; 3rd Alex Sloane.

Arithmetic—1st Arthur Hudson; 2nd John Simpson; 3rd John Sloane.

Geography—1st Alex Sloane; 2nd Arthur Hudson; 3rd John Simpson.

History—1st Arthur Hudson; 2nd John Simpson; 3rd Alex Sloane.

Spelling—1st John Simpson; 2nd Annie Simpson; 3rd Arthur Hudson.

Writing, Boys—1st Alex Sloane; 2nd Arthur Hudson and Edward Pender; 3rd John Sloane.

Writing, Girls—1st Maggie Mulligan, 2nd Annie Simpson; 3rd Belinda Gilpin.

General Proficiency—1st Arthur Hudson; 2nd Alex Sloane; 3rd John Simpson.

Regular Attendance—1st Arthur Hudson; 2nd Alex Sloane; 3rd John Sloane.

Good Conduct—1st Arthur Hudson; 2nd Alex Sloane; 3rd Lizzie Simpson.

Vocal Music—1st W Munro; 2nd Alex Begg; 3rd Eliza Barrie.

THIRD DIVISION.

Senior Form—Mr J P Robertson, Teacher.

Reading—1st William Potts; 2nd Mary H Yeoman; 3rd William Gibson.

Spelling and Dictation—1st Archie McKeever; 2nd William Potts; 3rd Annie Dunbar.

Boy's Writing—1st John A Snell; 2nd Donald McIntosh; 3rd William Simpson.

Girl's Writing—1st Lavina Bulger and Mary Gill, equal; 2nd Maria Dowsley; 3rd Eliza Coombs.

Grammar—1st William Potts; 2nd William Simpson; 3rd John A Snell.

Geography—1st William Simpson; 2nd John A Snell; 3rd Mary Burnett.

Map Drawing—1st John A Snell; 2nd Cameron Bliss; 3rd Maria Dowsley.

Ment Arith—1st Maria Dowsley; 2nd John A Snell; 3rd Archie McKeever.

Punctuation—1st Rhoda Mason 2nd Eliza Coombs; 3rd Mary Burnett.

Good Conduct—1st Mary Burnett; 2nd William Simpson; 3rd Rhoda Mason.

General Proficiency—William Potts.

Junior Form—Miss R. C. Fleming, Assistant. Teacher.

Reading—1st John Abbs; 2nd Thomas Stratton; 3rd Margaret Taylor.

Spelling—1st John Abbs; 2nd John Trowbridge; 3rd John Turnbull.

Boys' Writing—1st Samuel Jarvis; 2nd Milton McVietty; 3rd Joseph Allan.

Girls' Writing—1st Margaret Taylor; 2nd Rebecca Nile; 3rd Lillie Wood.

Grammar—1st John Abbs; 2nd William Stewart; 3rd Joseph Allan.

Geography—1st William Stewart; 2nd Halder Kirby; 3rd John Abbs.

Mental Arithmetic—1st Albert Houston; 2nd Halder Kirby; 3rd Thomas Stratton.

Arithmetic—1st Thomas Stratton; 2nd Albert Houston; 3rd Jane Ross.

Vocal Music—1st Margaret Taylor; 2nd Elizabeth Perry; 3rd John Abbs.

Diligence—1st John Abbs; 2nd Jane Ross; 3rd Thomas Stratton.

Punctuality—1st Milton McVietty; 2nd John Abbs; 3rd John Turnbull.

Good conduct—1st Jane Ross; 2nd Wm Stewart; 3rd John Abbs.

General Proficiency—John Abbs.

FOURTH DIVISION.

Senior Form—Mr. D. C. Robertson, Teacher

Reading—1st Jane Taylor; 2nd Esther Burritt; 3rd Fred Whiteside.

Spelling—1st Martha Merrifield; 2nd Jane Taylor; 3rd Andrew Connell.

Boys' Writing—1st Raymond Loveday; 2nd Fred Whiteside; 3rd Robt Waters.

Girls' Writing—1st Flora Hackland; 2nd Jane Taylor; 3rd Sarah McEwen.

Grammar—1st Andrew Connell; 2nd Ambrose Wheatley; 3rd Fred Fowler.

Geography—1st Flora Hackland; 2nd Martha Merrifield; 3rd Wm Patterson.

Mental Arithmetic—1st Edwin Andrews; 2nd Fred Fowler; 3rd John Beattie.

Arithmetic—1st Fred Fowler; 2nd Jas Taylor; 3rd John Beattie.

Vocal Music—1st Fred Fowler; 2nd Elizabeth Lawton; 3rd Theresa Swalwell.

Diligence—1st Jane Taylor; 2nd Martha Merrifield; 3rd Fred Fowler.

Punctuality—1st Flora Hackland; 2nd Sarah Michaelson; 3rd Fred Whiteside.

Good Conduct—1st Annie Crain; 2nd Jessie Lindsay; 3rd Lola May.

General Proficiency—Jane Taylor.

Junior Form—Miss E. A. Wood, Assistant Teacher.

Reading—1st Thos Sloane; 2nd Hobart Dyde; 3rd William Storey.

Spelling—1st Thos Sloane; 2nd Robert Burnett; 3rd Hobart Dyde.

Boys Writing—1st Wm Gavin; 2nd Arthur Iliffe; 3rd Wm Lepine.

Girls Writing—1st Minnie Potts; 2nd Maggie Russell; 3rd Sarah A Davis.

Rudiments of Grammar—1st Wm Lepine; 2nd Wm Gavin; 3rd Jno Cobet.

Rudiments of Arithmetic—1st Thomas Sloane; 2nd Albert James; 3rd Minnie Potts.

Vocal Music—1st Christina McWilliam; 2nd Louisa Gill; 3rd Robert Burnett.

Diligence—1st Thos Sloane; 2nd Hobart Dyde; 3rd Robert Burnett.

Punctuality—1st Thos Sloane, 2nd Albert James; 3rd James Read.

Good Conduct — 1st Ross Slocombe; 2nd Minnie Potts; 3rd Sarah A Davis.

General Proficiency—Thos Sloane.

PRIMARY FIFTH DIVISION

Senior Form—Miss H M Gilmour, Teacher.

Reading—1st John Kerr; 2nd Kate McNaughton; 3rd Sarah Foster.

Spelling—1st Elizabeth Pelton; 2nd Christopher Graham; 3rd Stephen O'Brien.

Tables—1st Robert Stewart; 2nd Claude Kerr; 3rd Sarah Wills.

Intermediate Form—Miss S Rathwell, 1st Assistant.

Reading—1st Elizabeth Foster; 2nd Andrew Brown; 3rd George Stockend.

Spelling—1st Elizabeth Foster; 2nd Freddie Walsh; 3rd Russel Andrews.

Tables—1st George Coad; 2nd Mary Davis; 3rd William Kerr.

Junior Form—Miss A. Steacy 2nd, Assistant.

Reading—1st William Rodden; 2nd Philip Kelly; 3rd Mary Coad.

Spelling—1st John Pender; 2nd Mary Kerr; 3rd Frank Fowler.

After the reading of the prize list the Chairman distributed a few choice books to those attaining the General Proficiency Prizes in the different subdivisions of the school. These prizes were gratuitously given by Dr. Sweetland, who had promised to do so at a previous examination, and were the only prizes given. It is to be hoped the Board will deal more liberally in the way of prize books and also that others of our citizens will emulate the example given by Dr. Sweetland, in order that the children may receive every encouragement in their noble work.

The Rev. Mr. Borthwick, Inspector, gave a very lucid address, making some well timed remarks to scholars, teachers and parents and guardians.

The following gentlemen then delivered short addresses at the request of the Chairman: Mr. Heney, of New Brunswick, Mr. Carrol Ryan, Dr. Sweetland, Mr. W. A. Ross, Ald. Cunningham and Mr. Bronson.

The Chairman then announced that the school would close until Wednesday the 16th of August next for the holidays—an announcement which was received with loud applause.

This pleasant day's work was brought to a close by the children singing with right loyal hearts "God save the Queen."

The Board of Trade accounts state that the merchandise imported into the United Kingdom in the first quarter of the year 1871 from foreign countries was of the value of £62,441,582, and from British possessions £13,372,007, making together £75,813,598, being nineteen millions sterling more than in the corresponding period of either 1869 or 1870. The increase is mainly in the imports from America and from India; but it is great also in the instance of Belgium and several European countries. It may be borne in mind that a change has been made this year in the mode of making up these accounts. The return of the declared value of the exports of British and Irish produce and manufactures shows much less difference for the years immediately preceding. These exports to foreign countries are returned at £37,666,421, an increase of three millions over the corresponding period of 1870; and to British possessions £10,053,184, a decrease of nearly a million; the total being £47,719,605, an increase of two millions.

The *Advertiser* of L'Orignal states that Mr. Hamilton will again be a candidate for the representation of Prescott in the House of Assembly.

Latest by Telegraph

Via Montreal Line.

Midnight Despatches.

LONDON, June 29.—The steamships *England, Manhattan* and *Imalio*, have arrived.

NEW YORK, June 29.—The steamer *Queen* from Liverpool has arrived.

PARIS, June 29.—Many foreign officers are arriving in Paris to witness the review.

M. Delescluze's sister has been liberated.

MARSEILLES, June 29.—The court martial session has pronounced the following sentence: Cremieux, Etcenne and Pellesier to death; Ducles, Marten, Hastard, Breton, and Catchut to transportation; Novi to 10 years and Bauche to five years labour in the galleys; and Eberard to 10 years imprisonment. Six of the accused have been acquitted.

LONDON, June 29.—The delegates of the American Evangelical Alliance to confer with the Czar of Russia, were banquetted at Richmond last evening by the Evangelical Alliance of England. Thomas Hughes, M. P., gave them a reception to-day.

The illness of Rochefort has become serious. The physicians have held two consultations over his case.

The Emperor Napoleon has visited London, and has been re-elected a member of the Army and Navy Club.

A boiler explosion occurred at Kidsgrove to-day, occasioning the death of six men, while 19 others were seriously injured.

A special despatch from Paris says the review at Long Champs will certainly be held to-day. One hundred thousand men will be in line. The Orleanist Princes will be present *in-cognitio*. There are some apprehensions of a demonstration on the part of the Reds, and precautionary measures have been taken.

Maillot has escaped from Paris to Belgium.

The Emperor and Empress of Brazil are at Roven, and leave there to-day for England. Prince De Joinville accompanies them to this country.

VERSAILLES, June 29.—In the Assembly yesterday Mr. Ponyer Quertier stated that in less than six hours the agents of the treasury collected four thousand five hundred millions of francs for the new loan, of which Paris alone subscribed 500 millions. The provinces have not all been heard from, and the total amount of subscriptions hak not yet been ascertained.

The Minister of Finance in commenting upon the facts he had stated, said this state of things enabled the Government to fulfil its engagement, and to hasten the deliverance of the country. We shall not wait for the dates fixed by the treaty at Frankfort, but shall pay the indemnity in instalments.

The Prince and Princess of Wales are about paying a visit to Germany.

FLORENCE, June 29.—Archbishop Patraiso has been arrested in Rome on a charge of conspiracy.

LONG CHAMPS, 1 p.m., June 29.—A grand review is now in progress. Tribunes are occupied by Thiers and other members of the Government, and the Assembly is also largely represented. MacMahon is in command of the army.

BERLIN, June 29.—Terrible riots have occurred among the miners in the imperial iron works at Konigshuette in Silesia. The office of the Superintendent of the Miners and the prison were destroyed by the rioters, who then commenced plundering the Jewish residents of the town. Uhlans were called upon to put down the disturbance, and cleared the streets killing 7 of the miners, wounding 30, and arresting 60. Martial law has been proclaimed.

FLORENCE, June 29.—The Senate ratified the treaty of commerce with the United States and also bills making provision for public safety and for the unification of the Pontificial debt.

LONDON, June 29.—The late historian George Grate bequeathed his library to the London University of which he was for some years President.

MADRID, June 29.—It is believed the Cortes will approve all the financial bills submitted by Senor Marat.

The king is to receive burial to-day.

NEW-YORK, June 29.—It is asserted that a tunnel of 150 feet long is completed in Bond street and one of considerable length on Madison Avenue for underground railroad.

LONDON, June 29.—In the House of Lords to-night Lord Oranamore moved a resolution expressing regret that the Queen had been advised to sign the Treaty of Washington—a bargain so unbecoming the honour and dignity of the country. Its conditions he said were in conflict with the instructions given; were abject and humiliating, and irrated Canada without conciliating America.

The Earl of Aerlie defended and praised the treaty.

The Earl of Lauderdale said it gave everything to the United States without securing an equivalent for England.

Lord Houghton was satisfied with the compact, because it would prevent future quarrels.

Earl Granville closed the debate with a vigorous defence of the action of the Government, and the motion of Lord Oranamore was defeated without division.

In the House of Commons Mr. Gladstone hoped that an early day would be fixed for the discussion of the Treaty of Washington,

Sir Charles Dilke opened the question of the ballot and denied that voting by ballot had proved a failure in the United States.

The debate was continued by Sir Stafford Northcote, Messrs. Foster, Gladstone and Disraeli until adjournment.

The Emperor and Empress of Brazil arrived in London at 6 o'clock this evening.

BERLIN, June 29.—The Emperor has granted amnesty to all the natives of Alsace and Lorraine under sentence for political or military offences except where such offences are combined with ordinary crimes.

PARIS, June 29.—The review of the army at Long Champs to day was a success. Nothing occurred to mar its effect. All the members of the ministry and the deputies of the Assembly were present. Troops showed much enthusiasm and repeatedly cheered President Thiers.

Military medals were conferred on Generals Vinoy and Ladmirault and a large number of promotions in the Legion of Honor were announced.

The *Patrie* denies that there is any truth in the rumor of a tripple alliance between Russia, Prussia and Austria.

Gambetta in a speech at Bordeaux protested his loyalty to the present Government.

NEW YORK, June 29.—During the proceedings in the Erie Case to-day ex-Judge Beech, counsel for the Erie Co., read the affidavit of Jason Gould and Frederick Lowe, declaring that a compromise had been sought by Heath and Raphael through a third party, by which the Erie Co. should return the sixty thousand shares of stock and receive in exchange $50,000 for legal expenses. It was also claimed that an arrangement had been made between South Mayd and Lane, by which the Erie Reilrord Company transfer the whole stock held by the Protection Committee, for which the receipts are outstanding to Heath & Raphael, such stock to be in ten share certificates, and it being understood that Heath & Raphael would distribute stock to holders of such receipts, with properly executed powers of the Attorney, so that future holders of certificates could retransfer them at pleasure. South Mayd at first assented to the arrangement, but finally receded from it. The argument was then resumed.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

PARIS, June 29.—The republican committee has been unable to agree upon a combined ticket, and publish several electoral lists.

Marshal McMahon has declined to be a candidate for the Assembly from Paris.

VERSAILLES, June 29.—The trial of Rochefort is appointed for Monday next.

The Assembly yesterday dismissed the project of a law for the decentralization of the Government Department.

Arrests of Communists continue.

M. Aurbet and Fountaine have been confronted with their accomplices.

BERLIN, June 29.—Bismarck, as Chancellor of the Empire, has called in the first issue of fifty-one millions of German bonds, the interest on which will cease on the 1st of January next.

PORTLAND, ME., June 28.—This afternoon a collision occurred on the Portland and Ogdensburg railway, near Otter Pond, between the construction and an empty passenger train. Six laborers were much injured, two supposed fatally.

NEW YORK, June 20.—The *Tribune's* Washington despatch says it is almost the universal opinion here in regard to the Pleasanton Boutwell affair, that matters have now gone so far, that though the President might sincerely desire it, a reconciliation will be impossible, and that one of the two officers will surely have to resign. Gen. Pleasanton's conversation seems to indicate that if he is not sustained he will immediately resign, and those who know the Secretary best positively assert that he will not remain if the court does not sustain him.

NEW YORK, June 29.—There is nothing additional to that already telegraphed in the following special, but it is the latest received regarding the conflict between our forces and the Coreans.

LONDON, June 28.—A despatch to the British Government, dated at Shanghai, to-day, says that the U. S. naval forces which were recently treacherously fired upon by the Coreans, failing to receive any apology for the outrage, decided upon coercive measures. Accordingly they attacked the Corean stronghold on the island of Kingheo, which they captured and destroyed after a desperate struggle. The losses sustained by the Coreans were very large in killed and wounded, while those of the Americans consisted of one officer and two men killed and seven wounded.

DOMINION NOTES.

Detroit has beaten Chatham at base ball by four runs.

The Brignoli concerts in Ingersoll and Chatham were crowded.

Barrie has burked the steam fire engine question, and wants water works instead.

Chatham lays the corner stone of a new W. Methodist Church on the 3rd of July.

The township of Ernestown has passed the Dunkin Act by a majority of eighteen votes.

There is to be a baby show in Hamilton this summer, and the *Spectator* suggests that the proceeds be given towards the support of indigent bachelors.

A girl named Catherine Ward, living on Stanley street, Toronto, was arrested on a charge of child desertion.

Queenston Mounted Infantry are to be supplied with dragoon saddles and regular cavalry uniforms.

The water in Toronto harbor is lower than last year.

Archdeacon McLean is at Quebec, preaching and collecting.

The men-of-war and the steamer Lady Head have left Halifax for the fishing grounds.

Builder's cabinet factory, in Caledonia, was burnt down on Monday night. Loss $8,000.

The construction of the Levis and Kennebec Railway is being pushed on with great rapidity. Five hundred men are engaged on the works. Seven hundred men are engaged on the Sorel and Drummondville Railroad.

The Belleville *Intelligencer* calls attention to a new source of wealth in the discovery of a quarry of lithographic stone in the township of Marmora. The stone is found to be of superior quality, equal to that imported from Germany, and capable of being worked to the highest degree of art.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Rapley, of Strathroy, celebrated their silver wedding the other day. Four sons and seven daughters, and some 120 invited guests were present on the festive occasion.

The *Planet* says, Chatham possesses more wooden block pavements than the whole of the remaining portion of the Dominion.

NOTES OF CURRENT EVENTS.

The Catholic Church property in New York city is valued at $5,400,000.

In London, it is said, for many years mercantile men have been the most liberal supporters of the fine arts.

It is said that an American company have offered to restore within five years all the public buildings lately destroyed in Paris.

Five hundred and twenty-five thousand six hundred trains leave London in the course of one year.

It will take 60 years to restore to France the forests ruthlessly wasted in the military operations of the late war.

New Caledonia, a desolate island in the South Pacific Ocean, is the place to which France intends exiling her Communist prisoners.

Charred corpses have been found in the ruins of the Hotel de Ville, and are undoubtedly the remains of prisoners left in the cells by the Communists.

No less than two hundred and twenty-four life insurance companies have been wound up in Great Britain within the last twenty-six years. This is twice as many as now exist there.

The Belgian Government has asked the Chambers for a credit of twenty-two millions of francs for public use. Authority has also been requested for the negotiation of a loan of fifty millions of francs.

Hon. Mr. Brougham, of England, a son of the present Lord Brougham, and nephew of the late Henry Lord Brougham, and Vau, the great English statesman and writer, has arrived in Virginia, where he proposes to buy lands and settle. He will go into the growing business, and will bring his laborers and servants with him.

A steamer to be used on canals has been invented, and it is said that it will produce a revolution in the construction of steamers generally. The engine communicates motion directly to a wheel composed of four upright blades which revolve in the water with an easy sculling motion, causing little swell or disturbance of the water, but giving great speed to the vessel. The ordinary rudder is dispensed with as the vessel can be steered by means of the wheel.

ENGLISH ITEMS.

A veteran officer has completed his 80th year in her Majesty's service—a fact we believe, unprecedented. Ensign Atherton Watson, half pay 91st Foot, entered the service on May 31, 1791. Mr. Watson appears to have served barely 23 months on full pay, and to have since received half-pay to the amount of £4,268 3s.

On the 22nd of last month a poor woman named Munt, living at Wheatley, wife of a labourer, gave birth to three children, a boy and two girls, who are all likely to live. The Queen, on the application of the Rev. E. Eaton, has sent to the mother her usual donation of £3.

Mr. J B Johnson, of Leeds, won the swimming championship of England at Hendon. His opponent, Mr. Henry Parker, the amateur champion of 1870-71, was seized with cramp after accomplishing the best portion of the distance in first-class style, and he had to be taken on board a boat. The distance was one mile. The cup, the gift of the London Swimming Club is valued at fifty guineas. The champion is the man who so gallantly saved the life of a gentleman who had fallen overboard from one of the Thames steamers.

CONFEDERATION—THE RUIN OF THE MARITIME PROVINCES!

From the St. John (N. B.) Telegraph.

"One our St. John Cotton Mills," says a correspondent who has carefully watched the trade transactions of the Lower Province for the past twenty years, "has exported to Montreal, alone, during the past season, cotton warps to the value of $40,000, and the agent there states that he could have sold to the value of $100,000 if he could have procured the goods. This is in addition to large sales in Nova Scotia and this Province. Mr. Fellows has sold over $30,000 of his valuable medicine of Hypophosphites, in the past season in the Upper Provinces; the other day he sold in Montreal two lots, value $11,000. The same remarks apply to the productions of Mr. Seth. R. Foster. Our shoe factories, clothing factories, &c., cannot procure sufficient labor to meet the large demand from the other Provinces. For these and various other manufactures we had no market beyond our own Province until Confederation broke down the Customs barriers that shut us in."

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
SAILING AND ROW BOATS.

The subscriber will sell outside the Russell House,

ON TUESDAY, THE 4TH INSTANT, AT NOON,

The "Stella," a very fine and fast sailing Boat, with Centre Board, Mast, Sail and Jib, Two (2) pairs of Sculls, all complete, in good order easy to row, and nearly new.

The 'Ariadne,' a Double Scull pleasure Skiff, Mast and Sail complete, a very fine family Boat, upholstered in Rep; and in very manner perfect, Kingston build.

One (1) very handsome Skiff about twenty feet long, in good order, built by Cockburn.

One (1) Family Pleasure Skiff, Oars and Rudder complete, and fully cushioned.

One (1) superior Block Tin Camp Kettle, with all encased in wicker basket and made by Hodgin & Son's, 16 Westmorland-street Dublin.

The whole will be on view outside the Russell House from noon on MONDAY, until 6 p.m., and from 9 a.m on TUESDAY, until 12, noon, hour of sale.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 29, 1871. 1705td

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

BUGGIES, HORSES AND HARNESS
—FOR—
SALE BY AUCTION.

Immediately after the sale of River View at the Union House, on SATURDAY, the 1st July, at the hour of 11:30 a.m., the subscriber will sell by Public Auction, one handsome Covered Buggy, with seat for children and nearly new; two very fine new Buggies, built by COGHILL, of Toronto; one very good Grey Horse, Buggy and Harness; as well as several other Buggies. Sale at 11 30 sharp.

J. BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 29, 1871 1704 3

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
RIVER VIEW

Parties who may be desirous of seeing this property previous to the day of Sale, on the 1st of July next, can do so, free of expense, as a Carriage will leave the Post Office at three o'clock, p.m., on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, the 27th, 28th, 29th, and 30th inst.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 1703td

MORTGAGE SALE.

There will be offered for sale by Public Auction, at Eleven o'clock in the Forenoon, on the FOURTEENTH day of JULY next, at the premises hereinafter mentioned under the power of Sale contained in a Mortgage thereof, from JOHN SMITH to ROBERT REID, Town Lot number Twenty-seven, on the southside of Albert street, in the city of Ottawa, subject to a mortgage therein, to Mrs. SLATER, for the unpaid purchased money thereof.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

Vendor will only covenant that he has done no act to incumber.

Title to be accepted as it existed at the execution of the Mortgage to the said Robert Reid.

All Conveyances, Searches, &c., to be at the purchaser's expense.

LEWIS & PINHEY, Vendor's Solicitors.

AMOS ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 30, 1871 1705td

OTTAWA COLLEGE
DRAMATIC SOIREE
—AND—
DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES,
MONDAY, JULY 3, 1871.

Doors open at 7½; Tickets 25cts.

Ottawa, June 30, 1871. 1705td

BRIGNOLI CONCERT COMPANY

GRAND CONCERT.

On Tuesday evening, July 11, 1871,
AT THE RINK, MUSIC HALL.

On which occasion the following distinguished artists will appear:

Miss Isabella McCulloch, Prima Dona Soprano, from the New York Academy of Music.

Signor P. Brignoli, the World Renowned Tenor.

Signor Giorgio Ronconi, from the Imperial Opera, Paris, Her Majesty's Theatre, London, and the Academy of Music, New York,

—AND—

Mr. Frederick Boscovitz, the celebrated Pianist and Composer.

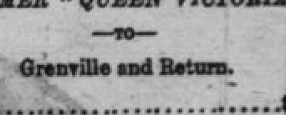
Musical Director……Mr. F. Boscovitz

Tickets—Reserved Seats $1; Unreserved 50c

For sale at H. & J. Gowan's, Sparks street.

The pianos used by the Brignoli Concert Company are from the celebrated manufactory of Chickering & Sons, Boston.

Ottawa, June 30, 1871. 1705td



CHEAP TRIP

DOMINION DAY.

STEAMER "QUEEN VICTORIA."
—TO—
Grenville and Return.

Fare……$1.00

Ottawa, June 28. 1705 2

THE THIRD ANNUAL
GRAND EXCURSION
TO OGDENSBURG.

On the St. L. & O. R.R., in aid of the funds of the

ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM
—AND—
ST. VINCENT DE PAUL SOCIETY,

Will take place on

TUESDAY, 4TH JULY NEXT.

The Train will start at 7 o'clock, a.m., allowing the Excursionists the full day for enjoyment, and leave Prescott on the return trip at a convenient hour in the evening.

☞ Programmes of days amusements at Ogdensburg, to be seen in the Bars of the principal Hotels in this city.

Tickets to Prescott and back……$1
Children under 12 years……50c.

To be had from the Committee and others, and at the Cars the morning of the Excursion.

MARTIN BATTLE, Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, June 28, 1871 1703td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.

The subscriber has been instructed by Mr. DAWSON KERR, Jr., to sell at the dwelling occupied by him, next door to Mr. W. McFarlane's Grocery, corner of Rideau and Gloucester-sts.,

ON MONDAY, JULY 3RD, 1871.

Parlor Furniture in b w Hair Cloth, Tete a Tete Chairs, Centre Table, Whatnot, handsome Pictures gilt frames, gilt cornice pole, Brackets and Rings, Tapestry Carpet, Parlor Lamp, &c, Dining Room Furniture, b w Dining Table, Side Table, Cheffonier, Cane Dining Chairs, Arm Chairs, Couch, Pictures, Water Filter, Alarm Clock, Carpet, Crockery, China, Glassware, &c., Hall Oil Cloth, Table Chairs, Door Bell, Stair Carpet and Rods, Bed Room Furniture, Bureaus, Iron Bedsteads, Enclosed Washstands, Tables, Dressing Glasses, Spring Matrasses, Straw Matrasses, Carpets, Bed Room Crockery, &c., Kitchen Tables, Chairs, Cooking Stove and utensils, Beaver Double Stove 2¼ feet, Parlor Stove, Pipes, Dish Covers, Tinware, &c.

Sale without reserve.

TERMS CASH.

Sale at 1 30 p.m.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 29, 1871 1704td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.

The subscriber has been instructed by Mr. GEORGE AIKERS, to sell at his dwelling at the corner of Maria and Elgin streets, on WEDNESDAY, JULY 5th, 1871, the whole of his Household effects, consisting of b w Hair Cloth Sofa and Chairs, Rocking Chair, Centre Table, Whatnot, Carpet, &c.; Dining Room Furniture, Dining Table, Chairs, Sideboard, Side Table, Couch Carpet, Clock, Cruit Stand, Crockery, Glassware, Knives and Forks, Spoons, &c.; Bedroom Furniture, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Dressing Tables, Glasses, Spring Beds, Hair and Straw Matrasses, Feather Beds, Pillows, and about twenty pairs of splendid White Blankets, Bedroom Crockery and Carpets, Hall Oil Cloth and Stair Carpet, Kitchen Tables, Chairs, Cooking Stove and utensils, several Box Stoves, Stove Pipes, Pails, Barrels, &c.

TERMS CASH.

Sale without reserve.
To commence at 10.30 a.m.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 29, 1871 1704td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer,

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOFORTE, CARPETS, &c., &c.

The subscriber has received instructions from Mr. MOWBRAY to sell at his residence, Albert street, west of Richmond road, on FRIDAY, JUNE 30th, 1871, the following Goods Parlor Furniture, in b w Hair Cloth Sofa and Chairs, Centre Table, Whatnot, Rosewood Piano in excellent order, large Mirror, gilt frame, Marble Mantlepiece, Parlor Ornaments, Carpets, Curtains, Cornices, &c., Dining Room Furniture, b w Dining Table, Side Table, Side Board, Cane Dining Chairs, Book Case, Couch, Carpet, Crockery, China and Glassware, Hall Oil Cloth, Table and Chairs, Stair Carpet and Rods, the contents of a number of well furnished Bedrooms, consisting of Bedsteads in Iron and Wood, b w Bureaus, Washstands, Dressing Tables, Dressing Glasses, Cane Chairs, Matrasses, Pillows, Beds and Beddings, Carpets, Curtains, Bedroom Crockery, &c.; Kitchen Furniture, Tables, Chairs, Cooking Stove and utensils, Hall and Parlor Stoves, Pipes, Refrigerator, Tubs, Barrels, &c.

Sale without reserve.
Sale to take place at 2 o'clock.

N. B.—A lease of the House from the 1st of July; hard and soft water on the premises.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 27, 1871 1702td

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE
—OF—
CITY PROPERTY.

The subscriber will sell at the Union House, in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1871.

The House and Lot situated on Albert-st., being lot No. 41, south, and immediately of O'Connor-st. The property is beautifully situated, and in the best part of the City, and is rapidly increasing in value. The House is of wood 24 x 38, two stories, containing seven rooms and halls, with kitchen and servants' rooms over head, wood shed and barn, with an excellent well of water in the yard. The Lot is 66 x 99, the House is detached and quite new and in good repair, having been built but two years. There are Blinds and Outside Windows for the House. The title is freehold, and terms of payments will be one-third down, the balance in two annual payments at 7 per cent. interest, secured by mortgage.

Parts of Lots Nos. 14 and 15, Alaxe-st., 80 feet square, Brick House 26 x 32, seven rooms with closets and kitchens, well finished.

ALSO,

A part of Lot No. 3, in Block 6, Rideau-st., north.

Lot No. 26, south Rideau-st.,
And Lot No. 16, east Gloucester-st., 66 x 198.

ORDNANCE.

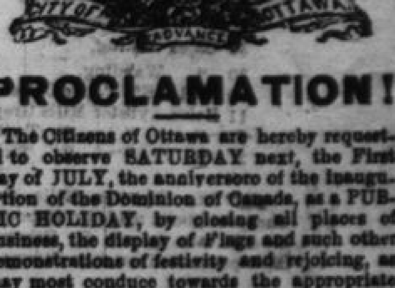
Lot No. 14, on the east side of Dalhousie-st.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

Sale at 12 o'clock, noon.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, June 26. 1702td



PROCLAMATION!

The Citizens of Ottawa are hereby requested to observe SATURDAY next, the First Day of JULY, the anniversary of the Inauguration of the Dominion of Canada, as a PUBLIC HOLIDAY, by closing all places of business, the display of Flags and such other demonstrations of festivity and rejoicing, as may most conduce towards the appropriate observance of the occasion.

JOHN ROCHESTER. Jr., Mayor.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!!!

Ottawa, June 29, 1871 1704td

LOST.

At the Circus last evening, a POCKET BOOK, containing a sum of MONEY, the property of a working man. The finder will be handsomely rewarded, by leaving it at the

TIMES OFFICE.

Ottawa, June 29, 1871 1704 2

HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION.

The examination of Pupils attending the High School, will take place on FRIDAY next, 30th inst., commencing at 9 o'clock, a.m., and continuing until 3 o'clock, p.m.

Prizes will be distributed at the close of the examination.

J. McMILLAN, B.A., Acting Principal.

Ottawa, June 29, 1871 1704 2

TO RENT.—A large STONE BUILDING, on the north side of Sparks street, in rear of the Bank of British North America, formerly occupied by Mrs. DUIGNAN. The House is in good condition, having been thoroughly renovated.

Terms can be known by applying to JAS. SLATER, or at the office of Sparks Estate.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 1701a

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

A large lot of New Carpets just received at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks Street.

Mr. Bermingham will sell on Tuesday next at 12 o'clock, outside the Russel House, several good sail and row boats.

DIVISION.—The Division Court opens this morning Judge Armstrong presiding, at 10 o'clock in the City Hall.

CENTRAL SCHOOL WEST.—The examina of the pupils of Central School West com mences at 9 this morning.

Mr. Rowe will sell by auction to-day, at two o'clock, at the residence of Mr. Mobray, Albert Street, west of the Richmond Road, all that gentlemen's household effects

We have seen a very fine moose's head which has been presented to Mr. Rice of the Russell House. The moose was shot by Mr. Humphreys near the Coulonge River, and some idea may be formed of its great size when we say that it yielded 780 lbs of meat.

THE MARKET—THURSDAY.—There was a pretty good attendance on the square this morning, but the principal articles offered for sale were early vegetables and fruit. No material change in prices.

EXCURSION TO OGDENSBURG.—We would remind our readers of the excursion to Ogdensburg to-morrow (Dominion Day). As may be seen by advertisement, a good programme of amusements is to be performed, and there will be every facility for general enjoyment. Tickets at half-fare,

POLICE COURT—Thursday—J. Dolan, charged with being disorderly at the circus, was fined $3 and costs.

Odillon Marquette, for being drunk on the public streets, was fined two dollars and costs.

Louis Croix, charged with breaking in a door, was remanded.

Two boys charged with incendiarism were also remanded.

GAMBLERS ON THEIR MUSCLE.—A number of Lower Town gamblers terminated a night's card playing and whiskey drinking by a savage fight early yesterday morning in a gate way on Clarence street. One of the party was beaten with hand and foot until almost dead.

Mr. May, Principal of the Ottawa Boys' School, received yesterday a very handsome gift from his pupils. This school, established a year ago, is in a flourishing condition, and supplies a want much felt in Ottawa. It will be re-opened after the holidays under competent management. Mr. May, who retires to enter on his new duties as County Inspector, speaks in high terms of his late pupils, and gratefully of their parents, who have so liberally supported him.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—S Woods, Montreal; H G Van Gantford, Albany; John G Sippoll, Montreal; E Benjamin, do; S C Dyer, Portland; D Hardy, Montreal; A A Humphrey, Haughwaugh waycayaga; James Findlay, Fort Coulonge; C Mohr, Fitzroy; M K Dickinson, Manotick; J Washburn, wife and child, Portland; Chas S Foley, wife and child, do; A S Washburn, Hallowell, Me; Miss Gilmour, Orono; Miss Washburn, Portland; Miss O'Brien, do; D M McLachlin, jr., Arnprior; John L Hayes, Boston, Mass; M Erwin, Malone, N Y; Angus McIntosh, Clarkesville; Mrs D H McLennan, Lancaster; J McPhail, Montreal; E S Hoar and wife, Concord, Mass; Mr. Miller and two children, Montreal; Alex Flockhart, Onslow; T S Belcher and wife, Montreal; A Macdonald, St. Andrew.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

Great Bargains in Lace Shawls. Prices reduced one-third, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorrans, No. 20, Sparks St.

LACROSSE CHAMPIONSHIP.—The following compose the Ottawa "Shamrock" team who leave here to-day by train to compete for the championship of Ontario and $100 prize, to be played for at Prescott tomorrow (Dominion Day). Though they may not be the winners, they will prove that Lacrosse is not altogether forgotten at the capital.

T Hanrahan,	J Ford,
P Devereux,	P Naven,
J Kennedy,	J Armstrong,
E Albert,	M McCabe,
W Goodwin,	S Crapeau,
J Hanrahan,	

Extra men—W Woods and E Murphy.

DOMINION DAY.—We are continually asked where River view is, and when the Sale is to come off. Now our friends should know that a newspaper staff are not walking tablets, and therefore cannot recollect the time, hour and place of every Auction advertisement. We may state for the benefit of the public, but more particularly for those desirous of purchasing a handsome and commodious residence, away from the poluted and sickly air of city life, as well as free from city taxation, that within 2½ miles of our growing and prosperous city, on the Richmond road, and commanding a magnificent view of the "Grand River" is to be found River View with its 4½ acres of rich land. This handsome residence with all its appurtenances is to be sold by public auction at the Union House by Mr. Bermingham on Saturday the 1st July at 11 o'clock a. m. Let all in want of a cheap homestead attend the sale and let Dominion day of 1871 be to the purchaser of this fine property a day of rejoicing for ever after. Mr. Bermingham who is the Auctioneer we are satisfied will rejoice with him. Some horses and several good buggies will be sold same time and place. See advertisement.

MONEY TO LEND. Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks and Elgin streets, Ottawa.

Devlin's Hats that R Hats.

THE BRIGNOLI CONCERT COMPANY.

We are sure our readers will be delighted to hear that a concert is to be given in this city, on the 11th prox., by the Brignoli Company. This company consists of Miss Isabella McCullogh, *prima donna* of the Academy of Music, New York, and daughter of the Secretary of the U. S. Treasury; Brignoli, the great Tenor, whose fame is world wide; Signor Ronconi, who has for some time been known in England and elsewhere as one of the finest of Buffo signers; and Mr. Boscovitz, a Pianist, and composer of extraordinary merit. It is not often that we have the pleasure of hearing such first-class artists in Ottawa, and, we trust, that the attendance will be such as will show that we can appreciate really good music, and will be likely to encourage others to pay a visit to the Capital. Signor Brignoli will sing the beautiful tenor solo from the opera of "Martha," and Hatton's favourite ballad "Good Bye Sweetheart," which was originally written expressly for him.

BASE BALL MATCH.

The match between the Ottawa Base Ball Club of this city and the Kemptville Club, came off on Wednesday. Below we append the score of the two clubs, which, as will be perceived, resulted in a splendid victory for Ottawa:

KEMPTVILLE.

	Runs.	Outs.
A. Clotheir	2	5
J. McGregor	1	4
W. H. Batturie	2	4
W. J. Scott, jun.	3	2
J. P. Mead	5	2
H. Holmes, jun.	5	1
W. A. Clotheir	3	2
C. W. Maley	2	4
John Dove	3	3
	26	27

OTTAWA.

	Runs.	Outs.
H. Cluff	9	3
G. Armstrong	10	2
R. W. Turner	10	2
Wm. M. Browne	8	2
J. W. Stewart	9	4
J. Cluff	8	3
T. Wrenshaw	8	3
J. Hodgson	9	3
R. Lang	9	4
	80	27

Majority for Ottawa, 54 runs.

YOUNG LADIES' PROTESTANT COLLEGE.

DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES.

Last evening we had the pleasure of being present at the distribution of prizes to the Young Ladies of the above Institution, and also the good fortune to be among those who enjoyed the very interesting entertainment which preceded the distribution. The room or hall was crowded with ladies and gentlemen and many persons had to content themselves with outdoor accommodation, there being no place for them inside. Great interest was added to the occasion by the distinguished presence of Sir John and Lady McDonald who occupied seats on the platform, and we noticed among other gentlemen present, Messrs. Langton, Slater, Cochrane, Spragge, Drs. Grant and Hill.

After a few introductory remarks by the Rev. Mr. Lauder, the following programme was very well executed:

Piano Trio—Wedding March,
French Recitation,
Piano Solo, by Miss A Thomlison,
Song, by Miss L. Powell,
Song, by junior class,
Piano Quartette,
English Recitation,
Song, by senior class,
Piono Solo, by Miss Baby.

An English composition on "Home and its influences" was read by the Rev. Mr. Pollard. It was composed by Miss G. Coutlee and while it shows that young lady to be possessed of uncommon ability, reflects great credit on the Institution under whose roof she is receiving her education.

The Rev. Mr. Lauder then delivered a brief address. He said he would not speak in a spirit of boastfulness, but of thankfulness to God for the success which had attended the efforts of the gentlemen who established the institution, and he would also extend sincere thanks to all persons who contributed towards its support. The establishment of such a school in Ottawa had for a long time been a matter of solicitude to him, and it now gave him infinite pleasure to see the institution in so prosperous a state. At the close of the first year there were 81 and now there were 97 pupils in the institution Such success gave them great encouragement. A thorough education founded on a religious basis could be obtained in the school. The pupils had assidiously applied themselves to their studies during the year, but they should not forget that the credit of the success which has attended the Institution was due to the Lady Principal, Miss Machin, and her assistants. He thought the time had come when they should erect a building that would be worthy of the Institution and an ornament to the city, and he hoped the appeal to the people for assistance would receive a liberal responce. The Rev. gentleman concluded by thanking the pupils on Miss Machin's behalf for their obedience, general good conduct and assiduous application to study. The distribution of prizes then took place, Lady McDonald graciously handing them to the pupils, who came up one by one, as called.

Mr. Langton made a brief address, tendering his congratulations on the success of the Institution and its present flourishing condition.

Rev. Mr. Lauder then had great pleasure in introducing Sir John.

Sir John wished to know if he was to be given a prize, or if he would even receive honorable mention. But he and all others present had been afforded a precious prize in the splendid entertainment just given; an entertainment to him of unmixed pleasure and delight. The success of the school spoke for itself. That one hundred pupils should be in the institution two years after its establishment was a most gratifying proof of success, the enviable credit of which was due to the exertions of the Council and Lady Principal. The young ladies would remember the happy days they spent under Miss Machin's directions, and he wound ask the permission to come back among them next year, when he hoped he would see them all again as cheerful as they were that night.

Prayer and Benediction by the Rev. Mr. Lauder concluded the evening's proceedings.

PRIZE LIST.

MEDALS FOR GOOD CONDUCT.

Susie Kelty, Lizzie Torrance.

JUNIOR CLASS.

Louise Gouin, Fanny Ross, Alice Kirby, Sarah Walcot.

SENIOR CLASS.

2 Fanny Merkley: Geography, Arithmetic.
3 Dora Small: Physical Geography, Arithmetic; First Astronomy, Recitation Prize.
2 Emma Torrance: Geography; Second Recitation Prize.
3 Sophie Baby: Analysis, History, Scripture.
1 Gertrude Coutlee: Composition.
1 Jennie Coutlee: Philosophy.
3 Annie Tomlinson: French, Music, Third Recitation Prize.
2 Bessy Godfrey: French, Church Catechism.

FIRST INTERMEDIATE CLASS.

1 Mary Fisher: English History.
2 Myra Billings: Geography, Arithmetic.
1 Bessie Kelty: French.
1 Luta Street: History.
1 Annie Chesley: Geography.
1 Alice Spragge: French.
1 Bella Davidson: Arithmetic.
2 Eleanor Cotton: Dictation, Second Recitation Prize.
1 Wnifred Griffin: Third Recitation Prize.
1 Julia VanBoskerck: Scripture.
4 Jessie Torrance: Geography, History, English Grammar, First Recitation Prize.

2ND INTERMEDIATE CLASS.

3 Lizzie Torrance: English Grammar, Dictation, Music, First Recitation Prize.
3 Fanny Godfrey: French, Geography, Dictation.
1 Madeline Torrance: History.
1 Bella Wily: English Grammar.
1 Florence Taylor: General Proficiency.
2 Kate Moore: English Grammar, Arithmetic.
1 Hatty Mohr: Arithemetic.
2 Ada Fripp: Geography, Third Recitation Prize.
1 Eliza Abbott: Scripture.
6 Kelty: English Grammar, History, French, Arithmetic, Dictation, Dr. Hill's Prize for French Verbs, Second Recitation Prize.

HONORABLE MENTION.

Sophie Baby, Physical Geography, Philosophy; J Coutlee, Physical Geography, Astronomy; Linnie Powell, English Grammar; Emma Torrance, Arithmetic, French; Dora Small, Geography, French; Fanny Merkley, Scripture.

Jessie Torrance, Scripture, English Grammar, French; Mary Kirby, Geography: Annie Chesley, Arithmetic, History; Winifred Griffin, English Grammar, History; Alice Spragge, History; Eleanor Cotton, Scripture, Geography.

Lizzie Torrance, Scripture and French; Susie Ketty, Scripture; Jessie Grant, Scripture, Dictation; Ada Fripp, English Grammar, French; Kate Fisher, History; Hetty Gallagher, Geography; Annie Kirby English Grammar, Arithmetic; Isabella Wily, History; Florence Taylor, History, Geography, Scripture; Madeline Torrance, Geography; Fanny Oodfrey: Scripture; Anna Lewis, Arithmetic.

AS THE RESULTS OF FAST LIVING A free use of stimolants, fatty degeneration of the Heart, Liver and Kidneys frequently occurs; the heart becomes feeble and irregular in action, the liver torpid, the kidneys fail to perform their function properly, and the complexion gradually assumes a pasty hue, the appetite is capricious, digestion feeble, bowels more or less inactive, and a general feeling of lassitude and indisposition to exertion pervades the system. From this deplorable state of health relief may be speedily obtained, by the use of Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya, which is a Chemical Food and Nutritive Tonic. The appetite will be improved, digestion invigorated, assimilation perfected, the constitution energized and vitalized, and the functions of the diseased organs restored to a normal condition. It tones up the body in a radical and permanent manner. Sold by all druggists.—EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Agents.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurse in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and succes by millions of mothers and children, from the feble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World; in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuie unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine dealers. 25 cents a bottle. Office 215 Fulton street, New York; and 493 Oxford street, London.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the fac-simili of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper, All others are base imitations.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

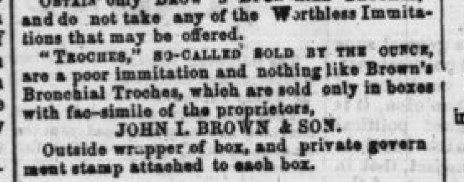
The TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than any other articles.

OBTAIN only BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless Immitations that may be offered.

"TROCHES," SO-CALLED SOLD BY THE OUNCE, are a poor immitation and nothing like Brown's Bronchial Troches, which are sold only in boxes with fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

Outside wrapper of box, and private government stamp attached to each box.



Husband:—I shall know then better hereafter, Druggists and Storekeepers are doing not only themselves a great deal of harm, but their customers also by inducing them to buy an article unknown and without merit. Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER has been before the public for over thirty years, it is known in every quarter of the earth, and is sold by every Druggists and most storekeepers and grocers. As a Cholera specific and Diarrhoea medicine, its reputation has no parellel. I am surprised that we have lived so many years without it.

Wife:—Charles, the reason is you you have been taking whatever the storekeeper would recommend, we have always had a bottle o Pain Cure or Reliever or Pain Remedy or some such trash in the house we have tried them over and over again.

Husband:—And that is just the reason I objected to try the PAIN-KILLER an my Rheumatism, thought it was like those other things a humbug

(*To be continued.*)

Be sure and get the genuine PAIN-KILLER, only 5 cts. per bottle. Beware of counterfeits.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

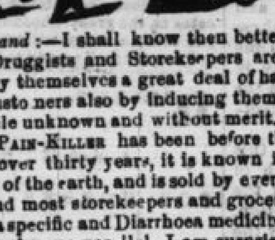
The Court of Directors hereby give notice that a half-yearly dividend, at the rate of six per cent per annum, on the Capital of the Bank, will be payable on the 5th day of JULY, 1871, to the Proprietors of Shares registered in the Colonies, and that a further sum of Fifteen Shillings Sterling per Share, taken from the profits of the year 1870, will be paid to the Proprietors at the same time.

Both payments will be made at the rate of exchange current on the 5th day of JULY, 1871, to be fixed by the Local Boards.

No Transfer can be made between the 24th inst., and the 5th prox., as the Books must be closed during that period.

By order of the Court.
R. W. BRADFORD,
Secretary.

No. 124 Bishopgate st., within,
London, 6th Jan., 1871. 1607 4



HARDWARE! HARDWARE!! HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES,

And other Harvesting Implements,

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

All ground ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid, Steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.

Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs. Hay Rakes, straight and bent, Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarrie.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

GRAND EXCURSION,

DOMINION DAY, 1871.

The Ottawa River Navigation Company.

STEAMER "ALEXANDRA"

Will ply between Ottawa and Templeton every hour during the day, leaving the "Queen's" Wharf at 10 a.m.

Mr. FLEMING has kindly granted the use of his magnificent Grove for Pic-Nic parties.

Gowan's Full Quadrille Band

Will provide Music.

Platform will be erected for dancing.

Fare........25cts.

MOONLIGHT EXCURSION.

The Steamer will leave the "Queen's," Wharf at 8 p.m., on a trip down the Ottawa, GOWAN'S QUADRILLE BAND on board.

Fare........50cts.

Ottawa, June 28, 1871 1703td

DOMINION DAY.

AT HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

—ON THE—

EVENING OF JULY THE 1st,

(By Special Request),

The Ottawa Rifles' Amateur DRAMATIC CLUB,

Will again render the popular Drama, entitled,

THE CROSS OF ST. JOHN'S OR THE GAMBLER'S FATE.

To conclude with the laughable farce,

The Irishman's Adventures, OR THE REVIEW.

Music by the O. B. G. A. Band.

Proceeds to aid in forming a Fife and Drum Band for the Rifle Corps.

Admittance—Parquette, 50c.; Gallery, 25c. Doors open at 7.50 p.m.; Curtain rises at 8

Ottawa, June 24, 1871 1700a

WANTED,

For an Elementary School, Calumet Island, a Roman Catholic MALE TEACHER, capable of teaching English and some French. Liberal salary given.

Apply to
C. BARSALOW,
Sec-Treas. of the
School Commissioners,
Calumet Island,
Co. Pontiac

June 28, 1871 1703 3

FARM FOR SALE.

For Sale, the south half of Lot No. 7, in the 4th Concession R. F., about 100 acres, of which 70 acres are cleared—new House and Barn—constant supply of soft and hard water on the premises, Terms easy.

For particulars apply to LEWIS & PINHEY, Ottawa, or to the undersigned,

JAS. SEVERIGHT,
Gloucester.

Gloucester, June 24, 1871 1700 3

County of Ottawa Election

General Election Committee to sit at Hull Village, daily, with power to organize sub-committees in the several different municipalities.

ALONZO WRIGHT, M. P., Chairman
A S WASHBURN, Secretary
J M Currier, M P
Hon John Hamilton
T S McKay, Warden County of Ottawa
Wm McLean, Mayor Aylmer
George Duntin, Mayor Eardly
James Wilson, Mayor Village of Buckingham
William Bonsell, Portland
A Campbell, Locharbour
Thomas Lavell, St Malachi
William Netherden, Derry & Mulgrave
Charles Major, Bonsacour
Barabie Whissell, St Andre Avelin
P G Obrey, Ripon
Hercule Chene, Hardwell
Seth Cates, Wakefield
A Hamilton, Masham
Wm McCumbier, Wright
Philemore Wright, Northfield
Hiram Dunning, Bouchette
T Moore, Hensington and Egan
Allan Gilmore
James McLaren
Andrew Pritchard
McPherson Lemoyne
B Fraser
Kilice Lafrombroise
Joshua Ellard
Patrick Farrell
Emile Quesnell
J A Cameron
Thomas Cole
R W Scott
Dr H H Sauvier
J O Archibald, N P, Thurso
Nicholas Chene
Joseph McGoey
James McGoey
John McLaren, Wakefield
James O'Hagan
John McLaren, Templeton
Pierre Andrew, Quesnell
J A Levis
John St Julion
James Wright
Henrie Hillman
M H Palmer
T B Prentiss
J R Flemming
P Aylen
W R Kenney
E W Murray
J H McKay
Camile Papineau
Francois Major
G L Taillefer
C B Wright
P H Church
L R Church
Alonso Wright, M P P
Dr Wright
John Higginson
Edward Tromp
Godfrey Gorreau
Godfrey Vaillion
Theophile Vallion
James McAlister
John Clawson
John Brooks
Capt R Proulx
A Bourgeau
J R Woods
William Patterson
Louis Fournier
James Nault
Richard Mulligan
Joseph Bartrand
Oliver Leferrier
Norman Ried
George Link
Joseph Proulx
W D Leslie
George Johnston
Sexton Washburn
Baptiste Forcier
Barnabie Larpentigner
D C Simon
Dr St Jean
Moise Bison
Ambrose King
Agustus Papin
Moise Trudelle
Henri Demontier
John Matther
Hiram Robinson
Dr McNab
Wm Feely
G Millan
R Chamberlane
Robt Ritchie
Robt Kenney
Richard McConnell
Felice Cuschene
A Quesnell, Ripon
John Collins
R H Clock
James Clock
G Newill
Wm Holgate
T Cooke
R H Haycock
Webb
H McCormack
David Moore
J A B Hannum

Ottawa, June 23, 1871,

STRAWBERRIES.

G. LORENZ,

OYSTER

—AND—

FRUIT DEALER,

No. 27 SUSSEX STREET.

—AND—

58 SPARKS STREET,

Opposite BRITISH LION HOTEL,

Is now receiving

400 QUARTS

CHOICE STRAWBERRIES

(DAILY),

And will supply

Hotels,

Private Families,

Restaurants and

Confectioners,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

☞ Goods delivered to any part of the city.

G. LORENZ

Ottawa, June 14, 1871 1699

ICE!

ICE!!

ICE!!!

Terms for Supplying during the Season, 1871.

TO BE DELIVERED DAILY,

TWO DELIVERIES ON SATURDAY, FOR SUNDAY USE,

From 1st of May to 1st of October

All contracts guaranteed until the latter date

10lbs per day for the season..		$5 00
20lbs "	" ..	9 00
10lbs	month	1 50
20lbs	"	2 50

Complaints against drivers for neglect or other causes will meet with prompt attention.

Steamboats, Hotels, Saloons, &c. supplied in quantity upon liberal terms.

☞ Terms strictly Cash in advance.

All order left at—S Skinner's, F McCarthy, John Roberts, Druggists; G Lorenz, successor to J B Buss & Co., and at the Office, No. 29, Sussex street, will receive prompt attention.

H. PALMER

N B.—Ice sup r ton or cwt.
Ottawa April 871

To The Independent Electors

—OF THE—

COUNTY OF OTTAWA

GENTLEMEN,—

At the solicitation of a great number of the Electors of the County, consisting of men of standing from all parts of the County, representing all creeds and nationalities, I have determined to come forward as a candidate for the representation of this County in the Legislative Assembly in the Province of Quebec.

In politics I am a Liberal Conservative, and will give the present Government a hearty support in all measures which I consider conducive to the welfare of the country at large, and this County in particular.

It is almost needless to say that I shall be in the future as I have ever been in the past, an earnest promoter of every improvement calculated to develop the material resources of the County, and although I am more particularly interested in the lumber trade, I am well aware that the prosperity of that trade, the progress of agriculture and of any other industry in the County are intimately connected, and all deserve, and will receive my fostering care.

If, Gentlemen, you honor me with your confidence by electing me as your representative, I promise to devote my whole energies to the interest of this County, and more particularly to the promotion of Railroads and Canals, intended to open up great routes of travel and commerce. At the same time I shall not forget that assistance is due to the settlers in making roads in the back Townships, thus opening up for settlement the large area of waste, but fertile Lands, still lying unoccupied.

In fine, although I am of American origin, my business career commenced in this country, and I look upon all its inhabitants, of whatever Race or Creed, as my Countrymen.

Dated at the Village of Hull, this 22nd of June, A.D. 1871.

I have the honor to subscribe myself,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
EZRA BUTLER EDDY.

OTTAWA COUNTY ELECTION

To EZRA BUTLER EDDY, Esquire:

SIR,—We the undersigned Electors of the County of Ottawa hereby request you to allow yourself to be nominated as a fit and proper person to represent us in the Local Legislature of Quebec.

We hereby, upon your accepting such nomination, pledge ourselves to give you our hearty and earnest support at the coming election contest.

John Hamilton	Gilmour & Co
Alonzo Wright	F Major
F Samuel McKay, Warden	James MacLaren
	Wm McLean
John H Mackay	John A Cameron
J A Cameron, Jr	Geo J Marston
Joshua Ellard	R H Conroy
P Aylen	Joseph Day
W R Kenny	H Hillman
G C Courdard	A S C Papineau
J B Trudel	S Washburne
Charles Delude	J Mather
John McLaren	Richd McConnell
Ambrose King	John McLaurin
W McClymont	C B Wright
Albert Quesnel	B D'Arpentigny
P Wright	J W Campbell
John Delisle	Robt Kenny
Patrick Farrell	W W Kenny
A Holland	Dr. S Wright
W Marston	Seth Cates
James Dyke	J B Fleming
Augustus Papin, Jr	A Leamy
McPherson Lemoyne	Dr F McNab
Wm Abbott	Christopher Brigham.
Edmund W Murray	

REPLY.

To JOHN HAMILTON, ALONZO WRIGHT, GILMOUR & Co., F. S. MACKAY, and others:

GENTLEMEN,—I accept your invitation. You know my character, and I rely on your exertions.

Your obedient servant,
E. B. EDDY.

OTTAWA, June 21, 1871. 1699tf

FRESH SALMON.

(From the Moisie River,)

RECEIVED DAILY BY EXPRESS, A.

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET, Ottawa.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Rideau St.

SIGN OF "THE SUGAR LOAF."

NEW GROCERY WAREHOUSE,

CORNER OF RIDEAU AND CUMBERLAND STREETS,

Slocombe and Stevens

Invite inspection of their select stock of

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c

—COMPRISING—

Teas—Japan, Black and Green,
Coffees—Extra fine quality, (ground daily)
Wines—Port, Sherry and Ginger Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Jamaica Rum,
Old Tom and Holland Gin,
Family Proof, Old Rye, and Highwines,
Ale and Porter, Dawes and Rochester's
Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Keiller & Son's Dundee Marmalade,
Cheese, Hams and Bacon

Together with a large assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES.

SLOCOMBE & STEVENS,
122 RIDEAU STREET.

☞ OBSERVE—No poetry at this establishment—but plain, straight-forward dealing and thank you. 1634 3m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact, if you want any first class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's,

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—
J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwells—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

BRITON MEDICAL & GENERAL LIFE ASSOCIATION,

With which is Incorporated,

THE BRITANNIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Upwards of $100,000 deposited with the Government for the protection of Canadian Policy holders.

1887 Proposals were completed in 1870, and Policies covering £516,631.13.3 Stg. were issued, producing in annual Premiums, £17,476 1.1 Stg.

Total Income........£246,477.8.1 Stg.

JAS. B. M. CHIPMAN,
Manager for Canada,
12 Place d'Armes, Montreal.

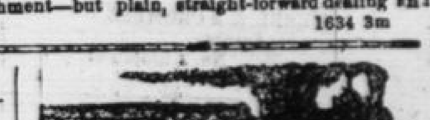
JAMES H. THOMPSON,
Sussex street, Ottawa.

June 28, 1871 1703 1m

WANTED.

A Girl about 16 years of age, as servant on a small family. Apply A E, Times Office

Ottawa, May 9,18 781



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7th, 1871 Trains will run as follows:

Leave Brockville

EXPRESS at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.00 p.m., and at Sand Point, at 1.30 p.m. connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

LOCAL TRAINS at 10.00 a.m., and 4.30 p.m.

THROUGH OTTAWA EXPRESS at 2.00 p.m. connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8.40 p.m., and at Sand Point, 6.30 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

THROUGH WESTERN EXPRESS, at 10.00 a.m. arriving at Brockville at 1.50 p.m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West and East.

LOCAL TRAINS at 2.50 p.m., and 6.20 p.m.

Arrive at Sand Point

at 3.00 p.m., 10.00 p.m., 6.15 p.m. 1.30 p.m.

Leave Sand Point

At 8.30 a.m., 11.30 a.m., 3.00 a.m., 2.00 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

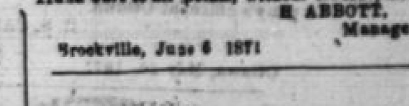
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line, and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

MORNING EXPRESS leaves Sand Point at 11.30 a.m, after arrival of Steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the B. & O. & C. C. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk. Car loads will go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, June 6 1871



The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 5th JUNE Next, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 7 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 11 do.
" 6 Mail " " 1:30 P.M.
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:30 do.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Royal Mail Line of Steamers east and west, and with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East,

Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8 connect with Trains on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:15 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:45 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott Junction at 4.15 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, for the accommodation of Passengers by the Grand Trunk Trains due there at 1.22 A.M., 3.10 A.M., and 4.05 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 6.40 A.M., every Morning—Monday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 1 40 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 5.10 P.M.

No. 7 accommodation will leave Prescott at 7 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 10.00 A.M.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

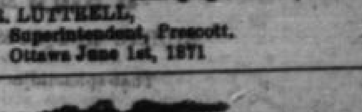
Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

S. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa June 1st, 1871



12th JULY, 1871.

ORANGE CELEBRATION.

An EXCURSION TRAIN will run from CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION, Ottawa, to Brockville, calling at all Way Stations on 12th prox., returning same day.

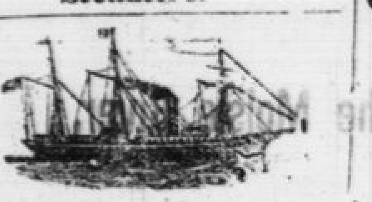
Fare from Ottawa, $1.

Due notice of time of departure and arrival will be published.

H. ABBOTT

Ottawa, June 8, 1871 1692tf

Steamers.



THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE.
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871 2670tf

ROYAL MAIL LINE,

UNION FORWARDING —AND— RAILWAY COMPANY.

Steamer *Jessie Cassels*	Captain Findlay.
Emerald	" Smith.
Prince Arthur	" Murphy.
Alliance	" Blondin.
Oregon	" Beattie.
Snow Bird	"
Jason Gould	" Bolton.
Sir John Young	" Ostrout.
Pembroke	" Duggan.
Pontiac	" D. Mulligan
Keppawa	" B J Mulligan

The Steamer

"JESSIE CASSELS,"

Leaves Aylmer daily, at 9 a.m., (Sundays excepted), connecting with Steamers to Roche Captaine.

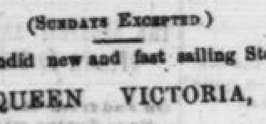
Omnibuses will leave the Union House at 7.15 a.m., calling at the Russell House, Post Office, &c., for conveyance of Passengers.

The Steamer "SIR JOHN YOUNG" leaves Havelock for Chapeau every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock, a.m. Returning—Leaving Chapeau same day at 1 o'clock, p.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch to all points on the Upper Ottawa, at moderate rates. Particular attention paid to Towage of Lumber and Logs.

A connection is made daily at Sand Point with Brockville & Ottawa Railway, at 11.30 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.

For further particulars apply at the Company's office, at Ottawa.
R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, May 20, 1871

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE,
PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

The Market Steamer

"FAIRY,"
CAPT. NICHOL,

leaves Ottawa on Mondays and Saturdays at 4 p.m. for intermediate landings.
R W SHEPHERD.
April 25, 1871.

JUST RECEIVED.
—AT—
HAUSER'S
RIDEAU AND SUSSEX STREETS,
That splendid new Magazine,
THE WEDDING BELLS.
—ALSO—
BOWBELLS AND LONDON JOURNAL
FOR MARCH AND APRIL.
Ottawa, April 19. 1871

ENGLISH OAK TANNED
LEATHER BELTING,
FINE ENGLISH HOSE,
LACE LEATHER, &c., &c.

Warranted Superior to any made in the Province.

Price Lists, with references, on application to
JOHN C McLAREN,
247 St. James-st.,
Montreal, Q.
P. O. Box 725.
Montreal, March 11, 1871 1613y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,
RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.
Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.,

☞ The Trade supplied at Montreal prices. Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.
Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

NO MORE BUGS!

WROUGHT IRON BEDSTEADS,

Just Received Direct from ENGLAND.

Another lot of these celebrated BEDSTEADS handsomely painted and ornamented, and cheaper than any Bedstead sold in this city, there is no danger of breaking off the legs, as there always is with the ordinary ones sold, which are made of Cast Iron. Ask for the

ENGLISH WROUGHT IRON

BEDSTEADS.

Also to arrive this week,

CHILDRENS COTS!!!

Same make as the above, at the
"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35 SUSSEX STREET.
OTTAWA.
[illegible]H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, June 14, 1871

E. A. GENDREAU,

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

WELLINGTON STREET,
OPPOSITE THE MONTREAL BANK.

MR. GENDREAU informs the public that in consequence of the extensive patronage given him, he has made several improvements in his

HAIRDRESSING PARLOR,

as well as in his

Perfumery and Toilet Department,

having also added much to the Stock of the latter.

His OILS, &c., are of the best quality, procurable from the best American and European Firms. The OILS have the rare virtue of strengthening the hair, of preventing it of falling, and very frequently causes hair to grow on the bald head. They give peculiar vigor to the hair.

MR. GENDREAU also announces that the best Hair Dressers obtainable in the country are in his service. In his Chairs you are at ease, and his SHAMPOONING is of the most improved system.

Visit his Establishment once and you will be convinced that everything is done in the most satisfactory style and manner.
Ottawa, May 24, 1871

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.
May 27, 1871 1667 1m

ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

METCALFE-ST.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

IN BOND OR FREE.

Highwines,
Druggists' Alcohol,
Old Rye, Malt and
Family Proof Whiskies,
Very Old Chippawa
Eureka Rye Whisky,
DeKuyper's Gin,
Hennessy's Brandy,
Jamaica Rum,
Graham's & Bergundy Ports,
Domecqs and Gree Sho
Clarets,
Lautirnes,
Hocks,
Moselles,
Champagnes,
Liqueurs, &c.
Bass', Guinness's, Dow's, Dawe's, Labatt's and Cosgraves' Ales and Porters, &c., &c.
Liberal terms.
☞ Inspection invited.
K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Building.
11 Metcalfe street.
Ottawa, May 16, 1871

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE.

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull,	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3.n

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa.
N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18. 1871 1669tf

SMITH'S FALLS FOUNDRY,

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED, 1839.

Smith's Falls, Ontario.

FROST & WOOD,

Proprietors.

We desire to call the attention of the farming community to our

CELEBRATED

BUCKEYE MOWER

—AND—

SELF-RAKING REAPER FOR 1871.

Feeling confident that we are placing in the Market, the best HARVESTER Manufactured in the Dominion. Among the leading improvements on the REAPER, which we have added since last season, viz.:—

A TILTING LEVER,

for lowering the Cutter Bar to pick up *Lodged Grain.*

AN ENTIRELY NEW, IMPROVED AND MUCH STRONGER GEAR for driving the RAKES, enabling the Machine to be worked in the roughest ground, without the least danger of breaking.

A New and Improved Cutter Bar, with Steel Lined Guards, the same as on Mower Bar.

THE MOWER

will fully sustain the reputation it has justly earned, as the STANDING MACHINE.

We invite a special inspection of our Machines at our agencies, and we guarantee them to give perfect satisfaction in every particular. We would also call attention to our—

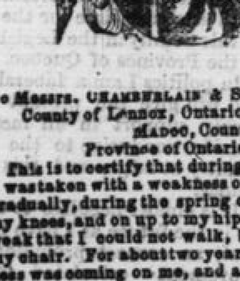
EIGHT and TEN Horse Powers and Threshers.

HARDER PATENT TWO Horse Railway Powers and Separaters.

TOTMAN'S PATENT TWO Horse Power and Drag Sawing Machine combined.

Iron Field Rollers, Steel and Iron Ploughs, Horse Hoes, &c., &c.

☞ Circulars and Pamphlets giving full descriptions, with prices and terms, can be had on application.
FROST & WOOD,
Smith's Falls,
Ontario.
June 13, 1871 2m-d&w



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:
MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a ort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.
MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869.
A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hope, less; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.
A F WOOD, J F.
Warden county of Hastings Province of Ontario, D. Canada.

CHIPPAWA DISTILLERY.

The produce of the above celebrated Distillery:

HIGHWINES,
ALCOHOL,
RYE,
PROOF,
MALT,

For sale in Bond or free, at lowest Distillery quotations.
K. ARNOLDI,
Telegraph Block,
Metcalfe-st
Ottawa, June 11, 1871

SELLING

OFF AT COST.

The subscriber being about to remove to more

EXTENSIVE PREMISES,

Will, until date of REMOVAL, sell off at Cost

ALL CASES AND PACKAGES

OF WINE AND SPIRITS, now open.

An excellent opportunity for families to lay in a stock of FINE WINES, AT VERY LOW RATES.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
WINE MERCHANT,
Elgin Street,

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL

1871. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY. P.M.
......	12 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	......	4.20
......	12 45	9·00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B.	8.00	......	4.20
......		9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	8.00	......	6.00
......	......	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	......	6.00
10.15	12.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	......	4.20
10·15	12.45	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	......	4.20
......	10.15	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	......	4.20
10.15	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	......	......	4.20
9.20	2.00	1.10	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	[illegible]	3.00
9 20	......	......	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	......	......	3.00
10.30	......	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	
7.00	......	......	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.			7.00
6.15	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	......	......	7 00
10.00	......	......	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	......	......
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Tuesdays and Fridays	......	......	6.00
11.50	......	......	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	......	......

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail, arriving at 7.15 P.M., will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS

Via close every Monday at 8 P.M

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 12.00 Noon.

A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 1.00 P.M., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Bill Stamps.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

Post Office,
Ottawa, June 7, 1871
G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866, besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill. Tea Pot. Rideau-st,; Slocombe & Stevens. Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,
May 22, 1871 1671 1y

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa
The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed

For information of the intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz.: His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
B H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,

BONUS YEAR.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

(Founded 33 years ago.)

From the TIMES Newspaper of 2nd Now last, containing a Statement of the New Transactions for 12 Months of 70 Life Assurance Offices, it appears that the Business of this Institution is amongst the Largest in the Kingdom, SIXTY-FIVE out of SIXTY-NINE British Offices transacting Less Business.

Claims Paid for Assurances	£6,083,333.33
Cash Bonuses Allocated & Paid.	2,433,333.33
Funds on hand, upwards of	6,570,000.00
Annual come	1,255,600.00

The *Permanent Stability* of the *Institution* with the *Utmost Advantage* and *Protection* to *Policy-Holders* has been the constant aim of the Directors.

Liberal and almost *Free Conditions* of *Policies.*

The *Non-Forfeitable Premium System.*

Bonuses applied for the *Personal Benefit* of the *Policy-Holder* in *Largely Reducing Present Outlay*; or *Accumulations* available as Provision for *Old Age.*

☞ Intending Assurers should Enter Before the 32nd year's Balance, on 5th April, 1871.
P WARDLAW,
Secretary.
Place de Armes, Montreal
J.& W. T. Pennock,
Agents, Ottawa.
March 13, 1871 168a

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF OTTAWA.

GENTLEMEN,—Having received a requisition bearing the signatures of a large number of influential electors of different parts of the County, asking me to allow myself to be brought forward as a candidate for your suffrages to represent this County in the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, I deem it my duty to respond to the call.

In politics I am Conservative.

As such, I shall always give a general support to any Government of that political cast.

In the present still transient condition of the constituent parts of the Dominion, it is impossible to recognize any defined political policy, as properly belonging to this Province and for this there is reason in the fact, that in the consolidation of the different parts of the Dominion into one whole, the co relative interests of all parts have to be taken into due consideration; and on this point I pledge myself to serve, in Provincial, the general interests of the Dominion.

There are, however, special interests, in some degree peculiar to this section of the Province, which the member for the County must, as a matter of paramount duty, jealously look to, viz.: the Lumber interest and that of Colonization. On these subjects there has, I believe, been much neglect, and some injustice done. To seek and urge remedy in every legitimate way that my position in the Legislature may admit of, should I be elected, shall be my constant aim.

In the matter of a Railway through this County, and throughout the whole length of Ottawa North, my humble opinion is that the work being essentially one of Colonization, and in the general interests of the Country, the Government should supplement private effort by a money subsidy as well as a land grant; that the large proportion of revenue, amounting to about a quarter of million of dollars per annum, drawn by the Government of Quebec from the forests of this and the neighboring County of Pontiac, and from the industry of these two Counties, gives us a special claim for subsidy. This would obviate municipal contribution which might press heavily on the back townships.

In so far as legislation can promote agricultural interests, I shall make it a point to support, and even, if need be, initiate or endeavor to initiate such legislation, viz.: in the way of offering larger liberal encouragement for the improvement and development of the agricultural resources of the country, and more especially in sections of the Province, such as this County, where, from natural obstacles to settlement, a more liberal and fostering care on the part of the Government is called for.

I consider that for the development of the County not only in its agricultural, but in its large and valuable mineral and other resources, requiring the extension of industry a much larger grant from the General Revenue of the Province, in the form of aid to Colonization Roads, is necessary, and may be asked for as a matter of special right, in view of our large contribution to the General Revenue. I shall make it my special duty to press this on the Government.

I come before you at the request, as many of you are aware, of electors representing every class and creed in the County. Now. I then assure you that on these principles of comity which govern, very properly our social relations in this Province, I shall in all matters of legislative concern, always respect the rights of the minority.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
THOMAS J. WALSH.
Aylmer, April 25, 1871 1665tf

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,
SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.
Ottawa, May 1, 1871

1871. ICE! **1871.**

ICE! ICE!

The subscriber will furnish ICE daily to those requiring it for the season. Double supply on Saturdays for Sundays use:

10 lbs. Daily, for Season, $6.

Liberal discount will be made if paid in advance. Larger quantities supplied on more liberal terms as per agreement, by the season, or at any time the Ice is wanted, or $1.50 per month per cwt. All orders left at Mr. A. Christie's Drug Store, Sparks Street; Mr. G. Mortimer's, Druggist, Sussex Street; or at the subscriber's residence, will be strictly attended to.
THOS. STARMER,
Rideau Street;
Ottawa, May 1649d

Medical.

MESS^RS GABRIEL'S
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS
FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE
TEETH & GUMS
AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS
IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD
PREPARED ONLY BY
MESS^RS GABRIEL.
DENTISTS
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, E.C.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING, warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweatens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s.

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

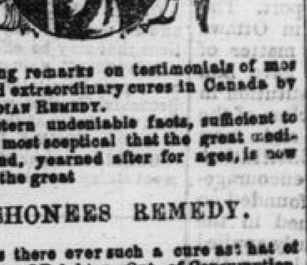
IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.
A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,
May 1 1871

SHOSONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoeey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1.1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.
November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it. Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.
November 30, 1870 1527tf

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 3rd June, 1871.

Authorized discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 11 per cent.
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner o Customs.
Ottawa June 3, 1871

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT 1ay F S CLEMOW

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43tf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 4tatt JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34atf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherton s Drug Store Residence, St. Paul s

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as i were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST, CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Boughton's Dining Saloon.)
☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every elicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to he comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. E. LANE.

D. SILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St L. R. R. 746y

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circular and Information, sent free on application. Darwings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.
T. G. COURSOLLES,
November 26, 1870 1524tf

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,

ACCOUNTANT, ACTUARY AND AUDITOR.

Merchants' books periodically posted and balanced Balance Sheets, Partnership Accounts Accounts in Bankruptcy and Public Companies accounts accurately prepared. Complicated accounts investigated and corrected.

OFFICE—Immigrant Aid Society's offices Aumond's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa Feb 20 1871. 1595 6m

SAVAGE'S URSINA,

PURE GREASE OF THE CANADIAN BEAR.

SAVAGE'S URSINA will be found superior to all other preparations for softening, giving a brilliant gloss, and increasing the growth of the Hair.

EVANS, MERCER & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Montreal, Proprietors, and to be obtained from all the Druggists and Perfumers in Ottawa.
Montreal, Mar h 871 2 3m

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

☞ TEAS AND WINES, ☜

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SUMMER SERVICE OF TRAINS.

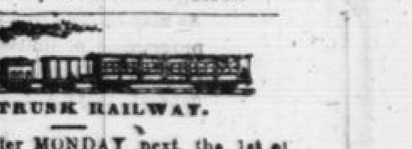
Great Acceleration of Speed

Pullman Palace Cars now Running on all Day and Night Trains.

On and after MONDAY Next, 5th JUNE, Trains will leave Montreal as under:

Mail Train for Toronto and Intermediate Stations, at .... 6.00 a.m
Day Express for Toronto, at ...... 9.00 a.m
Night Express for Toronto, at ...... 9.00 p.m
Mixed Train for Brockville, at ..... 11.00 a.m
Accommodation Train for Brockville, at .... 5.00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Island Pond, stopping at all Stations, at 7.00 a.m
Express for Quebec and Riviere du Loup, at .... 8 30 a.m
Mail Train for Island Pond, Portland and Boston, at .... 2.00 p.m
Night Mail for Quebec, Island Pond, Portland and Boston .... 10.30 p.m

A Pullman Car will be attached to the Through Trains between Montreal and Riviere du Loup tri-weekly, viz.:—From Montreal on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays returning from Riviere du Loup on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Ottawa, June 13, 1871 1690tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY next, the 1st of MAY, it is intended to run the Pullman Palace Cars through between Montreal and Sarnia. One of these magnificent coaches will be attached to each Day Express train leaving Montreal for Toronto, and be run through to Sarnia, as a Drawing Room and Sleeping Car. There will also be one attached to each Day Express from Toronto to Montreal.

The Summer running arrangements will come into operation about the 1st of June, of which due notice will be given.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
Montreal, April 26th, 1871. 1657tf

CANADA HOTEL,

AND DOMINION BOWLING ALLEY,

SUSSEX-ST, OTTAWA.

MESSRS. DEMPSY & CAMERON having purchased the above establishment from Mr. LARIVIERE, are now prepared to receive Boarders at moderate rates. Their table is always furnished with the best of Eatables and their Liquors are of the best quality.

☞ Good Stabling on the premises.
DEMPSY & CAMERON.
Ottawa, May 31, 1871 1683 3m

HO! FOR MURRAY BAY.

Tourists visiting this now celebrated watering place and fashionable summer retreat will find a comfortable home at DU BERGER'S HOTEL.

Since last season the Hotel has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, and is now the best House on Murray Bay. Every attendance will be given to visitors, and no pains will be spared to make them comfortable.

N.B.—Charges moderate.
GEORGE DU BERGER,
Proprietor.
May 31, 1871. 1680tf

T. BELLEMARE.

Bo t and Shoe Manufactory and Wholesale Dealer

No. 67 Sussex-st.

OTTAWA.

Having made extensive alterations in my Manufactory, I am now prepared to take orders for the ensuing Spring Trade. For the best and latest styles in Gentlemen's, Ladies, Misses, and Childrens BOOTS and SHOES, which for style, durability and elegance, in appearance, defy competition.

As I have no travelling agent, I would respectfully invite dealers in my line of Trade, to give me a call and examine my Stock.

I would particularly call your attention to the very low prices for the large stock I have on hand, and those purchasing of me will find all orders filled with promptness and despatch.
Ottawa, March 4, 1871 1605 3m

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.
RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

SEEDS! SEEDS!

The Subscribers have received a full Stock of

FRESH GARDEN

—AND—

☞ FLOWER SEEDS. ☜

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
(Late Alex. Christie.)
Druggists,
40, Sparks-st
Ottawa, April 28, 1871

DOMINICK FOX,

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

THE "RURAL" SALOON,

ELGIN STREET,

Having now changed hands, and been fitted up for a first class LUNCHEON BAR and SALOON, will be called

THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE

and carried on under the management of F. EVANS, late proprietor of the St. James Hotel. Strict attention to business. Good Wines and Liquors warranted.
Ottawa, February 14, 1871 1590tf

$20,000 TO LEND on FARM and City Property, at Easy Rates of Interest.
J. A. GEMMILL,
Solicitor &c.
Office in BANG'S Block, corner Elgin and Sparks streets.
Ottawa, Feb. 21, 1871 159

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 35 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa
JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.